The Columbia Spy.

A. M. RAMBO,.....EDITOR

COLUMBIA PA.

Saturday, Jan. 6, 1866.

Advertisements, to secure Immediate insertion must be handed in on or before Thursday evening each week.

The News.

Edward B. Ketchum, the gold speculator in New York, has been sentenced to an imprisonment of four years and six months.

Martin, the alleged accomplice of Kennedy in the plot to burn New York, has been discharged from the custody of Gen. Hooker, on a writ of habeas corpus.

The public debt of the United States on the first of January. The debt bearing coin interest is $1,167,148,291 80; debt bearing currency interest, $1,179,475,235 50; debt bearing no interest, $459,519,950 37. Total debt, $2,807,310,357 99. The amount of cash in the Treasury is $90,728,821 80.

Secretary McCullough contemplates issuing in a few days proposals for funding one hundred millions of certificates of indebtedness and compound interest notes into five-twenties. So says a special Washington dispatch.

The reports of the Surgeon U. S. A. have just been issued. They show an aggregate of 73,470 wounded for the first two years of the war, and the battle-field lists of wounded for the years 1864-65 include over 114,000 names.

The total amount of naval prize-money distributed thus far is $8,500,000.

The Pennsylvania Legislature assembled at Harrisburg on Tuesday. Hon. Davis Fleming, of Dauphin county, was chosen Speaker of the Senate, and James R. Kelley, of Washington county, Speaker of the House of Representatives. Gov. Curtin, previous to his departure for Cuba, left a brief message for the Legislature.

The President's New Year's reception was a brilliant affair. The members of the Cabinet, the Diplomatic Corps, numerous members of Congress and many officers of the army and navy, including Lieut. Gen. Grant, and staff. were present.

The colored persons at the capital were admitted and paid their respects to the President yesterday. The Cabinet, Mayor, and many citizens also gave receptions.

Hon. Morton McMichael, Mayor elect of Philadelphia, was inaugurated on New Year's day, in presence of the members of the Select and Common Councils. Mayor Henry, upon retiring, delivered a feeling address to the Police, and was presented with a magnificent gold watch and chain.

Conflict of Authority in East Tennessee.

A conflict of authority occurred between the civil and military authorities at Danbridge, East Tennessee, under the following circumstances: A party of soldiers, under orders, killed the guerrilla Thornhill, some months ago. These men, under an act of Congress, were tried, acquitted and discharged by court-martial. They were indicted before Judge Swan, in the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, for the same offense, and by him remanded to prison. General Thomas ordered their release. The order was disregarded, and the force sent to release the prisoners captured by the Sheriff *posse comitatus* and imprisoned. Gen. Stoneman has sent two hundred men under officers, to release the prisoners and arrest all who resisted General Thomas' order. This will include the Judge, Sheriff and many citizens. The military have taken possession of Danbridge and will remain until all troubles end.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

DEAD LETTER SALE.—The great sale of articles accumulated through the year in the Dead Letter office was commenced on Saturday by Boteler, and has been continued with the liveliest kind of bidding ever since. Over half of the immense catalogue is of articles of jewelry, of the "dollar" sort, but with sprinkling enough of the genuine to induce a lively competition. Upwards of three hundred articles in the collection are packages of patent medicines, in the shape of pills, powders, unguents, oils, old school, and new school, allopathic, homeopathic, Thompsonian, eclectic, and all sorts, for the relief of every malady known to man or woman. There are over one hundred and fifty gold (supposed to be) watches on the catalogue, and no end of silver watches. Also an indescribable medley of all the varieties of wares known to civilization. Amongst the odd articles thus passed through Uncle Sam's mails finding their way to the Dead Letter office, are sets of shoemaker's tools, packages of felt hats, iron cog wheels (small), lots of lampwicks, dress elevators false bosoms (ladies'), shoulder straps, pieces of a piano, lamp burners, hundreds of military books, &c., &c. The proceeds from the sales will be deposited, subject to the order of the owners should any of them ever turn up.—*Washington Star.*

Explosion of the Boilers at Cordelia Furnace.

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO BADLY INJURED.

Report of the Coroner's Jury held by Deputy Coroner, Daniel Culley.

About half past seven o'clock on Friday evening, 29th ult., as we had finished pressing our edition, our citizens were startled by a loud report, causing the windows, in all parts of the Borough, to shake. Everyone rushed out to see what was the cause, but no one could tell.

