J. W. YOCUM

J. W. YOCUM, J. A. WOLFERSBERGER; Proprietors.

Columbia, Pa. Saturday, JUNE 25. 1870. COMMUNICATIONS, letters, contributions, generally o merit and interest to the reader, will be acceptable from friends from all quarters.

MASSACHUSETTS is to have an editorial convention, whereupon the Boston Times says, "the Massachusetts editors are to meet together and make an effort to treat each other civilly."

THE difficulties in Dickinson College, at Carlisle, Pa., have been satisfactorily adjusted. The order of suspension has been recalled, and the members of the sophomore and junior classes present have resumed their college duties.

THE Press of the country is teeming with talk about "Dicken's religious creed," and then quoting from his works to prove his othodoxy, just as if somebody doubted it. Wait till something to the contrary is charged, before this gratuitous

THE only issue with which we can safely and confidently fight the battle of the next campaign against the democracy, is the tariff question. Let us all unite, and give deliberate, as well as honest expression to our sentiments on this momentous

THE democracy can not be trusted in the pending contest between protection and free trade. Their professed love and interest in the former will be changed to an open declaration for the latter as soon as the selfish ends of a few are attained. All their leading papers are committed to free trade.

FREE Trade Republican papers are quoting from the Tribune that "Free Trade is the end of Protection." This we do not doubt: but with us the question is, are our manufactures protected and fostered to such an extent, as to permit even a moderate protection. Are our manufacturers ready to meet the competition which England would force upon this

THE prosperity of our country depends on our ability to make use of her untold resources of coal and iron deposits. Foster our manufacturing interests by a protecttive tariff, enable them to employ live hands at living wages against the starved pauperism of Europe, and not only will the general welfare of the country be advanced but the happiness of her laboring masses as well.

THE "ring" men throughout the county are reported as actively at work organizing for the coming campaign. Several of the "fat" offices are already promised in the event of certain doubtful adventures proving successful; Manor township is to have the collectorship, and Columbia the assessorship. Lancaster is to be ignored entirely. Only this and nothing more. There is a Rubicon to pass before all these glorious results are obtained.

THE movement for an expression of the Republicans of Columbia on the great question of the day, the protection of American Industry, may be the initial step towards creating a powerful sentiment among all classes of people against the free traders and their emissaries. Let every Republican who feels an interest in s of the party, turn out this

RED CLOUD'S warriors, as we predicted, are already preparing for war. A thousand lodges of them are congregating near Fort Laramie to await the arrival of their chief. It is to be hoped that our government has taken measures to forewarn the military and the white settlers throughout the Indian country of the vicious spirit in which both Spotted Tail and Red Cloud departed from the capital.

THE Philadelphians propose to hold a Centennial World's Fair in 1876, commemorating the Declaration of Independence. Congress has been consulted and committees are to visit the city, in connection with the claim of that city to be the proper place to hold the proposed Centennial World's Fair in 1876. The Park Association offers to devote 100 or 200 acres of the new park for the purpose.

THE Government has made the heart of the Indian Chief, Red Cloud, "very big," according to the telegram, by granting his request for seventeen horses, to be delivered to his party when they leave the cars for their prairie homes. It is to be hoped that his heart may remain "very big," and that it may be a long time before we hear that he has renewed hostilities against the pale faces.

Some Freetrader, who signs himself "W"-a double man we suppose-writes a free trade article for this week's Herald. The object of the communication is to throw out insinuations that the tariff meeting held on Monday evening last, was a 'thug' movement for political influence, &c. We pay no further attention to this irreponsible coward, than to note the fact that this boasted tariff sheet admits such twaddle into its columns—a proof of the often expressed opinion that the democracy are as little to be trusted on the tariff question, as they were during the laterebellion.

PROTECTION to our home industrial pursuits means steady employment for our mechanics and laboring area. It means plenty, happiness, called and refinement for all. Protestion means a steady domestic market for all home payducts and manufactures. It means the development of our vast mineral resources It means the improvement of our agricul ture by the retention of all offal, the consequence of home consumption, which to England is worth millions annually. Protection means a happy home, a free government, and liberty of conscience for the oppressed and downtrodden of all free trade countries. It means the escape from famine for the starving millions of England. It means broad acres for the overpopulation of Great Britain, which political economists of the Express, or English school, attribute to want of foresight in the creator, but which is attributable alone to Britain's selfish policy and her conquests, and in whose lead, our politicians and would-be-States men delight to follow. Protection means the creation of local centres, and the development of our interior. It means the prevention of the the next balance-sheet, if not in favor of rush of our rural population to the sea- the Department, will show so near it as to board cities and towns. It means the promise a net revenue in another year. equalization of wealth. It means the peopling of our vast dominions by an enterprising, economical and peaceful popula-

The Effects of Protection.

