

The Republican.



CLEARFIELD, July 18, 1860.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS FOR PRESIDENT.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, JNO C. BRECKINRIDGE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, GEN. JOSEPH LANE.

GOVERNOR.

HENRY D. FOSTER.

OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

- Richard Yanx, Geo. M. Keim. District Electors. Fred A. Sarrar, 14-Isaac Reckhow. 2-W. C. Patterson, 15-Geo. D. Jackson. 3-Jos. Crockett, jr., 16-John Ahl. 4-John G. Brenner, 17-Joe B. Danner. 5-W. Jacoby, 18-J. R. Crawford. 6-Chas. Kelley, 19-H. N. Lee. 7-Oliver P. James, 20-Josh. B. Howell. 8-David Scall, 21-N. B. Fetterman. 9-Joe Leitner, 22-Saml. Marshall. 10-N. S. Barbour, 23-Wm. Book. 11-T. H. Walker, 24-B. D. Hamlin. 12-S. Winchester, 25-Gaylord Church. 13-Joe Laubach.

RESOLUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Profoundly impressed with the importance of prompt, vigorous and patriotic action on the part of the Democratic State Committee, in order to avert, if possible, the consequences which must inevitably result from the unhappy divisions now in the ranks of the Democracy in our State and nation, we cordially and honestly recommend to the Democracy of the State that they unite with heart and voice in the support of our excellent and competent nominee for Governor, Henry D. Foster, and that in all the local elections they act as one party, forgiving and forgetting any differences that they may have entertained for the Presidency; but with a view to a perfect unity against the common enemy, we recommend to the Democracy of Pennsylvania to unite their votes for President on the electoral ticket formed at Reading on the 1st day of March, 1860, on the following basis and understanding, viz: That if said electoral ticket should be elected by the people, and it should appear, on ascertaining the result in the other States of the Union, that by casting the entire vote of Pennsylvania for Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson, it would elect them President and Vice President over Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin, then said vote shall be cast for them; and in case the united vote of Pennsylvania would not elect either of these tickets, then the electors may divide it according to their own judgment of what would be the best for the country and the Democratic party—the basis of this united action being that it is the first and highest duty of all Democrats, however they may differ about men and minor points of principle or policy, to unite against the common enemy, and to avert, if possible, the greatest calamity that could befall the country, the election of a Black Republican President; and further, that the Chairman of this Committee is hereby authorized to correspond with the several electors in the State, and obtain from him his written pledge, within thirty days from this date that he will faithfully carry out the object of this resolution.

NOTICE.—The Democratic voters of the Borough of Clearfield and vicinity, are requested to meet in Town Hall, on Thursday evening July 19th 1860, for the purpose of forming a Democratic Club, and adopting such measures for conducting the approaching campaign as are deemed necessary. MANY DEMOCRATS.

To Our Patrons.

In assuming the responsible position of that of editor of a public journal the custom is well established requiring the person doing so to designate, at the threshold, old, the objects aimed at, and the principles and policy by which he intends to be guided.

We shall endeavor to do so in as few words as possible, and in terms so plain that all may understand.

To those who know us, it is unnecessary to say, that as far as politics is concerned the Republican will continue to be a warm and zealous supporter of the measures and nominees of the National Democratic party. Our common country has grown to a strength, a greatness and a position among the nations of the earth, second to that of no other. The Democratic party have had control of the Government during four-fifths of its history. That party is the author of more than that proportion of all the great national measures that have produced this state of prosperity and greatness. For this reason, if there were no other, there is at least safety in supporting that party. Its measures must be wholesome, otherwise such national prosperity could not result from them.

But as a party organ, our journal is to be the mouth-piece, or trumpet, of no man, citizen or cabal. In its political character all Democrats have an equal claim to its columns. Its editors will claim the exercise of that right which belongs to every American citizen to declare their individual sentiments upon any and all subjects, without let or hindrance—and the claiming of this right for themselves, is granting it to others. In the contest for nominations as candidates for political offices, we shall exercise the right of all citizens—as such—but

when the party has acted, the support and influence of the paper is to be given in all cases to the nominees. This is the only means by which a political party can keep up its organization and successfully contend with its rival. All good partisans know this, and practice accordingly.

