THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD, DEC. 17, 1853.

RIOT AT ERIE.

A serious disturbance took place at Erie Pa. on Wednesday last, occasioned by the attempt of the Lake Shore railroad company to alter the guage of their road to suit the guage of the road with which it connects. - To this the citizens are almost unanimously opposed, and have heretofore protested in the most solomn manner, threatening to use force, if necessary to prevent it. On the commencement by the company to widen the gauge on the 7th, cannon were fired in every district to call the people together, and soon a concourse of some 700 or 800 men were assembled and fell to work tearing down the bridges, and raising the track from the streets.—At last accounts the mob had everything in their hands, and had fairly driven the company to the wall. All this will probform ably a smart bill of damages for the city and county of Erie to pay hereafter.

☞The *Natives* have been holding meetings in some of the adjoining townships, and if all they say on the subject can be believed, they certainly have been rather successful in their efforts. The majority of persons, whigs and democrats, who have enlisted under the banner or avowed their determination to enlist, may be sincere in the matter—but we apprehend that the great actors in the scene are merely endeavoring to delude and deceive—that it is their object to distract and disorganize as much as possible the democratic party of Clearfield county previous to the next Gubernatorial election. We are much deceived if the cloven foot of whiggery does not ere a year rolls round, step forth from behind the curtain, and democrats will when it is too late, discover the error of their way. But, should they even be sincere in the matter, those who may enlist under the Native banner, will discover when they view their position, that they are standing upon a contracted and slippery platform, liable to be swept off by every passing breeze. The Natives in this county cannot as yet be recognised as a party The planks of the platform are shattered and disconnected—each fellow has mounted one. On some of the planks there may be found quite a number hanging on to both ends and to the middle. Thus they are and appear to be destined to remain so unless some finished workman can be found who is capable of joining together the shattered mass, and when this is accomplished, we opine that but few will be willing to mount the platform.

Pork and Bacon.—It seems that the Pork trade of the west is much more favorable to buyers than last season. At several points the supply is much greater than the demand, and prices are about 2 cents lower on live weight than last year; we remember that last fall our dealers here had to pay 10 cents for meat *green* out of the pickle, and yet in the spring better meat was offered at 10 cents *dried*.—

While on this subject we may mention that the Pork packing business of the west, is soon to be greatly reduced, in conseqence of buyers taking the hogs alive on the Rail roads to the eastern cities, and there performing the business of packing and salting.

O[illegible] Local Question.—In a few weeks the Legislature will meet, and hence we hope the people will set themselves right before that body in regard to *Loose Logging*, by sending petitions so numerously signed as to put to rest the unjustifiable assertions that a large portion of them are in favor of it. Special Legislation has long been the curse of our State, as some of those Boom charters demonstrate, obtained under false representations and constructed too in a way and manner not dreamed of by those who granted it.

☞The public are respectfully invited to examine the call, as well as to attend the Rail Road meeting, which is to take place in the Court House next week. We think the time has now fully arrived for the people of Clearfield county to move in this matter. We know we have the shortest and by proper exertions we can also demonstrate that we have the most practiicable route for the Rail Road connection between Philadelphia and Erie. Hence the importance of a good turn out, that an expression of the people may be had on the subject, and the ball may at least be set in motion.

☞Anson G. Phelps, Esq., of New York, and principle proprietor of the lands lying in, and north of Goshen, Girard and other townships of Clearfield county. *died* recently. He is spoken of as a man of great merits as well as wealth. He had been to Europe in pursuit of health; in this he failed, and died shortly after his return.

Lumber.—In numerous instances the owners of timber and sawed lumber rafts, in our vicinity have failed getting them to market thus far; and generally despairing have commenced securing them from the ice, &c., by replacing them back upon the banks. This process in the life of a lumberman is a hard one, unknown to the uninitiated.

Queer.—Our hunters say that the Bear and Racoons killed in this county this fall, are so poor as to be worthless, notwithstanding everything they subsist upon is unusually abundant! What does it mean?

☞From the time of the publication of our last paper until yesterday, we have been absent from our post, this paper has consequently been published by Frank and Fent, with the exception of some little assistance which has been rendered them by way of preparing copy.

☞Harper & Brother's great book establishment in New York, has recently been entirely consumed by fire. The fire originated by the careless use of camphene. Loss about three quarters of a million.

PROCEEDINGS OF COURT.—Dec. 5, 1853.

Joseph Smith, vs. Isaac McKee. Replevin for 43 sticks white pine timber.—Defendant claimed property. The plaintiff to rebut the evidence of defendant, a judgment in ejectment between the same parties, offered evidence of title to the land in himself at the time the timber was cut. Rejected, execution filed, and judgment for defendant. Hale and Crans for Plaintiff—Curtin, Petrikin and Wallace for deft.

