The Clearfield Republican.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Wednesday Morning Aug. 28, 1861.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
C. R. EARLY, of Elk county.
R. J. NICKOLSON, of Jefferson co.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
J. D. THOMPSON, of Curwensville.
JAMES BLOOM, of Bloom Tp.

FOR SHERIFF,
EDWARD PERKS, of Morris tp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB KUNTZ, of Brady Tp.

FOR TREASURER,
JOSEPH SHAW, of Lawrence tp.

FOR AUDITOR,
CHAS. S. WORRELL, of Chest tp.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
ISRAEL TEST, of Clearfied bor.

FOR CORONOR,
J. W. POTTER, of Girard tp.

Wasting More "Powder."

"A sheet filled with the spirit of treason and secession."

"A secession sheet."

The "organ of secession and treason."

Such are a few of the lying epithets applied to the *Republican* by the *junta* that controls the *Journal*—and this, too, after having, away back in May last, solemnly declared to its readers that we were not worth the "powder" it cost to notice us.

We know that this newspaper war of words is as profitless as it is distasteful to our readers; but they must excuse us if we, like themselves, feel it a duty to defend ourselves when attacked, and to return the blow of him who would play the part of the assassin. We notice this sheet for no other purpose.

If these charges were true—if it was really a fact that the *Republican* is or ever had been an advocate of secession—if we favored that doctrine—if we sympathized with the secessionists—or if we had any desire to aid them in thought, word or deed—it would be a very easy matter for our enemies, villifiers and slanderers, to show the fact. But this they CANNOT do. Nor do they attempt it—for the very good reason that they KNOW that it is impossible to do so, and that all these charges are as false as sin; but if they can dupe the people so far as to make them believe they are true, the *naked assertion* of them will answer the purpose as well as the proof.

We have said something on the subject of our present deplorable condition every week for the last four months, and we appeal to our readers—Democrats and Republicans—to say whether or not we have uttered a single word, line or sentence in favor of secession—much less of disloyalty to the Government, the Union, or the Constitution; and we defy these base-hearted villifiers to put their fingers upon a single sentence ever uttered by either of the editors of the *Republican* that can possibly be construed into disloyalty. As we said on a former occasion, unless they do this, they must stand impaled before the community as the authors of the most deliberate and unmitigated falsehoods.

But perhaps these scribblers are so *sappy*-headed that they cannot discriminate between the *Government* and the *Administration*. If so, it is their fault—not ours. The people, however, know the distinction—and that is all we care about.

SHARP PRACTICE.—In last week't *Journal*, prefaced by some editorial remarks, we observe an article copied fron Forney's *Press*. A portion of it, as published in the *Journal*, reads thus:

"They labor to bring the country into discredit and to embarras the operations of the army, on the plea that the Democrats have no sympathy in that cause; when they know that *many* of the soldiers under our flag are Democratic citizens."

By reference to the *Press* of Aug. 17th from which the above extract purports to have been taken, we find the paragraph to be in the following words:

"When they know that *a large majority* of the soldiers under our flag is composed of Democratic citizens."

This effort of "Samivel" and his honorable, *conciencious* and *high-minded* ass't editor, to palm off upon his readers a *garbled extract from the opinions of a brother editor*, is certainly regarded by the profession as a base, dishonorable trick; but "Samuel" and his right and left-hand assistants have a motive for so doing. They, in common with a few more of the same kidney, a clique located in *our* village, have for some time used their utmost endeavors to create the impression, that to constitute a secessionist it was only necessary to be a Democrat; (their endeavors not being prompted however by patriotism or love of country, but by a selfish desire to obtain control of the county offices;) and therefore, if they informed the people through the columns of the *Journal*, that even Forney admitted that a "large majority" of the soldiers were Democrats, they could not so readily make political capital by striving to stir up civil strife in our midst; as their readers would then see that the Democratic party is now as 'it ever was, loyal to the Union and the Constitution; and that its gallant members are upon the battle-field to resist the efforts of Jeff. Davis and his secession crew in their attempt to divide the Union.

Samivel, when you and your *christian* friends again attempt to garble extracts from other papers, try and cover up your tracks a *leetle* better.

