## Clearfield

# Republican.

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ATTORNEY-GENERAL BLACK

IN CASE OF SECESSION.

from the Union. He says:

desired, will be continued until forbid, scents, to make a new rule of personal or the retirement of a State from the acres of unappropriated public lands, up-Market street, opposite Mossop's Store, what might be effected by mere revolu lished, either by law or force.

> Justice, expressing the unanimous opin- that no such power is expressly given; ion of himself and all his brothern, enunciated the doctrine in terms so clear and tion which imply it. Among the powers full that any further demonstration of it semmerated in article I, section 8, is that een scarcely be required.

The duty which these principles devoylve and reprisal, and to make rules concernnot only upon every officer, but every cit- ing captures on land and water." This son making such entry, or if he be dead, izen, is that which Mr. Jefferson express- certainly means nothing more than the his widow or in case of her death his ed to compendiously in his first inaugural, power to commence and carry on hostili. heirs or devisee; or in case of a widow namely: "to support the State govern- ties against the foreign enemies of thems, making such entry, her heirs or devianti-republican tendencies," combined within the limits of the State. But this the same for the ferm of five years immewith the preservation of the General Gov- power is so restricted by the words which diately succeeding the time of filing the ernment, in its whole constitutional vigor, immediately follow that it can be exerci- affidavit aforesaid ; then in such case, he, as the sheet anchor of our peace at home so lonly for one of the following purposes:

laws more particularly with reference to are, in the several Courts of Clearfield and the collection of revenue, and holds that the President may, if necessary, order the tion 4, to eases in which the State herduties to be collected on board a vessel in | self shall apply for assistance against her eide of any established pert of entry; own people. 3. To repel the invasion of and, further, that his right to take such a State by enemies who come from abroad measures as may be necessary for the pro- to assail ber in her own territory. All tection of the public property, is very these provisions are made to protect the elear. He proceeds-

He also informs the public that he keeps United States shall be opposed or the ex-M. SMITH offers his professional services marshals,' This imposes upon the Presito the Ladies and Gentlemen of Clear- dent the sole responsibility of deciding neatness and despatch. Being familiar whether the exigency has arisen which neatness and despatch. Being familiar whether the exigency has arisen which hold them as subjugated provinces, it the act shall in no event become liable to all the late improvments, he is prepared to requires the use of military force; and in would totally destroy the relativistic time satisfaction of any debt or debts con-1. That step the limits of his legal and just aus

places? Of course the first step would be ON THE POWER OF THE PRESIDENT, to appoint others in their stead, if others could be got to serve. But, in such an event, it is more than probable that great We find in the Constitution of Saturday difficulty would be found in filling the the opinion of Attorney General Black, offices. We can easily conceive how it submitted by him to the President, on might become altogether impossible. We the powers of the Executive to enforce are, therefore, obliged to consider what the laws in any State which may secode can be done in ease we have no Courts to issue judicial process, and no ministerial

independent and supreme but each is ut- "If one of the States should declare her come such, as required by the naturalizaterly powerless beyond the limits assign- independence, your action cannot depend the United States, shall, after to the passage of this act shall be entitled ed to it by the Constitution. If Congress upon the rightfulness of the cause upon the passage of this act, be entitled to on- to all privileges of this act. would attempt to change the law of de- which such a deciaration is based. Wheth ter, free of cost, one hundred and sixty succession, or to dissolve the family rela- Union be the exercise of a right reserved on which said person may have filed a tions existing in any State, the act would in the Constitution, or a revolutionary pre-emption claim, or which may, at the be simply void; but not more void than movement, it is certain that you have not time the application is made, be subwould be a State law to prevent the re- in either case the authority to recognise ject to pre-emption at one dollar and capture of fugitives from labor, to forbid her independence or to absolve her from twenty-five cents, or less, per sere; or the carrying of the mails, or to stop the her Federal obligations. Congress or the eighty acres of such unappropriated lands. collection of duties on imports. The will other States in convention assembled at two dollars and fifty cents per acre; to of a State, whether expressed in its Con- must take such measures as may be neces- be located in a body, in conformity to the stitution or laws, cannot, while it remains sary and proper. In such an event, I see legal subdivisions of the public lands, and in the Confederacy, absolve her people no course for you but to go straight on- after the same shall have been surveyed. from the duty of obeying the just and ward in the path you have hitherto trodconstitutional requirements of the Cen-den-that is, execute the laws to the ex, the person applying for the benefit of this tral Government. Nor can any act of the tent of the defensive means placed in act shall, upon application to the register Central Government displace the jurisdic- your hands, and act generally upon the of the land office in which he or she is tion of a State, because the laws of the assumption that the present Constitution, about to make such entry, make affidavit United States are Supreme and binding alrelations between the States and the 5 foresaid register or receiver that he or only so far as they are passed in pursu- Federal Government continue to exist un- she is the head of a family, or is twenty ance of the Constitution. I do not say til a new order of things snall be estab- one years or more of age, and that such

