"Well, the British army retreated; they lost the favorable opportunity which Tecumseh wished they should improve, by attacking us upon the debarkation, and he fell whilst contending for his policy.

"If the Senate will pardon me—it is rather incongruous and out of place, I know, but like a former experienced associate of ours, who is now no longer with us, I want to occupy ten minutes in 'vindicating the truth of history." If I am a little garrulous, the Senate will kindly attribute it to my belonging to that category which has a prescriptive right *to tell old tales.*

"There are two historical points which have been much debated, about which I wish to say a few words; both are connected with Colonel Johnson and those Shawnees. The question has often been mooted as to who was the author of the movement by which the mounted regiment commenced the attack upon the British at the battle of the Thames.

"Probably I know as much upon that subject as any other man now living, and the facts are these: General Harrison had prescribed the order of battle, and promulgated it in the usual manner; that order directed that the army should move, infantry in front with a portion of the force placed at right angles to the main body, to prevent the enemy from turning the flank. The cavalry were to remain in the rear, to follow up all the movement's of the infantry. They were posted with the Thames on one flank and an almost impassable marsh on the other. Just as the arrangement was completed, and when the British forces were almost in sight, I was sitting on my horse, when General Harrison rode up, and said to me, "I have a great mind to change my order of battle. I feel very strongly inclined to let Colonel Johnson's regiment attack the British line first." I replied, "You have undoubtedly considered the difficulty attending the charge; the mounted men are brave, but undisciplined, and their horses unused to service. If defeated, they may be upon our line, and do us irreparable injury." His answer was, "Colonel Johnson says he can break the British line, and I will let him try." Well, the movement was made, and was successful; and never, from that day to this, have I had any doubt that Colonel Johnson proposed the movement to General Harrison.

"One other point, and I am done. The senator from Missouri [Mr. ATCHISON] is no doubt very impatient; but I trust he will pardon me.

"Mr. BUTLER. Did Colonel Johnson's regiment charge the enemy with swords or with rifles?

"Mr. CASS. The men were all on horseback, armed with rifles; few of them had swords; they rode down the British forces; broke their lines almost without impediment. I saw the whole operation myself, being rather there as a spectator, for I was not in command. I talked about it afterwards with some of the British captured officers, and having expressed my surprise at the little opposition the movement met with, asked why they allowed their lines to be broken and their men to be rode down? They replied that, "their men had become alarmed, for they had heard our bugles in the swamp on the left," where they supposed we had a heavy force of regular cavalry. The *bugles* Mr President, were some old tin horns and we had no force there at all.

"I had some conversation on the subject, the other day, at Lexington with a very intelligent gentlemen—Captain Johnson—a younger brother of Colonel Johnson, who was there, and we compared notes, and aggreed in our recollections.

"Now, as to the other historic but disputed point: Who killed Tecumsch? [Laughter.] I will tell you what I know. Tecumseh fell in the battle, as we are all aware; but the following year the prophet, Tecumseh's brother and his son, young Tecumseh, a very intelligent young man, often came to see me, and we had several conversations respecting the series of events in which his father was engaged. The young man was near his father's side in the battle, but his uncle, the prophet, was in the Creek country, upon the mission to which I have referred. The young man described the battle very grapically—the persons, the parties present, and the incidents, without hesitation from the beginning to the end, and I have no more doubt from his narration than I have that I am here that Colonel Johnson was the person who killed his father. There were three of the Johnsons in the battle, and they were as brave men as ever followed the standard of their country to war."

EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY—PERPETUAL LIGHT.—Almost curious and interesting discovery has just been made at Lauges France, which, we have no doubt, will cause a searching scientific inquiry as to the materials and properties of the perpetually burning lamps said to have been in use by the ancients. Workmen were recently excavating for a foundation for a new building in a debris, evidently the remains of Gallo-Roman erection, when they came to the roof of an under ground sepulchre of cave, which time had rendered almost of metallic hardness. An opening, however, effected, when one of the men instantly exclaimed that he found a light at the bottom of the cave. The parties present entered, when, remarkable a bronzed sepulchral lamp, the roof by workmanship, suspended by substance, which chains of the same material, was entirely filled with a combustible, although did not appear to be. This discovery will, the probability, throw light on a question going on for so many disputes among we trust, that of, although it is stated which has during learned was discovered at Viterbo in 1850, that which however no fresh information from afforded on the subject.

