A REFRACTORY POST MASTER.

The following correspondence shows what kind of work is expected of Post Masters from this till after election. The gentleman who sends us this circular and his reply, is a stranger to us; but he is a true man, and will not engage in the dirty work allotted him. We hail the spirit of this letter, with great pleasure. It is an indication that the people are at last aroused, and that freedom will triumph:

HEAD QUARTERS Pennsylvania Buchanan & Breckenridge Club
Washington, July 4th, 1856.

DEAR SIR: Confiding in your political integrity and attachment to the cherished principles of the Democratic party, we cordially invite you to co-operate with the Pennsylvania Buchanan and Breckenridge Club, of this City, in the use of the most efficient means within your power to secure the continued triumph of our measures of National policy by the election of our noble standard bearers to the two highest offices in the gift of the American people. It is the primary object of our association to distribute gratuitously useful and interesting political documents in Pa. during this Presidential Campaign; and you are respectfully requested to fill up the blank forms herewith enclosed, in the manner indicated, and return them immediately with such additional items of a political character as you may regard advantageous to our common cause.

In case you are not sufficiently acquainted with the citizens of your county, to furnish the desired information, you can procure the assistance of reliable Democrats who may be conversant with the political men of your district. Perhaps the poll books on file in the Clerk's Office, may enable you to obtain the names of suitable persons more certainly. Let each name be preceded by its proper initials and accompanied by the P. O. address of each individual.

We also request you to mail all communications and papers designed for this association, to the address of the Hon. J. Glancy Jones, President of the Pennsylvania Buchanan and Breckenridge Club, Washington City, D. C.

Yours Respectfully,
S. T. SHUGERT, J. OAKFORD, D. CRAWFORD, } Cor. Sec's.

REPLY OF A POST MASTER.

July 16th, 1856.

HON. J. GLANCY JONES,

DEAR SIR: I return your favor by informing you and your Secretaries that you have mistaken your man and latitude altogether. Sir, no personal consideration could induce me to assist in elevating a man to power, who has challenged his fellow man to deadly combat, and chattelized human beings for selfish and ignoble purposes.

I hold the so called Democratic party responsible for all the outrages perpetrated against Kansas. And Mr. Buchanan's acceptance of the Cincinnati Nomination made by those whose hands have been imbrued in blood, places him at the head of a party whose acts have been as bloody and despotic as Cæsar's or Nero's. In conclusion, I would say, save your favors for a more congenial clime.

"Names of twenty active and influential Democrats in various parts of the County, with P. O. address."

Answer.—The above number not to be found in this County. No lack of activity, but of influence.

"Names of ten prominent and reading Democrats in each Township or Election precinct. Attach the list below."

Answer.—The above are only found among the Office-holders and seekers.

"Names of all doubtful and vacillating voters, whether Democrats or anti-Democrats."

Answer.—None such in this part of the County.

"Names of prominent old line Whigs who are not allied with the Know Nothing or BLACK REPUBLICAN parties. Attach the list below."

Answer.—We know of none such as above named. The old line Whigs spurn the name of Buchanan and Co.

For the Journal.

FRIEND MANN:—It appears by the *Journal* that your *Local Correspondents* remain silent. Probably the cause is an excusable one, as it has been a busy season with the farmer; but it would be cheering for the people in general, to hear from the several Townships, and to hear that the garners of the husbandman would be filled to overflowing. As for Pleasant Valley, crops never looked better. Corn in particular will be two weeks earlier than it was last season. Wheat looks extraordinarily well. According to present indications, the yield will be abundant. But I regret to say that grass is quite poor. Owing to the Spring frosts and a little insect which is doing considerable harm, farmers will not realize over half a crop.

According to private correspondents, the great political Maelstrom of *Freedom, Free Kansas,* and *Fremont,* is hurling thousands into its vortex. In the counties of Cattaraugus, Allegany, and Steuben, in the state of N. Y., a correspondent says: "The *Fremont* fever is raging like the *cholera*, visiting almost every house, and carrying off its victims. So much so good, if it will only keep branching out.

To-day our little Town has been crowded to excess by a *Buchananical* campaign paper, the *Dollar Weekly Pennsylvanian*, and in perusing it a few moments I came to the conclusion it, was in reality a *Weakly* (Weekly) Pennsylvanian, and one that could not survive through the coming November with the advice and aid of the best political M. D. in the Union. Therefore let us cry "Hail to the chief who in triumph advances!"

J. L. W.

Pleasant Valley, July 10, 1856.

