The Columbia Spy.

A. M. RAMBO,.....EDITOR

COLUMBIA, PA.

Saturday, Aug 27, 1864.

Advertisements, to secure immediate insertion must be handed in on or before Thursday evening each week.

Our Borough.

Notwithstanding our young, middle-aged and old fogies, who are too lazy to perform their natural obligations, and too selfish to allow any portion of the human family to advance beyond the groveling and mulish standard, adopted by themselves have been exhausting their physical and moral capacity during the last five or six years to destroy the trade, commerce, business, growth, responsibility and ancient good name of our borough, by Sunday prayers, curses, idiotic smiles at others misfortunes accompanied by sanctimonious looks of wisdom—do-nothing advice, and dog-in-the-manger control, discouraging declarations and owl-song propecies—our Borough still lives. Every branch of business is in a flourishing condition. Labor commands exorbitant prices. Our market is well supplied and well attended. Our School houses are large and well filled, so that there is no danger that the race will run out, and sure indications that it will be improved.—The sand-bank blockade is being raised; the Tide water Canal Company have a steam dredge cleaning out the channel along our wharves. The Messrs. Vaughn are docking out their wharf about one hundred and fifty feet; and our town has not before been in so prosperous a condition since the palmy days of state patronage, *honest politicians and private plunder*. Nor is our prosperity confined to individual operations and the raise of the blockade in our harbor. The Pennsylvania Railroad is making extensive improvments on Front street. The old frame warehouses on the basin have all been removed, and a new rail road track laid on their site. Laborers are now engaged in grading the embankment used by the Northern Central Railroad, to get on the old bridge, even with the street; giving the inhabitants of that portion of the town, who have for many years resided in a fortress, made by said embankment, an opportunity once more, to see in the [illegible] and look upon the waters of the noble Susquehanna [illegible] the privilege of shooting direct at the rebels if they should again appear in Wrightsville, without being *obliged* to stand behind a breastwork.

The new bridge is progressing finely, not so rapidly as we could wish but in a manner characteristic of the managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad; and from present indications, it will be one of the most substantial and beautiful structures of the present age of improvements.

Our "City Fathers" have also been heard from, in a shape which adds another proof to the eternal laws of nature: that force used must always be greater than the resistance which is to be overcome—and it also proves, that our government is yet strong enough for any, and all emergencies. A simple proclamation from the President calling for 500,000 of the "National forces" has produced a wonderful change, and brought forth the offer of a liberal bounty, and energetic efforts to fill up our quota without having our borough again disgraced with a draft.

The commutation was harmless while living, but its ghost appears to possess almost miraculous and superhuman power; it discovers all the fighting material and exposes all the non-resistants in our county, giving "aid and comfort" only to those who are under twenty and over forty-five.

The News.

Everything connected with army operations looks encouraging and points to the speedy termination of the rebellion. Our army is fast filling up while that of the rebels is growing beautifully less.

From the Shenandoah Valley we have the particulars of a battle fought on Sunday two miles beyond Charlestown. The Sixth, Eighth and Nineteenth Corps all participated, but the Sixth bore the brunt of the engagement. Our right drove the enemy for over a mile, but subsequently retired to Halltown, where they were drawn up in line of battle. The next morning the old position was resumed and the cavalry had orders to endeavor to push through to Martinsburg.

The Rebels have made no attempt to cross the river, and appear rather to be falling back. General Sheridan is quietly maintaining a position which will enable him to check any movements the Rebels may attempt.

There is nothing later from Sherman, except a report that he is waiting for the movements taking place elsewhere. The successful raid of Gen. Kilpatrick on the Macon Railroad is confirmed. Beside the damage done to the track he destroyed the trains with their locomotives.

No farther fighting has occurred in front of Petersburg. The enemy has apparently become convinced of his inability to drive us from the Weldon Railroad: and has withdrawn from the immediate front of our position. It is supposed he is busy fortifying the right of his position.

The additional details we obtain of the fight on sunday adds to the decisiveness of the victory we won. The Rebel loss is now estimated at nearly if not quite two thousand. We captured seventy officers and nearly eight hundred men.

A considerable force of Union troops is (so say the Rebel papers) on the march overland from Pensacola towards Mobile, or probably towards Fort Morgan.

The House of Representatives passed the Senate bill imposing a penalty of $500 upon any person retaining bounty money of a volunteer after he is mustered into the service.

Governor Brough, of Ohio, has issued a proclamation of warning to those persons preparing to resist the draft.

Situation in the Shenandoah Valley.