A new Chapter in American History.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, under date of 22d instant, informs us that the Administration has determined to suppress all "those "papers in the North which do not yield "a hearty support to the Government, "and to *all the measures of the Administration*, and which, by their sympathy with "the South, nourish at the North a feeling of hostility against the Government."

This is the announcement, word for word; and monstrous as it is—in view of what has already been done—we don't know that any body ought to be surprised at it. What other act would have a more certain tendency to arouse "at the North a hostile feeling against the Government" as thus administered? The Administration must know that nothing could be more injurious; and hence our doubts about the correctness of the report.

WONDERFUL AFFAIR.—The public were informed by the last *Journal*, that H. Bucher Swoope, Esq.—*Reverend* H. Bucher Swoope—H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., Attorney and Counseller at Law—H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., founder of the *Raftsman's Journal*—H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., formerly Chairman of the American State Central Committee—H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., &c! &c!! &c!!!—addressed a Harvest Home Celebration in Bradford week-before last, and that he then and there delivered a very *stirring* address—so *animated* that it actually *moved* our excellent friend, Major V. B. Holt, (whose *weight* is not a pound less than two hundred!) entirely off his seat as one of the Vice Presidents, besides setting in *motion* several of the audience. When will wonders cease?

But—joking aside—Major Holt informs us (and whose veracity is quite equal to that of H. Bucher Swoope, Esq.) that the understanding among the managers of this celebration was, that political distinctions and questions were to be *entirely ignored* for the purpose of guarding against the possibility of thereby disturbing the harmony of a social gathering of the farmers of that industrious neighborhood; and when Mr. Swoope closed his address, with his usual stereotyped spread-eagle peroration, Major Holt saw that it had given offence, and he "left his seat"—for the purpose of *preserving the peace*, and for which purpose his traducer, perhaps more than any other person, ought to be thankful.

Free Speech and Free Press.

Within the last two weeks some six or seven newspapers have been suppressed by order of the Administration, and about the same number by King Mob.—The New York *Journal of Commerce*—*Daily News*—*Day Book*—and *Freemans (!) Journal*, and the *Brooklyn Eagle*, after having been "presented" by the U. S. Grand Jury, have since been declared contraband, and the P. M. General has ordered the P. M. of New York not to permit them to go into the malls.

The *Christian Observer*, a New School Presbyterian paper in Philadelphia, was suppressed, and the office, &c., taken in charge by the U. S. Marshal.

The *Jeffersonian*, the Democratic organ at West Chester, after having been assaulted by a mob, was suppressed by the Marshal on Friday last.

This much under the *color* of law.

The *Standard* at Concord, N. H.; *Democrat*, Bangor, Me.; *Democrat*, Haverhill, Mass.; Easton *Sentinel*, Easton *Argus* and *Jeffersonian*, at West Chester, Pa., and the *Democrat*, Canton, Ohio, were each assailed by a mob and more or less injury done.

☞VALOR OF AGITATORS.—The Hon. J. Hickman has been the frequent subject of enconiums from Republican papers, for his alleged boldness and vigor. He has lately given full evidence of the latter trait, though as to the former, we cannot say so much. Directly after the battle at Bull Run, he is reported to have made a remarkable unexpected start from Washington for home and does not appear to have thought it safe to return yet. Hickman was one of the class who laughed the fears of disunion to scorn last fall and was very valiant in telling what he would do, if such an event occurred.

Can any of our friends point out a single instance where any of those who were loudest in contempt for the South, in the late political campaign, have given any evidence of their valor? Where is Chandler, the 'blood-letting' senator from Michigan? Where are Phillips, Garrison, Smith and Beecher, the pioneers of Abolitionism, who have 'prayed' for this very time and occasion? Where are Hale, Trumbull, Greely, Seward, Wilmot, Giddings, Wade and Chase, who gave the rebel Chieftains food with which to 'fire the Southern heart,' and told us in lengthy arguments, how much better off the North would be without the South? Where, oh, where are they? Even our own Campbell, who, in a fit of desperation, threatened to resign his seat in Congress and follow the fortunes of the flag. They are snugly fixed in their comfortable home parlors, or are *patriotically* serving their country, to the tune of large salaries, and plenty of pickings. Look wherever you may, you will find that the most ranting, furious participants in the anti-slavery crusade, who have done the most to bring our nation to its present peril, are the last to offer their personal services, while they are very earnest in urging their more conservative fellow citizens to march to the defence of the flag.—*Pottsville Standard.*

The Sway of the Mob.