The Miners' Journal expresses the opinon that the effect of Congressional action on the tariff will be to continue the present act in force until next session, when the discussion which has taken place will enable Congress to adopt a bill in consonance with the wishes of the people who, in the meantime, will have given free exression to their sentiments through the allot-box.

As an instance of the rapid progress which the country has made under the protective system, the Journal states the fact that in New England alone four thousand one hundred factories were in operation (or at least in existence) in 1869, the company of the least in existence in 1869, the aggreate production of which amounted to about six hundred and fifteen millons of dollars. Other sections of the ountry, it says, have made commensurate

This fact demolishes the doctrine of the This fact demonshes the doctrine of the free-traders that protection creates monopoly and high prices. The multiplication of manufacturies under a protective tariff creates competition, and competition invariably brings down prices. This seems too plain to require any argument to enforce conviction of the truth.

force conviction of the truth.

"All this" (says the Journal, alluding to the increase of factories) "is the work of that great protective policy under which we have been living for nine years past, and the friends of which have been so greatly misrepresented by Revenue Commissioner Wells and his free-trade followers. So far from any monopoly being possible in the domestic production, the competition has become universally and possible in the domestic production, the competition has become universally and prodigious, and this is one of the happiest symptoms of the prevailing tendency. As a cotemporary happily says, there being the same inducements held out oall alike by the protective policy, any success in any given line of investment as surely leads to imitation as the discovery of a new gold placer attracts a crowd of diggers. Of all the impostures, therefore, ever attempted by the free-traders, that of holding up the domestic manufactures as monopolists is the most unjust and outrageous.

There can be no question in the mine There can be no question in the mind of any thinker on this subject, that it is only by the domestic competition becoming general and vast that we can hope finally to crowd the European interests out of our markets, and to supply the demand from the products of our own soil. The history of the introduction of the steel rail manufacture into this country at a time when Great Britain had a monopoly of the manufacture by the Bessen at a time when Great Britain had a monopoly of the manufacture by the Bessemer process, and the price was enormous, proves the efficacy of competition. As soon as the manufacture became firmly established the price receded one-half. The principle will apply to all other manfactures. To get cheap goods we must protect, build up, and competition will reduce prices. This is the effect of Protection."

Official Use of the Word Rebel,

Protest of Virginia Conservatives .- The

rotest of Virginia Conservances.—The following letter appears in the Richmond journals of yesterday: It is cool, decidedly refreshing for men who have just escaped the halter.

"House of Delegates Richmond, June 10.

—Hon. Hamilton Fish: To the instructions by the authority of the United States to the marshals of Virginia, or censors, we talk the liberty to take exerctions. to the marsais of Virginia, of censors, we take the liberty to take exceptions. English, as well as American jurisprudence, not to invoketifacid of the constitution of our fathers hold all men to be innocent until proved guilty: and while mourning the loss of our liberty, as well as the loss of our braves who died in defence of its we reject on inapplicable to fense of it, we reject as inapplicable to any one among us of the word 'rebel,' and we therefore respectfully ask that it be stricken from the instructions, until some one or more shall have been duly convicted of the high crime charged. Respectfully, W. MCLEARIN and others, "Conservative members of the House o

The various Pennsylvania Colleges will hold their annual commencement as follows: Franklin & Marshall College, Lancas-

ter, Pa., June 28th—30th inclusive. Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa., June 26th—29th. Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., June

28th—29th.
Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.,
June 28rd.
Pennsylvania Female College, Freeland,
Pa., June 29rd.
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, June 29th and 30th.
Most. of the railroads throughout the

the State extend the courtesy of excursion tickets to persons attending commencement exercises. The annual circular of Lafayette College is on our table. We have however not received the Reporter, and College Register

A Good Motto for the Country Press. The Catskill Recorder has for its imprint 'subscribtions must be paid in advance no pay, no paper." It would be well for all the country press to adopt the cash system. It would no doubt work as well in the rural districts as it does in the larger cities, and be of great advantage to all the respectable country papers. The great cities, however, are gradually absorbing the newspaper business in the soroing the newspaper business in the country. Railroads, telegraphs and steam machinery have within a few years swept away distance and brought the most remote districts into, as it were, a common brotherhood with the populous marts of the land. But where local, non-partisan reports are preded they can be more cofely papers are needed they can be more safely and profitably conducted upon this "no pay, no paper" principle than upon any other.—N. Y. Herald.