As an advocate of the interest, the honor, and the welfare of the citizens of Clearfield county we trust we shall not be backward—but more especially on such occasions do we hope always to be right.—Whatever project, calculated to benefit our county, either in its agricultural, manufacturing or mechanical enterprises, which may from time to time present itself, will be sure to find a warm welcome with the Republican.

It is our object to present to our subscribers, regularly once a week, a useful family paper, in which they can find nothing to offend—but a faithful record of passing events at home, as well as an intelligent view of the outside world. To do this successfully, the assistance of friends throughout the county is essentially necessary—and the attention and co-operation of all such is respectfully solicited, and will be faithfully reciprocated. As often as important events take place in their neighborhood, or useful ideas may be presented to their minds, let us have them, and the world shall reap the benefit.

Whilst we profess to publish a partizan paper, we by no means intend that it shall be nothing else. We think we can make it sufficiently partizan to please the most exacting of its political friends, and at the same time fulfill all the foregoing promises. We repeat that the measures and the men of the National Democracy shall receive from us a zealous support. In doing so, we trust we shall ever have due regard for the rights and preferences of others. Courting no controversy with others, either upon political or any other subject, we shall shrink from none, but support with all our means and ability, fearlessly, yet we trust, decently and respectfully, whatever we believe to be right.

The Republican must be improved in its appearance and its character. In its influence and usefulness. In making this promise, we wish to be distinctly understood as casting no reflection upon our talented and gentlemanly predecessor.—Those who are aware of the very many disadvantages under which he labored, will never complain. Perhaps few men, under the same circumstances, would have succeeded any better.

G. B. GOODLANDER & Co.,

A plain Road to Victory.

The Democratic State Committee have presented a plan upon which the friends of Mr. Douglas and Mr. Breckenridge can unite, the approaching Presidential Contest, without requiring the slightest sacrifice on the part of either. They recommend the Democracy to support the Electoral Ticket selected at the Reading Convention, in February last, who are to pledge themselves (in case of their election) to cast the vote of the State for Stephen A. Douglas, in case such a vote will secure his election: Second. In case Mr. Douglas cannot be elected, and Mr. Breckenridge can, then the vote of the State is to be cast for that gentleman. And third. In case their vote will be instrumental in securing the election of neither, then the electors are to vote according to their individual preferences.

There is nothing unfair in this. It is common ground, upon which all who prefer the election of a Democrat to a Republican, can unite. The effect is to make the friends of each help the other. And not only this, but our State organization is preserved. We can all unite upon our State and district and County ticket, and to all intents and purposes be as one party, although divided in opinion as to the choice of men for the Presidency—either of whom, however must be infinitely preferable to a Black Republican, with all Democrats.

Set aside the dictation of hot-headed, rule-or-ruin politicians in and out of the State, and we are quite sure that ninety-nine hundredths of the Democracy of Pennsylvania will say amen to this action of the State Central Committee.

Shall this dictation of those who prefer the election of Lincoln to Douglas, or those who prefer the election of Lincoln to Breckenridge be disregarded? We hope and believe it will. Let the people everywhere from upon all attempts to get up another electoral ticket. We can succeed with one. With two we are defeated. And all who aid in running a ticket separate from that selected at Reading, are but aiding the election of Lincoln, and the sooner they take their places in the Black Republican ranks, the better for the Democratic party.

Petersons, Ladies National Magazine for August, is upon our table? and a rich number it is, why don't everybody take it? Its articles are all ably written and judiciously selected, and costs only Two dollars a year, every lady can well afford this small sum for so great a benefit, if in no other way by just dispensing with a Shaker? and a few other small trappings, and at the end of the year they will feel much better, and know a great deal more—take the "National."

The Director of the Philadelphia mint gives notice, through the local papers, that hereafter the Spanish and Mexican fractions of the dollar will not be received at the mint at their nominal value in exchange for the new cents.

Our Flag.

In accordance with the deliberate action of the Democratic State Central Committee—which is the regularly constituted organ of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania—we place at our mast-head, both the Democratic tickets for President Douglas and Johnston, and Breckenridge and Lane.