tionary force. I am speaking of legal and "Whether Congress has the constitutional right to make war against one or nor are there any words in the Constituto declare war, grant letters of marque gives Congress the power 'to provide for I, To execute the laws of the Union; that United States, shall, on payment of ten is, to sid the Federal officers in the per- dollars, be entitled to a patent, as in other uppres insurrections against the State; ut this is confined by Article IV., Sec-States, not to authorize an attack by one part of the country upon another; to proserve their peace, and not to plunge

al vigor by repelling a direct and positive aggression upon its property or its officers cannot be denied. But this is a totally different thing from an offensive war to punish the people for the political misdeeds of their State Government, or to revent a threatened violation of the onstitution, or to enforce an acknowledgement that the Government of the United States is Supreme. The States are colleagues of one another, and if some of them shall conquer the rest and would totally destroy the whole theory upon which they are now connected. " "

I am, very respectfully, yours, &c.,

J. S. BACK.

The Homestead Bill. ASSED THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, DEC.

5, 1860, A bill to secure homosteads to actual ettlers on the public domain.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House America in Congress assembled, That any That nothing contained in this act shall person who is the head of a family, or who be construed as to impair or interfere in "Within their respective spheres of ac- officers to execute it. In that event has arrived at the age of twenty one years, any manner whatever with existing preand is a citizen of the United States, or emption rights: And provided further who shall have filed his intention to be- that all persons who may have filed their

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that

application is made for his or her exclusive use and benefit, and those specially mentioned in this act, and not either di-"This is the view always taken by the more States, and require the Executive of rectly or indirectly for the use or benefit Judiciary. The Supreme Court of the the Federal Government to carry it on of any other person or persons whomso-United States has declared it in many ca- by means of force to be drawn from the ever; and upon filing the affidavit with ces. I need only refer you to the United other States, is a question for Congress it. the register or receiver, he or she shall States vs Boeth, where the present Chief self to consider. It must be admitted thereupon be permitted to enter the quan tity of land specified : provided, however, that no certificate shall be given or patent issued therefor, until the expiration of five years from the date of such entry ; and if, at the expiration of such time, or at any time within two years thereafter, the persee, in case of her death shall prove ! concerns, and the surest bulwarks against calling forth the militia,' and to use them they have resided upon and cultivated she or they, if at that time a citizen of the on the Executive, for the execution of the formance of their regular duties. 2. To er cases provided by law: And provided, further, That in ease of the death of both father and mother, leaving an infant child. or chidren, under twenty one years of are. the right and fee shall enure to the benefit of said infant child or children; and the executor, administrator or guardian may, at any time within two years after the death of the surviving parent, and in accordance with the laws of the State in which such children for the time being have their domicile, sell said and for the benefit of said infants, but for no other The right of the General Government purpose; and the purchaser shall acquire the absolute title by the purchase, and be entitled to a patent from the United States, on payment of the office fees and

> sum of money herein specified. Sec. 3, And be it further enacted, That the land office shall note all such applications on the tract books and plats of his office, and keep a register of all such entries, and make return theref to the Gen eral Land Office, together with the proof

