LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Russians made a sortie against the French on the 14th; the Russians were repulsed.

The French are so close to the abattis of the Malakoff, that a man may throw a stone into it. The abattis is described as truly formidable: it is formed of trunks of oak and beech, from the woods of the Crimea, and it is more than six feet high. Before making a fresh assault, attempts will be made to destroy it. The Russians are still at work on the position, and are also repairing the Redan. The exchange of shot and shell is almost incessant.

The French are very sanguine of their ability to reach the shipping from their new battery at the White works. There is but little sickness in the allied camp. The British wanted mattrasses for the wounded.

On the night of the 16th there was a sortie from the Malakoff, during a pouring rain; it lasted about a quarter of an hour. There was heavy firing all night. The French talk of being ready for another assault in about a fortnight.

General Pellissier has expelled the correspondent of the *Constitutionnel* from the Crimea, for having reflected on his plans, and made inconvenient revelations in his letters. The General has also sent away the correspondent of a Smyrna journal.

Nachimoff was interred in the garrison church at Sebastopol, side by side with Admiral Korniloff. Russian information states Todleben to be recovering from his wounds, other correspondents affirming that he is dead.

An active correspondence has been going on between the Emperor of the French and the Emperor of Austria relative to the existing situation of affairs. Nothing is expected of it.

An address was presented to Sir George Brown at Leamington on the 28th of July. In his reply he deprecated any change in the mode of officering the army, for it was precisely because the officers were gentlemen that the men were so attached to them. He wished that the committee of inquiry had examined some French officers, who had associated with the English troops, and they would have found our allies formed a very different estimate of the merit of the English troops from that which has been formed by some of our own countrymen.

A public meeting was to take place at St. Martin's Hall, on the 1st of August, in favor of the employment of a Polish legion as the most effectual auxiliaries for carrying on the war, and the restoration of Poland as the only means for securing a durable peace. Sir De Lacy Evans, M. P., is to take the chair.

A curious circumstance is, that through the recent rains a number of infernal machines, placed by the Russians in the Baidar and Inkerman valleys, were left visible and uncovered; the earth under which the enemy had placed them, being washed away.

Rumors have been current of a misunderstanding about Sebastopol having broken out between the English and French Governments, but, on inquiry in the best informed quarters, the Paris correspondent of the London *Times* finds that it simply amounts to this:

"England asked the French Government for its opinion on the question whether, in the event of Sebastopol not falling into the hands of the allies before the end of October, it would not be desirable, in order to preserve the troops from the terrible rigors of a Crimean winter, to give up the siege, remove the camps to near Constantinople, and recommence the siege early in the spring, on an entirely new plan.

"The French government answered that, though the plan suggested was not without its advantages, the withdrawal of the French army from the Crimea without the capture or destruction of Sebastopol, would create such a painful sensation in France, that, for its part, it could not think of anything of the kind. The English cabinet, which, probably, had no fixed opinion on the point, did not say a word in defence of its question, and the matter dropped."

TEXAS LADIES ON LIQUOR.

The Ladies of Georgetown held a meeting on the 6th ult., on the subject of alcohol and drunkenness, and passed resolutions requesting the merchants to bring no more liquor into that town for sale. A committee was appointed to wait upon the principal business men, which, having done, they report that only one store gave entire satisfaction of complying with the request. The others were doubtful.

They therefore unanimously resolved, "that we solemnly and firmly pledge ourselves not to trade at any store where intoxicating liquors of any kind are kept, if we know it. And furthermore, that we will, each individual, use all reasonable exertions to find out, and make known to each other, the fact of liquor being kept at stores pretending to be without it."

The entire length of the sewerage in Boston is estimated at 70 miles.

The Progress of Despotism.

Since the reign of James II., in England, there has hardly been an instance of judicial tyranny so gross as the recent proceeding of Judge Kane in the imprisonment of Passmore Williamson. This doctrine of constructive contempt may be applied to put any man in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania into prison for life; and if Chief Justice Lewis is right, there is no power in the State of Pennsylvania to protect her citizens from such acts of oppression. Mr. Franklin Pierce's pro-consul imprisons when he will, and there is none to deliver.

