CONGRESSIONAL.

From the Washington Union.

SENATE, MONDAY, Jan. 26, 1852.

The President laid before the Senate the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, communicating a statement of the contracts made during the year 1851 on account of light-houses.

Mr. Hale presented memorials from citizens of Pennsylvania praying for the repeal of the fugitive-slave law, and for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia which were laid upon the table.

The resolution submitted by Mr. Clarke, in relation to the foreign policy of the U. States was taken up and made the special order for next Wednesday week.

The bill granting land to the State of Iowa, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in that State was taken up.

Mr. Underwood resumed and concluded his remarks upon the amendment which he submitted, giving to each of the old States an amount of land named in the amendment, corresponding to their federal numbers, as nearly as possible to coincide with legal subdivisions, and granting in all about fourteen millions of acres; whereupon the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House adopted the resolution of Mr. Fuller, of Maine, calling on the present administration for a full list of all previously suspended or disallowed claims on the government, paid in whole or in part since March 4, 1849, with a list of those in any manner interested in their prosecution and payment.

The subject of making land warrants, issued under the law of September 28, 1850, assignable, was next made the special order of the day for Thursday next, on motion of Mr. Harris of Tennessee.

On motion of Mr. Smith, a call was made on the President for copies of all correspondence in his possession relative to the alleged difficulty between Kossuth and Captain Long, of the steam-frigate Mississippi.

Afterwards, a debate sprung on a resolution reported by Mr. Gorman, from the Joint Committee on Public Printing, authorizing the said joint committee to contract with Donelson & Armstrong for the printing of the census, in which, after a few preliminary explanations by Mr. Gorman, Messrs Evans of Maryland, Venable, and Nabers participated. Shortly after Mr. N. commenced his remarks, however, he gave way for an adjournment.

SENATE, Tuesday, Jan., 27.

The motion to print 2,000 additional copies of the proceedings in the case of W. K. Latimer was taken up, and after debate, rejected.

The French spoilation bill was made the special order, after debate, for Monday, February 16.

The Senate then took up the bill granting land to the State of Iowa in aid of certain railroads in that State, to which Mr. Underwood's amendment, giving lands to the old States was pending.

Mr. Sumner addressed the Senate at length in favor of the bill, and in connexion therewith in favor of a liberal policy towards the new States, dwelling at some length upon the argument of the immunity of the lands of the United States from taxation during a series of years.

The further consideration of this bill was postponed until Thursday.

HOUSE.—The House devoted its session to the consideration of the joint resolution from the Joint Committee on Printing relative to the census printing; which was finally referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

SENATE, Jan. 28, 1842.

Mr. Cass presented the resolutions of a public meeting held in Detroit, urging the passage of the resolution in relation to the release of the Irish exiles, upon which he took ocasion to make some remarks.

Mr. Hale followed in favor of the resolution referred to.

Mr. Butler spoke in favor of the release of the Irish exiles, but deprecated any action which, by attacking the British government, would defeat that end.

Mr. Shields intimated an intention upon Monday next to call up the resolution, to offer an amendment, and to submit some remarks upon it.

The compromise resolution was taken up, and Mr. Davis addressed the Senate at length against it.

Mangum intimated an intention to move to lay the resolution upon the table, but yielded to Mr. McRae, who has the floor for to morrow.

After an executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House was in Committee of the whole on the state of the Union upon the bill to provide the means of paying the last instalment of the Mexican indemnity, and also on the bill making an appropriation of means for bringing to the United States the Cuban expedition prisoners recently pardoned by Spain. The first of these acts passed without amendment; and the latter was reported back to the House with an amendment proposed by Mr. Carter, declaring that nothing contained in theact was to be construed into approbration of the conduct of United States citizens in interfering in the domestic affairs of Cuba. Pending the question on agreeing to this amendment, the House adjourned.

SENATE, Thursday, Jan. 29, 1852.

The President laid before the Senate a report from the Secretary of the Interior, in relation to the census tables now being prepared.

Mr. Clarke presented the joint resolutions of the legislature of Rhode Island against flogging in the navy and the continuance of the spirit rations.