Augustus Laconte, vs. Girard township, appeal from settlement of Auditors. Laconte as Supervisor erected a bridge over Deer Creek, for which he was not allowed in the settlement, on the grounds that it was near his own property, and for his own benefit, and on a road but seldom used. Judgment for defendant, $82 18.—Crans for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Joseph Green, vs. James Thompson.—Plaintiff claimed for a lot of mill irons sold defendant. The defence was that the agent who purchased the irons had exceeded his authority. Judgment for plaintiff, 77 12. Curtin and Crans for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Pierce's Heirs, vs. David Michaels, continued.

Samuel Clark, vs. Silus H. Baily, settled by parties.

W. & L. Hollis, to use, vs. Jas. Thompson, appeal from Justice of the Peace. After evidence had been heard plaintiff takes nonsuit. Crans for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Thompson & Egleman, vs. Reed & McCollough, continued.

Josiah W. Smith, vs. Parsons M'Glensey, & Rawle. This was an action of eject for 2 tracts of land called Casper Hains and Jos. Matslock. The defence was that the lands are located by marks on the ground several miles distant from the land plaintiff claims. The court ruled that the defendants were estopped from denying that the land adjoins land mentioned in the returns of surveys and patents recited in a deed of partition between the parties under which plaintiff and defendants claim, and refused to receive evidence on the part of the defence that the land claimed by plaintiff is not located as plaintiff claims, and the title to land claimed, not to be in plaintiff.—Judgment for plaintiff under the charge of the court and exceptions filed. Smith Hale and Linn for plaintiff, Wallace and Curtin for defendants.

Conrad Baker, vs. Ann and Jos. Ames. Ejectment for fifty acres of George Wescott survey. Defendants claimed under the Christian Neff. After the evidence was heard, the parties agced upon a line.—Wallace for Plaintiff, Hale Crans and Cuttle for defendants.

Lipton use of Hoover, vs. Jas. M. Leonard, promisory note—no defence—judg't. confessed, Crans for Plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Thomas Woods, vs. Mehaffy & Mitchell. Ejectment to ascertain the division line between Samuel Roberts and Henry Musser surveys. Judgment for Defendant. Exceptions filed. Hale and Crans for plaintiff—Wallace for defendant.

Thomas Wilson, vs. Thomas Woods et. al. Ejectment for part of John Graff—which it is alleged interferes w[illegible] the Samuel Roberts survey. At the sug[illegible]tion of the court a juror withdrawn. [illegible]Enally and Curtin for plaintiff, Crans and Hale for defendants.

David B. Gibson, vs. Seligsberger & Bloom. Suit brought on a promisory note. Defence—want of consideration. Judgment for plaintiff. Wallace for plaintiff M'Enally for defendant.

Joseph Lines, vs. John Nolder. It appeared that David Horn under whom defendant claimed had purchased by parol three acres of land in Brady township and made improvements. The plaintiff alledged that the improvements (which were in sight of plaintiff's house were not upon the ground sold, and also that the contract was rescinded. Judgment for defendant for land without costs. Exceptions filed to charge of the court. Wallace for Plaintiff, Hale and Crans for defendant.

Amos Bonsal vs. David Horn. Appeal from a Justice of the Peace. After the evidence had been heard defendant confessed Judgment. Swoope for plaintiff Crans for defendant.

T. & J. Mays vs. A. M. Shaw. Plaintiff's demand grew out of a sale of lumber. No defence. Judgment for Plaintiff $212 00. Crans and Curtain for plaintiff and Wallace for defendant.

All other causes on the list were either settled before court or continued.

Argument List.—Augustus M'Clain, vs. Wm. H. Henderson, and Boynton and Nevling, vs. same. M'Clain filed a Mechanics Lien against Henderson, and Boynton and Nevling suggested of record a claim. An amicable reference was entered into by the parties—exceptions were filed to the award. Proceedings set aside. Crans for M'Clain, M'Enally for Boynton and Nevling, Wallace for defendant.

D. Smytton's Adm'r., &c., vs. David Michaels and Robert Michaels. Certiorari by defendant. Proceedings affirmed.

John Carson vs. Manning Stevenson.—Certiorari by defendant—and Carson and Sloan, vs. Manning Stevenson. Certiorari by deft. Proceedings in each case affirmed. Gordon for Plaintiff, M'Enally for defendant.

I. Smith, use S. Graff, vs. S. Crans—Landlord and tenant case. Rule to show cause why costs paid by deft., should not be refunded. Costs directed to be refunded. M'Enally for Plaintiff, Wallace and Crans for defendant.

Ephriam Newton, vs. Moses Miller et al. Application to open judgment entered for want of defence, Rule made absolute and judgment opened. M'Enally for plf., Wallace for defendants.

James McMannus, vs. Fishel and Pierces Heirs. Notice for new trial by plf.—New trial granted. Curtin for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Samuel B. Taylor, vs. Isaac Smith—Report of Auditor. Law points reserved for the Court. The parties had purchased several rafts in partnership, and before the partnership debts had been paid, suit was commenced. The court decided that all payments growing out of the partnership transactions should be settled in this action, and that a note given by plaintiff and owned by defendant before suit brought, and upon which suit had been brought, an appeal taken, and suit discontinued, should be allowed as an offset. Judgment for defendant $67 89 with costs. M'Enally and Curtin for plaintiff, Wallace and Craps for defendant.