There is nothing inconsistent, or conflicting in this. The Democracy are recommended to vote for the present Electoral Ticket, whether their first choice be Breckenridge or Douglas. The contest is between National Democracy and Black Republicanism. All who prefer the former to the latter, need be at no loss what to do; and if we but unite in this recommendation, and disregard the dictation of such men as Forney—who really prefer the election of Lincoln, our success is certain. We not only render the election of a Democratic President certain, but we also secure the election of Gen. Foster as Governor, and a majority of our Congressional delegation and State Legislature.

With this view, therefore we place both tickets at our mast-head, and earnestly urge the friends of both Douglas and Breckenridge to vote the same electoral ticket. If they all do this although they may fail in securing the election of their favorite, they will certainly aid in defeating the Abolition-Republican candidates and this ought to be sufficiently gratifying to every National Democrat, no matter whether he is for Douglas or Breckenridge.

When Forney was elected Clerk of a Black Republican House of Representatives last winter, the present distracted condition of the Democratic party, was clearly foreseen, one or two of the Southern States had manifested such hostility to Mr. Douglas as to render this event certain, should he receive the nomination. Then Forney was bound as the price of his election, to aid the Republicans in the coming election. The first object was to distract the Democratic party. To accomplish this purpose, he pretended to support Douglas.

Had it been otherwise. Had there been no such unmistakable signs of a division in the Democratic party—Forney, in order to have secured the Clerkship of a Republican House would have been compelled to have thrown off all disguise and to have made an square-toed bolt into the Abolition ranks.

He now denounces the action of the State Central Committee because that was calculated to insure the defeat of Lincoln. Can it be that such a base ingrate can have influence enough in the Democratic party to do it injury? We think not.

The Electoral Ticket.

The action of the State Central Committee in regard to the Electoral Ticket receives the highest commendation from every National conservative Democrat.—In the whole course of our political experience seldom have we known any action of a State Central Committee which was intended to heal divisions in the party, meet with such general approbation from all right-thinking men as that of the committee which assembled at the Merchant's Hotel on last Monday.

We have not met one individual, who may be set down as a regular sound National Democrat, with a clean and pure record, no matter to which wing of the party he belongs, who does not most heartily approve of the resolution passed by the committee, in favor of the union upon the Electoral ticket.

Among these are Democrats who are the warm and devoted friends of Judge Douglas, but who, although they do not "love Cesar less, love Rome more," and prefer the party and its principles to men.—Democrats, who are governed by honest patriotic motives; who clearly see that the contest of 1860 is one between Sectional Black Republicanism on the one side, and National Democracy on the other, and who prefer the success of the latter, party and the overthrow of the former, to the success of any individual, no matter how distinguished he may be.

But we must acknowledge, that while a large number of the honest friends of Judge Douglas endorse the action of the State Central Committee, and will give their hearty support and co-operation, yet, there are many professed friends—but, in fact, secret enemies—of the "Little Giant," under the leadership of John W. Forney, and who are governed by his advice and his interests, who have already taken up the key note which he has sounded, and are loud-mouthed in their denunciations of the course pursued in the Committee.

In this city, where they are well known during the past three years as active organizers in the Democratic party, and as the supple and willing instruments of John W. Forney, the Black Republican Clerk of the House of Representatives, they are powerless for evil. It will be advisable for the true friends of Judge Douglas to mark them well, and guard against the injury which they may be able to accomplish in localities where their true political character is unknown; in fact, the friends of BRECKENRIDGE and LANE have much less to fear from these pseudo friends of Douglas, than real supporters of Lincoln, than have the friends of the "Little Giant."

We again warn them to beware of Forney and his followers. No man can mean well who adherents of such a leader, and the most ordinary observer cannot fail to see, in the course of the Press, that the true intention is the disruption of the Northern Democracy with a view only to the election of Lincoln.—But in a true and faithful adherence to the recommendation of the State Central Committee by all sound National Democrats, we will be able to secure the triumph of the Electoral Ticket, and avoid the calamity to the country of the domination of sectional Black Republicanism.—Ar-gue.

President Buchanan and Miss Lane were present at the exhibition of the Visitation, in Georgetown D. C., on Wednesday, and the former made the presentation of premiums.

For the Republican.

MEANS, EDITORS: As the people are beginning to talk about the candidates for the different offices to be filled this fall a number of my neighbors have suggested the name of Hon. JAMES T. LEONARD as a suitable person to represent the 24th District in the Congress of the United States. No man is more deserving of such honor. He was born in our county, in the year 1800, and has lived here all his life—is a man of general information, sound sense, upright and honorable in all things. Such a man the Democracy of this District would support to a man, and if nominated in the District Convention, his success would be certain, and the interests of the District have a faithful guardian.