Mr. Bradbury introduced a bill to alter and amend the judical system of the United States, creating a court of appeals, &c.

The resolution of sympathy for the Irish exiles was taken up, and Mr. Shields having given notice of an amendment, was postponed for one week.

The compromise resolution was taken up.

Mr. McRae addressed the Senate at length against the resolution, but declaring it to be his intention, and the intention of his party in Mississippi, to allow the compromise measures to remain undisturbed. Without concluding, he gave way to a motion to adjourn.

HOUSE—After passing the bill to appropriate $6,000 for the relief of the American prisoners recently pardoned by the Queen of Spain, as amended, on motion of Mr. Carter, in committee of the whole on the state of the Union, the standing committees were called for reports, which were received and disposed of until the House adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

REPORTED FOR THE DEMOCRATIC UNION.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Jan., 27, 1852.

The Senate met at 10½ o'clock.

The Speaker presented the twelfth annual report of the Monongahela navigation company; also, a petition from Blair county, for an alteration in the Constitution, to prohibit the sale of ardent spirits.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Shimer, several from Lehigh county, and Mr. Crabb, one from Philadelphia city and county, for the re-charter of the Easton Bank.

Mr. M'Murtrie, one from Huntingdon county, for an amendment to the Constitution, to prohibit the sale of liquor.

Mr. Guernsey, one from Carbonton, Tioga county, remonstrating against any law prohibiting the sale of liquor in said county.

BILLS IN PLACE.

On motion of Mr. Sanderson, the Senate passed through committee of the whole the bill authorising a loan for the completion of the North Branch canal.

On motion of Mr. Packer, the bill repealing the fourth and sixth sections of the obstruction law of 1847, was passed thro' committee of the whole.

Mr. M'Caslin, with leave, offered a joint resolution requesting the Governor to open a correspondence with other States relative to the circulation of small notes; laid on the table.

HOUSE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 27, 1852.

Mr. Black read in his place a supplement to the penal laws of this State, so as to render them uniform.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Broomall offered the following:

Resolved, That a committee of five members be appointed to inquire into the expediency of so modifying the usury laws as to put individuals upon equal footing with corporations, in relation to borrowing money, and to report a bill for that purpose.

Mr. Bonham opposed the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Kelso advocated it, as did Mr. Broomall. The discussion was continued by Messrs. James, of Warran, Flanigan, and others.

Mr. O'Neill moved to strike out and insert, "that the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of revising the usury laws."

Mr. Henderson opposed the amendment at length.

Mr. Blair moved to amend further by striking out and inserting at the end of the word "expediency," these words, "of repealing all laws conferring special privileges upon corporations which are not conferred upon individuals."

Which was agreed to, and the resolution passed—yeas 84, nays 11.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 28.

The Senate met at 10½ o'clock.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Crabb presented one from the city and county of Philadelphia; Mr. Malone two from Bucks county; and Mr. Shimer several from Northampton county, for the incorporation of the Easton Bank.

Mr. M'Murtrie, one from Blair county for an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit the sale of liquor.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. Shimer, a bill to incorporate the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, at Allentown.

Mr. Carothers, a bill to incorporate the Third Ward Savings Bank, of Pittsburg.

On motion of Mr. Mulenberg, the Senate took up and passed the bill to establish a public park in the city of Reading.

HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 28.

The Speaker informed the House that under the resolution passed yesterday, he had appointed Messrs, Wise, O'Neill, Fiffe, Leech, and Rhoads, a committee to examine into the menagement of the Portage Railroad.

Mr. Gillis presented a petition from citizens of Clearfield county, asking an appropriation to remove obstructions in the West Branch of the Susquehanna river.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Laury, (Banks,) reported with amendments, a bill to incorporate the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Allentown.

Mr. Reckhow, (same,) with amendments, a bill to incorporate the Mauch Chunk Bank.

Mr. Merriman, (same,) with amendments, a bill to incorporate the Meadville Bank, in Crawford county.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Jan. 29.

