



Free Democratic Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR, DAVID POTTS, JR., OF CHESTER CO. FOR SUPREME JUDGE, WILLIAM STEPHENSON, OF MERCER CO. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, GEORGE R. RIDDLE, OF ALLEGANY CO.

The central power of hunkerism in this county has great trouble to drum up a particle of interest among the people for their cut-and-dried caucus arrangement. This indifference of the people is a hopeful sign, and is certainly very natural.

Why, the Condersport leaders have publicly boasted these two weeks of the resolutions that would be adopted, and they have detailed the purport of them. Bargains have been made and concluded, which determine who shall receive the nomination for Congress this year, and who shall be nominated for Assembly next year.

In all these little arrangements, it is never once asked what the people will say to it; but it is boldly assumed, that the laboring men of the county are so enslaved by party trammels, that they will quietly ratify the bargains made by the leaders, and men of property and standing. This plan is to work to a charm; but as it has made the party conveniently small, it is barely possible that the rank and file will set up for themselves, and tell the Condersport leaders they are fully competent to attend to their own interests.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

EUROPEAN NEWS TO JUNE 15.

The steamship Africa, from Liverpool, Saturday, July 15, arrived this morning at this port. Her news is quite important.

The political news continues important. It is now past doubt that the Russian troops have received counter-orders, and do not quit Wallachia; and that the Austrians have for the moment entirely relinquished the idea of a peaceful occupation of the Principalities.

THE WAR.

The Danube.

The news is important. The Paris Peace states that on 7th July the Turks took Mokan and Onetizza Islands; and on the 8th Omar Pacha, with 10,000 men, surrounded the Russians, and took Giurgero. The Russians cut their way through, with the loss of 200, hors d' combat.

There is no longer any doubt that the withdrawal of the Russian troops from Wallachia is suspended. In Moldavia the Russians are fortifying all the passes, and have destroyed the bridges, and by damming up the rivers have rendered the rivers impassable.

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ing Cronstadt on the 6th July. Cholera had broken out on board several ships: the French ship Asterix had seventy cases. Such, at least, is the reason assigned for the withdrawal of the ships. The fleet is now anchored at Barosound.

A private letter from the Gulf of Bothnia of 30th June, states that the small Russian island of Sigusklar, had been attacked by the British frigate Valorous. The tower of the lighthouse facing the coast of Sweden, had been destroyed.

Cholera continued to prevail at St. Petersburg, and in the garrison of Cronstadt. At St. Petersburg, on 28th June, the police report stated the number of cases at 405, on the day preceding, it was only 114, and on the first July there were 580.

The Black Sea. According to a dispatch from Odessa, on the 7th, the combined fleets, fifty sail strong, had been seen proceeding in the direction of Sebastopol.

The Oest. Correspondenz contains an editorial, stating that all the German Governments have promised to give their support to a motion to be made in the German Diet, that the whole of Germany do join the Austro-Prussian alliance. The King of Wurtemberg still stands aloof, but it is considered certain that he will eventually join.

The Correspondenz Bureau states that Austria will finally summon Russia to evacuate the Principalities within a month, and will occupy Wallachia without waiting for a reply.

On the 5th of June Renssen Pacha sent a complimentary letter to the Hospodar of Servia, in which he conveys the thanks of the Sultan for the "fidelity, firmness and extreme devotion" which he has manifested during the present crisis.

SAN JUAN BOMBARDED AND BURNED.

The steamer Prometheus arrived at New York last evening from San Juan with the following news:

The sloop-of-war Cyane arrived at San Juan on the 11th instant, to demand a full and satisfactory apology for the alleged insult to Mr. Borland. The authorities and inhabitants refused to make the slightest apology, and Capt. Hollins on the 12th, issued a proclamation to the authorities and residents, stating that unless an apology was made by nine o'clock in the morning of the 13th, he should proceed to bombard the town. No apology came.

Capt. Hollins in the meantime, took possession of the Transit Company's steamers, and sent them to the town, offering protection to all who chose to accept it, and precisely at the time designated a cannonading was commenced, and continued with a brief intermission till three o'clock in the afternoon.

No disposition being manifested on the part of the inhabitants to come to terms, at four o'clock P. M. a party was landed from the Cyane, commanded by a Lieutenant, and burnt the town.