A messenger soon arrived with the startling intelligence that the boilers at Cordelia Furnace, situated about two miles from Columbia, on the R & C. R. R., had been blown up.

The excitement was intense, and the road was soon filled with all manner of vehicles, and persons on foot, wending their way to the scene of the disaster.

We arrived there at eight o'clock, and such a scene we never before witnessed. The Furnace was a total wreck, and the wood-work on fire. Of four boilers, only one remained whole and that was carried off about one hundred yards. Two were bursted completely. The half of one was carried about five hundred yards into a neighboring field, and the other was lodged against a large wagon, demolishing it completely. The debris was scattered in all directions, for hundreds of yards around the Furnace. The houses in the vicinity were shaken, as though by an earthquake, breaking all the windows, and many dishes in the cupboards. Children, seated on chairs, were thrown violently on the floor.

John Lutz was instantly killed. He was engaged in filling, with Shiffer, and was blown from that over the Casting House, striking the Bell, carrying it with him. He was found in a run about one hundred yards off, with his head and one arm blown off. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his loss.

Jeremiah Conklin, was severely injured.

George Shiffer also severely injured.

Daniel Neff was buried by the debris, but was rescued without serious injury.

Mrs. J. L. McMichael was in an outhouse at the time of the explosion, and it was shattered by pieces of boiler and splinters, but she, fortunately and almost miraculously escaped, without injury.

The Furnace belonged to our townsman, Col. C. S. Kauffman, and great regret is expressed for the unfortunate affair. The Farnace was rebuilt during the summer and everything put in the most complete order for the successful manufacture of pig iron. Now everything is a shapeless mass of ruins, and the loss is very great. No cause is assigned for this great catastrophe.

At the Inquisition held on the 31st day of December 1865 upon the body of John M. Lutz, killed by the explosion of the boilers of Cordelia Furnace on the evening of Dec. 29th. The following testimony was elicited:

JEREMIAH CONKLIN, *Affirmed.*—

Am assistant Engineer, and have been so employed since last April. Never was Engineer previous, but had been employed about the Furnace for the last three years. On the evening of Dec. 29th, went on turn at 5,45 o'clock, and found the pressure indicated by steam gauge 85 lb., to the square inch. The Furnace was making gas freely, the water in the boiler flush at the first gauge, and low at the second.—At a quarter of 7 o'clock had 110 lb, of steam, then opened the flue doors and removed the weight on safety valve beam further in, and turned on the two pumps until the water appeared in the upper gauge, at about twenty minutes to 8 o,clk. the pressure was about 85 lb., turned pumps off, and sat down on chair in engine house when explosion took place.

The steam increased with both pumps on, never had more than 110 lb. pressure, and never before this time. Do not know how I got out of the building.

JOHN DAUM, *sworn.*—

Am principal Engineer, left the Furnace at 5,30 o'clock, had 80 lb. pressure, the water flush in middle gague, generally carried 80 lbs. of steam—the safety valves blow off at that pressure. After a high pressure the safety valves sometimes stick when coming down, have carried over 100 lb. pressure. The gauge worked right as far as I knew. Have found the weight on a few occasions out on the end of the safety valve beam, and charged the assistant Engineer to be more careful as there was danger. Steam will not increase with both pumps on, could not raise the pressure from 85 to 100 lbs. in twenty minutes. Have been Engineer at the Furnace for two years, and employed at it for twelve years. Cannot tell the cause of the explosion, did not trust the boilers as they were old. There was plenty of water in the boilers when I left. When speaking of pressure I mean as indicated by the *steam gauge.* Always regulated the boilers so they would till alike. The boilers were well supported. After the explosion when I first saw the pumps they were turned off. I never used both pumps at the same time. Mr. Kauffman instructed me not to carry more than 80 lbs. pressure.—The chair in engine house was not broken nor injured.

HENRY MAY, *Sworn.*—

Came to the Furnace about 6 o'clock, was in casting house a little after 7 o'clock the boilers exploded; after things became quiet, ran from the Furnace, found Lutz, close to a run, he was lying on his face much mutilated.