Which is the most useless, a man without money or a locomotive off the track.

GENEROUS TRIBUTE TO GEN. PIERCE.

We copy below from the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, a tribute to General Pierce, which all fair minds must concede to be alike candid and just, and it is certainly honorable to its source:

"All who have with an impartial eye, observed the conduct of GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE, the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of President, must have been struck with his unobtrusive and modest course, and not less with his high and manly spirit evinced, whenever called upon to act or to speak. These traits of character are rare in public men, and especially among those who, bred to other pursuits, quit them in time of war for service in the field. They are ever associated with the highest qualities of mind and heart, and win for their possessor the respect and esteem which General Pierce's neighbor's and friends so generally and so warmly feel towards him. We were lately near his residence in the Granite Hills, and should personally have paid our respects to him, but that it might have been misrepresented. We heard, however, not only from his political friends, but from his political opponents—his neighbors and acquaintances—the most friendly and respectful, and often the most enthusiastic testimony of his high and noble qualities.—Even in the time of Judge Woodbury, it is conceded that General Pierce had command of the State, but that he never used his power and influence for himself, as he preferred over to live among his neighbors as a private citizen, enjoying the honors awarded him on all hands, as the head of the bar of New Hampshire. His resignation as Senator in Congress, as an officer of the army when service could no longer be rendered, and his refusal to accept the office of Attorney General and the Gubernatorial Chair of his State, are acts in harmony with the universal opinion held towards him by his neighbors and friends.

"Gen. Pierce, however, by no act or procurement of his, and from the spontaneous action of the Democratic Convention—such it unquestionably was, for we were present and witnessed it—has become the nominee of the great party which it represented, for the Presidential office; and instantly his whole career is examined for some spot or blemish, on which calumny may expatiate, until the elections have decided the question now before the country. A career which was opened under the teachings of an ancestry which had fought and bled in the country's service in the great battles of the Revolution; an ancestry famous for its high and patriotic tone and bearing—was a beginning which could by no possibility terminate in the dishonor which party malignity would now attach to the name of General Pierce. Throughout the war with Mexico he acted with courage; and if he erred at all, it was on the side of imprudence and unnecessary exposure. The spontaneous tribute of Gen. Scott, paid to Gen. Pierce, when the nomination of the former was announced at Washington by an assemblaged crowd, proves incontestibly that the sentiment of the army towards General Pierce was such as ever attends a soldier who has courageously performed his duty in battle. The name and fame of those who have rendered patriotic service are dear to the American people, and should be protected from unjust attack. Our attention has been called to the statement made by Major Winship, of the army, of some of the services of Gen. Pierce, rendered in Mexico, and we cheerfully publish some extracts from it."

ANECDOTE OF PIERCE.

A letter from a gentleman in Brunswick, Me., says the Hartford Times, to a friend in this city contains the following anecdote of Pierce:

"Frank Pierce, at the age of seventeen, when in Brunswick college, organized a military corps among the students, of which he was captain. The first intimation which the faculty had of the existence of the corpse was a view of them, "armed and equipped as the law directs," manœuvring in the college yard. President Allen bestirred himself to know what was going on, and on being told that Frank Pierce had organized a military company, sent a message to Pierce to know why he had taken such a responsibility on himself without consulting the faculty.

"Capt. Pierce returned for answer that whatever communication the pre, 'must to submit to him of a military ant.' come through his orderly seventeen.

"Such was Frank Pierce a man, for I have known him as a re you he is a many years, and can no a perfect gentlewhole-souled, true n tremendous vote in tleman. He will here, believe he is to the State, and ynt of the U. States." be the next P.

—cling into the Democratic line.