> upon which they have been founded. Sec. 4. And be it further enseted. That all lands acquired under the provisions of tracted prior to the issuing of the patent therefor.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the filling of the affada-Newsparens,-A child beginning to vivas required in the second section of this are manifestly those which are administ read becomes delighted with newspapers, act, and before the expiration of the five tered by the judges and executed by the because he reads of names and things years aforesaid, it shall be proven after ministerial officers of the Courts for the which are very familiar, and will make due notice to the settler, to the satisface States for the protection of rights claim year is worth a quarter's schooling to a the person having filed such affidavit shall ed under the Federal Constitution and child, and every father must consider that have actually changed his or her resilaws, and for the enforcement of such ob- substantial information is connected with dence, or abandoned the said entry for ligations as came within the cognizance this advancement. The mother of a fam- more than six months at any time then,

so universal that the federal officers them- passer-by asked an Irishman carry its provisions into effect; and that for he hadn't anything left to breather my and Marshale) would be reached by dead. "I can't exactly say," said he but land offices shall be entitled to receive was about; so I shall bring in, died for near to Fiba and Corner, and contains the same influences and resign their I believe its the limiteman in the coffin." The same compensation for any lands en- want of common serve."

tered under the provisions of this act that they are now entitled to receive when the same quantity of land is entered with money, one half to be paid by the person making the application at the time of so doing, and the other half on the issue of the certificate by the person of Representatives of the United States of to whom it may be issued; Provided, applications for a pre-emption right prior

## To Mothers.

BY GRACE GREENWOOD.

My DEAR FRIENDS :- I cannot let the blessed Christmas-time go by without sending you a word of affectionate greeting-of thanks, for the kindly interest you have so often manifested in the most cherished purposes of my life. That interest has given me ecurage when I most stood in need of it, and upheld my failing hands; renewing my reverence for the work to which I am called, and comforting me with the assurance that the seeds of goodness and truth, sown abroad by The Little Pilgrim, have not fallen 'on stony places.'

I have to thank you for sending mo every now and then, tright home pictures who spent most of his time in drinking that have fallen like glad sunbeams on and spreeing, while his wife, Polly, was my path. My heart, dear friends, has left at home to do the chores. Upon a echoed all your household music and certain occassion, Joe left home, to be laughter. I have to thank you as well, back, as he said, that night. Night came, though it grieved me,) for telling me but Joe did not. The next day passed; how, into some of the homes to which and about sunset Jee came up in the our Little Pilgrim had been called, Death worst condition imaginable—his clothes had entered uncalled, leaving shadow dirty and torn, one eye in deep mournand silence in the joy-light of happy love, ing, and his face presenting more the apand the music of childish voices. Again pearance of a piece of raw beef than anyand again has my soul been drawn by the thing else. Folly met him at the doer, sacred sympaths of sorrow, within a be- and noticing his appearance, exclaimed: reaved family circle, or to stand with a "Why, Joe, what in the world is the weeping mother beside a little green matter? mound, hiding what was but yesterday " "Polly," said Joe, " do you know that the delight of her eyes, and the pride of Jong Jim Andrews? Well, him and me her lite-source of a thousand hopes and had a fight."

fears-subject of a thousands prayers. . Who whipped, Joe?" asked Polly. In this happy, yet solemn Christmas season, may the spirit of Christ the Lord ever did see. I hit him, and he hit me, be born answir our heats-in holy char- and then we clinched. Polly, ain't supity, in peace, in love for all mankind, in per most ready? I ain't had nothing to especial love for the little ones-such as He cat since yesterday morning." once took in his tender arms, and permit | "But tell me who whipped, Joe?" conted to look close into his heavenly eyes, thried Polly. full of compassionate yearning, while his lips uttered for them and for all emildren never did see such a fight as me and him the divine benediction.

for another year's pilgrimage; but if or four of the most efficientest licks you some of you must fall away, why, to such ever heard. Polly, sin't supper ready? and to all, we say-a merry Christmas, a I'm nearly starved." Happy New Year, and God bless you!

CHLENGING A VOTE, -The following incident actually transpired at one of the Ward polls not many years ago in Baltimore. A very old man approached the polls, holding his ballots ready to be deposited. The crowd gave way with one accord; but one active vigilant committee man, who did not two bulls. Polly, ain't supper ready? know the new comer, nor appreciate the general movement, interposed with his challenge, and the following collogny took

Challenger-I challenge that vote, Old man -The ground of the challenge

Challenger-Have you been naturalized? Old man-Born in the country, sir. Challenger-Do you live in this city ? Old man-Yes, sir.

