[Continued from the first page.]

sace, has been called upon to encounter greater difficulties. The Utah rebellion, the Kansas embroglio, the filibustering expeditions against neighboring States, the outrages upon American rights by certain of the South American powers, and the indignities offered to our flag by the Navy of Great Britain, composed a complication of difficulties and entanglements which would have greatly embarrassed, if not overthrown, a President of ordinary experience and foresight. But Mr. Buchanan has shown himself equal to the emergency, and having determined upon his policy, he has pursued it calmly and firmly, regardless of the vile assaults of his old enemies, or the discussions, and deceptions, and slanders of former friends, until each and all of these vexed and dangerous subjects have been quietly, and, it is to be hoped, permanently disposed of. The rebellious Mormons have been brought to terms and the authority of the Government asserted over that unhappy Territory. The filibustering spirit has been justly rebuked and put to rest, and Gen. Walker stripped of the means of perpetrating fresh outrages upon the name and honor of our country. The right of search, a vexed and complicated question among the maritime nations, endangering their peace for more than a quarter of a century, has been honorably and finally settled, and that on American terms. The Kansas question, which has agitated the whole nation, incessantly, since 1854, in some form or other, has also been so far adjusted as to give comparative quiet to the country, and the most effective steps are being adopted to redress the wrongs inflicted upon us by the Government of Paraguay. When did an Administration achieve more in the same time, and what more could the most hopeful friends of the President anticipate? It is true that his policy on these several questions has been bitterly assailed, sometimes at the North and then at the South: constantly by all clases of the common enemy, and too often by men of his own political party; but already has the wisdom of his measures been vindicated, to a great extent, by happy results, which cannot fail to draw about him the emphatic support of the people. As Pennsylvanians I congratulate you on the success and proud career of the first Pennsylvania President. He has been faithful to his promises, and has maintained his high national reputation, showing himself in every exigency eminently the President, not of a section, but of the whole country. His prompt and effective action on the Utah and Kansas questions has given a signal blow to the spirit of sectionalism, fanaticism and rebellion. A better feeling will undoubtedly follow between the States and among the people. I blush for shame of the man who could so forget propriety and the respect due to his native State, as to regret that such a President was born in Pennsylvania. The possession of power may make lunatics; but it is more clear that disappointed ambition and vanity will drive a weak mind to madness.

But, after all, we are told that Mr. Buchanan's own State is to turn its back on him—to repudiate his policy and actions, and reject all his friends. Shall it be so, Democrats of Clarion? No, no, never—there is a hearty responce. Some people are talking very knowingly about the overthrow of the Democratic party at the coming election. I can see nothing to warrant the conclusion. You elected Judge Gillis to Congress with the understanding that he would support the Administration of Mr. Buchanan. He has redeemed his pledge faithfully; and will you repudiate him for that? No, no, never. We will have a State ticket in the field worthy of your confidence and support. Mr. Porter is a gentleman of high legal attainments and an unblemished personal character. He is entitled to your support for the Supreme Bench.—Wesley Frost is a true Democrat, and excellent citizen, and worthy of a far better office than that for which he is a candidate. [Applause.] Mr. B. retired amidst great applause.

### The Homicide at Fincastle, Virginia.

We stated a day or two ago that on Thursday, last, James McDowell, President of the Farmer's Bank of Fincastle, Va., was shot in his office by Henry W. Bowyer, a highly respectable and wealthy farmer of that county. A letter to the Richmond *Enquirer*, written, says:

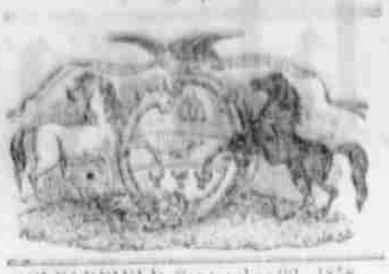
An exciting court was held to-day, which committed Mr. Bowyer for trial before the Circuit Court. The testimony before the examining court went to show that Mr. McDowell had seduced a weak-minded daughter of Mr. Bowyer's from her home, and furnished her with a way-bill and money to go North, where he would meet and provide for her comfort; that he had urged her to this course on the ground that he learned that some one intended to write an anonymous letter to her father acquainting him of their intimacy, &c., and that if her father found it out he would probably kill her. That five of Mr. Bowyer's servants had frequently carried notes from Mr. M. to Miss B.; that Mr. M. had frequently been seen prowling about the premises of Mr. B. late of evening, and that Miss B. had been seen on the same evenings sauntering in the same direction; that Miss. B. did leave home and was found by her brother, who went in pursuit, in the city of Baltimore, in a suspicious house. Mr. McDowell also left home a few days after Miss B. left and was absent some time. Mr. Bowyer brought his daughter from Baltimore, and placed her in charge of Dr. Stribbling, of the Western Lunatic Asylum, after which the shooting occurred, which resulted in the death of Mr. McDowell.

Mr. Bowyer is, in all respects, one of our very best citizens—remarkably courteous, in his intercourse with his neighbors, and peaceful in all his counsels.

CHILD POISONED.—A little child of Mr. Devee, of West Chester, about eight months old, died a few days since from the effects of poison. It had been playing with the printed cards issued by the Musical Union, and took to sucking them. They are colored, and contain arseniate of copper, a deadly poison—and the child swallowed sufficient to produce death. These cards have been extensively scattered, and are a favorite plaything with children, and the wonder is that more have not suffered. Many of childrens toys and candies are painted green and are poisonous. White enamelled visiting cards, and especially green cards, are polished, we understand, with poisonous compounds. Parents should be careful.

☞The Atlantic Telegraph Cable is not at present in working order.


# The Republican



CLEARFIELD September 22, 1858.


### Democratic State Ticket.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
**WILLIAM A. FORTER.**
OF PHILADELPHIA.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
**WESLEY FROST.**
OF FAYETTE CO.

### Democratic District Ticket.

CONGRESS,
**JAMES L. GILLIS,**
OF ELK COUNTY.

ASSEMBLY,
**T. J. BOYER,**
OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.
**WM P WILCOX,**
OF ELK COUNTY.

### Democratic County Ticket.

SHERIFF,
FREDERICK G. MILLER.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
ROBERT J. WALLACE.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM M'CRACKEN.
AUDITOR,
ISAAC W. GRAHAM.
CORONER,
GEORGE RICHARDS.

### HON. JAS. L. GILLIS.

This distinguished gentleman and sterling democratic congressman, who has been renominated by the Democracy of this congressional district, to represent them a second term in the National House of Representatives, paid our county a brief visit a few days ago. The Judge looks hale and vigorous, and is in fine spirits in regard to the prospects of his re-election, which may be regarded as a fixed fact, if the democracy turn out on election day, as they have done on former occasions, which they unquestionably will.

The opposition nominee for Congress, Mr. Hall, left here the same day Judge Gillis arrived, and the people of this place had a fine opportunity of contrasting the appearance of the rival candidates; and we have no hesitation in saying that the comparison was altogether in favor of the democratic nominee.

But we do not speak of this as being a matter of importance in the selection of a Congressman; although it cannot be denied that there is something in looks and still more in manners. But Judge GILLIS has sterling qualities both of head and heart, which eminently fit him for the place he now fills with so much solid ability. Besides he has in the experience of a long life, spent in the most active and stirring scenes, beginning with the war of 1812 and coming down to the present time, acquired a knowledge of our country, its character and its resources, and a familiarity with the principles and operations of our government, surpassed by very few men now in public life. He was one of the bravest and most enterprising of the early pioneers of his own "wild cat district," and is as familiar with its peculiarities, and as jealous of its honor as if he had been its guardian spirit for the last fifty years. And woe be to the pop-injay who dares to sneez in his presence at its peculiar productions, its worthy but rugged population, or its unassuming Representative; for the Judge although a man of few words, when he speaks, his language is always to the purpose—"per-cisely," as Gen. Ogle use to say. And his rebuke never fails to be as effective as it is unexpected. In person Judge GILLIS is noble and commanding, in manner pleasing and unostentatious, and in disposition warm hearted and generous; and few men have warmer friends than he. We predict for him a triumphant re-election in October next.