David Crowell vs. Isaac Shirey. Motion by plaintiff for new trial. Refused. M'Enally for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

Thos. Shea, who sues as well for himself as for Clearfield county, vs. M. W. Lieb. Pedlar case. Certiorari by deft. The Court decided that nothing but a summons in debt could issue against a pedlar under the act of Assembly. Proceedings recorded. Wallace and Swoope for pl'f., Petriken for defendant.

Benjamin Bloom, jr., vs. W. H. Bloom et. al. Exceptions to entry of judgment. Judgment opened. M'Enally for plaintiff, Wallace for defendant.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8, 1853.

The Democratic members of Congress met in caucus on Saturday evening, and nominated Hon. LINN BOYD, of K[illegible]ky, for Speaker; JOHN W. FORNEY, [illegible]rk, A. J. GLOSSBRENNER, also of Pennsylvania, Sergeant-at-Arms; Z. W. McKnew, Doorkeeper, and J. M. Johnson, P. M.

On the assembling of Congress on Monday morning, all the above officers were elected—the two first by ballot, and the others by *viva voce*.

The Senate having selected its officers at the extra session in March last, that body proceeded to business at once, and each House adjourned after appointing committees to wait upon the President and inform him that they were ready to receive any communication he was prepared to make.

On Tuesday the Annual Message was sent in and read to a crowded audience in each house. It will be found to be an entirely business document, but a small portion of it taken up with the discussion of those political questions that has so long occupied the attention of the public. There is enough of this, however, to show that the President still stands firmly upon the principles avowed in his inaugural address. Alluding to the present tranquility of the country, secured by the measures of Compromise in 1850, he says, "That this repose is to suffer no shock during my official term, if I have power to avert it, those who placed me here may be assured."

The present Congress has opened under the most promising aspect, and an industrious, business session may be anticipated.

Our member Mr. CURTIS, was early at his post, and in the allotment, or drawing of choice of seats, he had the good luck to sucure one of the very best. Mr. Drum of the Indianna district, was equally fortunate. Indeed, similar good fortune seemed to favor several other Pennsplvánia members.

But little business was transacted on Wednesday the 7th, besides the electtion of Chaplains to each House. The Rev. Mr. Milburn was elected Chaplain in the House, on the 2d ballot; and the Rev H. Shriver, in the Senate, on the third ballot. Both these gentlemen are ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Their compensation is generally about $700 the session.

Gen. Armstrong, of the *Union*, was also elected Printer to the House of Representatives for the present Congress, to-day having received 126 out of 217 votes on joint ballot.

The utmost harmony and good feeling prevails among the members of both branches of the National Legislature, and particularly between the Democratic members and the President and his Cabinet—not the first sign of of disaffection having as yet made its appearence. * * *

For the Republican.

WRONG.—For once my Gay and Incomparable need'nt think a man accustomed to the Luxuries of the mountain rill, and venison stakes, would waste his time on such vile trash as Lager Beer, and *Flannel* Sausages.

Our friend sends regards &c., hopes the loss of that fine friend of yours (*the gobbler*) will not wholly unfit you for the duties of pen paste and scissors. Thinks you'll soon meet with another as:—

Birds of a Feather &c.,

OH! LORDY.

RAIL ROAD MEETING.

All persons favorable to the project of a Rail Road from some point on the Central Rail Road near Tyrone, thence across the Alegheny in the vicinity of Philipsburg and thence through Clearfield county north towards the harbor of Erie, are earnesly invited to attend at a public meeting to be held in the Court house on Tuesday evening of the next court, (being the 20th inst.) to devise the means to promote the the same.

A general attendance is requested, as much depends on a proper movement in this quarter.—

John P. Hoyt, J. M. Chase, A. K. Wright, J. T. Leonard, J. Boynton, Wm. L. Moore. John Patton, J. McGirk, Wm. Bagshaw, and H. Lorain.

WHIG MEETING.

The Whigs of Clearfield co. are requested to meet at the Court House in the borough of Clearfield on Tuesday evening the 20th of December, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Whig State convention, and to transact other business.

MANY WHIGS.

Clearfield, Dec. 7th 1853.

ANTI-LOG MEETING.

We are requested to announce that an Anti-log meeting will be held in the Court House in this place on Monday evening of December Court. [Centre papers notice.]

MARRIED.—In this place on the 15th instant, by the Rev. Hauchenbury, Mr. Wm. R. Barr, to Miss Maria Jane Jones, all of this place.

Accompanying the above notice was the printers fee, in the shape of a large and delicious wedding cake, for which all hands joined in wishing them a long, happy and prosperous life.

New Store.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the people of PENNVILLE and vicinity, that he has just opened a fresh and well selected assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS

in the above mentioned place, embracing every thing usually kept in country stores, all of which he will exchange for cash, country produce &c., on the most reasonable terms.—The public are respectfully invited to call and see.