Nothing remains but one or two small buildings in the suburbs to mark the spot. No lives were lost. The agent of the Transit Company tendered a free passage per Prometheus to all who wished to leave, which a few accepted.

The Cyane was to sail for Boston on the 17th taking home Mr. Fabers, our commercial agent. The British war schooner Bermuda and the West India mail steamer Dee, and a British merchantman, were witnesses to the scene.

The destruction of San Juan de Nicaragua by the American sloop-of-war Cyane, as chronicled in the Era of yesterday, is one of the most brutal, cowardly, and infamous actions that has ever disgraced a civilized nation. What greater cruelty and crime could be perpetrated by a band of pirates? If this wholesale destruction has been authorized by the Federal Government, ages will not wash out the shame from the National escutcheon. The guilty parties, whether high or low who have authorized this cowardly act, should be degraded from the stations which they disgrace.

We care not which party was in the right, in the trifling affair which led to the demand of an apology. It is immaterial. There could under no circumstances be the slightest justification of the cowardly vengeance which has been taken. It is preposterous to pretend that the honor of the American Nation demanded such satisfaction from an insignificant village. The pretence is as false as the action is infamous. We predict that this affair will be found to be merely a pretext for the annexation of the town and the adjacent coast. G.—The Nation and Era.

The Hard Shell Democratic State Convention, which met at Syracuse yesterday, unanimously nominated Greene C. Bronson for Governor; Elijah Ford for Lieutenant-Governor; Clark Burnham for Canal Commissioner, and Abram Vernon of Livingston, for State Prison Inspector. Judge Bronson's letter declining the nomination will be found under the telegraph-head.—N. Y. Tribune, July 13.

In dress, the medium between a top and sloven is what a man of sense ought to endeavor to keep.

ARREST FOR KIDNAPPING.

A man by the name of Merrill was arrested at Gloversville, Fulton county, on Friday, charged with kidnapping Solomon Northrup, the slave. Our readers have doubtless seen or heard of the book entitled, "Solomon Northrup; or, Twelve Years a Slave."

The book states how Solomon was inveigled and enticed away, and sold into slavery some fifteen years ago. Henry B. Northrup, Esq., of Sandy Hill, Washington county, in whose family he was brought up, expended a large sum of money in ascertaining the whereabouts of the colored boy, and after twelve years' search he found and rescued him from the charge of slavery. Not satisfied with procuring the freedom of Solomon he has been for two years endeavoring to ferret out and bring to justice the wretch who, for the sake of gain, trafficked in human flesh by deliberately selling a free man into bondage. The person upon whom suspicion rested, had recently made his appearance in the vicinity of Gloversville, and the arrest was made on Friday morning, at the above place. The prisoner was armed with pistols and bowie knives, but so prompt was the arrest that he had no time to use them. He is reported to be a real desperado, and had he had the least suspicion of being arrested, would no doubt have used his weapons freely. The negro identified him the moment he got his eye upon him. The examination was set down for to-morrow. We hope full justice will be done him.—Buffalo Republic, of the 11.

OUTSPOKEN.

The Pittsburg Commercial Journal discoursed as follows in its issue of the 3d inst: For the first time, since we have been conscious of a sentiment comprehending its associations, the Fourth of July finds us surrounded and surrounded by the continuance of these political hands which unite us to the Slave States. We have been driven to determine for ourselves "what is all this worth" and the day which shall separate us from slavery which has dishonored us at last, equally with those who were always enamored of it, will find us at least, not unwilling witnesses of a separation of the Union.

What! we make this admission, however we have no will, no purpose, to relinquish the golden and glorious liberties which start with this day, and cluster in association around it. Golden Hill and Yorktown are not to be separated if the sons of the revolutionary fathers find themselves forced by growing differences of habit and temper to divide their possessions and seek a separate fortune.

For ourselves, we do not believe that the Repeal of the Missouri Compromise, which compels us into new partnership with slavery which nationalizes that hitherto sectional institution, will ever permit us again to look with kindred feelings upon the South, or cling as we have done, to the Union as a guarantee of our national greatness. The wherefore of this we need not now argue. Enough, on this occasion, that a recurrence of our National Anniversary finds us constrained to make the admission.

PARTY VS. PRINCIPLE.—A writer in the last Agitator hits the nail square on the head, as follows: It is set down as a fact, that if a man insists upon his old rights upon the same present circumstances, that he loves party or office better, and before the welfare of his country.

