

**Anti-Nebraska Ticket.**

FOR GOVERNOR,  
**JAMES POLLOCK,**  
OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,  
**GEO. DARSIE,** OF ALLEGHENY.  
FOR SUPREME JUDGE,  
**DANIEL M. SMYSER,**  
OF MONTGOMERY.

The Democratic State Committee, in enumerating the many public services of Gov. Bigler, allude to his noble defense of the honor of the State, when Gov. Lane Maryland, refused to deliver up the notorious McCreary who stood charged with the abduction of the two colored girls of Chester county, Elizabeth and Rachel Parker. We think the committee are pushed when they are obliged to refer to that letter as an achievement meriting the highest honors, when we consider the contemptuous manner in which it was treated by Gov. Lowe, and the suddenness with which Gov. Bigler dropped the subject when he found it to be distasteful to the Southern allies. The sovereignty of the State had been invaded by a notorious outlaw; two of its citizens, entitled to the protection of the laws, had been hurried into a state of slavery; one of them had been sold and sent to New Orleans; Mr. Miller, a citizen of Chester county, an important witness, had been murdered in a most flagrant manner—and yet when the cause and author of all these atrocities was demanded in the name of our violated and insulted laws, and the State of Maryland refuses to remand him for trial, Governor Bigler tamely contents himself with a simple letter to the Executive of that State, acknowledging it to be an infringement of our constitutional rights, as well as all our ideas of justice. And here he drops the subject! Governor Lowe refuses to return McCreary, and not a whimper escapes the high dignitary in whose hand the people of Pennsylvania had entrusted its dignity and honor. McCreary goes at large, boasting of his triumph over the laws of our State; and we know not when he will again cross our borders, invade our houses, and carry off our citizens, as he has frequently done heretofore. Any other man but Gov. Bigler, would have made the insulting conduct of Gov. Lowe the subject of an indignant appeal to the people, or of a message to the Legislature. The refusal of Gov. Lowe to obey the national compact, would have been held up to the gaze of the nation. He chose to pocket the insult, and in his message at the ensuing session, we find not one word in denunciation of the conduct of Maryland, or in vindication of the rights of our State; indeed the subject is not mentioned! So much for this praise of the Governor, by this redoubtable and long-winded committee! Were the State of Pennsylvania to refuse to deliver up the abductor of a slave, we should never hear the last of it; and the Union would be endangered. Our rulers quell the gathering storm, and our wrongs go unavenged!—*Village Record.*

Dear Cousin Josiah:—I have lots of news to write. I am bothered about where to begin, and where to leave off. I've never systemized a grave site, as you'll discover. I will just leave off when I get done; then you will find it out. Well, sir, I'm in the state of Potter county yet. My attachment grows every day. I have no disposition to leave, and if I had, it would n't do me good; I could n't get no money to go with. Potter county is a grate county; it contains a grate many folks for the number of inhabitants, and a grate deal of land to the acre. The folks here are mighty enterprising; all kinds of business is carried on in this county; its so numerous I won't stop to mention, but will refer you to the editorials of the high land Patriot. 'Fore I forget, I want to just say, if you can't do nothin' printin' there, just come up here; I know a man what's made himself rite up by printin' a few papers; he graduated down in Warren. 'Nothin' gain on in Warren, and he took it into his head to start a paper here, and, sir, he done it the first time tryin'. His name is De Witt C. James. He and Mr. Deut, who never emancipated his slaves, are smart editors; in every thing vicious and rascally is in due time attended to, and when they can't find any rascals to pour out their virtuous indignation on, then some one they suspect might or could do something wrong, is lashed. By pursuing such a course they, have become popular; they have established a character that will not be forgotten right away. And, sir, what amazes me most, is that these two editors should get so much honors in so short a time. There is no proportion between the fame acquired and the period spent in the acquisition. To be honest, dear Josh, Potter county is a favorable place for a man to acquire the reputation of a jackass. I remain your faithful and obedient servant,  
ONEIDA.

