The Clearfield Republican.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24 1862.

Ladies—if you want to purchase articles that are handsome, comfortable and cheap—call at the store opposite the Presbyterian church. Gentlemen supplied on the same terms.

The Fifth Regiment.—Some idea of the desperate character of that part of the battle at Fredericksburg in which the Pennsylvania Reserves were engaged, may be formed from the number of line officers killed and wounded in the Fifth Regiment. The list is furnished in a letter of Ass't Quarter Master D. M. K. Botts to his brother in this place. The Regiment was commanded by Capt. Larrimer of this place, acting as Colonel:

Lt. Col. George Dare, wounded in fleshy part of leg.

Major Zentmyer wounded badly and left on the field.

Adjutant Zentmyer killed.

Lieut. Lucas, Company E. wounded.

Capt. Wells, Company B. killed.

Lieut. Kintch, Company I. killed.

Capt. Collins, Company K. wounded in arm.

Capt. Wolf, Company G. wounded in side.

Lieut Snyg, Company A. wounded in foot and hand.

Lieut. Willoughly reported wounded, is missing but may not be true.

Capt. Shaffle, Company D, wounded and left on the field.

Of the privates belonging to the Cadets (Company C.) Wm. McGaughey wounded and left on the field, James Miller is reported slightly wounded; John Dolan in the side, severe; Martin Mullen reported killed; Alex. Carr, leg and arm broken and left on the field; R. B. Derrick, wounded in shoulder, slight.

The same writer also furnishes the following concerning the Bucktail Regiment:

Capt. E. A. Irwin (who we believe was acting Colonel of the Regiment) wounded in left arm.

Capt. Taylor, wounded.

J. Patton Hard, of Company K, (Rangers) wounded.

Wood Ross, Company K, wounded.

Porter Smith, Company K, Killed.

Gen. Jackson, commanding the 3d Brigade, P. R., was killed, as was also his Adjutant Sweringen.

Since the foregoing was in type, a letter has been received by Mr. John McGaughey from his brother Lieut. David McGaughey, giving a full list of the casualties among the Cadets, from which we transfer the names additional to the above list:

Daniel Curley, missing.

R. F. Bilger, missing.

P. B. Haines, killed.

Thos. L. Potter, wounded since dead.

R. C. Larrimer, missing.

W. Crane McGonigal, missing.

The same letter also states that Dr. Crouch of Curwensville, was slightly wounded.

[From the Ulster Observer: Belfast, Ireland.]

The Missouri Massacre.

A shadow darker than the battle cloud has fallen upon America, and high above the angry tone of bitter strife rises the stern execration of a deed for which humanity has reason to weep. In the town of Palmyra, in Missouri, ten men have been doomed to death, and they have perished by a sentence, which stands as a record of tyranny and injustice, and is a fearful example of the guilty excesses to which, in civil contests, the bad passions of reckless men may lead. Heretofore the war, which has been universally deplored, has been unmarked by the grosser horrors, which but too frequently distinguish internecine strife. There has been chivalry displayed in the field, and courage and constancy manifested under defeat.—North and South have revealed a spirit worthy the heroes who have rendered the battle plains of Greece and Rome consecrated ground; and it was to be hoped that no act disgraceful of humanity would have left its stain upon a struggle, in which brave soldiers and gallant men were engaged. Unhapily this expectation can no longer be indulged in; the blood of ten innocent men cries to Heaven for vengeance, and the reeking sod, on which their lives were cruelly sacrificed, will yet be pointed to as the memorial of a heinous crime, fraught with bitter memories, and suggestive of fierce retaliation. It would have been better for the North that her armies had been dispersed in the field, and the walls of her capital surrendered to her foes—that treason had thinned the ranks of her supporters, and treachery surrendered the last stronghold of her strength—any disaster would have been preferable to that which now presses upon her reputation and defiles her fair fame. We know not what excuse may be offered for this atrocious deed.—We know not what circumstances may be adduced in its justification; but as it now stands before the world, even in the most favorable construction that the North can put upon it, it challenges the most unmodified condemnation.