FRANK JOHNSON, Cabinet Maker, COUDERSPORT, POTTER COUNTY PA. Wishes to inform the citizens of Coudersport and the surrounding country, that he will execute all orders in his line of business at short notice and reasonable prices.

Library Notice. The stockholders of the Coudersport Library Association, will hold their quarterly meeting, for the transaction of constitutional business, at the house of the Librarian, M. R. Kent, on Saturday, the fifth day of August next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. E. MANN, Sec'y.

Notice. I hereby give that a two-year-old brindle Bull is taken into the Borough pound. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away or he will be disposed of according to law. L. BELL, Jr., Pound Master.

Surveying. ALL business in the line of SURVEYING, entrusted to him, will be performed with promptness and fidelity by C. C. MARTIN. Temperance House, Coudersport, July 14, 1854.

Sheriff's Proclamation. WHEREAS, the Hon. Robert G. White, President Judge, and the Hon. O. A. Lewis and Joseph Mann, Esqs., Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Session of the Peace, Orphan's Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of Potter, have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty four, and to me directed, for holding the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Session of the Peace, Orphan's Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Coudersport, on MONDAY, the 18th day of September, next, and to continue one week. Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace, and Constables within said county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute against the priors that are or shall be in the Jail of the said County of Potter, are then and there to prosecute against them as will be just. Dated at Coudersport, Aug. 5th, and the 79th year of the Independence of the United States of America. PIERRE A. STEBBINS, Sheriff.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR trial in the Court of Common Pleas of Potter County, at September term 1854. James C. Carson vs. Versel Dickenson. John Keating et al. vs. Versel Dickenson. John Keating et al. vs. Edson Warner. John M. Lambertson vs. James H. Wright. Thomas Rees vs. Frank L. Jones. James Ayers vs. James Barton. Bingham School District vs. C. C. Crum, Executor et al. Chester Andrews vs. M. J. N. Haskin. Daniel Clark vs. Daniel R. Hancock et al. W. T. Jones & A. F. Jones vs. Julius Baker. W. T. Jones & A. F. Jones vs. Edmund Alvord. W. T. Jones & A. F. Jones vs. C. P. Cool. Henry Hurlbut vs. Martha Hurlbut. William Carson vs. Charles W. Johnson. Nathl W. Abbey vs. J. C. Bronson & Charles Steel. N. L. Dike vs. Isaac Benson. V. O. Spencer vs. Nathan Woodcock. H. J. OLMSTED, Prothoniary's Office, Coudersport, July 27, 1854.

Business Cards.

THOMAS STEWARDSON, Jr., Attorney at Law, N. E. corner 6th and Walnut streets, 7-3 4t PHILADELPHIA.

C. W. ELLIS, Attorney at Law, Coudersport, Pa. Jan. 18, 1850. 4t

F. W. KNOX, Attorney at Law, Coudersport, Pa. will regularly attend the courts in Potter county. 3-10t

A. P. CONE, Attorney at Law, Wellsboro, Tioga county, Pa. will regularly attend the courts of Potter county. June 3, 1848.

LAND AGENCY. THE undersigned having been entrusted with the care of several large tracts of land in this county, has made himself acquainted with the lands and land titles of the county, and will give immediate attention to any business of this nature that may be entrusted to him. J. S. MANN.

H. S. HEATH, Physician and Surgeon, Coudersport, Pa. will attend to all calls for professional assistance with promptness and fidelity. Office on the west side of Main-st., second door above the Journal office. 3-47

M. R. GAGE, M. D., Physician and Surgeon.—Would respectfully inform the citizens of Coudersport and Potter county, that he has located permanently among them, and will attend to all calls in his profession. Office—T. B. Tyler's Drug and Book Store. 6-5

ISAAC BENSON ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, East side of the public square, Coudersport, Pa. By special arrangement the professional services of S. P. JOHNSON, Esq., may be engaged through him in all cases in which he is not previously concerned. N. B.—All claims due and payable to the undersigned, personally and professionally, may be found in the hands of Isaac Benson, Esq., for adjustment. S. P. JOHNSON, March 3, 1848. 1-2t

JOHN S. MANN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, will attend the several Courts in Potter and McKean counties. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Office on Main-street, opposite the Court House, Coudersport, Pa.