M. A. REID, *Affirmed.*—

Was formerly manager at the Furnace for nine years,—two of the boilers were in use about nine years, and one eighteen years. When manager I never allowed more than 70 or 80 lbs. pressure. On Saturday two weeks ago happening to be in the engine room, I observed that the steam gauge indicated 105 lbs. and the safety valve blowing off very freely. This was a greater pressure than I ever allowed to be carried.—I did not think the pressure safe at 90 lbs. It was not necessary to carry more than 70 to 80 lbs. to run the engine and machinery efficiently,—considered boilers sufficiently safe with care,—think the explosion was caused for want of water in boilers,—the engineer could not increase pressure with both pumps on. About fifteen months ago the boilers were examined and repaired by a practical boiler maker, after the repairs were supposed to be completed, I discovered a very slight defect in one boiler, but which was immediately repaired.

B. A. PRICE, *Affirmed.*—

Am present manager of Furnace—examined the valves which stopped the water on and off the pumps, as soon as the debris was removed, they had not been disturbed since the explosion, found them all together with the injector turned off. Do not think there could have been sufficient water in the boilers.

J. L. MCMICHAEL, *Affirmed.*—

Am founder at Furnace—examined pumps, and cocks, with Mr. Kauffman, and found them all closed—have known the boilers to carry 100 lbs. pressure—did not think Conklin competent to put an engine together or regulate one if out of order—think he was competent to run the engine—never found him inattentive on duty—Sometimes the motion of engine was not as regular as desired—Considered it part of my duty to see that boilers had sufficient water and did not carry too much pressure—examined the boilers about 5.45 P. M.—found water flush at second gauge in one set, and above first gauge in other,—never saw both pumps on at same time—steam was blowing off freely at safety valves for some time previous to explosion.

JOHN BEST, *sworn.*—

Am a boiler maker—was acquainted with the condition of boilers at Cordelia Furnace—replaced these boilers about fifteen months ago, and put in one new in addition—at the request of Col. C. S. Kauffman, examined all the old boilers—their condition was good, with the exception of the head of one boiler which I replaced with a new one. In making connections with the mud drums I had an opportunity of examining the condition and quality of iron in old boilers and considered it good. From my experience as a boiler maker and knowledge of the power of steam, I am satisfied that the three exploded boilers were good or they would not have made such havoc. The use of the boilers during the last fifteen months would not impair their quality—have no recollection of Mr. Reid having me to place a patch upon a defect in one of the boilers which he had discovered—would not like to carry 110 lbs. pressure on any boiler of same kind. In my opinion the explosion was caused for the want of water in boilers.

COL. C. S. KAUFFMAN, *Affirmed.*—

Am proprietor of Cordelia Furnace.—The weight on the levers bearing down the safety valves is 56 lbs. each. The length of fulcrum to valve is 4 inches, and 44 inches from valve to end of lever, and the action of lever 7½ lbs., diameter of valve 3¼ inches. Therefore making the utmost pressure which could be on the safety valve 79 lbs., there were two safety valves of this kind. My opinion is the explosion was caused by there not being sufficient water in the boilers. I believe Conklin, was entirely competent to regulate the steam and water—I always felt satisfied the steam gauge indicated more pressure than actually was contained in the boilers; and knew that it registered 15 lbs., more than the safety valve.

The following is the verdict of the jury;

"That the said John M. Lutz came to his death by the explosion of the boilers at the Cordelia Furnace, in West Hempfield twp., Lancaster County, on the evening of Dec. 29th, 1865, at about 7½ o'clock, the cause of the explosion being in the opinion of the Jury, from the testimony, that the boilers were not of sufficient strength to bear the pressure carried on said evening."

Letter from Washington.

Washington, Jan. 2, 1866.

MR. EDITOR:—Owing to the adjournment of Congress many person have left Washington to visit their homes in the different states, and the streets present rather a cheerless, deserted appearance; were it not for unusual display in the shop windows of those little things so indispensable at this season of the year we would have nothing to remind us that we are in the midst of the holidays.

As the ladies of Columbia have established a "Freedmens' Aid Society," an account of a meeting held in the House of Representatives, on the evening of the 13th ult. in celebration of the anniversity of the "National Freedmen's Aid Society" may not prove uninteresting. The Hall was filled to its utmost capacity long before the time for the opening exercises; hundreds having tickets being unable to procure even standing room. Chief Justice Chase called the meeting to order, and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr Garnet, Colored. During the prayer a lady (?) in the audience unable to contain her feelings expressed her disgust at the fact that "a negro should be allowed to address a white audience," but finding no one inclined to sypathize with her she left the room and amused the door-keeper and those in the lobby, by giving vent to her feelings in sundry vehement gestures, and rediculous expressions.

