



CLEARFIELD, PA.

Wednesday Morning, June 17, 1863.

LIGHT BREAKS FORTH.

For the past two years the public mind has been attracted towards Washington, the abode of as corrupt and venal set of men as ever disgraced the annals of history.

That impatient despot, Gen. Burnside, and his masters at Washington, have been completely circumvented in their plans to subjugate the people of the great West.

The first triumph for liberty and law since the present regime came into power, occurred at Chicago about two weeks ago, a large number of the Abolitionists surrendering themselves to the patriot voice of the people, among the captives was Senator Trumbull.

An army of peaceable Democrats—30,000 strong—assembled at the State Capital of Ohio, for the purpose of nominating a State ticket to be voted for at the election in October next.

This just and equitable movement of the old "Union Saver" is timely and proper, and if the same policy is adopted to-day at Harrisburg, it will cause "old Abe's" knees to smite each other as did those of Baliszarar.

Now, the beauty of all this, these two bloodless battles have taken place within two weeks, and not more than 30,000 men have been engaged, nor has the old stereotyped dispatch passed over the wire "one killed and two wounded."

On the other hand, our agents at Washington, ostensibly under the lead of the "old rail splitter" from Illinois, have been waging a terrible civil war for more than two years.

This is not all, the constitutional privileges of free speech and a free press, are almost ignored, the exercise of the former fills political prisons and bastilles, and the privilege of the latter creates food for mobs.

Another "Scare"—The fate of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois has been awarded to our own State.

The symbol of despotism has been assigned to Pennsylvania. Martial law has been proclaimed against the Quaker Commonwealth, and the Union splitters have cut her in twain.

But gloomy as everything now looks, we would not advise our friends to "hang their heads on the willows," because the darkest hour is just before daylight.

The Harrisburg Telegraph says an honest old farmer in Clearfield county writes to that paper that he is too old to endure the fatigues of the march.

Protestant Marshal.—Capt. J. S. McKiernan, of Gellish township, has been appointed Provost Marshal for this county.

Slow Progress.

The Abolition leaders promised the people in the autumn of 1860, that if the disunion leaders in the South, would carry their States out of the Union that they would take about seventeen men and an old cow, and thrash them back again and that in the space of "sixty or ninety days at most."

Let it come.—The Philadelphia Evening Journal of Wednesday last expresses the opinion that an armistice and cessation of hostilities will take place before many days between the two parties that are now seeking the destruction of the best government under the sun.

SOMETHING NEW.—We observe that the opposition party in the eastern portion of the State, advertise their gatherings as "Loyal Meetings."

NEW PAPER.—The True Patriot is the title of a new paper started under the editorial supervision of B. T. Hastings, Esq. former editor of the Jeffersonian.

AN ABOLITION COMMITTEE from St. Louis called upon Mr. Lincoln a few days ago and in a set of resolutions set forth their desires, which in short set forth that Fremont and Butler must have a command.

DREADFUL (!)—We hope 'the ladies in a neighboring borough' will stop annoying our loyal neighbor of the Journal.

WATCH THEM.—We have lately received notice from the southern and western sections of our county, that an unusual number of men—entire strangers—are prowling around among the citizens.

THE PROVOST MARCHAL of Rush county Indiana, and one of the enrolling officers were shot dead in their tracks, near Rushville on Thursday last.

THE ABOLITION GOVERNOR (Yates) of Illinois has issued a proclamation prohibiting the Legislature of the State until 1865.

Gov. Curtin.—This gentleman is just now exhibiting himself, in circus style, in the western part of our State, in charge of that excellent Abolition trainer, Morrow B. Lowry.

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A Triumph For Law.

The country will learn with a feeling of relief that the President has revoked the order issued by Gen. Burnside for the suppression of the Chicago Times, and that Gen. Burnside has accordingly notified the publishers that they are at liberty to continue publication.

This is triumph for law and order over despotic authority that speaks well for the spirit of the people, and augurs well for the future.

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SENATOR TRUMBULL'S SPEECH.

The Confessions of a United States Senator, and a Leader in the ranks of the Jacobins, against the Rights and Liberties of the People.

This Black Republican leader—the "right bower" of the Administration, was compelled either through fear of an excited and outraged populace, or a guilty conscience, on the 4th instant at Chicago, to rebuke to the people of that city the innumerable wrongs committed by his own party during their short official career.

At the Republican meeting in the Court House Square on Thursday evening, after speeches by the Hon. Wm. Kellogg and Senator Boonville, of Wisconsin, Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Senator for Illinois, was introduced.

Mr. Trumbull said: It was rather embarrassing to attempt to speak to an audience which insisted on hearing someone else, but solem conviction of duty compelled him to speak, when under ordinary circumstances he would have remained silent.

He did not come to inflame their passions already too much aroused. Their country was in danger, and they had looked the peril in the face.

He did not desire to inspire them with a hurrah, but he wished to talk to their judgments and inspire them thro' appeals to their reason.

The times, he said, are grave! A majority of the people of our State are taking ground against the Administration.

Now that the case of the Chicago Times has been decided, let the people once more turn to that of Mr. Vallandigham.

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would claim your reason disinterestedly. The same challenge you hold to lips of your adversaries to-day, to be returned to your lips.

You are wrong.—It is your greatest mistake, in allowing your own party to place you in the position of "Jennison," and "Give us somebody to help it and I will not detain you long."

Who is there among you who believe in adhering strictly to the Constitution in these times, and extending every citizen of the loyal States its protection? Who among you is prepared to acknowledge our government is prepared to give up the Constitution for any good enough—but when for some other words—for it means the same!

The Constitution is broad. It grants powers necessary, even for the suppression of treason in the North. Yes, gentlemen, it is just as legal and binding upon a general in the field, and the civil agent of the nation, as it is upon the humble citizen in the land.

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