Give us Leonard for Congress, and you will see the up-river districts roll up a majority that will utterly astonish the votaries of modern Republicanism.

BELL TOWNSHIP. July 14, 1860.

OREGON ELECTIONS.—The latest official returns of the late election in this state, shows that Shiel, National Democrat is elected to Congress over the combined opposition, and a Democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature which secures two Dem. United States Senators.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.—E. M. Buchanan, of Centre County, and Jacob Robinson, of Luzerne county, to be aids to the Governor, with the rank of Lieut. Colonel.

Cyrus L. Pershing, of Cambria county, to be Notary Public, to reside at Johnstown.

Henry C. Parsons and Robert P. Allen, to be Notaries public for Lycoming county, to reside at Williamsport.

John Murphy, Jr., to be Notary Public for Washington county, to reside at Cannersburg.

Somers A. Smith to be Prothonotary of Bucks county, vice John W. Fry deceased.

George N. Reichard to be Notary Public for Luzerne county, to reside at Wilkesbarre.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—The Democrats of this county have nominated the following excellent Ticket—Congress, Wm. P. Jenks, Esq. assembly, Maj. E. R. Brady, associate Judge, Henry Freas, Prothonotary &c., Col. R. R. Means, Sheriff N. Carrier Jr., Commissioner, J. D. Phillippi, Auditor, Henry Crooks.

If the people of this County neglect to elect this ticket, they will do themselves rank injustice. With Messrs Jenks, Brady, Means and Phillippi we are personally acquainted, and know them to be good men. However, for Congress and assembly we expect to vote for Citizens of our own County, (unless the District Conventions order otherwise) It is but a short time since Jefferson had a Democratic Congressman, while we have never had one.

WESTERN ANTIQUITIES.—A correspondent of the Winona (Minnesota) Republican, writes that Mr. A. L. Jenks, that place, who is prospecting in one of those mounds which are so common in that country, recently discovered, at the depth of five or six feet the remains of seven or eight people of very large size. One thigh bone measured three feet in length.—The under jaw was one inch wider than any other man in the city. He also found clamshells, pieces of ivory or bone rings, pieces of kettles made of earth and coarse sand. There were at the neck of one of these skeletons, teeth two inches in length by one half to three fourths of an inch in diameter, with holes drilled into the side, and the end polished with a crescent around it. Also, an arrow five inches long by one and a half wide, stuck through the back near the back bone; and one about eight inches long stuck in the left breast. Also, the blade of a copper hatchet, one and a half inch wide at the edge and two long. The mound is some 200 feet above the surface of the Mississippi, and it is composed of clay immediately above the remains two feet thick; then comes a layer of loam; then another layer of clay six inches thick, all so closely packed that it was with difficulty that it could be penetrated. There are some four or five different layers of earth above the remains. There is no such clay found elsewhere in the vicinity.

A FIFTH-RATE LAWYER.—Lucky for Lincoln that he happened to live in Illinois and had a tilt with Douglas, and he never would have been heard of in the political world. The Chicago Democrat went worth's paper, and a Black Republican sheet, sums Mr. Lincoln thus: "Mr. Lincoln was in early times, a member of the Illinois House of Representatives. He was also a member of the Thirtieth Congress of the United States, being the last two years of Mr. Polk's administration. Beyond this Mr. Lincoln has no official record. He has devoted most of his time to his profession, by which he has been enabled to 'but little more than support himself from year to year.'"

No experience in Legislation, no claims to Statesmanship, and a poor stick of a lawyer. What a president he would make. "Oh hobo such a nominee, As Abraham Lincoln of Illinois-ee."

"THE METHODIST" is the title of a new religious paper, the first number of which will be issued in New York, on Saturday next. It will be devoted to the interest of the Methodist denomination. It will be under the editorial management of George R. Crooks, D. D., and Rev. John McClintock, D. D., both gentlemen of high literary ability. We predict for "The Methodist" an extensive circulation. Messrs. Ferkinpine & Higgins, No. 56 North Fourth street, are the agents for this city.