**MORE TRICKERY.**

An address to the Temperance men of Pennsylvania, got up at Harrisburg by Dr. John Patrick, an office-holder under Bigler, represented that any and all the candidates for Governor were trustworthy on the Temperance question. Mr. Patrick went to Philadelphia with this address and presented it for signatures to sundry prominent Temperance men. The mode of obtaining signatures is thus described by Robert M. Poust, Esq., whose connection with the Temperance cause is well known:

"When the paper was handed to me, I was told it was prepared for the purpose of procuring united action at the ballot box in favor of Prohibition in October next. The signatures of a number of my friends, but one of whom had ever been identified with the Democratic party, was attached thereto. And I felt assured without due examination, the document was really in good faith intended for the purpose above specified, and none other. I was anxious for the appearance of an address so entailed to bring out the good old fashioned vote in favor of Prohibition, and upon this being represented to me as suitable for that purpose, and sized it as it had been by men whose lead I had been proud on more than one occasion to follow, I conceived it to be my duty to give it my sanction and approval. That the address has been perverted into an e'ec'ing machine for partisan purposes without the consent of the signers therein, is a matter deserving severe reprehension. For myself (the others may not) I had any suspicion that the address was to serve as a battery for the purpose of playing upon the ranks of the Whig party or its candidate for Governor, or that the action of the State Convention at Harrisburg in June last was thereby to be neutralized, or in any way unfavorably affected, I should have withheld my name from it."

This method of obtaining signatures under false pretences is worthy of the State Administration. It is a fraud itself, and can only succeed by fraud. But will the Temperance men submit to be deluded in this style!—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

We saw a singular article in the Richmond Enquirer, the other day, which paper is not, or apparently not opposed to slavery. It contains these words:

"Our own views are that slavery is destined to be extended not perpetuated. Thousands of square miles will yet contain servitude from one part of the human family to another, where it does not now exist, yet shall it not continue!"

Will the Enquirer have the goodness to tell us when, where, and how he thinks slavery will stop? We are interested in this matter, for a friend of ours has, in Marshall Co. 10,000 acres of land for which he expects to get an average of about \$15 an acre, while land in Ohio, situated like that in every respect, sells for just \$10 an acre. Now, the difference would buy all the slaves in Marshall Co. It would make him the pretty little sum of \$250,000 clear, and perhaps he might be desirous of knowing whether he may expect slavery to cease any time soon. All this region of country is situated in like manner.—*Wheeling Va Times.*

He World'n't "Save."—Several years ago, says the Lynn News, at a town meeting in a neighboring town an old fellow whom we shall call Mr. Perkins, (because that was his name) was informed by the moderator, "in open town meeting," that he had been elected surveyor of highways. He arose and said,

"Mr. Moderator, I shall incline."

The moderator expressed great satisfaction, and hoped that he would immediately enter upon the duties of the office as some of the roads were in a bad condition.

"I tell ye," responded our hero, "that I incline."

"Very glad," continued the moderator, "and I think I can assure you that the town will be very grateful for your services."

Perkins became exasperated, and jumped up yelling at the top of his voice—

"Mr. Moderator, I told ye twice that I incline, and I swear I won't sarve!"

By motion of a wag present, they proceeded to elect a surveyer in the place of Mr. Perkins, inclined.

**1000 BOOK AGENTS WANTED,**

To canvass for the best and most saleable books published. They are written by the most popular Authors of the day, including, among others, T. S. ARNOLD, of whose last great work,

**TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM,**

10,000 copies have been sold within a month of publication.

These books are beautifully illustrated, (many of them with finely colored plates), and are printed and bound in the best manner. Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment in their circulation. For particulars address (post paid)

J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,  
No. 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

**SPORTSMEN** will find Powder, Shot, Lead, and everything in the line of Ammunition, and Fishing Tackle of the best quality and at low prices at

**TYLER'S.**

**LYONS' KATHAIRON** and other excellent preparations for cleansing and beautifying the Hair, for sale at

**TYLER'S.**

**PERSONS** about to build or repair, will find a complete stock of Window Sash, Glass, Putty, Paints and Oils, for sale at fair prices by

**T. B. TYLER**

**NEW BOOKS** just received at the

**JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.**  
Sept. 1, 1854. 7-16

**CHEST HANDLES, Drawer do, Bolts, Ratches, Halter Snaps, Wardrobe Hooks, Barn Door Hinges** kept for sale by

**LEWIS MANN.**

**Sold by Agents Only.**

**Pictorial History of the World,** from the earliest ages to the present time. Three volumes in one, comprising Part I. Ancient History, Part 2. History of the Middle Ages, Part 3. Modern History. By John Frost, L. L. D., author of Pictorial History of United States, Pictorial Life of Washington, &c., &c. New Edition, with additions and corrections by the author. Illustrated with over five hundred engravings, from drawings by Croome, Devereux, and other distinguished artists. This work contains over 1100 super royal octavo pages, and over 500 finer illustrations than have ever been engraved for any History in this country; it is handsomely and substantially bound in embossed morocco, gilt back. Price \$3.75.

