Agricultural.

TROUBLESOME HOUSE INSECTS.

As warm weather comes on, innumerable insects will wake from their winter nap, or emerge from the larva state, to enjoy their life at the expense of our comfort. The buzz of the fly will be answered by the tiny horn of the mosquito, the flea will skip nimbly over the floor, and the moth and chinch will stealthily hide in the carpet or the bedstead. Scrupulous cleanliness will thwart most of them. Flies are nature's scavengers, ever ready to convert putrefying matter into innoxious substances. Keep the yard free from decaying vegetables, refuse from the kitchen, and the drain of the sink, and sweeten the out-buildings with lime, and they will mostly emigrate to more promising quarters. The few stragglers which remain, can be nearly excluded by frames covered with millinet, placed in the windows when open. These will also keep out thee vexatious mosquito. Myriads of these latter insects are often bred in swampy spots adjoining the dwellin swampy spots adjoining the dwelling. Proper draining will rout them at head quarters. The rain water cistern is also prolific in mosquetoes: place a few lively minnows or other brook fish there, and they will fatten on the larvæ of the tormenting insect —thus the biter will be bitten.

The flea delights in the dust and litter of the wood house, and the wagon shed. Remove all this, sprinkle fresh lime in its place, and whitewash the beams and boards, and the fleas will soon vanish.

Take up all the carpets, beat them thoroughly with a slender rod, and scatter a little black pepper around the sides of the room where the edges of the carpet are to be laid. Then, once every fortnight, whip the outside breadths upon the floor with a slight switch, and the remaining moths will be beaten out.

The chinch or bed bug can be routed, by the first washing all the parts of the bedstead with cold water, and then, with a brush, applying corrosive sublimate desolved in spirits, or an amalgam of lard and quicksilver rubbed together. Or ask your druggist for sixpence worth of unguentum, mix it with lamp oil, and apply it with a brush to all joints and crevices, and the bugs will sleep and allow you to do the same.

American Agriculturist.

Root Crops.—The main crops of these, wether beets, parsnips or carrots, should now be planted, The sugar beet and mangold wurtzel are the most easily raised and most productive of these crops. but all are valuable for cows, sheep and hogs, and the carrots for horses. They required good soil abundantly manured, if maximum crops are expected. We are partial to the sugar beet for milch cows. They can be sown early, they bear transplanting to fill vacancies, they are a cleansing crop, they keep well until the month of May, they are good for all kinds of stock, but for milch cows especialy, and are best fed raw, and they yield very largely. An acre that will yield a hundred bushels of potatoes, will give four to five hundred of beets, with no risk of losing the whole, as with the potato, by rot.

To free swine from vermin—A writer in the Southren Planter says: "If your hogs are lousy, go to their rubbing place, or what is better, take a rough twelve foot log to the feeding place, and keep it constantly smeared with tar. No spaniel ever loved water better than a lousy hog loves tar, and he applies it himself, to the most infested spots of his body, so effectually that the lice speedily disappear.

I have seen 95 out of 96 hogs smear themselves with tar in less than thirty minutes after they had access to it and not one of them had ever known its use before.

The Balsam Fir. It will be hard for the critics to write down this tree. They say it becomes "a shabby fellow, after it is twenty years old, whose bad clothing a well trained dog would bark at, as belonging to a beggar".

Not always, good friend, as several within range of our window at this moment bear testimony. In some regions [illegible] tacks of insects than in others, and when so affected, it has a pitiable look. But where it thrives well, it is certainly worth having. We think it is freer from disease and insects at the North than in the Middle States.

☞ If those of our readers who cultivate the cabbage, will break off a large leaf from the cabbage, when they notice any depredation by the worm, and place it on top, upper side down, and let it remain so over night, they will find in the morning that near or quite all the worms on each plant have taken up their quarters on it. The leaf can then be removed and the insects given to the chickens or otherwise disposed of. If any remain, let the leaf be tried over again.

☞ The editor of the New England Farmer, has renovated diseased Peach trees thus: he removed the soil from around the trunk of a sickly tree in his garden, and supplied its place with charcoal. He was surprised at the rapid growth of the trees, as well as the tenacity with which the fruit held on the branches, and the unusual richness of its flavor when matured.

