CLEARFIELD, PA. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1861.

NEW SERIES-VOL. II.-NO 9.

ctatic State Convention.

lemscratic State Convention, held at Sy-

Resolved. That in this crisis the watchord which should pass through the Democratic ranks, calling them together and consolidating them in one erect and but disloyal to the country. doe mined mass in detence of our imper-alled country is the sentiment of Andrew Jackson, that "the Union must and shall be preserved."

Resolved, That the claim of any State or umber of States of a right to relinquish well their obligations and allegiance to the Union has no warrant in the Constiunon -- is at war with its letter and spirit is incompatible with good Government, and the preservation of public faith, and the enforcements of the treaties, and whenever this pretension has been advanced by secessionists North or South, it has been resisted and defeated by the Demacracy, who have ever maintained as they still do, that secession is revolution.

Resolved, That the seizure of the forts and property belonging to the Federal Government, followed by the authorization of privateers against the commerce of the loyal States, precipitated the country into a state of war; that it is the duty of the Government to prosecute this war thus forced upon us with all its power and resources, and that is the duty of the people to rally with arms and means to the support of the Government, until the struggle is ended by the triumph of the Con-stitution and laws, and the restoration of

Resolved. That we hold next in guilt to against the country, the politicians of the North, who for years have organized and distained a system of agitation tending and intending to alienate the different sections of the country, and to stir up beween them an "irrepressible conflict," based upon their domestic institutions, which, it was declared, could only terminate in the predominance of one section;

Resideed, That to the infatuation of the same class of politicians we can trace the threatening proportions which this "civil war" has assumed and the catastrophes that have attended it. In the language of one of their representative men, to the Union, while three other States-Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri-are struggling to maintain their position in it, publican representatives were beguiled into the popular idea that theydischarged their first and highest Juty tostand by and on the Chicago platform;" and later still, when the people had rallied, without distinction of party, to the Union, the same predominant influence in the Republican party, by dictating "political battles to be bught" have, according to the same authority, "added another year to the war, and opened graves for fi-toen or twenty housand more soldiers."

Resolved, That as it was the duty of longress, in the initiation of this conflict, to have encouraged the loyal citizens of the South by ample guaranties of their chis, and by all just and honorable consions, we believe it to be its duty now, life putting down rebellion with armed a, to offer to the loyal people of the street- States the remedy which the Istrument.

a States, and that they will regard emancipation of "aves as intal to all the pes of the restoration of the Union.

aviaistration, imitating the patriotic spirit traitors punished. the people, to abandon the sarrow platform of the Chicago Convention, which stare, condemned by the suffrages nearly two thirds of the people, and to tempted her scheme of nullification unmep forth upon the broad platform of the der Gen. Jackson's administration in sink and 'the free communication of thoughts turned to the island, and finding their Constitution, to expel corrupt men from ing the partisan in the patriot, rushing to and opinions is one of the invaluable pots had been removed, commenced redish in each hand, instead of one as office, to exclude from the advocates of separation and abolition, and to recon- fenders of his administration in its efforts struct its Cabinet so as to conform to the to crush treason and rebellion, merits the into our nature as free American citizens. fles, and two of them shot and killed on asked the dispenser of the attenuated altered condition of the country and to emulation and imitation of all true dem- I mean the liberty of the press and free the spot, and a third mortally wounded. milk. command more largely the public respect ocrats under the present situation of our discussion among men, upon all subjects We have not been able to learn the names

of the Administration in power is essential that the firm and unfaltering support we and misrepresentations of men in places right upon which the pillars of our Re tion, under precisely similar circumstan- governments. In this time of excitepublic rest, and is denied only by tyrants. ces, will ever be deemed by sensible and be ment, and disposition to cast off restraints of law, some men, under the disguise of the language of Daniel Webster, good men as any evidence of infidelity to "It is a homified right, a fireside privilege. It has ever been enjoyed in every house, cottage and cabin in the nation. It is ed for chains and slavery."

Resolved, That we thank our brave army cease, for the noble devotion and heroic courage the patriotism of that class of men inaugurating a system of secret policel In confusion all but one sat quickly down in the field, and our navy upon the seas, they have shown in rallying to the de- amongst us, who would paralize the arm times of excitement, as men are more apt fense of the country in its hour of peril, of the government by hair-splitting con- to be zealous than wise, we should keep and we will not forget that it is our duty stitutional quibbles, and yet can find no before us the example of France, when CRIME IN HIGH PLACES.—We hear, says to protect them from being the sport and words of condemnation for the countless the reign of terror became so intolerable the Boston Ttraveler, that two business sacrifics of politicians, who order battles usurpations of the Southern traitors.

that all classes of men were glad to seek men of Boston, of heretofore unspotted from ideas of political necessity, or the Resolved, That we believe whenever refuge under a military despot. In this reputation, have recently been detected from ideas of political necessity, or the

sponsion and speculation.