ARTHUR G. OLMSTED, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, will attend to all business entrusted to his care with promptness and fidelity. Office—in the Temperance Block, up stairs, Main-street, Coudersport, Pa. 7-1

L. F. MAYNARD, Attorney & Counselor at Law, Coudersport, Pa. Office—north of the court house square, at "The People's Cash Store" up stairs. 4-7

JAMES M. BASSETT, Cabinet-Maker & Upholsterer, COUDERSPORT, PA. Will execute all orders in his line of business with neatness and dispatch. Place of business—the Manufactory formerly owned by G. W. Strong—two doors above Wm. Crosby's dwelling. Having improved the building and machinery, and employed good workmen, he is prepared to do work as well as the best, and on short notice. 6-30t

A FEW pieces of new Music; Music procured to order; also, Temperance and other Tracts, or any periodicals desired. School Books constantly on hand, with paper, pens, slates, and every thing needed for going to school. 6-30t M. W. MANN.

C. SMITH, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions; Hardware, Crockery and Glass Ware; Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps. Stone and Wooden Ware. In short, almost everything usually kept in a Country Store. All of which he offers for sale at very low prices for the pay. Place of business corner of Main and Second Streets, Coudersport, at the old stand of W. T. Jones, & Br. July 7, 1854. 7-8t

HONEY.—A good quality of honey for sale at C. SMITH'S.

HARDWARE AND TIN. IT is reported that Nebraska Bill is in town! and by calling at the Hardware Store of James W. Smith, on Main street, you can find for sale—cheap for cash or exchange, a better assortment of Cooking, Box & Parlor Stoves, All Varieties and Sizes; CUTLERY—Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware; Mill and Cut Saw, Hoop-iron, Nails and Chains; Carpenter's Tools and Files, Iron-Bars and Anvils; A Good variety of building Hardware; where also may be found a general assortment of Clocks, Japanned Ware; TOYS TO PLEASE THE BOYS; together with a good variety of WOODEN WARE, such as HAND and HORSE RAKES, Brooms, Tubs, &c., &c.—found elsewhere in this county. And I would call special attention of those who wish to purchase, to my large and well selected stock of STOVES. Likewise that my TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE is all made of good material and by a skillful and competent workman. All I ask is for you to call and see my goods, price them, and I have no doubt you will be satisfied with the price and goods. All kinds of produce taken for goods. I also pay \$20 per ton for old iron. JAMES W. SMITH, Coudersport, July 7, 1854. 7-8t

THE best three shilling tea and 64 sugar is at OLIMSTED'S.

A FULL assortment of Groceries, taken at low prices, constantly on hand. Yard wide, from 64 cents upwards, at OLIMSTED'S.

By Authority.

RESOLUTION PROPOSING Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

1. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be, and the same are hereby proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, under and in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

PROPOSITION 1, TO BE ARTICLE XI. 1. The aggregate amount of debts hereafter contracted by the Commonwealth shall never exceed the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, except in case of war to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or to redeem the public debt of the Commonwealth, and the money so raised shall be applied to the purpose for which the debt may be contracted, or pay such debts, and to no other purpose.

2. To pay the public debt of the Commonwealth, and debts which may hereafter be contracted in case of war to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, and to redeem the public debt, the Legislature shall at their next session after the adoption of this section into the Constitution, provide by law for the creation of a sinking fund, which shall not be abolished till the said public debt be wholly paid, to consist of all the net annual income from the public works and stocks owned by the Commonwealth, or any other funds arising under any revenue law now existing or that may hereafter be enacted, so far as the same may be required to pay the interest of said debts semi-annually, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than five hundred thousand dollars, increased yearly by compounding at a rate of not less than five per centum per annum; the said sinking fund shall be invested in the loans of the Commonwealth, which shall be cancelled from time to time, in a manner to be provided by law; no portion of the sinking fund shall ever be applied to the payment of the debt of five hundred thousand dollars mentioned in the first section of this article, but the said sinking fund shall be applied only to the purposes herein specified.

3. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any way be given or loaned to or in aid of any individual, company, corporation, or association, nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association, or corporation in this Commonwealth, or elsewhere, formed for any purpose.

4. The Commonwealth shall never assume the debts of any county, city, borough, or township, or of any corporation or association, unless such debts shall have been contracted to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or to defend the state in war.

