ciency in their general direction. For the last year, however, this law was strictly carried out on some of the divisions, and it is sincorely desired that hereafter the practice may be extended to all.

I need not discuss the consequences of the custom of making debts on the public works--- its errors are too palpable to need refutation by argument; and I shall only epeat what I substantially said to the General Assembly on a former occasion, that in addition to the opportunity is affarded for extortion off the State; if not actual fraud upon the freasury, the idea that officers, for the time being, should be allowed to scatter the credit of the Commonwealth brondcasts to be discovered and re-Number 1. deemed, at some future period; by their successors, is a monstrosity in the economy of public affairs.

There seems to bassome plausibility, if not actual truth, in the allegation, that the Stato's management of these works is ex-

It will thus appear that the floating lia. the year 1855, a bet profit equal to the in- an ample reward from these new relations tions, and these only, that we can look for redical above of affect the theory of the profit equal to the init will inus appear that the honting has the year 1990, a net profit equal to no in- an ample reward from these new relations tions, and these only, that we can look for country excountingly different has always de-bilities are \$177,661 15 less than when I torest on twenty-two millions or more of of trade. Indeed, on this point, the large arguments to sustain the idea that the state origed has of the boreft of ornerion of a frade. assumed the duties of my present station. the public debt. It should be remarked that floating dubt, It should be remarked that floating dubt, It should be remarked that floating dubt, there is unavoidable, and has not been so small ference to his report, that should the new five if it does not force upon up the series of states of the series of the series of the second by some deliver of the secon forme. A building of unpaid appropriations engineer, nowever, as will appear on re- for years past, ine means of supply, justi- nave no doubt; out it is not so great as contain. This billing, practice has not it is unavoidable, and has not been so small ference to his report, that should the ne- fies, if it does not force upon us the con- tions of our own works are not well man. Normal schools for the eduction of angineer. cessary means be promptly furnished, the cluson, that as soon as boats can be con- tions of our own works are now well man. Normal schools for the education of engior many years, as at present. During the years 1852 and '53, the fol- entire line could be finished during the structed, and proper business connexions aged, and it is hoped and believed that neers and supervisors to take charge of buing no years to a and oo, no to pentre me courd of mission during no structed, and proper business connexions aged, and it is noped and believed that due to supervisors to take charge of other improvements. This instability re-Howing appropriations and payments have coming year. In grading for a double formed, this canal will be patronized up such changes can be made in the system of other improvements. I us instability te-been made towards the construction of track is finished with the exception of four to its full capacity. A glance at the vast direction now practised by the state, as to suits from the recognition of places on the been made towards the construction of track is finished with the exception of four to its full capacity. A glance at the vast direction now practised by the state, as to suits from the recognition of four to its full capacity. A glance at the vast direction now practised by the state, as to suits from the recognition of four to its full capacity. A glance at the vast direction now practised by the state, as political offices, instead But the main question will be the mini- of scientific and mechanical work-shops:

value of the ond thack. The engineer all the facilities offered by the New York ca-so estimates the annual saving, as compa-red with the expenditures on the old road, that country, must satisfy the most scepti-on a business count to that of 1852, at two clease to the value and importance of this barrents difference to the incurse barrents difference to the incurse of this barrents difference to the incurse barrents dincurse difference to the incurse barrents dif ly to the future, and can only be anticipa. government ; but it must be conceded that ey, in competition with the creatures of government and the efforts of individuals,

For the year 1852 and 1853, the net was not contemplated as an office in the receipts may be put down as equal to the organic law of the State; and hence, it is The expediency of selling the public annual interest upon about fifteen millions not strange, that the principles proper for works has been a topic of discussion in of the public debt; and I am inclined to one do not apply usefully to the other. Viewed in every aspect, it must be con-fessed that this branch of the public affairs the press of the State for some months believe that without any increase of trade What, I would inquire, would be the con-the General Assembly, or intending the fits for the ensuing year may be estimated sylvania milroad and other similar works slightest discourtesy to the people's agents at a sum equal to the interest on seven-were they required to change their engito whom the management of this branch teen or eighteen millions of the debt, and neers and superintendents, at short periof public affairs has been confided, I have that the completion of the road over the ods, and bring strangers into their employ? deemed it my duty to discuss some of the mountains, or relief in some other way The answer may be readily discovered in considerations incident to and growing out from the leeching demands of that portion the State's experience. I have long been of our improvements, will see the net re- of opinion that in reference to all the subof the proposition. Indeed, it would be unreasonable to as-venues from this source, swelled to a sum ordinates of the Canal Commissioners, sume either the affirmative or negative of equal to the interest upon twenty-two mil- changes should not be periodical and prefixed, but should be made as demanded