The Senate met at 10½ o'clock.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth being introduced, presented the following message from the Governor:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Jan. 29, 1852.

To the Senate of Pennsylvania:

Senators:—I herewith return to the Senate, in which it originated, the bill entitled, "a supplement to the act entitled an act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Hanover Branch railroad company, approved March 16, 1847," without my approval.

The provision in the first section of this bill, intended to confer authority on said company to issue its bonds or obligations "in such manner and form as they may deem expedient," for the payment of the money which, by the act incorporating the same, this company is authorized to borrow, fixes no limitation as to the amount of such "bonds or obligations."

This would authorize the company to issue cirtificates of loan, or other evidences of indebtedness, for any sum whatever, not exceeding the whole amount borrowed, and might thereby, in the abuse of such authority, create "obligations" for small amounts that would pass from hand to hand by delivery, and would make to some extent a currency. This would be violating the well settled policy of prohibiting issues of paper intended for a currency, by any other than by institutions specially created for that purpose, as well as by the equally just policy of prohibiting paper issues intended for a currency, of denominations less than those now authorized to be issued by our banking institutions.

WM. BIGLER.

On the question, shall the bill pass, the yeas were 3, nays 27.

Mr. Carson then introduced the same bill without the objectionable part, and it was passed.

FRIDAY, Jan. 30.

The Senate met at 10½ o'clock.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Fernon, one from Philadelphia county, to re-annex part of Penn township to the district of Penn; also, one for damages sustained on the Philadelphia and Darby plank road company; also, one to prohibit the locomotives of the Wilmington and Baltimore railroad from coming east of the Schuylkill.

Mr. Evans, one for a bank at Phœnixville; also one from Philadelphia relative to special legislation.

Mr. Malone, five from Bucks county, and Mr. Hamlin, eight from Monroe county, for the incorporation of the Easton Bank.

Mr. Darlington, one from Lancaster county, in favor of re-enacting the fee bill of 1814.

Mr. Shimer, one from Lehigh county, for a bank at Allentown, to be called the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank.

Mr. M'Murtrie, one from Blair county, to prohibit the sale of liquors; one in relation to the formation of an agricultural bureau.

Mr. Frailey, one for the incorporation of a bank at Tamaqua, to be called the Anthracite Bank.

The first order of the day was the question on the amendment to the Sunbury and Erie railroad, which was agreed to be reconsidered on yesterday.

Mr. Packer moved to postpone the question until Monday next.

On this question the yeas and nays were nays 18, yeas 11.

The next order of the day was the bill to repeal the fourth and sixth sections of an act of 1847, known as the "obstruction law."

Mr. Mulenberg offered an amendment, which repeals the whole bill with the exception of the first and second sections; which Mr. Crabb moved further to amend by including the seventh section.

Mr. Muhlenberg then moved to postpone the bill for the present.

Mr. Evans moved to postpone indefinitely.

On this question the yeas and nays were, yeas 12—nays 17.

The bill was then postponed for the present.

HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 30.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Jackson, (Judiciary,) reported, with a negative recommendrtion, a bill to authorize justices of the peace, in Tioga county, to hold courts of special session.

Mr. James, (Banks,) with an amendment, a bill to incorporate the Anthracite Bank, of Tamaqua.

The Forest Divorce Case.

The Forest divorce case, that has occupied the attention of a New York Court for more than a month, has been brought to a close. The jury found Mr. Forest guilty of infidility to his wife, granted her a divorce, and awarded her *three thousand dollars a year* for a support. This to us seemed to be rather an extraordinary verdict for so far as we read the evidence, we thought that Mr. Forest and the whole literary clique that held their revels in Twenty-Second street, might have been found guilty of almost every kind of impropriety. We do not think that our readers would be very highly edified with the details of this most extraordinary legal proceeding, where they seemed to try the character of parties, witnesses and spectators, the living and the dead, at the same time. We shall therefore not extend our remarks farther on the subject.

Dem. Union.

☞An Irishman went into a country meeting house, where an auctioneer was selling the pews. "Well," he cried, "God has broke down as well as the rest, and here they are selling him out in his own house, to pay his debts!"