THE Tribune of Saturday pays the following deserved compliment to the Hon. William D. Kelley, the champion of

The nomination of Hon. William D, Kelley for the sixth term as Representative of the IVth District of Penna is cause for public congratulation. Mr. Kelley has served his constiuents with marked ability and fidelity since 1861; and thinking that he had done his fair share of public duty, has been of late inclined to restore to private life and to the better care of his personal affairs. We are glad to learn that he consents to continue for another term at least in the continue for another term at least in the service for which he has shown such fit-

THE editor of the Marietta Register i getting into hot water on the woman suffrage question, and proceeds to define his position in this highly diplomatic manner: I. If a woman is disposed to argue with us in favor of woman's suffrage, we are in

favor of it also. IL If the lady happens to be against it

we zre against it likewise. III. If it is a mixed assembly of ladies. one or more on each side, they may have that among thomselves, we holding the

The New York Marald of Monday gives reports of the acous from twentynine States. It is gratifying that the 211guries for analumdant, if not emprece dented, harvest wate more more encouraging From Iron Catifornia, where reports of erop fallows have prevailed, the latest accounts are encouraging, that the "Golden State" will have something besides glittering nuggets and quartz to throw in the lap of our country's pros-

EVEN the Postoffice Department, which never supported itself before the rebellion and was bankrupt under the Johnson rule afterward, is begining to rank as a paying institution, under an honest Republican administration. The receipts are now greater than ever before, and the needless expenditures have been abridged, so that

FREE TRADE is the Democratic, free ure, founded on improper ideas as to other production the Republican, idea of politiou.

THE simon-pure and incorruptible denocracy of Philadelphia raised \$81,300 to | and wear is of home production. defeat the Melropolitan bill. On this there is a small balance of \$3,000 to be used next fall in carrying the State against

THE Republican convention of the Third Congressional district of Maine on Tuesday renominated the Hon. James G. Blaine as a candidate for Representative for the fifth time. This is a deserved compliment to one of the most able and distinguished of our national legislators.

THE Bucks county Intelligencer favors the cumulative system of voting, and says that while the Democrats have a small numerical majority in that county, and are thus enabled to exercise all local authority and to control its entire representation in the Legislature, it is well known to all intelligent observers that by far the greater part of the taxes are paid, and the public burdens borne by the Republicans. who are allowed no voice in their collection or expenditure.

THE rows and disorderly conduct at the primary election in Philadelphia have been made the subject of great democratic display heads, and much rejoicing thereat. What empty capital! The democracy forget that the Republicans are strong and honest enough to expose corruption in their midst, while they on the other hand shroud their evil deeds in darkness, or get Bill McMullen to do it for them. Our democratic cotemporaries forget the disgraceful scenes of the last nominating convention—how Sam Fry the candidate for Treasurer, was compelled to withdraw and how a few of the "upper ten" fixed up the ticket. Alas what blindness.

St. Louis and Missouri had already begun to experience the Bible-in-the-publicschools agitation when the Legislature came to the rescue with an amendment to the State constitution providing that neither the General Assembly nor any county, city, town, township, or municipal corporation shall ever make or pay from any public fund whatever anything in aid of any church, creed, or sectarian purpose, or help to support any college seminary, or other institution of learning controlled by any church or sect whatever. The people of the State will vote on this amendment at the coming election. There is but little doubt of its adoption.—Ex.

THE CROPS ABROAD-"The Mark Lane Express," the great newspaper authority on the grain market in England, states that the continued drought in that ountry is strong evidence of the failure of the wheat crop and a large increase of prices. In March last, wheat was selling for \$9 78 the quarter, and at present brings \$10 88. The merchants in England base their calculations on a deficient crop in 1869 and on probable short supplies this year from the Baltic. Grain is also being sent to the continent, and medium qual ity California white wheat at \$12 48 per quarter, free on board, was recently shipped for Havre. The Mark Lane Express says that the transient dream of overloaded granaries and endless supplies in England is fading away.

Gone Up.

Under this significant caption, th Wilkesbarre Record of the Times notes the fact that Col. H. B. Wright, a professed friend of protective tariff is now announcing himself as an ad valorem tariff man. This same individual says that it makes some men rich, and asks what it has ever done for the poor man?

The Times in reply says: We can tell him; it has given poor men employment at such good wages that thousands have come from the old country to enjoy its blessings here.

Break down Protection and restore admitted admits a different protection and restore admitted and the contraction of the contraction o

valorem duties and you reduce them to the pay they got before they came here.

Intelligent miners know this and the only way to get them to vote for a copper-head and a free trade revenue tariff man is to excite jealousy between the miners and operators.