### CHAPIN HALL ESQ.

This gentleman who has received the *distinguished* honor of being nominated for congress in opposition to Hon. Jas. L. Gillis by the "Know nothing"-"Shanghai"-"Straightout"-"Republican"-"American-Republican"-"Anti-Lecompton"-"Peoples' whangdoodle party of this Congressional district, visited this place in the early part of this week, accompanied by Mr. Scofield of Warren, the place from which Mr. Hall hails. We are not prepared to say what impression Mr. H's appearance and conversation made upon those who saw and heard him while here. For ourself we can only say that we were introduced to him, were kindly taken by the hand, were much pleased with his affability, and consequently we have concluded, the next election if we shall so long live to vote for—James L. Gillis for Congress.

☞Our down town cotemporary seems to have taken offence at our saying that an informal meeting of the leaders of the opposition party of this county had taken place here some two or three weeks since. We regret that our neighbor misapprehended the purport of our remarks. We had no reference to any thing he told us in regard to the matter, and had entirely forgotten the fact of having made any inquiry of him, until reminded by his article. When he said he knew of no such meeting in contemplation, we believed him. When he says there was no such meeting we are still bound to believe him; but must assure him that his ignorance of a fact does not disprove it. That just such a meeting as we meant, took place, we have the best authority for believing, his assertion to the contrary notwithstanding.

### Forney Shows the Cloven Foot at Last.

The redoubtable John W. Forney who has for the last eight months been engaged in most bitterly reviling President Buchanan and every man whom he believed to be friendly to him or his administration, while he was at the same time professing to be a good democrat and *par excellence* the champion of popular sovereignty, has at last hoisted the piratical flag of treachery and disorganization; and may now be said to be sailing under his true colors. And dark as is his ensign, the man in the depth of his political degredation, seems to be proud of his own infamy. Not content with falsely charging upon Mr. Buchanan measures of tyranny and motives of dishonesty in his Kansas policy, he basely concocts and relates alleged private conversations which he professes to have had with the President in relation to his measures of national policy, in which he, (Mr. Buchanan,) talks to Mr. Forney about changing, and asks him (Forney) why he cant change too. The baseness of publishing private conversations is too generally admitted to need comment; but this miserable twaddle of Forney about the President, is too ridiculous not to be at once detected as a mere fabrication of Forney, with which to entertain his abolition audience at Tarrytown.

But the main fact to which we desire to call the attention of all good democrats who regard the great principles for which we have battled, for half a century, is the avowed intention of Forney to oppose the democratic organization, to the utmost. Here is his language:

"Wherever a Lecomptonite is trotted out, we will try to defeat him, *whether regularly nominated or not.*" Mark you, it makes no difference to the immaculate Forney, the man who *professes* to hold the will of the majority sacred, whether a candidate is fairly and honestly nominated by a majority of democratic votes or not. He is willing to "combine with any good man" to defeat that nominee, if he is a Lecomptonite, as he calls him. We regret that we are compelled to omit further extracts from his last harangue, as they portray most vividly the character of the renegade and the traitor in their author; and nothing further could be wanting to open the eyes of democrats to the desperate game Forney is playing; the stakes in which, it must be clear to every man, is the entire overthrow of the democratic party. Do those democrats who differ with the President upon Lecompton want to be sold to the Republican-abolition party of the country by such a man as Forney, and afterwards swallowed by it as the American party has been?

