Colorabia.

VOLUME XL, NUMBER 16.3

COLUMBIA, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1868.

THE COLUMBIA SPY DAILY AND WEEKLY. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: WEEKLY,

No paper will be discontinued until all arrear-ages are paid, unless at the option of the editor. RATES OF ADVERTISING: EIGHT LINES SPACE MAKE A SQUARE.

| 1 w | 2 w | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 6 m | 1 yr. 1 sqr. | \$1.00 | \$1.50 | \$2.50 | \$4.00 | \$5.00 | \$8.00 | \$12.00 2 Sqrs. | 2.00 | 3.00 | 5.00 | 6.00 | 8.00 | 12.00 | 18.00 3 Sqrs. | 2.50 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 9.00 | 12.00 | 18.00 | 25.00 4 Col. | 5.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 12.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 2 Col. | 8.00 | 12.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 25.00 | 35.00 | 60.00 1 Col. | 12.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 25.00 | 35.00 | 60.00 | 100.00 Double the above rates will be charged for display or blank advertisements.

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All Notices or Advertisments in reading matter, under ten lines, \$1.00; over ten lines, 10 cts. per line, minien type.

Yearly Advertisers discontinuing their advertisements before the expiration of the year, will be charged at full rates as above, or according to contract. contract.
Transient rates will be charged for all matters
not relating strictly to their business.
All advertising will be considered CASH, after
it st insertion.

PROFESSIONAL. CLARK, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE—next door to Hess' book store.
Office Hours—From 6 to 7 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.,
and from 6 to 9 P. M. [apr.20, 47-1y. H. M. NORTH, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

Collections promptly made in Lancaster and York Counties. A. J. KAUFFMAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Collections made in Lancaster and adj Counties.

Dounties.
Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all claims against the government promptly prosecuted.

Office—No. 152, Locust street.

SAMUEL EVANS, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Office, on Second St., adjoining Odd Fellows Hall, Columbia, Pa.

Z. HOFFER, DENTIST. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered in the extraction of Teeth. Office—Front Street, next door to R. Williams' Drug Store, between Locust and Walnut Streets, Columbia, Pa.

F. HINKLE, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON;

offers his professional services to the citizens of columbia and vicinity. He may be found at the office connected with his residence, on Second street, between Cherry and Union, every duy, from 7 to 9 A. M., and from 6 to 8 P. M. Persons wishing his services in special cases, between these hours, will leave word by note at his office, or through the post office. HOTELS.

WESTERN HOTEL, Nos. 9, 11, 13 & 15 CORTLANDT STREET, NEW YORK THOS. D. WINCHESTER, PROPRIETOR. Thos. D. WINCHESTER, PROPRIETOR.

This Hotel is central and convenient for Pennsylvanians.

Ante Mishter, of Reading, Pa, is an assistant at this Hotel, and will be glad to see his friends at all times.

"CONTINENTAL." THIS HOTEL IS PLEASANTLY LOCATED, etween the Stations of the Reading and Columia, and Pennsylvania Railroads, FRONT STREET COLUMBIA, PA. Ample accommodations for Strangers and Travelers. The Bar is stocked with CHOICE LIQUORS,

And the Tables furnished with the best fare.

And the Tables furnished with the best fare.

Proprietor PRANKLIN HOUSE, LOCUST ST., COLUMBIA, PA. This is a first-class hotel, and is in every respectdanted to meet the wishes and desires of the traveling public.

MARTIN ERWIN,
Proprieto

DRENCH'S HOTEL, On the European Plan, opposite City Hall Parl New York. R. FRENCH, Sept. 19, 1868. Proprietor $\overline{M^{ ext{ISHLER'S HOTEL}}}$

West Market Square, Reading Renn'a. EVAN MISHLER, EXCHANGE HOTEL, PENNA. First-Class Accommodations. The Choice Liquors at the Bar. ALEX, D. REESE, Proprieto

MALTBY HOUSE,
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.
This hotel has been lately refitted with all the necessary improvements known to hotel enterprise and therefore offers first-class accommodations to strangers and others visiting Baltimore A. B. MILLER,
Proprietor

EDUCATIONAL.

EBANON VALLEY COLLEGE! ALL TERM COMMENCES AUGUST 3, 1868. FALL TERM COMMENCES AUGUST 3, 188. This institution aims to deade youth of both texes in all the solid or ornamental branches, its officers hold that students should be trained with a view to the sphere of life they are to occupy, and to occomplish this object, the following courses of study have been adopted:

1. A Classical course.

2. A Biblical course.

3. A Ladles' course.

4. A Scientific course.

5. A Teacher's course.

7. A Commercial course.

7. A Commercial course.

These courses are THOOUGH, COMPREHENSIVE and COMPLETE in themselves
We invite all who have children or wards to educate, to visit this School before sending elsewhich are worse, and progrigal has truction.

which are

1st. Therough and practical instruction.

