

and was sentenced twenty years in the State prison of Louisiana, and is now at Baton Rouge serving out his time. His brother has been South endeavoring to obtain a reprieve, but could not. He carried a petition signed by his friends, another signed by the members of the Legislature and Senate of Wisconsin, (the State of which he was a resident,) also a private letter from the Governor of Wisconsin to the Governor of Louisiana; but it was all of no avail—his answer was No. Some of the members of the Legislature of Louisiana spoke to the Governor in his behalf, being somewhat acquainted with the brother that carried the petitions. But he said his honor as a Governor forbade his pardoning an abolitionist who had been meddling with their "free institutions," for such they call the institution of Slavery; Mr. Davis saw some of the victims of their free institutions (slaves) sold. He saw the tears of the mother for her child; he saw two fugitives who had been shot, and thus recaptured. All the regret expressed by the bystanders was that such a "likely nigger" should die, for he was worth \$1500. He was allowed to see his brother every day, while there, but was not permitted to furnish him lights, that he might read evenings, or send him the Sabbath Recorder, nor deliver some apples sent him by his brother's wife, &c. They did, however, allow some books, which were sent him, to be given him, and also a little pocket money, and some additional clothing. Pardon had not received a word of news from home, though many letters had been sent. Some were in the postoffice; others had gone to the dead letter office on account of the carelessness of the keepers. The only time allowed him to read is Sunday; and he is obliged to attend Catholic worship part of the day.

From the N. Y. Evening Post.
Did the Spanish Premier say that Slavery was to be Abolished in Cuba?

We find the following telegraphic report in the morning papers:

WASHINGTON, April 5.
The views of the Spanish Minister of State have been entirely perverted by translating the Spanish word "dejar" into continue, instead of cease. Correct that, and it follows that Spain has no idea of abolishing slavery in Cuba. The Spanish paper, the Presse, represents Latorra on the subject.

The following is the paragraph from Latorra's address, as communicated to the Paris, not the Spanish Presse. Our readers will be pleased to read it with the amendment suggested in the above despatch, and see whether "it follows that Spain has no idea of abolishing slavery in Cuba."

"On this occasion the minister made a declaration which reflects the highest honor upon him, as well as upon the Cabinet whose members he represents. He said that, without touching the rights of established property, without refusing to compensate them by a suitable sum, the Spanish government was finally decided to put an end to a barbarous institution which all civilized nations condemn, and which M. Latorra did not fear to call a pest and a shame to humanity."

It will be observed that the word "dejar" was not translated "continue," but "put an end to," and the context shows that the speaker denounced the institution of slavery in the most unmistakable terms. The correspondent of the Baltimore Sun is probably the author of this story, as he amplifies the point in a letter which we quote in another column. He says that the Presse was the only paper that attributed to the Minister of Foreign Affairs any remark unfriendly to the perpetuation of slavery. This also is untrue. The correspondent of the Independence Belge, giving an account of the Minister's speech, says:

"There is, however, this circumstance, that the conspirators arrested are ardent partisans of the maintenance of slavery. This is another reason why their conduct should be regarded in Spain, where, without making any attack upon property, there is serious thought of putting an end, as soon as possible, to this scourge of humanity."

The correspondent of the London Times gives, we believe, substantially the same version of the proceedings. We suspect the best thing our friends in Washington can do with the news, as reported by the Paris and Belgian journals, is, to put it into their pipes and smoke it.

JOHN MITCHELL, the Irish exile, seems to be a favorite at the South just in an inverse ratio to the dislike entertained for him at the North. He is well received in the Southern cities wherever he goes, and has been invited to deliver addresses at a number of places. Among these is an invitation to deliver the commencement address before the two literary societies of the Mississippi University at Oxford. Of course this is all owing to his expressed wish for a plantation of "good, fat negroes in Alabama to flog," and as he has taken up his residence at the South, probably his wish may be realized in due time.

An Irishman who was overpaid \$100 about a year ago, by one of our Indiana banks, called at the bank, a few days ago, on his return from "Out West," and returned the identical \$100, which he had kept sewed up in his pantaloons for a whole year.

There is a Swedish Lutheran church edifice in Wilmington, Del., which, from its antiquity, is much venerated by the inhabitants. The house was built in 1698, by the Swedes, and is one of the oldest meeting-houses in the country.

Lake Superior covers a space of 32,000 square miles.