In the tariff: amendment to the new tax-bill, which passed the House last Monday, the duty on iron is reduced to seven dollars on pig, and six dollars for scrap. Mr. Wells proposed to reduce the duty on pig to three dollars, and the Democrats backed him up, but they were defeated in effecting this sweeping reduction that would have closed every furnace in the country. As it is, under the reduc-tion of only two dollars per ton, American manufacturers of iron will find it hard manuracturers of fron will find it hard work to keep going at present wages. They will be compensated, however, by an increase in the duty on steel and steel rails which the new bill provides for. The result will be that our iron men will go largely into the manufacture of that article. Indeed, it is the opinion of many persons that steal must eventually take persons that steel must eventually take the place of iron where durability is need-ed, and the wonder is that it has not done ed, and the wonder is that it has not done so before. Steel rails have already come largely into use, and steel boiler plates, and steel machinery of all sorts will be next in order. The fact that the new Tariff bill gives ample protection to steel will encourage its production and hasten the time when it will come into general use. It is probable that ten or twenty years hence iron will only be used for the roughest work and that steel,—manufactured by new and cheap processes—will be mainly produced in its stead throughout the country.—Readiny Journal. the country.—Readiny Journal.

Who is Ackerman?

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune, answers this question as

"Amos T. Ackerman, nominated as Mr. Hoar's successor, is a native of New Hampshire, a graduate of Dartmouth College, and about 46 years of age. He removed to Georgia before he obtained his McPherson Berrier, an ex-U. S. Senator, and also President Jackson's Attorney. He has been one of the leading lawyers in the South, but has never held public office until appointed by President Grant U.S. Attorney for the District of Georgia, a position which he now holds. He was elected at large on the Grant ticket. He was formerly a Whig, but since the war has been identified with the Uuion party in the South. During the war, although a Union man, he was forced into the Conserved in the Rebel army until the close of the war. He is married, has three children, and is in humble circumstances. appointed, and there is no positive information that he will accept. He was first brought to the attention of the President by some speeches which he delivered during the Presidential campaign. The announcement of his nomination was received here with profound astonishment by Senators, members, and all classes. It was said he was even more obscure, if posand over again, who is Ackerman? Residents of Georgia, temporarily in the city, were the only ones able to solve the mystery. Much opposition to him is expressed, and some even say that the Senate will not confirm him, but this is mere conject

possible changes in the Cabinet, of which

so much has been said lately."

NINE-TENTIIS of what people eat, drink

REFORM! That is the rallying cry of this canvass. We have good men to lead us on the regular ticket. Let us drum out of the army the camp followers and sutlers who would marshal us to certian ruin.—Morning Post.

Amen. Let Lancaster county do the same, and the result will be gratifying.

THE Express attempts to show that the system of tariff for protection is just as unreasonable, as it would be for one town to exclude the productions of its neighor. The Express entirely ignores the difference between sending our money across the waters to Great Britain and keeping it in our own county, or State, or country, and getting it back in trade for some other merchandize which a neighboring locality does not produce. We have a tariff to keep trade and money in the country, and to protect the laboring man; we need no internal protection, because we are a common country, and there is no competition between well fed, nappy laborers, and half starved paupers. in the same section.

THE British press and manufacturers are jubilant over every act in this country that is calculated to depress American manufactures and so benefit those of that kingdom. They exult, as we expected, over the late defeat in Congress of measures that would have gone far toward grounding every important industry here in an unassailable manner. And yet, such is their enxiety to destroy all American is their ensitety to destroy all American manufacturing competition, that, not content with the material check our manufactures have received, they are now urgent to have the job completed. They want a "liberal policy!" It is quite likely that they would approve the free importation of all British manufactures; but it is almost certain that within a year they almost certain that within a year they would plead for some gratuity from the government to reward this enterprise.

—Philadelphia North American.

Whatever pleases the craven lords of England is known to be disastrous to our prospertiy. The course of the free-traders n this country, and their pensioned confederates, have thrown all England into a phrensy of delight, and the boards of trade, as well as the hilarious assemblages of capitalists and monopolists unite in hearty congratulation upon these signal vicories for British free-trade.

A New Party.

From the western part of the State come wild rumors of the organization of a new party, the avowed object of which is to rebuke the disgraceful corruption which every winter infests the Legislature at Harrisburg. Whether this new party will be formed or not, we do not know, but we enter our protest against such a movement as improper, and altogether useless. The remedy for these abuses is within our own ranks, within the circle of our own party. The principles of the party are good enough and righteous enough to endure the most searching expurgation. and if the PEOPLE will properly apply the strength and power as they do in Lancaster county, the reform can be secured. Let the honest masses of the Republican party—the voters, not the politicains-unite in the effort to elect none but honest men and the desired result will be attained. Nearly every county has a newpaper that will advocate the side of the people, the side of reform. Enlist the sympathy and support of the farmers, the business men, and let politicians alone. Fight the battles manfully and with a determination, and the cause is safe.

