THE STATE TICKET.

The union in Pennsylvania, on the State election is now perfect, the gentlemen put in nomination at the Union Convention in March having been unanimously accepted by the separate conventions of the Americans and the Republicans. That Union Convention was an admirable movement, as a preliminary step in the greater Union which will be consummated this day in Philadelphia. Its moral effect was felt throughout the country.

Thomas E. Cochran, of York county, our candidate for Canal Commissioner, is an "old line" Whig, who is with us cordially on the great question. He is a gentleman of the highest character for probity and business talents.

Darwin Phelps, of Armstrong, candidate for Auditor General, is an American, and at the same time as good a Republican as can be found anywhere. He is eminently qualified for the office; a man of the purest moral character, a good speaker, and one whose voice has been and will be heard often and effectively in the cause of Freedom. His report in the House of Representatives at the last session, on the subject of the right to transport Slaves through Pennsylvania, won for him a high reputation as a logician and jurist, and as a champion for the right.

Bartholomew Laporte, of Bradford, candidate for Surveyor General, is a Republican, with democratic antecedents—a gentleman of excellent character, both in moral worth and fitness for the office. Mr. Laporte will bring great strength to the ticket and to the cause of Freedom in the Northern counties where he is well and favorably known.

Thus has the State been well and happily divided both geographically and politically, and all the candidates are eminently worthy of our confidence and support. We can elect that ticket.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

A VOICE FROM MAINE.

When Mr. Hamlin, Senator from Maine, asked to be excused from serving as Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, he said, for the nine years he had held a seat in the Senate, he had almost been a silent member. Upon the subject that had so much agitated the country, he had rarely uttered a word.

He loved his country more than he loved any party—more than anything that could agitate and disturb its harmony. Although he believed the repeal of the Missouri Compromise was a great moral and political wrong, unequalled in the annals of the legislation of this country, and unequalled in the history of almost any country—still, with a desire to promote harmony, concord, and brotherly feeling, he sat quietly amid all the exciting debates which led to that result, and opposed it not by his voice but by a constant, steady and uniform vote—not only in accordance with his own convictions, but in accordance with the instructions of his Legislature, passed by almost a unanimous vote, but the thing was done in violation of the solemn pledges of the President of the United States in his inaugural address.

Since, however, that wrong had been endorsed by the Cincinnati Convention in its consummation and its results, he felt it his duty to declare that he could no longer maintain party associations with any party that insisted upon such doctrines, and could support no man for President who avowed and recognized these doctrines, and whatever power God had endowed him with, it should be used in the coming contest in opposition to that party.

OPEN THE CAMPAIGN.

ED. JOURNAL: Please announce the name of W. H. Hydorn as a candidate for Treasurer. HERRON.

Tracy Scott of Ulysses will be a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Allegany Township suggests the name of J. C. Bishop as a candidate for County Commissioner.

HARRISON, June 28, 1856.

JOHN S. MANN, Esq., *Dear Sir:* I would suggest the name of Zalmon F. Robinson, as one of the candidates for associate Judge of this County, to be elected at the coming fall election. I believe, if elected, he would make a good one. GEORGE K. ERVAY.

BRIDGE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the Burgess and Town Council, for the building of the Bridge across the Allegany on Second street, until 3 P. M. on Saturday, the 19th day of July instant.

Specifications of the above bridge may be seen at the office of the Burgess.

S. H. STORRS,
Sec. of Town Council.

Coudersport, July 14, 1856.

Resolution

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SEC. 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SEC. 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law.—The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SEC. 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC. 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SEC. 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-fourth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereon; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively.*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no;*" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SEC. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equitably, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, *Article* I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 23, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

THOS. A. MAGUIRE, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 63, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, *Clerk.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Filed April* 24, 1856. } A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Harrisburg, June* 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

L.S. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, *April* 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, McClintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins, and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

Nays—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—25.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follows, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hinegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Van, Wharton, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

Nays—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, [Lycoming,] Beck, [York.] Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hinegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, [Allegheny,] Strouse, Vail, Whalton, Wright, [Luzerne,] Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—64.

Nays—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, [Dauphin] and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, [Lycoming,] Beck, [York,] Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hinegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whalton, Wright, (Dauphin) Wright, (Luzerne,) and Zimmerman—64.