☞That Mexico is a queer place. One half of the people are ex-presidents, and the other half loafers. There is but one industrious man in the country, and he's got the itch.

☞A fellow who attended a temperance meeting, a few days since, went home and beat his wife almost to death, to let her know that he went for the lick-her-law.

☞Bill, wot is a counting-room?" "O, I s'pose it's a place where them ere clarks sits and counts their fingers."

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE HUMBOLDT AT HALIFAX.

The steamship Humboldt, Capt. Lines, arrived at Halifax on Sunday morning, short of coal, having experienced very severe weather throughout the whole voyage.

By this arrival we have received intelligence from all parts of Europe, four days later than that brought by the America.

The Humboldt encountered a succession of heavy western gales, and in lon. 30, damaged her rudder so badly as to cause great trouble in steering, and much delay. She put in here to repair the damage, and has taken on board 200 tons of coal, having over 200 of her old stock.

She will probably leave at noon to-day, although it is now snowing hard and blowing a gale from the northeast.

The London Times announces that the next session of Parliament will be opened on the 3d of February by the Queen in person, and that the present Cabinet will remain without any further modification.

The accounts of the state of trade in the Provinces indicate a healthy state of affairs in all quarters.

At Manchester the foreign demand was good.

Nottingham exhibited a prosperous state of the hosiery manufactories.

At Birmingham there was no alteration.

In the Belfast Linen market an active business has been done.

The London Daily News, on the 12th inst., states in reference to the Prometheus affair, that the British Government will express to the Cabinet at Washington, in frank and manly terms, their regret at what has occurred, and testify in a marked manner their disapprobation of the aggressor's conduct. There is no doubt, therefore, the matter will be amicably settled.

The Chrystal Palace is at last cleared out, and the vast area is soon to be thrown open to the public.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

The President of the French Republic has issued a decree, dissolving the "National Guards" throughout, but are to be organized when the government may deem it necessary for the maintenance of public order, in such case the President will appoint the Commandant Col. and Lieut. Col's.

It was daily expected that Louis Napoleon would declare himself "Emperor," but it was felt that such a step would not add to the despotic power he at present exercises.

Large numbers of persons were being shipped off to the pestilential swamps of Cayenne.

Decrees had also been issued, banishing Victor Hugo, Cherras, and a great number of the Mountain party, from the territories of France, Algeria, and the colonies. The same decree ordered the removal of Generals Changarnier, Lamoriciere, and Bedeau, and M. M. Thiers, Gerardine, and twelve others, for a time, from France and Algeria, for reason of public security.—The Generals had been released from the Fortress of Ham, and escorted to the frontiers.

A conspiracy had been discovered for letting loose the convicts of the hulks at Rochefort. Arrests continued to be made in all parts, and there was virtually a reign of terror. The French Funds had fallen considerably.

FROM TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamship Meteor, Captain Forbes, at New Orleans, on the 14th ult., we have Galveston dates to the 9th ult., inclusive, and the mail as due from other points in the State.

The subjoined paragraphs are from the Houston *Telegraph:*

Delegates have been sent from the officer commanding Fort Brown, for more troops, to enable him to prevent parties of volunteers from invading Mexico. The San Antonia *Ledger* says that troops from Forts Inge and Duncan, have been ordered to Fort Brown. In the meantime parties of volunteers are daily collecting all along the Rio Grande, and are, apparently, waiting for some new expedition to be set on foot. A large party of Americans recently penetrated to the vicinity of Monclova, and returned without molestation. Their object, it is said, was to re-capture runaway negroes; but it is supposed that they intended to join Caravajal, if he had been successful in his attack on Ceralvo.

The Camanches, taking advantage of the disturbed state of the Mexican frontier, have made a foray upon several of the small settlements above Laredo, and carried away a considerable number of horses. Between the Indians and the contending forces of Caravajal and the troops of the Central Government, the poor people of Tamaulipas and Coahuila are in a deplorable condition. They dare not side with either party, and are wholly unable to protect themselves against the invasions of savages.