Dec. 16th 1853 WM. A. MASON.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following articles now in possession of SAMUEL VEDDER, of Bell township, are my property, viz., one span of gray horses, one two-horse wagon and harness, one cow, one lot of square timber

Dec. 17th 1853 —pd. 3t JAMES M. KELLY.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a promissory note given by me to JAMES M. LEONARD, calling for ninety-one dollars, as I never received value for the same and will not pay it unless compelled by law.

Dec. 17th, 1853 —3. MILES GREEN.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm situated about one mile from Pennville—about SIXTY-FIVE acres cleared, under good fence and in a good state of cultivation. There are about thirty five acres of woodland. The improvements are

A Two-Story Log House, New Frame Barn, 40 by 50 feet,

Together with other outbuildings, and an Orchard in full bearing containing a choice variety of apples, peaches, Plums, &c., &c.

For further particulars enquire of L. JACKSON CRANS Clearfield, or the subscriber on the premises.

MANLEY C LONDON.

December 6th, 1853.

FOUNTAIN INN.

John Odell,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his old friends and the public in general, that he has taken the well known old

Tavern Stand

Formerly occupied by WM. LUMADOO, on the Erie Pike, between Phillipsburg and Curwensville, where he will be happy to see his old acquaintances and as many new comers as may favor him with a call.

THE FOUNTAIN INN, is large and in good order, containing a sufficient number of well furnished parlors and chambers, and every other necessary for the most comfortable accommodation of travellers.

THE TABLE AND BARR will be well supplied—the former with the delicacies the season and market affords—the latter with the choicest MINERAL drinks.

THE STABLING attached to the Fountain Inn is large and will always be provided with the best of Provender.

THE FOUNTAIN INN is one of the most pleasant situations on the Erie Pike, and the proprietor respectfully invites a call from travellers and others, confident that he will be able to give satisfaction to his guests.

JOHN ODELL.

Boggs township, Dec 5, 1853.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

MR. PURVIANCE,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Borough of CLEARFIELD and vicinity, that he has opened a

Miniature Daguerrean Gallery

On SECOND STREET, one door north of Powell & Co's Store. Call and examine specimens, cases, prices &c.

Clearfield, November 23, 1853.—tf.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, his valuable FARM, situate in Bradford township, Clearfield county, one and a half miles from the junction of the Union and Snow Shoe and Packerville turnpike, at George J. Kylars, and one and a half miles from Grahamton—containing

One hundred and ten Acres, with seventy acres cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation, with a bearing Orchard thereon growing.

There is also a comfortable Log House, and a large frame barn erected thereon.

For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. Persons wishing to make inquiry and obtain information by letter, will direct to Grahamton, Clearfield county.

December 10, 1853.—tf. JOHN HOLT.

Morse's Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root.

THIS is a PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained the universal reputation for the following effects, viz:

Regulating and Strengthening the liver and Digestive Organs, and clensing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part.

PURIFYING THE BLOOD—And thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Diseases, Cancers, &c.

REGULATING THE SECRETARY ORGANS—And by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases. Strengthening and quickening the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous irritation, and curing all Diseases of the Nerves, such as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

It is universal in the cure of all Female Complaints as Weakness, general debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness; also, LUNG and THROAT COMPLAINTS, such as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption &c., also, Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C MORSE & CO., either on selves or our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E Bourne, Esq., Cashier of the National Bank Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier, Lime Rock Bank, do do; Rev. Wm. A. Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond C. S Jones, editor Providence Gen. Advt. Wm. Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P. James Hutchinson, G. S Den, V. J. Bates, Doct. Benj Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy the class of Diseases for which it is designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION, and at its attendant symptoms, it excites to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor, and inactivity from the ORGAN and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior.

Providence, R. I Jan. 1 1853 DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Prepared by C. MORSE & Co., no. 446 Broadway N. Y., and sold by Druggists and others throughout this and other counties—C. D. WATSON, Agent, Clearfield Pa. May 20, 1853

CAUTION.

THE following property was purchased by me, at Sheriff Sale, and loaned to DAVID MICHAELS, viz: ONE GREY MARE, ONE TWO-HORSE WAGON, 1 LONG SLED, 1 PLOUGH, 1 COOKING STOVE, 1 SET HORSE GEARS, which I hereby caution all persons not to purchase or meddle with.

ISAAC SMITH.

December 1, 1853.

CHAUNCY HULBERT, With WAINWRIGHT, HUNTINGDON & FLOYD. Importers and Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. No 152 MARKET STREET. Philadelphia. 1853.

July 11 1853—6m.

Cooking Stove For Sale.

A GOOD second-hand COOKING STOVE for sale, cheap for cash, or in exchange for HAY. Enquire at this office.

Clearfield, September 29, 1853.

Bounty Land and Pension Agency.

CHARLES TUCKER, WASHINGTON, D. C.

ATTORNEY for claimants, and Agent for obtaining Revolutionary, Naval, Invalid, and half pay PENSIONS, BOUNTY LAND arrears of pay, extra pay, &c., for Military and Naval services.