The Clearfield Republican,

Terms of Subscription.

If paid in advance, or within three months, $1 25
If paid any time within the year, - - - 1 50
If paid after the expiration of the year, - 2 00

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements are inserted in the Republican at the following rates:

	1 Insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (14 lines,)	$ 50	$ 75	$1 00
Two squares, (28 lines,)	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three squares, (42 lines.)	1 50	2 00	2 50

	3 months	6 mo's.	12 mo
One Square,	$2 50	$4 00	$7 00
Two squares,	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three squares,	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four squares,	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column,	8 00	12 00	18 00
One column,	14 00	20 00	35 00

Over three weeks and less than three months 25 cents per square for each insertion.

Business notices not exceeding 8 lines are inserted for $2 a year.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued until forbid and charged according to these terms.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Time of Holding Court.

Second Monday of January,
Third Monday of March,
Third Monday of June,
Fourth Monday of September,
In each year, and continue two weeks if necessary.

County Officers.

Pres't Judge,	Hon. Samuel Linn.	Bellefonte.
As'te Judges,	Hon Wm L Moore,	Clearfield.
	Hon Benj Bonsall,	Luthersburg
Sheriff,	Fred'k G. Miller	Clearfield
Prothonotary,	John L. Cuttle,	"
Reg. & Rec.	James Wrigley,	"
District Att'y	Robert J. Wallace,	"
Treasurer,	G. B. Goodlander,	"
Co. Surveyor,	H. B. Wright,	Glen Hope
Commiss'n'rs,	Wm. M'Cracken,	Lumber City
	Wm. Merrell,	Clearfield
	S. C. Thompson,	Morrisdale
Auditors,	B. C. Bowman,	Philipsburg
	Isaac W. Graham,	Clearfield
	J. B. Shaw,	"
Coroner,	George Richards,	"

List of Post Offices.

Townships.	*Names of P. O.*	*Names of P. M*
Beccaria,	Glen Hope,	G. W. Calwel
Bell,	Bower,	Mary Miller
"	Chest,	T. A. M'Ghee
"	Cush,	J. W. Campbell
"	Ostend,	Lewis Smith
Boggs,	Clearfield Bridge,	P. B. Miller
Bradford,	Woodland,	Ed. Williams
Brady,	Luthersburg,	R. H. Moore.
"	Troutville,	Jacob Kuntz
"	Jefferson Line,	John Heberling
Bloom,	Forest,	Jas. Bloom
Burnside,	New Washington‡	J. M. Cummings
"	Burnside,	Jas McMurray
Clearfield,	Clearfield,	M. L. Frank.
Covington,	Frenchville,	P. A. Gaulin.
	Karthaus,	J P W Schnarr
Curwensville,	Curwensville,	Samuel Way
Decater,	Philipsburg,	Centre county
Ferguson,	Marron,	Edm. Williams
Fox,	Helen Post Office,	Elk county, Pa.
Girard,	Leconte's Mills,	C. Mignot
"	Bald Hills,	William Carr
Goshen,	Shawsville,	A. B. Shaw
Graham,	Grahamton,	T. H. Forece.
Gulich,	Smiths Mills,	J. A. Hegarty
"	Madeira,	C. J. Pusey.
Huston,	Tyler,	David Tyler
"	Pennfield,	H. Woodward
Jordan,	Ansonville,	Eliza Chase
Karthaus,	Salt Lick,	G. Heckadorn
Knox,	New Millport,	D. E. Mokel
Lawrence,	Breckenridge,	J. W. Thomps'n
Morris,	Kylertown,	Jas. Thompson
"	Morrisdale,	J. McClelland
Penn,	Lumber City,†	H. W. Spencer,
"	Grampian Hills,	A. C. Moore,
Pike,	Curwensville,	amuel Way
"	Bloomingville,	Michael Wise.
Union,	Rockton,	F. Johnson
Woodward,	Jeffries,	T. Henderson

‡ This Post Office will do for Chest township.
† Will answer for Ferguson township.

BUSINESS CARDS.