Palmyra was, it seems, for a short time in the hands of the Confederates. On its recovery by the Federals, the latter missed an old man named Allsman, and it was supposed that he was either murdered or carried away by the retreating "rebels." The Federal General at once proclaimed that, unless the missing Unionist was restored within a stated time, ten Southerns would pay for his continued absence with their lives. Gen. McNeil kept his word. At the expiration of the stipulated period old Allsman did not appear, and within twenty-four hours ten Confederate prisoners were marked out for and led to slaughter. The tale reads like a chapter from the horrors of the French Revolution, so sad and heart-rending is it, so bitterly opposed to every call of justice or expediency. We fancy we see again the pale groups of reconciled victims, patiently awaiting the certain hour of execution. We behold them mingling together on these equal terms which the great leveller of all distinctions establishes at his approach. We hear the roll of the funeral wagon, and gaze upon the last act of the dread tragedy, in which outraged humanity, in the person of the perishing victim, suffers violation; and so we are brought back to the days of unbridled fury, when justice was forgotten, and mercy was unpractised and unknown.

It is sad to think that this bloody drama should have been enacted in a land whose generous bosom was cradle-full of the highest and noblest instincts—sad to think that on the soil which freedom had consecrated with her blessings and immortalized by her achievements—sad to think that in the land over which the banner of liberty floated, that there beneath the shadow of glories that shed their lustre over the world, there should have been perpetrated a deed worthy the worst rule of the basest tyranny that ever cursed the earth. Retaliation may be sometimes a necessary expedient in savage warfare, but in a contest waged between civilized foes its principle should be religiously ignored. What if old Allsman did fall beneath Southern blows, this act could not have justified the wholesale slaughter of innocent men. These fated victims of cruelty and caprice had been soldiers.—They had braved the terrors of battle, and passed through the fiery furnace of the field.

They had earned by their valor that protection, which brave men never deny to a chivalrous foe, and, if fate placed fetters on their limbs, the unchanging laws of humanity should have protected their lives. Yet they were led forth to die. In the early morning they were taken from their prison cell, seated on their coffins, driven through the silent streets, and brought to the place of execution. Like brave men they proudly met their fate, horrible as it was; and the calm heroism which distinguished their end will enshrine their names in the hearts of their countrymen forever. They refused the bandage intended to shut out the overshadowing presence of death; with firm composure they knelt to receive the fatal volley; and, at the first discharge, some three or four amongst them fell, pierced by the bullets aimed, by their request, at their gallant hearts. The others lay writhing in agony from the wounds they had received, and then ensued a scene, whose horrors pen cannot describe.

The reserves where then brought forward to dispatch with their revolvers the mutilated survivors. They, did so, and the mind sickens at the ghastly picture of these suffering victims perishing in their tortures by the cool, deliberate blows of their murderers. It will be difficult for the North to wipe away this ignominious stain; difficult for her, indeed, to remove from the hands the traces of this bloody deed; difficult for her to raise her head even in the midst of triumph, and meet the reproving gaze of men. On the other hand, under the grim provocation which such an act contains, under the influence of the fierce resentment, which it cannot fail to engender, the South will rise with renewed vigor to the contest in which she is engaged, and peace will retire further from the belligerants than ever.—We can readily conceive what a thrill of horror, what a cry of wild revenge will ring at the announcement of the intelligence throughout the regions of the South. Old men who gazed upon the flag that was once the symbol of exalted freedom to the world, will curse the deed with bitter execrations. Women will weep over it, and the young and ardent will burn to avenge it; and from it will arise new horrors of increasing animosity, to deepen still further the gloom in which the present disastrous quarrels is enveloped.

This hideous episode of the great civil war was not requisite to render the unnatural struggle a source of grief to all upright men. It was sad enough to see the Great Republic which conferred so many blessings on mankind, which was the pride of every generous soul, weakened by dissentions, and shattered into petty fragments. It was so sad to see star after star torn from the flag whose glories were unrivaled; but sadder than national dismemberment, more disastrous than national humiliation and defeat, is this great crime, the baneful memory of which can never pass away. It becomes the duty of the Cabinet of Washington to condemn the act and summarily punish its perpetrators. If it do not, it the veil of authority be thrown over a crime worthy the wildest foray of the Indian, then indeed, will the Southerners justly have cause to say that they are battling against a tyrant the most odious that ever cursed the earth, and fighting for a prize in which more than liberty is involved. In any case, as this foul deed cannot be undone, as the grave has closed over the mutilated remains of the murdered men, there will descend in connection with it to remote posterity a legacy of hate, which, like a barrier of fire, will keep apart the sections whose feelings are concerned in it.