**Great Events in Modern History.** By J. H. Frost. Comprising the most remarkable Discoveries, Conquests, Revolutions, Great Battles, and other thrilling incidents chiefly in Europe and America, from the commencement of the sixteenth century to the present time. Embellished with over 500 engravings by W. Croome and other eminent artists. It contains over 800 royal octavo pages, and also a large colored map of the World 20 x 25, with side maps of California, Oregon, Hungary, Austrian Dominions, &c. Bound in embossed morocco, gilt back. Price \$3.00.

**Panorama of the Old World and the New.** Comprising a view of the present state of the nations of the world, their names, customs, and peculiarities, and their political, moral, social, and industrial condition. Interspersed with historical sketches, and anecdotes, by William Pinnoke, author of the history of England, Greece, and Rome. Enlarged, revised, and embellished with several hundred engravings, including 24 finely colored plates, from designs of Croome, Devereux, and other distinguished artists. It contains over 600 pages octavo. Bound in morocco, gilt back. Price \$1.75.

**Thrilling Adventures among the Indians.** By John Frost, L. L. D. Comprising the most remarkable Personal Narratives of events in the early Indian Wars, as well as of incidents in the recent Indian Hostilities in Mexico and Texas. Illustrated with over 300 engravings from designs of W. Croome, and other distinguished artists. It contains over 500 pages octavo. Bound in morocco, gilt back. Price \$1.75.

**Perils and Pleasures of a Hunter's Life.** With fine colored plates, large 12mo. 326 pages. Price \$1.00.

**Conquests of the Bible.** By Vincent W. Milner. Comprising important events in the History of Christianity, from the time of our Savior to the present day. 336 pages, 12mo. Illustrated with numerous engravings. \$1.00.

The following works, written by T. S. ARNOLD, the most popular author of the day, and are the most saleable books published, and are all illustrated with fine engravings.

**SKETCHES OF LIFE AND CHARACTER.** An octavo volume of over 400 pages, beautifully illustrated, and bound in the best English muslin, gilt back. \$2.00.

**LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF REAL LIFE.** With an autograph and portrait of the author. Over 500 pages octavo, with fine tinted engravings. Bound in the best English muslin, gilt back. \$2.00.

**LEAVES FROM THE BOOK OF HUMAN LIFE.** Large 12mo. 328 pages. With 30 illustrations and steel plate. \$1.00.

**GOLDEN GRAINS FROM LIFE'S HARVEST FIELD.** 12mo. of 240 pages. Bound in muslin, with a beautiful mezzotint engraving. \$1.75.

**TEXAS AND THE BAY ROOM.** AND WHY I SAW THEM. 12mo. 240 pages. \$1.75.

**THE FIRESIDE ANGEL.** 64 pages, 32mo. with an engraving. Bound in muslin, gilt edges. Price \$1.25.

The six following Books are bound in uniform style, as "Arthur's Cottage Library," and are sold in sets of separately, each volume being complete in itself. Each volume contains over 200 pages, and is embellished with a large mezzotint engraving.

**THE WAY TO PROSPERITY,** and other tales. \$1.50.

**THE HOME MISSIONS.** \$1.50.

**THE RICHES OF WEALTH WITHOUT WINGS.** \$1.50.

**FINGER POSTS ON THE WAY OF LIFE.** \$1.50.

**SHADOWS AND SUBMERGES.** \$1.50.

**ANGEL OF THE HOUSEHOLD.** \$1.50.

J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,  
No. 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

**New Cash**

**GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.**

*Hither, Ye Hungry.*

C. S. JONES takes this method to inform the people of Coudersport and the public generally, that he has just opened a Grocery and Provision store, where he will keep constantly on hand everything in the line of "eatables," and which he will sell as reasonable as can be desired. The "sub-stantials" can be found here at all times, such as FLOUR and PORK, while the appetites of the most dainty can also be satisfied. Therefore, should you wish for anything of the kind, please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, and if he cannot satisfy you, your cause must be desperate. You will always find a full assortment of Groceries, consisting of Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Saleratus, Spices, Ginger, Raisins, Candy, Crackers, Cranberries, Salmon, Codfish, Mackerel, Blue Fish, Rice, Molasses, Syrup, &c. Also, at all times, Pork, Flour, Lard, Cheese, Butter, (roll and lard) n't Salt, Hams, &c. &c.

