THE REPUBLICAN.

Clearfield, Pa, February 14, 1852.

Appointments by the Governor.

Franklin Vansant, of Bucks county, flour Inspector at Philadelphia.

Jared Ketchum, Philadelphia, Quarantine Master.

Wm. Rice, Philadelphia, Harbor Master.

H. W. Sample, Commissioner to take acknowledgment of deeds, &c., Keokuk, Iowa.

N. B. Rigdon, Notary Public, Fayette county.

Jefferson Worthington, Notary Public, Cumberland county.

Wm. Kline, Notary Public, Dauphin county.

Wm. Gould, Cumberland, Auctioneer, Carlisle.

☞ Maj. Brady has dressed his (Brookville) *Jeffersonian* with a handsome new suite of type.

☞ Col. J. R. Magill after an absence of some two years, has resumed the editorial control of that excellent paper, the *Tioga Eagle.*

☞ Our thanks are again due to Hon. Alfred Gilmore, for Congressional favors.

☞ The Hon. Lynn Boyd, Speaker of the House of Representatives, will also accept our thanks, for similar favors.

☞ The warm weather, assisted by the sun of last Tuesday night, had the effect of raising the waters considerably, though not sufficient to take the ice, which still remains, and judging from the cold blasts of yesterday and to-day, is likely to remain for some weeks yet.

☞ Among the recent appointments made by the Board of Canal Commissioners, we observe that of Jas. C. Barrett, of this county to be Weigh Master at the weigh scales at Johnstown.

This is the same situation, we believe, that Mr. B. held some years ago, and the duties of which he discharged in a manner entirely satisfactory.

THE LEGISLATURE.

By the sketches of the proceedings of our state Legislature, which we are enabled to publish from week to week, our readers can form some faint idea of the efforts, made by the bank interests. We think we are under the mark when we say that at least one-third of the business of the Legislature anually is connected in some way, with the banking interests. To read the daily journal of the proceedings would suppose that every body was in favor of the new banks, of re-chartering the old ones, and of giving them every privilege they ask for, as there are about as many bank petitions presented, as there are petitions for all other objects combined. Now, it is plain that this is not the work of the people. *They* may not be opposed to well regulated banks, nor to giving them privileges, that, compared to those enjoyed by individuals, are truly extraordinary—but to present petition after petition, as coming from the people in favor of this or that bank; or of giving them this and that privilege, is all gammon, and the next thing to making a mock of this sacred right.

There never was a period in the history of our Commonwealth, when bank issues should be more safely confined to their prescribed limits, or a period at which further restrictions could be more safely enforced than now, and if our Legislators would do what which would immortalize their memories, and confer lasting benefits upon the people and the Commonwealth, they would apply the remedy at once.

Gov. Bigler's First Pardon.

The first occasion for the exercise of the pardoning power under our present worthy Executive, seems to have been a most worthy one. It was that of Mr. Alberti, who was convicted of kidnapping, but two years ago, in Philadelphia. The case was in substance as follows: A female slave was claimed by her master; while she had been in this state she gave birth to a child, which was but a few weeks old when the mother was re-claimed. Part with her infant the mother could not, and would take it with her.—Alberti was convicted of kidnapping—not the mother, but the infant. Much censure has been heaped upon Judge Parsons, before whom the case was tried, but with what justice we are not able to decide. We must admit, however, that it was a case loudly calling for Executive clemency.

A General Jail Delivery.

Some one or two of the whig presses have alluded to the first exercise of the pardoning power, by Gov. Bigler, in a manner calculated to create the impression that whig Governors never interfered in this way. Now, if these conscientious gentlemen will make the inquiry at the proper place, they will discover that his Excellency, Gov. Johnston—during the first seventeen days of his administration, released from the prison's chains, no less than *forty-three* convicts!

☞ The *Pennsylvanian*, in alluding to the appointment of Wm. Rice, as Harbor master of the Port of Philadelphia, says:

"Mr. Rice is one of the most active and intelligent business men in this city, and will faithfully discharge every duty imposed on him by the position. His appointment has given general satisfaction among nautical men; and the political party of which he has ever been so firm a supporter, will hail it as an eminently deserved compliment.

From the Washington Union.

SIGNS FOR 1852.

The people of this country have never re-elected a whig President.

They have never elected two whig administrations in succession.

They have now put into power democratic governors in twenty-six States out of thirty-one, leaving whig governors to five States. They have elected democratic legislatures in twenty-three States, leaving whig legislatures in eight States.