Bounty Land obtained for the widows and heirs of Volunteers of the Texas Revolution of 1836, and extra pay obtained for those who served in the U. S. Navy, on the coast of California and Mexico from 1846 to 1853.

Address CHARLES TUCKER, Washington, D. C.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, on Tuesday the 20th day of December next, for confirmation and allowance.

The Account of Jesse Hutton, John Byers and Samuel Weaver, Administrators of Jonathan Pearce.

WILLIAM PORTER, Register.

Clearfield, Nov. 28, 1853.

For Rent,

THE Dwelling part of the CLEARFIELD ACADEMY Apply to

J. B. McENALLY.

Clearfield, April 20, 1853.

French Burrs.

THE subscriber has on hand FRENCH BURR, MILL STONES of various sizes, which he will warrant to be of a superior quality, and at reasonable prices.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. W. H. KEPNER,

Harrisburg, Oct, 6, 1853—6mo.

BAR-IRON

OF all sorts and sizes kept constantly on hand and for sale [illegible] L. R. CARTER, Agent.

Sept. 7, 1853.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF CLEARFIELD CO.

LYMAN S. PHELPS,

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER, Curwensville, Pa.—Watches and Clocks neatly repaired and WARRENTED. Several years experience in the business, makes me feel confident that I can render general satisfaction. I would therefore, thankfully receive a share of public patronage.
Curwensville, Nov. 16, 1853—3 mo.

GEO. B. GOODLANDER,

WAGON-MAKER—Luthersburg. Work done to order on short notice, and on good terms. Dec. 29, '51.

A. K. WRIGHT,

MERCHANT AND EXTENSIVE DEALER IN LUMBER—Second street, one door south of his residence—Clearfield. Dec. 29, 1851.

WILLIAM BLACKSHAIRE,

CABINET and CHAIR MAKER, and HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER—one door south of the Presbyterian Church, Second street, Clearfield, Pa. April 16, 1852.

GEORGE WILSON,

PHYSICIAN—May be found at his office in LUTHERSBURG, when not absent on professional business. Feb 20 1852.

AUGUSTUS WEITMAN,

CARPENTER—can be found at his new shop near the corner of Market and Third streets, where WINDOW SASH, and other works in his line will be manufactured in the best style. March 17, 1853—1y.

JOSEPH H. BRETH,

BLACKSMITH, at NEW WASHINGTON, Clearfield co., where all kinds of work is done in his line of business on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. May 20, 1853.

C. KRATZER,

MERCHANT AND LUMBER DEALER—Corner of Front and Locust streets—Clearfield. Dec. 29, 1851.

JAS. ALEXANDER,

SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER—In his new shop on Market street, near Merrell's hotel. Dec. 29, 1851.

JOHN H. HILBURN,

BOOT and SHOE MAKER, Second street, nearly opposite A. K. Wright's store, Clearfield Pa. April 16, 1852.

JAMES HOLLENBACH,

BLACKSMITH, on Third street, between Market and Walnut, Clearfield, Pa. April 16, 1852.

HENRY LORAINE,

PHYSICIAN and DRUGGIST, on Market street, opposite his residence, Clearfield. April 16, 1852.

JOHN W. SHUGERT.

WAGON MAKER, corner of Third and Locust street, Clearfield. Repairing done to order. April. 16, '52

GEO. RICHARDS,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR—West end of Shaw's Row up stairs—Clearfield. Dec. 30, 185[illegible].

THOMAS SHEA,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR—In Shaw's Row, on Market street, immediately over the Post Office—Clearfield Dec. 29, 1851.

FREDERICK ARNOLD,

MERCHANT and PRODUCE DEALER, Luthersburg, Clearfield co., Pa. April 17, 1852.

DAVID SACKET,

CABINET AND CHAIR MAKER, Locust st., between Second and Third, Clearfield, Pa. April 16, 1852.

A. L. SCHNELL,

TAILOR—Luthersburg.—will do his work just as good and as cheap, as any other fellow. Dec. 29, 1851.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office adjoining his residence on Second street opposite the residence of Gov. Bigler Clearfield April 17, 1852

DR F. ANTES CANFIED.

HAVING purchased the property and situation of Dr. G. F. HOOP, tenders his professional services to the citizens of FRENCHVILLE and vicinity.—Office one door east of LUTZ'S Store. June 24, 1853.

SAMUEL ARNOLD,

MERCHANT and PRODUCE DEALER, Luthersburg, Clearfield county, Pa. April 17, 1852.

ROBERT McNAUL,

TANNER—At the OLD STAND in Curwensville. Dec. 29 1851.

GEO. W. RHEEM,

SADDLER, HARNESS & TRUNK MANUFACTURER—On Second street, immediately over C. D. Watson's Drug Store Dec. 30, 1852

CHAMBERS & KLEPFER.

WHEELWRIGHT & CHAIRMAKERS, &c.—Bridgport, Pike township. Dec. 29, 1851.

