The Clearfield Republican.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Wednesday Morning Aug. 7, 1861.

The Journal's Veracity again at Fault.

Our neighbor is becoming shamelessly unscrupulous of late; and falsehood—palpable, unqualified, and bare-naked—appears to answer its purpose as well as the truth.

In its last issue, in speaking of party organizations, it says, "in some places party lines have been disregarded."

When, where, and by whom? or where has a proposition to that effect even been offered by the Republican party, except in districts where that party is hopelessly in the minority? How was it in the second Congressional district in Philadelphia?—Did the Republicans there offer to "disregard party lines?" On the contrary, they indignantly spurned all offers to do so—nominated one of their most violent partizan leaders on a *strict party platform*, and had him handsomely beaten by a sound national Democrat, and a member of the odious "Breckenridge wing" of his party; and in a district, too, which gave some two thousand majority against the Democrats last fall. And how is it now in the strong Rebublican counties, such as Chester, Dauphin, Lancaster, Lebanon, &c? Is there any disposition shown in any of these to "disregard party lines?"

Our neighbor need not point us to the Luzerne district. When the Democrats succeeded in nominating Col. Wright the Republicans knew that the game was up with them, and that it would be perfectly useless to try to defeat him.

It is true, that in Butler county, a fusion nomination was made. But with what result? Why, the Republicans thus nominated, have declined; and the party is now making arrangements to nominate a straight-out Republican ticket.

But our neighbor goes on and says:—"the *Clearfield Republican*, the organ of the Breckenridge wing of the party, gives notice that now is the time for party organization, and exhorts its followers with great earnestness to organize their forces. *There is, therefore, nothing left but for those of different sentiments to do likewise.*"

Let us now see how this bold assertion tallies with the facts:

On the *8th of May* last, the *Journal* announced the Republican County Committee, with A. C. Finney, Esq.—who, as "wings" seem to be of some importance to our neighbor, we will designate as belonging to the Greely wing of the Republican party—as its chairman.

On the *22d of May*—two weeks later—L. J. Crans, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, called *the first* meeting of said Committee for the *10th of June*. The meeting took place on the day appointed. *Not a word was heard from the Republicans on the subject of "disregarding party lines."* The Committee adjourned to meet again on the 4th of July. They did so meet, and proceeded to make the usual arrangements for organizing the party—and the Chairman now informs us that, up to this time, he has not heard the first word from the Republican Committee on the subject.

Such are the facts, and we leave the public to fix their own estimation upon the veracity of an editor, who, with such cool deliberation, attempts to misrepresent facts so notorious, and thereby deceive and mislead his friends.

The charge that the *Republican* is the "organ of the Breckenridge," or any other "wing" of the Democratic party, is equally false; and it may be some comfort to the *legal* branch of the editorial department of the *Journal* to know, that among the most zealous supporters of our paper, and the warmest endorsers of its present course, are the leading supporters of the late Senator Douglas.

We agree with the *Journal* that "there can be but two parties on the great question of the day." And this has been the case for many days, and for many years. The Democratic party are now and ever have been for the Union, *as our fathers formed it*; and that party whose motto was, and is now, "*no Union with Slaveholders*," is responsible for our present troubles, and the threatened destruction of that Union which every Democrat will support and defend as the last hope of religious and political liberty on earth.

The Erie Conference.—The Erie Conference which held its Session at Warren, Pa., adjourned on the 24th ult. We publish a list of the appointments for Clarion District, taken from the Warren Daily Mail, published during Conference. It is a very neat little daily, and was furnished by the Rev. D. S. Steadman, who we are glad to learn his returned to Brookville.

Clarion District—R. A. Carothers, P. E.
Clarion—J. J. Bentley.
Brookville—D. S. Steadman, D. Eason.
Curllsville—A. D. Davis.
Reimersburg—T. Graham.
West Freedom—S. S. Burton.
Shippensville—S. Comb, J. F. Perry.
Washington—J. Shields, B. Marsteller.
Tionesta—N. W. Jones.
Troy and Corsica—Geo. Moore.
Punxsutawney—G. W. Heard.
Warsaw—S. Coon.
Luthersburg—J. W. Weldin.
Brockwayville—O. J. McIntire.
Ridgway—J. H. Sterret.
New Bethlehem—N. G. Luke.
President—J. Howe. *Jeffersonian.*

The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* of the 30th ult., takes us severely to task for certain articles that appeared in our paper of the 24th, and characterizes these articles as the "rankest secession ribaldry."