Rings, factions, cliques and combinations under whatever name possible, may be victorious in the manipulation of offices and their prostitution to base and dishonest purposes, but their injunities will sooner or later result in their defeat. In the recent Philadelphia nominating conventions, money was used by some of the candidates to further their interests, and as in the nominee for Register of Wills-Wm. M. Bunn-a man foisted on the party in opposition to the will of nineenths of the Republican voters. But the leading party journals have independence enough to protest the nomination, and demand his immediate resignation to

give place to a better. If our Republican friends in the west will adopt a system of thorough expurgation within, and not out of, the party, we may expect to hear of gratifying changes in the complexion of the next legislature. Lancaster county can then join hands in the general advance of reform in the party. There are only two things which will save us from overwhelming defeat-the question of protection, and a general and widespread reform.

State Items. Dogs are making sad havoc among sheep in Washington county.

Young Drum, convicted two years ago of killing a man in Greensburg, and sentenced to the penitentiary, has been pardoned by the Governor.

Peter Foust, of York county, committed suicide because he was on the inry that convicted Billy Donovan of the murder of the Souibb family. A fire raged on the Ridge at or near the

Mt. Pleasant and Somerset Pike in Somerset county for four or five days recently. destroying an immense amount of timber. A six pound cannon ball was found by Robert Patterson, near Dunbar, Fayette county, a few days since, imbedded eighteen inches in the ground. It is undoubtedly a relic of Braddock's illfated cam-

A mad dog was killed recently in Tredyffin township, Chester county. It made an attack upon a little girl, but she managed to drive it off without receiving majority, and studied law in the office of any injury, with the exception of some scratches, which are not considered dangerous.

A new house in Cambria borough, was struck by lightning. Some of the timbers of the building were badly splintered, and one of the carpenters engaged at work, was whirled around, and stunned by the shock. The saw in his hand with which he was working was thrown from his grasp.-He was not however serriously injured.

The Lewistown Democrat says that on federate army, and served on the staff of the 5th inst., Jacob Bice, a well-to-do far-Gen. Toombs, whom he defended in his mer of Wayne twp., Mifflin Co., was celebrated court-martial case in 1864. He killed by lightning in his own house whilst engaged in painting stair rods. The brush with which he was painting was set on fire. His daughter, who was He had no intimation that he would be in the room at the time, escaped unhurt, excepting her fingers were benumbed.

Of eight prisoners at present confined in the Mercer county jail, five are women. 'Women's rights" flourish in that excel-

lent institution. An infant child of William Leedy, only one year old, was murdered by its nurse, a girl of thirteen, named Catharine Hummell, near Boyertown, Berks county, on sible, than Messrs. Borie, Robeson, or Monday afternoon. After the murder Belknap, and the question was asked over which was committed while the family were at work in the hay field, the girl fled to the woods, but was brought to Reading by a stage driver, yesterday morning and committed. She at first accused a railroad watchman of the crime, but is said to have subsequently confessed her guilt. The infant was killed by cutting its throat, and the only motive known is that it was troublsome to the girl.

News Items. The strikers are extending, and the newspapers in London announce that the

vasherwomen joined the strikers. A gentleman arrived at Salt Lake from Omaha, reports that on the 15th inst., as the Pacific Railroad train approached Platte river, a party of three hundred mounted Indians were seen crossing the track. As the train approached them they began to yell, when the engineer supposing they intended an attack,

put on more steam and dashed through them, killing thirteen. Such is the report It is thought probable that the session of Congress may be extended a few days, to July 18th, on account of the state of usiness. A large amount of unfinished usiness must go over to next session. Secretary Fish has granted the request of New York merchants for increased naval protection in the harbor of Maraca

The Internal Revenue receipts for the fiscal year, to date, are \$175,643,883. At Boston, on Saturday night, Edward Conners employed in the State prison, drowned a boy named Eastman by throwing him from a wharf. Conners is under arrest, and says in excuse that he thought young Eastman could swim.

A small boat containing two ladies and two gentlemen, was run into by a propeller on the Hudson, near Milton, New York, at one o'clock on Monday afternoon. Two of the ladies and one gentleman were drowned. Their names are, Elmira Miller, Melissa Barton, and John Rowley.

Severe storms of rain and hail, with thunder and lightning, passed over Troy. Albany and Binghamton, N. Y., on Mon day. The fruit and vegetables in the vicinity of Troy suffered greatly. At Albany the thermometer fell from 98 degrees before the storm to 78 degrees after it. WEDNESDAY, June 22 .- The Post-of

fice Appropriation bill was passed, the amendment abolishing Franking being rejected. The Tax and Tariff bill was laid over as unfinished business until this In the House, Mr. Butler, from the Re-

eral amnesty bill, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted. In the case of B. F. Whittemore, elected from South Carolina, came up, Mr. Logan offered a resolution declaring Whittemore unworthy of a seat in the

House, and refusing him admission as a Representative. President Grant yesterday signed a bill giving the long bridge over the Potomac, at Washington, to the southern extension of the Penna. Central Railroad, At San Francisco, the Board of Supervisors has authorized the Mayor to offer \$5000 reward for the arrest of those who tampered with the ballots at the recent election on the question of aid to the Southern Pacific Railroad. It is an-

southern racine thankoad company"declines to avail itself of the fraud."