A WORD TO FARMERS.
We notice that the papers in various parts of the country are urging upon Farmers, and indeed, upon every man who owns a rod of land, the necessity of sowing and planting largely for the coming season. It is a duty incumbent upon all the cultivators of the soil to bestow their immediate attention upon this matter, and to seek by their best efforts to make their crops as plentiful as possible. We now have to pay almost starvation prices for the staple articles of food; and should the war in Europe be continued, anything like short crops at home, will hardly fail of producing a famine. If the pending peace negotiations in Europe are unsuccessful, the war will be general, and but comparatively little will be produced from the soil. In that contingency—which seems now most probable—if we have a more genial and productive season than any that has preceded it for fifty years, prices must go up higher than anything we have yet experienced. A famine could only be averted by a miracle. This is a dreadful thing to contemplate, and every man should contribute his best efforts to avert so dire a calamity. Let every foot of land be made to produce something. There need be no fear, if events take a favorable turn, that too much produce will be raised. Prices must be highly remunerative in any contingency. Attend to this matter in good season.—Olean Journal.

DIAMOND DUST.
Wherever there is a heart and an intellect, the diseases of the physical frame are tinged with their peculiarities.

Persons who speculate the most boldly, often conform to the most perfect quietude to the external regulations of society; the thought suffices them, without investing itself in the flesh and blood of action.

Great is the number of those who might attain to true wisdom if they did not already think themselves wise.

A correspondent of the New York Recorder, in giving an account of an ordination of a Baptist clergyman, uses the word "Pastor" as a prefix to the names of the brethren participating in the services, instead of the usual "Rev." In explanation of this innovation, he says that the title pastor, or Bishop, is scriptural, but the title Reverend is not a scriptural title of a Christian minister; that Catholics and Episcopalians have monopolized the scriptural titles long enough; and that Bishop or Pastor is the proper designation of every ordained minister of an independent Gospel church.

FESSENDEN is very fond of eggs. The other morning a favorite hen commenced cackling at a great rate. Fessenden felt rejoiced and made for the coop. The hen had deceived him—she had not laid. Fessenden became indignant. He seized the offender by the neck and twisted her head off, exclaiming that he was not to be sold by a "d—d shanghai," any way.

Moral for hens and other people.—Don't cackle till you are sure you've "done something."

Within forty years, the New Zealanders, a pre-eminently savage nation, have been Christianized and civilized, so that of 800 villages scattered throughout these islands, there is not one now without religious teaching. Converts have been numbered by hundreds and thousands; and where, forty years ago, there was nothing but the lowest depths of barbarism, there is now an established Christian church, with its clergy and members.

A printer's devil, who pays special attention to a young lady up town, without making any decided advances, was returning with her from meeting the other night, when she feelingly said,

"I fear I shall never get to heaven."
"Why?" said Edward.
"Because," she replied, "I love the devil so well."

A command was recently issued by the Catholic Bishop of Buffalo to the laity, that not more than five carriages shall accompany a corpse to the church or cemetery. The Catholics, it is said, have, with few exceptions, submitted to the unusual demand. If commanded to throw the bodies of their dead into Lake Erie, it would be obeyed.

Old soldiers on applying for a pension are advised by the New York Picayune to adopt the following as their motto: "I have bled for my country—now may my country bleed for me."

There is said to be in Illinois at least twenty per cent. more acres in wheat at the present time than in any previous year. The winter has been exceedingly favorable.

The English prisoners are treated with perfect humanity and great consideration by the Russians.

"Put money in thy purse."—Shakspeare.
"Somehow."—Barnum.

INSANITY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.—It is said in diplomatic circles at Washington, that a private dispatch had reached that city, saying that Victoria was fast going the way of her ancestors—that is, becoming deranged—the symptoms having shown themselves in her recent illness.

Very Important Information.
Dr. JONES, one of the most celebrated physicians in New-York, writes as follows:

Dr. CURTIS—Dear Sir:—Having witnessed the excellent effects of your HYGEANA OR INHALING HYGEAN VAPOR AND GERRY SYRUP, in a case of chronic Bronchitis, and being much in favor of counter-irritation in affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs, I can therefore cheerfully recommend your Medicated Apparatus as being the most convenient and effectual mode of applying anything of the kind I have ever seen. No doubt thousands of persons may be relieved, and many cured, by using your remedies.