2nd. Accommodations not excelled elsewhere.

2nd. 20 per cent. less in cost than other schools

of equal grade.

35 Folly and fashion are not part of our programe. We aim at refinement, but a refinement

springing from a good heart and a callivated intellect. For Catalogues or further particulars, address T.R., VICKROY, A. M., Annville, Lebanon County, Pa. july 25'68-tf.

MARBLE WORKS. ANCASTER MARBLE WORKS,

LEWIS HALDY, Proprietor. All persons in want of anything in the Marble line, will be furnished at the very lowest prices. Only the best workmen are employed, consequently we are enable to turn out in a superior manner And Marble Work of every description.

ID-Orders promptly attended to
LEWIS HALDY,
May 4,'67]
Lancuster City, I'a.

CHARLES M. HOWELL, NO. 68 NORTH QUEEN STREET, EAST SIDE. The Oldest Marble Works in Lancaster County

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. He has on hand the largest, most varied and complete stock of finished GRAVE STONES, &c., &c., to be found in the city, and which will be sold at the lowest prices. Building work and Jobbing of every description punctually attended to Persons in want of Monuments, Mantles, or Grave Stones, are invited to call and examine the stock on head, also the portfolios of designs.

SEEING IS BELIEVING!

AT 704 ARCH STREET NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS! RICH SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARES, Including every Style and description, made ex-pressly for the Winter Trade, which, for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establisment, 704 Arch Street, PHILADELPHIA.
Re-Plating at Short Notice, Phil'a, dec.14,67-1y.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

C. BUCHER,

Wines and Liquors!

BUCHER'S COLUMN.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Hus removed his Store to his Building, adjoint Haldeman's Store, Locust St., Columbia, Pa., where he has fitted up rooms, and greatly increased his facilities for doing a more extensive business

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED

HERB BITTERS!

PURE AND UNADULTERATED. These Bitters are celebrated for the great cures ey have performed in every case, when tried. prietor of any Medicine that can show a greater umber of genuine certificates of cures effected by it, near the place where it is made, than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

MISTILER'S HERB BITTERS s for sale in Columbia by J. C. BUCHER, At his Store, Locust Street, Columbia

WINES AND LIQUORS! Embracing the following:

Catawba

Port. Lisbon Cherry, Maderia. Malaga, Claret,

Rhine, Blackborry, Current and Muscat WINES.

COGNAC, OF DIFFERENT BRANDS. Also, OLD RYE WHISKEY and

BRANDIES of all kinds: Blackberry, Cherry, Gin. Superior Olu Rye, Pure Old Rye, XXX Old Rye, XX Old Rye X Old Rye,

Pure Old Rve. Monongahela, Rectified Whisky, London Brown Stout. Scotch Ale, &c., &c., &c.

AGENCY FOR MALT AND CIDER VINEGAR. He is also Agent for the Celebrated MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

POCKET FLASKS, TOBACCO BOXES, nd FANCY ARTICLES, in great variety,

FOR SALE

At J. C. BUCHER'S. MISHLER'S BITTERS!

> PURE & UNADULTERATED J. C. BUCHER.

BEST STOUT PORTER! From E. & G. HIBBERT, LONDON.

> J. C. BUCHER, Locust Street, above Front.

Agent for the PURE MALT VINEGAR. ment in town, and is warranted to keep fruit and vegetables perfect.

The Best Brands of Imported SCOTCH AND LONDON ALE. J. C. BUCHER S.

TO SMOKERS AND CHEWERS. BUCHER will still keep on hand the

MOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO SNUFF, HAVANA, YARA, and COMMON SEGARS. Also, NUFF & TOBACCO BOXES, PIPESthousand and one varieties. Call at J. C. BUCHER'S, Locust Street, adjoining Haldeman's Store It is the prestest establishment of the kind this side of Philadelphia.

wa_Only Agency for Lee's London Porter, and Mishler's Bitters.

HOOFLAND'S COLUMN. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS Is composed of the pure juices, (or, as they are medicinally of Roots, Herbs, ing a preparation, ed, and entirely admixture of any kind.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to he com-ination of the Bitters, as stated, will use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.
The Stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged thizing as it does then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient saffers from several or more of the following diseases:
Caustipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Ful-Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking, or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which be is as vestigations and in the selection ons ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation

is free from injuri ous ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submitthose well-known HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. PREPARED BY R. C. M. JACKSON, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaund Chronic Nervous Diarrhæa, or Dis and all diseases ease of the Kidneys, and all diseases ordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DERITITY

DEBILITY. Resulting from any Cause whatever: Prostration of the System, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Ex-

Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, &c.
There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy heing. a strong and healthy being PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE, And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and arder of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE. It is a well-established fact that fully one-It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female unlation are seldom good health; or, to pression, "Never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREM Are made strong by the use of either o these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietors, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note, and of such standing that they must be between

Testimonials. HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pent sylvania, writes: PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, in cases of debility and want of nerways action in the system. yous action in the system.