Whig Statesman from Maryland, says the *Daily Union*, gives us the following cheering account of the Democratic locets in that State:

I suppose you would like to have a little of my opinion of the political prospects of Maryland. If so, I can say most decidedly, they never were more flattering.—My health has prevented me from knocking around as formerly, but having been in Havre de Grace and Annapolis several times recently, I have yet to hear of the first Democratic vote we are to lose, while about every third Whig is out in open hostility to Scott, All the quiet say-nothing Whigs of my acquaintance are down upon him, while many of the most prominent men in the party have declared most emphatically they will not touch him. I saw ——— last week; he said, the feeling in the upper part of the county is decidedly in our favor. From Baltimore city I can hear of but little else than disaffection in the Whig ranks. Upon the whole, the smallest majority our best informed men claim in the State is 3000, but the gonerrl supposition is 5000.

Late and Interesting from Mexico.

New Orleans, Aug. 14.

Dates have been received from the city of Mexico to the 31st ult., by which we learn that the Rebolledos movement was very formidable. The disaffected, at last accounts, were marching against Jalapa. Their object srems to be the separation of the State of Orizaba from the State of Vera Cruz.

More pronunciamentos have been issued at Mazatlan and other places, and further troubles are repored at Tampico.

The government has invited new proposals for the construction of the Tehuantepec road till the 15th of August. All other grants and contracts for roads and canal projects are reserved for future consideration.

Later From California.

New Orleans, Aug. 14.

The steamship Daniel Webster, from San Juan, arrived here last evening, bringing two weeks later news from California.

The passengers report 2 millions in gold on the way to New York.

The news from California possess but little interest.

Crime and murder continue on the increase.

NATIVE TICKET IN 1844.—The following ticket was displayed conspicuously at the heads of the Nativist papers, in 1844:

Native American Ticket, 1844.
For President,
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.
For Vice President,
HON. JOHN M'LEAN.

"Fired with indignation" against adopted citizens, Gen. Scott did not decline the leadership of the Nativist forces.

SENATORIAL CONFERENCE.

We see that there is still a disagreement in the days named for the above conference. Our county named the 7th September in view of the fact that Tioga does not hold her Convention until the 3d, and had also suggested the 7th. Smethport is understood as the place.

We shall *mark* this article to each editor in the district, and they'll give notice.

DIED.—On Monday morning last, in this place, Margaret, wife of John McPherson, aged 37 years, 2 months and 3 days, leaving a large family of small children, and taking from our midst one of the most dutiful wives and mothers.

FALL ELECTION.

FELLOW-CITIZENS OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY:—I respectfully offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the ensuing General Election, and if elected, pledge myself to perform the duties thereof to the best of my abilities, and without fear, favor, or affection.

WILLIAM POWELL.

Clearfield, Aug. 9, 1852.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Please announce the name of JAMES BLOOM, esq. of Pike township, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the coming Fall election.

Aug. 10, 1852—ad.

MESSRS. MOORE & WILSON—GENTLEMEN—Please announce the name of GEORGE S. SMITH, of Girard township, as a Volunteer candidate for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER at the ensuing October Election, and oblige

MANY VOTERS.

August 9, 1852.

Wanted.

AGENTS of experien e Wanted to operate for the FARMERS' and MECHANICS' MUTUAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION OF HARRISBURG, Pa., to whom good encouragement will be given. Apply at the Office, No. 52 South Second Street—or address (post paid)

J. F. BALCH, President.

Harrisburg, Aug. 16, 1852.

Estate of Richard Davis, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of RICHARD DAVIS late of Bloom township, Clearfield county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

E. G. DAVIS, Bellefonte, } Admrs.
GEO. GILL, Bradford, }

Aug. 18 1852

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES hereby give notice that they have contracted with

DR. CATLIN & WIFE,

to continue in charge of the Academy during another year. The year is divided into FOUR QUARTERS of TWELVE WEEKS each, and FIVE DAYS of Teaching in each week.

The next Quarter will commence on MONDAY JUNE 28, 1852, at the following

Reduced Rates of Tuition

ENGLISH BRANCHES—Including Reading, Spelling, Arithmetic, ... $3 00
Writing, Geography and History, ... 4 00
HIGHER ENGLISH BRANCHES, including the above, Grammar, ... 4 00
ALL THE ABOVE, with LATIN and MATHEMATICAL DEPARTMENTS, ... 6 00
CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT, ... 8 00

MUSIC EXERCISES, at additional charge.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION will be given to the older pupils on EARLY HOURS, with interesting subjects, without extra charge.