L. JACKSON CRANS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—can be found at the office formerly occupied by G. R. Barrett, on Second Street Clearfield Pa June 3, 1853—pd

DR. GIBBONY F. HOOP,

HAVING changed his residence from Frenchville to Kylarsville, in Morris township, respectfully offers his services to the surrounding community. June 16, 1853.

JAS. B. GRAHAM,

POST MASTER, MERCHANT and DEALER IN LUMBER—Grahamton, Bradford township. Dec 27, 1851.

DR. S. L. COBLE,

PHYSICIAN—residence one mile east of Clearfield Bridge—will attend to all calls on the shortest notice. Sept. 16, 1852.

WM. P. CHAMBERS,

WHEELWRIGHT, CHAIRMAKER, and HOUSE & SIGHN PAINTER—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

B. F. STERLING,

SADDLE & HARNESS-MAKER, and JUSTICE THE PEACE—Curwensville. Dec 29 1851.

J. L. CUTTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW and LAND AGENT, Office adjoining his residence, on Market street, Clearfield. March 3, 1853.

JAMES BIDDLE GORDON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa—may be consulted in French or German. May 16. 1853.

L. R. CARTER,

AGENT for the sale of STOVES, MILL-GEARING and CASTINGS of all kinds. Also BAR IRON & NAILS Threshing Machines, Plows, Agricultural Implements &c. on Second street, under the Printing Office mh. 17 '53

RICHARD GLENNING,

BOOT and SHOE MAKER, can be found at his shop two doors east of the Post Office, where he has constantly on hand a large assortment both of home and city manufacture. July 8, 1853

J. D. THOMPSON,

BLACLSMITH, Wagons, Buggies, &c., &c., Ironed on short notice, and the very best style, at his old stand in the borough of Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1852.

THOMAS MILLS,

COACH AND SLEIGH MAKER, on Third street, between Market and Locust, Clearfield Pa. April 16, '52.

HURXTHAL & BROTHER,

MERCHANTS and LUMBER DEALERS, Woodland Post Office, Bradford tp., Clearfield co. April 17, '52.

M. E. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN—May always be found at his residence in Curwensville, when not professionally absent. Dec 19, 1852,

LEVER FLEGAL,

BLACKSMITH, Luthersburg, Pa., will attend to all business in his line, and will also furnish WAGONS, BUGGIES, &c., very cheap, and manufactured in the best style, and warranted. Aug. 7 185[illegible]—y.

ISAAC SMITH,

MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN LUMBER AND Country Produce generally—State street, between Cherry and Locust—Curwensville. Dec. 30, 1851

THOMPSONS, HARTSOCK, & CO.

IRON-FOUNDERS—Curwensville. An extensive assortment of Castings made to order. Dec. 29, 1851

THOMAS H. FULTON, & CO.,

MERCHANTS, and extensive dealers, and Manufacturers of Lumber, Bald Hills. July 23, 1852.

ELLIS IRWIN & SONS,

AT the mouth of Lick Run, 5 miles from Clearfield—MERCHANTS, and extensive Lumber manufacturers. June 18, 1852.

T. JEFFERSON BOYER.

PHYSICIAN—can be found at his Office in LUTHERSBURG, Clearfield county, Pa., when not absent on professional business. September 9, 1853.

MOSSOP & POTTORFF,

RETAILERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE & LIQUORS—On the west side of Second street nearly opposite the Court House. Clearfield, Pa. Sept. 2d, 1853.

H. P. THOMPSON,

PHYSICIAN—May be found either at his office, or at Scofield's hotel—Curwensville—when not not professionally absent. Dec. 29. 1851.

DR. R. V. WILSON,

HAVING removed his office to his new dwelling on Second street, will promptly answer all professional calls, as heretofore Clearfield. June 16 1853.

SAMUEL B. TAYLOR,

TANNER and BOOT and SHOE MANUFACTURER—Curwensville. Dec 29, 1851.

MRS. ELIZA IRVIN,

EXTENSIVE RETAILER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Merchandise—East end of State street—Curwensville. Dec. 30, 1851.

THE GLOBE.

The Official paper of Congress and Newspaper for the People.

It will be seen by the annexed extract from a letter of Gen. Washington to David Stewart, dated New York, 17th of March 1790, that the idea of such a paper as I propose to make the Globe originated in the mind of the Father of his Country. He said:

"It is to be lamented that the editors of the different Gazettes in the Union do not more generally and more correctly (instead of stuffing their papers with scurrility and nonsensical declamation, which few would read if they were apprised of the contents) publish the debates in Congress on all great national questions. The principles upon which the difference of opinion arises, as well as the decisions would then come fully before the public, and afford the best data for its judgment."—Spark's Writings of Washington; vol. 10, p. 84

The Daily Globe and the Congressional Globe.

In surrendering my interest in the organ of a great political party, I cherished the purpose of continuing the Congressional Globe, and if possible, in time, to perfect it in a full history of the action of Congress, giving the debate accurately and fully with the proceedings—all stamped with the verity of an official record. From the passage in the letter of General Washington, which I have quoted it will be perceived that he thought this office might be combined with that of a regular newspaper; and it is certain that the avidity of the public for news of the less important kind greatly contributes to give wings to the weightier matter which may be called Congressional news.