Required by a writ from Judge Kane to bring into court the bodies of certain persons, a woman and her two children, whom Col. Wheeler had emancipated by bringing them into the State of Pennsylvania, where no slave can breathe but a fugitive, and whom Kane and Wheeler were conspiring to kidnap and seduce into slavery again, Williamson makes return to the writ in due form, that the persons named are not, and have not been at any time, detained by him. The answer was perfectly true, the Judge had no shadow of a reason for doubting the truth of it; and if he had doubted it, he knew full well that the question of fact was a question to be determined by a jury. But without a jury, without a trial, without the opportunity of calling witnesses, the Judge pronounces on the matter of fact, and sends an unoffending citizen to prison till he shall confess that the truth which he stated in his answer to the writ, is not true.

Such is the progress of despotism. Such is the abasement of the old Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

What shall Judge Kane do next? Why should he not issue a writ of *habeas corpus* requiring Albert Barnes to bring into his court the bodies of John Doe and Richard Roe, and when Mr. Barnes replies that the said persons are not and never have been in his power, commit him to prison for contempt of court?

THE NECESSITY OF DROUGHTS.—The State agricultural chemist of Maryland, Mr. Higgins, publishes a paper, showing the necessity of droughts to replenish the soil with mineral substances, carried off to the sea by the rains, and also taken up by the crops, and not returned by manure. These two causes, always in operation, would, in time, render the earth a barren waste, in which no verdure would quicken, and no solitary plant take root, if there was not a natural counteraction by drought, which operates to supply this waste in the following manner. During dry weather a continual evaporation of water takes place from the surface of the earth, which is not supplied by any from the clouds. The evaporation from the surface creates a vacuum, so far as water is concerned, which is at once filled by the water rising up from the subsoil of the land; the water from the subsoil is replaced from the next stratum below, and in this manner the circulation of water in the earth is the reverse to that which takes place in wet weather. With this water also ascend the minerals held in solution, the phosphates and sulphates of lime, carbonate and silicate of potash and soda, which are deposited in the surface soil as the water evaporates, and thus restores the losses sustained as above stated. The author of this theory appears to have taken considerable pains to verify the fact by a number of interesting experiments. The subject is worth the attention of men of lesiure and of education, who persue the rational system of blending chemistry with agricultural science

IT turns out that President Pierce tried to buy off Governor Reeder by splendid offers of promotion. He tendered him Mr. McLane's place as Commissioner to China, and also Mr. Buchanan's place as Minister to England. Mr. Reeder offered to resign and accept the latter place if the President would write him a letter asking him to do so, and publish it in the *Union*, together with his reply, it being understood that his appointment to England should be gazetted immediately after. This, the President refused to do, and so he was left to turn out Mr. Reeder, and justify himself as he could.

The Utica *Herald* says that Col. H. B. Bartlett has resigned the post of Steward of the State Lunatic Asylum, which he has held with acceptance for many years, and Mrs. Bartlett has resigned her position of Matron. Both resignations took effect on the first of August. The cause of this step is the continued and serious illness of Mrs. Bartlett.

An old farmer whose son had died, was visited by a neighbor who began to condole with him on his loss. "My loss! No such thing—it's his own loss; he was of age." That farmer was a philopher.

A young lady found one day reading a novel, was asked by a gentleman how she liked the style. Reviewing the incidents in her memory, she replied: "The style? the style? Oh, sir! I am not come to that yet."

The Journal of Commerce suggests as a new name for Mayor Wood, in view of his numerous and well considered vetoes—that, instead of Fernando Wood he be called Fernando *Would'nt.*

The foundation of republican government is the right of *every* citizen, in his person and property, and in their management.—*Jefferson.*

STATE EXPENDITURES.