You are at liberty to use this in any way you may think proper.
Respectfully, yours, &c.,
C. JOHNS, M. D.,
No. 609 Houston street, New-York.

Prof. S. CENTER writes as follows:
GENTLEMEN—I have recently had occasion to test your Cherry Syrup and Hygean Vapor in the case of chronic sore throat, that had refused to yield to other forms of treatment, and the result has satisfied me, that, whatever may be the composition of your preparation, it is no imposition, but an excellent remedy. I wish, for the sake of the afflicted, that it might be brought within the reach of all.

Rev. Doctor CHEEVER writes:
New-York, Nov. 15, 1854.
Dear Sir:—I think highly of Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, as a remedy in diseases of the throat and lungs. Having had some opportunity to test its efficacy, I am convinced that it is a most excellent medicine, both the Syrup and the inhaling application to the chest. The Hygeana is for sale by D. W. SPENCER, Coudersport.

TO THE PUBLIC.
I apply to His Excellency, Gov. Pollock, for the pardon of my son, Wm. Alonzo Crosby, who was convicted of Forgery in this county at the last September session.

WM. CROSBY,
Coudersport, Pa., April 23, 1855.

NEW supply of School Books.
A. P. PER, Pens, etc. of every kind required for this part of the country, just received and for sale at the

Bounty Land.
THE undersigned will give particular attention to the procuring of Bounty Land for all those entitled thereunder, under the late or any previous Act of Congress.

A. G. OLMSTED,
Coudersport, Pa., March 15, 1855. 7-43 6m

Court Proclamation.
WHEREAS the Hon. Robert G. White, President Judge, and the Hon. O. A. Lewis and Joseph Mann, Esqs., Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphan's Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of Potter, have issued their precept, bearing date the 23rd day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphan's Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Coudersport, on MONDAY, the 18th day of June next, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace, and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquiries, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of the said county of Potter, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just. Dated at Coudersport, Feb. 24th, 1855, and the 29th day of the Independence of the United States of America.

P. A. STEBBINS, Sheriff.

List of Causes
For Trial in the Court of Common Pleas of Potter County at June Term, 1855.

Curtis vs. Dickinson.	
Admin's'r of Adams, vs. Baus.	
Harrison use of Garrett.	
Williams vs. Bell.	
Perry vs. Hill and Hill.	
Carson vs. Johnson.	
Brown & Co. use of Simpson.	
Abby vs. Bronson and Steele.	
Jones vs. Jones.	
Ross vs. Jordan.	
Williams vs. Reat.	
Benson vs. Carrier, et al.	
For Admin's'r of Fox, vs. Dickinson.	
Cady vs. Dickinson.	

THOS. B. TYLER, Proth'y.
PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE,
Coudersport, April 26, 1855.

Auditor's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the proceeds of the moneys arising from the sale of real estate in the case of Aaron Rice vs. John P. and Martin Ryan, No. 47 Feb. Term, 1853, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Prothonotary's Office, in Coudersport, on the 11th day of April next, at one o'clock P. M., when all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

T. B. TYLER, Auditor.
- March 22, 1855. 44-3t

Macarthur's Liniment.
The best Liniment in the World!
Prepared by A. MACARTHUR, M. D.

This article may be relied upon as being a sure cure for Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Swellings, Rheumatism, Frozen Limbs, contusions of the Muscles, Croup, Quinsy, Chibubins, Abscesses of the Spine, Nervous Diseases, Weakness, and for Burns if applied immediately. Eruptions of the Skin, Chapped Hands, Cuts or Sores, and effectually counteracts any inflammation.

And an effectual remedy for Horses and Cattle, in the cure of the following diseases, viz: Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Sprains, Ringbones, Fresh Wounds, Sweeney, Windgalls, Lameness, Cracked Heels, Scratches, or Grease, and Galls of all kinds occasioned by the harness.

For sale by D. W. SPENCER, NEW arrival of Ayres' Pectoral at SPENCER'S.

CLOVER SEED, and all kinds of Garden Seed, for sale at SPENCER'S.

TO PRINTERS.
BRUCE'S NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY, established in 1813, has now on hand, ready for immediate delivery, in founts to suit purchasers,

100,000 lb. Roman Type of new cut,	
50,000 " Fancy Type,	
10,000 " Scripts of various styles,	
5,000 " Germans,	
5,000 " Ornaments in great variety,	
5,000 " Borders,	
30,000 feet Brass and Type Metal Rules, and all the novelties in the business.	