Mob law, it would seem, is making rapid strides in the East. Below we give the account of two of these demonstrations, one in Massachusetts, and the other in Easton, Pa., as furnished by a correspondent of the New York *Express*. The materials in the office of the West Chester *Jeffersonian*—another Democratic paper—were also in a measure destroyed one night last week, by a band of cowardly miscreants, who chose the darkness of the night for this work.

MOB IN EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

[Correspondence of the New York Express.]

EASTON, PA. Aug. 20, 1861.—Our town was last evening, or rather night, the scene of a most disgraceful mob, originating in the differences between Col. Philip Johnson, M. C., and the ultra Republicans. The Democrats held a County Convention yesterday afternoon, at which Col. Johnson took occasion to defend his course in the late extra session of Congress, and to make some pointed remarks in reference to the administration. After the meeting was declared adjourned, the Rev. Mr. Mitchell, of Phillipsburgh, N. J. attempted to reply to Col. Johnson, but was prohibited. This naturally created excitement, and a sort of personal warfare was kept up among the crowd till evening, when a large number of men and boys resolved upon burning the Hon. M. C. in effigy. This prelude having been gone through with, they then repaired to his residence and demanded atonement for the sins of the afternoon.

The Col. having satisfied them of his patriotism, and the spirit of mobocracy being by this time rampant, the cry was for vengeance upon the Sentinel office, a democratic paper, and thence the crowd rushed, and breaking open the door and windows, they soon laid the establishment in ruins, or, as the phrase goes, "cleaned it out." The work of destruction being complete, on they marched for the Argus office—the property of Col. Hutter, ex-postmaster—which was soon broken into, and the glorious work of "convincing a man against his will" commenced—but it was finally voted to suspend operations here for twenty-four hours to give one, of more loyal stripe occupying the story above, a chance to move out—or for Col. Hutter to "reform." The next in order was ex-Senator Broadhead, when on rushed the mob, pell mell, to the residence of that gentleman—but he was not to be caught napping—and the rowdies found him, not only sitting under his own "vine and fig tree," but under the folds of the Stars Stripes, which gracefully floated from the window above him—thus litterally proclaiming "his house his castle," where "none should molest or make him afraid." A few words from the Hon. ex-Senator, and again the mass moved on to the residence of Colonel Hutter and demanded the Stars and Stripes.

The Colonel being absent, on his amiable and excellent wife devolved the duty, or necessity of "casting pearls before swine," and our beautiful and noble emblem was made to float upon the breeze polluted by the presence of a mob. The next on the programme was District Attorney Schuyler, and here again the flag was displayed and a few eloquent but sarcastic remarks were made by Mr. Schuyler. The order again was given, "On to Porter's." A halt was soon made in front of the residence of Hon. Judge Porter—one of the oldest and mozt exalted citizens of our commonwealth—and notwithstanding the fact that he was ill and confined to his room, a harrangue from him was nevertheless demanded. In obedience thereto, one of the accomplished daughters of the judge made her appearance at the window, and, in language most chaste and beautiful, assured the mob of the love and reference which the entire household bore for the Union and for its bright and glorious emblem, but wished them to understand that though the house should be rezeed about them, the sacred folds of that flag would not be unfurled by her or her family at the behest of a mob.

The firm and eloquent little speech was too much ever for the mob spirit—and quietly, and almost silently, the demonstration broke up—and the disturbers of the peace soon after repaired to their homes, to reflect upon, and I doubt not to regret, the work they had been engaged in.

THE MOB AT HAVERHILL, MASS.

We find in the Boston Traveller (republican) a letter detailing the proceedings of the mob at Haverhill, Mass., on Monday night. It appears that Mr. Kimball, the editor of the Essex County Democrat, published in that town, had rendered himself obnoxious by his alleged violent and indiscreet editorial comments on the war and against the republicans.—The writer, after stating that Mr. K. had been frequently of late threatened with violence, proceeds with his narrative:

For several days there had been intimation given of a "forward movement," of which the editor was fully aware, and last evening the streets were more than usually enlivened by the people gathered in quiet but interested groups at various points. Mr. Kimball was evidently aware that "something was brewing," and at about half past eight o'clock, passed from Merrimac street into Main street, accompanied by several of his friends, among whom were George Johnson, Esq., of Bradford, Dr. J. C. How, Mr. Damon, Mr. Bodfish and others, who took their carriages in Main street and drove rapidly to the residence of Mr. Kimball.