Eleven of the notes recently stolen from the United States Treasurer's office have been paid over the counter of the have been paid over the counter of the Sub-Treasurer at New York. They were of Daniel Lyons against the Erie Railroad for \$50,000 for the injuries received at the Carr's Rock disaster in 1808, terminated last Monday night in a verdict for \$20,000 for the injuries received at the Carr's Rock disaster in 1808, terminated last Monday night in a verdict for \$20,000 for the received injuries which will

\$20 000. Lyons received injuries which will permanently disable him, and may shorten his life.

At Columbus, Ohio, a young man named Nathaniël Hazen was found dead in bed yesterday morning, shot through the head. It is thought he committed

suicide. He "moved in the first classes" of Columbus society.

There were severe thunder storms on There were severe thunder storms on Monday evening throughout New England and considerable damage was done. At Greenville, Connecticut, a wheelwright shop and store were consumed by the lightning, causing a loss of about \$15,000. At Newport, Me., the lightning entered the telegraph office and destroyed the instruments. A number of telegraph poles were also shattered

were also shattered. Rutgers College, at New Brunswick, N., held its centennial celebration on Tuesay. Governor Randall presided, and day. Governor Randall presided, and historical addresses were delivered by United States Judge Bradley. President McCosh, of Princeton, also delivered an address, in which he took strong ground against the further multiplication of colleges in the Eastern States. The centennial offerings to the college amount to over \$100,000, of which the alumni have contributed \$625,000 and B. H. Furnand over 5100,000, of which the attnin have contributed \$35,000, and R. H. Pruyn, of Albany, \$10,000. In Boston on Monday evening a servant

In Boston on Monday evening a servant girl named Betsey Kelley, was dangerously stabbed by a lover, named Michael Keen. Keen has not been arrested.

Mrs. Frick, the wife of John P. Frick, Esq., of York borough, was struck with paralysis on Wednesday last, and is now lying, at her residence, in rather a critical condition.

There are now one hundred and seventy inmates at the Chester county. Alms.

There are now one hundred and seventy inmates at the Chester county Alms House. The number has not been as small during the last five years. There are large numbers of 'trampers."

THUBBDAY, June 23.—The monthly report of the Department of Agriculture estimates the average decrease throughout the country in the acreage of winter wheat as compared with 1869 of crease. wheat, as compared with 1869, of or nearly five per cent. The spring sowing has been increased, but subject to the same reduction in the Ohio Valley. There has been an increase of oats. The acreage of cotton has materially increased in every cotton recovery 5 that here is a cotton-growing State, so that there is prospect of the price being reduced to 15

ents.
A fire at Montreal, on Tuesday evening destroyed Asler's planing mill and lumber yard, the lumber yards of Shearer and Tacker & Sons, and rendered a dozen families homeless! Loss estimated at \$500,000. Several hundred persons are thrown out of employment. \$500,000. Several hundred persons are thrown out of employment.

At Quebec, yesterday, the 69th Regiment were presented with new colors by Prince Authur. The Dominion Governor General, and Gen. Arnold, U. S. A. commanding at Plattsburg, were present.

The great base ball match between the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati, and Athletics, of Philadelphia, yesterday, resulted in a victory for the former, the score being 27 to 25. The news of the victory was telegraphed to Cincinnati, and caused great excitement in that city.

telegraphed to Cincinnati, and caused great excitement in that city.

Commencement day passed off at Oxford University, England, in an unusually quiet manner. The bestowal of the degrees caused little remark, except that to-day the Speaker of the House of Commons was among them. Those who received the honors of the University are little known outside of its walls.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR SPRING HOUSES.

On last night, the spring-house of Mr. Christian Kreider, residing near Wabank, Lancaster twp., was entered and robbed of five pounds of butter and a tin bucket. Fortunately us Mr. Kreider supplies a neighbor with butter, the greater part of the article had been taken out and delivered, otherwise all would have gone. A pointed iron was found outside of the spring-house, wherewith they pried the door open. On the same night, no doubt by the same thieves, the spring-house of Mr. Christian Forrecht, of the same twp., and a neighbor of Mr. Kreider's, was also entered and six pounds of butter therefrom abstructed. Several Farmers in the neighborho d of the gap, in this county, have lately had their spring-houses robbed.—That of Joseph D. Pownall was broken open and robbed a week or two since at night, and a quantity of milk drank and wasted, and a piece of fresh beef taken. On the same night his tenant's spring-house was entered and several articles stolen. Samuel Walker, who lives near Mr. Pownall, had his broken open about the same time, and some twenty pounds of butter spirited away. No clue has been found to the perpetrators of the villainy. Farmers should keep a sharp look-out for these secoundrels. A few buckshot, or a minnie ball might put a stop to their nefarious deeds.—Intelligencer. FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR SPRING HOUSES

For bargains in Grenadines, Hernanis and other summer Dress Goods, and in fact all other seasonable goods, you should go to Patton's, No. 160 Locust street, Columbia, Pa., where you will always get the best goods at the lowest prices to be had POLITICAL.