All the above Types are cast by steam power, of the new metal peculiar to this foundry, and which is certainly superior to any ever used before in any part of the world. The unequalled rapidity in the process of casting, enables me to sell these more durable types at the prices of ordinary types, either on credit or for cash.

Presses, Wood Type, and all other Printing Materials, except paper and Cards, (which have no fixed quality or price,) furnished at manufacturers' prices.

The latest Specimen Book of the Foundry is freely given to all printing offices, on the receipt of fifty cents to prepay postage.

Printers of newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement, including this notice, three times before the first day of July, 1855, and forward me one of the papers, will be allowed their bills at the time of purchasing five times the amount of my manufactures.

New-York, Feb. 12, 1855.
Address, GEO. BRUCE,
45-3t 13 Chambers-st., New-York.

Coudersport Academy.
THE Spring Term of this institution will commence on Monday, March 5, 1855, and continue eleven weeks.

Terms.
Elementary branches—Orthography, Geography, Arithmetic, Physiology, \$3.00
Higher Arithmetic, First Lessons in Algebra, and English Grammar, 3.50
Higher English branches, Philosophy, Astronomy, Algebra, &c., 5.00
Higher Mathematics and the Languages, 6.00
Drawing, extra, 1.50
Instruction on the Piano Forte, extra, 10.00
Use of instruments, 3.00
Pre-arrangement of all bills strictly required.

Each higher class of studies will include any or all the lower classes.

The subscriber takes this occasion to express his thanks to the people of Potter and of other sections for their liberal support during the past year, and to assure them that no pains will be spared in the future that may be required to make this school an institution worthy of the entire confidence and support of all who desire a sound, rudimental as well as a thorough mathematical and classical education.

J. BLOOMINGDALE, Principal.
The undersigned Officers and Trustees of the Coudersport Academy are moved by a sense of official and personal duty, to call the attention of the public, and of the people of our county in particular, to the rising and useful character of his institution of learning.

When we invited the present worthy Principal to the post he occupied, we found the Academy depressed and declining. We submitted its organization and other most onerous affairs to his discretion and management; and our experience enables us with increased confidence to assure parents and guardians that he has proved faithful, efficient, and practical—just such an instructor as this community needs.

H. H. DENT, President,
H. J. OLMSTED, Press., Trustees,
T. B. TYLER, Secy.

Statement
Of the Funds of Potter County, on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1855.

Amt. Com'r's orders outstanding,	\$3392 83
Amt. Com'r's bonds outstanding,	12 00
Balance receivable to Wm. Bell, due in the year 1853,	\$890 00
" to J. F. Cowan, 1854, 936 18	
" to Eli Rees, " 500 00	
" to Wm. Bell, " 1000 00	
" to same, 1855, 1030 00	
" to J. F. Cowan, " 1000 00	
" to H. H. Dent, " 891 87	
" to Wm. Bell, 1850, 1000 00	
" to F. Cowan, " 1000 00	
" to Wm. Bell, 1857, 1000 00	
" to W. V. Keating, " 1100 00	
	\$9633 05
Amt. of interest due on above bonds,	484 37
	\$13505 30

Amt. of outstanding taxes on unassessed lands for the year 1854, \$3606 91

Amt. of do. on lands assessed as set off and returned by the collectors as unassessed, for 1854 and previous years, 72 51

Amt. due from coll. for year 1845, 99 54

" " " " 1847, 85 54

" " " " 1848, 142 55

" " " " 1849, 62 60

" " " " 1850, 60 09

" " " " 1851, 118 47

" " " " 1852, 478 73

" " " " 1853, 327 35

" " " " 1854, 1458 10

Amt. due from N. Howland on note, 2 50

" E. Tracy & C. W. Ellis, do. 2 00

" Wm. Bell, do. 54 94

" J. E. Edwards & W. R. Niles 19 07

" sundry persons on judgment, 447 65

Excess of liabilities over assets, 6439 58

\$13505 30

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In order to accommodate "The People" residing in all parts of the United States, the Publishers will forward by return of the FIRST MAIL any book named in the following list. The postage will be prepaid by them at the New York office. By this arrangement of pre-paying postage in advance, fifty per cent. is saved to the purchaser. All letters containing orders should be postpaid, and directed as follows:

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