To please the *Dispatch* is the farthest from our thoughts. We would as soon undertake to conciliate the great high priest of Abolitionism, Lloyd Garrison himself; for, if there is a paper in the State entitled to the distinction of a John Brown organ, it is the aforesaid *Dispatch*; and its hostility to the institution of slavery is such that we very much doubt whether it would favor the present war if it did not thereby hope to exterminate that institution.

But why does not the *Dispatch* turn the thunders of its indignation upon its near neighbor, the Greensburg *Democrat*, in which paper the identical articles complained of, also appeared? If such things are "rank secession" in Clearfield, why are they not the same in Westmoreland? Will the *Dispatch* explain the difference? and at the same time inform us why we have not the same right to "examine" the official acts of public servants now that we would have if there was no war?

But to show our readers that we do not misrepresent the *Dispatch* in styling it a *John Brown organ*, and to enable our readers to judge which is the worse treason, the articles we published, or those given to the world by the *Dispatch*, we give the following extract from a letter published in the adjoining column of the same number that contains the attack upon us, written by Rev. A. M. Stewart, Chaplain of the 13th regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and dated at "Charlestown, Va., July 17, 1861." After a lengthy introductory, in which he introduces the reader to Charlestown, the place where John Brown was tried and executed, he gives vent to the following strains:

"In the beautiful undulating fields and woodlands around the spot where John Brown and his confederates were hung, is now encamping a Northern army of thirty thousand strong. Regiments from Wisconsin and Maine, Indiana and New Hampshire, Ohio and Massachusetts Pennsylvania and New York, are now quietly pitching their tents around this poor, guilty secession town, and not a dog dare to wag his tongue. And for what has this Northern army of battle come? *Beyond peradventure, in order substantially to carry out the great design of John Brown's insignificant raid.* True it may be *that multitudes of soldiers in this Northern army may now little understand or even believe this.* But when the true history of the *present great revolution* shall be correctly written, some future Macauley will chronicle *that old John Brown threw the first bomb, discharged the first cannon, and thrust the first bayonet.* Till then rest in peace, brave spirit, and trust to posterity for a vindication of your deeds."

We now ask, what kind of loyalty is this? How does this compare with the professed objects of the war, as expressed by the President and by Congress? And how contemptuously insulting to at least four-fifths of that "army thirty thousand strong," who, according to this traitor Chaplain, "little understand" that the real object of the war in which they have taken up arms is "to carry out the great design" of the thief and murderer John Brown. Can words be more directly hostile and traitorous to the Constitution and Government of the United States? Is it any wonder that sound democratic doctrine should smell like treason in the nostrils of an editor giving them publicity? Remember, this is not the impulsive language of an editor, nor of a politician, nor yet even of a political meeting—but the cool, deliberate language of a minister of the Gospel, acting under a commission from the present administration.

And this letter is given by the *Dispatch* with its evident endorsement; for, in apologising for not giving it sooner, the editor significantly says; "but as it treats of a subject—old John Brown—which will last through all time, we give it now."

The Objects of the War.

The following petition to Congress from the New York Republican Central Club, says the New York *Tribune* of the 2nd instant, was adopted at the last meeting:

Whereas, Ever since the establishment of our Government, Slavery has been a constant source of disturbance and crime; and whereas we believe that the present conflict will prove to be irrepressible so long as Slavery exists, inasmuch as it is the sole cause of the present war and consequently will generate future war; and whereas we believe it is the duty of Congress to resort to every Constitutional method of saving the nation and future generations from the enormous debt and loss of life with which we are now threatened; therefore be it

Resolved, That we believe that a large majority of the people of the North will faithfully sustain those members of Congress who vote for improving the present constitutional opportunity of delivering the nation from the great curse of Slavery. And in view of the formidable opposition and awful loss of life at Manassas Junction, we hereby petition Congress not to leave Washington until they shall have either passed in substance the proposed law of the Hon. Seth C. Pomeroy, for the suppression of the slaveholders' rebellion by abolishing Slavery in the seceded States amended, if thought best, by compensating the Union slaveholders out of the confiscated property of the rebels, or abolish the Fugitive Slave Law as pertains to said seceded States.

Resolved, That copies of the foregoing be transmitted by our Secretary to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, with the request that they be read in both Houses of Congress.