They have a large democratic majority in both houses of Congress, prepared to maintain substantially as it now is the existing democratic legislative policy of the country.

It is stated that, under the apportionment of electoral votes among the States by the new census, the democratic candidate receiving the votes of the States carried by the democracy in 1848 would be elected. Since that time the democrats have fully carried New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Delaware; in the gubernatorial election, Maryland, North Carolina, Kentucky, Massachusetts, and Connecticut; and in the congressional election, Tennessee—all of which States voted for Gen. Taylor. Meantime the whigs have carried, even in the gubernaterial election, no single State in the Union which gave a democratic majority in 1848, except Wisconsin, which is now regarded as surely democratic in 1852. An offset to this loss is also given by the admission of California, which is also democratic.

That the democratic party, therefore, will triumph in the coming presidential canvass appears to be just as certain as that it will continue to exist as a national organization. If those who prefer the democratic policy, and mean to vote the democratic ticket, shall see fit to meet, by their delegates, at Baltimore simply as democrats, without regard to any other party distinctions, or party organizations, or party names whatever, the success of the democracy would seem to be sure. The only hope of the whigs is in the action of those democrats who may be led to take part in an attempt to supersede the democratic organization by some other of a sectional character, or else to interpolate into the democratic creed some new issue. To divide and conquer is the policy of the whigs—to unite and be proof against assault is the duty of the democrats. Thus, in Louisiana, General Downs has been beaten because the democrats were divided—and thus it will be in every other quarter of the Union where similar divisions are permitted to tell at the ballot-box. So true is this, that it is almost a definition of whiggery to say that it is whatever divides democracy.

Another Evidence of the Good Sense of Governor Kossuth.

Kossuth has determined to decline the invitation of the Cincinnati committee to have a public reception in that city, and will despatch Pulszky there to-morrow.—The following is an extract from his letter to the committee, giving his reasons for his declination:

"I decline, in the most solemn way, every procession, illumination, banquet and costly entertainment. Allow me to provide for my own lodging and board.—Whatever you have resolved to bestow for these objects, let the amount be given towards the Hungarian Fund."

It is much to be regretted (says the Harrisburg *Keystone*) that Kossuth could not have had the ordering of the receptions and banquets, &c., with which he has been *annoyed* quite as much as entertained, during his progress through our country; they would have been managed very differently and in better keeping with the object of his mission. To the citizens of Pittsburg is due the credit of having got up a banquet on correct principles, where there was no gormandizing or guzzling; and consequently no expenditure for eating or drinking, and the proceeds were applied where they should go—to the Hungarian fund.

Their example has encouraged Kossuth, and the ill-natured attacks of some presses have probably compelled him to speak on the subject, and to thus insist that no future occasion shall be given for similar attacks.

There is little doubt that the parade and display which has so far attended their progress has been irksome to others as well as Gov. Kossuth.

"Oh! said Madame Pulsky in our presence, "Why do they not take us to the farm houses instead of the hotels? You can see nothing, learn nothing at a hotel; there is nothing but noise, bustle and confusion;" and then as though the thought that it might be necessary to stop at hotels crossed her mind, she added: "Surely they might take us to the farm houses, and leave the gentlemen at the hotels?"

During her stay at the Mountain House Madame P. gratified her desire to visit a farm house; and declining the invitation of the lady of the house to "walk into the parlor," proceeded to the kitchen, where she inquired with much interest into all the domestic arrangements and modus operandi of the working department.

We may be allowed to add that Madame P. is perfectly at home in all that relates to agriculture or the resources and productions of her own country.

A REPLY TO BATTHYANY.

Count Pulszkey has written from Pittsburg a letter, reviewing rather than replying to the letter of Count Batthyany, noticed in our last paper, in which he fully exposes the motives and objects of both Esterhazy and Batthyany, and completely exculpates Kossuth from the censure sought to be fastened upon him.