On entering the carriages the cry of fire was raised, and instantly from every point a crowd of people centered in the street, following in swift pursuit. On arriving at his residence the authorities ordered the mob to disperse, but they were not prepared to meet so formidable a force, and were therefore unable to control it. George Johnson, Esq., understood to be one of the supporters of the paper, and Dr. J. C. How, appeared, armed with revolvers; but they were summarily deprived of them, and Dr. How quite severely handled, so as to require assistance home, while Mr. Johnson made a safe retreat to his residence in Bradford.

Mr. Kimball was loudly called for, but not appearing, the crowd entered the house and seized him. He drew a revolver, which was the signal for presentation of a half a dozen by his captors, pointing to his person, which led to a quick surrender, and he was conducted down Main street in front of the Eagle House, and placed within a circle, when he was asked if he regretted what he had published, to which he made no reply.

He was then asked to lay off his clothes, when he made a request to see Mr. Brown of the Eagle House. Mr. Brown appeared, and in the interview assured the prisoner that he had reason to believe that he would be released by making due acknowledgement of his offense, and promising not to further outrage the sentiment of the community. This he declined to do, and being requested to remove his clothes he did so, placing them, with his watch, in charge of Mr. Brown.

After removing every article of clothes but his drawers, he was completely covered with a coat of tar and feathers, after which, being mounted on a rail, or pole, was conveyed to Merrimac street, in front of the office of the Democrat, and directly under the American flag.

He was required to cheer the flag which he did; after which the crowd moved in the direction of Bradford. On arriving at the bridge he was allowed to dismount and walk through it, when he again mounted the rail and was carried to the residence of George Johnson, Esq., who was called out, but the nature of the exercises there we were unable to learn.

Returning to town, a halt was made in front of the Eagle House, when the question was again submitted, if he regreted his conduct, to which he replied in the affirmative, when, by request, he knelt down, and raising his hand, repeated in substance the following confession and affirmation:—"I am sorry that I have published what I have, and I promise that I will never again write or publish articles against the North, and in favor of secession, so help me God." After this he was conducted to his home.

Thus ended one of the most unfortunate, much to be regretted and disgraceful scenes that this town has ever witnessed.

RESIGNATION OF REV. JNO. POISAL.—The Rev. John Poisal, formerly Presiding Elder of the Baltimore Conference, and latterly in charge of a congregation in the city of New York, has resigned his charge. In his letter of resignation he says:

In the bitter feeling of alienation and almost incurable hate now existing in the public mind, I have found it required far more courage to preach *peace* than *war*. And you will bear me witness that I have steadfastly adhered to my purpose, while almost every other pulpit in New York was fulminating the most terrible anathemas against the South.

Believing, as I do, that the condition of the world cannot be made better by converting the Christian pulpit into a political arena, I have never, in this city or elsewhere, introduced politics or war into the sacred desk. I acknowledge no allegiance to New England Puritanism, in church or state. But in maintaining my consistency and the rectitude of my principles, I have been assailed by an abolition press; the worse than midnight assassin, who had not the courage to meet me face to face, has clandestinely pursued me, and even the question of personal safety and that of the "parsonage and church," has been a subject of animadversions among pertisan and excited men.

Finding, therefore, that I can no longer be spiritually profitable to you, I have concluded to give place to any other pastor who, in your judgement, may be better adapted to the peculiarity of the times. No earthly motive could ever induce me to thrust myself upon an unwilling people. I shall gladly return to the conference of my home, and link my destiny with her fortunes, for weal or woe, in peace or war.

Second Annual Fair
OF THE
CLEARFIELD COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

To be held at the borough of Clearfield on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th days of October, A. D., 1861.