The army now occupy the heights near, and on a line with Halltown, following the first of the three ranges of hills comprising the Heights of Bolivar. Our line is an exceedingly strong one, and it is to be hoped that the enemy will attack us in our present position. The right is held as before by the Sixth Corps, but the centre has now been assigned to the Nineteenth, and the left to the Eight Corps. Our right rests on the Potomac, and the left reaches to the banks of the Shenandoah river—thus giving us a complete command of this key of the valley. As one rides along the entire line of our front he is impressed with the commanding position of these hills, and almost imagines that they were thrown up with an eye to their especial adaptability to defensive purposes.

Away off in the direction of Charlestown the country stretches out like a panorama, and you can see every house and field for miles. Charlestown itself is almost at your feet, and the Potomac winds its tortuous way to the right, its course marked by a dark fringe of foliage. On the left the poetic Shenandoah is lost amidst a succession of hills, and the eye tires in following the diversified landscape of hill and dale.

General Sheridan's headquarters have been established in the immediate vicinity of Halltown, upon which place our centre rests. The cavalry remained out in front, outside of Charlestown, and occupied nearly the same position abandoned by Generals Crook and Wright. When I left Charlestown this morning at five o'clock, skirmishing had been going on for some time, and it assumed formidable dimensions as I cleared the town on my way to this place. A heavy and constant dropping fire was kept up until nine o'clock, but no shells were thrown by either side.

VERY IMPORTANT DECISION.—The new changes in the rate of revenue taxes went into operation recently. It concerns everybody to know that all receipts for amounts over $20, and all checks and drafts at sight, whatever the amount, must have a two-cent stamp attached. The Commissioners of Internal Revenue has has decided that when sums of over twenty dollars are paid, and the person paying the sum asks for a receipt, said party should furnish the revenue stamp required by law. On the other hand, if the party receiving the money tenders a receipt without being requested to do so, he is the proper person to furnish the stamp. In no case should a receipt of over $20 be signed until the stamp is attached.

THE NEW YORK LINES.—*Change of Time and place.*—The New Jersey Central Rail-Road Company have changed the Eastern terminus of their road from from the foot of Courtland street to Pier No. 2 North River, near the Battery.

The time of leaving New York has also been changed since August 1st, to ten minutes later than heretofore. Passengers for Reading, Harrisburg and the West, now leave Pier 2 North River at 6·10 a. m., and 12.10 and 7.10 p. m. No change of time in trains going *to* New-York.

DR. HAMMOND TO BE PROSECUTED.—The Washington *Republican* says: "We learn that the Solicitor of the War Department has been instructed to cause a prosecution to be commenced against Dr. William A. Hammond, late Surgeon General, United States Army; Messrs. Wyeth & Brother, of Philadelphia, and William A. Stephens, of New York, to recover the amount of the frauds which those parties were proved, in the trial of of the late Surgeon General, to have committed upon the United States."

Provost Marshal General Fry has decided that men who paid commutation under the draft of June, 1863, are liable to the draft which takes place in September next, to fill liabilities in sub-districts under the calls made up to the present time, and the District Provost Marshals are ordered to place in the wheel for the draft, the names of such parties.

BANK ROBBED.—The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Milford, Del., was entered on Sunday night the 14th inst, by some burglars. The iron safe was blown open and robbed of $12,000 in Greenbacks. The burglars made their escape.

Written for the Columbia Spy.

Phight among the Phogies.

Quite an excitement was created in our usually quiet town last, by the appearance of a monster in our harbor, off Locust street. Some declared that it was a rebel ram; others that it was the ghost of the Elephant Hannibal; and our spiritualists thought that it might be the spirit of some departed rebel chieftain, which had assumed the shape of an infernal machine, hovering around as the forerunner of some national disaster.—But when it became known, that the monster was nothing more nor less than a steam dredge, raising the sand bank blockade in front of Messrs. J. & J. Vaughn's new wharf, the excitement subsided; fear was turned into curiosity; and hundreds of our inhabitants visited the wharf to see the monster work. Improvements in Columbia, however, like true love, are destined never to run smooth; the old fogies who own what used to be the wharves below, and which at the present time, are about one hundred yards inland from low water mark, called a council of war and after singing the hymn, which commences with