PROPOSITION 2, TO BE ARTICLE XII. Prohibiting Municipal Subscriptions. The Legislature shall never authorize any county, city, borough, or township, by a vote of its citizens or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any joint stock company, association, or corporation, or to raise money for, or loan its credit to, or in aid of any such company or association. E. B. CHASE, Speaker of the House of Representatives. M. CASLIN, Speaker of the Senate.

In the Senate, April 28, 1854. Resolved, That this resolution pass. Yeas 22, nays 6.—[Extract from the Journal. T. A. MAGUIRE, Clerk. In House of Reps., April 21, 1854. Resolved, That this resolution pass. Yeas 71, nays 20.—[Extract from the Journal. WM. JACK, Clerk. SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 29, 1854. C. A. BLACK, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

PENNSYLVANIA: SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, July 1, 1854. I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution," as the same remains on file at this office. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's office the day and year above written. C. A. BLACK, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Journal of the Senate. "Resolution No. 512, entitled 'Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth,' was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the first proposition, the yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Darlington, Darsie, Ferguson, Foulkrod, Frick, Fry, Goodwin, Haldeman, Hamilton, B. D. Hamlin, E. W. Hamlin, Heister, Hoge, Jamison, McClintock, McFarland, Platt, Quiggle, Sager, Sifer, and McClinton. Speaker—23. NAYS—Messrs. Crab, Creswell, Hendricks, Binzer, Kunkle, and Skinner—6. So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question, will the senate agree to the second proposition, the yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Buckalew, Darsie, Ferguson, Foulkrod, Fry, Goodwin, Haldeman, B. D. Hamlin, E. W. Hamlin, Hendricks, Heister, Hoge, Jamison, Kinzer, McClintock, McFarland, Platt, Price, Quiggle, Sifer, Wherry, McCaslin, Speaker—25. NAYS—Messrs. Crab, Creswell, Darlington, Hamilton, Kunkle, and Skinner—6. So the question was determined in the affirmative.

"The question recurring upon the final passage of the Resolutions, the first proposition was agreed to as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Abraham, Adams, Atherton, Ball, Barton, Beyer, Bigham, Boyd, Bush, Byerly, Caldwell, Calvin, Carlisle, Chamberlin, Cook, Crane, Cummins, Daugherty, Davis, De France, Dunning, Eckhart, Edinger, Eldred, Evans, Foster, Fry, Gallentine, Gibboney, Gilmore, Gray, Groom, Gwin, Hamilton, Hart, Herr, Hiestand, Hillier, Hipple, Horn, Hummel, Hunsucker, Hunter, Hurtt, Jackman, Kilgore, Knight, Lairy, (Lehigh,) Linn, Magee, Maguire, Manderfield, McConnell, McKee, Miller, Menaghan, Montgomery, Moore, Moser, Muse, Palmer, Parks, Partridge, Patterson, Porter, Putney, Rawlins, Roberts, Rowe, Sallade, Scott, Sidle, Simonton, Smith, (Berks,) Smith, (Crawford,) Stewart, Wicklein, Wright, Zeigler, Chase, Speaker—55. NAYS—None. So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question, will the House agree to the second proposition, the yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the 10th article of the constitution, and are as follows: YEAS—Messrs. Abraham, Atherton, Ball, Barton, Beck, Beyer, Bigham, Boyd, Caldwell, Carlisle, Chamberlin, Cook, Crane, Cummins, Daugherty, Davis, Deegan, De France, Dunning, Edinger, Eldred, Evans, Fry, Gallentine, Gibboney, Gilmore, Gray, Groom, Gwin, Hamilton, Hart, Herr, Hiestand, Hillier, Hipple, Hunsucker, Hunter, Hurtt, Jackman, Kilgore, Knight, Lairy, (Lehigh,) Lowrey, (Tioga,) Linn, Magee, Maguire, Manderfield, McConnell, McKee, Miller, Menaghan, Montgomery, Moore, Moser, Muse, Palmer, Parks, Partridge, Patterson, Porter, Rawlins, Roberts,

Rowe, Sallade, Scott, Simonton, Smith (Berks) Smith (Crawford) Stockdale, Wheeler, Wicklein, Wright, Chase, Speaker—71. NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Baldwin, Banns, Bush, Byerly, Eckhart, Ellis, Herr, Horn, Hummel, N. Combs, Miller, Poulson, Putney, Sidle, Stewart, Strong, Struthers, Zeigler—20.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, July 1, 1854. PENNSYLVANIA: I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Resolution" as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1854. Witness my hand and the seal of said office this first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four. C. A. BLACK, Secretary of the Commonwealth. 7-10 3m

