The Columbia Spy.

A. M. RAMBO, ... Editor.

Columbia, Pa.

Saturday, March 7, 1868.

Advertisements, to secure immediate insertion, must be handed in on or before Thursday evening, each week.

REMOVAL.

THE COLUMBIA SPY STEAM-POWER PRINTING OFFICE WILL BE REMOVED ABOUT THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT, TO THE NEW BUILDING NOW BEING ERECTED FOR IT—No. 2, BANK STREET, NORTH OF LOCUST STREET, AND REAR OF COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK.

Collector Wm. M. Wiley.

After passing through two or three hands, we received the following open letter, from Collector Wiley:

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
Collector's Office, 9th District, Penn'a.,
LANCASTER, February 29th, 1868.

A. M. RAMBO, Esq.—*Sir*:—You are respectfully informed that every effort was made by me to ascertain from which Distillery the forty barrels of whisky, seized in a car at Columbia, came from.

And in addition to my own efforts—three different Revenue officers were detailed for that purpose immediately after the seizure of the whisky—all of whom failed to discover either the evidence sufficient to assess the tax, or to sustain a forfeiture of any Distillery.

If, however, you are aware of any evidence in this case, and will produce it—it is not too late to assess the tax, or to seize the Distillery.

Respectfully,
W. M. WILEY,
Collector.

Although nothing was said by the author of the above, as to its publication, we infer that he desired it, from the fact that especial care was taken to inform the person, who left the letter at this office, to first show it to one who had no right to see it, and who has in no manner been mixed up with the affair which has given rise to this discussion.

Hereafter when Mr. Wiley, or any other person, sees fit to address us, we will thank them to do so without first publishing the same to the world. If information is desired elsewhere than of us, let the Collector address his missives accordingly—we want no circumlocution; but desire to first know what our correspondents want, and who they are.

As the Collector manifests a laudable desire to obtain evidence which will lead to the collection of the tax, due on the forty barrels of whisky, seized in this place some months since, or the seizure of the distillery from whence it came, we are disposed to accommodate the gentleman. But in placing the witnesses upon the stand, we wish it distinctly understood that it is not *our* province to *cross* question them, but merely to suggest such *leading* questions as will have a tendency to bring out all the facts.

The first person we shall call is Samuel J. Beebee, Esq., now residing at Safe Harbor, in this county.

Ask him when, and where he seized the forty barrels of whisky referred to above.

The name of the owner of the car, in whose name, and how was the *Corn* manifested.

The name of the person in charge of the car.

Was it George Schaum, if so, where does he now reside?

Whether Jacob Greyhill, of Donegal township, approached the witness, at this place, and told him that he (Greyhill) would see some of the whisky men in Lancaster city, "and that he (the witness) could make *more money* by letting the *whisky go*, than he would receive by sending it to the U. S. Court."

Whether said Greyhill went to a certain Landlord on East King street, and told him that "it was too *late now to buy off* the witness, as the whisky was fast."

Whether, after the seizure of said whisky, William M. Wiley, Collector of the 9th District, demanded the *one-half of the penalty due the informer, to be divided between himself and others.*

In whose warehouse, for safe-keeping, was the contraband whisky placed?

Was it owned by the Messrs. Bitners, the proprietors of the car in which the whisky was shipped, and invoiced as two hundred bags of *Corn*?

Why is the Collector so anxious to have all the whisky run into Bitners' warehouse?

Call the Messrs. Bitners, and ask them the name of the person who made the bargain for the use of the car, and the name of the person who was *present* and overheard the conversation; also, at what place this whisky, invoiced as *Corn*, was shipped, and in whose name.

The name of the person who had charge of the car. Was his name George Schaum, and did not Schaum say that he was always sent *on such errands*? Also his present whereabouts, and by whom employed.

Ask them, *why the Collector of this District, invariably directs all cars containing seized whisky, to be run on their siding, and into their warehouse, in preference to the one belonging to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.*

How many barrels of whisky, placed in their charge, have mysteriously *turned into water*?

How many cars loaded with contraband whisky were taken out of this District before the seizure of the forty barrels?

Call Jacob Greyhill, of Donegal township, and ask him whether he ever offered to settle the matter with Samuel J. Beebee, to let the whisky go.

If so, at whose instance did he try to compromise the affair?