THE VALUE OF A NOSE.—A nose in itself, detached from a face, is apparently of very little value, and yet there are very few persons who would be willing to exchange their nose for all the ready cash in the vaults of a specie paying bank. A very clever story of a nose is told by Klopstock, the celebrated German author. A young follow was desperately enamored of a young lady, and his affection was reciprocated. She was worth twenty thousand thalers in her own right, while he was worth "nary red." For this reason her guardian objected to the match. In his desperation he consulted a crafty old Lawyer, who heard his story, and then told him he would put him through for a prospective fee, and he was as good as his word. He first asked the young lover if he would agree to take twenty thousand thalers *ros his nose?* To this the young fellow gave a decided nay. Old Foxy the Attorney then went to the Guardian, and told him that it was all a "hum" about his young friend being so poor, that to his certain knowledge he had one jewel alone for which he REFUSED twenty thousand thalers! This satisfied the Guardian, and the wedding came off. Of course when he got sight of the jewel he swore some.

Speaking of noses, and their positive and comparative value, read the affidavit of Mr. D. McCreary in to-day's paper. He has been so unfortunate as to lose his nose, but fortunate enough to get hold of LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER, which has not only saved the balance of his face, but actually prevented one of the most lingering, painful and horrible deaths imaginable. Read the affidavit.—The man is known, and the marks on his face attest the truth of his statement.

DR VAIL'S GALVANIC OIL has done more good, performed more cures, and relieved more pain, than any other medicine in the known world. It has cured a wonderful case of Spine Disease, in the person of Nancy Ann Martle, Troy, N. Y., and many others could be mentioned. *For sale by country Merchants generally.*

☞Each miner at Frazer river must procure a license which permits him to dig for gold three months. For this he pays twenty-one shillings (about five dollars our money.) A single claim is twelve feet square or one hundred and forty four square feet extending to low water mark. Sunday digging is not permitted.

### The Blair and Jones Controversy.

In a late number of the St. Louis *Republican*, we find a letter from Richard Taylor Jacob to William Carey Jones, relative to the late controversy between Mr. Jones and the Blairs, concerning the sentiments entertained by Mr. Benton, at the close of his life, towards President Buchanan and the policy of his administration. Our readers are aware that the Blairs sought to create the impression that Mr. Benton, on his death-bed, expressed his disapprobation of Mr. Buchanan's policy, especially in regard to Kansas affairs.—This Mr. Jones denied, and from this denial originated a correspondence between the parties, which is far from being creditable to either of the Blairs; while it bears especially against the character of Mr. Blair, Jr., and was probably one cause of the large majority of votes cast against him in the recent election in Missouri.—Mr. Jacob supports every statement made by Mr. Jones, and of course contradicts the assertions and insinuations of the Blairs. Mrs. Jacob was the only person present at the last interview between Messrs. Benton and Buchanan, which took place a short time before the death of the former, and, after stating that the interview was desired Mr. Benton, she thus describes what occurred:

"He took the President's hand in his, and said in clear tones, "Buchanan, we are friends: we *have* differed on many points, as you well know, but I always trusted in your integrity of purpose. I supported you in preference to Fremont, because he headed a sectional party whose success would have been the signal for disunion. I have known you long, and I knew you would honestly endeavor to do right. I have that faith in you now, but you must look to a Higher Power to support and guide you. We will soon meet in another world; I am going now, you will soon follow. My peace with God is made, my earthly affairs arranged; but I could not go without seeing you, and thanking you for your interest in my child." Much more was said that is too sacred to repeat.

Col. Benton was much exhausted, and Mr. Buchanan frequently urged him to spare himself. Mr Buchanan remarked to members of the family that nothing had ever given him greater pleasure. When Mrs. Jacob returned to her fathers room, he called her to him and said, "my child, you are a *witness* of what has passed this evening: think of it and *remember* it. I am glad Buchanan came; all is peace with me; and I can rest.