"Yours truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON. Judge of the Supreme Court of Penn'a. PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1806.
"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in ense of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.
"Yours, with respect,
"JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOS. II. KENNARD, D. D., Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Phila.
Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with rious instances, my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's Gor man Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debitity of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes. Yours, very respectfully,

auses. Yours, very respectfully, J. H. KENNARD. J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.
FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,
Ass't Editor Christian Chronicle, Philada.
I have derived decided benefit from the
use of Hoolland's German Bitters, and feel
it my privilege to recommend them as a
most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility, or from diseases
arising from derangement of the liver.
Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION. Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All feit.
Principal Office and Manufactory at the
German Medicine Store, No. 631 Arch St.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
CHARLES M. EVANS, PROPRIETOR.
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

PRICES.
Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, \$1.00
"half dozen, 5.00"
"typ in quart Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, \$1.50 per bottle, or a half dozen for \$7.50.

23-Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

Jan, '31'68-ly.

COE'S COLUMN. COE'S COUGH BALSAM!

This long tried and popular Remedy is again called to the attention of the public. As often as the year rolls around, the proprietors annually make their bow to the people, and remind them that amongst the many things required for the health, comfort and sustenance of the family through the long and tedlous months of winter, Coc's Congh Balsam should not be forgotten. For years it has been a household medicine—and mothers anxious for the safety of their children, and all who suffer from any disease of the throat, chest and lungs, cannot afford to be without it. In addition to the ordinary four ounce so long in the market, we now furnish our mammoth family size, bottles, which will, in common with the other size, be found at all Drug Stores.

FOR CROUP.

WHOOPING COUGH, The testimony of all who have used it for this terrible disease during the last ten years, is, that it invariably relieves and cures it.

Keep your throat wet with the Balsam—taking little and often—and you will very soon findre-lief.

HARD COLDS AND COUGHS

SORENESS OF THE THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS. Do not delay procuring and immediately tak-ing Coe's Cough Balsam, when troubled with any of the above named difficulties. They are all premonitory symptoms of Consumption, and if not arrested, will sooner or later sweep you away into the valley of shadows from which none can ever return,

IN CONSUMPTION,

The people know the article, and it needs a comment from us. It is for sale by every Druggist and Dealer in Medicines in the United THE C. G. CLARK CO., Sole Proprietors, New Haven, Ct. READ WHAT YOUR OWN DRUGGIST

Columbia, Penna., October 13th, 1868. The C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Conn.:
GENTLEMEN.—I have now been selling Coe's
Cough Balsam for the past two years, and take
this opportunity to say that it has given universal satisfaction, and as a remety for all Pulmonary Complaints it stands unequalled. I always
keep myself well supplied with this truly valuable medicine, and earnestly and conscientiously recommend it to my customers.

Yours very truly.

J. A. MEYERS, Druggist, READ! READ!!! READ!!!

THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE

IS CALLED TO THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

This preparation is pronounced by Dyspeptics is the only known remedy that will surely cure that aggravating and fatal malady. For years t swept on its fearful tide, carrying before it to a untimely grave, its millions of sufferers. Coe's Dyspepsia Cure has come to the

Rescue! Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sourness or Acidity of Stomach Rising of Food, Flatulency, Lassitude, Weariness, finally terminating

Are as surely cured by this potent remedy, as the patient takes it. Although but five years before the people, what is the verdict of the masses? Hear what Lester Sexton, of Milwau-kie, says: FROM LESTER SEXTON, of Milwaukle.

MILWAUKIE, Jan. 24, 1868. Messrs. C. G. Clark & Co., New Haven, Ct. Both myself and wife have used Coe's Dyspensia Cure, and it has proved perfectly satisfactory as a remedy. I have no hestation in saying that we have received great benefit from its use. Very respectfully. (Signed)

A GREAT BLESSING! Messrs, Strong & Armstrong, Druggists, Cleveland. Mesrs, Strong & Armstrong, Druggista, Clectional.

GENTLEMEN:—It gives me great pleasure to state that my wife has derived great hencit from the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. She has been for a number of years greatly troubled with Dyspepsia, accompanied with violent parcysms of constitution, which so prostrated her that she was all the while, for months, unable to do anything. She took, at your instance, Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, and has derived great benefit from it, and is now comparatively well. She regards this medicine as a great blessing.