The style of the letter is worthy of Kossuth himself and fully sustains the reputation of Pulszky for eloquence. Take for instance the following:—*Keystone.*

"He winds his letter up by entering into technicalities, in order to show that Governor Kossuth had no right to the title, and that he should retire into private life. The vanity of Antisththenes peeps through the modesty of the Count and blinds him so far as to forget that since these last ten years, he, as well as his cousin, Count Louis, fought many a parliamentary battle under the standard of this same Kossuth, whom he reviles now—that they belonged to his party long before 1848—that they were his associates in more than one political enterprise. The Count forgets that by his own concurrence the aristocratic Constitution of Hungary was already in 1848, remoddled into a democratic one—that since the days of March and April there was no more political differences between the classes of Hungary—that the Count himself consented to abolish the feudal rights and to enlarge the franchise nearly to universal suffrage. He forgets that it was Kossuth alone who, at the time when Count Louis Batthyany left Hungary without the means of defence, provided for the defence of the betrayed country—that when Jellachich entered Hungary, and the Archduke fled and Count Louis despaired, it was the eloquence of Kossuth which gathered the people on the plains of Pakezd and led them to victory. He forgets that at the time when our armies were defeated, and capital lost, and the country invaded from nine different points, and there was no arms in Hungary, and no powder for the charge, and no sulphur to manufacture the powder, and no money to pay the soldiers, and no hope in the breasts of the bravest—it was Kossuth, who, by the firmness of his will, and the resources of mind, raised armies and clothed them, and armed them, and organized them, and inspired the people with confidence, and led them from victory to victory, till the symbol of double-faced Austria—the double-faced eagle—flew hastily back from the Theiss to the very frontiers of Hungary. And the Count forgets that after the deposition of the House of Hapsburg, he did accept the ministry of Foreign Affairs, from the hands of the Governor, and took the oath to maintain the Declaration of Independence, and did belong to the administration of his 'highly cultivated' friend, B. Szemere, who, without the previous knowledge of the Governor, declared openly to the Diet, that his administration was to be a Republican or a *Revolutionary* one.

Grunzig.—*More Extraordnary Still.*—At a meeting of the German citizens, held at No. 60 North William street, New York, in behalf of Otto Grunzig, the report of the Albany Committee was read; from which it appeared, that M'ddlle. Lorenz having arrived at Albany, on the 22d ultimo, asked by the Grunzig Committee about her object, she answerd: "Though innocent, I like to try to save Grunzig's life by making any confessions to the Governor. May they imprison me for one or two years. I am but a woman—they can't do more.—*Daily News.*

The Committee replied to this, that they would not bring her before the Governor under such circumstances, for they could not agree with using any falsehoods for the sake of saving Grunzig's life.

M. Lorenz afterward was accompanied by the Committe from Congress Hall to John Wacher's Hotel, and provided for with every comfort and necessary.

On the next morning, Friday, the 23d, at 9 o'clock, the Committee made preparations to see the Governor once more and for the last time, as the happy news of the granted respite reached them.

Therefore, M. Lorenz has not seen the Governor. She has not made an affidavit, neither in New York nor Albany. She has not been induced to make any confessions whatever.

Sad Occurrence.—We regret to learn that James Derr, residing in Lewis township, in this county, was found dead lying on a limekiln, which was in blast near his residence on Saturday morning last. A box was found near the top of the kiln, upon which, it is supposed he was sitting the evening before, and being overcome with gas, fell into the kiln and expired. He was about 35 years of age, of temperate habits, and left a wife and four small children to mourn their loss.—*Miltonian.*

New gold dollars and gold half-dollars.—"Observer," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, says:

"I have just seen the new gold dollar piece sent down from the Philadelphia mint to the Hon. Geo. S. Houston, chairman of the committee of ways and means. The coin consists of a flat ring, on which there is a superscription, but no head, as the place for putting a head is cut out. The only objection to this kind of coin is the detrition to which, it seems to me, it must be very liable. On the other hand, the coin may be carried on a string—a most convenient and safe way of carrying money. Half-dollar gold pieces, not yet called for by any law, have been sent down, and look very pretty. These half-dollar gold pieces would be more convenient still than the dollar pieces, and may be carried in the same way.

☞ A snake was discovered crawling in the snow, in Bucks county, and killed, which measured two feet eleven and a-half inches.

Philadelphia, Fourth of July Convention.—Harrisburg, Feb. 10.—In the House to-day, on motion of Mr. Flanigan, the joint resolutions reported from the committee on the matter of the erection of monuments to the old Thirteen States in Independence Square, were taken up and passed finally. They provide for the appointment of delegates to a convention to be held in the city of Philadelphia, on the Fourth of July, 1852, and name Governor Bigler and A. G. Waterman as delegates on the part of the State.

Another scientific wonder Pepsin an Artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice!—A great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from Rennet, of the fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Leibig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11 north Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, constipation, and Debility, curing after nature's own method, by nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See Advertisement in another col.