Nays—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring M'Carty, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright, *Speaker*—26.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the house agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck, [York,] Beck, [Lycoming,] Bernard, Boyd, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irvin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carley, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, [Cambria,] Smith, [Wyoming] Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whalton, Wright, [Luzerne] Yearsley, Zimmerman Brown, Boyer, and Wright, *Speaker*—39.

NAYS—Messr. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Hains, Hancock, Huneker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury, and Wintrode—16

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, *Harrisburg, June* 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the sessions of 1856.

L.S. Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

July 17, 1856.

A. H. Butterworth

WILL furnish the People with fresh BEEF and MUTTON, on Tuesdays and Fridays, during the season. Cash will be paid for beef cattle at all times.

Coudersport, July 17, 1856.

HURRAH! HURRAH!!

THE Water has come at last, and all who wish to have their grinding done in the

VERY BEST OF ORDER,

just bring your grain to the Cushingville Grist Mill and there you will find J. M Horton, giving entire satisfaction to all. You who doubt give him a call, and you'll not be sorry.

N. B. Wheat and Buckwheat floured for market, on the shortest notice.

Cushingville, April 12th, 1856.

CLOTH DRESSING.

ALL persons having cloth to color and dress, by leaving the same at the store of J. M. Judd in Coudersport, will be forwarded to the works of the subscriber finished in good order and returned, payment for dressing can be made to J. M. Judd on delivery of the cloth. Mark the pieces plainly with name and directions.

O. H. PERRY.

Genesee Fork Sept. 19th, 1855.

Lewisville steam Grist Mill

THE subscribers having purchased the interest of all other parties heretofore concerned in the above establishment, are now prepared to do all kinds of custom work in their line, as we believe in a workmanlike manner; and hope by a diligent attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage. Persons wishing to have wheat, or buckwheat floured for market, can at all times be accommodated on short

NOTICE.

For the quality of the work done at our mill we refer to A. Corey, Esq., Lewisville, G. G. Colvin, Esq., Bingham, and Maj. S. M Mills, John S. Mann, Esq., and Mr. James Locke, Coudersport.

ELIJAH GRIDLEY
O. A. LEWIS.

Lewisville, Dec. 27th, 1855.

KANSAS AND FREEDOM

The undersigned having lost a large sum of money in running his stages, and being anxious to pay his respects to the Border Ruffians of Missouri, proposes to raise the wind by

SELLING A FARM.

And therefore he offers for sale one of the best farms in the county of Potter, situated one and a half miles north of Coudersport, and adjoining that of Nelson Clark, containing one hundred acres of land, forty of which is under improvement, well fenced, and watered equal to any in the nation. The Allegany river runs through it and numerous springs come from it, one of which is the admiration of all persons who travel the Wellsville road.

There are two frame barns and one frame house. There are one hundred and twenty five thrifty apple trees, twenty-five of which are bearing trees. The plow land has been highly manured for two years and is in fine condition for the best possible farming.

Terms of sale will be reasonable. Five years time will be given, with a small sum in hand. For particulars inquire at this office or of the subscriber at Conesburg.

S. M. MILLS.

Coudersport, May 29, 1851.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a general assortment of fall and winter goods consisting of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
GROCERIES & CROCKERY,

and almost every article needed in the town and vicinity, which he pledges himself to sell as low as the

LOWEST.

His old customers and friends and the public generally are invited to call and examine for themselves.

D. E. OLMSTED.

Coudersport Oct. 4th, 1855

BINNS' JUSTICE, the latest edition, the JOURNAL BOOK STORE.

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Ulysses and surrounding country, that he has recently established himself in the manufacture and sale of Boots and Shoes, and has the largest and best assortment of work ever offered in this market. The subscriber has been very choice in his selection of city work and leather which is of the best quality for style and workmanship. He is not to be beat west of N. York Terms ready pay.

Hides and grain taken in exchange for work a reduction of seven per cent will be made for cash, all persons wishing to purchase will do well to call and examine for themselves before purchasing else where. Business place a little north of Chappels dry goods store, cash paid for Hides.

Lewisville, March 17th, 1856.

S. HULL

FOUNDRY.

