

THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD Pa., Nov. 12, 1852.

Speculators, and others are referred to the Orphans' Court Sales, and other bargains, offered in our advertising columns.

Now that the election is over, we can devote a little more space to the giving of general news, and the selection of other matters of interest to the people.

The Prize Banner.—The Pierce and King Club of this place, offered a National Flag to the election district in Clearfield county, giving the largest increased Democratic vote, in proportion to the vote polled for Governor in 1851.

PIERCE AND BIGLER.

It is not a little singular that the majority given to Pierce and King, in this county, at the late election, was exactly the same as that given to Gov. Bigler last fall—730. Each party increased 35 votes, and the county polling 94 votes more than she did then—of which HALE, the free soil candidate, received 24. Total vote in 1852, 2754. In 1851, 2660.

THE LATE TRICEMPH.

We had thought of preparing ourselves this week to give one monstrous CROW, such as would astonish the natives, and make every thing in the shape of a rooster heartily ashamed of his feeble efforts.

The Democrats are now strong beyond all precedence in the Union. But this very strength may be the very means of causing sudden weakness to come upon us.

THE PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON.

The far famed portraits of WASHINGTON and JACKSON, can be procured for the trifling sum of \$5 each. See advertisements.

During the late political contest, we entirely neglected our usual notices of our excellent literary exchanges—such as the Ladies' Book, Graham's Magazine, Arthur's Home Gazette, Philadelphia Saturday Gazette, New York Dutchman, Sachem, Family Courier, & Musical World, &c., &c.

GRAYDON and BINNS.—Magistrates and business men, are invited to read the notices of the publisher of these useful works, in another column.

GOV. BIGLER'S SPEECH IN BALTIMORE.

The speech of Gov. Bigler, at the Democratic Mass Meeting in Baltimore, on Friday evening before the late Presidential election, is every where spoken of as a masterpiece of production.

We publish in another column the admirable report of the speech of Governor Bigler, of Pennsylvania, before the mass meeting of the democracy of Baltimore, in Monument Square, on the evening of the 29th ult.

FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

Messrs. Editors.—If the "Republican" in regard to Odd Fellowship, is sincere, he can be fully satisfied of its intrinsic merits.

CAUSE OF THE WHIG DEFEAT.

The following article is taken from the Philadelphia Daily News, of the 6th inst., and is part of a series of articles in which that paper endeavored to account for the late overwhelming defeat of the whig party, under Gen. SCOTT. The reader will here see acknowledged, in the most emphatic terms, as the prominent cause of their defeat, the very causes that were charged against the whig party by the Democrats.

There were, of course, many causes besides those mentioned in our yesterday's issue, which contributed their share towards the unprecedented and inglorious defeat which has overtaken the Whig party.

We had a candidate in Winfield Scott of whom any party might feel proud, and upon whose success, if before the American people upon his own merits, it might rely with entire confidence.

The inopportune presentation of his name by Messrs. Clayton and McMichael, at the Clayton Festival in Wilmington, two years in advance of the proper time for any such movement, followed up as it was by the Legislative ukase issued from Harrisburg, under the direction of Gov. Johnston, and the connection of his name and political fortune with the nomination of Governor Johnston by the State Convention at Lancaster, had already so damaged his prospects as to make his nomination a matter of more than doubtful party policy.

As if to add odium to the movement in his favor, and increase the difficulties in the way of his nomination, those who had thus already done enough towards destroying his prospects, took another step, regardless of consequences to advance their own selfish designs, and forced themselves into the National Convention.

Instead of General Scott receiving the nomination on the first or second ballot by an overwhelming majority, as he could have done had he come before it upon his own merits, and free from the embarrassing circumstances under which his name was presented, his friends had a hard struggle, and only secured it for him on the fifty-second ballot.

Could the obnoxious men whose imprudent officiousness is proverbial, have been kept out of public view, the lion in the path of Gen. Scott to the Presidency would have been out of the way, and he would have travelled over the course in the same triumphant manner which characterized his march from Vera Cruz to Mexico.

Gen. Scott's Defeat.—Its Causes. Washington, Nov. 3. Gen. Scott attributes his defeat, 1st, to the course of the New York Herald; 2d, the detection of Mr. Webster; 3d, the lukewarmness of Mr. Fillmore and his friends.

Gen. Scott has not been away from the city. He attends every day the meeting of the Military Asylum Board.

The Whigs here feel thoroughly beaten, but they are not exasperated or dispirited, as they were after Clay's defeat.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY—OFFICIAL.

Table with columns for S. Judge, President, and various candidates (Brady, Boggs, Bradford, Boccara, Burnside, Bell, Clearfield Boro., Curwensville Bo., Covington, Chest, Decatur, Ferguson, Fox, Girard, Goshen, Huston, Jordan, Karthaus, Lawrence, Morris, Pike, Penn., Union, Woodward) with corresponding vote counts.