ELLIS IRWIN, President.
D. F. ETZWEILER, Secretary.
LEVI F. IRVIN, Cor. Secretary.
JAMES WRIGLEY, Treasurer.
JOHN F. WEAVER, Librarian.
Gen. A. M. HILLS, Marshal.
WM. TEN EYCK, Chief of Police.

Fees for Admission, Entry Fees, &c.

Single admission,	15 cts.
Children under 12 years,	10 "
Tickets for a single day,	25 "
Single ticket during Fair	50 "
Tickets for a family, to admit lady and gentleman and 3 children under 15 years,	$1 00
For trotting premiums, each horse,	2 00
For pleasure,	50

CLASS No. 1—*Sweepstakes, open to all competitors.*

Best Bull, $10 00 | 2d Best Bull, $5 00

All breeds come together in this class, and compete with each other. To be judged by their good points, symmetry of frame, ability to fatten, and the stock they will produce.

CLASS No. 2.—*Grade Cattle.*

Best Cow, $10 00 | 2d Best cow, $ 500
Best Heiffer, 5 00 | Best Calf under 8 months old, 3 00
2d Best calf under 8 months old, *Dadd's Cattle Doctor.*

CLASS No. 3.—*Oxen.*

Best Yoke of Oxen, $10 00
2d Best " *Dadd's Cattle Doctor*, and 3 00

CLASS No. 4.

Best fat Bullock, Cow or Heiffer over 2 years old, $5 00
2d best do do *Dadd's Cattle Doctor*, & 1 00

CLASS No. 5.—*Thorough bred Horses—open to all.*

Best Stallion, $15 00 | Best Mare & Colt 10 00
2d best do 5 00 | 2d best do 5 00

The premiums in this class are intended only for horses whose pedigrees render them worthy. The society wishes to encourage the raising of high-blooded horses.

CLASS No. 6.—*Riding, Carriage, Draft and Farm Horses.*

Best Saddle-Horse, $5 00
Best matched carriage horses, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best single family horse, in harness, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 2 00
Best Span of Draft horses or mares, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Span of Farm horses, or mares, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Gelding, or Mare, for work, over 4 years old, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Colt under 2 years old, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
The horse that moves the heaviest load on a Stone Boat, without a whip, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 4 00

CLASS No. 7.—*Trotting Horses—open to all.*

Best time 3 in 5, trotting in single harness, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 30 00

[No premium will be paid unless Five entries are made.] Each horse to trot against time.

CLASS No. 8.—*Horses owned in County. Citizens' Purse. Best 2 in 3, on time.*

Best trotting horse, or mare, under saddle, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best trotting horse, or mare, in single harness, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best trotting pair of horses, or mares, in harness, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best pacing horse, or mare, do do
Best walking horse, or mare, do do

CLASS No. 9.—*Sheep and Wool.*

Best Buck, any breed, *Allen's Farm Book*, & $2 00
Best Ewe, any breed, do do do 2 00
Best 3 Sheep fattened for mutton, 2 00
Best 2 Lambs, 2 00
Best Fleece of wool, 1 00
Best Specimen of wool, Diploma.

CLASS No. 10.—*Swine, open to all.*

Best Boar, any breed, *Young Farmer's Manuel*, and $2 00
Best Breeding sow, any breed, *Farmer and Gardener*, and 2 00
Best Hog, *Farmer and Gardener*, and 2 00
Best Pig under 6 months old, 1 00

CLASS No. 11.—*Poultry.*

Best Coop Spring Chickens, not less than 6, 1 00
Heaviest Turkey, 1 00
Best display of Chickens, 1 00

CLASS No. 12.—*Plowing.*

Owner of team and plow who plows green sward the best, *Young Farmers' Manuel*, and 3 00
Owner of team and plow who plows stubble the best, *Allen's Farm Book*, and 3 00

CLASS No. 13.—*Plows, Rollers and Drills, Harrows and Cultivators.*

Best plow for stubble or sward, 2 00
Best sub-soil plow, *Barry's Fruit Garden*, & 1 00
Best Side-Hill plow, 1 00
Best Cultivator, 1 00
Best Clod-Crusher and Roller combined, 1 00
Best Grain Drill, *Allen's Farm Book*, & 1 00
Best Horse Rake, $1 00 | Best Reaper and Mower, 3 00
Best Corn Sheller, 1 00 | Best Corn planter 1 00
Best Threshing machine, 3 00 | Best Fanning Mill 2 00
Best Hay-Pitching Machine, 1 00
Best Ox Yoke and Bows, 1 00
Best Stalk or Straw Cutter, 2 00
Best Horse Power for General Purposes, 2 00
Best Original Invention of Agricultural Implement, 5 00

All articles enumerated in this class not made in the county, but produced upon exhibition, if worthy of it, will be awarded a Diploma.