Democratic party in this crisis. That a formed by the noblest band of patriots necessary and proper for public instruc-Democratic victory in this State would be that the world has ever produced, unless tion. From the Declaration of Indepen-We give in full the series of resolutions hardly less auspicious to the cause of the they holdly step forward and assume dence to the present day there has not opted on Wednesday, by the New York Union than the triumph of the Federal arms on the field of battle. That, therefore, we hold those Democrats who, from and betraying the sacred trust confided trust confided to the places of the places and are dishonoring and betraying the sacred trust confided to the places and are dishonoring and betraying the sacred trust confided to the places and are dishonoring and betraying the sacred trust confided that therefore, we hold those Democrats who, from motives of ambition or factiousness, are to them by the American people, and ever will be, so long as the people contin-seeking to divide and distract the party, would deserve to be experted by all patas not only treacherous to its principles, riotic men.

UNCONDITIONAL UNION DEMO-CRATIC MEETING.

large and enthusiastic meeting of the un- 4th inst., as being the man for the times conditional union democrats of Clearfield county, convened at Curwensville, on Legislature; and if nominated, we pledge porant or regardless of the Constitutional Tuesday evening, Sept. 3, 1861. The ourselves to give him our undivided meeting was called to order by the appointment of Jacob Hoover, President, Revolved, That Samuel Arnold, H Geo. B. Dale, Abram Gates, Samuel Ar-nold, Henry Hiles, John J. Miller and J. Denning, vice Presidents; and Wm. J. flemphill, John McNaul and Wm. P. Beck, Secretaries.

The object of the meeting having been nomination of David C. Dale, stated, the following named gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft a course pursued by the "Clearfield Repubpreamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, viz: Hugh W. Mullen, Jos. Denning, Solomon J. Gates, Wm. A. Dale, Geo. Wilson and H. P. Thompson. The committee retired a other Union Democrats, and in not giv- apologize for it. It was hoped by them a courteous man generally succeeds well short time for consultation, and then sub- ing a hearty and cordial support to the mitted the following report which was unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Whereas, It is evident to all thinking guage of the lamented Douglas, "whoevthe faction which has risen in arms ization and platforms on the altar of his country, does not deserve the supportand then we shall have rescued the Govern- fight them upon political issues. ment and country from its perils, and see When we shall have a country and a government for our children to live in peace and happiness, it will be time enough for county papers, and in the other papers of each of us to return to our own convic- this Rep. district. tions of right and duty;" and we think it is the duty of every honest man and good to the government his hearty and cordial and that Daniel Daugherty, of Philadel-*Congress adjourned, having done and support in every effort it may make to phia, be invited to address us at that time and encourage each this most wicked, causeless, and and place.

To man civility is in fact what time.

To man civility is in fact what times. Webster said: the Union men of the Border States. The unholy of all rebellions against and for eat and powerful States of Virginia the overthrow of the best government North Carolina and Tennessee, were lost ever devised and instituted by man for his rotection and enjoyment; a government, too, that has never laid a fingers weight upon any of its citizens. And whereas, we because the Republican press and the Re- believe that the present cry of peace, as an obsolete idea by some of the whipper Sentiments lately sprung up, and now peace, when there is no prospect of peace, sonly designed and calculated to divide as their Abolition leaders in this vicinity, be explicit on this point. It is the an- have frequently succeeded by their plaus- ade on the 29th ult., under a heavy hrouse and weaken us as a nation, and to give it is well occasionally to refer to the prinaid and comfort to our enemies, and we ciples and landmarks established by that ple to canvass public measures, and the or set of men who are continually endeav. the people and their government. Among oring to throw obstacles in the way of our the perogatives explicitly guaranteed (and

> Therefore, Resolved, That we believe this government to be of more value to us and is, trampled under foot by Abolition to private life as a right, it belongs to puband our children than any more party organization-that its principles and their preservation are superior to party creeds or party discipline, and therefore, no man has a right to pause in his difference with