The heavy debt hanging over the tax-payers of Pennsylvania, renders the diminution of the current expense of the State a subject of interest to the people. The earnest application for large appropriations by the Legislature, from the thousand and one feeders at the public crib, is very generally successful; and the result naturally is, that all our revenues cannot keep pace with our expenditures, and each succeeding year finds us still deeper in debt. The Legislature of 1854, made appropriations amounting to $5,513,000; and efforts for one of similar proportions were made at the late sessions; but thanks to the firmness of the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means—R. B. M'COMBS, Esq.—backed by others of that Committee, these appropriations were curtailed, until the aggregate shows a decrease of nearly one million and a quarter compared with that of the previous year. These can, we have no doubt, be still further reduced, as this Committee investigate more thoroughly the real wants of the State, and become acquainted with the numerous means resorted to, to draw money from the Treasury to reward favorites, and for which no fair equivalent is rendered.—*Mercer Freeman.*

The late Dr. Chapman of Philadelphia was walking in the streets, and a baker's cart driven furiously was about to run him down. The baker reined up suddenly, and just in time to spare the doctor, who instantly took off his hat, and bowing politely, exclaimed, "You're the best *bred* man in town!"

A party of about a thousand Massachusetts school teachers, of both sexes, propose visiting New York city in September next, to see the sights and be seen. The Governor of the Alms House will receive the guests.

Martial music at funerals is prohibited in Albany on the Sabbath.

Byron's tomb is in danger of disappearing under the hammers of tourists.

A fire alarm and Police Telegraph is being erected in Philadelphia.

Business Cards.

F. W. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
Coudersport, Pa, will regularly attend the courts in Potter county. 3-40tf

A. P. CONE,
Attorney at Law,
Wellsborough, Tioga county, Pa, will regularly attend the courts of Potter county.
June 3, 1848.

LAND AGENCY.
THE undersigned having been entrusted with the care of several large tracts of and in this county, has made himself acquainted with the lands and land titles of the county, and will give immediate attention to any business of this nature that may be entrusted to him. J. S. MANN.

ARTHUR G. OLMSTED,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW will attend to all business entrusted to his care with promptness and fidelity.
Office—in the Temperance Block, up stairs, Main-street, Coudersport, Pa. 7-1

L. F. MAYNARD,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
Coudersport, Pa. Office—north of the court house square, at "The People's Cash Store," up stairs. 3-47

W. K. KING,
Surveyor, Draftsmsm, and Conveyancer,
Smethport, M'Kean Co., Pa.,
Will attend to business for non-resident landholders, upon reasonable terms. References given if required.
P. S. Maps of any part of the County made to order. 7-33

ISAAC BENSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, East side of the public square, Coudersport, Pa. By special arrangement the professional services of S. P. JOHNSON, Esq., may be engaged through him in all cases in which he is not previously concerned.
N. B.—All claims due and payable to the undersigned, personally and professionally, may be found in the hands of Isaac Benson, Esq., for adjustment. S. P. JOHNSON.
March 3, 1848. 1-2tf

JOHN S. MANN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, will attend the several Courts in Potter and M'Kean counties. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
Office on Main-street, opposite the Court House, Coudersport, Pa.

FOUNDRY.
D. B. BROWN would give notice to the public that he is prepared, at his Foundry in Coudersport, to do all manner of CASTING,—will make and finish to order all kinds of *Machinery, Mill Gearing.* Board and Log Cars, Sleigh-Shoes of all sizes, and every article needed by a Lumbering community. And to farmers he would say, that he has procured some of the best *Plow patterns* in use, both Flat Land and Side Hill, and keeps them constantly on hand. And will make to order *Field Rollers, Harrows, Cultivators,* and every article used by them in his line of business. He is prepared also to do all kinds of
BLACKSMITHING.
And from his long experience in the above business, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to those who may give him a call.
N. B.—Old iron bought, or taken in exchange for work. 7-27y

Notice.
THE Governor of the State of New-York has appointed the subscriber a Commissioner for the State of New-York, to take the acknowledgment of Deeds and other instruments, and to administer oaths pursuant to an act of the Legislature of the said State.
ISAAC BENSON.
Coudersport, Dec. 12, 1851.

Coudersport Academy.