Grain and all other kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at the cash price.

C. S. JONES,  
6-33F

**CASH PAID** for Butter and Eggs at the

**PROVISION STORE.**  
June 30, 1854.

**FRENCH MUSTARD**—A new thing entirely, for sale at

**C. S. JONES'.**

**ASSORTED Pickles** in jars for sale by

**C. S. JONES.**

**WALL Papers.** New and beautiful patterns at

**TYLER'S.**

**New Books at Tyler's.**

**MINNIE HERMAN,** a new Temperance Tale—by Thulow W. Brown.

**Conflict of Ages,** Beecher.  
**Review of the same,** Ballou.  
**Moral Aspects of City Life** Chapin.  
**Sacred Streams,** Gleeveer.  
**Lamp-lighter.**  
**Spirit Manifestations Examined and Explained,** Deols.  
**The Old Brewery,** by ladies of the Mission.  
**History of the French Protestant Refugees,** by Weiss.  
**The Higher Law,** by Hosmer.  
**Life on the Plains and in the Diggings.**  
**Cyclopedia of Entertaining Knowledge.**  
**Life of Christ and his Apostles.** Fleetwood.  
**Poetical Works of the Davidson Sisters.** Thomas.  
**The American Farmer,** Blake.  
**American Lady's Cook Book.** Evans.  
**Dairyman's Manual,** Evans.  
**Collier's Shakespeare,** 8 vols. Evans.  
**A Popular Cyclopedia of Modern Domestic Medicines,** comprising every recent improvement in Medical knowledge, with a plain account of the Medicines in common use—by KEITH LEMAY, M. D.; to which are prefixed by the American editor, popular treatises on Anatomy, Physiology, Surgery, Dietetics, and the management of the sick. Designed for general use.

**Coudersport Academy.**

THE fall term of this institution will commence on Wednesday, October 25, 1854, and continue eleven weeks.

**Terms.**

Elementary branches—Orthography, Geography, Arithmetic, &c., &c. \$2.25  
Higher Arithmetic, First Lessons in Algebra, and Grammar, &c. 3.25  
Higher English branches, Algebra, Philosophy, &c. 4.75  
Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, and French Languages, &c. 6.25  
Instruction on the Piano Forte, extra. 10.00  
Use of Instruments, &c. 3.00  
Vocal Music, free of charge.

**J. BLOOMINGDALE,** Principal.

The undersigned, Trustees of the Coudersport Academy, are moved by a sense of official and personal duty to invite the attention of the public—of parents in particular, to the rising and useful character of this institution of learning. When invited, a little more than half a century ago, to the superintendence of its affairs, we found it depressed and still declining. We requested Mr. J. Bloomingdale to become its Principal Teacher, and trusted its organization and other most onerous affairs to his discretion and management. Experience has proved him to be faithful, efficient, and practical—just such an instructor as this community need. The number of pupils in the school is now over sixty. We refer to Mr. Bloomingdale's advertisement for information as to the terms and conditions on which pupils are admitted, and for other facts of interest; and recommend the institution to the patronage of the people.

H. H. DEBT, President.  
THOMAS B. TYLER, Secretary.  
HENRY J. OLMSTED, Treasurer.  
F. L. JONES,  
CHAS. LYMAN,  
G. R. COLVIN, Trustees.

**FRANK JOHNSON,**  
**Cabinet Maker.**

**COUDERSPORT, POTTER COUNTY PA.**

Wishes to inform the citizens of Coudersport and the surrounding country, that he will execute all orders in his line of business at short notice and reasonable prices.

Place of business near the Presbyterian Church.  
7 12 1y.

**WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY**—Pocket, School, University, Octavo, and Quarto editions, for sale by

**TYLER.**

**VIOLIN Strings** at

**Drug and Book Store.**

**VIOLINS and Flutes** just received by

**TYLER.**

**Proclamation.**

**GENERAL ELECTION.**

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, I, PIERRE A. STEUBINS, Sheriff of the County of Potter, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in said county of Potter on the SECOND TUESDAY (which is) OCTOBER, 1854, at which time State and County officers as follows are to be elected, to wit:

One person to fill the office of Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Canal Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

One person for member of Congress for the 17th Congressional District, comprising the counties of Lycoming, Sullivan, Centre, Clinton, Potter, and Millin.

Two persons for members of the House of Representatives of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, in conjunction with the counties of Lycoming and Clinton, to represent the counties of Lycoming, Clinton, and Potter in the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Prothonotary, Clerk of the Courts of General Jail Delivery, Auctions, Over and Under Terminals, Orphans' Court, Register of Wills for the County of Potter.

One person for Recorder of Deeds for the county of Potter.

Two persons for the office of County Commissioner for the county of Potter, one for three years and one for one year.

Two persons for the office of Auditor of the county of Potter, one for three years and one for one year.

One person for Treasurer for the county of Potter.

I also make known and give notice, as if and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, that every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary, or executive department of this State or United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election in the Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also, that in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 14th section shall not be construed as to prevent any military officer or Borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

It is further directed that the meeting of the return judges at the Court House in Williamsport, to make out the general returns, shall be on the first Friday succeeding the general election, which will be the 13th day of October.

The return judges of Lycoming, Sullivan, Clinton, Potter, Centre, and Millin, comprising the 17th Congressional District, will meet Tuesday the 17th day of October next, to make out an official return for member of Congress.

The return judges of Lycoming, Clinton, and Potter counties will meet at the Court House in Williamsport on Tuesday, the 17th day of October next, to make out returns for members of Assembly.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid General Election in the several townships and boroughs within the county of Potter, are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Abbott, at the house (family) of T. B. Abbott, in said township.

For the township of Allegany, at the school-house near Chester Andrews, in said township.

For the township of Bingham, at the house of A. R. Lewis.

For the township of Clara, at the house of

Geo. W. Allen, in said township.

For the township of Eulalia, at the house of C. W. Johnson, in the Borough of Coudersport.

For the township of Genesee, at the house of L. D. Williams, in said township.

For the township of Harrison, at the house of Daniel Hunter, in said township.

For the township of Hebron, at school-house No. 3, in said township.

For the township of Hector, at the house of Anne Willour, in said township.

For the township of Homer, at the house of James Quimby, in said township.

For the township of Oswayo, at the house of Joseph L. Nelson, in said township.

For the township of Shawano, at the house of John Welles, in said township.

For the townships of Pike and Jackson, at the house of Elijah Johnson, in Pike township.

For the township of Pleasant Valley, at the school-house of said township.

For the township of Portage, at the house of Hiram F. Sizer, in said township.

For the township of Roulette, at the school-house near George Weimar's, in said township.

For the township of Sharon, at the Leroy school-house, in said township.

For the township of Sweden, at the house of Asenath Taggart, in said township.

For the township of Summit, at the house of O. C. Butterworth, in said township.

For the township of Ulysses, at the house of Jacob Wykoff, in said township.

For the township of West Branch, at the house of Lemuel Hammond, in said township.

For the township of Stewardson, at the house of John S. Clark, in said township.

For the Borough of Coudersport, at the Court House, in said Borough.

An Act for the suppression of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

WHEREAS, All laws to be efficient should have the approbation and sanction of the people:

And whereas, It is represented that a large number, if not a majority of the citizens of this Commonwealth, are deeply impressed with the necessity of the passage of a prohibitory liquor law:

And whereas, It is impossible to obtain a certain indication of popular sentiment relative thereto by means of petitions and remonstrances—therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and that the qualified voters of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized at the places for holding the general elections in their respective wards, boroughs, and townships, on the second Tuesday of October next, to vote for and against a law which shall entirely prohibit by proper and constitutional regulations and penalties, the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, sacramental, medicinal, and medicinal purposes.