CLASS No. 14.—*Miscellaneous Farming Implements.*

Best Bee Hive, $1 00 | Best Stump Puller 3 00
Best Potato Digger 50 | Best Grain Cradle, 1 00
Best 6 Hand-rakes 1 00
Best lot of Gardening tools, 1 00
Best set Farming utensils, owned by Farmer 3 00

CLASS No. 15.—*Wheat, Barley, Corn, &c.*

Best Acre of winter wheat, *Farm. & Gard.* & $3 00
Best Acre of Spring wheat, *American Agriculturist* 1 *year* and 3 00
Best Field of wheat, 4 to 10 acres, *American Agriculturist* 1 *year*, and 3 00
Best Acre of Corn, *Am'n Ag.* 1 *year*, and 2 00
Best Field of Barley, not less than 3 acres, *American Agriculturist* 1 *year*, and 2 00
Best Acre of Oats, *Am'n Ag.* 1 *year*, and 2 00
Best Acre of Rye, *Am'n Ag.* 1 *year*, and 2 00
Best bushel of Corn ears, " " "
Best 3 acres of Buckwheat, " " " and 1 00
Best bushel winter wheat, " " " " 1 00
Best bushel Spring do " "
Best ½ acre of Potatoes, " " " " 1 00
Best ½ acre of Beans, " " " " 1 00
Best acre of Clover seed, " " " " 2 00
Best ½ acre of Broom Corn, 2 00
Best ½ acre of Sorghum, 2 00
Best ½ acre of Peas, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Rutabagas, 1 00
Best ½ bushel of Timothy seed, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Carrots, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Turnips, 1 00

Crops being equal, preference will be given to those that yield the largest net profit. Statements to be furnished by the exhibitor. They must be measured, or weighed, and a sample furnished at the Fair.

Applicants for premiums must furnish the committee with a statement signed by themselves under a bledge of veracity, of the quality of grain raised on the ground entered for a premium, and must state, as correctly as they can, the kind and condition of the previous crops; the kind and quantity of seed used, and the time and mode of putting it in the ground.

Persons entering Field Crops for exhibition, or intending to do so, may give notice to the Executive Committee at any time, and have the field measured and examined by a committee, while growing.

CLASS No. 16.—*Bread and Cereal Food.*

Best 3 Loaves of wheat Bread, Diploma.
Best Loaf of Corn Bread, do
Best Loaf of Rye Bread, do
Best Pound, Sponge, Fruit, Jelly, Coffee, Lady and Plain Cake, each a do
Best Pie, any kind, Dip. | Best Preserves, Dip.
Best Jelly, Dip. | Best display of Preserves & Jelly Dip.
Best Ice Cream, Dip.

CLASS No. 17.—*Butter and Cheese.*

Best 10 pounds of Butter, 1 00
Best Firken of 25 lbs., or more, of Butter made in May or June, 1 00
Best Cheese, 1 00

CLASS No. 18.—*Flour.*

Best Barrel of Flour, 2 00
Best 100 lbs. of Flour, Spring wheat, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. of Rye Flour, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. Buckwheat Flour, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. Corn Meal, 1 00

CLASS No. 19.—*Domestic Articles.*

Best Box, or Jar, of Honey, 1 00
Best 10 pounds of Maple Sugar, 50
Best Peaches, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Tomatoes, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Blackberries, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Currants, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Fancy Jar of Pickles, 50
Best Gallon Syrup, Maple or Sorghum, each, 50
Best Cured Ham, cooked, 1 00
Best Dried Beef, with mode of curing, 1 00