Was it a certain John E. Wiley, of Conoy, Henry Houseal, of Maytown, Hostetter, of Manheim, or Stauffer of Mount Joy, who induced him to make the offer?

Is the witness aware that a "Whisky Ring" exists? And are the persons named members of it? Did he (the witness) pay Jack Hiestand the sum of *one thousand dollars monthly, as his quota of the whisky tax?*

Call Jacobs, of Maytown, and ask *him* what he knows about the matter, and whether he did not tell the Collector, that, if he did not let him *loose* he would blow the *Ring*" to hell.

Why the car containing the forty barrels of whisky was not condemned, as was the car containing the fifteen barrels, belonging to Jacobs.

Have not letters been written to persons in Columbia, this week, inviting them to the Collector's office, saying, if they came to Lancaster they should lose nothing by it, &c. What does that mean?

There are many more questions which might be asked, and other witnesses called, but we think some of the above can *tell*, (if they choose to) *that*, which will lead to discoveries known only to the members of the "Whisky Ring," in this county.

Do you know the name of the person who paid twenty-five dollars ($25) per barrel for whisky, and was afterwards mulct by other parties for the same whisky?

After all these witnesses have been called and examined, and their answers made known to us, then we will give the names of others, upon some more *interesting points* not called for in the above letter.

A MUNICIPAL ELECTION took place in Omaha, Nebraska, on Tuesday, which resulted in a majority of four hundred and eighty-three in favor of the Republican candidates. It was a square fight on principle. The Republicans sustained Congress, and the Copperheads opposed Impeachment. Last year the Cops carried Omaha by over three hundred majority.

THE Maine Democratic Convention has resolved in favor of Pendleton for President, and greenback payment of the public bonds.

Lancaster Inquirer.

Is the Lancaster *Inquirer* satisfied with the questions asked a "Federal office-holder," in this issue of the Spy? Will they suffice as an answer for the mean, contemptible article which appeared in the columns of that journal on Saturday last?

We always entertained the highest respect for Mr. Stewart A. Wylie, and looked upon his paper as one of dignity and character, and we would not have believed that he would permit any one to assail us in that billingsgate style; especially when the "funeral was not his." But that journal has become demoralized. We did not say that there were Whisky bounty jumpers, or Corn Copperheads about the *Inquirer* office; but if there are not, why do they feel so keenly the force of our remarks in reference to "Whisky Rings?" The shot from our gun has brought down more birds than we anticipated. It shows conclusively that somebody is hurt, from which we may infer that the wounded have something to do with "Whisky Rings."

As to our truthfulness, honesty and manliness, the *Inquirer* is no judge of such commodities; but we think our reputation will compare favorably with any gentleman about that office. They have set up a terrible howl, because we happened to tread lightly upon the toes of a *kinsman* of one of the editors of that paper. We would inform them that we cannot be diverted from our purpose by any game of "brag" or "bluff" of theirs. The game we are after is in full view, and we do not mean to lose sight of it.

We have some pertinent questions which we intend to put to the editors of the Lancaster *Inquirer* upon other subjects. But suppose, Messrs. Editors, you make a clean breast of it, and "*come out like men, and tell the public all you know about the "Whisky Ring" in this county, and the connection of Federal office-holders with it.*" We want no shrinking—no "going round Robin Hood's barn"—tell us all about the matter.

Trouble Not Possible.

Some persons are troubled, says the Philadelphia *U. S. Gazette*, unnecessarily about a question that ought not to occasion a moment's uneasiness. This is as to whether an armed conflict of authority might not ensue in case of the conviction of President Johnson.

Nothing of the kind is either probable or possible. The shrewd and able statesmen of the Republican party knew the reckless and dangerous power of rebellion too well to leave any avenue open for such a peril. Hence they never undertook impeachment until they had a clear course before them. All the laws carefully framed to tie the hands of the President, were in reality to guard against this very danger in the evil day when impeachment should become unavoidable.

This, perhaps, will account for the extreme violence of Johnson's resistance to the entire Congressional policy at all points. His copperhead and rebel advisers understood the programme at once, and have led him on to his own destruction by their attempts to break through the net. All the reconstruction measures—Freedmen's Bureau bill, Tenure of Office bill, Supreme Court bill, etc.—were safe-guards against his usurpations. He was deprived of the control of the south, of the reconstruction machinery, of the Freedmen's Bureau, of the Supreme Court, and finally of the civil and military officials.

