

Clearfield

B. W. MOORE
E. COODLANDER, Editors and Proprietors.

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READ! READ!

C. W. & H. W. SMITH

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

From the East,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF SEASONABLE

NEW GOODS

Comprising a general assortment of

Dry Goods!

Prints, Delaines, Mammibiques, Alpacas, Silks, Brocades, Mohair, Chaffies, Lains, Linens, Poplins, Lovellias, Ginghams, Cheeks, Phillips, Drills, Ticking, Shawls, Plain & Fancy Cashmeres, Cambric, Brown muslin, Bleached muslins (cheaper than city wholesale price), Table Cloths, White Goods, Balmoral Skirts, 1 & 12 Linen Table Paper.

NOTIONS,

Hair, Gloves, Ribbons, Trimmings, Buttons, Collars, Nets, Veils, Embroidered Bras, Handkerchiefs, Ladies' Elastic Pages, Wholesome Bindings, Children's, Misses' and Ladies' Hoop Skirts, Quaker Corset Skirts, Zephyrs, Neck-ties, Ladies' Gilt and Silvered Belts, Leather Belts.

WOODEN-WARE & HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Cader Buckets, Tub'd. Churns, Yogs, Measures, Brushes, Brushes in great variety, Bowls, Dishes, Windows, Blinds, Cords & Tassels, Patent Window Blind Fixtures, Oil Cloths.

Boots, Shoes, &c.

Men's Kid Boots, Kid & Calf Shoes, Children's Shoes and Ladies' Morocco Boots, Shoes, Belts and Garters.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, &c.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Molasses, Split Peas, Turnips, Salt, Fish, &c.

Groceries.

Tea, Coffee, Molasses, Split Peas, Turnips, Salt, Fish, &c.

QUEENSWARE.

Tea Sets, Cups & Saucers, Glass Dishes, Tableware, Plates, Casters, Glass Preserve Jars.

Hardware, &c.

Butter, Soap, Seltzer, Nails, Shovels, Spades, Hay Forks, Table Knives, Forks, Spoons, Printed Tea Spoons, Hatchet, Nut Crackers, Ticks, Bed Casters, Nails.

STATIONERY.

Paper, Letter & Note Paper, Ball & Trunk Cloth, Envelopes, Pen Books, Memorandum Books, Pens & Pencils.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fancy Toilet Soaps, Fishing Line & Hooks, Trout Lure, Trunks, Carpet Sac's, Ladies' Travelling Bag, Pocket Books, Hat & Hair Brushes, Comb Brushes. All of which will be sold.

Cheap for Cash!

Approved country produce taken in exchange for goods, at market rates. May 14th.

Tremendous Victory.

GREATEST BATTLE ON RECORD!

15,000 Killed and Wounded, and

50,000 taken Prisoners!

WITH CAMP EQUIPAGE—AND

10,000 Contrabands freed from the

BONDS OF SLAVERY!!

EVERY man that has read any thing of the past history of this War must finally come to the conclusion that the Confederate Government would be broken down. It was only a question of time.

But now we have the above glorious-stirring news to cheer us up; and the only down-hack to our joy and glorification is the imminent danger of the Confederacy coming North to "eat out our substance," and to wear out our strength! But of one thing the people of Clearfield may be assured, and that is, that

FRANK SHORT—for short, called Short—is selling Boots & shoes as cheap as any other man in the country; and if you don't believe it, give him a call on court-walk, or at any other place, and see for yourselves. He would just as soon sell you his shop as never. Mackay, in Shaw's Row—where you will find him as short as Short is usual—if not a little shorter—than he would like to be.

All kinds of work on hands and made to order—christenings, and all washdays, and as good fits can be "kissered" up here or elsewhere.

Don't forget the shop—on Market street, Shaw's Row, directly opposite Rev. H. E. Sampson's office.

F. SHORT.

Clearfield, June 14, 1862.

Licensed Auctioneer.

W. M. BLOOM, of Pike township, do-

serves to inform his friends and the public

that he has taken out a License as an

AUCTIONEER, and will stand to the crying

loss in any part of the country at the shortest

date, and at the most reasonable charges. Ad-

dress him personally or by letter, either at

Carrollsville or Bloomsburg. April 6, '62.

NEW FIRM.

CARLISLE & CO.,
DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, LUMBER,
SHINGLES, &c. &c.

PHILIPSBURG, Centre county, Penn'a.

Have received and are just opening
the largest assortment of the best,

CHEAPEST, AND MOST SEASONABLE

GOODS

Ever-brought to this section of country, consisting of

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,

HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE,

Ladies' FURS!

Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Balmoral
and Hoop Skirts!

HATS & CAPS! BOOTS & SHOES!

Ready Made Clothing, of Latest Styles

SCHOOL-BOOKS & STATIONERY

Drugs, Oils, Paints, Putty & Glass!

Rice-Flour Farina and Corn-Starch!