This is high authority. The Central Republican Club of the great city of New York, is something more than the empty mutterings of a bar-room politician, a country editor, or even a member of Congress. Will the loyal, national men, who endorsed the Chicago platform by voting for Mr. Lincoln (and there are many such) quietly permit such a perversion of their intentions? Will they take the proper steps to show that such is not the purpose of the Republican party, and that this Central Club of New York speaks without authority? Time will tell.

Peace.—In some remarks illustrative of the motives and purposes entertained by the New York Journal of Commerce, in urging a peace policy upon public consideration, that paper has the following:

"We prefer not to be misunderstood respecting our wish for peace. We desire peace only upon terms of justice and honor to both parties. While we would not submit to dishonorable propositions from the Confederate States, we would require of them no humiliating terms. The greatest good of the people of the whole country is what should be sought—what must be the motive of honorable men, if the war is ever to cease. It must one day cease, for it is not in the power of human endurance to bear its evils through all time. To us it seems scarcely worth while to prolong the war for the purpose of proving which side can stand the greatest infliction of human torture and pecuniary suffering. We are, however, perfectly aware that upon any plans which might be submitted for the restoration of peace, there will be different opinions and conflicting views. Of this we do not complain. It is against the action and policy of those who oppose peace on any terms, and whose efforts are directed to stirring up the angry passions of the people to a war of vengeance and annihilation, that we protest, and shall continue to protest, with great respect for the opinions of others, but yet with all the ability which a conviction of right may inspire us. While the war continues, let the government be sustained in all its constitutional and lawful efforts, and above all, let the proper authorities be suffered to discharge their duties without officious interference from any quarter."

Penn's Reserve is the title of a paper published by the typos of the 5th Regiment Penn'a R. Corps, whilst quartered at Piedmont, Va. From various embellishments, local items, &c., in its columns, we think we recognize the finger marks of some of the "boys from this place.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—ALL persons are hereby cautioned against harboring, hiring or trusting my son JOHN, on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

SOLOMON HAMMERSLAUGH.
Decatur township, July 29, 1861.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership lately existing between Summerfield Flegal and Edward Flegal, of Pennville, in the Blacksmithing business, was dissolved on the 31st day of July last, by mutual consent. All debts owing to said partnership are to be received by said Summerfield Flegal, and all demands against the said firm are to be presented to him for payment. The business will be continued by Summerfield Flegal, at the old stand.

SUMMERFIELD FLEGAL.
EDWARD FLEGAL.
Penn township, Aug. 1, 1861.—4t.

STATEMENT of the CLEARFIELD COUNTY BANK, for the month ending July 31, 1861:

ASSETS.	
Bills discounted	$22,536 51
Pennsylvania State Stock	24,308 68
Specie	4,582 59
Due from other Banks	5,922 27
Bank Notes of other Banks	767 00
Checks, Drafts, &c.	610 00
Furniture	283 46
Expense of Plate engraving, &c	764 7[illegible]
Loss and Expense	747 4[illegible]
	$61,619 20

LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$28,955 00
Notes in circulation	21,576 00
Due Depositors	9,311 84
Interest and Exchange	1,757 36
	$61,619 20

JAS. B. GRAHAM, Cashier.
Clearfield, Pa., July 31, 1861.

Second Annual Fair OF THE CLEARFIELD COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

To be held at the borough of Clearfield on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th days of October, A. D., 1861.

ELLIS IRWIN, President.
D. F. ETZWEILER, Secretary.
LEVI F. IRVIN, Cor. Secretary.
JAMES WRIGLEY, Treasurer.
JOHN F. WEAVER, Librarian.
GEO. A. M. HILLS, Marshal.
WM. TEN EYCK, Chief of Police.

Fees for Admission, Entry Fees, &c.

Single admission,	15 cts.
Children under 12 years,	10 "
Tickets for a single day,	25 "
Single ticket during Fair	50 "
Tickets for a family, to admit lady and gentleman and 3 children under 15 years,	$1 00
For trotting premiums, each horse,	2 00
For pleasure,	50

CLASS No. 1.—*Sweepstakes, open to all competitors.*

Best Bull, $10 00 | 2d Best Bull, $5 00

All breeds come together in this class, and compete with each other. To be judged by their good points, symmetry of frame, ability to fatten, and the stock they will produce.

CLASS No. 2.—*Grade Cattle.*

Best Cow, $10 00 | 2d Best cow, $5 00
Best Heifer, 5 00 | Best Calf under 8 months old, 3 00
2d Best calf under 8 months old, *Dadd's Cattle Doctor.*

CLASS No. 3.—*Oxen.*

Best Yoke of Oxen, $10 00
2d Best " *Dadd's Cattle Doctor*, and 3 00

CLASS No. 4.