CENSUS OF HARRISBURG.—The census marshals have completed taking the census of the city, and have so far progressed in adding up that we are enabled to give the following figures, as being very nearly, if not entirely, accurate:

Population of the First, Second and Third Wards	7,762
Population of the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Wards	7,090
Total	14,852
Population in 1850	7,996
Increase	6,856

We are authorized to announce the name of Wm. P. Chambers, of Curwensville, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

At the earnest solicitation of the undersigned, William G. Johnson, of Graham tp., has consented to have his name announced as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We have known Mr. Johnson for a number of years. He is an excellent man for the office, an old citizen of Morris before its division, and an unflinching Democrat; always supporting the party, and never asking office.

J. J. Miller, J. F. McCartney, O. P. Wilder, J. O. A. Sams, Wm. Weight, sen., J. D. Denning, Amos Hubler, John B. Kyler, John Rayburn,

Leon'd. Kyler sr., James Pretter, Jeremiah Hoover, George Hoover, Danl. Little, Geo. Beam, M. R. Denning, Andrew Hunter.

THE REQUIRED TO COUNT A BILLION.—This is a million times a million, which no one is able to count, however easy it may be to write it.—You can count 160 to 170 a minute; then and will produce 12,000, a day 288,000, and a year, or 365 days, (for every four years you may rest a day from counting, during leap year.) 105,120,000. Supposing Adam, at the beginning of his existence, had begun to count, and continued to do so, and was counting still, he would not even now, according to the usual supposal age of our globe, have counted nearly enough. For to count a billion, he would require 9,511 years, 34 days, 5 hours and 21 minutes.

ISLANDS PAVED WITH EGGS.—A correspondent, writing from San Francisco, says that the rocky islands called the Taralones, some twenty-five miles west of the Golden Gate, are literally paved with the eggs of the sea fowl. Millions of the eggs of San Francisco, within a few years, and the female only lays one egg. These rocks are also the haunt of sea lions, which roar daimally in the spring.

EDITORIAL CHANCE.—Gen. Geo. W. Bowman has retired from the Washington Constitution, and Wm. M. Browne, Esq., has taken the editorial chair. Mr. Browne has been connected with the Constitution for some time and is a writer of considerable force and vigor. Our best wishes accompany Gen. Bowman in his retirement.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.—James L. Gillis, of Nebraska Territory, to be agent for the Pawnee Indians, N. T.; John Shaw Gregory of Nebraska Territory to be agent for the Ponca Indians, N. T.; John F. Miller, of Oregon, to be agent for the Indians of the Willamette agency, Oregon.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE. Clearfield Bor.—Isaac Johnson, John W. Shugart, Jefferson Litz, Bartol Stump, Jas. L. Leavy.

Curwensville Bor.—Cortez Bloom, Jacob Faust, Henry Kerns, William Chambers, Abraham Gates.

Lumber City.—William Wright, James Crossly, Branson Davis.

New Washington.—Joseph McMurray, Joseph H. Breth, John M. Cummings, Bradford—S. P. Wilson, Ephraim Shirley, Alex. Forece, Thomas Riley.

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Bloom—Gainer Bloom, James Bloom, D. W. Chilson, John Cleaver.

Bell—Will Gilbert, Jacob Campbell, John Ross, jr., Henry McGhee, Robert Mehaffy.

Beccaria—Samuel Sheff, Geo. W. Caldwell, Wm. R. Dickinson.

Boggs—Charles Sloan, L. W. Munson, George Dimeling.

Brady—Dr. T. Jeff. Boyer, Lerer Fical, Esq., Wm. Schwem, John C. Reed, James C. Barrett.

Burnside—John King, jr., John Young, Jacob Breth, James McMurray, Fred Shepherd.

Covington—Patrick Hegarty, Solomon Maury, John J. Picard.

Chest—Henry Hurd, T. L. Dunbar, D. Gorman.

Decatur—Richard Hughes, Cyrenus Field, John Shaw, John A. Thompson, Cyrenus How.

Ferguson—James Straw, George E. Tubbs, Fox—James McClelland, N. M. Brockway.

Goshen—Thompson Reed, G. W. Gates, R. G. Shaw, J. L. Reems.

Graham—Edmund Dale, Levi Hubler, John Holt.

Girard—Alexander Livingston, M. L. Courtier.