Orphans' Court Sale

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county the undersigned will expose to public sale, at the court-house in Clearfield, on

Monday the 12th day of January, 1863.

(Being the Monday of the Court) All that certain piece of land situate in Pike township, Clearfield county, containing **200 Acres**, being the West End of a larger tract of land belonging to Anthony Kratzer, late of Pike township, deceased.—The said 200 acres adjoin lands of Widemire on the west, and other remaining land of the said Anthony Kratzer, dec'd, on the east, and being heavily timbered with white pine timber.

TERMS.—One-half on confirmation of sale, and the residue in one year, with interest.

C. KRATZER, Adm'r.

Clearfield, Dec. 17, 1862.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county to report distribution of the moneys in the hands of D. J. Cathcart, Administrator of Jane Wilson deceased, will attend to his duties as Auditor, and hear all persons interested in said estate, at the office of J. B. McEnally, on Saturday the 3rd day of January, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock, P. M. J. H. FULFORD, Auditor.

Dec. 10, 1862.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Clearfield County, to distribute the balance in the hands of the Administrator of Richard Curry deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, and hear all parties interested, at his office in Clearfield Borough on Friday the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

J. B. McENALLY, Auditor.

Dec. 10, 1862.-3t.

A JOUR CABINET MAKER WANTED.—The undersigned will give constant employment to a good workman at liberal wages. Address, Clearfield, Pa. JOHN GULICH.

Nov. 19, 1862.

The Best Work for Canvassing Agents.

HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION IN THE UNITED STATES.

MESSRS. Harper & Brothers have commenced the issue in Numbers of a complete History of the Great Rebellion in the United States. The work has been for many months in course of preparation, by a writer every way qualified for the task.

The Introduction contains a clear and succinct account of the formation of the Confederacy of the States; the formation and adoption of the Constitution of the United States, and the establishment of the National Government; the origin, development and progress of the doctrines of Nullification and Secession, and the various phases which they assumed until their final culmination in the *Great Rebellion*.

The History comprises a full account, drawn from the most authentic sources, of all the Events of the War; the intrigues of the Southern leaders at home and abroad; the gradual defection of one section; the great Uprising of the People for the maintenance of National Life and Existence; the rapid creation of an immense Army and Navy; and the battles by land and sea.

The Illustrations comprise Portraits of all those who have borne a prominent part in the struggle; Maps of the different localities; Plans of the leading actions; Views of every scene of interest, and of the most important Battles. These Illustrations are mostly from drawings taken on the spot by artists deputed for that purpose to accompany every division of our Army and Navy.

Every facility at the command of the publishers has been employed in the preparation and execution of this work; and they confidently believe that it will form the most trustworthy and valuable history which can be prepared of the **Great Struggle for the American Union.**

Mode and Terms of Publication

The work will be issued in Numbers, each consisting of Twenty-four Pages of the size of "*Harper's Weekly*," printed from clear type, upon fine paper, and will probably be completed in about Twenty Numbers.

The numbers will be issued at intervals, if possible, of about three or four weeks.

The Price of each Number, which contains matter equivalent to an ordinary volume, will be Twenty-five Cents.

The Illustrations in each Number are alone worth the price asked. Men out of employment, especially

SICK OR DISABLED SOLDIERS,

can find no other work so sure of ready sale and good profits.

For further particulars apply to the Publishers,

HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

Dec. 17, 1862.—7t

THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION.

NEW PROSPECTUS.

The Largest and Cheapest Weekly in the State.

INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS.

A New and Powerfully Written Political Story.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

THE overwhelming evidence of the determination of the people to rescue the Government from the desperate and reckless purposes of Abolitionism, that have so nearly wrecked our once glorious Union and destroyed all Constitutional guarantees, indicate an immediate future full of events of the most momentous interest. Centralization, Terrorism, and Robbery, will not submit to dethronement without a struggle. The contest, therefore, has but just begun; and for the year to come, the action of Congresses, Cabinets, and Legislatures, will be regarded with scarcely less interest than the movements of opposing armies in the field. The object of the war will be made again what it was before Abolition fanaticism perverted it—simply to crush the rebellion and restore the Federal authority. There will also at the same time be in progress the Great Battle of the People with the minions of Despotism, and in this battle the Press, no longer shackled, no longer threatened with Abolition mobs and frowning bastiles, will take a ready and conspicuous part.