Both old and older pupils are choose, classes on FRIDAY P. M. of each week, to review the lessons, Composition and Declamation upon their several studies. All others attend to their usual P. M. studies.

The LADIES DEPARTMENT is entirely separate from that of the other, on the part of those who desire it. Two or three classes consist of both sexes, for the purpose of economy in time; but it is optional with the young Ladies whether to join such classes or not.

The year is divided into 2 equal parts, the date of the Scholars commencing to the close of the Term—deduction being made in case of absence caused by sickness, and when a special agreement is made in accordance with the Principal.

MORAL SUASION has hitherto been the chief reliance of the Teachers in securing thorough discipline—and it has been efficient. Corporeal punishment is administered only in the most obdurate and incorrigible cases.

The constant aim of the Teachers is to make the instructions they impart, as well as that of books, Practical, as well as Theoretical.

The strictest attention is given to the Conduct, Habits and Morals of the Pupils, while under the charge of the Teachers.

BOARD can be obtained at reasonable prices.

RICHARD SHAW, President.

J. B. M'FEALY, Secretary. June 25, 1852.

PLEASANT HILL IRON FOUNDRY and MACHINE SHOP, *At Clearfield.*

THE undersigned respectfully announces to the people of Clearfield and the adjoining counties that he still continues to carry on the above business at his extensive establishment in the borough of Clearfield, and is now prepared to manufacture all kinds of

Castings used for Grist Mills, Saw-Mills, and all kinds of Machinery.

His Castings are now of a superior quality—equal, if not superior, to any other in the State—as he uses none but the very best material, and employs none but the very best of workmen in his

MACHINE SHOP,

With two superior TURNING LATHES, driven by steam, he is now in successful operation, and under the management of a practical mechanic—where almost any article of machinery can be FINISHED in the very best style, and on short notice.

He has now on hands a large assortment of Castings, such as STOVES of various sizes and patterns, PLOUGH IRONS, WASH KETTLES, &c., &c., which he offers to sell low for Cash, or on a reasonable credit. He is now casting, from his most approved patterns,

HATHAWAY COOKING-STOVES.

ALSO—Fancy Air Tight Parlor Stoves, Nine Plate and Coal Stoves. Also,

Wiard's celebrated Plough.

And all kinds of HOLLOW-WARE, SLEIGH and SLED SOLES, WAGON BOXES, &c.

He intends to sell on reasonable terms, and trusts that the citizens of the county generally will find it to their advantage to give him their custom. CASH will always be preferred—but the highest prices will be allowed for Country Produce and OLD METAL. As he gives his establishment his personal supervision, all orders for work will receive prompt attention.

DAVID LITZ.

Clearfield, Nov. 28, 1851.

Just Received at the CASH STORE.

A New supply of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FISH, BACON and CHEESE.

July 21, 1852. IRWIN & SMITH.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of a writ of Levarie Facies, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the court house in the borough of Clearfield, on FRIDAY the TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY of AUGUST 1852, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described Lot of ground, situate on Big Run Creek, in Brady township, A Single saw Mill. Fifty feet long and Sixteen feet wide, and the lot or curtilage appurtenant thereto, and all the conveniences necessary to use the said mill—Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Coldas.