Best fat Bullock, Cow or Heifer over 2 years old, $5 00
2d best do do *Dadd's Cattle Doctor*, & 1 00

CLASS No. 5.—*Thorough bred Horses—open to all.*

Best Stallion, $15 00 | Best Mare & Colt 10 00
2d best do 5 00 | 2d best do 5 00

The premiums in this class are intended only for horses whose pedigrees render them worthy. The society wishes to encourage the raising of high-blooded horses.

CLASS No. 6.—*Riding, Carriage, Draft and Farm Horses,*

Best Saddle-Horse, $5 00
Best matched carriage horses, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best single family horse, in harness, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 2 00
Best Span of Draft horses or mares, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Span of Farm horses, or mares, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Gelding, or Mare, for work, over 4 years old, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
Best Colt under 2 years old, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 3 00
The horse that moves the heaviest load on a Stone Boat, without a whip, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 4 00

CLASS No. 7.—*Trotting Horses—open to all.*

Best time 3 in 5, trotting in single harness, *Youatt on the Horse*, and 20 00
[No premium will be paid unless Five entries are made.] Each horse to trot against time.

CLASS No. 8.—*Horses owned in County. Citizens' Purse. Best 2 in 3, on time.*

Best trotting horse, or mare, under saddle, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best trotting horse, or mare, in single harness, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best trotting pair of horses, or mares, in harness, *Youatt on the Horse.*
Best pacing horse, or mare, do do
Best walking horse, or mare, do do

CLASS No. 9.—*Sheep and Wool.*

Best Buck, any breed, *Allen's Farm Book*, & $2 00
Best Ewe, any breed, do do do 2 00
Best 3 Sheep fattened for mutton, 2 00
Best 2 Lambs, 2 00
Best Fleece of wool, 1 00
Best Specimen of wool, Diploma.

CLASS No. 10.—*Swine, open to all.*

Best Boar, any breed, *Young Farmer's Manual*, and $2 00
Best Breeding sow, any breed, *Farmer and Gardener*, and 2 00
Best Hog, *Farmer and Gardener*, and 2 00
Best Pig under 6 months old, 1 00

CLASS No. 11.—*Poultry.*

Best Coop Spring Chickens, not less than 6, 1 00
Heaviest Turkey, 1 00
Best display of Chickens, 1 00

CLASS No. 12.—*Plowing.*

Owner of team and plow who plows green sward the best, *Young Farmers' Manual*, and 3 00
Owner of team and plow who plows stubble the best, *Allen's Farm Book*, and 3 00

CLASS No. 13.—*Plows, Rollers and Drills, Harrows and Cultivators.*

Best plow for stubble or sward, 2 00
Best sub-soil plow, *Barry's Fruit Garden*, & 1 00
Best Side-Hill plow, 1 00
Best Cultivator, 1 00
Best Clod-Crusher and Roller combined, 1 00
Best Grain Drill, *Allen's Farm Book*, & 1 00
Best Horse Rake, $1 00 | Best Reaper and Mower, 3 00
Best Corn Sheller, 1 00 | Best Corn planter 1 00
Best Threshing machine, 3 00 | Best Fanning Mill 2 00
Best Hay-Pitching Machine, 1 00
Best Ox Yoke and Bows, 1 00
Best Stalk or Straw Cutter, 2 00
Best Horse Power for General Purposes, 2 00
Best Original Invention of Agricultural Implement, 5 00

All articles enumerated in this class not made in the county, but produced upon exhibition, if worthy of it, will be awarded a Diploma.

CLASS No. 14.—*Miscellaneous Farming Implements.*

Best Bee Hive, $1 00 | Best Stump Puller 3 00
Best Potato Digger 50 | Best Grain Cradle, 1 00
Best 6 Hand-rakes 1 00
Best lot of Gardening tools, 1 00
Best set Farming utensils, owned by Farmer 3 00