Mr. Chase introduced as the orator of the evening, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who extolled the nobility of work, the right of a negro to be a co-laborer with a white man: the negro right to freedom of person, and protection of property and argued at length in favor of negro and female suffrage, with respect to the latter he said: "We would never emerge from barbarism until we cease to make these odious distinctions between man and woman. Politics will always be barbarous until men and women give their votes together. Woman is the great civilizer, and when woman stops at home and man goes abroad the man begins to be animal." An old lady sitting back of us seemed rejoiced that she had at last found a champion in the great cause of "womans right's" and expressed her gratification by exclaiming, "I've advocated that doctrine for twenty-five years."

Hon. Reverdy Johnson argued a case in the U. S. Supreme Court, a few days ago, in which the question of the constitutionality of the Test Oath was involved, the argument was an able one, and listened to with intense interest.

* * * * * *

New Year's day was ushered upon us in a disagreeable manner. It was raining nearly all day, but notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather did not prevent the Avenue from being crowded from the Capitol to the White House.—At 11 o'clock the doors of the mansion were thrown open to high dignitaries. At noon, the reception of the citizens commenced and continued for a long time. The President looked cheerful and did not appear to be troubled in receiving such a mass of visitors. The daughters of the President were in attendance.

In the afternoon the colored persons who had congregated around, were admitted and paid their respects to the President.

The following order has just been issued and it will be read with satisfaction by all interested;

"To prevent shameful extortions on the part of knavish agents acting for discharged soldiers, it is ordered that all drafts be issued to the order of the claimant, and that the same shall not be paid by the depositary upon whom it is drawn without the veritable endorsement of the payee; and not in any case to receive his endorsement by an attorney.

CORRESPONDENT

—The Mills House, at Charleston, S. C., was opened on Wednesday, for the first time since the commencement of the war.

Editorial and Miscellaneous.

—Slippery—The pavements.

—Departed—The ice on the river.

—Still running—The Steamboat.

—Heavy—Gas bills for the last term.

—Cause—'Tis said to be on account of the high price of coal.

—Good—Breneman's treat on New Year's Day.

No more!—Assassination Trials at Hess' Book Store.

—Fond of company—The Lewisburg *Journal.*

—Left town—Geo. A. Hyers. Success attend him.

—Why are the Muscadoras like a vessel? Because they have a Saylor.

—"Would that we had never met!" as the soldier said when the minnie ball hit him.

—Beauty's alloy—every rose has its thorns, you never will find a woman without pins and needles.

—Ann Story was married to Bob Short.—A very pleasant way of making a Story Short.

—Why is the Restaurant at the Washington House like Mrs. Partington's family? Because it has an Ike in it.

—Why would the shad fisherman below the dam make good artillerymen?—Because each one has his own *battery.*

—Why is Sam Arms like a brave soldier? Because he is always on hand at the (shoot) schute.

—With what poet ought a man disfigured by fire to be familiar? Probably he has Red Burns.

—Why is a man who walks round a greenhorn like a garter? Because he goes round the calf.

—If a shoemaker is approaching his *end, waxes* cold, and gives up his *awl,* what will become of his *sole* if he cannot breath his *last?*

—A lady told her husband she read the "Art of Love" on purpose to be agreeable to him. "I would rather have love without art," he replied.

—Love—an emotion much written about by novelists and much dreamed of by school girls but nearly obsolete in practical life.

—An inveterate bachelor gives as a reason for not getting married that he wishes to preserve his good opinion of the gentler sex.

—Why is a party who indulges in limited weeping, like a fellow who gets pitched from the gallery of a theatre for being noisy? Because he drops two or three tiers.

—If Brigham Young's one hundred wives favor their lord with Curtain Lectures, what, oh what, must be the nature of Young's Night Thoughts."

—A wag met a milkman the other day, and says he: "Jim you ought to shingle them cows of yours." "What for?" "To keep the water from running in the milk."

—The day of death is scarcely more momentuous than every day. Both alike close another door on the past and open a new one for the future: and more than this is in the power of neither.

—John asked Julia if she would have him "No," said she, "I will not have you;" but before John could recove from the shock, she archly put in, "but you may have me!"