New York, Feb. 2.—We understand that Genas P. Levy was arrested on Saturday, by order of the United States Marshal, in accordance with instructions received from the Government at Washington, charged with maliciously carrying on a correspondence with the Government of Mexico, and the President thereof, to the great damage of the United States. An indictment has been found against him by the Grand Jury of Washington on the charge, and he was taken to that city.—The offence has reference to the intermeddling with the Garay grant for the Tehuantepec ship canal.

On Saturday evening, while a keg containing 5,000 Mexican dollars was being hoisted on board the ship St. Nicholas, the keg burst and the specie fell into the dock in 26 feet water.

The greater part of the Hungarians in this city have found employment, and are earning their own livelihood.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES thereby give notice that they have contracted with

DR. CATLIN & WIFE,

To continue in charge of the Academy during another year. The Academic year is divided into FOUR QUARTERS of TWELVE WEEKS, each, and FIVE DAYS of Teaching in each week.

The next Quarter will commence on MONDAY DEC. 8th, 1851, at the following

Reduced Rates of Tuition:

COMMON ENGLISH BRANCHES—Including Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar and History.....$2 00
ALL HIGHER ENGLISH BRANCHES—Including Latin Grammar.....$4 00
CLASSICS AND MATHEMATICAL DEPARTMENT.....$6 00

WEEKLY LECTURES are given to the older pupils on History, and other interesting subjects, without extra charge.

Such of the older pupils as choose, engage on FRIDAY afternoon in exercises in Elocution, Composition and review questions upon their several studies. All others attend to their usual P. M. studies.

The LADIES DEPARTMENT is entirely separate from the other, on the part of those who desire it. Two or three classes consist of both sexes for the purpose of economy in time; but it is optional with the young Ladies whether to join such classes or not.

Tuition is charged from the date of the Scholars commencing to the close of the Term—deduction being made in case of absence connected by sickness, and when a special agreement is made in advance, with the Principal.

MORAL SUASION has hitherto been the chief reliance of the Teachers in securing thorough disciplinc—and it has been efficient. Corporeal punishment is administered only in the most obdurate and incorrigible cases.

The constant aim of the Teachers is to make the instructions they impart, as well as that of books, Practical, as well as Theoretical.

The strictest attention is given to the Conduct, Habits and Morals of the Pupils, while under the charge of the Teachers.

BOARD can be obtained at reasonable prices.

RICHARD SHAW, President.
WM. L. MOORE, Secretary. Nov 20, 1851.

PLEASANT HILL
IRON FOUNDRY and MACHINE SHOP,
At Clearfield.

THE undersigned respectfully announces to the people of Clearfield and the adjoining counties that he still continues to carry on the above business at his extensive establishment in the borough of Clearfield, and is now prepared to manufacture all kinds of

Castings used for Grist Mills, Saw-Mills, and all kinds of Machinery.

His Castings are now of a superior quality—equal, if not superior, to any other in the State—he uses no cold but the very best material, and employs none but the very best of workmen. He

MACHINE SHOP,

With two superior TURNING LATHES, driven by steam, is now in successful operation, and under the management of a practical mechanic—where aim at any article of machinery can be FINISHED in the very best style, and in short notice. He has now on hands a large assortment of Castings, such as STOVES of various sizes and patterns, PLOUGH IRONS, WASH KETTLES, &c., &c., which he offers to sell low for Cash, or on a reasonable credit. He is now casting, from the most approved patterns.

HATHAWAY COOKING-STOVES.

ALSO—Fancy Air Tight Parlor Stoves, Nine Plate and Coal Stoves. Also,

Wiard's celebrated Plough.

And all kinds of HOLLOW-WARE, SLEIGH and SLED SHOES, WAGON BOXES, &c.

He intends doing all on reasonable terms, and trusts that the citizens of the county generally will find it to their advantage to give him their custom. CASH will always be preferred—to give him ready pay will be allowed for Country Produce but the highest prices will be allowed for Country Produce and OLD METAL. As he gives his establishment his personal supervision, all orders for work will receive prompt attention.