CLASS No. 15.—*Wheat, Barley, Corn, &c.*

Best Acre of winter wheat, *Farm. & Gard.* & $1 00
Best Acre of Spring wheat, *American Agriculturist* 1 year and 3 00
Best Field of wheat, 4 to 10 acres, *American Agriculturist* 1 year, and 3 00
Best Acre of Corn, *Am'n Ag.* 1 year, and 2 00
Best Field of Barley, not less than 3 acres, *American Agriculturist* 1 year, and 2 00
Best Acre of Oats, *Am'n Ag.* 1 year, and 2 00
Best Acre of Rye, *Am'n Ag.* 1 year, and 2 00
Best bushel of Corn oats, " " "
Best 3 acres of Buckwheat, " " " and 1 00
Best bushel winter wheat, " " " " 1 00
Best bushel Spring do " " "
Best ½ acre of Potatoes, " " " " 1 00
Best ½ acre of Beans, " " " " 1 00
Best acre of Clover seed, " " " " 2 00
Best ½ acre of Broom Corn, 2 00
Best ½ acre of Sorghum, 2 00
Best ½ acre of Peas, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Ruta-baga, 1 00
Best ½ bushel of Timothy seed, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Carrots, 1 00
Best ½ acre of Turnips, 1 00

Crops being equal, preference will be given to those that yield the largest net profit. Statements to be furnished by the exhibitor. They must be measured, or weighed, and a sample furnished at the Fair.

Applicants for premiums must furnish the committee with a statement signed by themselves under a pledge of veracity, of the quality of grain raised on the ground entered for a premium, and must state, as correctly as they can, the kind and condition of the previous crops; the kind and quantity of seed used, and the time and mode of putting it in the ground.

Persons entering Field Crops for exhibition, or intending to do so, may give notice to the Executive Committee at any time, and have the field measured and examined by a committee, while growing.

CLASS No. 16.—*Bread and Cereal Food.*

Best 3 Loaves of wheat Bread, Diploma.
Best Loaf of Corn Bread, do
Best Loaf of Rye Bread, do
Best Pound, Sponge, Fruit, Jelly, Coffee, Lady and Plain Cake, each a do
Best Pie, any kind, Dip. | Best Preserves, Dip.
Best Jelly, Dip. | Best display of
Best Ice Cream, Dip. | Preserves & Jelly Dip.

CLASS No. 17.—*Butter and Cheese.*

Best 10 pounds of Butter, 1 00
Best Firkin of 25 lbs., or more, of Butter made in May or June, 1 00
Best Cheese, 1 00

CLASS No. 18.—*Flour.*

Best Barrel of Flour, 2 00
Best 50 lbs. of Flour, Spring wheat, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. of Rye Flour, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. Buckwheat Flour, 1 00
Best 50 lbs. Corn Meal, 1 00

CLASS No. 19.—*Domestic Articles.*

Best Box, or Jar, of Honey, 1 00
Best 10 pounds of Maple sugar, 50
Best Peaches, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Tomatoes, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Blackberries, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Currants, put up Air-tight, 50
Best Fancy Jar of Pickles, 50
Best Gallon Syrup, Maple or Sorghum, each, 50
Best Cured Ham, cooked, 1 00
Best Dried Beef, with mode of curing, 1 00

CLASS No. 20.—*Domestic Manufactures.*

Best 10 yards of Flannel, 1 00
Best 10 yards of Sattinet, 1 00
Best 10 yards of Cloth, 1 00
Best pair of woolen Blankets, 1 00
Best 15 yards of woolen Carpet, 1 00
Best 15 yards of Rag Carpet, wool chain, 1 00
Best 15 yards of Rag Carpet, cotton chain, 1 00
Best Woolen Coverlet, 1 00
Best Woolen fringed Mitts, 50
Best Hearth Rug, 50
Best pair of woolen knit Stockings, 50
Best pound of linen Sewing Thread, 50
Best specimen of Knotting, Knitting or Needle work, by Misses under 12 yrs. of age 50
Best pair of cotton knit Stockings, 50
Best pound of Stocking Yarn, 50
Best Foot Mat, 50 | Best Tidy, 50
Best Straw Bonnet, 50 | Best Straw Hat, 50

CLASS No. 21.—*Needle, Shell, Wax work, &c.*

Best specimen of Needle work, 50
Best specimen of Needle work, on Machine, 50
Best group of Flowers in worsted, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in worsted, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in Lace, 50
Best specimen of Embroidery in Muslin, 50
Best Shirt made by Miss under 12 yrs. of age, 50
Best Patching and Mending, 50
Best specimen of Leather work, 50
Best specimen of Wax Flowers, 50
Best specimen of Feather work, 50
Best specimen of Ornamental work, 50

CLASS No. 22.—*Dress Making and Millinery.*

Best Dress making, $1 00 | Best Millinery, 1 00

CLASS No. 23.—*Artistic work.*

Best Painting in oil, Diploma.
Best Painting in water colors, do
Best Portrait Painting, do
Best Landscape Painting, do
Best Cattle Painting, do
Best Ornamental Painting of any kind, do
Best Daguerreotype taken on the ground, do
Best Ambrotype taken on the ground, do
Best Photograph taken on the ground, do
Best Writing, do
Best Ornamental Penmanship, do
Best Architectural Drawing, do