CLASS No. 20.—*Domestic Manufactures.*

Best 10 yards of Flannel, 1 00
Best 10 yards of Sattinet, 1 00
Best 10 yards of Cloth, 1 00
Best pair of woolen Blankets, 1 00
Best 15 yards of woolen Carpet, 1 00
Best 15 yards of Rag Carpet, wool chain, 1 00
Best 15 yards of Rag Carpet, cotton chain, 1 00
Best Woolen Coverlet, 1 00
Best Woolen fringed Mitts, 50
Best Hearth Rug, 50
Best pair of woolen knit Stockings, 50
Best pound of linen Sewing Thread, 50
Best specimen of Knotting, Knitting or Needle work, by Misses under 12 yrs. of age 50
Best pair of cotton knit Stockings, 50
Best pound of Stocking Yarn, 50
Best Foot Mat, 50 | Best Tidy, 50
Best Straw Bonnet, 50 | Best Straw Hat, 50

CLASS No. 21.—*Needle, Shell, Wax work, &c.*

Best specimen of Needle work, 50
Best specimen of Needle work, on Machine, 50
Best group of Flowers in worsted, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in worsted, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in Lace, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in Muslin, 50
Best Shirt made by Miss under 12 yrs. of age, 50
Best Patching and Mending, 50
Best specimen of Leather work, 50
Best specimen of Wax Flowers, 50
Best specimen of Feather work, 50
Best specimen of Ornamental work, 50

CLASS No. 22.—*Dress Making and Millinery.*

Best Dress making, $1 00 | Best Millinery, 1 00

CLASS No 23.—*Artistic work.*

Best Painting in oil, Diploma.
Best Painting in water colors, do
Best Portrait Painting, do
Best Landscape Painting, do
Best Cattle Painting, do
Best Ornamental Painting of any kind, do
Best Daguerreotype taken on the ground, do
Best Ambrotype taken on the ground, do
Best Photograph taken on the ground, do
Best Writing, do
Best Ornamental Penmanship, do
Best Architectural Drawing, do

CLASS No. 24.—*Designs.*

Best design for Farm House, Barn, Carriage-House and Stable,
Best Design for Dairy House,
Best Design for Dry House,
Best Design for Bridge, with plain—span not less than 250 feet,

CLASS No. 25.—*Metallic Fabrics and Machinery.*

Best Cooking-Stove, wood or coal,
2d best Cooking-Stove, wood or coal,
3d best Cooking-Stove, wood or coal,
Best Parlor Stove,
2d best Parlor Stove,
Best Cast Iron Fence,
2d best Cast Iron Fence,
Best specimen lot of Tinware,
2d best do do do $1 00 & Dip.
Best specimen of Blacksmithing,
Best specimen of Gunsmithing,
Best specimen of Iron Turning,
Best Shower Bath,
Best Plate castings,
Best Original Invention in the county,

The above premiums are offered for articles manufactured in the county. A Diploma may be awarded for any of the above articles on exhibition, without regard to where it was manufactured.

Best display of Table and Pocket Cutlery, of American Manufacture, Dip.
Best display of Edged Tools, do
Best display of Farming and Field tools, do

CLASS No. 26.—*Vehicles of all kind.*

Best Family carriage $5 | Best Buggy,
Best farm wagon 4 | Best Sleigh,
Best Lumber Sled 2 | Best Horse Cart,
Best Wheelbarrow, 1

A Diploma may be awarded for articles in this class not manufactured in the county.

CLASS No. 27.—*Cabinetware in county.*

Best Dressing Bureau $3 | Best Sofa,
Best Lounge, 1 | Best Exten. table
Best set of Chairs, 2 | Best Wash stand
Best variety of Chairs, 2 | Best Centre table
Best set Parlor Furn'e, 5 | Best Bedstead,
Best Looking-glass fm'e 1 | Best Office Chair
Best display of Cabinet-ware, Dip. and

CLASS No. 28.—*Coopering, Carpentering, &c.*

Best specimen of Pine ware,
Best window sash, 1 | Best Lot of Buckets,
Best window-blind, 1 | Best Lot of Buckets,
Best set grain measures, 1 | Best Panel Door,

CLASS No. 29.—*Roots and Garden Vegetables.*

Best 4 stalks celery, Dip. | Best ½ bu. carrots,
Best 6 heads cabbage 50c | Best ½ bu. rutabagas
Best 2 do cauliflow'r, 50c | Best ½ bu. ta. beets
Best half bushel table potatoes,
Best quart of windsor beans,
Best variety of Squash,
Best variety of melons,
Best Sweet Potatos,
Best half bushel of Tomatos,

All vegetables must have been raised by exhibitor.