DAVID LITZ.

Clearfield, Nov 23, 1851.

NEW STORE
AND
NEW GOODS
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES FOR CASH OR MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE.

THE subscriber, having remodelled the Store Room TWO DOORS west of "Merrell's Hotel," would respectfully announce to the citizens of Clearfield borough, and vicinity, that he is receiving an ENTIRE NEW AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF MERCHANDISE, comprising a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Hats, Bonnets, Shawls, &c., &c.

Particular enumeration is deemed unnecessary, THOSE IN WANT OF GOODS, AT LOW PRICES, are solicited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Clearfield Nov 20, 1851. J. R. HUNTER.

WALLACE & HILLS,
Successors to RICHARD SHAW, Esq.
CLEARFIELD, PA.,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the public, that they have just received and are now opening at the old stand of R. SHAW, Esq., a large and well selected assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

Composed in part of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE &c. &c. Also, a large lot of Ladies' and Gentlemens' FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Ready-made Clothing,

And all the articles generally kept in a country store—all of which they are prepared to sell as low FOR CASH as they can be bought in Clearfield county. Nov. 20, 1851.

LAPORT & LEWELLIN,
Coach and Sleigh Makers,
CURWENSVILLE, PA.

RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Curwensville and vicinity, that they are now prepared to manufacture

Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, &c

Of every description, in the most durable and fashionable style. They flatter themselves with the belief that their work cannot be excelled in the state, and as they employ none but the best workmen, and use none but the very best materials, persons in want of any article in their line will do well to deal with them in preference to buying the worthless "rubbish" imported from eastern shops.

Orders will be promptly attended to.

Prices to suit the times, and Country Produce taken in exchange for work on the most accommodating terms.

LEWIS LAPORT.
LINDLEY LEWELLIN.

Curwensville, Dec 12, 1851.

Wheat Wanted.

J. L. HUNTER will receive any quantity of MERCHANTABLE WHEAT that may be offered, at EIGHTY-SEVEN AND A HALF CENTS per bushel, payable in GOODS at the lowest cash prices, at his store in the borough of Clearfield. December 19, 1851.

SALT! SALT!!

GROUND ALUM, WESTERN and DAIRY SALT for sale by the Sack, Barrel or Bushel by

WALLACE & HILLS.
Successors to SHAW, Clearfield, Pa.

NOTICE
To Justices of the Peace.

THE Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions have appointed me to prosecute on behalf of the Commonwealth for the county of Clearfield. The Justices of the Peace will therefore please make return to me of all Commonwealth business by mail or otherwise, as soon after the same comes before them as the nature thereof will admit of.

JOSEPH S. FRANCE.

Clearfield, Dec. 20, 1851.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A First quality COOK STOVE, Hathaway Pattern. Enquire of T. J. McCULLOUGH.
Clearfield, Nov. 3, 1851.

New Goods.

WALLACE & HILLS respectfully announce to their friends, and the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening at their store in the borough of Clearfield one of the LARGEST AND MOST CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF

FALL and WINTER GOODS

That has ever been brought to the county—consisting in part of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Queensware, Ready-made Clothing,
Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, &c., &c.

All of which they are confident will compare, both as to CHEAPNESS and QUALITY, with the stock of any establishment in the county.

Give us a call, and look at our GOODS. It will do us good to show them to you even if we don't make a sale.

October 23, 1851.

WM. NEWELL & SON,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
No. 3, South Water st., Phila.,

HAVE always on hand a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED assortment of GROCERIES, WINES TEAS, &c., to which we invite the attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS. Oct. 2, 1851.—7m

DR. HARDMAN P. THOMPSON,

HAVING located in Curwensville, offers his professional services to the citizens of that place and the surrounding country. When not professionally engaged, he will be found at the office formerly occupied by Dr. J. C. Richards, or at Scofield's hotel. Calls will be attended to at all hours. ap. 3, '51

SLEIGH FOR SALE.

A GOOD SUBSTANTIAL SLEIGH for sale. Enquire at HUNTER'S STORE.
Jan. 15, 1852. Clearfield, Pa.