Section 2. That the electors authorized by law to hold elections in each ward, borough, and township of this Commonwealth, are hereby directed and required at the place fixed by law, in the several districts for the holding of the general elections in the said districts, on the second Tuesday of October next, when they shall be organized as an election board, to receive from each qualified voter of their said districts, a ticket written or printed on the outside, "Prohibitory Liquor Law," and the tickets in favor of the proposed law shall contain in the inside the words, "For a Prohibitory Liquor Law," and those opposed to the proposed law shall contain in the inside the words, "Against a Prohibitory Liquor Law," which votes shall be counted and returned to the court house of the counties or city in which the election shall be held, on the following Friday by the return judges, who shall come to certify all the votes polled in said county or city, to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at Harrisburg, directed and transmitted in the same manner as the votes for Governor are required to be directed and transmitted; and the said secretary shall on the third Friday of January next ensuing, communicate the same returns to the Legislature, to be opened and counted in the open manner the votes for Governor are opened and counted, and considered as the prayer of the voters of this Commonwealth relative to a prohibitory liquor law.

Section 3. That all the election laws of the State prescribing the hours of opening and closing the polls, the reception of votes, the punishment for illegal voting, the defraying the expenses of publication, and holding of the general elections and returns of the same, and the same are declared applicable to the election above authorized.

Section 4. That it shall be the duty of the Sheriff of the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert a copy of the act in the proclamation for the general election to be held on the second Tuesday of October next.

E. B. CHASE.

**Speaker of the House of Representatives.**

M. M. CASLIN,  
Speaker of the Senate.

**APPROVED**—The twenty-eighth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

WM. BIGLER.

Given under my hand at Coudersport, on the 8th day of September, A. D. 1854, and in the 7th year of the independence of the United States.

P. A. STEUBINS,  
Sept. 8, 1854. 17-41 Sheriff.

**By Authority.**

**RESOLUTION PROPOSING**

**Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.**

§ 1. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendments be, and the same are hereby proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, under and in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

PROPOSITION 1, TO BE ARTICLE XI.

§ 1. The aggregate amount of debts hereafter contracted by the Commonwealth shall never exceed the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, except in case of war to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or to redeem the public debt of the Commonwealth, and the money so raised shall be applied to the purpose for which the debt may be contracted, or paid such debt, and to no other purpose.

§ 2. To pay the public debt of the Commonwealth, and debts which may hereafter be contracted in case of war to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, and to redeem the public debt, the Legislature shall at their next session after the adoption of this section into the Constitution, provide by law for the creation of a sinking fund, which shall not be abolished till the said public debt be wholly paid, to consist of all the net annual income from the public works and stocks owned by the Commonwealth, or any other funds arising under any revenue law now existing or which may hereafter be enacted, so far as the same may be required to pay the interest of said debts semi-annually, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than five hundred thousand dollars, increased yearly by compounding at a rate of not less than five per centum per annum; the said sinking fund shall be invested in the loans of the Commonwealth, which shall be cancelled from time to time, in a manner to be provided by law: no portion of the sinking fund shall ever be applied to the payment of the debt of five hundred thousand dollars mentioned in the first section of this article, but the said sinking

fund shall be applied only to the purposes herein specified.

§ 3. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any way be given or loaned to or in aid of any individual, company, corporation, or association, nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association, or corporation in this Commonwealth, or elsewhere, formed for any purpose.

§ 4. The Commonwealth shall never assume the debts of any county, city, borough, or township, or of any corporation or association, unless such debts shall have been contracted to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or to defend the state in war.

PROPOSITION 2, TO BE ARTICLE XII.

**Prohibiting Municipal Subscriptions.**

The Legislature shall never authorize any county, city, borough, or township, by a vote of its citizens or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any joint stock company, association, or corporation, or to raise money for, or loan its credit to, or in aid of any such company or association.

E. B. CHASE,  
Secretary of the House of Representatives.

M. M. CASLIN,  
Speaker of the Senate.

In the Senate, April 28, 1854.  
Resolved, That this resolution pass. Yeas 22, nays 6.—[Extract from the Journal.]

T. A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

In House of Reps., April 21, 1854.  
Resolved, That this resolution pass. Yeas 71, nays 20.—[Extract from the Journal.]

WM. JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
Filed April 23, 1854.

C. A. BLACK,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

**PENNSYLVANIA SS:**

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
Harrisburg, July 1, 1854.

I do certify that the above and [SEAL] foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution," as the same remains on file at this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's office the day and year above written.