the question, and expect to be properly un- lions of the state bonds. If it be desirable to sell the public works by the exigencies of the public service,-In addition to these extraordinary expension see no mode of doing this except by the derstood, without some explanation as to we should not underate their importance, The delinquent in any one of the obliganor is it just to disparage the wisdom of tions of duty should be dismissed at once their founders. We are prone to murmer and the only guaranty of continued employ-It is fair to presume that those who adagainst the policy that dictated their con- ment should be found in the superiority of vocate the affirmative have distinct ideas as to what the price should be, and that struction, because of the debt we have thus the services rendered the State. All othunless such consideration can be realized incurred, and yet, if the proposition were er rules for appointment and dismissal submitted to cancel this liability by their should be speedily obliterated from the they would not agree to sell. The first inquiry therefore is, why destruction or disuse, we should be com- system. The present practice deprives the State, to a great extent, of the benefit of that incentive to excel, which actuates ould these works be sold ? The answer pelled to reject it. At the time of my induction into office, Rogers' geological survey \$16,000; for data which I could properly consult as to usually given is, that the measure is ne-the liabilities of the State were as follows, the preparation of registration books \$12,-the policy of the measure, I found that the cessary to reduce the State debt and to the preparation of registration books \$12, the policy of the measure, I found that the usually given is, that the measure is not state adoption, this policy of that incentive to excel, which actuates the preparation of registration books \$12, the policy of the measure, I found that the usually given is, that the debt and to was necessary and proper. Avenues of all men whese character, position and 190 19; to the Sugar Valley and Deer total cost of a single track was estimated to be poorted from treation. There is the total cost of a single track was estimated to be poorted from treation. At the time of its adoption, this pulicy total cost of a single track was estimated cessary to reduce the plate upper and to was necessary and proper. Avenues of all men whese character, position and at \$1,015,000. The materials on the old relieve the people from taxation. These this kind through the body of the State, to emoluments were at stake. Of course Creek Turnpiko Company \$8,000. It will readily be perceived, therefore, road were valued at \$248,650, which, have no doubt they will, receive your ear-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriations previous-that should the appropriations hereafter be together with the appropriation previous to hereafter be together with the appropriation hereafter be together with the appropriation hereafter be together with the appropriation to hereafter be together with the appropriation to hereafter be together with the appropriation hereafter be together with the appropriation to hereafter be together with the appropriation hereafter be together with the appropriation hereafter be togethered to hereafter be togethered togethered to hereafter be togethered to hereafter be togethered togethered to hereafter be togethered toge confined strictly to the ordinary expenses by made, reduced the amount to be provi-650,463.00 of government, we shall have an annual ded to complete the work to the meagre surplus revenue exceeding one million of sum of \$591,350. With these calculaliquidated by the sale be less than the nett stop or clog these, in either case, would agent efficient in the construction and reprofits arising from the works, then it produce stugnation and ultimate destruc- pair of railroads and canals, to foreaeo exigencies and give harmonious direction to With reference to the abstract ques- the current operations of this complicated would be false economy to sell. In that tion. 204,680 20 doubted. The importance of such econo-ency and economy of the measure. But the the measure would not be one of retion of a sale, I may say, that under no branch of public service. In short, the circumstances should we catertain the management wants the application of bus-And what reason is there to suppose that proposition to part with the public works iness organization and principles. A sysconsequent relief of the people from taxa- vious errors in the estimates, has changed Aut what reason is mere to suppose that proposition to part with the public works iness organization and principles. A system of suppose the entire aspect of this enterprise. The more can be obtained? Capitalists, it will by the creation of a joint stock company, tem of books should supplant the use of tion for state purposes, is too manifest for the entire aspect of this enterprise. The more can be obtained : Capitalists, it will by the creation of a joint stock company, tem of books should supplant the use of as heretofore repeatedly proposed, by check rolls, and the operations be so systement. Enterthining these views, I sum of \$650,000 has been appropriated be conceded, when weighing the question of a heretofore repeatedly