Foreign Attachment. Potter County, ss. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of said county, Greeting: We command you that you attach Silas Sutherland, late of your county, by all and singular his goods and chattels, lands and tenements, in whose hands or possessionsoever the same may be, so that he be and appear before the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas, at Coudersport, at a county court of common pleas there to be held for the said county on the third Monday of September next, then and there to answer Matthew S. Emis, Wm. Emis, and Joseph B. Welch of a plea of Assumpsit, not exceeding five hundred dollars; and also that you summon the person or persons in whose hands or possession the property of the said Silas Sutherland may be found, so that they be and appear before our said court at the same time and place, to answer what may be objected against them, and abide the judgment of the court therein—and have you then and there this writ. Witness the Hon. Robert G. White, President Judge of our said court at Coudersport, this 19th day of July, 1854. H. J. OLMSTED, Prothoniary.

By virtue of the above described writ, I have attached the following described piece or parcel of land, situate in Sharon township, Potter county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of warrant 2176, thence by the north line of said warrant east 44 rods to the west bank of the Oswayo creek, thence up the south bank of the creek and river (being line of land conveyed by Silas Sutherland to Thomas J. Burdick) to the east line of said land, thence south one hundred and two perches and five tenths to a post, thence west one hundred and fifty-six perches to a post in west line of said warrant, thence by said line north two hundred and two perches and five tenths of a perch to the place of beginning—containing one hundred and sixty acres, of which about five acres are cleared. P. A. STEBBINS, Sheriff. SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Coudersport, July 21, 1854. 10-6t

Classification and Appraisement of Retailers of Merchandise in the county of Potter, made by the subscriber, Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for said county, in accordance with an Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act to provide for the reduction of the Public Debt," passed the 22d day of April, 1846, the 11th section of which Act requires that all dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, the growth, product, and manufacture of the United States, and every person who shall keep a store or warehouse for the purpose of vending and disposing of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, when such person is interested in the manufacture of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, shall be classified in the same manner, and required to pay the same annual tax and license fee as is provided and required in relation to dealers in foreign merchandise: Provided, That merchants who keep a store or warehouse at their own shop or manufactory, for the purpose of vending their own manufactures exclusively, shall not be required to take out any license.

DEALERS IN MERCHANDISE, &c. NAMES. CLASS. TAX. D. N. Jinks, 11 \$7.00

J. B. Jones & co., 11 7.00 Coudersport Borough. J. B. Smith, 13 10.00 Collins Smith, 13 10.00 Lewis Mann, 13 10.00 D. E. Olmsted, 14 7.00 Charles W. Johnson, 14 7.00 John M. Judd, 14 7.00 T. B. Tyler, 14 7.00 J. W. Smith, 14 7.00 D. W. Spencer, 14 7.00 Miles White, 14 7.00 C. S. Jones, 14 7.00 L. F. Maynard, 14 7.00

Harrison. Richard Goodman, 14 7.00 Rosa & White, 14 7.00 W. R. Elder, 14 7.00

Osceola. Lord & Dwight, 14 7.00

Sharon. Wm. McDonough, 14 7.00 Charles Simmons, 14 7.00

Ulysses. Mann & Nichols, 14 7.00 Robin Brown, 14 7.00 Ballard & Lord, 14 7.00

Altoz. Altonzo Horton, 11 7.00 A. Corey, 14 7.00 F. Hackett, 14 7.00

Warren. Jackson & Jones, liquor, 13 15.00 McIntire & Elliott, 14 7.00

Eulalia. H. A. Nelson, 14 7.00

Stewardson. Julius Johnson, 14 7.00

An appeal will be held at the Court House in Coudersport on Saturday, the 19th day of August next, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., for all who may feel themselves aggrieved by the foregoing appraisement and classification.

LUCAS CUSHING, Mercantile Appraiser for Potter Co.

CHEST HANDLES, Drawer do. Bolts, Ratches, Halter Snaps, Wardrobe Hooks, Barn Door Hinges, kept for sale by LEWIS MANN.

WROUGHT NAILS of MANN'S STORE.

Rabbit's Yeast and Soap Powders.—These superior articles are warranted to save time and money, and promote neatness and harmony in families. For sale at TYLERS