PROSPECTUS OF
SARTAIN'S MAGAZINE FOR 1852

Unrivalled in Beauty and Excellence!

Eighty Pages of Reading Matter in each Number, being sixteen pages of additional Reading over and above the usual quantity given in the $3 Magazines.

THE proprietors of this popular Periodical will spare no expense in the effort to impart the most decided superiority to their Magazine, and trust to receive the same marked appreciation that has heretofore rewarded their enterprise.

AMERICAN LITERATURE
Of the highest order will be found in their pages.
SUPERB EMBELLISHMENTS.
Consisting of manuscripts from original Paintings by eminent AMERICAN ARTISTS, will alone exceed in value the price of a year's subscription.
A HUMOROUS DEPARTMENT
Has been added to their usual form of construction, where PUCK OUTWITTING PUNCH, Will monthly open his portfolio (the choicest "good things" gathered from all parts of the world. A summary of MUSICAL, LITERARY, and ARTISTIC INTELLIGENCE, will be prepared for every number by Mr. CHARLES J. LELAND, embracing as a prominent feature, interesting accounts of the authors of Continental Europe, and their publications. This, with a FULL and IMPARTIAL REVIEW DEPARTMENT will, they hope, meet with the approval of their literary friends.

Original designs of COTTAGE and VILLA ARCHITECTURE, with accompanying ground plans and explicit directions, will be furnished by the talented architect, T. WADSKIER, Esq.

REBUS ILLUSTRATIONS OF PROVERBIAL PHILOSOPHY, POETICAL ENIGMAS, MUSIC, FASHIONS, CROCHET PATTERNS, EMBROIDERY, &c., &c.,

Will contribute to the monthly variety they promise their subscribers.

As all Postmasters are REGULAR AGENTS for the work, persons wishing to obtain a fuller description of it, or to see a Specimen Copy, will please call upon the nearest Postmaster, who will receive the advance payment, and forward the names and the money.

Persons wishing to get up a Club will be supplied with specimens copy gratis.

By the new postal law, which went into operation in July, the POSTAGE ON THIS MAGAZINE IS GREATLY REDUCED. When paid quarterly in advance it is now as follows:—Under 500 miles, 2½ cents; over 500 miles, 3 cents.

TERMS FOR 1852, IN ADVANCE.

One copy one year, $3. Two copies one year $5. One copy two years $5. Five copies one year $10. Ten copies one year $20, and an extra copy to the person sending a Club of Ten. Single numbers 25 cents.

Small Notes of all Recent States received at par. Club subscriptions sent to different Post Offices.

Address, JOHN SARTAIN & CO.,
January, 1852. Philadelphia.

REMOVAL.

GEORGE W. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

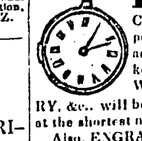
RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed his shop to the North-West corner of Second and Market streets, and will hereafter be found in the building lately occupied as a Drug, Chemical, Botanical and "Philosophical" store, by Dr. Bond, and formerly by Dr. A. M. Hills, as a Dispensary, and known far and wide by the attractive sign of the BIG GOLD MORTAR.

He is there prepared to "CUT, MAKE, or MEND" all garments in his line from the flowing robes of the Orientalist down to Miss Boomer's late improvement of the "Roman Toga," a little quicker, quite as good, and as cheap (but not any cheaper) as they can be made elsewhere.

His work will be WARRANTED to give satisfaction, so that those who employ him have no risk to run.

All kinds of marketing taken in exchange for work, and the highest prices allowed. July 10, 1851.

Watch & Clock Making.



ROBT R WELCH begs leave to inform the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he has permanently located in the shop adjoining Lanich's hotel, on Market street, where the repairing of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c., will be executed in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Also, ENGRAVING executed at short notice.

WATCHES, &c., left with him to be repaired will be promptly attended to, and warranted for one year. April 9, 1851.