THE Summer Term of this institution will commence on Wednesday, June 20, 1855, and continue eleven weeks.

Terms.

Elementary branches—Orthography, Geography, Arithmetic, Physiology, $3.00
Higher Arithmetic, First Lessons in Algebra, and English Grammar, ... 3.50
Higher English branches, Philosophy, Astronomy, Algebra, &c., ... 5.00
Higher Mathematics and the Languages, 6.00
Drawing, extra, ... 1.50
Instruction on the Piano Forte, extra, ... 10.00
Use of instrument, ... 3.00
Vocal music free of charge.
Pre-payment of all bills strictly required.
☞ Either higher class of studies will include any or all the lower classes.

The subscriber takes this occasion to express his thanks to the people of Potter and of other sections for their liberal support during the past year, and to assure them that no pains will be spared in the future that may be required to make this school an institution worthy of the entire confidence and support of all who desire a sound rudimental as well as a thorough mathematical and classical education.

J. BLOOMINGDALE, Principal.

The undersigned Officers and Trustees of the Coudersport Academy are moved by a sense of official and personal duty, to call the attention of the public, and of the people of our county in particular, to the rising and useful character of this institution of learning.

When we invited the present worthy Principal to the post he occupies, we found the Academy depressed and declining. We submitted its organization and other most onerous affairs to his discretion and management; and our experience enables us with increased confidence to assure parents and guardians that he has proved faithful, efficient, and practical—just such an instructor as this community needs.

H. H. DENT, President,
H. J. OLMSTED, Treas.,
T. B. TYLER, Sec'y, } Trustees.

IMPORTANT TO LUMBERMEN.
SKINNER'S
PATENT SHINGLE-MACHINE.
THE undersigned, agent for the Patentee in Potter and the adjoining counties of Pennsylvania and New-York, would respectfully call the attention of Lumbermen and others to this labor-saving machine, patented Nov., 1851, and now in successful operation in various parts of the United States. This machine will rive and shave from one to two thousand shingles per hour, and will work hemlock equally as well as pine, the practical working of which can be seen at Genesee Fork, where one is now in operation. Any information respecting the same will be given by addressing the subscriber,
O. CHAMBERLAIN.
Ellisburg, Pa., March 22, 1855.

SLATES, Pencils, Writing Books, Drawing Books, Account and Memorandum Books, Tracts, Sunday School Question and Class Books. Ink, Paper and Chalk, Crayons, Sealing Wax, Tissue, Tracing, Drawing, and Glazed Paper; Blotting Boards, Perforated Boards, Port-Folios, and Porte-Monnaies.
Call and examine at the
JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.

TO PRINTERS.
BRUCE'S NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY, established in 1815, has now on hand, ready for *immediate delivery*, in fonts to suit purchasers,

100,000	lb.	Roman Type of new cut,
50,000	"	Fancy Type,
10,000	"	Scripts of various styles.
5,000	"	Germans,
5,000	"	Ornaments in great variety,
5,000	"	Borders,

30,000 feet Brass and Type Metal Rules, and all the novelties in the business.

All the above Types are cast by steam power, of the new metal peculiar to this foundry, and which is certainly superior to any ever used before in any part of the world. The unequalled rapidity in the process of casting, enables me to sell these more durable types at the prices of ordinary types, either on credit or for cash.

Presses, Wood Type, and all other Printing Materials, except paper and Cards, (which have no fixed quality or price,) furnished at manufacturers' prices.

The latest Specimen Book of the Foundry is freely given to all printing offices, on the receipt of fifty cents to prepay postage.

☞ Printers of newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement, including this note, three times before the first day of July, 1855, and forward me one of the papers, will be allowed their bills at the time of purchasing five times the amount of my manufactures.
New-York, Feb. 12, 1855.
Address, GEO. BRUCE,
13 Chambers-st,
45-3t New-York.

War Declared at Last.

THE long repose of Europe is about to be disturbed by the bugle's note and the reville of the drum, calling its slumbering millions to arms in the defense of their firesides and their country. England and France are calling for men and means, and sending forward their armies to battle against the aggressions of the Russian Bear; but while the Old World is convulsed by revolution, unusual peace and plenty reign in the New.