Resolved, That we regard the platform astitution itself provides for public laid down by the late representative Conevances, a convention of all the States vention at St. Mary's as the very essence the revision and amendment of that of treason, and that we can support no man for the Legislature who would per- ition which be has ably filled for many Resolved. That the Democracy of this mit himself to be placed upon it; and years, in a late charge to the Milwaukie ie will sustain no war nor countenance that we yielge ourselves to use every peace tending to the separation of bonorable means to elect to seats in the the invariable usage of the Courts of this Legislature, men who are unconditional attempt to pervert this conflict for Union men, and who will uphold and not be out of place for us to strengthen the hands of the general gov. Judge Miller is a native of Cumberland ernment in every possible manner, to the County in this State, was raised and edu-Resolved. That it is the duty of the Ad- end that rebellion may be crushed and cated in Carlisle, from whence he emigra-

ster in 1832, when South Carolina at- Jurist. In his charge, he says :government; and as this course, on their relative to their duties and their rights as of the parties shot. The wounded man tion to the word, "dis for de milk, an treely canvassing the policy and measures political treachery, neither do we fear the press and factious and scurrilous abuse a constitutional government; it is a may now give to the present administra- in public trust, which is the bane of tree

the Democratic principles on our part, are in favor, for the present of eschewing undoubted as the right of breathing the tion and recrimination, and uniting upon Men may assume a standard of patriotism Newark, New Jersey, was arrested last air and walking on the earth. It is a two good and unconditional Union men and loyalty for themselves, but they can- Saturday charged with attempting, thro' without destroying constitutional liberty. votes, in every possible manner, strengthlience, this right should be guarded and an the arm of the general government in tion and laws of the United States define

Don't rotacted by the freemen of this country its efforts to conquer a speedy and honors the crime of treason; and by which evwith a zealous care unless they are prepar, able peace, and that whenever this shall ery man is to be tried. There is no pro-

of contractors, who make the persurrounding circumstances are such as to country it is proper and perhaps necessa-in the crime of forgery. Exile from home, ry that there should be a variety of sentidopted, and extraordinary responsibili- ment upon every subject of governmental them from criminal prosecution and pun-

crat David C. Dale, who has for months speech or of the press. Men at this time past been in the ranks of his country's of excitement should avoid personal crimdefenders, we recommend his name to ination and recrimination. the favorable consideration of the Union Pursuant to notice previously given, a Convention to be held at Ridgway on the and place, to represent us in our State subject, and rebuke those who are so igourselves to give him our undivided sup- right of the people, as to make such a pre-

Resolved, That Samuel Arnold, Henry Kern and Wm J. Hemphill be, and they are hereby constituted delegates to said Convention on the 5th inst., at Ridgway, and they are hereby instructed to use eva ery honorable exertion to secure the

Resolved, That we disapprove of the Daniel S. Dickinson of New York, and government, irrespective of party.

Resolved, That in the position we assume, we do not wish to be understood site effect, and they have loaded their gun said of him by one contemporary that his cal authorities publish urgent appeals to men, that we as a nation have been pre- as endorsing any of the peculiar theories so heavily that it will rather injure those agreeable manners often converted an encipated upon evil times, and in the lan- or tenets of the Republican party,—but who stand behind it. There is scarcely a cmy into a friend; and ty another, that forward immediately all dispensable vacthat we are with and for the government er is not prepared to sacrifice party organ in every effort it makes to utterly crush not, during the Mexican War, occupy pre- by his grace than to receive a tayor by out this outrageous rebellion, and that whenever this shall have been accomplish. York journals alluded to do now. A large countenance of honest people, and that ed, we will return to party fealty and

Resolved, That the President of its flag float in triumph over every inch of meeting be authorized to appoint a Coun-American soil, it will then be time ty Standing Committee, to consist of thirenough to enquire as to who and what teen members to be selected from the subject to a condign punishment for a Douglas wing of the Democratic party.

Resolved. That the proceedings of this meeting be published in both of our Daniel Weaster on the right of Free instances where conciliatory manners

On motion, Resolved, That this meeting now adjourn to meet at Clearfield on citizen, without respect to party, to give Wednesday evening of the coming court,

From the Lancaster Intelligencer. Freedom of Speech, &c.

stitution of the United States is regarded such discussion in its full and just extent. snappers of the Republican party, as well growing popular, render it necessary to rudeness, as the greatest of scoundrels den with coffee and fruits run the blockgovernment in the prosecution of the which are held secred even in monarchial cabin in the nation. It is not to be mobs. The Constitution provides as fol-

pecting an establishment of religion or prohibit-ing the free exercise thereof; OR ABRIDGan administration before he agrees to ING THE PREEDOM OF SPEECH, OR yield his adhesion to its policy of suppres- OF THE PRESS; or the right of the people sing a rebellion.