"Hark from the tombs, a doleful sound,"

proceeded to discuss in pathetic tones, the departure of the Messrs. Vaughns from the do nothing policy, which they asserted, had been in operation along the wharves so long, that by Magna Charta it had become the fundamental law of the land; and particularly of the land lying between their wharves and the river. The war council proceeded to do nothing and adjourn; but the spirit moved some of its members to enter a kind of whining protest, which was presented to our city fathers, who being members in good standing of the do nothing fraternity, proceeded as usual to do nothing, but expressed the belief that unless the Messrs. Vaughns stopped their improvement and proceeded also, to do nothing, that they would get into a law suit. I am not a lawyer, nor the son of a lawyer; but I know of no rule, under Magna Charta common, or statue law to prevent a person from occupying his own land which is bounded on navigable waters, to the water's edge. The jurisdiction of Port Wardens, is in the harbor and not on the land; neither can a wharf owner complain, who has his wharf on the land back from the shore, and who does not attempt to maintain a wharf at the water's edge. It is a well known fact, that the building of the outlet to the canal has changed the current of the river, produced an eddy, and entirely changed the line of the river shore; and it is the duty of the Port Wardens to have our harbor surveyed, and establish lines for wharfing parallel with the current, so as to prevent the formation of the eddy, and thereby prevent any further deposit of sand in our harbor; otherwise the *phight* goes on. The Messrs. Vaughns deserve great credit for their pioneer movement in this greatly needed improvement. Long may they wave.

OBSERVER.

"IF Lynchburg had been captured, Lee would have been compelled to abandon Richmond." So said the Richmond papers, when Hunter had made his exit from Virginia without doing what he was sent to do. This fully proves the soundness of the plan of General Grant, which contemplated the capture of Lynchburg. The failure of that part renders incomplete the rest. We presume that the present movements of Sheridan contemplate, if not the doing of what Hunter failed to do, at least that which will have the same effect.

During the past few weeks, large quantities of peaches have been taken from Deleware to Philadelphia, over the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad. The average number of baskets daily, last week, amounted to about 35,000. The transportation of peaches over this road has been four times greater this year than at any time since the Delaware railroad has been constructed.

"WILLIE WARE," the Author, Poet, Actor, has just dramatized Mrs. Ann H. Stevens' "Malaeska." He has been starring it at Squier's Opera House, Grand Rapids, Mich., in the play of 'Retribution,' and the 'Serious Family,'—He will appear in 'Malaeska,' at Young Men's Hall, Detroit, Mich. From what we learn through the Western Press, we should judge that the laurels of success were fast twining round his brow.—*New York Monthly.*

IT is now known that the rebels have removed all our prisoners from Richmond to Macon. Only the sick and wounded are kept in Richmond until able to travel.

Our prisoners are more humanely treated in Georgia than they were in Richmond. More room is given them, and the rations are better.

TWENTY thousand dollars in gold, belonging to the rebel government, were melted by a fire which burned an express car on the Danville road. The Petersburg Express says this is a heavy loss, as there is no mint in the confederacy in which to recoin it.

Captain Mills, Provost Marshal of the Fifth District, New York, who was drafted, has been held for service, the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General having decided that Provost Marshals are not considered as being in the military service of the United States.

Letter From the 195th P. V.

CAMP AT MONOCACY JUNCTION,
August 19th, '64.

DEAR SPY:—Once more I am seated in my tent to give your readers a few lines from the 195th Regt. Every day we are becoming more proficient on drill, and pride ourselves with being pretty good soldiers for the short time we have been in the field. On Sunday last we were reviewed and inspected by our field officers, accompanied by Gen. Tyler, commanding the Brigade. The General expressed himself highly pleased with the appearance and soldierly bearing of the regiment, and we understand classes it among the best of this department. With a few week's more drill we will be able to vie with many of the three year regiments, and under our able and popular Colonel will be fit for any service that may be required of us. All our field and line officers are men of experience and ability, and our friends may rest assured that we will be ably led and well taken care of, and that both officers and men will discharge their duties fully and faithfully.

After waiting for several weeks for letters from our friends we were at last rejoiced to hear the welcome cry, "The mail has come." Many an eye sparkled with delight and many an anxious heart beat high with hope that among the lot one might be for him. If our friends at home could have seen the cheerful faces and known the inward joy of those who were the lucky recipients of letters, they would write more frequently. A few kind words from loved ones; a little good advice from a mother or sister may save an erring son from vice and folly. Many are far away from home, for the first time in their life. A father's counsel or a mother's influence is not heard or felt, while here in the camp are many temptations and many vices into which the young are easily led, and the good they have been taught at home is almost, if not altogether forgotten. Write to the soldiers! Write words of cheer and comfort, remind him of his duties to God, his Home and his Country, and you will be amply repaid by the consciousness of cheering his lone hours and perhaps leading him from error and sin, to virtue and honor.

Last Sunday evening for the first time in our history as soldiers, we experienced what it is to be in a rain storm. About five o'clock the black clouds which had been threatening nearly all day, suddenly broke into a violent storm of wind and rain. The wind was very severe upsetting many of the tents and compelling the boys to weather the blast as best they could, while the rain poured in torrents. Nearly all were more or less wet, but the left of the regiment occupying higher ground were more fortunate than the rest. Co. C. suffered most, their camp being almost entirely under water, the boys wading about in search of their knapsacks, looking as though they were turned out of house and home and knew not where to go. It was evident that the camp was untenable in case of rain, and on the following morning we changed our camp to a more elevated and better position, on the north side of the railroad. We are now in a more pleasant situation, on a fine hill commanding an excellent view of the country for miles around.—Nearly every day brings us visitors from different parts of the country, and all seem much pleased with their visit. Col. Wm. G. Case, accompanied by his son, paid us a visit on Monday last, and returns home, we have no doubt, greatly pleased with the advancement the regiment has made in the art of war.