In the peaceful and quiet pursuit of our business we have formed a copartnership under the name and style of N. S. BUTLER & CO., and have taken the store in Empire Block, in the village of Olean, formerly occupied by Thing & Brother, and are now receiving a splendid new stock of goods adapted to the season and wants of the community, which we intend to sell exclusively for cash down, at prices that will cause consternation and dismay in the ranks of old fogyism that has been so long established in this section.

Our stock will consist in part of the following Goods:

Hardware,	Crockery,	Boots & Shoes,
Hats,	Caps,	Carpets,
Oil Cloths,	Drugs,	Medicines,
Dye Stuffs,	Glass,	Paints & Oils,
Sash,	Putty,	Chairs,
Bedsteads,	Mattrasses,	Feathers

Stone and Wooden Ware,

And we mean to keep such an assortment of the above goods that persons from a distance can be assured of finding everything they usually want at prices that will do them good Call and see for yourselves.
N. S. BUTLER & CO.
Olean, May 5, 1854. 6-51

New Goods.
T. B. TYLER has just returned from the city, and is now prepared to show the largest and best stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, and Fancy Goods in the county.
He is also prepared to *sell lower* than at Wellsville, and *as low* as any other establishment in Coudersport.
April 15, 1855.

Stationery
AT Wholesale and Retail at
TYLER'S.

PICKLED CHERRIES at
C. S. JONES'.

HYGEANA.

Brought Home to the Door of the Million.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. Curtis, of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the Lung. We refer to "Dr. Curtis' Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment a physician says: It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing an agreeable, healing vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the arial cavity of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes produced upon them when introduced into the stomach, and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygena is for sale at the druggists' through out the country.

N. Y. Dutchman, Jan. 14.

The Inhaler is worn on the breast under the linen without the least inconvenience—the heat of the body being sufficient to evaporate the fluid.

Hundreds of cases of cures like the following might be named. One package of the Hygena has cured me of the Asthma of six years standing.

Jas. F. Keesberry, P. M., Duncannon, Pa.

I am cured of the Asthma of 10 years standing by Dr. Curtis' Hygeana.

Margaret Eastman, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. Paul of No. 5 Mammond st., N. Y., was cured of a severe case of Bronchetis by the Hygeana.

My sister had been cured of a distressing cough of several years standing, and decided to be incurable by her physicians. She was cured in one month by the Hygeana.

J. H. Gaubert, P. M., Richmond, Me.

Price Three Dollars a Package.—Sold by CURTIS & PERKINS & BOYD & PAUL, No. 149 Chambers st., N. Y.—4 Packages sent free by express to any part of the United States for Ten Dollars.

N. B.—Dr. Curtis' Hygeana is the original and only genuine article, and all others are base imitations or vile and injurious counterfeits. Shun them as you would poison.

Sold by Russell & Scott, No. 138 Market street, Philadelphia, who will sell by the dozen at the Proprietors' rates.

New Books.

IDA MAY, by Mary Langdon.
The Newsboy.
Bayard Taylor's Central Africa,
Lands of the Saracen, and
Poems of the Orient.
Fanny Fern's last, "Ruth Hall."
Life of P. T. Barnum.
Mr. Rutherford's Children, by the author of The Wide, Wide World.
Mary Howitt's Tales, for children.
The Young American's Library, consisting of the lives of Washington, Lafayette, Franklin, Marion, and eight others in one set.
Leaves from the Tree Igdrasyl, by Martha Russen.
Periscopics—Dr. Elder.
Bertha and Lily, by Mrs. E. Oakes Smith.
Webster and his Master Pieces—Tent.
Sunny Memories of Foreign Lands, by Mrs. H. B. Stowe,—&c.,
Just received and for sale at the
JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.
Coudersport, Dec. 7, 1854. 7-29

The Journal Book-Store
OFFERS to the public a good variety of most readable books, cheap for cash or family necessities. All the newest books of *value* are kept on hand, or immediately procured for customers, and we hope to receive such patronage as farthin attention to business, and an earnest desire to oblige, may deserve. New books received at short intervals. School Books, Stationery of all kinds, materials for Paper Flowers, &c., constantly on hand. Music, Maps, Mathematical Instruments.
Please call and examine for yourselves at the JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.