We are authorized to announce D. K. BURK-HOLDER, mechanist, of East Hempfield town-hip, formerly of Mt. Joy borough, as a candi-late for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

I am unalterably opposed to the passage of the Omnibus Railroad Bill or the Border Raid Bill; and further, I am opposed to railroad or any other corporation controlling the Legislature.

D. K. BURKHOLDER.

We are authorsized to announce ISAAC L.
ROYER, of Ephrata township, as a candidate for
the office of County Commissioner, subject to the
decission of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

mrison inspection.

Prison inspector.

We are authorized to announce EZRA REIST, of Lexington, Warwick township, as a candidate for the office of Prison Inspector, subject to the decission of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

FOR RECORDER.

We are authorized to announce BENJAMIN
URBAN, Esq., of Conestoga township, as a candidate for the Office of Recorder, subject to the
decision of the Union Republican party at the
primary election. primary election.

We are requested to announce MARTIN D.
HESS, of Paradise township, (who at the death
of Isaac Hollinger, late Recorder, assumed the
responsible position of Recorder for the unexpired ten months, and paid to the deceased's
family \$1,748.77 out of the proceeds of the office,)
as a candidate for the office of Recorder of Deeds
at the Republican nominating election.

PETERSURG, April 25th, 1870.

I hereby certify that Martin D. Hess has made a full, final and satisfactory settlement with me for the the time he held the office of Recorder. For his disinterested kindness in assuming a very responsible trust for the benefit of myself and fatheriess children, he merits our kindest regards, and should receive the unanimous support of my deceased husband's friends and the Republican party, for the other of the corder of Deeds, for which he is a deserving and competent candidate.

ELIZABETH HOLLINGER, Widow of Isaac Hollinger, deceased.

Whow of isanc hollinger, deceased.

We are authorized to announce LEW S.
HARTMAN, of Lancaster City, (late private Co.
B, ist Regiment Penn'n Reserves, who carried
the musket for three years, and was severely
wounded on the 30th of May, 1864, on the last
day of his three-year term of service, at the battle of Bethsada Church, in Grant's campaign in
front of Richmond) as a candidate for the office
of Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.
We are authorized to announce that Dr. C. J. We are authorized to announce that Dr. C. J. Standidate for the office of Recorder of Deeds subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election. We are authorized to announce GEORGE I. HIGH of East Lampeter township, formerly of East Earl, as a candidate for the Office of Recorder subject to the decision of the Republi-can voters at the ensuing primary election. We are authorized to announce J. W. FRANTZ of East Lumpeter township, late Deputy Sheriff under Sheriff Frey, as a candidate for the Office Recorder of Deeds, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

We are authorized to announce PETER DIF-FENBAUGH, (butcher, and lormerly cuttle drover,) of East Lampeter township, as a candidate for the Office of Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

We are authorized to announce DANIEL WERNTY, of Strasburg Borough, formerly Coroner, as a candidate for the Office of Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election. construction Committee, reported a gen-

COUNTY SOLICITOR. We are authorized to announce CAr<sub>1</sub>. D. P. ROSENMILLER, Jr., of Lancaster City, (late Act. Master U. S. Navy, and who served in the Mississippi River Gunboat Flotilia during the Rebellion.) as a candidate for County Solicitor, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

Attorney-at-Law, Office No. 5 Court Avenue, Lancaster, Pa.

We are authorized to announce B. C. Krach Carlotter, and candidate for County Solicitor, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the ensuing primary election.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Living Machine. Injure the main spring of a watch and every ortion of the works becomes disordered. The ruman stomach is to the human system what influences the action of the other organs, and controls, to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried further: for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the time-piece, so also is the weakness or other discorders of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded, the ayes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tells as plainly as written words could, do that the great nourshing organ whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not preforming its duty. It requires renovating, and regulating, and to accomplish this end. Hostetter's stomach Bitters may be truly said to be the one thing nealful. The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the Stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the fumous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful contest with dyspessia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone, when the resources of the pharmacopoein have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the omplaint, a course of this wholesome and opnatable, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspessia the liver is more or less disordered, and the paramacopaein have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the our habit, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspessia the liver is more or less disordered, and the paramacopaein and assimilating organ on which boddly and mental health depend. ontrols, to a certain extent, the whole living