MARRIED—On January 8th, by the Rev. Henry Lucas, Dr. James M. Bunn, of New Washington, to Miss Athelia S. Byers, of Burnside township, Clearfield county.

On the same day, by the Rev. Henry Hoffman, Mr. William M. Michaels, of New Washington, to Miss Florinda J. Hum, of Punxsutawney, Jefferson county.

DIED—Of scarlet fever, on Wednesday night last, —— the youngest child of Amos Read's, sen., of Lawrence township, aged between four and five years.

Agricultural Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a meeting of the Committee appointed by the Agricultural meeting held on last court week, for the purpose of framing a constitution, &c. for a permanent organization of an Agricultural society for Clearfield county, will be held at the COURT HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of February, 1852, at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day.

The following persons compose the committee:—

Elisha Fenton,	John Sills,
G. R. Barrett,	James Fulton,
G. L. Reed,	G. P. Gulich,
Joseph Irwin,	Hugh Irvin,
John R. Reed,	Thomas H. Fulton,
William Mitchell,	P. A. Kathers,
Richard Shaw,	Isaac Thompson,
Jos. B. M'Enally,	Matthew Caldwell,
James M'Ghee,	Jacob Hoover,
Crawford Gallager,	John Flegal,
William Hunter,	Benjamin Smeal,
Thomas Leonard,	Francis Comfort,

A general attendance of the Committee is earnestly requested.

ELISHA FENTON, Chair'n

Clearfield, Feb. 11, 1851.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

ALL PERSONS who pay to the Collectors of their respective townships, the whole amount of their STATE TAX on or before the first day of JULY next, shall have an abatement of FIVE PER CENT allowed to them by the Collectors of their respective townships. By order of the Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office. } Attest, G. B. GOODLANDER, Clk.
Feb. 8th, 1852.

Notice to Collectors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all Collectors of County and State Tax will be charged Six per cent INTEREST on all moneys due from one year after the date of their respective Duplicates. By order of the Commissioners.

Attest, G. B. GOODLANDER, Clerk.

Commissioners' Office, Feb 6, 1852.

Divine Services.

BY DIVINE PERMISSION, the Rev Mr. DIEHL from Johnstown will preach, on SATURDAY, the 21st inst., at early candle light, and on Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, in the Lutheran Church, in this place. Likewise in the EVENING of the same day in Curwensville, at early light.—The public are invited to attend.

Feb. 11, 1852.

TAKE CARE.

THE tax payers of Lawrence township, will take notice that those owing SCHOOL TAX on the Duplicate of Robert Owens, Collector for the year 1851, or on the Duplicate of Jas. A. Reed, School Treasurer, for the previous year, are required to pay the same to the subscriber, on or before FRIDAY the 20th instant. Those neglecting to do so may prepare for war.

N. K. McMULLEN, Constable

Feb. 6, 1852.

Estate of William Dunlap, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that letters of Administration upon the Estate of William Dunlap, dec'd, late of Pike township, have been in due form of law, granted to the subscriber. All persons having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those owing said estate will make payment immediately.

ISAAC DUNLAP,
JOHN DUNLAP, Pike towns'p

Feb. 6, 1852. JAMES A. REED, Lawrence towns'p.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by James M'Connell, situate on the east side of the Methodist Church, in CLEARFIELD—will be sold low for cash, and possession given on the 1st of April 1852. Apply to

JOHN L. CUTTLE.

February 6, 1852.

Marietta House,

GEORGE PETERS—*Proprietor,*

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Public, that he has taken that well known Tavern Stand, on Front Street, in the borough of Marietta, Pa., formerly kept by William Shuchhouse, where he will be gratified to see all his old friends, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

The house has been thoroughly refitted, and additions added thereto, making it one of the largest and most commodious Hotels in the borough. HIS TABLE will always be supplied with the best the market will afford; and his BAR will be stored with the choicest Liquors and he will at all times use his best endeavors to conduce to the comfort and pleasure of his guests; and desires that he may receive a share of the public patronage.

Marietta, Feb. 11, 1852—4m.

TIMBER AND BOARDS.

WILLIAM M'BRIDE & A. K. WRIGHT.

HAVING formed a partnership in the Merchandise business, at the house formerly occupied by Wm. M'Bride in Curwensville, They are now receiving a large stock of goods of every description, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for grain of every description, or boards shingles and timber, or a little cash will not be refused. The highest price will be given for good timber Boards and shingles.