ALSO,

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Vendition Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house, in the Borough of Clearfield, on MONDAY the 23th day of SEPTEMBER next, the following described Tract of Land, situate in Pike township, Clearfield county, viz—Beginning at a hickory, thence west 150 perches to a post, thence 22 degrees w. at 176 perches to a post, north 45 degrees east 150 perches to a post, thence north 45 degrees west 89 perches, being part of a tract of land surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to Adam Zantzinger, with 35 acres of cleared land, a dwelling House, and Cabin Barn thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Henry and Thomas Henry.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, all the interest of defendant in and to a Certain Tract of Land situate in Bell township, Clearfield county, containing 150 acres, being part of a survey on warrant No. 1681, in the name of John Holstein, beginning at two Hickories, a corner on the river, the boundary of said original survey, thence down the river 80 rods, thence by a line parallel said Tract to the southern line of the same so as to include 150 acres of the upper end of said large survey, and so as to include the improvements of said defendant on said tract with two H uses, Blacksmith Shop and Saw Mill thereon erected, and 8 acres and 38 perches cleared. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Shaw.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, a Certain Tract of Land situate in Lawrence township, Clearfield county, containing 98 acres, surveyed on warrant to Robert Morris, bounded by Wm. Morris, Stephen Kinsloe, John Hussing and John Thomas—Also, another tract of land, adjoining the Robert Morris tract, beginning at a post thence north 45 perches to a corner of John Thomas, thence 356 perches to a post, south 95 perches to a post, thence 356 perches to the north west corner of the Walter Stewart survey, with 60 acres cleared on the 408 acre tract. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Mese.

ALSO,

BY virtue of an alias, similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, all the interest of Joseph Loudon and John Loudon in and to a Certain Tract of Land, situate in Penn township, Clearfield county, beginning at a hemlock west to lands of Loudon's land 122 perches, thence south by land of A. B. Read 103 perches to a post, thence again east 120 perches, thence north by lands of A. B. Read 104 perches to the place of beginning, about part of survey known as No. 6, with a Two Story House and Stable thereon erected, about 60 acres of land situate about 10 miles Curwensville, in said county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post, thence by lands of Cordary, with a Cabin House and Barn, and about 10 acres cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Loudon.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, to wit—All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a certain Tract of Land situate in Penn township, Clearfield county, beginning at a stone, thence by the Thomas Gibson survey south 115 perches to a post, thence by land sold to E. Dyer, west 93 perches, thence by the Robert Wilson survey 115 perches, thence east by John Heskett 93 perches to place of beginning, being part of tract taken up by Thomas Gibson, with a House and Stable and 40 acres cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John G. Miller.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, to wit—Certain Tract of Land situate in Chester township, Clearfield county, bounded by lands of John Patchin, Hardman Phillips, and others, containing about 110 acres, with about 5 acres cleared. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John D. Watters.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a similar writ, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, to wit—A Certain Tract of Land situate in Bradford township, Clearfield county, containing 114 acres, being part of the Peter Widdows survey, beginning at a corner, thence by Jacob Downing north 117 perches, thence west 170 perches, thence south by Emrich's land 117 perches, thence east by the George R. Bart's survey 170 perches to place of beginning, with the improvements thereon. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joshua Carr.

ALSO,

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the same court, and to me dir ected, will be exposed to public sale, on MONDAY the 30th day of September next at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield, the following property, viz:—A certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Curwensville, Clearfield county, on the north side of State street, and west of Welsh street; beginning at the corner of a lot now or late of Wm. Irwin extending along said street 80 feet to a lot of Samuel Wray, thence along the same northward, 181 feet, more or less to an Alley, thence along the same westward 80 feet to said Alley or late of Wm. Irwin; thence along the same Southward 180 to the beginning; with a two story dwelling house and other buildings thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Clark.

A. CALDWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, August 5, 1852.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, The Honorable JOHN C. KNOX, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Fourteenth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Clinton, Jefferson and Venango, and the Honorable RICHARD SHAW and JOHN P. HOYT, Associate Judges in Clearfield county, have issued their precept bearing date the SIXTH day of August, 1852 to me directed, for holding a

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, GRPHAN'S COURT COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS AND COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER AND GENERAL JAIL DELIVERY,

At Clearfield, in and for Clearfield county, on the THIRD MONDAY of Sept. next—the next session day of the month.

NOTICE IS, THEREFORE, HEREBY GIVEN,

To the Coroner Justices of the Peace, and Constables of and in the county of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons, with Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which unto their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done—Commanding all and every person or persons, prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner, are required to be then and there, and to prosecute them as shall be just—And also all Recognizances entered into before any of the Justices of the Peace, Coroners or Constables of the county of Clearfield, for the appearance of any person or persons, or witnesses, in the Jail of said county of Clearfield, at the time aforesaid, are then and there to prosecute against the prisoners as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Clearfield, this eighth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two and the one hundredth year of American Independency.