Mrs. Jacob and Mrs. Jones are daughters of Mr. Benton, and as Mr. Jacob is not a politician, but a plain, well-to-do Kentucky farmer, who lives near Clifton, in that State, it is hardly probable, that either himself or his wife could be induced to make or sanction any misrepresentations in this matter; and that their evidence, therefore, will decide the dispute in the public mind, against the Blairs, and convince every reasonable person, that they have shamelessly attempted to perpetrate a falsehood, respecting the last saying of a dying statesman of renown, in order to make a political capital for themselves.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

*YOUR TEETH.*
*TAKE CARE OF THEM!!*

DR. A. M. HILLS, desires to announce to his friends and patrons, that he is now devoting all of his time to operations in Dentistry. Those desiring his services will find him at his office, adjoining his residence at nearly all times, and always on **Fridays** and **Saturdays**, unless **Notice** to the contrary be given in the town papers the week previous.

N. B. All work warranted to be satisfactory.
Clearfield, Pa. Sept. 22nd, 1858.

**CAUTION!**

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or interfering with the following property, viz: One roan horse, one grey mare, one brindle cow, one two horse wagon, one fanning mill and one cooking stove, now in the possession of N. Verbeg, as the same belongs to me and is loaned only, and subject to my order.

M. B. CONAWAY.

Karthaus tp. Sept. 22nd, 1858. 4t

*NOTICE TO LUMBERMEN.*

The Alleghaney & Bald Eagle Railroad, Coal & Iron Company, will receive proposals until the 9th day of OCTOBER next for leasing their STEAM SAW MILL in Snowshoe township, for one or more years, at a stipulated price per thousand for sawing, or for a certain portion of the lumber sawed and stuck. Said Mill is located near the line of the above named Railroad, in the midst of a heavy lumber region owned by this Company, and is capable of cutting 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

By order of the board.
Sept. 22nd, 1858. JOHN T. HOOVER, Sec.

**CAUTION.**

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against buying, or in any way meddling with the following property, now in the possession of George Garis in Covington tp. viz: One roan mare, one cow, six hogs, one bull, one corner cupboard, one cooking stove, one bed and one lot of buckwheat, as the same belongs to me and is only left with said Garis on loan, subject to my order.

Sept. 22 1858. 6ms A. E. MILLER.

**CLOVER HULLERS!**

*THE Subscribers Take This Method Of Informing the FARMERS of Clearfield Co'y* that they manufacture, at their Shop in

MILHEIM, Centre Co. Pa.

the celebrated **Hunsecker Improved** premium *Clover Hullers.* These *Hullers* can be attached to any power, for either Two or Four Horses or Water Power in Mills. They are Warranted to to work well; and with good seed will clean from twentyfive to thirty bushels per day. Any person wishing to see one in operation, will please call with Mr. Wm. A. Reed, Farmer, three miles east of Curwensville, who purchased and one in use last season. Machines will be delivered to Curwensville if desired. For furt her particulars inquire of Wm. A. Reed, Clearfield P. O. or the subscribers. Orders promptly attended to.

S. & S. HAUPT.

Millheim, Centre co. Pa. Sept. 22nd, 1858. 2m

**CAUTION.**

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against meddling with the following property now in the possession of Isaac Zartman, viz: one cow, six sheep, two hogs, nine pigs, one lot of hay in the mow, one third of seven acres of buckwheat, and half an acre of turnips in the ground, one half raft of timber in the woods, one stove, one settee, two beds and the balance of the household furniture, as the same has been purchased by me, and is left with him on loan only, subject to my order.

S. R. LOBAUGH.

Aug. 26, '58.—3t.pd.

*STOVES, STOVES!*

**INDUSTRIAL STOVE WORKS.**
**No. 33. North Second Street,**
Opposite Christ Church, Philadelphia.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the store, at No. 33, *NORTH SECOND STREET*, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends.

He has now on hand a splendid assortment of **Parlor, Hall, Office, Store and Cooking**

**STOVES,**

of the latest and most approved kinds, at wholesale and retail. WM. C. NEMAN,
No. 33, North Second Street, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Your particular attention is invited to MEGHEE'S PATENT GAS BURNING WARMING AND VENTILATING STOVES, for Parlors, Offices, Stores, Halls, Cars, &c., which for economy, purity of air, and ease of management has no equal. W. C. N.