If now he should make the attempt to resist impeachment, he cannot use the army, because all orders must pass through the Secretary and General-in-chief, neither of whom he can remove, and both of whom are against him. Those who read carefully the regulations made by the Senate for the proceedings of the impeachment trial, will find that they expressly authorize the Chief Justice to issue all orders from the Court that may be necessary to compel the attendance of witnesses, to enforce obedience to its orders, to preserve order, and to punish in a summary way all contempt of and disobedience to its authority, and may, by the direction of the Court, require the aid and assistance of the military, naval or civil service.

If, then, the Court should convict and Johnson should resist, the Court has but to order the Secretary of War and General-in-chief to bring the requisite force, and the Presidential rebellion would be ended. It is proper to add that the trial will proceed whether Johnson appears to answer the charge or not. Under these circumstances the guards against trouble are such as to leave no room for uneasiness. Secretary Stanton cannot be removed without the consent of the Senate. It is true that Johnson might attempt to issue military orders to the army not to obey the orders of Stanton or Grant, but the law organizing the army and regulating the army provides for the forms to be observed, and any such effort as is here alluded to would be a fresh breach of law, and no officer would be found to obey it. The impeachment was not resolved upon until the ground was thoroughly examined, but being begun, and being now in regular course, it must go on, and Johnson cannot resist.

Burning of Barnum's Museum.

Barnum's museum, New York, was, on Tuesday night last, destroyed by fire. The fire, which originated on the third floor, in the room devoted to the birds, was first discovered about 12.30, and, notwithstanding the efforts of the fire department, several companies of which were promptly on the spot, the whole building was soon enveloped in flames.

But a small portion of the contents of the building were saved. The elephant, known as Tom Thumb, a leopard, giraffe and cow, were got out uninjured. The rest of the animals were burned. The cries were appalling.

Mrs. Swann, the giantess, and the beautiful Circassian girl, who slept in the building, narrowly escaped with their lives, and took refuge in an eating saloon opposite, where they formed the centre of attraction to a group of spectators, policemen, and reporters.

Mr. Barnum's loss will be about $300,000, said to be insured. The cause of the fire is at present unknown.

A. J. Advised to Resign.

The Democracy having used Andrew Johnson about as long as it is safe, now advise him to resign. The argument they use to induce him to take this step, is that the Senate will certainly find him guilty and that he will forever be disqualified from holding office; while if he resigns they will make him their candidate and elect him President for the next four years! A. J. don't exactly "see it," but then the Democracy have used him as their tool for sometime, and they intend if they do not make him see that, to make him see stars. It is quite evident the Democracy intend to squelch A. J. if the Republicans do not, and all of the holy horror expressed at his impeachment is only so much sounding brass. Andrew Johnson is politically dead and damned, and any man or party who makes common cause with him will share a similar fate.

American Securities.

The prediction that American securities will decline in Europe in consequence of the removal of President Johnson, and the installation of Benjamin F. Wade, is a wretched canard. To all such prophets we commend the safe advice of Hosea Biglow; "Don't never prophesy unless ye know."

All the tendencies of Johnson's malevolent, unstable, retrograde, weak and uncertain administration have been to unsettle and weaken our securities at home and abroad. We cannot think that an administration headed by President Wade, with a Cabinet and all minor offices in harmony with the laws, and with Congress, and with the majority of the American people, could have any other effect on our securities than to advance their value by re-establishing the shattered unity and harmony of the Government.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

EDITORIAL & MISCELLANEOUS.

—The artist's State—Pencil-vania.

—Domestic cannibals—Backbiters.

—Good place for pic-nics—Sandwich.

—An explainer—A retired carpenter.

—Contentment is better than wealth.

—Of what trade is the sun?—A tanner.

—Dying prayer of a dog—Guide my bark.

—A modern night cap—Hot gin and water.

—What lady's name is spelt forward and backward the same? Eve.

—Why is a galvanic battery like murder? Because it is a shocking affair.

—What class of women are most apt to give tone to society? The belles.

—When is a man justified in calling his wife honey? When she is bee-loved.

—What time is that which is spelt forward and backward, is the same? Noon.

—The young lady who took the gentleman's fancy has returned it with thanks.

—When a man wears a wig can he be said to be putting on (h)airs?

—You can't preserve happy domestic pairs in family jars.