GRAHAM'S and Putnam's Magazines, Blackwood's, Edinburgh Magazine, and the Edinburgh and Westminster Reviews, at the JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.

1000 BOOK AGENTS WANTED,
TO canvass for the best and most saleable Books published. They are written by the most popular Authors of the day, including, among others, T. S. ARTHUR, of whose last great work,
TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM,
10,000 copies have been sold within a month of publication.
These books are beautifully illustrated, (many of them with finely colored plates,) and are printed and bound in the best manner.
Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment in their circulation. For particulars address (post paid)
J. W. BRADLEY,
7-19 3t Publisher,
No. 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

SPORTSMEN will find Powder, Shot, Lead, and everything in the line of Ammunition, and Fishing Tackle of the best quality and at low prices at TYLER'S.

LYON'S KATHAIRON and other excellent preparations for cleansing and beautifying the HAIR, for sale at TYLER'S.

PERSONS about to build or repair, will find a complete stock of Window Sash, Glass, Putty, Paints and Oils, for sale at fair prices by
T. B. TYLER

NEW BOOKS just received at the
JOURNAL BOOK-STORE
Sept. 1, 1854. 7-16

CHEST HANDLES, Drawer do., Bolts, Reaches, Halter Snaps, Wardrobe Hooks, Barn Door Hinges kept for sale by
LEWIS MANN.

WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY — Pocket School, University, Octavo, and Quarto editions, for sale by TYLER.

VIOLIN Strings at
Drug and Book Store.

VIOLINS and Flutes just received by
TYLER.

Notice
THE partnership heretofore existing between W. T. Jones & Bro. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due said firm will be found in the hands of W. T Jones, and all claims against said firm are to be presented to him for payment.
W. T. JONES.
A. F. JONES.
I do hereby appoint A. F. Jones my agent for the transaction and management of all or any of my business, giving him full authority and power in the same. W. T. JONES.
Coudersport, September 25, 1854.

DIARIES for 1855 just received at
TYLER'S

CLOVER SEED, and all kinds of Garden Seed, for sale at SPENCER'S.

THE best three shilling tea and 6d sugar is at OLMSTED'S.

HONEY.—A good quality of honey for sale at C. SMITH'S

TEAS, fresh and cheap, at
TYLER'S.

TO OFFICERS, SOLDIERS,

SEAMEN, &c., OF ALL WARS: THEIR WIDOWS, AND MINOR CHILDREN
S. M. KNIGHT, Attorney for Government Claimants, Washington, D. C.,
CONTINUES to give prompt and faithful attention to the prosecution of Claims of every description against the Government, and particularly to those before the Treasury Department, Pension and Bounty-Land Bureaus, Patent and General Land Offices, and Board of Claims.

An experience of years, and a familiarity with the means of obtaining the earliest and most favorable action on Claims, with the facilities for the dispatch of business, enable him in assuring his Correspondents, Clients, and the Public generally, that all business intrusted to his keeping will not be neglected.

PENSION, BOUNTY LAND, PATENT, AND PUBLIC LAND LAWS.

He has nearly ready, for gratuitous distribution among his business Correspondents (and those who may become such) a new pamphlet containing a synopsis of the existing Pension, Bounty Land, Patent, and Public Land Laws, down to the end of the last Congress—including the

BOUNTY-LAND ACT OF MARCH 3, 1855,

under which all who have heretofore received less than 160 acres are now entitled to additional land; said Act. granting also bounty to all Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Wagon Masters, Teamsters, and Friendly Indians, of the Army, including State Troops, Volunteers, and Militia—and all Officers, Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen, of the Navy, not heretofore provided for, who have served not less than fourteen days (unless in battle) at any period since 1776; and to the widows and minor children of all such persons, married, and deceased.