Gueltch—John Jordan, John White-side, Benj. Stephens.

Huston—Martin Tyler, Hiram Woodward, Saml. Conoway.

Jordan—David McKeenan, Ferdinand Schoening, Jas. Patterson, jr.

Knox—D. E. Mokel, Lewis Erhart, William Witherow, B. S. Roberts.

Karthaus—John Gilliland, L. Hartline, John G. Hall.

Pike—Miles Welch, John Dunlap, R. Freeman, Darius Ritter, John Hancock.

Lawrence—Samuel Clyde, M. F. Wallace, William J. Hemphill, John A. Reed, Herman Rowles, John Dale.

Morris—Jerry McCartney, John J. Miller, Andrew Hunter, J. W. Stratford, John Hoover.

Penn—David T. Sharp, John H. Rowles, Elijah Moore, R. Danvers, jr., Thomas Hoover.

Union—Wm. L. Horn, P. H. Boeze, Henry Whitehead.

Woodward—Thomas Henderson, James Alexander, Robert Witherow.

The primary elections will be held on the 11th day of August, 1860, at the places where the General Elections is usually held, except the borough of Clearfield and Lawrence tp., which will be held in the Store room formerly occupied by Judge Shaw. The Committee will be careful in keeping a list of the voters and must compare with the tally. After the votes have been counted, the tally papers must be signed by a majority of the Committee, when one of the Committee will be appointed return-Judge, who will bring the tally paper and the list of votes, in their respective townships, and will meet in the borough of Clearfield, at the place of holding the election, on Tuesday, August 14th, 1860, to compare tally and declare the nominations.

By order of the Standing Committee, D. F. Etzweiler, Chairman.

County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of Wm. P. Chambers, of Curwensville, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

At the earnest solicitation of the undersigned, William G. Johnson, of Graham tp., has consented to have his name announced as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We have known Mr. Johnson for a number of years. He is an excellent man for the office, an old citizen of Morris before its division, and an unflinching Democrat; always supporting the party, and never asking office.

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Leon'd. Kyler sr., James Pretter, Jeremiah Hoover, George Hoover, Danl. Little, Geo. Beam, M. R. Denning, Andrew Hunter.

THE undersigned respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just received from the East, and opened his establishment in SPAFFS ROW Clearfield Pa. a fine assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY of different qualities, from a full set to a single piece, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices for CASH.

CLOCKS of every variety on hand, at the most reasonable prices.

ALL kinds of Clocks, Watches and Jewels carefully repaired and Warranted.

A continuance of patronage is solicited. Sept. 14th, 1859. H. F. NAUGLE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Scholtz late of Karthaus township, Clearfield co. Pa. ceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against same, will present them duly authenticated settlements.

June 18th, 1860. SUSAN SCHNAB, Administratrix.

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June 18th, 1860. SUSAN SCHNAB, Administratrix.

We are authorized to announce the name of John P. Dale of Pike tp., as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

Mr Editor: Please announce the name of Samuel C. Thompson of Morris tp. as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the nomination of the county convention. You will recollect he was a candidate last year for the nomination, and as there were several candidates, he thought it prudent to withdraw his name from the list. We have been acquainted with Mr. Thompson for a number of years—know him to be a worthy man for that office, an old citizen of Morris, and a sound Democrat, always supporting the party with pleasure.

MANY DEMOCRATS OF MORRIS.

We are authorized to announce the name of George J. Yoss of Brady Township as a candidate for County Commissioner subject to Democratic rules.

July 18th, 1860.

We are authorized to announce the name of Conrad Baker of Knox Township as a candidate for County Auditor, Subject to the rules of the County Convention.

July 18th 1860.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, row in the possession of James M. Leonard, to wit: 3 Horses and harness, 3 Cows, 7 head of young cattle, 7 Hogs and other property, as the same was purchased by us at Sheriff sale, and is only left with said Leonard on loan subject to our order.

July 18, '60.—3c. ROSS SHOTT & Co.

LOST, STOLEN OR STRAYED, from the subscriber on the 6th or 7th of July, a small black and tan rat Terrier bitch, answering to the name of Blossom, any person returning the same to F. Short of the short shoe shop Clearfield Borough, will be liberally rewarded by F. SHORT.

N.