proposed, by check rolls, and the operations be so systement. Enterthining these views, I since that time, and over six hundred a purchase, will make the nett profits on which the Commonwealth is to remain a tematized that the receipts and expendithousand dollars is still required with the their investments the basis of all their cal- large shareholder, but the direction to be tures of each month, as the season passes chemes of improvement by the state. Inousand domars is still required with the men investments the basis of an their cat-The operations on the public works for value of the old road, to bring the line into culations. They will look at the past op-in the hands of individuals or corporations by, could be announced to the public. orations of these works, in connexion with associated with her in the ownership. I Confusion, obscurity and redundency ise. The estimated cost of completing the their prospects in the future-carefully have always regarded this as a nost dan- in our annual volume of laws-vexations **841,004,457 48** nett revenue. The aggregate amount of North Branch canal, at the period already bearing on their real value; and, it is osition to sell be seriously entertained, un the usurpation of nower and consequent business was larger by twenty per cent, named, was \$1/2,000. One million of ocartog on their teat value, and is osition to sen be seriously entertained, on- the usurpation of power and consequent than that of any former year, and the gross dollars has since been paid, and a sum scarcely necessary to remark, will only der the present condition of the money strivings and litigation, are, in my opinion that of any former year, and the gross dollars has since been paid, and a sum scarcely necessary to remark, will only der the present condition of the money strivings and litigation, are, in my opinion than that of any former year, and the gross dollars has since been paid, and a sum scaledy necessary to remark, will only acr the present condition of the iden of the legitimate fruits of our system of spe-receipts amounted to the sum of \$1,932, exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand the best of the harmin. In attemption to the hermine to thermine to the hermine to the hermin receipts amounted to the sum of \$1,932, exceeding one hundred and hity mousand buy when perfectly satisfied that they market, it should be based on the legitimate fruits of our system of spe-495 33, being an excess of but \$35,683, dollars is still required to pay for its com- the best of the bargain. In attempting to a bona fide sale, for a full compensation cial and omnibus legislation. Indeed, the 495 33, being an excess of but \$35,683,- dollars is suit required to pay for its com- the bargain. In an empiring to a nona nue suit, for a full compensation cial and omnibus legislation. Indeed, the 91 over the receipts of 1852. This in- pletion. With such unexpected demands determine the question of value, it will be in exchange for the bonds of the State, truth of these propositions is too palpable 91 over the receipts of 1852. This in pletton, with such unexpected demands determine the question of value, it will be in exchange for the bonds of the state, truth of these propositions is too palpable perceived, therefore, that the inquiries, ex- and under such salutary reservations and to admit of argument. It is manifested in crease of tonage without a corresponding upon the treasury, within the short space perceived, therefore, that the inquiries, ex- and under such salutary reservations and to admit of argument. It is manifested in crease of receipts is the consequence of of two years, it would not be unreasonable aminations and motives of buyers and selmay demand. But it is urged by many that the State's has been forced into the humiliating posi-782,222 47 a very great reduction in the rate of tolls, to expect an increase of the liabilities of lors, must necessarily be identical. competition on the value of these works; system of managing the public works is tion of becoming a litigant against herown a measure in the opinion of the Canal the State; but it is alike gratifying and assusceptible of improvement-that much creatures. Its demoralizing influence is Commissioners, demanded by public poli- tonishing to know that this has not occur. can be done by judicious reforms to aug- marked and admitted on all hands and the inroads which may be made by science The Junction canal, extending from the and mechanic arts on every description ment the receipts to the treasury, and fa- imperiously demands an efficient remedy, New York line to Elmira, will be ready of transportation facilities now in existence; six per cent, bonds, we have a saving of to the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, of human structures, and the propriety of live law. it may not be deemed officious ave at the cost of the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, of human structures, and the propriety of live law. ciliate the business of transportation; and That the present General Assumbly may six per cent, bonds, we have a saving of ed to the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, of human structures, and the propriety of two law, it may not be deemed officious axe at the root of the evil, and marking ed to the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, of human structures, and the propriety of two law, it may not be deemed officious axe at the root of the evil, and marking ed to the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, of human structures, and the propriety of two law, it may not be deemed officious axe at the root of the evil, and marking ed to the sum of \$1,177,742.75, leaving Athens, a distance of ninety-three miles, a not balance of \$754,752.58; but as has been completed. The only unfinished simplifying the duties of government, must on 'my' part to make suggestions on the the area of '10 find the evil, and marking a nott balance of \$754,752.58; but as has been completed. 