ED. OF THE JOURNAL:—Last evening we had the pleasure of hearing a discourse from Mr. Hugh Young. Our meeting had been previously notified, and a goodly number were present. After organizing, Mr. John Jones, in a short speech, gave a synoposis of the frauds and political intrigues used in palming upon us the incubus of slavery since the declaration of independence. Cass and Buchanan, of course, received their just dues. Mr. Young then arose and for one hour and a half held us in breathless silence listening to the horrid scenes of Kansas, to which he had been an eye-witness. The honest simplicity with which he narrated, free from comments and party zeal, gave peculiar force to his statements. I verily thought that if the Editor of the N. Y. *Observer* were present, he would no more print articles about "exaggerated tales of Kansas," and thought our friends could no more say, "I believe both parties equally to blame," or, "the free state men are the aggressors." Mr. Y. said exaggeration was impossible, and charged the perpetration of the crimes upon Frank Pierce and the present administration, who care for none of these things. He closed by saying, "gentlemen and ladies, will you now support a man who has pledged himself to the slave oligarchy, or will you support him who says "I will preserve *freedom*, and the *Union* too?"

These questions would seem unnecessary for free men, especially for men who constantly affirm "I am opposed to any further extension of slavery;" but true it is, that were the great battle for freedom fought to day a decided majority in this town would come out under the black flag.

We must have more meetings, more speakers, and put our trust in Him who delivered us from British aggressions, and who is still able to deliver us, and Kansas, from the brutal corruptions of a corrupt administration.

B.

Sweden, July 15th, 1856.

OPEN THE CAMPAIGN.

ED. JOURNAL: Please announce the name of W. H. Hydorn as a candidate for Treasurer. HEBRON.

Tracy Scott of Ulysses will be a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Allegany Township suggests the name of J. C. Bishop as a candidate for County Commissioner.

Allegany also suggests the name of R. W. Benton, as a candidate for the office of County Auditor.

HARRISON, June 28, 1856.

JOHN S. MANN, Esq., *Dear Sir:* I would suggest the name of Zalmon F. Robinson, as one of the candidates for associate Judge of this County, to be elected at the coming fall election. I believe, if elected, he would make a good one. GEORGE K. ERVAY.

Resolution

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the ten hundred and eleven thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SEC. 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for, but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SEC. 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law.—The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SEC. 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or even, be pledged or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC. 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township, or any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SEC. 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by vote of a majority of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation or to obtain money or loan its credit to, any corporation, association institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-fourth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively.*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties.*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no;*" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"Sec. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least, three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, *Article* I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

THOS. A. MAGUIRE, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, *Clerk.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Filed April* 24, 1856. } A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Harrisburg, June* 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

L.S. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seat of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, McClintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins, and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—22.

Nays—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—23.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follows, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menaer, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whanon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

Nays—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobarn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Sansbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walker, Wimrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, [Lycoming,] Beck, [York,] Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menaer, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, [Allegany,] Strouse, Vail, Whanon, Wright, [Luzerne,] Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—63.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibbony, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Sansbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walker, Wintrode, Wright, [Dauphin] and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, [Lycoming,] Beck, [York,] Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Maugle, Menaer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whanon, Wright, (Dauphin) Wright, (Luzerne,) and Zimmerman—94.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring M Carty, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walker, Wintrode, Yearsly and Wright, *Speaker*—26.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the house agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck, [York,] Beck, [Lycoming,] Bernard, Boyd, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irvin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carley, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, [Cambria,] Smith, [Wyoming] Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright, [Luzerne] Yearsley, Zimmerman Brown, Royer, and Wright, *Speaker*—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Hains, Hancock, Huneker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury, and Wintrode—16

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Harrisburg, June* 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the sessions of 1856.

L.S. Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six. A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

July 17, 1856.

NOTICE.

By the death of John Keating, Esq., late of the city of Philadelphia, the title of the Keating & Co. lands becomes vested in William V. Keating, Adolphe E. Borie, & James M. Wilcox, by whom deeds will be granted. The charge of the company's landed interest in Pennsylvania has devolved upon the subscriber who hereby informs the settlers on Keating & Co. lands, that Messrs. John King, John S. Mann, & Byron D. Hamlin, still continue our authorized agents in Potter & McKean Counties.

All persons indebted to the company are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their accounts without further delay.

WILLIAM V. KEATING.

Philadelphia, May 31st, 1856.

KAY & BROTHER
LAW BOOK SELLERS AND PUBLISHERS,
Nos. 17 & 19 South 5th St. East side
FIRST STORE ABOVE CHESTNUT ST.
Philadelphia.