—A. J. Glosbrenner has presented a petition to Congress asking for indemnification for the burning of the Columbia bridge, during Lee's last raid.

—The Louisville papers come out strongly against the idea of the New York Tobacconists' Convention, and argue that taxing leaf tobacco would injure the planter, the government and the manufacturer.

—The imagination is stimulated by the incense of flowers, and if ever there was poetry in perfume, it is breathed silently and soothingly from Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus," the most bewitching of all the fragrant preparations that chemic art has extracted from the floral kingdom. Sold everywhere.

—The ruling passion.—An editor and his wife were walking out in the bright moonlight one evening Like all editors' wives, she was of an exceedingly poetic nature, and said to her mate, "Notice that moon; how bright, and calm, and beautiful!" "Couldn't think of noticing it," returned the editor, "for anything less than the usual rates.

—Ayer's American Almanac is now ready for delivery, gratis at Meyer's drug store. Every family should have and keep this book. It is worth having—comprising much general information of great value. It gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints, that we can get anywhere. Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat, and its medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick, the wheat's weight in gold. Many of the medical almanacs are trash but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

Lively Work,

It is stated that our Government during the war had at its command over 40,000 miles of railroads. Of this, 1,769 miles were exclusively military, and managed by the Quartermaster's Department. During the last year of the war there were 6,228 miles of telegraph; but as an illusion of how the armies swayed backward and forward—never, however, swaying beyond the grasp of the electric wire—he tells us that there were 15,000 miles abandoned, torn down and reconstructed during hostilities. The facility with which these roads were put down and wires put up may be learned from the fact, which General Meigs mentions, that the Etowah bridge, 625 feet long and 75 feet high was built in six days, while the Chattahooche bridge, 740 feet long and 90 feet high was built in four days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Do you know that a cold is a dangerous thing! If you do, get a box of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, put a few wafers in your mouth, and cure your sore throat, cough, hoarseness, etc., in a few hours.
Jan. 6, 6w.

Tell your Friends.

Tell your friends what Coe's Cough Balsom has done for you; it has cured your child of a racking cough, a violent attack of croup, a sore throat, or avoided a threatning fever, which it certainly will do, tell your friends of it, that they may also use it. Old, young, rich and poor, all say it is the best cough remedy in the world.

For dispepsia, ingestion, pain in the stomach, sourjing of food, languor, flatulency, and general debility, be sure to use Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

There is nothing more certain to prevent female irregularities than Dr. Velpau's Female pills. Sold by Dr. Parry and R. Williams, Columbia. Jan, 6 1m

"Into the Valley of Death
Rode the Six Hundred,"

And into this Valley of Death are treading thousands of young men, who from a certain secret vice are approaching a suicidal death. The great boon for such, and the only safe, sure and positive cure, is Dr. Juan Dellamarr's celebrated specific pill, the discovery of one of the most eminent physicians of modern times. By its use melancholy gives way for joy, mourning is exchanged for happiness, and hopes that were crushed, revive again, and as you walk the pathway of life, with the vigor of manhood restored and the world before you again bright, you will not fail to remember him in all your prayers, who placed new strength in your enfeebled frame, and caused to bloom on your pallid cheek, the glow of health, which water cannot wash away,—naught but time destroy. Jan. 6 6w.

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Dec. 30 '65 1y, No. 13, Chambers st., N. Y.

Strange, but True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card, All others will please address their obedient servant
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Dec. 30 '65 1y. 831 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers! Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price, $1.00.—Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, Warner & Co., Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Feb. 11, 1y.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, Permanent Throat Affection, or an Inevaitble Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases.

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box.
Oct 28 6 mos.

To Consumptives.

THE ADVERTISER HAVING BEEN restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years, with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost you nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Dec. 30, '65, 1m Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
Scratch! Scratch! Scratch!
Wheaton's Ointment
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington St., Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.
sept. 23, 6m

Editor of the *Spy,* Dear Sir: With your permission, I wish to say to the readers of your paper, that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it, (free) a receipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, pimples, blotches, tan, freckles, and all impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Mustach, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours
THOS F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
8.1 Broadway, New York.
a. & c. nov. 4, 3m

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET Organs, for sacred and secular music: forty different styles, $80 to $600 each. Fifty-one Gold or Silver Medals, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address.
MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or
MASON BROTHERS, New York.
sept. 9, 1y.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No 529 Pine Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and county can be seen at his Office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes, inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. mar. 18, '65-1y

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young men—published by the Howard Association, and sent free of charge in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb'y. 11,

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents.
Just Published in a sealed envelop. Price Six Cent.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c. By Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid,* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Address the publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4,586.
June 17, '65. 1y

LADIES' SHOE MANUFACTORY.