20,000 dollars annually to the treasury, a not balance of \$754,752,58; but as has been completed. The only unfinished simplifying the duties of government, must on my part to make suggestions on the the era of its final termination, is my sinthis sum does not include any notion of part of the work has between Attents and consultation, manny the considerations in la-the cost of new locomotive engines and the State line, a space of about two and a vor of a seperation between the State and -pxiction from the people, and constitute a of the proper proportion of these will leave delayed by an enormal commis-substantial addition to the sinking fund.-in the sum of \$704,752 58 as the actual sioners and the Junction profits to the treasury, predicted upon the materials, and the interdiction by target to the sum of the On the other hand will be presented duction into office, I advocated the policy entirely dissimilar in their characteristics the erection of farm bridges, the deduction half miles, the construction of which was her improvements. vast and varied resources, and the influ- public works, and mude utlusion to other mented offect of this mode of legislation, The receipts and expenditures and gen- canal company for its completion. But ence of these apon the transportation with- radical defects in the system, which could has been to facilitate the passage of bills eral operations on the Columbia railroad even this section, I am assured, will be in her limits; the increasing demand for scarcely be reached by the Canal Board. through the General Assembly, and to se-facilities to transmit her products to mar. To some of these I shall now briefly al- curo the sanction of the Executive without The floating liabilities and current de-mands upon the Treasury, at the period I have indicated, were as follows : ed supply of her great staples of coal and In the first place, it is impossible to avoid to a clear comprehension of their true imsions of the canal they are tolerable; but tween the Chesapeake bay and the northiron, and their proximity to her works at the creation of debts, if the appropriations port. In illustration of the difficulties on the Allegheny Portage, railroad, the eralakes, The struggle for this achievement all points; the enlarged products of agri- be insufficient to meet unavoidable expen- which the practice imposes upon this tory. The system of management nora- iy a quarter at a century. Dut the tri- all pointer the emilinged products of agri- be insufficient to meet unavoidable expen- which the practice, imposes upon this to determine the business of transportation branch of the government, it is only method business of transportation branch of the government, it is only method business of transportation branch of the government, it is only method business. condition of affairs is entirely unsatisfic- has been long and arduous, covering neartolore practised on that complicated and umpnus suit a brittant one, and must be culture, and the rich variety of manufac- ditires. The business of transportation branch of the government, it is only ne-difficut work, would scem to demand a cause of gratification to the people of the tures, so rapidly multiplying in every part and travel on these highways must be cossary to state, that within two days pretory. The system of management here. Iy a quarter of a century. But the tribusiness, with ages of duration before it, not. These circumstances have defeated Legislature, no less than one hundred and \$381,752 15 speedy and radical change. But the exe-\$381,752 15 speedy and radical change. But the exe-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they, now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 00 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398,000 cullive under the laws as they now arg, ha-\$398 which no human agency can disturb, and to some extent, the administration of the six bills were presented for Exceptive conwhich must contribute at all times a fair law of May; 1852, requiring cash pay- sideration, containing three hundred and income to the government. In addition to ments and prompt settlements by the olip- thirty-four different subjects. Sonto di 5 should have the explanation of the datails its final consummation may be mainly at these considerations against a sale may of the system is sole of the early part of next senson, and during presented for the creation of a number of the transcribed title, while subjects, who have charge of the sole succeeding year. Pennsylvania will corporations, having a community of in-that with the necessary charges in the system is sole of fraternal af-