Having succeeded in my purpose of perfecting the reports of the debates in Congress and giving them the official stamp, I now propose to send them abroad, in connection with the news of the day, in such haste as shall outstrip full and accurate intelligence sent from the seat of Government in any other form whatever. It will even anticipate the scraps of news forwarded to cities within two hundred and fifty miles by telegraph. Before the events thus transmitted are published in the morning papers, (for instance of the city of New York,) the Globe containing them will have reached the post office of that city by the Express Mail of the previous night.—The process by which this will be effected I now lay before the public.

I will have a corps of sixteen Reporters in Congress, each in succession will take notes during five minutes, then retire, prepare them for the Press, put them slip by slip in the hands of compositors, and thus while the debate is going on in Congress, it will be put in type, and in a few minutes after it is ended it will be in print. I shall by this means be enabled to send by the Express Mail of 5 o'clock P. M., for the East, West and North, and by the 9 o'clock P. M. for the South, all the proceedings of Congress up to the ordinary hour of adjournment. Thus the accurate debates of Congress will reach the cities two hundred and fifty miles from the Capitol before their daily morning papers are in circulation.

The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather from remote sections of the country by telegraph. I will obtain from the Executive Departments, through official sources, the matters of moment transacted in them, and, through agents employed for the purpose, all the city news of consequence in sufficient time to be put into the Globe and mailed in the Express Mail trains. In this way I hope to create a new era in the dissemination of news from Washington.—Hitherto no newspaper has attempted to give authentic accounts of things done at Washington before the public mind at a distance had received its first impressions from irresponsible telegraphic dispatches, or by letter writers biased by peculiar views.

Washington has now become so great a centre of political interest during all the year—the proceedings of the Executive Departments and the information collected by them even during the process of Congress is of so much importance to the interests of every section of the country—that I shall continue the publication of the daily paper permanently, with a view to become the vehicle of the earliest and most correct intelligence.

It is a part of my plan to reduce the price of the daily paper to half that of similar daily papers; and thus I hope to extend its circulation so as to invite advertisements. I will publish advertisements of the Government. To subscribers in the cities I hope to submit such terms as will induce them to advertise their business in every village throughout the Union where the Globe is sent daily under the franks of members of Congress all of whom take it, and some of them a large number of copies.

The installation of the new Administration and the new Congress portends much change in the course of public affairs as the result of the next session. Many vast interests which were brought up in the last Congress were laid over by the Democratic majority to await the action of the Democratic Executive. The new modeling of the tariff; the new land system; the question of giving homesteads, and making every man a freeholder, who may choose to become one; the approximation of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a national railroad across the territory of the Union; reform in the Army, Navy, and civil offices—all these great questions, with a thousand minor ones, deeply affecting multitudes of men and every state in the Union will, now being matured by public opinion, come up for the Government's decision.—These new issues, co operating with old ones, coming up to be disposed of by new actors on the scenes at Washington, will be apt to modify greatly, if not alter essentially the party organizations of the country.

To these elements of interest another is likely to be introduced by the interposition of the agitations of Europe. After nearly forty years of peace in Europe there is an evident restlessness that now seems fraught with tendencies threatening war; and if war comes, in all likelihood there will follow such universal change that the United States can hardly expect to escape its vortex. Indeed from late events it is apparent that our Government is already drawn into European difficulties. These circumstances are calculated to draw the public mind towards the next Congress with much expectation.

The DAILY GLOBE will be printed on fine paper double royal size, with small type, (brevier and nonpareil,) at five dollars a year.

The CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE will also be printed on a double royal sheet, in book form, royal quarto size, each number containing sixteen pages. The Congressional Globe proper will be made up of the proceedings of Congress and the running debates as given by the reporters. The speeches which members choose to write out themselves will, together with the messages of the President of the United States, the reports of the Executive Departments, and the laws passed by Congress, be added in an Appendix. Formerly I received subscriptions for the Congressional Globe and Appendix separately. But this has not been found satisfactory, inasmuch as it gave an incomplete view of the transactions in Congress; and therefore I have concluded not to sell them apart, considering that neighbors can have the advantage of them both by clubbing in case individuals shall find it too onerous to be at the charge of both.

To facilitate the circulation of the Congressional Globe and cheapen it to subscribers, Congress passed last year a joint resolution making it free of postage. I annex it, as the law may not be accessible to postmasters generally.

Joint Resolution providing for the distribution of the Laws of Congress and the debate thereon.

With a view to the cheap circulation of the laws of Congress and the debates contributing to the true interpretation thereof, and to make free the communication between the representatives and the constituent bodies:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That from and after the present session of Congress, the Congressional Globe and Appendix, which contain the laws and the debates thereon, shall pass free through the mails so long as the same shall be published by order of Congress: Provided: That nothing herein shall be constructed to authorize the circulation of the Daily Glode free of postage.

Approved, August 6, 1852.