OF THE PRESS; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Gorrnment for a redress of grievances,- Coastituion of United States.

Judge A. G. Miller, of the United States District Court of Wisconsin, a pos-Grand Jury, clearly defined the law and country in regard to this subject. It may Resolved. That the course pursued by ago, and has for a long time sustained the the Susquehanna. A day or two after- and wider applications of the great docs says our forces are pushing forward tosuch men as Henry Clay and Daniel Web. reputation of a learned, able and honest wards tde pots were moved by Noah Sides trine and discipline of truth.

Resolved, That in view of these facts, wo to include their envy, hatred, malice and il-will toward others probably much more have been accomplished, the war should priety in this free North, where every man is loyal to the Government, and Resolved, That we can have no faith in where we hold no persons in bondage, of that all classes of men were glad to seek men of Boston, of heretofore unspotted

solutions of the New York Demo- depend upon the unity and vigor of the preservation of this glorious government, ple ruler the ration, free discussion is tional form of Government. Congress is Resolved, That having the most un- prohibited by the Constitution from bounded confidence in our follow Demo- passing any law abridging the freedom of

"That is the way," says the Cincinnati Enquirer, "an upright and intelligent Judge will talk to a Grand Jury on this sentment as was done in New York, which might do in Austria or France, but cannot be tolerated in a free government. We have no doubt the New York Grand Jury, which recently presented several New York Journals for aiding treason, were selected with special reference to this action, and that care was taken that they should all be of a political stripe, and, in addition, should be men of small calilican" in not publishing such speeches as bre, of violent prejudices and unscruputhose of Hon, Joseph Holt of Kentucky, lous character. The performance is of no in the conquest and the death of nations. Hon. Andrew Johnson of Tennessee, Hon importance save to show the commus of those who got it up, and now sustain or that it would lead to a sensation against in life, and that even when persons of the papers struck at; but they are likely ability sometimes fail. The famous Duke over 5,000 men are in the lospitals. now to find that it will have precisely the op-Republican paper in the land than did it was more pleasure to be denied a favor cine matter to Richmond. The soldiers cisely the same position that the New majority of the Republican leaders, including President Lincoln himself, were op- even at a time when he was politically posed to that war, and went farther against it than anybody has in the present Kingdom.

Speech in War Time.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Con- more important to maintain the right of derstands, cient and constitutional right of this peoright, a fireside privilege. It has ever of it, been enjoyed in every house, cottage and lic life as a duty; and it is the last duty which those whose representative I am shall find me to abandon. This high constitutional privilege I shall detend and exercise within this House, and in all pla-ces; IN TIME OF WAR, IN TIME OF PEACE, AND AT ALL TIMES. Living. I will assert it; dying, I will assert it; and, should I leave no other legacy to my children, by the blessing of God I will leave them the inheritance of free principles, and the example of a manly, independent, and constitutional defense of

Safe Barbor, Pa., last Friday :

ted to Wisconsin some thirty-five years some fish pots on one of the islands in finds in his growing experience, wider Knoxville Register from Lynchburg, 5.1. and a man named Neff and his three sons "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, On Friday afternoon the York men rethe support and becoming the ablest descripts of man, subject to responsibility for placing them, when they were attacked usual. fenders of his administration in its efforts its abuse. These principles are engrafted by Sides and the Neffs, with guns and ri-

A RELIGIOUS CONFERENCE OF ALL NArions .- The next Conference of Christians of all nations is to be held in Geneva this Wayne county (0.) Democrat, in speaking month. Most of the principal clergymen good men as any evidence of infidelity to of law, some men, under the disguise of from great Britain is very large.

worthy and patriotic than themselves .- P. Wilder, a mining engineer by trade, at sustained."

DON'T ALL SPEAK AT ONCE .- As the marriage ceremony was about to be performed man desired the parties wishing to be married to rise. A large number of ladies immediately rose, and in great again.

The Rival Powers.