Republican. bers of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly: GENTLEMEN: — A beneficent Providence has favored the people of our Common-wealth with a high degree of health and general prosperity during the year just closed, and with many other causes of A WEEKLY PAPER: DEVOTED TO LITERATURE, AGRICULTURE, MORALITY, AND FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

tem of management, the public improve- fection-the assurance of political fidelity, ready in existence, and the danger of thus ments can be made to yield a very hand- and the blessings of an extended commerce, inducing the organization of a controlling

some revenue to the treasury ; indeed, c. in the shape of inland vessels, freighted power in the Commonwealth ven for the last year, had the expenses on with her richest minerals, and receive, as But it is said that companies can manthe mountain division been confined to a she certainly will be offered, from the vast age these works with greater skill and e- pensive and inefficient; and yet it is not reasonable sum, the net revenues would vallies of the Empire State, now teening conomy than the state, and for that rea- clear to my mind; that treated as a mere have reached near one million of dollars. with wealth in all its variety, assurances son they would be most valuable in the business affair, her supervision would not Relieved from these absorbing demands by of full reciprocity, in affection, fidelity and hands of the former, and that the state can be as cheap and efficient as that of corpothe construction of the new road, or in commerce. And in due time the coffers realize this difference by a sale. It must rations and individuals. But the instabilsome other way, and we shall realize, by of the State, I am confident, will receive be confessed that it is to these considera- ity of her agencies renders accuracy and

single track, is estimated at six hundred coal, for every imaginable purpose, domes- mum price that will be fixed on these im-8355,500 00 and five thousand dollars, in addition to the tic, mechanical and manufacturing, and at provements; and the proper disposition of the old track. The environment of the old track of the old track. value of the old track. The engineer al. the facilities offered by the New York ca. this, it must be readily seen, will demand and republicant and should nover be dis

on a business equal to that of 1852, at two cle as to the value and importance of this honestly differ, for the issue belongs main-

also states that the road between plane No. I congratulate you, therefore, upon the ted from the results of the past. To these 52,380 41 will cost about eight hundred thousand be thus profitable to the State, and bene-dollars less than the Pennsylvania railroad ficial to the people.

80,000 00

From the foregoing figures it is appahave exceeded our most sanguine expectations, yielding over a million of dollars whilst, on the other hand, the mpintenannually above the ordinary charges and ance of the old road, at a cost of four hunmain in the treasury to meet the interest expenses; and showing, that if no new dred and fifty thousand dollars per animprovements had been in progress, two num, is quite out of the question. Its ex-millions at least of the public debt could hausting domands on the treasury must be have been paid during the last two years. speedily obviated, and for my part I can

that the treasury will have the ability, du- ditures, there was paid out of the treasu- completion of the new road. that no treasury with have the domey, du ditures, there was paid out of the treasure competition in assumed the duties of my ring the coming year, to redeem the en-ring the coming year, to redeem the en-tire amount of the temporary loans now laws passed prior to 1852 : for the State present station, I found this work in pro-tice amount of the temporary loans now laws passed prior to 1852 : for the State present station, I found this work in protire amount of the temporary loads not laws passed prior to 1052; for the State present stated, i house the western slope gress of construction; the western slope lication of the Pennsylvania Archives and up to the summit having been placed un-lication of the Pennsylvania Archives and up to the summit having been placed un-drafts should be made upon it, without Colonial Records, \$23,163,52; for the der contract during the summer of 1851. provision being first made for their pay- improvement of the State Penitentiaries, On referring to the reports of the Canal \$35,000; for the publication of Professor Commissioners and the engineer, the only

GOVEBNOB'S MESSAGE.

To the Honorable the Senators and Mem. bers of the House of Representatives of

closed, and with many other causes of pleasure and gratitude. Humbly acknowledging these blessings, let us ask His divine direction in the discharge of our official obligations.

A Coli Sector Se

It affords me unaffected delight to welcome the representatives of the people to the seat of government, and rely for a time, upon the aid of their combined wisdom in the administration of public affairs ;

as it is also a grateful task to perform the Railroad & constitutional injunction that requires the canal debts \$327,734 00 executive to "communicate to the Gener-Tempo'ry al Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth," and make such suggesloans Uupaid aptions and recommendations as the welfare propriations 305,695 00 of the people and the exigencies of the

times may seem to demand; and to the discharge of this obligation I now proceed.