—Three things to govern—temper, tongue and conduct.

—A frog does not remember when he was a tadpole, but others do.

—If you carry the cross cheerfully, it will carry you safely.

—Few ladies are so modest as to refuse to sit in the lap of luxury.

—Tobacco should not be chewed, but eschewed.

—Envelopes furnished and printed at this office, for $2.50 per thousand.

—New style cards printed at the Spy office, for $1.25 per thousand.

—The Columbia Oil Company's property has produced 1,162,000 barrels of oil.

—How child-like are the "Slobberings" of Brigham this week.

—A girl with a "ringing laugh" caused an alarm of fire in Peoria. They took her for a bottle.

—H. F. Brooks has removed his hat and cap store to the building formerly occupied by Gen. Fisher as a law office, on Front St.

—Magnolia Water—a delightful toilet article—superior to cologne and at half the price.

—In Cheyenne they "warn" an idle man to leave the place, and if he don't go they hang him.

—That gal told the truth for once in her life, when she sung "We girls never mean half we say."

—The first thing a hen says to her brood and not the last thing a child says to his father—"Shell out!"

—An ingenius Frenchman has patented an illuminating cane for bachelors who return home late at night.

—Two young women in Cleveland have been committing highway robberies. It is Leap Year, you know.

—Mr. Fox, of the American Theatre, Philadelphia, makes a weekly distribution of bread to the poor.

—Sir Frederick Bruce had personal property in England to the amount of $350,000.

—A man in Prussia plays on sixteen drums with forty-eight drum sticks.

—The La Crosse *Democrat* says the punishment of treason is death. Not while Jeff. Davis and Brick Pomeroy live.

—A few days since, at Newmarket, Tennessee, a woman who was waltzing at a public ball fell on the floor dead.

—The game laws of Ohio forbid the shooting of quails, turkeys, rabbits, etc., between the 1st of February and the 15th of October.

—Use Warren's Electric Churn! It saves labor and makes more butter than any other churn. For sale by Fred. Bucher, Columbia.

—General Burnside has contracted for the construction of the Chicago and Vincennes Railroad in Illinois, to finish the whole line within two years from November 27th, 1867.

—A young lady of Bangor, died very suddenly, lately, from an overdose of arsenic, which she had been in the habit of taking to improve her complexion.

—Special attention of Ladies is invited to Wm. T. Hopkins' Three Grades of Hoop Skirts, the "*Keystone Skirt*," "*Union Skirt*," and "*Champion Skirt*." Read advertisement in this issue.

—Families in Philadelphia, in asking for ministers of the Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal Conference, which meets shortly in that city, stipulate that they will accept none who use tobacco in any form.

—Commodore Nutt has been skating in Leavenworth, and one of the papers of the town remarks that "he paddled out his little drumsticks with astonishing celerity."

—Gen. Joe Hooker is in Rome; General McClellan and wife are in Florence; Gen. Cluseret is in Paris, and Gen. Cassius M. Clay in St. Petersburg.

—Printing of every description done at this office, such as Bill Heads, Blanks of all kinds, Business Cards, Circulars, Checks, Envelopes, Letter Heads, Notes, Handbills, &c., at the lowest cash prices.

—The "new thing under the sun," of which Solomon doubted, is Phalon's "Flor De Mayo," that rare perfume for the handkerchief. It cannot be described, for there is nothing like it in the whole realm of fragrance. Sold by all druggists.

—The York *True Democrat* says that Brigham young, of Utah, adopts the style of Brick Pomeroy and imagines that bad grammar, violent denunciation, unmeasured recklessness and arrant nonsense, are substitutes for brains, reason, logic and argument.

—Curious Coincidence.—There is a married couple living in the village of Vinton, Iowa, whose birth-day anniversaries fall on the same day, and on the recent recurrence of this anniversary, namely, on the 17th of February last, a little stranger made its appearance at their fire side—the first born.

—The Meriden (Ct.) hotel-keeper, in whose house Mr. Frederick Douglass was excluded from the common table because he was a "nigger," on Thursday assaulted Mr. Riggs, the editor of the *Recorder*, in that city, for commenting on the affair. Ives, the hotel-keeper, was arrested, and held to answer both a civil and criminal action.

—The Doublin *Weekly News* prints a cut of George Francis Train astride a locomotive, cigar in mouth, and the inevitable striped pantaloons insuparable from an Englishman's idea of a Yankee, while John Bull stands upon the track, with bludgeon in one hand and the British flag in the other, disputing his progress.