. Good and evil have been struggling for the mestery of the world from the Creation to the present time. Scarcely had man departed from the hand of his Maker than the spirit of evil invaded his Eden, and drew down upon him his primeval curse. When the Luman race was first gathered into societies, corruption so spread a-mongt them that "it repented the Lord that he had made man on the earth :' and "the fountains of the great deep were broken up, and the windows of Heaven were opened," for the destruction, of an impious and wicked generation, We are living under a new covenant, and the judgements of God are not made so visible to our senses as they were in the first ages of the earth; but sin does not escape punishment, nor crime vetribution, even in this life. We can find in sacred and profane history an eternal warring of human passious, interest and capidity agns't the decrees of Providence, and a perpetual retribution in the sufferings of communities who have failed to discover, or refused to recognize, the true basis of socie-Spirit of Evil finds wershippers, as of old, and men sacrifice on the altars of many Molocks. The knee is bent to Mammon, to pride of place, and men reap the fruit of seed sown in corruption,

CIVILITY .- Civility is a fortune itself, for of Marlborough is a case in point. It was small pox is raging violently. most men.

The gracious manner of Charles James Fox preserved him from personal dislike, the most unpopular man in the whole

The history of every country is full of ed none at all. such examples of success obtained by civnishes, if we may recall the past, frequent sive and defensive with the Cherokees. have made the fortunes of physicians, law-

It may be well to calmly weigh, at this yers, divines, politicians, and, indeed, inpresent time, the following words of Dan- dividuals of all pursuits. In being intro- banks resolved to receive them in payiel Webster. They were uttered in de- duced to strangers his affability or the ment of indebtedness. fence of a great principle, within reasona-ble bounds, at all times, will be found to be session in behalf of or awakens uncon-that Capt. Coxettet, of the brig Jeff Davis.

"Important as I deem it to diseass, on is to a woman-it is a generous passport fully two weeks he was cruising for the all proper occasions, the policy of the to favor; a letter of recommendation writ- yacht Rebecca, Captain J. G. Bennett, jr. ures at present pursued, it is still ten in language that every stranger un-

The best of men have often injured themselves by irritability and consequent

touching fact.

other respects, the courteous one has ans think their batteries will effectually cannot countenance or support any man ancient document for the observance of merits of public men. It is a homebred twice the chance for fortune by means protect them against federal invasion. "LET US DIE FRIENDS."-One of the Genrgia regiment lay with a fearful shot wo'nd pledged to the Confederacy England) are the freedom of speech and drawn into controversy. It is as un. rgia regiment lay with a fearful shot wo'nd of the press—a right which, for the first doubted as the right of breathing the in his side, which tore out several of his time in sixty years, is now sought to be, air, and walking on the earth. Belonging ribs. The life blood of the poor fellow the 7th says that 3,500 Union troops occuwas fast oozing out, when one of our troops pied Paduac, Ky., on Friday, taking posdashed forward from out the malee and session of the telegraph office, marine fell dreadfully wounded close by his side, hospital and Branch Bank of Louisville, The Georgian recognised his uniform, al- the coin from which having been remove though he was fatally burt, and feebly cd before their arrival. The editor thinks

friends. Farewell." He spoke no more,

but his companion in disaster took the

TRUTH .- Truth is a subject which men their present possession. will not suffer to grow old. Each age has to fight with its own falsehoods: each made to place Capt Bragg in command of man with his love of saying to himself the threatened district of North Carolina. SHOOTING AFFAIR NEAR SAFE HARBOR, and those around him pleasant things and Passengers from Mannassas say that Pa.-The I aneaster Express has the fol- things serviceable for to-day, rather than the rebels kille 1300 federals, losing 20, in lowing account of a shooting affray rear things which are. Yet a child appreciates a sharp skirmish, on the 4th, taking posat once the divine necessity of truth : nev- session of an important hill near Arling-A thort time since several men from the er asks, "What harm is there in saying ton Heights. York county side of the river erected the thing there is not?" and an old man

> A Dutchman one morning went out to his milkman in the street, with a

"Do you wish both dishes filled?"