M'BRIDE & WRIGHT.

Curwensville Feb. 2d, 1852.

POPULAR BOOK FOR AGENTS.

HEADLEY'S LIFE OF KOSSUTH.

THE undersigned have in press, and will publish in January next,

THE LIFE OF LOUIS KOSSUTH,
GOVERNOR OF HUNGARY.

With notices of distinguished Men, and Scenes of the Hungarian Revolution. To which is an Appendix, containing the most important of the Addresses, Letters and Speeches of the Magyar Chief. By P. C. Headley, author of "Life of the Empress Josephine," "Life of Lafayette," etc; with an Introduction by Horace Greely. In one 12mo volume, with a steel Portrait. Uniform in style and price with "Headley's Josephine." Price, $1 25.

Agents wanted in every County in the United States, to canvass for the above popular work.

☞ Any Newspaper published within 500 miles of New York State, that will give the above three insertions, shall receive a copy of the work immediately on its publication free of expense by mail.

DERBY & MILLER, Publishers.
Auburn, N. Y.

Dec 30 1851.

Philipsburg and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Stockholders in this Road, that an Election will be held at the house of Samuel Morrison, in Philipsburg, on the FIRST MONDAY of MARCH next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, p. m. to elect Managers for the ensuing year.

W. BAGSHAW, Sec'y.

Philipsburg, Jan. 24, 1852.

Estate of Wilson McClure, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the Estate of Wilson M'Clure, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will therefore make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement. Robert W. M'Naul, at Curwensville, will give the business attention at all times.

R. W. M'NAUL, Administrator.
MARY M'CLURE, Administratrix.

Curwensville, Dec. 31, 1851.

Estate of John W. Miller, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Letters of Administration have been issued to the subscriber, on the estate of John W. Miller, late of Beccaria township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will therefore make immediate payment—and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them to the subscriber, in Beccaria township, duly authenticated for settlement. Immediate attention is required to this notice, in order that the estate may be settled without delay.

LIONAL W. WELD, Adm'r.

Beccaria township, Jan. 15, 1852—pd.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

ALL Collectors for 1850, and for former years, who know themselves in arrears, are requested to pay to the Treasurer the whole amount of their duplicates, on or before the next February court. Those who neglect this notice can have an opportunity of paying some cost to the Sheriff soon after court. And some of the Collectors for 1851 had better keep a look out for that Officer. By order of the Commissioners.

G. B. GOODLANDER, Cl'k.

January 15, 1851.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

ARTHUR BELL, Esq., Treasurer of Clearfield county, in account with said county from the 4th of January, 1851, to the 7th of January, 1852, inclusive.

Dr.

To am't received from owners of Unseated Lands,	$856 82
To amount received from Collectors,	3,022 83
To balance of Road fund for 1846 & 1847 uncalled for, now transferred to county,	70 34
To balance due county at last settlement,	467 29
Balance due Tr'r Bell from county,	155 71
	$4 578 49

Cr.

By amount paid Jurors,	$ 968 04
By amount of Election Expenses,	642 03
By amount of Constables' wages,	150 63
By amount paid Assessors,	506 83
By amount paid County Commissioners,	951 40
By amount paid Road Viewers,	159 00
By amount paid Prothonotary,	182 15
By amount paid Clerk to Commissioners,	145 72
By amount paid County Auditors,	68 25
By amount paid for costs in Common Pleas,	111 15
By amount paid for Fuel and Stationary,	27 00
By amount paid for Jail,	251 13
By amount paid on Printing contract,	000 00
By amount paid for Counsel,	60 00
By amount paid Court Crier,	48 00
By amount paid Sheriff,	34 29
By amount paid for Panther, Fox and Wolf Scalps,	179 87
By amount paid for Bridges,	37 03
By amount paid late Treasurer, the balance due,	10 00
By amount paid for Justices' fees,	60 00
By amount paid for Jail fees,	28 87
By amount of exonerations to Collectors	73 49
By amount paid for Auditing Prothonotary's accounts	13 50
By amount paid on purchase of Lot No. 71,	300 00
By amount paid on Judgement due Academy,	116 87
By amount Refunded,	94 88
By amount paid for Surveying	14 00
By amount of Fees paid District Attorney General	33 85
By amount credited to Treasurer and placed on unseated list for collection,	20 19
Treasurer's per cent. on $7,707 84 at 1½ per cent,	115 61
	$4 578 49

Outstanding Debts due County.