ALEXANDER CALDWELL, Sheriff.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain in my office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' court of Clearfield county to be held at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield on Tuesday the 5th day of Sept. next, for confirmation and allowance.

1st—The partial account of John Curry and Simon Rothrock, Executors of James Curry, late of Covington township, Clearfield county, deceased.

2d.—The Final Account of Edward Williams and William Woodridge, Administrators of Samuel Harner, late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, deceased.

3d.—The Partial Account of James Lee and William Wallace, Executors of Wm. C. Welch, late of the borough of Clearfield, deceased

4th.—The Final Account of John Read, Josiah R. Read and Thomas Read, Administrators of Thomas Read, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased.

5th. The Account of Benjamin Hershon, Administrator, and Elizabeth Welch, Administratrix, of the estate of Geo. Welch, jr., late of Pike township, Clearfield co., dec'd.

6th. The Account of G. D. Goodfellow, Administrator of the estate of Isaiah Goodfellow, late of Clearfield Co., dec'd

WM. PORTER, Register.

Register's office, Clearfield, August 11, 1852.

TRIAL LIST for Sept. term, 1852.

Leonard & Moore	vs Boughman & Brooks.
W H Bowersmer	vs Benjamin Barnhorn
J T Leonard, Assignee, &c.	vs James Tarter
Bennett use of Hunter use of Wm. Graham, jr.	vs H L Hall
Seligshorger & Bloom	vs Benjamin Bloom
Ira Sobles	vs J A McGhee, et. al.
Green use of Sedgwick	vs B Barnhorn
George W Long	vs Isaac Smith
Coulter use of R Shaw	vs M Feeley's cont. of Guillim.
Thos Elliot	vs Hazlet & McCracken
Philip Antes	vs Bigler & Reed
James Gallaher, jr.	vs Burgunder & Brickley
John M Chase	vs Samuel Ardrey
James Gallaher, jr.	vs J Burgunder, et. al.
W H Bloom use of I Smith	vs Peter Bloom
Wm Wilson	vs Wm Bloom
Joseph McCracken	vs Schlieberger & Bloom
Isaac Wilson	vs Christian Sh. ff
G Emigh	vs James Alleott & Brothers
George Rehorn	vs Jeremiah Rishorn
Jacob Snyder	vs F Wiggins & A Pitt,
Hardman Phillips	vs Samuel Heasty
Same	vs Wm Glasrow
Patchin & Sons	vs A Leconte
A Leconte	vs J Patchin & H Patchin

WM. PORTER, Prothy.

Aug. 10, 1852.

LEVER FLEGAL,

BLACKSMITH, Lutheburg, Pa., will attend to all business in her line, and will also furnish WAGONS, BUGGIES, &c., very cheap, and manufactured in the neat style, and warranted. Aug. 7, 1852.—y.

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, residing as partners in the name of J. P. & H. W. HOYT, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 5th of July last—D. W. Hoyt having withdrawn from the business. The accounts of the late Firm will be settled by J. P. Hoyt, who will continue the business at the old stand in Lecontedore.

JOHN P. HOYT.
DAVID W. HOYT.

Ferguson township, Aug. 11, 1852

HEMPHILL'S HOTEL,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THE subscriber most respectfully informs the citizens of Clearfield county, and the traveling public generally, that he has taken the above named HOTEL situated on the corner of Front and Market streets, in the borough of Clearfield, where he will at all times be prepared to accommodate those who may favor him with their custom. No pains will be spared by the proprietor to make his customers comfortable, and his house a HOME to those who may stop with him.

His STABLE will be carefully attended to—and his TABLE and BAR supplied with the best the market will afford.

WM. J. HEMPHILL.

August 11, 1852.

WAR DECLARED WITH ENGLAND!

WAR WITH ENGLAND is hereby declared by the subscriber, who has just received from the Works of IRVINE, M'COY & CO., Milesburg, Pa., an extensive lot of IRON of every description, and of the very best quality, which he will sell at the following reduced prices:

Assorted bar Iron of every description, nail rod included, at $3 75 per hun'd.
Nails at 5 00 " "

and when a larger quantity of either nails or iron is required, a greater reduction is made. There will also be found at the same establishment, a large assortment of

Stoves of every description,

Cooking Stoves, Ten Plate, Nine Plate, Parlor Coal and Wood Stoves, all of which will be sold as Cheap, and a little Cheaper than were ever before offered in these parts.