" No, " replie I Manheer, suiting the ac-Resolved, That the right of fully and part, was never considered evidence of free citizens; but no licentuousness of at last accounts was not expected to live, disorder for de vater, an me will mix em

> PREPARATION FOR MOR VIOLENCE.-The of the destruction of the Stark county (O.) Democrat by mob violence says: "Since the mob, we understand that the City Council of Canton have appropria-CITIZENS SENT TO FORT LAFAYETTE .- Ed. ted \$3,000 to Mr. McGregor for the loss

Panny Fern says that it is just as A Mississippi Regiment Revolts and right to be maintained in peace and war, as candidates to represent us in our State not be permitted to pronounce other men a son in Virginia, to sell to the Confed. sensible a move to undertake to get mar-It is a right which cannot be invaded Legislature, who will by their voices and traitors who do not, in their opinion, erate government a rifle battery invented ried without courting, as to attempt to Fanny is a woman of good sense, and as Baltimore American from a citizen of Leesfree spoken on paper as women generally burg, says that an entire Mississippi regiare with their tongues. Her opinion a ment stationed there revolted on Satura in a church in Troy recently, the clergy- bove, shows that she knows "what's day, broke their muskets to pieces, and

hog, to smoke a cigar, and to climb a gar- news is reliable.

The land of Promise-McClel-land, and a half years,

News from the South via. Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 8.—Richmond and Mezophis papers of the 5th, and Charleston and New Orleans of the 4th, and Nash-ville of the 6th inst., have been received

A panic produced by the capture of the Hatters forts continues to rage all along the Guif coast. The papers clamorously demand the strengthening of the sea-coast defenses of the Confederate government. Their terror is greatly increased by constant reports of further aggressive movements of the Union army. Large numbers of families are flying from Wilming ton, and all the women and children hav been removed from Newbern. A regiment of infantry and two batteries hurried to the defence of the latter point,

Evidently, from the tone of the Rich mond papers, the threatening of the Guit coast will produce a change of strategy on the part of the Confederate government. and that offensive steps are not likely to be taken by the army of the Potomac for

The lower House of the North Carolina Legislature refuses, by a large majority to pass an act reconvening the convention that passed the secession ordinance. The refusal produced a storm of denunciation by the ultra secession papers, which de clare that it will produce internecine arrife in the old North State.

Sickness still fearfully prevails in the rebel army in Virginia. At Lynchturg, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Leesburg from the Gulf States suffer greatly from he cold nights in Northern Virginia.

Appeals for contributions of warm cloth ng appear in all the leading papers. An official statement shows that only 19,160 volunteers enlisted for the war in Georgia. Out of 130 counties 27 fornishs

The Fort Smith Times of the 28th ult., The experience of every man tur- says Albert Pike negotiated a treaty offen-

> The New Orleans financiers show considerable unwillingness to receive Confods erate treasury notes at par. The Mobile

has arrived. He has been presented with To man civility is in fact what beauty a watch, etc. The coptain says that for

The Charleston Courier of the 5th says that the whole coast of St. Augustine is blockaded, and reports several vessels inible manuers. Of two women equal in all from the blockading fleet. The Floridia

The planters are unanimously resolved not to ship any Sea Island cotton either North or South, the cutire crop being

The Nashville Union and American of held out his hand. "We came into this the movement indicative of an attempt to battle" he said, "as enemies; let us die as invade Tennessee from that direction

The Charleston Mercury correspondent from Goldsboro', N. C., of the 5th, says all extended hand, and escaped to relate this, is quiet, but no sickness exists, no expectation of an attack, and no indications of movements to beat off the invaders from

RICHMOND. - Urgent requests have been

Louisville,-A special disputch to the

ward Washington, Hall's Hill, which was taken yesterday a very sharp fight, brings us three miles nearer Washington than heretofore, and our flags are now in full sight of the camp, court and capitol of the Lincoln government. The Richmond Dispatch learns than

General Lee was at Valley Mountain on the 27th ult., waiting for fair weather and good roads to commence operations. The Union troops are strongly posted at Stal-naker's, about twelve miles distant, bey tween there and Huttonville.

The city is full of contradictory and unreliable rumors, among which is one that a dispatch from Jeff. Davis to a friend was exhibited to Mr. Johnson, chairman of the Senate committee to visit the Federal and Confederate military authorities in Western Kentucky, saying that he (Davis) approved of the Confederate ec-cupation of Hickman and Columbus.

Returns Home.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10 .- A letter to the started home. This letter is from a res ponsible and reliable correspondent, who There are four things that look has furnished the American regularly with very awkward in a woman, to see her un- correct information from that vicinity, dertake to whistle, to throw stones at a and he adds to his letter a note that this

RETURNED HOME,-Mr. Stockton, late Why is a hungry boy looking at a pudding like a wild horse? Because he would be all the better if he had a bit in and son of Commodore Stockton, has returned home after an absence of two