Challenger-In this ward? Old man-Yes, sir. Challenger-How long have you lived

in this ward? Old man-Eighty years, sir. Challenger-What's your name?

Old man-Roger B. Taney, sir. Challenger-What's your business? Old man-Chief Justice of the United

The challenger had nothing farither to man to ask boot, we are of the opinion

Monte Verdict, - An Irishman out west conceiving that a little powder thrown upon some green wood would facilitate its of the Federal Judiciary. To campel obe, ily, having more immediate charge of a and in that event, the land so entered burning directed asmall stream from a kee upon the burning pile; but not possessing thority to punish all who obstruct their mind so occupied becomes so fortified Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That a hand sufficiently quick to cut it off at an unapt illustration of the more general regular administration, and he marshala against the ills of hie, and is braced for no individual shall be permitted to make the desirable moment, was blown into a political confingration which the election and their deputies have the same powers the emergency. Children amused by reads more than one entry under the provise a million pieces. The coroner for this on- of Lincoln has caused. as sheriffs and their deputies in the seve. ing or study, are of course considered more jons of this act; and that the Commis casion, reasoned out this verdict: "It rai States in executing the laws of the easy to manage. How many thoughtless sioner of the General Land Office is here- can't be called suicide, because he didn't its mission ?" asks a Republican paper. young men have spent their evenings in by required to prepare and issue such mean to kill himself; it wasn't 'visitation Pretty nearly; according to the present "But what if the feeling in every State grog shops who ought to have been at rules and regulations, consistent with this of God,' because he wasn't struck by signs the Union will be eissolved within a set, as shall be necessary and proper to lightning; he didn't die for want of breath few days .- Detroit Free Pr ss. solves (including Judges, District Attor gazing upon a funeral procession, who was the registers and receivers of the several with; it's plain he didn't know what he

### SEED-WORDS.

'Twas nothing-a mere idle word From careless lips that fell, Fergut, perhaps, as seen as said, And purposeless as well.

But yet, as on the passing wind Is borne the the little seed, Which blooms unheeded, as a flower, Or as a noisome weed-

So often will a single word, Unknown, its end fulfill. And bear, in seed, the flower and fruit Of actions good or ill.

### IF WE KNEW.

If we knew the cares and looses Crowded round our neighbor's way; If we knew the little losses Surely gravious day by day-Should we then so often calde him For his lack of thrift and gain-Leaving on his heart a shadow; Leaving on our lives a stain?

Let us reach within our besoms, For the key to other liver, And with love towards crying nature, Cherish good that still survives-So that when our disrobed spirits Sear to realmy of life again, We may say, Dear Father, Judge us As we judge our fellow men.

### Wouldn't Own Up.

Joe Stetson was a wild, rolieking fellow,

" Polly, we had the bardest fight you

"Polly," replied Joe, "I tell you, you had. When he clinched me, I jerked I can but feel that we shall join hands loose from him, and then he gin me three

"Do tell me who whipped, will you?" continued Polly.

"Toll," said Joe, "you don't know nothin' 'bout fightin'. I tell you, we fought like tigers; we rolled and we tumbled-first him on top, then me on topand then the Loys would pat meon the houlder, and halloo, 'On, my Stetson ! We gouged and bit, and tore the dirt in Seth Rudnell's grocery yard worse than

I'm monstrous bungry !" "Joe Stetson," said Polly, in a tone bristling with anger, "will you tell me who whipped?"

"Polly," said Joe drawing a long sigh, "I hollered!"

REMARKABLE PROESTRIAN FRAT.-Small boy on tig-toe to companion-"Su-ly, stop your noise, all of you."

Companioa-"Hello, Tommy, what's up now?

Small boy-"We've got a new babyvery week and tired-walked all the way from Heaven last night-musn't go to kickin' up a row around here,"

183 When Greeley heard of the election of Lincoln, he was so happy he requested that some one would kick him .-Although it usually sounds covetous for ask, but just then "appreciated the facts. that Greeley's request should have been granted .- Low will Deportret.

> De While the Liestoral College of New York was easling the vote of that State for Abraham Lincoln, the State Capital building was discovered to be on fire -no!