Having increased my facilities for turning out superior work I would announce to my old customers and all new ones that may favor me with a call, that I am better prepard now to manufacture all kinds of

LADIES' MISSES'

And Children's Shoes & Gaiters,

Than ever before. I employ none but the best workmen and am always certain of giving satisfaction. I keep on hand a general assortment of ready made work all of which is

Manufactured on the Premises.

I keep no made up work of other parties, My work is made exclusively for home trade and is sold as such. TERMS CASH We sell as cheap as any other establishment, and ask a share of public patronage.
JAMES SCHROEDER.
Locust street, between Front and Second.
Columbia, November 11, 1865, 1y

1865. 1865.
FALL SEASON,
HALDEMAN'S STORE,
Established 1815.
OLD STAND.
NEW ATTRACTIONS.

WE HAVE NOW DISPLAYED, AND offer to our customers and the public, a very extensive assortment of choice fabrics in Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,
CARPETINGS,
OIL CLOTHS AND
QUEENSWARE.

Our Departments are all full, and we will offer throughout the season a choice variety in each, at, and under market prices.

As our stock will be constantly replenished with the most desirable offerings of the Philadelphia and New York markets, it will always prove worthy of inspection, and we think a visit to our establishment will result to the advantage of our patrons.

R. J. HALDEMAN,
Locust Street, above Front.

Elegant Designs and Choice Makes in Imported Staple

DRESS GOODS.

Examine and price our FRENCH MERINOES. A beautiful stock to select from
At HALDEMANS'

CLOAKS,

We shall continue to make our Cloak Department the most attractive in Columbia. Our new

Fall & Winter Cloaks,

SACQUES AND CIRCULARS,

From low priced to some very handsome goods, are now ready for the inspection of the public.

Pay a visit to the cloak room at
HALDEMANS'

HALDEMAN'S

Have now displayed and ready for inspection their

FALL STOCK.

A visit to their establishment is invited.

CLOTHS & CASSIMERES,
FOR
Men and Boys,

Our stock of these goods embraces all the well known & best makes. Well selected in

STYLE AND VARIETY,

To gether with all the desireable medium grades which we are determined to sell at prices the very lowest at

HALDEMAN'S.

GENTS'
FUNISHING GOODS.

To this department we have paid especial attention this season and believe we can show our customers the most handsome line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

than ever before kept in Columbia. For new and pretty goods call at

HALDEMAN'S

HOOP SKIRTS,

The greatest invention of the age in

Hoop Skirts.

BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Spring SKIRT,

Very flexible, folded easily when in use to occupy a small space, making the most agreeable skirt worn.

For sale in all sizes only at
HALDEMANS'

HALDEMAN'S

Having reduced their stock to the very lowest point during the past season, their
PRESENT PURCHASES
Enable them to offer an entire new stock of goods.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.
HALDEMAN'S,
Locust Street,
Above Front,
COLUMBIA, PENN'A.

NOTICE!

Treasurer's office of The Col'a, and Port Deposit R. R. Co.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Columbia & Port Deposit Railroad Company, that the sixth installment on the capital stock of said company of five dollars per share, will be due and payable at the office of the Treasurer in Columbia, Pa., on the 12th day of January 1866. By order of the Board of Directors,
A. J. KAUFFMAN,
Nov. 1. Treasurer.

Buy Your Clothing of
HENRY RICE,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD call the attention of the citizens of Columbia and vicinity to his large stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Embracing every variety of style and material suitable for the season. They are made of the best material and in the most fashionable style.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Shirts, Scarfs, Neck Ties, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, &c. A splendid line of these goods always kept on hand.

Also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of which we have a well selected stock of which we offer at cheap rates.

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS,

and Valises of all styles, are sold cheaper than city prices. My goods are all bought for cash and I offer them at cheaper rates, for cash, than any other store. Call and see.
HENRY RICE,
No. 1, Wolf's Row, Front St. Columbia.
Columbia, Nov. 11, 1865, 1y.