☞Old Castings for all kinds of Stoves, on hand.

September 22, 1858.-3mo.

THE GREAT PURIFIER!—
THE WORLD CHALLENGED!—
☞TO PRODUCE ITS EQUAL!
☞THE BLOOD SEARCHER
☞GLORIOUSLY TRIUMPHANT!

Sworn statement of David McCreary, of Napier township Bedford county:

In April, 1856, as near as I can remember, a small pimple made its appearance on my upper lip, which soon became enlarged and sore. I used poultices of sorrel, and a wash of blue vitriol, without effect. Finding the sore extending, I called on Dr. Ely, of Schellsburg, who pronounced it CANCER, and prescribed a wash of sugar of lead, and bread poultices. Finding these remedies of no avail I called on Dr. Shaffer, of Davidsville, Somerset county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and gave me internal and external remedies—the latter consisting principally caustic; but all to no purpose, as the disease continued spreading toward the nose. I next used a preparation of arsenic in the form of salve. This for a time checked the disease, but the inflamation soon increased. I next called on Dr. Statler of St. Clairsville, Bedford county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and applied a salve said to be a never failing remedy, but it had no effect whatever in checking the spread of the sore. In December of the same year, the disease had eaten away greater part of my upper lip, and had attacked the nose, when I went to Cincinnatti, where I consulted Prof. R. S. Newton, of the Eclectic Medical College. He pronounced the disease "a cutaneous Cancer, superinduced by an inordinate use of mercury." He applied mild zinc ointment, and gave me internal remedies. My face healed up, but the inflamation was not thoroughly removed. In February, 1857, he pronounced me cured, and I left for home. In April the disease again returned and so violent was the pain that I could not rest at night. Late in May I returned to Cincinnati, and again placed myself under the charge of Dr. Newton, with whom I remained until September, during which time he used every known remedy, and partly succeeded in checking the disease, but when I returned home there were three discharging ulcers upon my face. I continued using Newton's preparations, and also medicine that I got from Dr. Ely, but the Cancer continued growing until it had *eat off the left side of my nose, the greater portion of my left cheek, and had attacked my left eye.* I had given up all hope of ever being cured, since Dr. Ely said he could only give relief: but that a cure was impossible. In March, 1858 I bought a bottle of "Blood Searcher;" but I must confess that I had no faith in it. I was very weak when I commenced taking it, but I found that I gained strength day by day, and also that the ulcers commenced drying up. I continued, and when the third bottle was taken my face was healed as if by a miracle. I used a fourth bottle, and I have been healthier since than I have been for the last seven years. Although my face is sadly disfigured, I am still grateful to a benign Providence who has spared my life, and while that has been done all through the instrumentality of LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER. DAVID McCREARY.

Sworn and subscribed, this 31st day of August A. D. 1858, before me, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the Borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pa.

Witness—U. J. Jones. JOHN CORLEY, J. P.

NEW EVIDENCE.

Being afflicted with a grevious Tetter on the arms and face—after trying many remedies which utterly failed to cure—I was persuaded by W. M. Barr & Co., to try Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher and now, six weeks after finishing the *second bottle*, pronounce myself cured.

The tetter broke out, something over a year ago, on the inside of my arms, extending from the elbows down to the wrists: also, on my face, immediately round the mouth and chin, and continued to be a perfect torment to me until cured by the Blood Searcher. My arms, at times, were almost useless, owing to the cracks and sores on them, liable to bleed at any time on the least exertion to lift or work, and sometimes so itchy that I could scarcely prevent tearing off my flesh. I have now been cured six weeks, and feel it due to Mr. Lindsey, and to the public generally, to make this statement, in hope that others like myself may be benefitted by using his valuable medicine.

her
JANE ✕ WILSON.
mark.