Truly yours, Truly yours, January 13th, 1868. L. F. WARD.

ALERGYMEN. DRUGGISTS.

Any druggist in the country will tell you, if you take the trouble to inquire, that every one that buys a bottle of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure from them, speaks in the most unqualified praise of its great medicinal virtues. ${
m R}^{
m EAD}$ what your own druggist says: Columbia, Penna., October 13th, 1888.

October 13th, 1888.)

The C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Conn.:

GENTS,—I have now been selling Coo's Dyspepsia Cure for the pust two years—and take this opportunity to say, that in all cases it has given great satisfaction as a remedy, and is spoken of in the highest terms by dyspeptics. It has proved itself a great and wonderful Medicine in numerous cases—as a certain and speedy cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Distress after Eating, Souring and Rising of Food, Colic, Fever and Ague, Billous Derangements and in fact all disenses arising from a disordered condition of the Stomach or Bowels. I always keep myself well supplied with the article, and most cheerfully and conscientiously recommend it to my customers. Yours very trluy, J. A. MEYERS, Druggist, Columbia, Pa

> COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE Will also be found invaluable in all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Summer Complaints, Gripping, and in fact every disordered condition of the stomach. oct 17-1vl Sole Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

Selected Loetry.

WHEN SHALL WE MEET ABOVE. We meet, upon this lovely shore,
Those whom we dearly love;
When shall we meet to part no more,
When shall we meet above?
We meet to bid the sad farewell;
To love—to sigh—to part;
Alas! how soon the sweetest spell
Is driven from the heart! The fairest flowers we fondly love,
How soon their beauty dies;
But purer they will bloom above,
In bowers of Paradise,
In that bright, happy land afar,
We'll find the loved, the lost;
And naught our happiness can mar,
When life's rough sea is crossed.

There love so pure, so rich, so deep, Fills every heart with joy; Faith shall its full fruition reap, For doubt can ne'er alloy.

We'll meet again when storms are o'er,
The ills of life are past;
When partings rend the heart no more,
We'll meet, we'll meet at last.

ANGEL VOICES. Angel voices sweetly calling,
Come to cheer me day by day,
Round my pathway gently falling,—
Whispers of the "far away!"
Lovely visions ever thronging,
Faces in their youthful glow,
Stir my heart with earnest longing,
Wake the dream of long ago. Спо.—Angel voices sweetly calling, Leave me not while here I stray;

Round my pathway, gently falling Guide me, cheer me, day by day Angel voices growing nearer,
As the golden sands depart;
Ever falling sweeter, dearer,
Whisper hope to every heart!
Come when stars of night are beaming,
Tell us of the radiant shore, Come when morning lights are gleaming Tell of those who toll no more!

CHORUS.—Angel voices, &c. Miscellaneous Reading.

A Terrible Bedfellow. I looked at my neighbor with considera ble curiosity. His face indicated a man not over thirty years-a period at which men are still young-and his hair was as white as the fresh fallen snow. One seldom sees, even on the head of the oldest men, bair of mmaculate whiteness. He sat by my side in a car of the Great Western Railway, in Canada, and was looking out of the window. Suddenly turning his head he caught me in the act of staring at him—a rudeness of which I was ashamed. I was about to say vords of apology, when he quietly remarked: "Don't mention it, sir; I' am used to

The frankness of this observation pleased me, and in a very little while we were con. versing on terms of familiar acquaintance ship, and before long he told me the whole

"I was a soldier in the army of India,' said, he "and as it is often the case with soldiers, I was a little too fond of liquor. One day I got drunk; and was shut up in the black hole for it. I slumped down upon the floor of the dungeon, and was just dropping off to sleep, when I felt a cold slimy shape crawling across my right hand as it lay stretched out above my head on the floor I knew at once that it was a snake. Of course my first impulse was to draw away my hand; but knowing that if I did so the pisonous reptile would probably strike its fings into me, I lay still with my heart besting in my breast like a trap hammer. "Of course my fright sobered me instantly. I realized all my peril in its full est extent. Oh, how I lamented the hour that I first touched liquor. In every glass of liquor there is a serpent; but it does not come to everybody in the shape it did to me. With a slow undulating motion the reptile dragged its carcass over my face, and crept lown over my breast and thrust its head inside my jacket. As I felt the hideous scraping of the slimy body over my check it was only by a most tremendous effort that I suc-