This pamphlet contains "Forms of Application" more full and complete than any elsewhere to be found; and points out the work for every class of Claimants under the Act, with copious decisions and instructions of the Department, and practical suggestions as to the course to be pursued in suspended or rejected cases.

Parties not wishing to avail themselves of the facilities afforded by this Office in securing *prompt and personal superintendence* of their claims at the Departments, can obtain copies of the above pamphlet by remitting thirty cents in postage stamps.

INDUCEMENTS TO CORRESPONDENTS

Correspondents who prepare and forward cases for management by this Agency will be dealt with liberally; supplied with all necessary blanks *gratis*, and kept constantly advised of the changes that from time to time occur in the execution of the laws.

It is within the subscriber's power to direct his Correspondents to the locality of very many persons entitled under the Act, and having obtained several thousand Land Warrants under former laws, he is in possession of data that will materially assist in securing additional bounty.

Fees, below the usual rates—and contingent upon the admission of Claims.

The highest cash prices given for Land Warrants, Revolutionary Scrips, and Bounty Land Patents.

Address S. M. KNIGHT,
46-3t *Washington, D. C.*

Tin and Hardware.
THE undersigned has connected with his Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper, and Stove business, that of HARDWARE and CUTLERY—so that in addition to the business heretofore conducted by him, he is now ready to supply the public with almost every variety of Hardware. Mechanics Chests, Saws, Bar Iron, Nails, Cable and Ox Chains, Carpenters Adzes and Broadaxes, Manila Rope, Bridles. A general assortment of Crockery, Japanned Ware, Toys of every description; in short, he designs to keep all articles the public wants in his line, which he will sell, not for less than cost, but for a very SMALL profit indeed, and hopes by a close attention to his business to receive a share of public patronage.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market prices; also $5 per ton paid for old iron.
6-12 1y JAS. W. SMITH

Premium Fanning Mills.
Important to Farmers and Mechanics.
THE subscriber has purchased of J. Bamborough the right to use in Potter and M'Kean counties his patent in the construction of Fanning Mills. He has also, at great expense, commenced the manufacture of a PREMIUM MILL which will clean from 150 to 200 bushels per hour. This Mill was patented March 20, 1847, since which time it has stood at the head of the list at all the State and county agricultural societies where it has been exhibited, and is a universal favorite with farmers who have tried it. It took the premium at the first Agricultural Fair held at Harrisburg, Oct. 31st, 1851, when there were 30,000 people present; and at the great State Agricultural Fair at New-York, held at Rochester Sept. 16–19, 1851, this Fanning Mill received the highest honors.

Having met with uniform success wherever tried, I confidently invite the farmers of Potter and M'Kean counties to call at my shop in Coudersport and examine for themselves.

A supply always on hand, to be sold on reasonable terms.
6-37tf JOHN BECKHOW.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to the public that having given PETER SAUTER his note for eighty dollars, bearing date the last of March, 1854, payable September 1856, and having never received any value therefor, he will refuse to pay the same; therefore he warns any person from buying the said note with and expectation of his paying it. [651] CONSIDER STEARNS.

Machine Oil.
Mill Owners will always find a supply of Oil for machinery at satisfactory prices, and in any quantity, at
TYLER'S Drug Store.

LIFE OF HORACE GREELEY,
Prayer Books
Fanny Gray,
The Oracle of Flowers, and a new supply of SCHOOL BOOKS,
Just received at the
JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.

The People's Cash Store.
AT COUDERSPORT.
Something New, and Something Wanted.
THE subscribers, having entered into partnership arrangements under the firm of "MAYNARD & WILCOX, will be happy to see all old friends, and all new friends, calling day after day, and continually, at "The People's Cash Store" in Coudersport, inquiring for *DRY GOODS,*
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
and all the endless variety of articles which the People want, and must have. And the subscribers will sell to their customers, *old or new*, for the *Cash*, or other *Ready-Pay*, the very best *bargains* to be had in Northern Pennsylvania.
MAYNARD & WILCOX.
Coudersport, April 5, 1855.