—Caution.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of iron,) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

—The Fairbanks' Scale to-day is better than ever before. Their sharpest rivalry has been with themselves, and in this they themselves have alone succeeded. The excellence and rigid accuracy with which they have built up their splendid reputation is still keeping that reputation bright, and their scales still stand far beyond all others in durability, uniform accuracy, and convenience.

—A Good Fruit Prospect.—Among the numerous blessings which are promised to us through the Pacific Railroad, when it is completed, is an abundance of fruit. Grapes of every variety are produced in California, and then can be sent east early in the season, and at a moderate cost. It is expected that the demand will be enormous when the quality of the grapes becomes known. Figs, plums, peaches, pears and quinces also flourish there; and Oregon, it is said, has not a rival in producing the apple and pear.

—"The Sweetest Thing in Life" is good health and good spirits, and if you feel languid, take the next best thing is what will restore bloom to the faded cheek and happiness to the drooping heart. The great and sure remedy is Plantation Bitters, which our physicians recommend to both male and female patients as a safe, reliable, agreeable and cordial stimulant. They contain nothing to disagree with the most delicate constitution, and have won golden opinions from all who have tried them; and probably no article was ever tried by so many persons. They elevate the depressed and give strength to the weak.

Hair is the robe which curious Nature weaves
And does adorn our bodies,
And that alone remains when every other
beauty's gone.

Whenever a new article has come up promising to enrich, adorn or lengthen this most ornamental of all coverings, our people have been exceedingly forward in giving it a trial, and in more instances than one have been sadly disappointed. It is then with great reluctance that we feel disposed to urge anything new in the way of Hair Restorers, and we would not do so now, but for the reason that we have in our mind an article of super excellent quality, one that we have tried, and know full well its value. It is not only a dressing that beautifies and renders the hair of a natural glossy appearance, but it lengthens it and will restore it to its original color. If red and has become gray it will bring back the red. If flaxen, back to flaxen, if black the raven's plume cannot outvie the lustre with which it will again return to it. We know of a score of persons whose faded and fallen hair has been completely restored by it. We speak of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. Use no other or you will be disappointed.

LATEST NEWS.

The Ohio Republican Convention met on Wednesday last, and nominated a State ticket, headed by William White for Judge of the Supreme Court. Resolutions were adopted supporting Gen. Grant and Senator Wade for President and Vice President, and declaring for greenback payment and taxation of bonds.

About sixty laborers and other employees of the Treasury Department are to be discharged, Congress having made no provision for their payment.

A train on the Canandaigua Railroad ran off the track near Gorham, N. Y., a few days ago, and three cars were set on fire by the upsetting of a stove. Twelve persons were burned, three of them fatally.

A cattle disease, by some supposed to be the rinderpest, is raging near Baltimore. Thirty-five out of thirty-eight cases in one stable were fatal.

The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention met at Harrisburg, on Wednesday last, and chose electors to the Presidential Convention. The resolutions adopted denounce Congress, and favor greenback payment of the public debt. Charles C. Boyle was nominated for Auditor General, and Gen. Ent for Surveyor General.

The steamers M. S. Mepham and Fanny Scott were burned at St. Louis, a few days ago. Total loss $100,000.

The Metropolitan hotel, and an adjoining building, in Peoria, Illinois, were burned on Sunday night last, causing a loss of nearly one hundred thousand dollars.

The Rynham tack factory, at Taunton, Mass., was destroyed by an incendiary fire on Monday night. Loss $20,000.

The President has ordered General Dan. E. Sickles, whose present rank in the regular army is that of Colonel, to proceed at once to Texas, report for duty to General Hancock, and take command of the Twentieth Infantry. General Sickels is at present in New Hampshire, and, it is reported, will object to serving under Hancock, as he ranked that officer during the war.

Daniel Lord, Esq., the eminent New York Lawyer, died on Thursday.

The Blackfeet Indians in Montana, are reported to have begun hostilities against the whites. It is also reported that twelve hundred Indians have assembled around Fort Laramie and are behaving menacingly.

A Pittsburg dispatch says that several persons were killed yesterday morning by an accident at Broadhead tunnel, on the Pan Handle railroad.