ceeded in restraining myself from yelling oudly with mingled terror and disgust. At last I felt the tail waggling down towards my chin; but imagine what I felt at my neart, if you can imagine it, as I realized that the dreadful creature had coiled itself under my jacket as I lay and had seemingly gone to sleep, for it was still as death. Evidently it had no idea that I was a human creature, for if it had it would not have acted in that way. All snakes are cowardly, and they will not approach a man unless

to strike him in self defence. "Three hours I lay with that dreadful weight in my bosom, and each minute was like an hour to me—a year. I seemed to have lived a lifetime in that brief space. Every incident in my life passed through my memory in rapid succession, as they say is the case with a drowning man. I thought of my mothersway in old England. my happy home by the Avon; my Mary, the girl I loved, and never expected to see them more. For no matter how long I bore this I felt that it must end in death at last. I lay as rigid as a corpse, scarcely daring even to breathe, and all the while my breast was growing colder and colder, where the snake was lying against it, with nothing but a thin cotton shirt between my skin and it. I knew that if I stirred it would strike, but I could not bear this terrible suspense much longer. At last I heard footsteps approaching. Then there was a rattling at the lock. It was the guard. He opened the door. The snake—a cobra di capella I now saw—darted up its huge hooded head with the hideous rings about its eyes as if about to strike. I shut my eyes and murmured a prayer. Then it glided away with swift notion and disappeared in the darkness. I staggered to my feet and fell swooning in the arms of the guard. For weeks after I was very sick, and when I was able to be about I found my hair as white as you now see it. I have not touched a drop of liquor

Humors of the Election. An honest hearted Democrat from Windor, came to town early last evening, and steered at once for Democratic headquar ters to get the news. Just as he get to the foot of the stairway leading to the rooms, he was accosted by one of the faithful, who

"By golly to thunder; gosh darn it al my stars, you don't tell me so !" "Yes, and that ain't the worst of it--New Haven has gone back on us !" "No! thunder and lightning, you don" tell me so !" "Yes, and that ain't the worst of it; Pennsylvania is all one way for Grant." "Hang my garters, blazes and gimblets ou don't tell me so!"

"Yes, and that ain't the worst of it: Ohio

."The State has gone for Grant."

leans us out all through." "Ohio does? I'll be horn swoggled, gin gerbread and scissors to grind, you don't "Yes, and that ain't the worst of it; everything is against us; we are completely flaxed out everywhere!" "Is that so? Condemn the gol blasted luck, by jiminy thunder; darn it all to-to-I awan to-darn it all-gol blast-you don't

At last accounts the old chap was heading homeward, making some very nice caroms up Windsor avenue.-Hartford Cour-

Self-Control.

.The men who acts according to the rule of perfect prudence, of strict justice, and of proper benevolence, may be said to be verfeetly virtuous. But the most perfect points that they are worthy to be started knowledge of these rules will not alone anew on the sea of literature once or twice enable him to act in this manner; his own passions are apt to drive him, sometimes to seduce him, to violate all the rules which he himself, during his cool and sober hours, approves of. The most perfect knowledge, inless sustained by the most perfect selfcontrol, will not, in all cases, enable a man

to do his duty. These passions may be classed under two neads; first, into those, which to restrain even for a moment, requires a considerable those who can, with the greatest case, be controlled for a short time, but which, by their almost incessant solicitation, are apt to mislead into great deviations. Fear, anger, and some other passions, constitute moment. The love of ease and pleasure the benefits resulting from the control of ed neighbor. them, has a beauty of its own, and deserves, for its own sake, some degree of ad- panions, and, when you choose. We know

formity and steadiness of the exertion. The man who, in torture at the approach ed, and suffers no word or gester to escape im that does not accord with the feelings of the most indifferent spectator, of necessity commands a very high degree of estimaion. The heroes of ancient and modern history who are remembered with the most who have met their end on the scaffold for the enemies of Socrates suffered him to die quietly in his bed, his death would probably never have acquired the splendor in which it has been looked upon ever since. But this magnanimity does not only east a brightness over the character of virtuous and innocent men-it even procures some favorable regard in the case of criminals. When a highwayman is brought to the scaffold, and there behaves with firmness, though no one doubts the justice of his punishment, yet regrets often rise, that the one possessed of such great and noble powers chould suffer such a disgraceful death.