Irish Linens, Table, Diaper, Damask, Toweling, &c., a good assortment at low prices, at I. O. Bruner's.

Sheetings all widths and heavy unbleached Muslins, one yd wide at 40 cts., also Checks, Tickings, &c., for sale by I. O. Bruner, Front st.

All Wool Delaines, French Merenoes, Ladies Cloaking, all colors at Bruner's New Store.

Alpacas, good quality at 50 cts. and new style Delaines, from 31 to 40 cts. at I. O. Bruner's.

Calicoes from 20 to 35 cts. of all the different makes, and Lancaster Ginghams for 37½ cts. at Bruner's.

Oil Cloths, Table Covers, Windows Blinds &c., for sale cheap at Bruner's, Front street.

Bruner's best quality Balmoral skirts at $3.75, also good Balmoral skirts at $3.00 and hoop skirts of all kinds at Bruner's

Red, yellow, white and blue mixed Flannels from 45 to 60 cts., at Bruner's new store.

Undershirts, Drawers, Blankets, very cheap, at Bruner's, Front street.

New Goods of all the latest styles received daily, and sold at small profits, for cash only, at I. O. Bruner's.

English, French and American cloths and cassimers of all qualities, also Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans and Satinetts, at Bruner's new store.

Remember the place for the best goods at the lowest prices is Bruner's new store, Front street.
oct. 28, '65.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

The Columbia Bank will receive money on deposit, and pay interest therefor, at the rate of 4½ per cent. for six months, and 5½ per cent. for twelve months.
SAMUEL SHOCH,
Oct, 14, '65.-tf. Cashier.

DR. DAVID MELLINGER.

Having resumed the practice of medicine respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Columbia. Office and residence in Walnut street, between Front and Second. Dec. 9, 1865

AMERICAN WATCHES,

Just received a fine assortment of these justly celebrated Watches, also the best cheapest and prettiest

YANKEE CLOCKS

in Columbia at E. Spering's Cheap Jewelry Store
Dec 16, 1m.

Buggy For Sale!

A Top Buggy in complete order is offered for sale by L. COOPER.
Nov. 25, '65.

REMINGTON'S
Army and Navy Revolver.
Approved by the Government.

Upwards of 125,000 furnished for the U. S. Service since 1861. Warranted superior to any other Pistol of the kind. Also Belt and Pocket Pistols. Sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.
E. REMINGTON & SONS,
Ilion, N. Y.
Manufacturers of Muskets, Carbines, Revolvers, Revolving Rifles, Rifle Barrels, &c.
Dec. 16 tf.

Barley Sheaf!

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED Barley Sheaf Cooking Stove. It costs less and saves more coal than any other stove of equal size, at Pfahler's, Locust St., opposite Franklin House. oct 7,-tf

AN ELECTION for nine Directors of the Columbia National Bank, will be held at the Banking House thereof, in Columbia, on the Second Tuesday of January 1866, between the hours of ten and four o'clock. SAMUEL SHOCH, Cash.
Dec. 9, '65, 5t.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the First National Bank of Columbia, that the annual Election for nine Directors of this Bank, will be held at their Banking House, on Tuesday January 9th 1866, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M.
Dec. 9, '65. 5t. S. S. DETWILER, Cash.

FRENCH'S HOTEL,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Opposite City Hall and Park, corner of Frankfort St. New York.

Spacious Refectory, Bath Rooms and Barber Shop.

Servants not allowed to receive perquisites.

Do not believe runners or hackmen who say we are full, December 16 1y.

OYSTERS. OYSTERS. Just received 4000 Egg Flora and 100 bushels of Cherry Stone Oysters all strictly prime.—For sale by Samuel Lockard, American House, Columbia. Dec 23

Ladies' Fancy Furs!
AT
JOHN FARIERA'S
OLD ESTABLISHED FUR MANUFACTORY, 718 Arch Street, above 7th, Phila.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE OF MY own Importation and Manufacture, one of the largest and most beautiful seclections of

FANCY FURS

for Ladies' and Children's Wear, in the City. Also a fine assortment of Gent's fur
GLOVES AND COLLARS.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very reasonable prices, and I would solicit a call from my friends of Lancaster county and vicinity.

Remember the name, number and street.
JOHN FARIERA,
718 Arch street, above 7th, south side,
Philadelphia.

I have no Partner nor connection with any other Store in Philadelphia.
Sept. 30 4m.