Four men were killed and one seriously injured by the untimely explosion of a blast near Chicago, on Wednesday afternoon.

Nearly 500 petitions in Bankruptcy have been filled since yesterday week in New York.

Gold closed yesterday at 142. The stock market was inactive.

Congressional Proceedings.

A communication was presented by the Chair from the Chief Justice of the United States, embodying his views in regard to the rules established on the subject of impeachment, which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the select Committee of seven. A memorial from the Grand Army of the Republic was presented by the Chair. The managers then proceeded to the Senate, and presented the articles of impeachment, after which they returned and informed the House of the reply of the Senate. The bill for the printing of extra copies of the impeachment document and the Senate bill for the promulgation of the laws of the United States, were both passed. The joint resolutions relative to the Representative elect from Tennessee were allowed to go over. A resolution was adopted instructing the General commanding the army to report the number of votes cast for and against the adoption of the Alabama constitution. A resolution was adopted instructing the Ways and Means Committee to inquire into the propriety of amending the tariff laws regarding the duties on copper, iron, and lead. A resolution relative to the purchase of property in New York, on which to erect warehouses, was adopted. On motion, the architect of the Capitol was instructed to remove the iron fence in the old hall. By unanimous consent a bill was introduced providing that, in case of the removal of the Chief Justice, from any cause whatever, the duties of the office shall devolve upon the senior associate justice until the appointment of a successor. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, with leave to report at any time. The Speaker announced that the funeral of Mr. Baxter, formerly a Representative from Vermont, would take place at 3 P. M. next Sunday. By unanimous consent a bill was introduced and passed appointing managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Soldiers.

Letter from Berks County.

NEWPORTVILLE, March 2d, 1868.

MR. RAMBO:—The only topic worth writing about, and one which absorbs the interests of our common country is IMPEACHMENT; which I fear from a lack of nerve tending, may prove to be an everlasting job. But despair is an emotion the heart should not admit. It appears to me that a large portion of the people of this country are sadly demented. A Republican form of government is certainly the most rational and just form of government that can be formed, if founded on equity and equality of privileges to the inhabitants, with merit only as the touchstone of immunities. The people of this country, in the aggregate, are intelligent—yes, a reading people. Our public school system has been pouring forth a stream of light to every nook and corner of the Republic. Now what is the cause of this great commotion in our country? The native people has been cradled in the lap of Democracy, and the doctrine has been preached and promulgated for nearly a century "that all men are created equal, and endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

It is not hard to divine the cause of the great ebullition of sentiment that pervades the minds of the people of our country at present. A few bold, bad men have got hold of the reins of government, through the cowardice of Andrew Johnson, who has thrown himself into the arms of the *Rebel Democracy* to escape the ball of the assassin, well knowing that there is not a man in the whole Union party, dastardly enough to take the life of a traitor, without due process of law. This Republic is founded on a rock, and God has given us GRANT in fee simple that it must stand. The New York *bullies* may roar and bluster; the *traitors* may wince, and the *Democratic* papers may preach and publish all the deceit that sophistry can invent, it will avail them nothing; humanity will and must triumph over *barbarism*. It is the earnest wish of the true and firm friends of the Union, who put down the Southern rebels, and faced the jeers and scorn of Northern traitors, that no rupture shall happen. Let impeachment take its Constitutional course, and the result is what it may. But, if the New York pick-pockets should march on to Washington, to molest Congress, Commander Logan would be surrounded with more than two hundred thousand of the Grand Army of the Republic in less than one week; I have no fears of any disastrous results. The Great Ruler of the Universe will adopt wisdom and justice to the course of human events.

Yours truly,
PHILIP F. WISLER.

AT Harrisburg the Democracy repeated the stale story of every year since the rebellion. The resolutions contain the ordinary rehash of abuse and invective, and breathe a sincere desire for the flesh-pots of slavery and office. The soldier candidates of last year were unanimously thrown overboard, the party managers having apparently come to the conclusion that soldiers are an unprofitable investment, even if used merely as military decoy ducks. The men who fought are not to be entrapped, and the rank and file—the unwashed, unterrified, and uncombed—dislike to have to vote for a "moral ulcer."—*Press.*

DAVID MECONKEY, a well known and much respected resident of West Chester, Pa., died last week, in the 68th year of his age. The deceased was an extensive property holder in his own and adjoining counties, and had conducted the banking business for many years with great success.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

This remedy has long been cherished by the community for its remarkable efficacy in relieving, healing and curing the most obstinate, painful and long standing cases of *Cough, Cold, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Inflammation* of the *Lungs*; while even *Consumption* itself has yielded to its magic influence when all other means have failed. Its whole history proves that the fast has produced no remedy of equal value, as a cure for the numerous and dangerous pulmonary affections which prevail all over the land.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

FROM ANDREW ARCHER, Esq., of Fairfield, Me.