War is a great school for acquiring this species of magnanimity. When the man as conquered the fear of death, he has little else to fear. In war men become familiar with death, and therefore lose in a great degree, that superstitious fear of it which is peculiar to the inexperienced. The dread of death is thus greatly diminished, and get out of it, and are not so likely to lose their presence of mind while in it. We are at times interested in great warlike exploits, although conducted in direct opposi-tion to justice; and some degree of esteem is excited in us for the men of worthless ractor who conduct them. The com mand of anger frequently appears no less example of the control of anger, and the proper expression of just indignation. But this just indignation is only anger restrained, and properly moderated to agree with the feelings of the impartial spectators. The passion which goes beyond this, and vents itself openly, is offensive, and claims

our sympathy only for its object. Courage. Every child is born with a capacity for fear, which is useful quality when kept in due sujection, but which may, by evil habits, by wilful encouragement, or by some sudden shock or an injury to the nerves be exaggerated into habitual cowardice. The nervous system may likewise be brought into such a condition by the intemperate use of stimulents as subject the mind to fear upon trivial occasions, for pot valor will degenerate into rank cowardice if kept up too long. It is true, too, that training has much to do with man's character for bravery. If a boy is cowed and kicked into state of abject fear during his childhood, he bill wecome such a habitual coward that it will be very difficult to break the habit; while on the contrary a boy naturally timid may be taught to defend his rights bravely whenever attacked. The possibility o learning a timid person to be brave, and a man braver, is one of the most important advantages we have over the brutes. If you force a boy into a situation he dreads you increase his timidity; if you persuade him into braving it, you increase his cour age. Fear of making difficult leaps ; standing on dizzy heights may be overcome by practice. If you go to vault a leaping bar, and shrink from throwing your legs boldly over, giving way to the first little fear, your

that present themselves may be overcor listen to reason, and cast off fear. Advantage of being Poor. A poor man never has any taxes to pay He can sit down and laugh the assessors to scorn, and read off the big appropriations made by councils with a feeling of indiscribable exhilaration.

fear will grow stronger on the next occa-

sion; and in learning to swim the same

will be found true. Where reason teaches

you there is no danger, or that the dangers

A poor man can enjoy life. He lives in t rented house, and it needn't worry him to see it abused, and his equanimity need not be disturbed if it burns down. A poor man can repose in the bosom of his family and know that there is no ayaricious young man prowling round after

any rich daughters. Nobody wants the poor man to die; nobody is laying around in misery and impatience waiting for him to die: so as to absorb his funds. Another thing-no poor man is ever worried for debt, for nobody will ever trust him, and when he does see a greenback he hear-

NEW STEAM ENGINE .- A steam engine has been invented by Benjamin Franklin, of Westmoreland county, which does away with the cylinder principal altogether, and also with piston, crank, steam-chest, oil cans, &c. The principle of action on which it depends is that of centrifugal force, whence its name the centrifugal steam engine. It is declared by competent practical engineers, superior in every way to all other engines, and therefore portends complete revolution in the adaptation of steam to all the purposes of life, the economical, while its economy of work is a

CALIFORNIA has within its borders 152 lodges of Free and Accepted Masons, with an aggregate membership of 7,606. The Grand Lodge was organized April 15, 1850.

"She Works for a Living." We don't know who wrote the following lines, nor how often they have been published, but they contain so many good

a year: sneeringly said, "she works for a living;" in her we are always sure to find the elenents of a true woman-a real lady. True, we are not prepared to see a mineing step, a haughty lip, a fashionable dress, or hear string of splendid nonsense about the balls and young men, the new novels and the next party-no, no, but we are prepared to hear the sound words of good sense, exertion of self-command; secondly, into language becoming woman, a neat dress, would not disgrace an angel.

mild brow, and to witness movements that You who are looking for companions and wives, turn from the fashionable, lazy, and haughty girls, and select one from those the first class. Excessive fear and anger | who work for a living, and never-our are often difficult to control, even for a word for it-will you repent your choice. You want a substantial friend and not a may easily be restrained for a short time, | doll; a belpmate, and not a helpeat; a conyet by their constant importunities, often | solor and not a simpleton. You may not lead to many weaknesses. The former | be able to carry a piano into your house, class of passions may be said to drive, the latter to seduce us from duty. The command of these sets of passions, exclusive of ticket for the ball, you can visit some afflict-

Be careful, then, when you look for com miration and esteem. In one case, the | many a foolish man who, instead of choosstrength and greatness of the exertion ex- ing an industrious and prudent woman for cites our estimation; in the other, the uni- | a wife, took one from the fashionable stock, and is now lamenting his folly in dust and ashes. He ran into the fire with his eyes of death, preserves his tranquility unalter- wide open, and who but himself is to blame.

The time was when ladies went visiting and took their work with them. This is the reason why we had such excellent mothers. How singular would a gay woman look in a fashionable circle darnpopular affection, are, any of them, those ing her father's stockings, or carding wool to spin! Would not her companious laugh the sake of liberty and justice, and who at her? And yet such a woman would be conducted themselves while there with the | a prize to somebody. Blessed is the man most perfect self-control and dignity. Had who chooses for his wife from the despised "who work for a living."

Ben. Franklin and Philadelphia Merchants.