As I sell the Daily Globe at half the price of similar publications, so the Congressional Globe and Appendix is sold for half the cost of so much composition, press-work, and paper. This I can afford to do, inasmuch as the subscription of Congress covers the cost of composition, and this enables me to sell for a little more than the cost of press-work and paper. It requires the sale of about 9,000 copies to reimburse expenses. If 500 only were sold, the cost of each copy would be about $104. The debates in the English Parliament cost about eleven times as much as I charge subscribers for the debates in Congress, equal in quantity, and as well reported and printed.

The next session of Congress will be a long one; and it is believed the Congressional Globe for it will reach 4,000 royal quarto pages, as the last long session made 3,849; and the long one before that made 1,901 royal quarto pages—four large volumes each session. If subscribers will be careful to file all the numbers received by them, I will supply any that may miscarry in the mails. This work increases in value as it grows old. The first seventeen volumes will now command three times, and some of the subsequent ones twice, their origional subscription price.

The subscription price for the Congressional Globe (including the Appendix and the laws) is six dollars.

Complete indexes will be out and forwarded to the subscribers soon after the session is ended,

Subscribers for the Daily should have their money here by the 6th, and for the Congressional Globe by the 15th of December. The money must accompany an order for either the Daily or the Congressional Globe. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par.

JOHN C. RIVES.

Washington, October 12, 1853.

Medicines worthy a place in all Families.

Being Prepared by a Regular Graduate and Physician of 30 years Experience.

DR. J. S. ROSE is an Honorary Member of the Philadelphia Medical Society, and graduated in 1820, from the University of Pennsylvania, under the guidance of the truly eminent Professors Physick, Chapman, Gibson, Coxe, James and Hare—names celebrated for medical science.

Being solicited by thousands of his patients to put up his Preparations, he now offers to the public as the result of his experience for the past thirty years, the following valuable Family Medicines, each one suited to a specific disease.

FOR ALL NERVOUS AFFECTIONS—Dr. J. Rose's Nervous and Invigorating Cordial.—The Greatest Discovery in Medical Science.—This astonishing Preparation for raising any weak constitution, debilitated by care, labor, study or disease, acts like a charm. It gives strength and appetite, and possesses great invigorating properties.

For Heart Disease, all Nervous Affections, Flatulence, Heart Burn, Restlessness, Numbness, Neuralgia, raising the spirits, and giving power to the whole system, it is almost miraculous in its effects. 50 cents a bottle.

THE GREAT PAIN CURER.

DO YOU SUFFER WITH ANY PAIN.—If you do you will find immediate relief by using Dr. ROSE'S PAIN CURER. It is the only preparation which cures almost instantly, Sore Throat, Rheumatism from Colds, Pains in the Side, Back, or Limbs; Face, Ear or Tooth Ache; Stomach or Bowels, Side or Back; Stiff Neck, Bruises, Corns, and Chilblains. Wherever you have pain, use the Pain Curer. Safe to all ages, price 12½, 25 and 50 cents bottles.

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH—the best Cough Syrup in the world.—Dr. Rose's celebrated Cough Syrup, gives immediate relief to the worst Cough, whether Consumptive or proceeding from a cold. It allays any irritation of the Lungs, and fortifies the system against future attacks. In bottles at 50 cents and $1.

Children are also liable to Croup, which dangerous disease yields immediately to Dr. J. S. Rose's never failing CROUP SYRUP. Price 25 cents.

WHOOPING COUGH, another complaint, always worse in cold and damp weather. The afflicted will find relief in the use of Dr. S. Rose's Whooping Cough Syrup, which always relieves and prevents the diseases, such as Inflamation of the Lungs, Dropsy in the Chest, and Consumption. Price 50 cents per bottle.

ALSO.—Dr. J. S. Rose's Alterative or Blood purifier, Dyspeptic, Rheumatic Compound—Compound extract of Buchu, Magic Liniment, Carminative Balsam, Worm Killer or Vermifuge, Croup Syrup, Golden Pills, Pile Ointment, Tetter or Healing Ointment, Eye Ointment, Eye Water, Strengthening Plasters, French Specific, Infant Cordial, Acoustic Oil, Elexir of Opium, Liquid Hair Tonic, and Female Specific.

All the above preparations, with DR. ROSE'S MEDICAL ADVISER to persons in sickness and in health, to be had of EDMUND E. BRENNER, Morrisdale, Clearfield county, H. D. PATTON, Curwensville, and of Dealers generally throughout the State. june 24, 1853—7m.

C. D. WATSON, Agent, Clearfield Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The Estate of Zebulon Miller, Deceased

THE undersigned, appointed by the Honorable, the Judges of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Josiah Evans, administrator, &c., of Zebulon Miller, late of the Borough of Curwensville, deceased, will meet those interested in said funds, at his office in the Borough of Clearfield, on Monday the 12th day of December prox., 1853, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JAMES WRIGLEY,
Auditor.

Clearfield, Nov. 16, 1853.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS, my wife MARY, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

GEORGE GOSS.

November 17, 1853—3t—pd