			COUNTY.	STATE.
From Owners of Unseated Lands,			$4,000 00	
From James Read, jr., Col'r of	Jordan,	1847,	151 67	987 75
From N. Korn	do	Burnside, 1848,	68 99	1 19
From Philip Antes	do	Lawrence do	7 00	4 49
From David Carr	do	Fox do		1 67
From Adam Spencer	do	Penn do	3 04	1 46
From Sam'l Spencer	do	Pike do	8 83	
From Jos. Stites	do	Boggs 1849,		14 48
From David Lutz	do	Clearfield do	17 61	
From J. McMurray	do	Burnside do	24 22	11 78
From Moses Pearce	do	Chest do	25 51	
From D. Hungey	do	Covington do		1 62
From Thomas Fenton	do	Penn do	21 77	86
From J. Sandorlin	do	Bell 1850	44 54	
From J. H. Turner	do	Boggs do	79 18	18 23
From H. Goodnader	do	Brady do	43 34	
From James McEwen	do	Burnside do	97 89	
From J. P. Hoyt	do	Ferguson do	6 99	
From A. A. Reed	do	Goshen do	4 70	
From T. Witherow	do	Jordan do	23 68	
From W. P. Fulton	do	Lawrence do	88	
From J. Rothrock	do	Morris do	31 15	69
From Wm. Irvin	do	Pike do	150 17	
From G. W. Shoff	do	Woodward do	83 00	80 79
From E. Hartsock	do	Beccaria 1851	117 03	1 23
From H. Beath	do	Bell do	179 73	111 86
From Isaac Hess	do	Boggs do	93 17	49 26
From Wm. Graham jr.	do	Bradford do	93 37	84 23
From P. Kriner	do	Brady do	48 27	3 84
From John Young	do	Burnside do	294 07	19 68
From Elias Hard	do	Chest do	91 05	70 08
From David Kellet	do	Covington do	27 88	
From George Shaffer	do	Decator do	18 51	11 73
From W. McCracken	do	Ferguson do	89 53	38 [illegible]
From J. G. Bundy	do	Fox do	21 23	17 49
From Charles Mignot	do	Girard do	33 74	
From G. W. Graham	do	Goshen do	49 98	18 58
From Thomas Hewit	do	Houston do	25 59	8 76
From David Snyder	do	Clearfield do	214 47	154 81
From David Williams	do	Jordan do	132 73	10 76
From Wm. Bridgens	do	Karthaus do	47 73	8 74
From Robert Owens	do	Lawrence do	160 01	1 10
From Joseph Wise	do	Morris do	170 83	93 53
From S. Wilcmire	do	Penn do	151 29	
From Job England	do	Pike do	503 43	261 72
From M. Hollopeter	do	Union do	35 77	28 28
From T. Henderson	do	Woodward do	83 33	
			5 587 41	1,067 88
Outstanding Orders,			1,652 43	

Arthur Bell, Treasurer, in account with Townships for Road Tax.

Amount of Road Tax received and paid out for 1850 and 1851, as per statement herewith annexed, viz:

	Am't, Pd.	Am't, Rec'd.
Borough of Clearfield,	22	00
Becaria township,	4 07	4 88
Bell township,	21 66	21 66
Boggs township,	28 48	28 48
Bradford township,	23 44	23 41
Brady township,	77 88	88 89
Burnside township,	9 00	9 00
Chest township,	9 71	64 95
Covington township,	19 10	19 10
Decator township,	26 65	34 41
Fox township,	00	00
Ferguson township,		
Girard township,	9	6 10
Goshen Township,	132 01	132 01
Huston township,	55 60	55 60
Jordan township,	44 48	44 48
Karthaus township,	91 01	91 01
Lawrence Township,	65 28	65 28
Morris township,	6 98	6 98
Penn township,		
Pike township,	5 73	25 44
Woodward township,	7 22	7 22
Union township,	1 44	95 92
	636 05	824 85
Bal. Due road fund, 1850 '51	188 80	
	824 84	824 85
Road Fund for 1848 and '49 bal due from last settle't,		107 22
By am't pd. Bucaria tp.	2 22	
Chest tp.	20 60	
Covington tp.	12 98	
Ferguson tp.	4 81	
Goshen township,	3 50	
Jordan tp.	16 92	
Karthaus tp.	13 90	74 97
Balance due Road Fund for 1848 and 1849		$32 25
Balance due Road Fund for '50-'51		188 80
Total Road Fund due,		221 05
Cr. By amount paid F. G. Miller, as per his receipt in full for balance.		221 05

Arthur Bell, Treasurer, in account with School Districts.