CLASS No. 30.—*Carriers, Saddlers and Shoemakers.*

Best Gentlemens' Boots and Shoes,
Best Ladys' Boots and Shoes,
Best display of Boots and Shoes,
Best Travelling Trunk,
Best Tug Harness,
Best Carriage Harness,
Best Single Harness,
Best Riding Bridle and Martingale,
Best Gentlemans' Riding Saddle,
Best Ladys' Riding Saddle,
Best display of Saddlery,
Best Sole Leather,
Best Finished Harness,
Best display of any kind of Leather,
Best Robe made by exhibiter,

CLASS No. 31.—*Tailors' and Upholsterers work.*

Best Suit of Clothes made by hand,
Best Coat made by a Lady,
Best Husk Matrass,
Best Hair Matrass,
Best Straw Matrass,

CLASS No. 32.—*Printing in county.*

Best Handbill, Dip | Best Blank,
Best Card, Dip. | Best Newspaper,
Best Ornamental Printing,

CLASS No. 33.—*Stone-ware.*

Best Drain Tile, $1 | Best Fire Brick,
Best Brackets, 1 | Best Brick,
Best Pottery, 1

CLASS No. 34.—*Chemicals and Chemical Action in the county.*

Best available Manure at moderate cost,
Best available Manure for Farm Products,
Best available material for Glue,
Best Linseed Oil,
Best Tallow Candles,
Best Specimen of Soap,
Best Vinegar,
Best Writing Ink,

CLASS No. 35.—*Wood and Stone.*

Best Dressed Stone, $1 | Best Mill Stone,
Best Grind-Stone, 1 | Best Floor boards, worked,
Best Butter Ladle, 50c
Best Butter bowl, 50c | Best weatherboards,
Best Split or Shaved Hoops, 50c | Best washing machine
Best Churn,
Best Shingles, $1 | Best Turned Article

Discretionary premiums will be recommended for all articles of merit exhibited by mechanics in all the various branches, and it is hoped a general exhibition will be made.

For all improvements useful to the Farmer, and having valuable properties, discretionary premiums may be recommended by the Committee and awarded by the Board.

CLASS No. 36.—*Natural Minerals.*

The best suit of useful Minerals of Clearfield county, including coal,
The best Cabinet of Minerals of Clearfield and adjoining counties, to be the property of the Society,
The best Limestone,
The best Fire Clay,
The best Potter's Clay,
The best Collection of Fossils,
The best suit of Crystalized Minerals,

CLASS No. 37.—*Fruit.*

The best display and greatest variety of Grafted Apples, summer and winter Fruit, named and arranged,
The best display and greatest variety of Pears, named and arranged,
The best display and greatest variety of Peaches, named and arranged, *Barry's Fruit Garden*
The best specimen of Apples, 1 peck, do do
The best collection of Plums, do do
The best collection of Cherries, do do
The best collection of Quinces, do do
Best specimen of Foreign Grapes, do do
Best specimen of American Grapes, do do
Best specimen of Currants,
Best specimen of Gooseberries,
Best specimen of Blackberries,
Best specimen of Seedling Grapes raised in county, and worthy of culture,
Best specimen of Domestic Wine,

CLASS No. 38.—*Horsemanship, &c.*

To the Lady that manages her horse best, and sets most gracefully,
To the Gentleman who manages his horse best, and sets most gracefully,
The best display of horsemanship, not less than five couple,
The best driving on the Course, by a Lady,
The best Company of Cavalry,
The best Company of Infantry,
The best Band, with Brass instruments,
The best Martial Band,
The best 10 Singers,

CLASS No. 39.—*Nurseries.*

The best Nursery, containing the greatest variety of Fruits and Shrubs, cultivated in the most approved manner, (the exhibitor to furnish written description, stating variety and mode of culture,
The Second best do *Barry's Fruit Garden*

CLASS No. 40.—*General List.*

The best display & greatest variety Flowers,
The best display & greatest variety Plants,
The best display of Floral Ornaments,
The best boquet, with handle,
The best hand boquet,