Difference between the The receipts at the treasury for the year 1853, exclusive of loans, and including the actual balance in the treasury on the first day of December, 1852 (being \$671,-037 72,) amounted to the sum of \$5,952,

less than the receipts. Of this excess, for many years, as at present. 505,057 55 was paid to the Commission-

ers of the Sinking Fund, and \$589,000 towards the payment of old debts and the construction of new work on the North new improvements : Branch canal and Portage railroad, being For re-laying the north part of the temporary loans authorised by the act of the ninotcenth of April last; which together with the balance in the For the construction of treasury applicable to the redemption of outstanding loans, reduces the actual balance on the first day of December last, to the sum of about six hundred and twentyfive thousand dollars, to be used in the payment of the February interest.

The receipts for the year 1854, including the balance in the treasury on the 1st of December, 1853, may, in my opinion, be safely estimated at \$5,846,417 34.

The expenditures for the same period, including \$250,000 for the payment of old debts on the public works, and \$300,-000 for the sinking fund, should not, and if proper care be taken, will not exceed the sum of \$4,500,000, leaving a balanco in the treasury on the first of December, due February 1, 1855, and we have a surplus revenue of over \$700,000.

It is thus made apparent to my mind,

mont

to wit:

Six per cent. bonds

Five do do do Four and one half per. cent bonds

Reliaf notes per act of

Certificates for unpaid.

interest on the public

with their acoumula-

Domestio oreditors' cer-

Total liabilities, Dec. 1,

Add loan of April 2,

Branch canal

1852; for the campletion of the North

debt, for the years 1843, '44, and '45,

1 May 4, 1841

ted interest

in tificates :

1851

on the Allegheny mountain-For the completion of the Western reservoir For the North Branch

track of the Colum-

a new road to avoid

the inclined planes

bia railroad

Volume 5.

590,000 00

canal

Total

For the new locks on the Delaware Div'n

1,223,429 00

as above stated, is no new thing. It has inclined planes on the Allegheny mount indication of what we may anticipate from in the expenses of the management of the week and that it is eminable of the management always existed to a greater or less degree, tains, has not progressed as rapidly as had the new. The constantly increasing de-but has not usually been exhibited in this been anticipated. It is the opinion of the mand for coal, outrunning, as it has done to be not doubt the but it is not no greater of usually. This shifting practice has had for coal, outrunning, as it has done there no doubt the but it is not no greater of used and another however, as will average for no to be but the mand for coal, outrunning, as it has not doubt the but it is not no greater of used and the new of the mand for coal, outrunning as it has done there no doubt the but it is not no greater to be shifting practice has had for coal.

miles, and the cost of this balance, togoth- rich and populous section of country lead to general skill and economy.

656,034 90 hundred and ninety thousand dollars. He improvement.

4 and Hollidaysburg, with a double track, consummation of an enterprize which will we may look for a moment.

1,000,000 00 for a like distance.

82,143,915 31 will involve the expenditure of more capirent that the operations of the treasury tal than the state can command, without resorting to further temporary loans;-

Clearfield, Pa., Jan. 11, 1854.

the liabilities of the State were as follows, \$2,314,023 51 36,704,458 03

> surplus revenue exceeding one million of sum of \$591,350. With these calcula- obtained. dollars, applicable to the payment of the tions before me, and even adding a larger funded debt. That such should be the po- amount for errors in the estimates, and licy of the State, after the completion of the enormous expenditures of the old road my in view of the great end to be attain- the unusual advance in the price of labor, ed-the liquidation of the public debt-and material and subsistence, added to the ob- crease their yearly burthens. 840,154,457 48 schemes of improvement by the State.

82,932 74

We have the second From which take the following payments: To the sinking fund \$681,469.83 Int. on out-man standing cortifi's 50,752 91

stous amount of jung-ed debt at this time. \$40,272,235 01 cy; and it may be said that whatever has red. To meet this apparent increase of been lost to the treasury has been given to of: 400,000 dollars of the five per cent. bonds in The amount thus saved will be a .permanent, resource, without making any It will be a virtual reduction of the public net balance.

Damages, balances on contracts, and for labor and materials inion the public works priorio Jan'y, 1852, and since paid, as appears on the books, alithe Auditor Gen'l 8881,752 15 Comporary longs Vapaid appropriations

动和古声的中心 81,401,090 15 Bealing Iliabilities mmonwealth.