Sworn and subscribed before me, one of the Aldermen in and for the City of Pittsburg, this 28th day of July, A. D. 1858.

AND. McMASTER, Alderman.

September 22, 1858.-6mo.

**MOUNT VERNON HOTEL,**
**No. 117 & 119 2nd St. above Arch.**
PHILADELPHIA.

A. M. HOPKINS takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally, that he has just RE-OPENED the above well known Hotel, and re-fitted it in a style suitable to the age, and the wants of the travelling public. Mr. H. has had a large experience in hotel keeping, he has no hesitation in saying that his guests will find his house a pleasant and desirable stopping place.

Of the eligible location of this Hotel for persons visiting the City, either on

*ON BUSINESS OR PLEASURE,*

it is deemed altogether unnecessary to speak, as no Hotel in Philadelphia is better known than the "*Old Mount Vernon.*"

By close attention to the wants of his customers Mr. H. hopes to deserve a share of public patronage.

N. B. His terms per day has been fixed at the low rate of $1.25.

Sept 22nd, 1858. 1 yr.

*ORPHANS COURT SALE.*

BY VIRTUE OF an order of sale issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county there will be exposed to public sale at the House of Jacob Baumgardner in GLEN HOPE, on TUESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of OCTOBER next, All the interest of LYMAN MILES late of Beccaria tp. dec'd, in and to the following described real estate, situated in Beccaria tp. Clearfield county, bounded by lands of Samuel K. Hegarty on the east, Anson S. Curry on the south, Robert M'Cracken on the west, and the "Maine company" on the north, containing about FIFTY ACRES—about TWENTYFIVE of which are cleared and under cultivation, and having thereon erected a small HOUSE & BARN and out buildings. Sale to commence at o'clock P. M. of said day. Terms—One half the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the other half in one year thereafter with interest.

GEO. B. GAYLER,
R. N. HEGARTY,
Adm'rs of Estate of Lyman Miles dec'd.

Sept. 8th, 1858. ts.

☞Blanks for sale at this Office.

**DENTAL CARD.**

A. M. SMITH offers his professional services to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Phillipsburg and vicinity. All operations performed with neatness and despatch. Being familiar with all the late improvements, he is prepared to make **Artificial Teeth** in the best manner. Office in Shaw's new row.

Sept. 8th, 1858. 1yr.

**SHERIFF.**

*To the Independent Voters of Clearfield County.*

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having always thought that a **CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF** ought to run Independent of all party nominations, I therefore offer myself as a candidate, with a promise if elected, to discharge the duties with fidelity.

JAMES IRWIN Jr.

Lawrence tp. Sept. 7th, 1858. te.

**ASSEMBLY.**

I offer myself to the voters of the District composed of Jefferson, Elk, M'Kean and Clearfield counties, as a

**CANDIDATE** for the **LEGISLATURE**, and promise, if elected, to faithfully represent my constituents.

MICHAEL A. FRANK.

Clearfield, Sept. 7th 1858. te.

*"Thick Darkness covers the Earth,*
*And Gross Darkness the People."*

*COUNTRY MERCHANTS,*

**And all Others, Will take Notice!**

That they can supply themselves, in any quantities with

**JONES' FAR FAMED,**

PATENT, NON-EXPLOSIVE KEROSENE, or

*COAL OIL LAMPS,*

At the wholesale and retail "Head Quarters," 38, South SECOND St., PHILADELPHIA.

The *only place* where exclusive Agencies can be obtained for the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

These lamps give a light equal in intensity of flame, and similar in appearance to Gas, and are claimed to be superior to all other portable lights now in use. No fear of explosion—No offensive odor—No smoke—Very easily trimmed—As easily regulated as a Gas light—Can be adapted to all purposes—And better than all for a poor man, are 50 per cent cheaper than any other portable light now in common use.

*Sole Agency also, for*

KNAPP'S Patent Rosin and Coal Oil

**LAMPS.**

☞Lamps, Oils, Wicks, Shades, and every article in the line.