"Hasahe Republican party fulfiilled

men Garibaldi's Island of Caprora lies 2,500 in abitants.

rtisements are inserted in the Republicar at the following rates: 1 Insertion, 2 do. marc, (14lines,) \$ 50 \$ 75 purres, (28lines,) 1 00 1 50 sources, (42 lines,) 1 50 2 no squares, (42 lines,) 1 3 months mo's, 12 mo 12 00 a column, : 14 00 20 00 or three weeks and less than three months 25 per square for each insection. notices not exceeding Slines are in-

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Will attend promptly to Cotlee Clearfield, Ps. Will atte nov7-14 W. HAYS, Justice of the Pence, will attend couptly to collections and other matters is charge. Address Kersey, Elk. co., Ps.

DANIEL GOODLANDER, STICE of the perce Luthersburg, Clearfield Co. Pa., itend promptly to all business entrusted erre. March 28, 1860.—1y. pd.

ELLIS IRWIN & SONS, the mouth of Lick Run, five miles from learfield, MERCHANTS, and extensive

J. D. THOMPSON,

acksmith, Wagons, Buggies, &c., &c., ironed stand in the borough of Curwensville. R. M. WOODS, having changed his loca

tion from Curwenzville to Clearfield, residuily exers his professional services to the of the latter place and vicinity. didense on Second street, opposite to at of J. G. HARTSWICK, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, Clearfield Pa., May 30, 1800. WALTER BARRETT, TORNEY AT LAW, will attend promptly aithfully to all legal business entrusted to

odjeining counties.
Office, the one formerly occupied by G. R. Oct. 26th, 1859-1y.

DR. G. W. STEWART Dhysician and Surgeon, offers his profes anal services to the citizens of New Washa and rurrounding community. Office three vest of the Washington House,

New Washington, Pa., Oct. 14, 1859. JOHN HUIDEKOPER. ENGINEER & LAND SURVEYOR, offers sional services to the citizens of Clear-

ess entrusted to him will be promptly

fully executed. with Leonard, Finney & Co. LEVER FLEGAL,

Justice of the peace

Luthersburg, Clearfield Co., Pa., will

attend promptly to all business entrusted to his ntly on hand at his shop, a general as-at of Saddles, Bridles, Harness and

which he will sell on reasonable trems.

DENTAL CARD. and vicinity. All operations performed

Artificial Teeth in the best manner. Sout, 14th, 1858.

ARRIMER & TEST, Attorneys at Law thority, Clearfield, Pa., will attend promptly to Col-ne, hand Agencies, &c., &c., in Clearfield, Centre and Elk counties.

TA OBERT J. WALLACE, ATTORKET AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa., Office in Shaw's Row, op-

dec. 1, 1858,-tf.

MOORE & ETZWILER, Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Also extensive dealers in timber, sawed lumi

for and shingles. Also, dealers in four an-Oct. 14, 1859. HENRY WHITEHEAD,

Rockton, Union tp., will attend to all business entrusted to his care. Sept., 12, 1860. 19. very large stock of Spring and Summer

wensville, May 16, 1860. E.-A. IRVIN. ackerel and Horring for sale at the corner E. A. IRVIN. rewensville, May 16, 260. er, Bacon, Beans and Clover To A. thvir.

tion, the Federal Government and the troops would certainly be out of place, Government of a State, are both of them and their use wholly illegal."

constitutional right.

and safety abroad." He reviews, briefly, the power conferred

"I come now to the point in your letter which is probably of the greatest practical importance. By the act of 1807 you them into civil war. \* \* \* may employ such parts of the land and naval forces as you shall judge necessary to preserve itself in its whole constitutionfor the purpose of causing the law to be duly executed, in all cases where it is lawful to use the militia for the same purpose. By the act of 1795 the militia may be ca'led forth 'whenever the laws of the ecution thereof obstructed in any State by combinations too powerful to be suppresed by the the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the power vested in the proportion to the magnitude of that responsibility will be his care not to over-

"The laws referred to in the act of 1795 punishment of crime against the United provess accordingly. A newspaper in one tion of the register of the land office, that dience to these laws the Courts have au- family, should herself be instructed. A shall revert to the government.

clothing of the latest styles for sale low by State. agrinst the United States should become home reading.