It is one of the best results of the recent elections that their positive rebuke of the gross and manifest abuse of power by the Administration, has given the people the privilege of light and free discussion—privileges that will not again be tamely yielded. These changed circumstances will bring the acts of even the highest in the Government to the tribunal of public opinion, and the Press will again become the medium of the free thoughts of the people, and the fearless advocate of Constitutional Government and Constitutional Liberty.

The Proprietors of the Constitutional Union, in issuing their new prospectus, see before them a field of enlarged usefulness, and it is their purpose to spare no effort to make their paper of unequal acceptability as a medium of intelligence, and a record of events that must absorb public thought. It will contain full summaries of the proceedings of Congress and the State Legislature, full accounts of the movements of the army, foreign and domestic news, literary intelligence, commercial and agricultural news, &c., &c.

In consequence of the enormous advance in the price of paper, amounting in three months to nearly fifty per cent. the Proprietors have found it necessary to advance the price of the paper to Clubs to $1.50 per annum; but even at this price, we afford more reading for the same money than any other paper printed in the State. The advance will go into effect at once.

Among other attractions in contemplation, we shall commence, in the first number in January, a new and powerfully written Political Story, founded on the events immediately preceding the Rebellion.

We solicit the aid of our Democratic friends in the interior in raising and forwarding Clubs.

TERMS:

Single copies, one year,	$2 00
Two copies, (to one address,)	3 50
Ten copies,	17 50
Twenty copies,	30 00

All subscriptions to be paid invariably in advance. Address

THOS. B. FLORENCE & CO.,
Publishers of Constitutional Union,
No. 130 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia.
Dec. 3, '62.—3t

CORN BROOMS.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—The subscriber—who was educated in the Pennsylvania Institute for the instruction of the Blind—is now manufacturing CORN BROOMS, at Centre Corner, near Welchs', in Lawrence township.

He makes a splendid article, and persons wanting those indispensable articles to housekeeping, should patronize this worthy young man.

☞ BROOMS will be supplied either Wholesale and Retail on the most accommodating terms.

EMERY LEGGETT.

Oct. 1, 1862.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary, on the estate of Jacob F. Runk late of the township of Decatur deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN S. RUNK, Ex'r.

Nov. 19, 1862.-pd.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—The undersigned an Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to make distribution of the money in the hands of George Alexander, Esq., High Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of J. J. Lingle, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Tuesday the 30th day of December, inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at his office in Bellefonte. When and where all persons interested are requested to attend, and those having claims to present them or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

ADAM HOY,
Bellefonte, Dec 10, 1862. Auditor.

Cheap Furniture!

JOHN GULICH

DESIRES to inform his old friends and customers that, having enlarged his shop and increased his facilities for manufacturing, he is now prepared to make to order furniture as may be desired, in good style and at cheap rates for **Cash.** He mostly has on hand at his "Furniture Rooms," a varied assortment of Ready-made Furniture, among which are

Bureaus and Side-Boards,

Wardrobes and Book-Cases; Centre, Sofa, Parlor, Breakfast and Dining Extension Tables.

Common French Post, cottage, Jenny Lind and other Bedsteads.

SOFAS of all KINDS, WORK-STANDS HAT-RACKS, WASH-STANDS, &c.

Rocking and Arm Chairs,

Spring Seat, Cane-Bottom and Parlor Chairs and Common and other Chairs.

LOOKING-GLASSES

Of every description on hand; and new glasses for old frames, which will be put in on very reasonable terms on short notice.

He also keeps on hand, or furnishes to order, Hair, Corn-Husk, Hair and Cotton top Mattresses.

COFFINS, of every kind,

Made to order, and funerals attended with a Hearse, whenever desired.

Also, **House Painting** done to order.

The subscriber also manufactures, and has constantly on hand,

Clement's Patent Washing Machine.

The best now in use. Those using this machine never need be without clean clothes! He also has

Flyer's Patent Churn,

A superior article. A family using this Churn never need be without butter!

All the above and many other articles are furnished to customers cheap for Cash or exchanged for approved country produce. Cherry, Maple, Poplar, Linwood and other Lumber suitable for Cabinet work, taken in exchange for furniture.

☞ Remember the shop is on Market street, Clearfield, Pa., and nearly opposite the "Old Jew Store." JOHN GULICH.