Call and see for yourselves, near Leonard & Moore's store.

L. R. CARTER, Agent.

Clearfield, August 5, 1852.

TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

First Class Hotel—Terms $1 50 Per Day.

THE subscriber, having lately become proprietor of the FRANKLIN HOUSE, Chesnut Street, between 3d and 4th, PHILADELPHIA, and having reduced the price of board to $1 50 per day, gives notice that, notwithstanding this reduction, he will still continue to keep a FIRST CLASS HOUSE.

The Franklin House has just undergone extended alterations, and is now fitted up and finished in superior style for the reception of visitors. The Lower Floor, formerly occupied by stores, is now included in the Hotel, forming a spacious Reception Room, Gentlemen's Parlor, and Dining Room, thereby allowing an addition of thirty chambers and several beautiful parlors, fronting on Chesnut st. The Rooms of this Hotel are superior to most others, being constructed with alcoves, forming parlor and bed-chamber attached, well-lighted and ventilated. The location is unsurpassed, either for business or pleasure. BEN. H. WOOLMAN, Prop'r.

Philadelphia, July 26, 1852.

Public Caution.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against taxing the assignment of a certain note for FIFTEEN DOLLARS, given by me to HENRY SHIRK of Elk county, about the month of May last, as I have not received value for the same, and will not pay it until compelled by law.

AMOS HUBLER.

Aug 7, 1852.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber about the 10th of July last, a STRAY COW, said cow is of RED and WHITE colour and the form of the white, and views are low. The owner is requested to come down, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

PETER BROWN.

Covington township August 6, 1852.

MECHANICS, MANUFACTURERS & INVENTORS

THE Eighth Volume of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN commences on the 18th of September. It is principally devoted to the diffusion of useful practical knowledge, and is eminently calculated to advance the great interests of industry—Mechanical, Manufacturing, and Agricultural—the genius of the mastermind of the nation.

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Estate of Wm. Whitaker, dec'd.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of Wm. Whitaker, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. Therefore all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment—and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CHARLES SLOAN, Adm'r.

Clearfield Bridge, July 29 1852.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between SAMUEL McKEAN and HENRY GROE, trading under the firm of GROE & McKEAN in the Lumbering business on the Moshannon creek, was dissolved on the 5th instant by mutual consent. The business will here after be carried on by Henry Groe, who will settle all the business of the late firm.

SAMUEL McKEAN.
HENRY GROE.

July 29, 1852.

Estate of J. R. Ames, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Letters of Administration de bonis non, have been granted in due form of law to the subscriber, on the estate of the above deceased, late of Jordan township, Clearfield county—and that all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment without delay, and those having demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

D. W. MOORE
Adm'r de bonis non of J R Ames, dec'd.

July 28, 1852.

FRENCH BRANDY.

A SUPERB ARTICLE of French Brandy, selected at the Curwensville House, and for sale

R. MOSSOP.

CHAIN PUMPS for sale by June 10. WALLACE & BILLS.

"LOLA MONTES."

Boot and Shoe Making, AT CLEARFIELD BRIDGE.

FRANCIS HOYT respectfully announces to the public, that he has commenced the above business at CLEARFIELD BRIDGE, in the new building occupied by John Gould, on the west side of the creek, where he will manufacture BOOTS and SHOES, of all kinds, and at fair prices, on the shortest notice, and in the very best manner.

Give him a call. June 4, 1852.

DR. HOYT'S

POWDERS.

THIS PREPARATION is now being offered to the Public as a GUARANTEED CURE for the HEAVES IN HORSES, and as the only known medicine in the world having been used in the private Veterinary practice of the proprietor for the last 20 years; and he has never known it to fail in a single instance of producing a lasting cure, and leaving the horse in good spirits for work. The utter incompetency of the horse for labor, when troubled with this common disease, should induce every one having such to apply immediately for this remedy.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER PACKAGE.