S. F. SOUTHLAND, Agent,
No 38 South Second Street, Philad'a.

Sept. 8th, 1858. 3t.

**5,000 Acres**

*Of Valuable*
*TIMBER LAND*
**At Private Sale.**

THE Subscribers offer at private sale a large body of the most valuable TIMBER LANDS in the state; comprising about Five Thousand Acres, surveyed and warranted as follows, viz: No. 5066, containing 990 acres; no. 5067, containing 883 acres; surveyed in the name of Wm. Powers and no. 5675, containing 1041 acres; no. 5674, containing 1041 acres, no. 5675, containing 1041 acres surveyed in the name of Moore & Delany.

These lands are situated on Bennett's Branch of Sinnemahoning Creek, in Huston tp. Clearfield county Pa; and are within a few miles of the route of the

**Sunbury & Erie Railroad**

which is now being finished to completion. They are heavily timbered, being covered with a thick growth of Hickory, Beech, White Oak with a large proportion of the best of

**WHITE PINE;**

and have been pronounced by competent judges equal to any timber lands in Clearfield county. They are favorably situated for operating upon Bennett's Branch of Sinnemahoning Creek, a public HIGHWAY, and NAVIGABLE stream upon which large quantities of timber are annually carried to market.

The character of these lands is well known to persons acquainted with the lumber region of Clearfield and Elk counties, and persons examining them will find that the description given above, instead of exaggerating, fails far short of pointing out all their advantages to the Lumberman, the Speculator, or the Capitalist.

They will be sold on *REASONABLE TERMS*, either in a body, or separately in sections to suit purchasers.

APPLICATION to be made to
JOHN A. OTTO,
Barry Post Office, Skuylkill Co. Pa.
RODE OTTO, or
S. A. FILBERT,
Reading, Pa.

Sept. 8th, 1858.

**CAUTION.**

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my wife Sophia on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

AUG. WEITMAN.

Sept. 15th, 1858. 3t.


**LEGAL NOTICE.**

JAMES B. ENGLAND, GEORGE B. SMITH, et. al. vs. W. W. FLEMING. } *In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County. No 54 Nov. Term, 18*

Summons in Ejectment for 80 acres of land in Pike township, Clearfield county, part of No. 3013, bounded north & east by the Erie turnpike west by Wm. M'Naul, south by residue of No. 3013, to compel payment of purchase money.

And now, Nov. 20th, 1857, on motion of W. A. Wallace, Pl'ff's Att'y, the Court order a rule on Defendant to appear and plead in this case or Judgment will be rendered for want of an appearance. By the Court:

2 mos. GEO. WALTERS, *Prothy.*

**SHERIFF SALE.**

BY virtue of a certain writ of Ven. *Exponas* issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield on Thursday the 4th day of September 1858, the following described property, viz: A certain tract of land, situate in Ferguson township, beginning at a beech corner, thence by lands of T. B. Davis N. 40 W. 100 per. to a post thence by lands of John Ferguson S. 69 W. 75 per. to a post, thence by lands of Bloom S. 21 E. 29 per. to a hickory, thence by lands of Mathias Slough S. 40 E. 148 per. to a Ironwood, thence N. 50 E. 72 per. to place of beginning, containing one hundred acres, more or less about forty acres cleared and a log house, barn and blacksmith shop thereon erected. Also a certain other tract of land, beginning at a sugar, thence by lands of M. Bloom S. 40 E. 100 per. to a beech, thence by lands of John Ferguson N. 21 W. 100 per. to a beech, thence by lands of Wm. P. M'Cloy N. 60 W. 10 per. to a hickory, thence S. 50 W. 42 per. to place of beginning containing sixteen and one half acres; the same being the same premises conveyed by T. B. Davis as per deed recorded in Deed Book M. page 27 to Andrew Davis. Taken in Execution and to be sold as the property of Andrew Davis.

J. R. REED, *Sheff.*

Sept. 14th, 1858. ts.