"About eight years since my son, Henry A. Archer, now Postmaster at Fairfield, Somerset county, Me., was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of Lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a "SEATED CONSUMPTION." He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit of it. At length, from the solicitation of himself and others, I was induced to purchase *one bottle* of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which benefited him so much I obtained another bottle, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I think I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, I think, all it purports to be—THE GREAT LIVE REMEDY FOR THE TIMES! The above statement, gentlemen, is my *voluntary* offering to you in favor of your Balsam, and is at your disposal."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

AMESBURY, Mass., Oct. 13th, 1863.

Mr. Grace—Dear Sir:—My child has been afflicted grievously for several weeks with a severe abscess upon my side. I tried several remedies for its eradication without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure. I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues. Yours with respect,

JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statement.

H. S. DEARBORN, M. D.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.
Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents a box. By mail 35 cents. [mar 7-1mo.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY AND GIRL IN THE LAND.

The great secrets of Beauty; or, How to be Beautiful, and How to retain it until good Old Age.

Will be sent, post paid, for only one dollar. Address A. O. ELFORD, Station D. P. O., New York. Feb. 29, '68-tf.

BLINDNESS, DEAFNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The Medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. May 4th, 1y]

CLIMAX.

Page's Climax Salve, for burns, scalds, scrofula, salt rheum, sores, broken breasts, frost bites, chilblains, stings, bruises, cuts, swellings, &c., whether upon man or beast, is the most wonderful article ever produced. Other good articles alleviate; this cures. It allays inflammation, subdues pain, and heals without a scar. It is worth its weight in gold to any family, and should always be on hand. It is warranted to do what it says every time.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS.

Were first used in private practice in 1825. They were introduced to the public in 1835, since which time their reputation has extended, until they have a sale in excess of all other cathartic and purifying medicines. There is hardly a family among civilized nations who have not personal evidence of their beneficial effects. Their great success is owing to their uniform reliability in cases of constipation bilious and stomachic diseases, whether of long or short duration. They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and harmless to the gentlest infant. One ingredient opens the pores of the skin; another is diuretic; and stimulates proper action of the kidneys; a third is emollient, loosening phlegm and humor from the lungs; other properties are warming and cathartic, and cleanse the stomach and bowels from unhealthy secretions. Their combined effect is, to regulate the impaired functions of the system, and to produce health. It is not asserted Moffat's Pills are a cure-all—that they will cure all complaints—but under ordinary circumstances they may be relied upon to cure nervous and sick headache, costiveness, dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice, liver and bilious complaints, colds, scurvy, general weakness &c. They are expressly made for these diseases. Millions upon millions of cures can be cited. In no single instance has a complaint ever come to our knowledge, where they have not operated as recommended.

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Moffat's Life Pills are 25 cents per box. Moffat's Phenix Bitters, $1 per bottle. They are sold by all respectable dealers throughout the continents and the islands of the ocean.

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aug 17 '67-1y]

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SCRATCH! SCRATCH!! SCRATCH!!!
in from 10 to 48 hours.

Wheaton's Ointment	*cures*	The Itch.
Wheaton's Ointment	*cures*	Salt Rheum.
Wheaton's Ointment	*cures*	Tetter.
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Wheaton's Ointment	*cures*	Old Sores.
Wheaton's Ointment	*cures*	Every kind of Humor like Magic.

Price, 50 cents a box; by mail, 60 cents. Address WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. [sept 21-1yr.

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Improved — We began in 1861 to make improvements in the style and make of Ready Made Clothing, and continued to do so, introducing new styles and ideas every year, so that the entire character of the business is now vastly better and totally different from the systems of older houses.

What Customers Want. — Our first idea is to learn exactly WHAT THE CUSTOMERS WANT, and instead of persuading him to buy what may be most conveniently at hand, we take the utmost pains to meet HIS wishes.