KAY & BROTHER PUBLISH THE *Following*

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Wharton's American Criminal Law, 3d ed Just Published.
Wharton's American Precedents of Indictments,
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Smith and Reed's Laws of Pennsylvania 10 vols.
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Civil Code of Pennsylvania.
Hood on Executors.
Brightly on the Law of Cos's.
Binns' Justice, 6th ed.—1855.
Brightly's Equity Jurisprudence, 1 vol. royal 8vo. Just publ'd.
Brightly's Purdon's Annual Digest for 1854-5 price 50 cents.
Graydon's Forms of Conveyancing and Practice.
Wright's Constable's Manual.
Pennsylvania Magistrate's Law Library, 3 vols. or 7 vols.
Sergeant's Land Laws of Pennsylvania.
Sergeant on Foreign Attachment.
Duane on the Law of Landlord and Tenant.
Duane on the Road Laws.

In Press.

Burton's Compendium of the Law of Real Property, with copious American Annotations, by Charles Goepp, Esq. 1 vol. royal 8vo
A New Digest of the Laws of the United States, on the plan of Purdon's Digest of 1853, 1 vol imperial 8vo.
Sergeant's Mechanic's Lien Law, New Edition.
The Pennsylvania Form Book.
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Agents Wanted.

RESPONSIBLE Local and Traveling Insurance Agents wanted to operate for a permanent Company, to whom good inducements will be offered.

Address D. S. BOSS, 142 York, Pa.
9-10

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having formed a copartnership under the name and title of

JONES, MANN & JONES,

for the purpose of extending their usefulness in the Mercantile business, have purchased the entire stock of C. S. Jones, Lewis Mann, and A. F. Jones, which with the large additions now being made to the consolidated Stock, by daily arrivals from New York and Philadelphia, enables them to offer to the Public and each of their former customers the largest, best and most extensive assortment of goods ever brought into this

Market.

To accommodate themselves and their customers, they have remodeled the Store formerly occupied by C. S. Jones, where they may be found at all times ready and willing to wait upon all who may extend to them their patronage. Their Stock consists of

Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
Provisions,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Iron, Nails, &c.

C. S. JONES, L. MANN, A. F. JONES.
Coudersport March, 20th, 1856.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Are now receiving a large lot of the best Style Prints consisting of Cocheco, Mottmack, Philips Allen & Sons, Briggs, Spragues & Co. Warranted fast colors, also a lot of *Cheap* Prints. Call & Examine.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Would call the attention of those who are in want of Cloths to their Stock, which they are continually replenishing consisting of

Broad Cloths,
(BLACK & BLUE.)
Cassimeres of all grades and styles, Sattinets
TWEEDS,
JEANS &c.

WE have now on hand several qualities of Farmers Satin, which is warranted to give satisfaction. Try it.

JONES, MANN, & JONES.

CALL AT JONES, MANN, & JONES and examine their assortment of Sheetings, Shirting, Demins, Ticks, Marlows Stripes and Checks. They are just receiving a handsome lot of Bleached goods, which they are desirous of having their customers examine.

OLD fashioned Dimity for sale at JONES, MANN & JONES.

WE have on hand a good assortment of Yankee notions, which we are willing to sell at reasonable profit, Linen thread, Cotton do. (spool & skein;) Linen and Cotton Floss, French Working Cotton, Knitting do. Needles, Pins, with almost everything belonging to this department of Trade.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

ALL who are in want of Boots or Shoes will please call and examine the stock of

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Which is the largest ever opened in this county, and we feel confident that we can satisfy the most critical. We have also in connection with this Branch of our business

Boot & Shoe SHOP,

Where we can order any kind of work; and we believe that our *Home Made* work is superior to that which is brought from abroad.

LEATHER

of the best quality, and of all the different kinds, with Boot & Shoe findings at JONES, MANN & JONES.

TEAS (Black and Green) from twenty-five cts. to a dollar, constantly on hand at JONES, MANN & JONES.

OUR Stock of Groceries is offered to the inspection of the Public with the firm belief that it is the best in the County. We intend that this department of our business shall always be kept in readiness to supply the wants of this community.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

JONES MANN & JONES, have certainly the best stock of Hardware, ever kept in this place, and they intend to keep every thing in this line, and we feel confident that we can do as well by the People of this County as will be done by them at Wellsville

A large Stock of Crockery to select from JONES, MANN & JONES.

WANTED at JONES, MANN & JONES Wheat, Rye, Buckwheat, Corn, Oats,

Potatoes,

Or anything the Farmers have for sale, they can find ready sale for at our Store.

WE are keeping a good assortment of

IRON,

from which we will supply the Black-Smiths of this section, as favorably as they will be dealt with at Wellsville.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

WOULD Respectfully ask the Farmers of this county to examine the Advantages, offered them in this place, for the exchanging of their farm produce for cash or Merchandise, almost all kinds of grain, and in fact, every kind the farmer has to sell, bear a more advanced figure in Coudersport, than at any of the Northern markets, while the goods of the Merchant, are about the same price excepting the heavy articles, which have Transportation added.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

March 20th, 1856.