Received from unseated lands, including balance due at last settlement, viz.	DR.	CR.
Amount paid Becaries District.	65	
Amount paid Bell District	39 24	55 19
Amount paid Borough,		2 99
Amount paid Bradford,	24	16 28
Amount paid Boggs,	18 64	44 69
Amount paid Brady,	61 56	74 24
Amount paid Burnside,	22 69	22 24
Amount paid Chest,	41 68	42 83
Amount paid Covington,	3 10	10 84
Amount paid Decater,	32 70	32 70
Amount paid Ferguson,		7 98
Amount paid Fox,		3 90
Amount paid Girard,	30	3 04
Amount paid Goshen,	1 30	21 84
Amount paid Huston,	44 16	44 16
Amount paid Jordan,	16 77	2 32
Amount paid Karthous,	03	6 61
Amount paid Lawrence,	08	11 88
Amount paid Morris,	12 30	19 35
Amount paid Penn,		9 15
Amount paid Pike,	22	15 29
Amount paid Woodward,	163 43	110 51
Amount paid Union,	2 88	67 13

Balance of School Fund due districts and Treasurer as follows:

	Due from Treas.		Due Treas from
Bell	15 95	Beccaria,	65
Borough,	2 99	Burnside,	40
Boggs,	26 05	Chest	185
Bradford,	16 04	Huston	
Brady	14 68	Decater	
Covington,	7 73	Jordan,	14 45
Decater.		Woodward,	52 92
Ferguson	7 98		
Fox,	3 90		$70 27
Girard,	2 74		
Goshen,	20 54		
Karthaus	6 58		
Lawrence,	11 80		
Morris	7 05		
Penn,	9 15		
Pike,	15 07		
Union,	64 25		
Due Dis'ts.	$232 50	Due Treas'r.	$70 27
Due School Disiricts			$232 50
Am't. pd. F. G. Miller, as per rec'ts. in full.			232 50

WE the undersigned Commissioners of Clearfield county, having examined the accounts of ARTHUR BELL, Treasurer of said county for 1851, Do certify, that we find them as above stated—and that the outstanding debts due the county amount to Five thousand five hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty-one cents

Witness our hands this 10th day of January, A. D., 1852.

SAMUEL WAY,
WM ALEXANDER, } Com'm'rs.
PHILIP HEVENER

Attest—G. B. GOODLANDER, Clerk.

WE the undersigned Auditors of Clearfield county, having examined the accounts of ARTHUR BELL, Treasurer of Clearfield county for the year 1851 Do report, that the accounts are as above stated—that the county of Clearfield is in debt to said Treasurer the sum of $.55 71, and that said Treasurer has paid over to his successor in office the entire amount of Road and School money found by our said revision to be in his hands, and that the outstanding debts due the county amount to 5587 dollars and 41 cents.

Witness our hands this 10th day of January, A. D., 1852.

C. KRAUZER,
R. WRIGLEY, Jr., } Auditors.

Attest—A. D. SHAW, Cl'k.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

MESHICK GRAHAM,

BARBER AND HAIRDRESSER—Will attend to all demands in his line on short notice, and in the most satisfactory manner. His room will be found in the basement story of the Mansion House. January 9, 1852.

O. B. MERRELL,

COPPER, TIN & SHEET IRON WARE MANUFACTURER—At Beisel's old stand on Market street—Clearfield, Dec. 29, 1851.

ROBERT MANLY,

WHEELWRIGHT and CHAIRMAKER, HOUSE and ORNAMENTAL PAINTER—East Market street—Clearfield. Dec. 29, 1851.

J. &. J. G. RUSSELL.

TANNERS & COURRIERS AND DEALERS IN ALL kinds of Leather. Hides, Grain, &c., taken in exchange. Pennsville Pa—Graminhills P. O., Feb. 4, 1852.

WM. P. CHAMBERS,

WHEELWRIGHT, CHAIRMAKER, and HOUSE & SIGHN PAINTER—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

M. E. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN. May always be found at his residence in Curwensville, when not professionally absent. Dec. 29, 1851.