D. B. BROWN would give notice to the public that he is prepared, at his Foundry in Coudersport, to do all manner of CASTING—will make and finish to order all kinds of *Machinery, Mill Gearing,* Board and Log Cars, Sleigh-Shoes of all sizes, and every article needed by a Lumbering community. And to farmers he would say, that he has procured some of the best *Plow patterns* in use, both Flat Land and Side Hill, and keeps them constantly on hand. And will make to order *Field Rollers, Harrows, Cultivators,* and every article used by them in his line of business. He is prepared also to do all kinds of

BLACKSMITHING,

And from his long experience in the above business, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to those who may give him a call.

N. B.—Old iron bought, or taken in exchange for work. 7-27

KAY & BROTHER

LAW BOOK SELLERS AND PUBLISHERS,

Nos. 17 & 19 South 5th St. East side

FIRST STORE ABOVE CHESTNUT ST.

Philadelphia.

KAY & BROTHER PUBLISH THE *Following*

National Law Books.

Wharton's American Criminal Law, 3d ed Just Published.

Wharton's American Precedents of Indictments,

Wharton on the American Law of Homicide. Just pub'd. Wharton & Stille's American Medical Jurisprudence, 1 vol. royal 8vo. Just Published.

Wharton's Law Dictionary.

Troubat on Limited Partnership.

Morris on Replevin.

Baldwin on the Constitution.

Debates in the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania of 1837, 14 vols.

Marshall's U. S. Circuit Court Decisions, 2 vols.

Baldwin's U. S. Circuit Court Reports, 1 vol.

Daniell's Chancery Practice, 3 vols.

Welford's Equity Pleadings.

Gresley's Equity Evidence.

Hildyard on Marine Insurance.

Hindmarch on Patents.

Biset on Partnership and Joint Stock Companies.

Finlason's Leading Cases on Pleading.

Blackburn on the Contract of Sale.

Prichard's Admiralty Digest.

Library of Law and Equity, 1st series, 15 vols. in 14.

Library of Law and Equity, 2d series, 14 vols. in 12.

Library of Law and Equity, 3d series, 13 vols. in 11

Library of Law and Equity, 4th series, 10 vols. in 8.

Equity Library—Practice, Pleading and Evidence, 5 vols.

Pennsylvania Law Books.

Sergeant and Rawle's Reports, 17 vols.

Pearson and Watts' Reports, 3 vols.

Watts' Reports, 10 vols.

Watts and Sergeant's Reports, 9 vols.

Brightly's Reports, 1 vol.

Harris's Pennsylvania State Reports, 10 vols.

Miles's Reports, 2 vols.

Troubat and Haly's Practice, 2 vols.

Purdon's Digest—1700 to 1855.

Roberts's Digest of British Statutes.

Smith and Reed's Laws of Pennsylvania 10 vols.

Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania (1801 to 1855) 42 vols.

Civil Code of Pennsylvania.

Hood on Executors.

Brightly on the Law of Costs.

Binns' Justice, 6th ed.—1855.

Brightly's Equity Jurisprudence, 1 vol. royal 8vo. Just publ'd.

Brightly's Purdon's Annual Digest for 1854-5 price 50 cents.

Graydon's Forms of Conveyancing and Practice.

Wright's Constable's Manual.

Pennsylvania Magistrate's Law Library, 3 vols. or 7 vols.

Sergeant's Land Laws of Pennsylvania.

Sergeant on Foreign Attachment.

Duane on the Law of Landlord and Tenant.

Duane on the Road Laws.

In Press.

Burton's Compendium of the Law of Real Property, with copious American Annotations, by Charles Gepp, Esq. 1 vol. royal 8vo

A New Digest of the Laws of the United States, on the plan of Purdon's Digest of 1853, 1 vol imperial 8vo.

Sergeant's Mechanic's Lien Law, New Edition.

The Pennsylvania Form Book.

Linn's Analytical Index of Parallel Reference to the Pennsylvania Reports.

NOTICE.

By the death of John Keating, Esq., late of the city of Philadelphia, the title of the Keating & Co. lands becomes vested in William V. Keating, Adolphe E. Borie, & James M. Wilcox, by whom deeds will be granted. The charge of the company's landed interest in Pennsylvania has devolved upon the subscriber who hereby informs the settlers on Keating & Co. lands, that Messrs. John King, John S. Mann, & Byron D. Hamlin, still continue our authorized agents in Potter & McKean Counties.