C. A. BLACK,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Journal of the Senate.

Resolution No. 562, entitled "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the first proposition, the yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Darlington, Darsie, Ferguson, Foutkord, Frick, Fry, Goodwin, Haldeman, Hamilton, B. D. Hamlin, E. W. Hamlin, Hendricks, Kinzer, McClintock, McFarland, Platt, Pries, Quiggle, Sager, Sifer, and McCaslin, Speaker—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crab, Creswell, Hendricks, Kinzer, and Skinner—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question, will the senate agree to the second proposition, the yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Darsie, Ferguson, Foutkord, Frick, Fry, Goodwin, Haldeman, Hamilton, B. D. Hamlin, E. W. Hamlin, Hendricks, Kinzer, McClintock, McFarland, Platt, Pries, Quiggle, Sager, Sifer, and McCaslin, Speaker—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Crab, Creswell, Darlington, Hamilton, Kinke, and Skinner—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives.

"The question recurring upon the final passage of the Resolutions, the first proposition was agreed to as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Abraham, Adair, Atherton, Ball, Barton, Beyer, Bigham, Boyd, Byerly, Caldwell, Calvin, Carlisle, Chamberlin, Cook, Crane, Cummins, Daugherty, Davis, De France, Dunning, Eckhart, Edinger, Eldred, Evans, Foster, Fry, Gallentine, Giboney, Gilmore, Gray, Groom, Gwin, Hamilton, Hart, Herr, Hiestand, Hillier, Hippie, Horn, Hummel, Hunsicker, Hunter, Hurtt, Jackson, Kilgore, Knight, Lantry, (Lehigh,) Linn, Magee, Maguire, Mandersfield, McConnell, McKee, Miller, Mendenhall, Montgomery, Moore, Moser, Muse, Palmer, Parks, Parulee, Passmore, Patterson, Porter, Putney, Rawlins, Roberts, Rowe, Sallade, Scott, Siddle, Simonon, Smith, (Berks,) Smith, (Crawford,) Stewart, Stockdale, Strong, Struthers, Wheeler, Wicklein, Wright, Zeigler, Chase, Speaker—55.

NAYS—None.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question, will the House agree to the second proposition, the yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the 10th article of the constitution, and are as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Abraham, Atherton, Ball, Barton, Beyer, Bigham, Boyd, Caldwell, Carlisle, Chamberlin, Cook, Crane, Cummins, Daugherty, Davis, De France, Dunning, Edinger, Eldred, Evans, Fry, Gallentine, Giboney, Gilmore, Gray, Groom, Gwin, Hamilton, Hestand, Hillier, Hippie, Hunter, Hunter, Hurtt, Jackson, Kilgore, Knight, Lantry, (Lehigh,) Linn, Magee, Maguire, Mandersfield, McConnell, McKee, Miller, Mendenhall, Montgomery, Moore, Moser, Muse, Palmer, Parks, Parulee, Passmore, Patterson, Porter, Rawlins, Roberts, Rowe, Sallade, Scott, Simonon, Smith (Berks) Smith (Crawford) Stockdale, Wheeler, Wicklein, Wright, Chase, Speaker—71.

NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Baldwin, Beans, Bush, Byerly, Eckhart, Ellis, Hart, Horn, Hummel, S. Combs, Miller, Poulson, Putney, Siddle, S.ewart, Strong, Struthers, Zeigler—20.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
Harrisburg, July 1, 1854.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

I do certify that the above and [SEAL] foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "YEAS" and "NAYS" taken on the amendment of the constitution of the Commonwealth" as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1854. Witness my hand and the seal of said office this first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

C. A. BLACK,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

**The Journal Book-Store**

OFFERS to the public a good variety of most readable books, cheap for cash or family necessities. All the newest books of value are kept on hand, or immediately procured for customers, and we hope to receive such patronage as faithful attention to business, and an earnest desire to oblige, may deserve. New books received at short intervals. School Books, Stationery of all kinds, materials for Paper Flowers, &c., constantly on hand. Music, Maps, Mathematical Instruments.

Please call and examine for yourselves at the

**JOURNAL BOOK-STORE.**

**Babbitt's Yeast and Soap Powder.** These superior articles are warranted to save time and money, and promote peace and harmony in families.

For sale at

**TYLER'S.**