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CLOTHING, of almost every description—Coats, Vests and Pantaloons.

A covering for the Upper extremities, a Waist coat, and a pair of Unmentionables, all for THREE DOLLARS, at WALLACE & BILLS.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD ONE-HORSE BUGGY, with a Leather top, in complete order, and as good as new, for sale cheap. For further particulars or quire at THIS OFFICE.

July 16, 1852.

WINES

FOR Sacramental and Medical purposes, for sale at the CHEAP CASH Store of

R. MOSSOP.

July 15.

Cedar Ware.

CHURNS, TUBS and BUCKETS, for sale at the Cheap Cash Store of

R. MOSSOP

July 14.

WM. NEWELL & SON,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,

No. 3, South Water st., Phila.,

HAVE always on hand a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED assortment of GROCERIES, WINES, TEAS, &c., to which we invite the attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Oct. 2, 1851.—7m

BACON.

HAMS, SIDES, and SHOULDERS for sale at the cheap CASH store of

R. MOSSOP.

July 14.

For Sale.

ONE GOOD TWO HORSE WAGON for sale by WALLACE & BILLS.

July 8, 1852.

Estate of Margaret Reed, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that letters of Administration upon the estate of MARGARET REED, late of Ferguson tp., Clearfield co., dec'd., have in due form of law been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID FERGUSON, Adm'r.

Clearfield, July 23, 1852.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS!!

CASH STORE.

IRWIN & SMITH, having purchased of J. L. Hunter his Stock of Merchandize, are now receiving a large and well selected supply of SEASONABLE GOODS of every description, which were laid in at the lowest possible rates. They would invite the public, before purchasing elsewhere, to call at the late stand of J. L. Hunter, on Market street, and examine their STOCK and PRICES, as they are determined to sustain the former character of the house for low prices.

W. F. IRWIN,
A. M SMITH.

April 29, 1852.

READY-MADE CLOTHING of almost every description for sale at the store of

SMITH & IRWIN.

June 18, 1852.

Saw-Mill and 200 Acres of Land FOR SALE or RENT.

THE subscribers offer for SALE or RENT their SAW-MILL together with TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, situated in Penn township, Clearfield county. This property possesses many advantages as a Lumbering establishment, being situated on the stream known as Big Run, about 3½ miles from the river, and in the midst of an extensive timber region.

The property will certainly be Sold or Rented. The terms will be favorable, and possession given immediately.

For further particulars apply either to Hugh Leavy, at Clearfield, or to Clark and Daily, on the Grampian Hills, near the pro. city.

HUGH LEAVY.
PATRICK DAILY.
WILLIAM CLARK.

June 18 1851.

PENN IRON FOUNDRY; Machine, Pattern and Blacksmith Shops, Clarion, Pa.

THE undersigned would announce to the citizens of Clearfield and adjoining counties, that he has opened a room a second street, in the borough of Clearfield, near the store of Leonard & Moore, where he intends keeping a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF CASTINGS, warranted to be made of the best material, and at prices that cannot fail to please. The following comprises a list of the stock on hands:

FULTON'S HOT-AIR COOKING STOVE, for either Wood or Coal. This Stove has probably the largest introduction of any other form of stoves. It has superseded in almost every county, the well known Hathaway and Ziegler stoves. It is easily understood, and the fires being so arranged that all can be cleaned without any trouble. The peculiar form and construction is such as to render it the most durable of all stoves. Numerous testimonials could be added, but it is deemed an unnecessary

IMPROVED PREMIUM COOKING STOVES—at from 18 to 30

PARLOR STOVES—for either wood or coal.
ARGETLIGHT do
SALAMANDER do a beautiful Coal Stove.
VASE do
EGG do
NINE & TEN PLATE Stoves—very cheap.
MANTLE GRATES, with common pieces. A large variety and superior finished Grates from 15 to 33 inches.
COMMON GRATES, all sizes.
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL RAILING; HOLLOW WARE; OVEN MOUTHS; GROUND IRON & WAFFLE do. SCALE BEAMS WAGON BOXES, SLEIGH