Nov. 26, 1862.—y

JAMES TEST,

DEALER IN

Provisions, Groceries, &c.

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE COUNTY.

KEEPS always on hand, a large assortment in his line, such as

Flour	Molasses
Corn Meal	Vinegar
Rye Chop	Coal Oil
Buckwheat Flour	Alcohol
Beans	Turpentine
Potatoes	Tar
Apples	Fish Oil
—*ALSO*—	
Butter	Sugar
Cheese	Coffee
Bacon	Tea
Tallow	Crackers
Lard	Tallow
Mackeral	Segars
White Fish	Salt
Cod Fish	Dried Apples
Shad	Dried Peaches

ALSO, Wheat, Rye, Corn and Oats in the grain, Liquors of all kinds, Confectionery, nuts & Fruits, Corn Brooms, Sole-Leather, and a very great variety of miscellaneous articles.

His situation and facilities for purchasing, some of the articles herein named, are such as give him peculiar advantages over many persons in selling at a small profit. He would therefore respectfully solicit a call from persons wishing any thing in his line, satisfied that it will prove mutually advantageous. Nov. 19, '62-3m.

Shot at! but Missed!!

A GREAT MISTAKE!!

THAT all the merchants of Curwensville were wounded. 'Tis true, I was "*Shot at—but missed*," and since then have been at the city and have procured a very

LARGE ASSORTMENT

of Goods of all descriptions, which I am disposing of at lower rates than any other house in the county.

Read! Read! Read!

Best Calico from	10 to 12 cents	per yard
Best Muslins from	15 to 20 cents	per yard
Best Delaines from	20 to 25 cents	per yard

CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES.

Sugar from 12½ to 15 cents.
Best Syrup at 87 cents.

And all other groceries at the same rates.

Boots, Shoes and Shoe Findings of all kinds, *CHEP—CHEAP.*

LADIES who wish to make a good investment should call and examine the assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Merinoes, Saxon Plaids, Plaid Brilliants, &c., &c. Also—Cloaks, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Gloves, &c., &c., &c.

J. D. THOMPSON.

Carwensville, Dec. 3, 1862.—y

Furs—Furs—Furs.

WANTED—all kinds of FURS, such as

Mink	Cross Fox
Coon	Otter
Red Fox	Muskrat
Gray Fox	Fisher

Black Bear Skin.
Also,
DEER SKINS.

For which the highest prices will be paid either in trade or CASH. RICH'D MOSSOP.

Clearfield, Dec. 3, 1862

THOMAS J. M'CULLOUGH,
Attorney at Law,

Office adjoining the Bank, formerly occupied by J. B. McEnally, Esq., Market street, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to Collections, Sale of Lands, &c. Dec. 17, '62.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in this office since the first Monday of December, 1862, and passed by me, and remain filed and remain in the office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors or others in any way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the court house in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the 2nd Monday of January, 1863 for confirmation and allowance:

1. The Final Administration account of Theodore Weld, Administrator of George Leitzel, late of Bloom township, Clearfield county, deceased, of whom John Weld, jr., was the first administrator.
2. The Final Account of Theodore Weld, Executor of the last will and testament of John Weld, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased.
3. The Final account of I. C. McCloskey, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of Nathan McCloskey, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, deceased.
4. The Final account of Jesse Barton and Mary L. Kelley, Administrators of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of James M. Kelley, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.
5. The Final account of William McCracken, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of William McCracken, esq., late of Bell township, Clearfield county, deceased.
6. The Final Account of Jeremiah Hoover and Jacob Beam, Executors of the last will and testament of Henry Beam, late of Bell township, Clearfield county, deceased.
7. The Final account of John Weld, deceased, Guardian of Hannah Hoover, one of the children of Abbe Hoover, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, deceased.

JAMES WRIGLEY, Reg'r.

Register's office, Nov. 12, 1862.

Also, the following accounts which have been filed in this office since the first day of December, 1862:

1. The partial account of James A. Bloom and John Bloom Executors of the last will and testament of Isaac Bloom, Jr., of the township of Pike, Clearfield county, deceased.
2. The account of Robert Leitzel, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of Francis Leitzel, late of the township of Covington, Clearfield county, deceased.
3. The final account of George Knarr, Jr., Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits which were of Geo. Weaver, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.
4. The final account of George Knarr, Jr., Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits which were of Charlotte Weaver, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.
5. The account of E. B. Smeal and M. L. C. Evans, Executors of the last will and testament of George Smeal, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, deceased.
6. The Final account of Aaron C. Tate, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits, which were of Eleanor D. King, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased.
7. The final account of Neal McKay, Administrator of all and singular the goods and chattles, rights and credits which were of Alexander McKay, late of Burnside township, Clearfield county, deceased.