All persons indebted to the company are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their accounts without further delay.

WILLIAM V. KEATING.

Philadelphia, May 31st, 1856.

Bounty Land.

THE undersigned will give particular attention to the procuring of Bounty Land for all those entitled thereto under late or any previous Act of Congress.

A. G. OLMSTED

Coudersport, March

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having formed a copartnership under the name and style of

JONES, MANN & JONES,

for the purpose of extending their usefulness in the Mercantile business, have purchased the entire stock of C. S. Jones, Lewis Mann, and A. F. Jones, which with the large additions now being made to the consolidated Stock, by daily arrivals from New York and Philadelphia, enables them to offer to the Public and each of their former customers, the largest, best and most extensive assortment of goods ever brought into this

Market.

To accommodate themselves and their customers, they have remodeled the Store formerly occupied by C. S. Jones, where they may be found at all times ready and willing to wait upon all who may extend to them their patronage. Their Stock consists of

Dry Goods,

HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,

Provisions,

HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,

Iron, Nails, &c.

C. S. JONES, L. MANN, A. F. JONES

Coudersport March, 20th, 1856.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Are now receiving a large lot of the best Style Prints consisting of Cocheco, Merrimack, Philips Allen & Sons, Briggs, Sprague, & Co. Warranted fast colors, also a lot of *Cheap* Prints. Call & Examine.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Would call the attention of those who are in want of Cloths to their Stock, which they are continually replenishing consisting of

Broad Cloths,

(BLACK & BLUE.)

Cassimeres of all grades and styles, Satinetts

TWEEDS,

JEANS &c.

WE have now on hand several qualities of Farmers Satin, which is warranted to give satisfaction. Try it.

JONES, MANN, & JONES.

CALL AT JONES, MANN, & JONES and examine their assortment of Sheetings, Shirting, Demins, Ticks, Marrices, Stripes and Checks. They are just receiving a handsome lot of Bleached goods, which they are desirous of having their customers examine.

OLD fashioned Dimity for sale at JONES, MANN & JONES.

WE have on hand a good assortment of Yankee notions, which we are winding to sell at reasonable profit, Linen thread, Cotton do. (spool & skein;) Linen and Cotton Floss, French Working Cotton, Knitting do. Needles, Pins, with almost everything belonging to this department of Trade.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

ALL who are in want of Boots or Shoes, will please call and examine the stock of

JONES, MANN & JONES,

Which is the largest ever opened in this county, and we feel confident that we can satisfy the most critical. We have also in connection with this Branch of our business,

Boot & Shoe

SHOP,

Where we can order any kind of work; and we believe that our *Home Made* work is superior to that which is brought from abroad.

LEATHER

of the best quality, and of all the different kinds, with Boot & Shoe findings at

JONES, MANN & JONES.

TEAS (Black and Green) from twenty-five cts. to a dollar, constantly on hand at

JONES, MANN & JONES.

OUR Stock of Groceries is offered to the inspection of the Public with the full belief that it is the best in the County. We intend that this department of our business shall always be kept in readiness to supply the wants of this community.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

JONES MANN & JONES, have certainly the best stock of Hardware ever kept in this place, and they intend to keep every thing in this line, and we feel confident that we can do as well by the People of this County as will be done by them at Wellsville.

A large Stock of Crockery to select from

JONES, MANN & JONES.

WANTED at JONES, MANN & JONES Wheat, Rye, Buckwheat, Corn, Oats,

Potatoes,

Or anything the Farmers have for sale, they can find ready sale for at our Store.

WE are keeping a good assortment of

IRON,

from which we will supply the Black-Smiths of this section, as favorably as they will be dealt with at Wellsville.

JONES, MANN & JONES,

WOULD Respectfully ask the Farmers of this county to examine the Advantages, offered them in this place, for the exchanging of their farm produce for cash or Merchandise, almost all kinds of grain, and in fact, every kind the farmer has to sell, bring a more advanced figure in Coudersport, than at any of the Northern markets, while the goods of the Merchant, are about the same price excepting the heavy articles which have Transportation added.

JONES, MANN & JONES.

March 20th, 1856.