Size 31 x 150 *feet* — The building we occupy is the MOST CONVENIENT SIZE, LARGEST AND BEST ADAPTED for our business of any in Philadelphia.

140 Windows. — Customers can *see* what they are buying, our Establishment being on the corner of three large streets, Market, Sixth and Minor streets, so that doubt light is afforded from all directions. A light store is far better for customers than a dark one.

The Large Purchase. — *Merchants know* that our sales are larger than those of any other house in Philadelphia, in our line: hence we have to buy larger quantities of goods, and so get them at lower prices, especially as we buy altogether for cash. Buying cheapest, we can sell cheapest.

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DEDUCTIONS.

Deductions. — From all of the above we deduce this one fact, that Oak Hall has ALL the advantages of any other Clothing Establishments in the city, and in addition thereto,

1st—A firm composed of young men of the present generation, fully in sympathy with the tastes of the day.

2d.—An insight into the wants of the people and an enterprise to meet these wants, which in seven years has placed Oak Hall in a position not always attained in experience of twenty-five years.

3d.—A Building better located, better lighted, better adapted, more convenient and its appointments more and extended will Multiply advantages, which we divide between our customers and ourselves.

A visit to Oak Hall will prove every fact above stated.

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The Corner of Sixth and Market streets.
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COLGATE'S AROMATIC VEGETABLE SOAP, a superior TOILET SOAP, prepared from refined VEGETABLE OILS in combination with GLYCERINE, and especially designed for the use of LADIES and for the NURSERY. Its perfume is exquisite and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists. [may 25, '67-1y.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. may18, '67-1y]

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

Is a soothing expectorant, prepared to meet the urgent need of a safe and reliable cure for diseases of the throat and lungs. A trial of many years has established the fact, that it is more efficacious in pulmonary affections, than any other remedy. Its efficacy has now become so generally known, that it is justly regarded in many countries as a medicine of indispensable necessity. In Great Britain, France, and Germany, where medical science has reached its highest perfection, it is prescribed in domestic practice, and constantly used in the armies, in hospitals and other public institutions, where it is regarded by the attending physicians as the most speedy and agreeable remedy that can be employed. Scarcely any neighborhood can be found where well known cases of diseased lungs, which had baffled the efforts of the most skillful and experienced doctors, have been permanently cured by it. These results are the most convincing proofs of the superior curative properties of this preparation; and to them the authors point with peculiar satisfaction. While it is most powerful against confirmed diseases, it is extremely gentle as a medicine in infancy and youth, being quite harmless to even the youngest, when administered judiciously.

This health restorer accomplishes even more by prevention than cure. If taken in season, it heals all irritations of the throat and lungs, whether arising from Colds or Coughs, or from other causes, and thus prevent that long train of painful and incurable diseases, which would arise from the neglect of them. Hence no family should be without it. Influenza, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Incipient Consumption, and other affections of the breathing organs, give way before this pre-eminent combination of medical virtues.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. [feb 1-2mo

SOME FOLKS CAN'T SLEEP NIGHTS.

Very many suffer from general debility, others from weakness of the stomach and inability to digest their food; some have creeping sensations along the nerve fibres, or pain in the back, with aching and weary throbbing of the limbs. Thousands of ladies suffer through long years from what are called *Female Complaints*, caused by the relaxation of muscle and ligament that attend deficiency of vital force. Thousands of business men, overworked in mind and body, use up the nervous fluid and become unfit for duty or the enjoyments of life. Excesses in youth, and the terrible effects of fever and ague, involve shattered constitutions and the failure of the general functions of health. To sufferers from all these causes,

DODD'S NERVINE AND INVIGORATOR

offers an invaluable boon—a natural and efficient recovery of lost powers. No person, man or woman, suffering from any cause, can afford to neglect this remedy. The Nervine will be found to possess an equalizing and nutritive principle. It allays irritation, and like sleep promotes the secretions of the system. It has affinity for the nervous fibres, and supplies them for the waste that is constantly taking place. Like wholesome food taken into the stomach, it induces rapid digestion, invigorating in its process the digestive organs, and producing a

CALMNESS AND TRANQUILITY,

unknown to any other preparation. It contains no opium or hasheesh, and so far from producing costiveness, it will be found an efficient cure for constipation, and has obtained a world-wide renown for this peculiarity.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

"Dear Doctor: The last medicine prescribed by you I obtained, and