ISAIAH G. BAPGER.

December 10, 1862.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE

Of Valuable Timber Lands in CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

UNDER an order of the Orphan's Court of Lancaster and Clearfield counties, Panthers will be exposed to public sale at the COURT HOUSE IN CLEARFIELD, Pa., on

Tuesday the 13th of January, 1863.

all of the following described Real Estate, situate in Jordan township, Clearfield county, Pa, late the property of Isaac Pusey, deceased:

A certain tract or piece of land, called "Rich Grove," surveyed on warrant to John Dunwoody, beginning at a post corner of the Wm. Hunter survey and this tract, thence south 40 degrees east 308 perches to post, thence south 50 degrees west 93 and five-tenth perches to tract line, thence by purpart D, north 40 degrees west 308 perches to post on tract line, thence by tract line north 50 degrees east 93 and five-tenth perches to pastand beginning, containing 190 acres and 48 perches. The said tract being part of purpart C, as described and allotted in the partition of the Pusey Lands, as made in the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county.

This lot of land is heavily timbered with a fine growth of **White Pine Timber**—quite a quantity of Spars, and the whole being within the limits of Clearfield Creek, is a desirable property for **Logging Operations.** ☞ The title is indisputable.

TERMS.—One fifth cash at striking down the property; one-fifth at confirmation of the sale; and the balance in three equal annual payments from the date of sale, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises—with a clause restricting the taking off timber except in proportion to payments made.

By order of the Court,

CHARLES J. PUSEY, Adm'r of
Nov. 19, 1862—ts Isaac Pusey, dec'd.

FURNITURE ROOMS

BENNER & BARRETT

Respectfully announce to the public that they have completed and are now occupying their new furniture ware-rooms, fronting on the Market Lot and nearly opposite the Court House.

Cabinet making will be carried on in the upper story of the same building in all its

DIFFERENT BRANCHES.

All kinds of furniture will be kept constantly on hands and sold cheap for cash or exchange for country produce, or Lumber to suit the business.

CHAIRS.

PARLOR, ROCKING, AND ARM CHAIRS, SPRING SEATS, CANE BOTTOMS, &c.,

TABLES.

PARLOR SOFA, CENTRE, CARD, DINING, EXTENSION & BREAKFAST TABLES.

SOFAS.

OF ALL KINDS, VARIETIES AND PATTERNS. BUREAUS, SIDE-BOARDS, BOOKCASES WARDROBES, &c.

BEDSTEADS

JENNY LIND, HIGH-POST, COTTAGE, FRENCH POSTS, &c.

MATTRESSES

Hair, Hair top, Cotton top, and Corn Husk, of the best material.

LOOKING-GLASSES of all sorts and sizes, Also, Glasses for old Frames.

Also, Tea-poys, What-nots, Wash-stands, Work-stands, Hat-racks, &c.

COFFINS.

Made to order on short notice, and hearse furnished.

Poplar, Cherry, and Linwood Lumber, wanted in exchange for work.

Clearfield, December 3d, 1861. ly.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias, Venditioni Exponas, and Alias Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the court house in the borough of Clearfield, on

Monday the 12th day of January, 1863,

at one o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described property, viz:

All that certain lot of ground situate in Curwensville Borough, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania fronting on Front street, Mitchell street and running back 240 feet to an Alley, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner of said Alley and Front street, thence by said Front street, south 50 degrees west 66 feet to a post, thence south 40 degrees east 240 feet to said Alley, thence by said Alley north 50 degrees east 66 feet to the place of beginning, containing one acre more or less, being the same lot of ground which Wm. Irvin and wife by deed dated the 2nd day of September, 1854, did grant and convey to the said Francis McCloy, the said lot being known as the Hall Lot, and there erected a two story frame dwelling house and other buildings, and now in the occupancy of Alfred Hall, Edward Hamilton & Wm. Ten Eyck, trading as Hamilton Ten Eyck & Co.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Knox township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, containing one hundred acres more or less with about thirty acres cleared, and a log dwelling house and log barn erected thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Robertson and others. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Isaac P. Corsen.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Guelich township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, containing about 314 acres bounded by lands of ——— about 20 acres with a small orchard, and having a log cabin house erected thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William B. Hegarty.