LAPORT & LEWELLIN,

COACH and SLEIGHMAKERS—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

J. D. THOMPSON,

BLACKSMITH. Wagons, Buggies, &c., &c., ironed on short notice, and the very best style, at his old stand in the borough of Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1850.

JOHN C. RICHARDS,

PHYSICIAN—On the Ridge Road to Chest creek, four miles from Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

WM. McBRIDE,

RETAILER AND DEALER IN LUMBER—Northeast Corner of State and Locust streets, Curwensville, Dec 30, 1851.

ISRAEL COOPER,

POSTMASTER at Glen Hope—Retailer of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, and extensive dealer in Lumber. Dec. 29, 1851.

S. C. PATCHIN,

GLEN HOPE, Retailer of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, and Lumber Merchant. Dec. 29, 1851.

B. F. STERLING,

SADDLE & HARNESS-MAKER, and JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—Curwensville. Dec 29 1851.

ROBERT McNAUL,

TANNER—At the OLD STAND in Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

H. P. THOMPSON,

PHYSICIAN—May be found either at his office, or at Scofield's hotel—Curwensville—when not not professionally absent. Dec. 29 1851.

SAMUEL WAY,

BOOT and SHOEMAKER—Curwensville. Dec. 29 1851.

WM. W. FLEMING,

OYSTER SALOON, EATING-HOUSE and CONFECTIONARY—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

EDW. B. PATTON,

CABINETMAKER—East end of State street—Curwensville. Dec. 29 1851.

SAMUEL B. TAYLOR,

TANNER, and BOOT and SHOE MANUFACTURER—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851.

I. L. BARRETT,

MERCHANT, LUMBERMAN AND GENERAL PRODUCE DEALER—At Barrett' mills, at Clearfield Bridge Dec 29, 1851.

D. S. PLATTMER,

TAILOR—New Washington, Burnside township, Clearfield county, December 29, 1851.

JOHN FLEGAL,

BLACKSMITH—Luthersburg Wagons Buggies, &c., Neatly Ironed on the shortest notice Dec 29, 1851

GEO. B. GOODLANDER,

WAGON-MAKER—Luthersburg. Work done to order on short notice, and on good terms. Dec. 29, '51.

A. L. SCHNELL,

TAILOR—Luthersburg.—will do his work just as good and as cheap, as any other fellow. Dec. 29, 1851.

JOHN CARLILE,

BLACKSMITH, & JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—Luthersburg Dec 29, 1851.

PETER SEYLER,

IRON-FOUNDER—Near Luthersburg—where all sorts of Castings are made of the best material, and on reasonable terms. Dec. 29, 1851.

THOMPSONS, HARTSOCK, & CO.

IRON-FOUNDERS—Curwensville. An extensive assortment of Castings made to order. Dec. 29, 1851.

CHAMBERS & KLEPFER.

WHEELWRIGHT & CHAIRMAKERS, &c.—Bridgeport Pike township. Dec. 29, 1851.

GEO. RICHARDS,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR—West end of Shaw's Row on Market—Clearfield. Dec. 30, 1851.

RICHARD GLENNAN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER—East door in Shaw's Row on Market street—Clearfield. Dec. 30, 1851.

MRS. ELIZA IRVIN,

EXTENSIVE RETAILER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Merchandize—East end of State street—Curwensville. Dec 30, 1851.

ISAAC SMITH,

MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN LUMBER AND Country Produce generally—State street, between Cherry and Locust—Curwensville. Dec. 29, 1851

G. W. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR—At the northwest corner of Front and Market streets. Dec. 30 1851

GEO. W. RHEEM,

SADDLER, HARNESS & TRUNK MANUFACTURER—On Third street between Market and Locust. Dec. 30, 1851.

LEONARD & MOORE,

MERCHANTS AND LUMBER DEALERS—Second street, between Market and Locust—Clearfield. Dec 29, 1851.

J. H. JONES,

SHOE & BOOT MAKER—Adjoining his residence on Market, between Third and Fourth streets—Clearfield. Dec. 29 1851.

JAS. B. GRAHAM,

POST MASTER, MERCHANT and DEALER IN LUMBER—Grahamton, Bradford township. Dec 29, 1851.

C. KRATZER,

MERCHANT AND LUMBER DEALER—Corner of Front and Locust streets—Clearfield. Dec 29, 1851.

JAS. ALEXANDER,

SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER—In his new shop on Market street, near Merrell's hotel. Dec. 29 1851

WALLACE &