While Benjamin Franklin was a printer in Philadelphia, it seems he published a newspaper. Among other things that received censure at his hands were certain modes of transacting business by the merchants of Philadelphia. He handled the knaves in such a manner as to arouse their | swallowed the grain any more nourishment wrath, and calling a meeting among themselves they waited upon the sturdy printer, and demanded to know what he meant.
"Here," said they, "we have been patronizing and supporting you, and this is our reward. You must change this mode of the plants, the unbroken kernels of eats doing or we'll show you that the merchants are a power you may not trifle with. With-

out our patronage where would you fact showed conclusively that much of the stand?" "Gentlemen of the Merchants' Committee," said the polite printer, "I am as you therefore men learn to expose themselves to it with less reluctance, are less anxious to this evening for dinner, I shall consider the matter over with you in a friendly man- swallow half their mess of oats without ner." The committee congratulating themselves that old Ben was evidently frightened, came to the dinner at the hour named, but were surprised, to find nothing on the table but mush-made from ill-The merchants' committee not being used noble than that of fear. The oration of to such course fare, could do nothing but Cicero against Catiline affords a striking watch the healthy printer while he made a hearty meal. Rising from the table he addressed the committee thus: "Now, gentlemen, he that can live comfortably on such food can live without your patronage. I shall cease to attack those practices when you cease to practice them, and not before

Gentlemen, good night." And for many a year Philadelphia merchants were better and far more honest

owing to this incident. -The latest from Paris. The Empress has quarrelled with her milliner. -Boston has discovered her inability to keen up a really first class hotel, such as high, I was able to pay only \$13 of it, which

St. James' was. -Gen. Grant will have no difficulty in finding persons willing to accept the offices | not see how I can. The ladies as a general m this district. -It is stated there are 150 fewer newspapers in this country than there were five think I could support a wife."

years ago. A young man in New Haven, Ct., rashed into a drug store, and in great alarm asked the clerk if benzine was poisonous "No," said the clerk; "wby?" "Because," said the fellow, "father went to the closet to take down the gin bottle,

and by mistake took several swallows befor he knew it." "He is all right," replied the clerk; "the only difference between benzine and, mod-

ern gin, is the smell " Good VINEGAR.-To eight gallons of clear rain water, add three quarts of mofuls of yeast cake, place in the sun in summer, by the fire in winter, for fitteen days. Add a sheet of brown paper dipped in molasses, as this makes the mother, and you have an article equal to any cider vinegar-try it .- Southern Cultivator .

Ominous Noise at Harrisburg. A Harrisburg paper says that the people of that city are beginning to be alarmed on the subject of earthquakes. Last Sunday evening it says there was a great noise heard underground in the lower end of the eggs, after hatching, Mrs. Soule realized city. We also hear that the folks there have begun to look more closely after their

spiritual affairs. HERE is Mark Twain's last contribution to the poetic literature of the world: They sat upon the front door mat, Where softly shone the moon,

And listened to the music that

Came from a beer saloon. His manly arm did round her twine, Their lips in kisses met; An when he asked, "Wilt thou be mine?"

A WOMAN was giving evidence in a cer-

tain case, when she was asked by the law "Was the young woman virtuous prerious to this affeir? " Yes." " Was she chaste?"

"Chased? She was chased about a quarer of a mile!" A SMALL boy was asked by a lady if he studied hard at school. He replied that he did not hurt himself much at it. "Oh," said the lady, "you must study hard, or you will never be President of the United

THE crowning statue for the Gettysburg National cemetery monument just arrived is twelve feet high Goddess of Liberty, weighing 14,000 pounds, and cut by Ran dolph Rogers, in Italy.

don't expect to be, I'm a Democrat. Cute

boy, that.

THE height of satisfaction-Handling

WHOLE NUMBER, 2,044

farm and Rousehold Column. AGRICULTURE is the most usefuland most noble employment of man,—Washnorox.
COMMUNICATIONS, Selections, Recipes and farticles of interest and value, are solicited for this department of the paper. We desire to supply the public with the best practical information in reference to the farm, garden, and household.