TAILORING BUSINESS.
REMOVAL.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs his customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his shop to the building over the Post Office, lately occupied by R. F. Ward, and that he will be there found at all times "on hand" to supply his customers. Unlike some of his cotemporaries, he is unable to promise that his Fashions are of the most approved style of ANTIQUITY, but will insure them made according to the *Latest Fashion of more modern days.*

THOS. SHEA.

Clearfield, April 1, 1851.

FIRST AND TRUE LOVE.

A true Love Story, GEO. SAND, *author of "Indiana," "Consuelo," "The Countess of Rudolstadt," etc., etc.*

T. B. PETERSON, No 98, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, publishes this day the above work. It is one of the most charming and interesting works ever published. It is embellished with seven fine intaglio engravings, illustrative of different scenes in the work, as well as a large portrait of the two heroines of the work, and a beautifully illuminated cover. It has met with an immense sale in Paris, having already passed through several editions in the space of three months. It will have a very large sale, and it is a work no one will be disappointed with. It is sold by critics who have perused it, to be "the best work" of the day. It is published complete in one large octavo volume of 528 pages and printed on the finest white paper. Price FIFTY CENTS a copy.

Single copies of the work will be sent to any one on the receipt of remittance, addressed to the publisher, Chestnut st. and for sale by T. B. PETERSON,
No. 98, Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

To whom all orders must be addressed, post paid.

Philadelphia Dec 31, 1851.

Editors of Newspapers giving the above one or more insertions, (including this notice) and sending a copy of the paper marked to the publisher, shall have a complete copy of the work sent them by return of mail.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post office at CLEARFIELD, on the first day of January, A. D., 1852.

Adams J H	Jackson John
Akright Abraham—3	Kerr John
Baker Eq. C	Kelly Lawrence
Bell Jas Arthur	Livingston Andrew
Blue Miss Maria	Lucas Henry
Conaway Charles T	Metz Eq W B
Chadwick Miss Jane Ann	Miller Joseph
Curtis J W	Moore L
Davis Daniel	Shirey I S.
Dougherty Jason D	Steinas David A
Feeny John	Sheffler Samuel
Flennard Elijah	Shearer Samuel
Forney Matthew	Empy Milton W
Goodwin Lewis D.	Bridge Miss Barbara E
Hammond J W	Smith John L
Harnock Miss R J	Snyder John
Herbor George H	Snyder Thomas G
Holt John	Tate John W
Holt Eq. Thomas	Trude Nathan B—2
Hiller Mr.	Wagner Jacob
Hilton Charles W	Wiey Jacob
Irwin Wm T	Woods William
Irwin Wm W	Woodle Miss Jane
Irwin Miss Sophia	

WM. HADEBAUGH, P. M.

TO LUMBERMEN.

THE undersigned has taken a contract to drive Logs from the vicinity of Chest Creek, Clearfield county, to the Boom at Lock Haven, and to avoid all difficulty with persons owning Square Timber along the river, he asks such to give him timely notice, if they have any to be driven, also of the marks, &c. J. B. WING.
Dec 30, 1851.

Estate of Isaac Baily, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Letters of Administration on the estate of Isaac Baily, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment—and all who have claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL BAILEY, } Adm'rs.
WM. ADDLEMAN. }

January 15, 1852.

New Fall & Winter
GOODS,
At Grahamton, Bradford township.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on the most liberal terms, a LARGE AND EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware,
Groceries, Hats, Caps, Bonnets,
Boots and Shoes.

All of which will be sold as low as can be bought elsewhere in the county.

Purchasers will find at GRAHAMTON every description of GOODS usually kept in a COUNTRY STORE—all of which will be disposed of at very small advances for CASH, PRODUCE, or LUMBER.

Please call and examine for yourselves.

JAMES B. GRAHAM.

Grahamton, October 1, 1851.

Head-Quarters!
OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

A SMITH'S NEW OYSTER SALOON, over Moore's Store, west side of Market street, where these delectable morsels—Fish, Fat and Clean—can always be had.

ROBERT SMITH.

Estate of Conrad Merwine, jr., dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Conrad Merwine, jr., late of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CONRAD MERWINE, Adm'r.

Brady township, Jan. 26, 1852.