CLASS No. 24.—*Designs.*

Best design for Farm House, Barn, Carriage-House and Stable, 5 00
Best Design for Dairy House, 1 00
Best Design for Dry House, 1 00
Best Design for Bridge, with plain—span not less than 250 feet, 3 00

CLASS No. 25.—*Metalic Fabrics and Machinery.*

Best Cooking Stove, wood or coal, 3 00
2d best Cooking-Stove, wood or coal, 2 00
3d best Cooking-Stove, wood or coal, Dip.
Best Parlor Stove, 2 00
2d best Parlor Stove, 1 00
Best Cast Iron Fence, 3 00
2d best Cast Iron Fence, Dip.
Best specimen lot of Tinware, 2 00
2d best do do do $1 00 & Dip.
Best specimen of Blacksmithing, 2 00
Best specimen of Gunsmithing, 2 00
Best specimen of Iron Turning, 2 00
Best Shower Bath, 1 00
Best Plate castings, 1 00
Best Original Invention in the county, 5 00

The above premiums are offered for articles manufactured in the county. A Diploma may be awarded for any of the above articles on exhibition, without regard to where it was manufactured.

Best display of Table and Pocket Cutlery, of American Manufacture, Dip.
Best display of Edged Tools, do
Best display of Farming and Field tools, do

CLASS No. 26.—*Vehicles of all kind.*

Best Family carriage $3 | Best Buggy, 3 00
Best farm wagon 4 | Best Sleigh, 2 00
Best Lumber Sled 2 | Best Horse Cart, 1 00
Best Wheelbarrow, 1

A Diploma may be awarded for articles in this class not manufactured in the county.

CLASS No. 27.—*Cabinetware in county.*

Best Dressing Bureau $3 | Best Sofa, 2 00
Best Lounge, 1 | Best Exten. table 2 00
Best set of Chairs, 2 | Best Wash stand, 1 00
Best variety of Chairs, 2 | Best Centre table 2 00
Best set Parlor Furn's, 5 | Best Bedstead, 2 00
Best Looking-glass [illegible] 1 | Best Office Chair, 1 00
Best display of Cabinet-ware, Dip. and 5 00

CLASS No. 28.—*Coopering, Carpentering, &c.*

Best specimen of Pine ware, $2
Best window sash, 1 | Best Lot of Baskets, 1
Best window-blind, 1 | Best Lot of Buckets, 1
Best set grain measures, 1 | Best Panel Door, 1

CLASS No. 29.—*Roots and Garden Vegetables.*

Best 4 stalks celery, Dip. | Best ½ bu. carrots, 50c
Best 6 heads cabbage 50c | Best ½ bu rutabaga, 50c
Best 2 do cauliflower, 50c | Best ½ bu. ta. beets, 50c
Best half bushel table potatoes, 50c
Best quart of windsor beans, 50c
Best variety of Squash, 50c
Best variety of melons, 50c
Best Sweet Potatoes, 50c
Best half bushel of Tomatoes, 50c

All vegetables must have been raised by the exhibiter.

CLASS No. 30.—*Curriers, Saddlers and Shoemakers.*

Best Gentlemens' Boots and Shoes, 2 00
Best Ladys' Boots and Shoes, 2 00
Best display of Boots and Shoes, 2 00
Best Travelling Trunk, 2 00
Best Tug Harness, 2 00
Best Carriage Harness, 3 00
Best Single Harness, 2 00
Best Riding Bridle and Martingale, 1 00
Best Gentlemans' Riding Saddle, 2 00
Best Ladys' Riding Saddle, 2 00
Best display of Saddlery, 2 00
Best Sole Leather, 1 00
Best Finished Harness, 1 00
Best display of any kind of Leather, 1 00
Best Robe made by exhibiter, 1 00

CLASS No. 31.—*Tailors' and Upholsterers' work.*

Best Suit of Clothes made by hand, 2 00
Best Coat made by a Lady, 1 00
Best Husk Matrass, 2 00
Best Hair Matrass, 2 00
Best Straw Matrass, 1 00

CLASS No. 32.—*Printing in county.*

Best Handbill, Dip. | Best Blank, Dip.
Best Card, Dip. | Best Newspaper, Dip.
Best Ornamental Printing, Dip.