COAL-OIL LAMPS WOOD AND WIL-

LOW WARE.

Trunks & Carpet-Bags!

PIPES, TOBACCO AND SEGARS!

Fish, Salt, and Nails!

Coal and Mineral Oils!

FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISIONS!

And all articles usually kept in a first-class
country store—all of which will be sold.

Cheap for Cash!

or apparel produce, Lumber or shingles.

Philipsburg, Nov. 18, 1862.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT of Clearfield county. The undersigned, an AUDITOR appointed by the Court to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrator, arising from the sale of the real estate of John Young, deceased, now in the hands of the Administrator, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday the 26th day of May next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the office of H. B. Swoope, Esq., in the borough of Clearfield, when and where all persons interested may attend and be heard.

JAMES GALLOWAY,

April 26, 1862.

Barbarities and Retaliation.

A citizen of Rochester, New York, now

at Memphis, Tenn., who is a well-known

and warm supporter of President Lincoln,

writes to the editor of the Rochester Un-

ion and says:

"He is satisfied that what was told of

the cruelty of the rebels at Fort Pillow is

true—that the negroes were slaughtered

there without mercy. But he adds that

the negro troops in Tennessee had been

guilty of great brutality to whites who

were not regarded as very friendly to the

Union cause. In one instance that came

to his knowledge, a party of these troops

entered a house, and one of them threw a

pan of hot embers into a cradle where an

infant was sleeping, and burned the little

innocent in a most shocking manner. In

another instant they seized a very corpulent old man, put a rope about his neck

and dragged him to an iron till he was nearly

lifeless. Appeals were made to the of-

ficers in command of the district where

these outrages were perpetrated, but no

satisfaction could be obtained. These

matters became known to the rebel troops

and they went into Fort Pillow burning

for revenge and there gratified their wicked

spirit. In consequence of this license

given to troops to commit an outrage their

baser passions might suggest, the war has

become one of fiendish character and ex-

termination appears to be the end and ob-

ject for which fighting is carried on. The

policy of the fanatics of New England now

prevails and they are enjoying it to the

fullest extent.

JNO. LYTHE, Esq.

A. C. TATE, Esq.

APR. 13. 6d pd.

PRINCIPLES, not MEN.

CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1864.

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR.

We gave some days ago an extract from Gen. Frank P. Blair's speech in Congress, delivered only a day or two before he resigned his seat, and was restored to his rank in the army by the President, in which he arraigned the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury, for high crimes and misdemeanors. At the same time we expressed the opinion that the President must have believed all the Gen. said in relation to the Secretary, or he would not have reappointed him to a high command in the army. Gen. Blair evidently has no misgivings on this subject, for in his recent visit to St. Louis he continues his denunciations of the "Red Republicans" of the French revolutionary stamp," as he calls the Radicals in his own party. He repeated substantially in his St. Louis speech what he said in Congress.

"I think the day of retribution very near for these people. If they get power and sway in this country we should see some highly perfumed young gentleman, with a bouquet in his hand, step forward in Congress and play the Robespierre, demanding the erection of the guillotine, upon which all men shall be executed who do not agree with him in opinion. They are of the Red Republican French Revolutionary stamp." [Cries of "good!" and cheers.]

They are men like the old Directory-like the despots Danton, Robespierre, Marat, who cared not to face the enemies of France, but ensanguined the streets of Paris with the blood of its citizens—[Cheers.]

And also, those who servants be, are happy in their station—And sing and play from day to day despite their degradation.

Nor do we find the whole of bliss, possessed by those believing

That Heaven alone brings peace to man, his sorrows all reliving.

We often see the pious saint, with eyes upturned to Heaven, Beheading God, with all his heart, to shed his grace more even.

But what can war, though unwilling—own that something more is wanting

To put at rest my anxious heart, and calm my mind's distressing.

Than health and plenty set apart for mortalsman's possessing.

But what can war, though unwilling—own that something more is wanted

For oft we see Fair Liberty become a burning cancer;

And also, those who servants be, are happy in their station—And sing and play from day to day despite their degradation.

So I conclude the better mode is to be kind, and gentle—

Bestow on all the utmost good and let our joys be mutual;

The strife for worldly goods and gain brings with it grief and sadness—

Thus causing us much greater pain than it produces gladness.

So, too, the strife for liberty and governments united—

Where each and all cease to be free unless their faith is plighted;

Their substance, too, won by their toll, meets the state he gives.

And e'en the right to till the soil's enjoyed but uneven.

Though we may war, and talk, and fight to save the nation's glory,

We only mar our name and blight our nation's brilliant story—

The few enjoy the good—at last the masses pay the piper.

Yet scenes like these will come to pass until mankind is ripe.

Religion, then stands out to save the people from affliction.

And only causes more distress by adding more restriction—

Then bidding us to hide our time, and let those robes oppress us;

They promise us another clime,