Breachy Cows. Brenchiness is acquired in most cases brough the 'carelessness or negligence' of he person owning them. We have known ome cattle that seemed to have almost a atural propensity that way, but in seldom nstances. We have seen calves that would jump with almost the celerity of a deer; but in most cases low and insecure fences led them to it. As they grew up, they learned o throw fences with their horns, but such enclosures were generally poor and insufficient. We have known others that would ngeniously unbook a gate, or open a door, even when properly latched. The only sure remedy for such disturbances is fattening and slaughter. It is the best use they can be put to, unless of great value for breeding or labor, and if so retained, secure coninement is the best remedy. We dislike to see a creature going about in the pasture with a board hung over its face, or with a yoke on, or hobbled. They are thus apt to be set upon by other animals, as they are taken unawares without the means of defence or escape, and are thus frequently injured. Besides, their example is bad. "Evil ommunications corrupt good manners' mong cattle as among men. Better to have

them out of the way at once, as their examples may be contagious. Cows sucking themselves is another bad rick. We dislike to see a cow going about the pastures with a frame work about her neck. Better serve her the same as the breachy one, and rid the herd of her pre-sence. We never had a creature of the kind, and if we had, we would never take the mins to make the complicated machinery recessary for its protection, unless she were of very choice blood, whose preservation was worth any amount of pains to keep under proper control.—Stock Journal.

Feeding Whole Grain to Cattle. It is an expensive system of management o feed whole grain to any kind of animals. All kinds of cereal grains are provided with tough hull or skin, which the digestive powers of most animals will not dissolve; onsequently if the skin is not broken before the grain enters the stomach, the kernels will usually pass off with the droppings, without affording the animal that than fragments of wood of equal size.

writer procured a quantity of horse manure for top dressing strawberry plants, and in a few days after the mulch was spread round vegetated, so that the entire surface of the ground appeared as green as a lawn. This wallowed it any nourishment at all. Young horses having sound and sharp

During the month of August last the

ecth will sometimes crush every kernel. But old horses with poor teeth frequently breaking the skin of the kernels. When mills are at a distance, and people

will persist in feeding whole grain, it will always be found more advantageous to soak the grain at least twenty-four hours

The Cost of Living. On the question of how much may be aved from a small salary, a lady says: My income is \$8 per week, which I spend n the following manner: Board and washing \$4.35; church contributions 25 cents; car fare and books 50 cents; clothes, \$1.50; total, \$0.60. Balance \$1.40, I deposit in the bank." A young man's experience: "My expenses for board and room, \$7.60; clothing, \$6; billiards, \$4.50; drinks, \$1.20; horse hire, \$3; True Flag and Police Gazette, 10 cents; washing, 25; contributions, 5 cents; total \$23. For the balance I draw on the old man. My washing bill last year was \$48; but as my necessary expenses were so gives the average of 25 cents a week! I would like very much to marry, but I do thing, are so excessively extravigant and I have so many expensive habits that I don't

GROWTH OF WOOL IN THE UNITED

STATES .- The Rutland County (Vt.) Journal says: "The history of the growth of wool is very curious. Fifty years ago not a pound of fine wool was grown in the United States, in Great Britain, or in any other country except Spain. In 1784 a small flock was sent to the elector of Saxony as a present from the King of Spain, whence the entire product of Saxony wool, now of such imnense value. In 1809, during the invasion of Spain by the French, some of the valuable crown flock were sold to raise money. lasses; put in good cask and shake it well until all is unixed; add two or three spoonpurchased fourteen hundred head and sent them to this country. A portion of this pure and unmixed merino flock is still to be found in Vermont at this time. Such was the origin of the immense flock of fine wool sheep in the United States at the pres-

ent time." A PROFITABLE TURKEY .- The Wankegan (III.,) Gazette, says, Mrs. William Soule, of Grass Lake, Antioch township, is the owner of a turkey, which, in one season, hid seventy-four eggs. From these \$49 for turkeys sold. A very profitable turkey, and, no doubt, there are many other ladies in this county who would like to own turkeys as valuable. We will give Mrs. Soule's plan, and persons interested in raising turkeys for market may give it a trial: So soon as the turkey has laid sufficient eggs to have a desire to set, remove the eggs from her, and she will immediately go to work and replenish her stock, and when she has again accomplished this, again remove the eggs. By following this plan, and setting the eggs under other birds, you can keep Mrs. Turkey busy the

LEMON DROPS .- Stir powdered white sugar in lemon juice till of such a consistency as you can hardly stir it. Put it into a porcelain preserve kettle, and set on a moderate fire for five minutes, stirring it constantly with a wooden stick. Remove it from the tire, flavor it with extract of lemon, and drop it with a point of a knife on white writing paper. When cold the

dark drops will come off easily. A Swiss Sour .- Boil three ponds of potatoes, much them well, and add slowly some good broth, sufficient for the tureen. Let States." "Yes, ma'am," he replied, "but I these boil together, then add some spinach, a little parsley, lemon, thyme and sage, all chopped very fine. Boil all together five minutes; pepper and salt to taste. Just efore taking it off the fire to serve add two ell-beaten eggs.

> -A large emigration of young men from Virginia to the West is reported. -Newton, Mass., claims to have a pear tree still bearing that was planted in 1650.