CLASS No. 33.—*Stone-ware.*

Best Drain Tile, $1 | Best Fire Brick, $1
Best Crocks, 1 | Best Brick, 1
Best Pottery, 1

CLASS No. 34.—*Chemicals and Chemical Agents in the county.*

Best available Manure at moderate cost, 1 00
Best available Manure for Farm Products, 1 00
Best available material for Glue, 1 00
Best Linseed Oil, 1 00
Best Tallow Candles, 1 00
Best Specimen of Soap, 1 00
Best Vinegar, 1 00
Best Writing Ink, 1 00

CLASS No. 35.—*Wood and Stone.*

Best Dressed Stone, $1 | Best Mill Stone, $1
Best Grind-Stone, 1 | Best Floor boards, worked, 1
Best Butter Ladle, 50c
Best Butter bowl, 50c | Best weatherboards, 1
Best Split or Shaved Hoops, 50c | Best washing machine 1
Best Churn, 50c
Best Shingles, $1 | Best Turned Article, $1

Discretionary premiums will be recommended for all articles of merit exhibited by mechanics in all the various branches, and it is hoped a general exhibition will be made.

For all improvements useful to the Farmer, and having valuable properties, discretionary premiums may be recommended by the Committee, and awarded by the Board.

CLASS No. 36.—*Natural Minerals.*

The best suit of useful Minerals of Clearfield county, including coal, $3
The best Cabinet of Minerals of Clearfield and adjoining counties, to be the property of the Society, 5
The best Limestone, 1
The best Fire Clay, 1
The best Potter's Clay, 1
The best Collection of Fossils, 1
The best suit of Crystalized Minerals, 1

CLASS No. 37.—*Fruit.*

The best display and greatest variety of Grafted Apples, summer and winter Fruit, named and arranged, $3
The best display and greatest variety of Pears, named and arranged, 2
The best display and greatest variety of Peaches, named and arranged, *Barry's Fruit Garden.*
The best specimen of Apples, 1 peck, do do
The best collection of Plums, do do
The best collection of Cherries, do do
The best collection of Quinces, do do
Best specimen of Foreign Grapes, do do
Best specimen of American Grapes, do do
Best specimen of Currants, 50c
Best specimen of Gooseberries, 50c
Best specimen of Blackberries, 50c
Best specimen of Seedling Grapes raised in county, and worthy of culture, 50c
Best specimen of Domestic Wine, $1

CLASS No. 38.—*Horsemanship, &c.*

To the Lady that manages her horse best, and sets most gracefully, Dip.
To the Gentleman who manages his horse best, and sets most gracefully, Dip.
The best display of horsemanship, not less than five couple, Dip.
The best driving on the Course, by a Lady, Dip.
The best Company of Cavalry, Dip.
The best Company of Infantry, Dip.
The best Band, with Brass instruments, Dip.
The best Martial Band, Dip.
The best 10 Singers, Dip.

CLASS No. 39.—*Nurseries.*

The best Nursery, containing the greatest variety of Fruits and Shrubs, cultivated in the most approved manner (the exhibiter to furnish written description, stating variety and mode of culture,
The Second best do *Barry's Fruit Garden.*

CLASS No. 40.—*General List.*

The best display & greatest variety Flowers, Dip.
The best display & greatest variety Plants, Dip.
The best display of Floral Ornaments, Dip.
The best boquet, with handle, Dip.
The best hand boquet, Dip.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Premiums and diplomas will be paid on and after the first Wednesday of November and until the 1st day of January, 1861, after which all money premiums unclaimed will be considered as a donation to the Society. The officers of the Society and members of the Committee of arrangements will wear a badge designating their office, and it will be their duty as well as pleasure to attend to the expressed wishes and wants of exhibitors and others, if it is in their power so to do. A select police force will be in constant attendance for the preservation of order and protection of property.

The trotting course is level, well graded, and one-third of a mile in circuit. Ample arrangements will be made for the convenience of spectators.

Children under ten years of age not admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians.

Every person wishing to be enrolled as a member of this Society must apply on or before the first day of the fair, and on the payment of one dollar to the Treasurer shall receive a certificate of membership containing the name of the applicant and endorsed by the Secretary.

Every person becoming a member as above shall on the presentation of his certificate, receive a ticket which will admit him free during the fair. Any person complying with the above regulations and paying $10, shall become a life member and shall be exempt from all restrictions and shall annually receive from the Secretary a free family ticket.