MISCELLANEOUS. COUGH, COLD OR Sore Throat Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

RONCHA Brown's Bronchial Troches will most invariably give instant relief. FOR BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH, CONSUMPTIVE and THROAT DISEASES, they have a soothng effect.
SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing, Be sure to only the true

Brown's Bronchial Troches. SOLD EVERYWHERE. nov27.'69-6m

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!! The undersigned is now prepared to sell Coal of all sizes; received from the best mines in the State, and guaranteed to be of superior quality. It is from the Veins of the Celebrated BALTIMORE CO. & LEE MINES at Wilkesbarre; well prepared, and free of slate and dirt. The price net ton of 2000 lbs., on Wharf at Basin: For No. 1 or Grate, \$5.00.

" 2 or Egg, 5.25.

" 3 or Stove, 5.25.

" 4 or Small Stove, 5.25.

" 5 or Chestnut, 1.75.

The above prices are for the Month of May. Cerms Cash before delivery.

The reputation of the above named Coals is a sufficient guarantee of their quality; and as I deal in no other, the public can rest assured they are as represented.

MMOS S, GREEN, Agt., max21-tf For Stickney & Co., Wikebarre.

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into any size, of deceased or absent friends, is made a specialty with us. FRAMES, ALBUMS, and all things in our ine always on hand. Remember the

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Charles L. Hale 936 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Offers for the Spring Trade a Splendid As-Nottingham & Real Lace Curtains, WINDOW BLINDS AND SHADES.

in the newest colors and designs. Window Cornices in Gilt, Walnut and Rose-wood and Gilt. Furniture Slips or Coversfitted, out and made. SPRING HAIR & MATTRESSES MADE TO ORDER.

#S-Agent for the Patent Metalle Spring Bed,
and for the Patent Spring Fixture for Window
Shades.

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FINANCIAL.

INTERESTS ON DEPOSITS. The COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK will pay interest on Deposits as follows: For 1 & 2 Months. 3, 4 & 5 " 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10 " " 11 & 12 nar12'70-ly SAMUEL SHOCH, Cashler. FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CO-Interest Paid on Special Deposits as follows:

t per cent. for 30 or 60 days.

1-2 per cent. for 90 days and under 6 months. 5 per cent. for 6 month and under 11 months. 51-2 per cent for 11 & 12 months. S. S. DETWEILER, Cashier CHEAPER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

JUST RECEIVED AT

#### HAYES' GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

S. E. Cor. 4th & Cherry Sts., Columbia, Pa.

Begs leave to inform his old friends and patrons that he has ust received another large and splendid assortment of

FINE

#### FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES

Better and Cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.

The undersigned would call the attention of the public to his large and well-selected stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS just received from the City, which he will sell CHEAPER THAN EVER!—FOR CASH! His stock comprises

COFFEES. TEAS. SYRUPS, SPICES, MACKEREL. POTATOES, HAMS, SHOULDERS,

DRIED BEEF, DRIED AND CANNED FRUIT,

Also, Brooms, Brushes, Buckets, Bed Cords, and everything in the Grocery line. He lirects special attention to his new and superior stock of

## GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,

Which he is selling at prices Lowen than ever before offered in Columbia. Call and examine for yourselves. Also, on hand **FLOUR AND FEED**. ACENT FOR

WM. GOOD'S EAGLE MILLS FLOUR,

The BEST Family Flour in the Market **Every barrel Warranted.** Sold Cheap for Cash. Having purchased my goods cheap for Cash, I am prepared to offer them cheaper than any other dealers. Goods sold for CASH ONLY.

R. HAYES. South-east Corner Fourth & Cherry Sts., Columbia.

### HALDEMAN'S STORE

ESTABLISHED 1815.

OUR STOCK IS NOW FULL AND COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT!

AND CONSISTS ENTIRELY OF

# Good Bargains!

Which have Only to be Seen to be Appreciated. GEO. W. & B. F. HALDEMAN.

112 & 114 Locust Street.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

SUMMER! 1870.

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127 & I29 Locust St., Columbia, OF NOVELTIES IN

WHITE GOODS, WHITE AND COLORED SWISSES, PLAID AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,

MARSEILLES AND PIQUES,

GRENADINES, TRAVELING DRESS GOODS. All the New Styles of Shawls, Parasols, &c. CARPETS, MATTING, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW, SHADES

At Lower Prices than ever offered before in Columbia

WILLIAM G. PATTON'S

No. 160 Locust St., Columbia.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

DOMESTICS

SUMMER DRESS GOODS!

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

Clothing of all kinds made to order and warranted to fit.

**GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE!** 

SEWING MACHINES

The BEST in the Market, and on EAST TERMS.