Total. 1400 763 1733 997. Majorities, 637 0000 736 0000.

George R. Barrett received 1734 votes, being one vote over the balance of the tickets.

For the Free Soil ticket there were 4 votes polled in Burnside pt, Covington 2, Decatur 1, Ferguson 3, Pike 1, Penn 9, and Union 4, making in all 24.

FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

Messrs. Editors.—I see in your last paper, that one of the late disorganizing anti-ticket Democrats, over the signature of "Lawrence," has been making a very terrible attempt to justify their conduct before the Democracy of the county.

But for the facts. Who opposed James Gamble the regular nominee of the party in 1830 and 1840? Who opposed Jas. H. Lavery, the two years previous? Who opposed G. P. Gulich when he ran for Treasurer, and aided in electing Robert Wallace, against the party nomination?

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been steadfast in her support of fair nominations. If he will examine the question, he will find that she has heretofore made some ugly records.

But I would like to know who this "extremely modest" one of 500 Democrats is. He says he wants no office. If so, why is he troubling himself so much about his course? Wonder if he has not already been a candidate, and if he was not a little aspiring this fall?

RESULT IN 1848 AND 1852.

Table with columns for Taylor, Cass, Pierce, Scott and various states (Maine, N. Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, S. Carolina, Georgia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Louisiana, Mississippi, Indiana, Illinois, Alabama, Missouri, Arkansas, Michigan, Florida, Texas, Iowa, Wisconsin, California) with corresponding vote counts.

Taylor's maj. 36 Pierce's 260.

SPEECH OF GEN. PIERCE ON THE DEATH OF DANIEL WEBSTER.

At Concord, New Hampshire, on Monday the 25th ult. at 10 o'clock, most of the stores and offices were closed, and business was generally suspended.

GEN. PIERCE'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman.—How deep have all hearts been impressed by the fervent appeal to that power in which our fathers put their trust in the hour of their weakness and trials.

I had met Mr. Webster repeatedly prior to 1833, but my personal acquaintance with him may be said to have commenced with my first winter at Washington.

Among eminent citizens of commanding power and influence while I was in the Senate, he stood perhaps pre-eminent. In his rich combination of qualities as an orator, lawyer, and statesman, it may be safely said that he had no rival.

Who are to take their places in the perils through which our country may be called to pass? Who, with patriotic courage and statesmanlike forecast, are to guide the storms that will at times inevitably threaten us, in our unexampled developments and resources as a nation, our almost fearful progress, our position of amazing responsibility as a great, confederated, self-governing power of the globe?

and the mighty majority by which she has now sustained and fortified the national position she then assumed, attests and signals the profoundness and the power of her patriotic devotion to the Union, and to that time-honored democratic policy in which alone the peace of the Union can be secured.

To speak of Mr. Webster's genius, his varied and solid attainments, his services, would be to discourse of matters as familiar, even to the children of his native State, as household words.

It is most gratifying and cheering to note the fact that the democratic party of the North has risen with resistless power, and by its own vote, done enough to place in the presidential chair the candidate designated first by the South herself as the representative of justice and peace, and loyalty to the whole of the constitution, in the relations existing between the two sections of the country.

ASPECT OF THE REVOLUTION.

The following is the table as nearly as ascertained, or as can be estimated from our scattering returns of the grand results of the tremendous avalanche of 1852, including the popular vote, to wit:

STATES FOR SCOTT.

Table with columns for State and Vote Count (Massachusetts 7,300, Vermont 10,000, Scott's majority 17,300; For Pierce: Louisiana 1,000, Texas 7,000, Mississippi 2,000, Tennessee 1,000, Kentucky 2,000, Arkansas 6,000, Ohio 15,000, Indiana 10,000, Illinois 12,000, Missouri 12,000, Michigan 5,000, Wisconsin 2,000, Iowa 4,500, California 1,500, Alabama 4,000, Total for Pierce 166,200, Deduct Scott's majority 17,300, Pierce's probable majority 178,900).

Gov. Bigler's Speech at Baltimore.

Gov. Bigler's speech at Baltimore, on Friday last, was one of the ablest efforts of our worthy and talented Executive during the campaign.

A NUPRIAL TRAGEDY.

A wealthy American merchant of the city of New Orleans had married a Creole lady of fortune, and with the estate and servants there came into his possession a mulatto seamstress and her daughter, a child of seven years.

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It is most gratifying and cheering to note the fact that the democratic party of the North has risen with resistless power, and by its own vote, done enough to place in the presidential chair the candidate designated first by the South herself as the representative of justice and peace, and loyalty to the whole of the constitution, in the relations existing between the two sections of the country.

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