All persons must be provided with tickets which can be had from the Executive Committee, Treasurer or Secretary or at the door. Persons acting as Judges are expected to become members of the Society. Persons from other counties can become members by complying with the above rules. Ladies can become members by making application as above and paying to the Treasury fifty cents when they will receive a ticket to admit them free.

Exhibition of ladys' and gentlemens' horsemanship will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday evening at 3 o'clock, fast riding will not be allowed; those violating this rule will be excluded from competition. Plowing match will take place on Wednesday at 10 o'clock A.M. The address will be delivered at 2 o'clock on Friday the 18th of October, and immediately after the address the reports of the Judges will be read and the premiums awarded.

All articles for which a premium of two dollars and upwards, shall pay fifty cents entrance fee except horses for trotting which shall pay two dollars. All articles entered for a premium under two dollars shall pay twenty-five cents. All articles, except horses, for which no money premium is offered, no charge.

Exhibitors must become members of the Society and have their animals and articles entered on the Secretary's books on or before the 1st day of October; and all animals and articles except horses, must be brought within the enclosure as early as Wednesday, at 10 o'clock A.M., and all persons entering animals and articles for exhibition will procure cards from the Secretary with the class and number of entry of said articles, previous to placing said articles on the ground. Hay and straw will be furnished gratis for all animals entered for premiums, and grain will be furnished at cost for those who desire to purchase.

No horse shall be entered or allowed a premium unless he is free from disease. Horses cannot be received until Wednesday noon, but must be entered previously. All persons who intend to exhibit horses, cattle, sheep or swine, or who intend to offer stock or any other article for sale, should notify the Secretary of such intention on or before the 10th of October, and have with him a list and full description of the same.

Persons intending to exhibit blooded animals must produce authentic pedigrees, and are earnestly requested to furnish the Secretary, by the 10th of October, with a list of their stock, with the pedigrees of each; this will facilitate the preparations of entries and in case of defective pedigrees, will afford the owner time to correct the same.

Instructions to Judges.—No animal to receive an award in more than one class.

Judges are expressly required not to award premiums to over-fed animals. No premiums are to be awarded to bulls, cows or heifers, which shall appear to have been fattened, only in the class of fat cattle, the object of the Society being to have superior animals of this description for breeding.

Fat Cattle.—The judges on fat cattle will pay particular attention to the animals submitted for examination. It is believed all other things being equal those are the best cattle that have the greatest weight over the smallest superficies. The judges will require all in this class to be weighed, and will take measures to give the superficies of each, and publish the result with their reports. They will also, before awarding any premiums, require of the competitors full statements as to the manner and cost of feeding as required by the regulations of the premium list.

When there is but one exhibitor, although he may show several animals in one class only one premium will be awarded, that to the first, or second as the merits of the animal may be judged.

The superintendent will take every precaution in his power, for the safety of stock and articles on exhibition after their arrival, and arrangement on the grounds, but will not be responsible for any loss or damage that may occur. The Society desires exhibitors to give personal attention to their animals and articles and at the close of the fair to attend to their removal as the Society cannot take further care of them.

Rules of Plowing.—The name of the plowman must be given as well as the kind of plow to be used, at the time of entry.

The quantity of ground to be plowed by each team to be ¼ acre.

The time allowed to do the work will be three hours. The furrow slice in all cases to be lapped. The teams to start at the same time and each plowman to do his work without a driver or other assistance.

The premiums offered by the Society will be awarded to the individuals, who, in the judgment of the committee, shall do their work in the best manner, provided the work is done in the time allowed for its performance.

Each plowman to strike his own land, and plow entirely independent of the adjoining lands. Within the one-fourth of an acre plowed, each plowman will be required to strike two back furrowed lands, and finish with the dead furrow in the middle.

Any information desired in regard to matters of the Society can be gained by addressing the Executive Committee or the Secretary, who will be pleased to give any information in their power at any time.

Any article not enumerated in the above classes, and placed upon exhibition, if worthy of notice, will be suitably rewarded.

The Executive Committee reserve a discretionary power to award Diplomas in any case for the best articles, or for articles not entitled to premiums by the rules.

Three Judges for each class will be appointed and announced before or on the first day of the fair.

All articles may be entered free of charge, excepting horses for pleasure, and for the trotting premiums.

(Signed.) RICHARD SHAW, JOHN M'GAUGHEY, JOSIAH R. READ, WM. M'BRIDE, G. R. BARRETT, Ex. Com.

Aug. 7th, 1861.