Also, All those certain premises situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county, the place known as the Old Place, bounded on the north by lands now in the possession of William Goss, jr., on the west by lands of James D. Morgan and lands of Walter Morgan, on the south by lands of Daniel Albert, Jonathan Kephart and George D. Morgan, and on the west by lands of George D. Morgan, containing about 200 acres more or less, having about 150 acres cleared thereon, with a large two story Log House and Log Barn, with other outbuildings, and having a large bearing Orchard thereon.

One other piece situate in Decatur township aforesaid, adjoining the above, bounded on the south by the premises above described, on the west by land of George D. Morgan & Co., on the north by lands of George D. Morgan & Co., on the east by lands of George D. Morgan, having about 150 acres therein, and being all cleared land, or nearly so, with a good Plank House, Log Barn, and other outbuildings, with a young bearing Orchard thereon.

One other piece situate in the township of Decatur aforesaid, known as the Saw-mill property, bounded on the north by lands of Joseph Goss, on the east by lands of George D. Morgan & Co., on the south by lands of George D. Morgan & Co., and on the west by lands of George D. Morgan & Co., with a four-mill in good running order on Beaver Run, with a Plank House, small Mill house, and other outbuildings thereon, with about 15 acres cleared land. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of A. J. Goss and John Goss.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county, adjoining George D. Morgan & Co. on the north, on the east by lands of Jno. Crane and others, on the south by lands of D. J. Penner & Co. and others, and west by land of Solomon Hammersley, containing about 200 acres, with about 150 acres thereof cleared, a two story Log House and Log Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Orchard. Also, a certain tract of land known as the Hillwood property, adjoining lands of Kepler, Shipart, and others, containing 86 acres, with good dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings, and good bearing Orchard thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Abraham Goss, senior.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county, bounded on the north by lands of George D. Morgan & Co., on the east by lands of John Crane and others, south by land of D. J. Penner & Co. and others, and west by lands of Solomon Hammersley, containing about 200 acres, with about 150 of which is cleared, with a Country Log House and Log Barn other outbuildings thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. J. Lingle and Abraham Goss, senior.

Also, a certain lot of ground situate in the town of Tyrone, or Newburg, in Clearfield township, Clearfield county, bounded on the north by Main street 66 feet, and extending in depth 200 feet back to an alley, with a two story Tavern House and stable erected thereon, now in occupancy of William W. Worrell. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ezra Root.

ALSO, by virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias* issued out of the same court, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, the following described property, viz: All that certain tract of land situate in Karthaus township, Clearfield county, being the same tract of land which Ellis Irwin, Esq., High Sheriff of Clearfield county, by his deed dated the 2d day of September, 1854, did and conveyed to the said Francis McCloy, the said tract being known as the Hall Lot, and there fronting, beginning at a hickory tree, thence north 58° east 66 perches to a white oak, thence south 31° east 240 perches to a chestnut oak, thence south 58° west 84 perches to a hickory on the West Branch of the Susquehanna river, thence down the same by the several courses thereof 84 perches to a maple, thence north 31° west 240 perches to place of beginning, containing 3 acres and 59 perches with the usual allowance to the same more or less, comprising a good Flour, with about 50 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good two story Frame Farm House, a good Frame Bank Barn, and other outbuildings thereon erected, and young and bearing Orchard, besides 20 acres of river bottom cleared and in a high state of cultivation, with two commodious two story Frame Dwelling Houses, Blacksmith shop, Cabinet shop, Frame Barn and Frame Stable, with other outbuildings, and two young and bearing Orchards on this portion of the property—the whole being upon and comprised within the said 388 acres, known as the Salt Lick Road property. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Robert Gilliland and John Gilliland.

EDWARD PERKS, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's Office, Clearfield, Dec. 17, 1862.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. SAMUEL LINN, Esq. President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and the Hon. JAS. BLOOM and Hon. J. D. THOMPSON, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphan's Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, on the

Second Monday in January, 1863, *at the Court House.*

NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 10th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

EDWARD PERKS, *Sheriff.*

A. J. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law, Curwensville, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office opposite the New Methodist Church Feb. 5, '62.