The result of the State election was a source of great gratification to the soldiers in this neighborhood, as it was no doubt to them in all departments of the army. Our greatest surprise is, that in the loyal state of Pennsylvania, so many could be found, who forgetful of the rights of their fellow citizens, who are periling their lives for their homes and country, could deliberately vote against granting the right of citizenship. We hear these same men talk against negro equality, &c., while at the same time they use their influence and votes to make the white defenders of their country below the negro, for deprive him of his right to citizenship and what is the white man more than the negro. But a day of reckoning is coming and the sword of justice which has been so long suspended will ere long fall with terrible weight upon the heads of these vile, ungrateful and contemptible reptiles. The man who in times like these has no love of country, and no word of encouragement for the brave defenders deserves not to live among freemen and patriots, and the time will come when all such cannot walk the streets without the finger of scorn being pointed at them, or look a soldier in the face without the blush of shame upon his cheeks. For the honor of our town we are glad that but one was found base enough to cast a vote to disfranchise a fellow citizen. We honor those who nobly did their duty, we scorn those who shrank from or skulked it, not having the manliness or courage to vote as their feelings prompted.

The news of our successes at Mobile and before Richmond is very encouraging and lead us to hope that the end draws near. Let us remain faithful to our principles, have faith in our leaders, sustain with all the means in our power the efforts of the government to crush this wicked rebellion, and we shall soon see the dawn of peace and prosperity.—The *Spy* comes to us regularly now and is read with much interest by the boys, and anxiously looked for. Accept many thanks from your humble servant and the company for your kind remembrance of them.

We found by experience after adopting several different ways, that the best and most speedy way of getting letters is to have them directed to Monocacy Junction, via Baltimore. Our friends will remember this and address accordingly.—Many of the boys have been the recipients of packages from home, and for the information of others who may be disposed to send I will say that boxes, or packages sent by express and prepaid will reach the regiment at this place by using the same directions. Yours, &c., S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED!—Dr. BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post-paid by mail, on receipt of an order. One Box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
jy23-3m General Agent, 427 Broadway, N. Y.

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.—Swallow two, or three hogsheads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters" "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken-down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, New York,
Agent for the United States.

P. S.—A Box of Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given. jy23-3m

EDITOR OF SPY—*Dear Sir:* With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bear Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail and without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
23-3m* 831 Broadway, New York.

TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES—Secrets for the million! A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an orignal and popular treaties on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division Street New York.
May 28 '64 1y

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others; will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge), the receipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience, and possess a Valuable Remedy, will receive the same by return mail, (carefully sealed), by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 60 Nassau street, new York.
May 14 3m

☞ EYE AND EAR.—Prof. J. Isaacs, M D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden Holland, is located at No. 511 Pine St., *Philadelphia* where persons afflicted with disease of the *Eye or Ear* will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable.

Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination. The Medical faculty is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment
Feb.6-1864-1y

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus, Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate females without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what causes the obstruction may arise.—They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. Price $1.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the Ladies Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agt,
No. 76 Cedar st., New York.
☞ Sold by all the principal druggists.
December, 19, '63.-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE of Thomas Stenson, late of the Borough of Columbia, deceased. Letters of administration, on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

A. BRUNER, Jr.,
Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE of Richard Derrick, late of the Borough of Columbia, deceased. Letters of administration, with the will annexed, on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned,

SAMUEL TRUSCOTT,
Administrator with the will annexed.
Columbia, Aug. 27, '64-6t.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED in the Post Office at Columbia, Pa., Saturday, August 27, 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for '*advertised letters*,' give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

LADIES' LIST.

Hersh Katie — Schalk Christiana (2)
Murray Elizabeth (2) — Yarkly Elizabeth

GENTLEMAN'S LIST.

Berry Watson — Oliver Arthur
Caughman Samuel — Prescott B F
Felger George — Powell Thos.
Hocklander G W — Taylor Howard S.
Heilman Daniel — Williams Herman W (2)
Yink Samuel

aug. 27, 1864. M. J. FRY, P. M

PUBLIC SALE.

On *Thursday, the 1st day of September*, 1864, the subscriber, executor of the late Will of Nicholas Conklin, late of West Hempfield township, Lancaster county, dec'd, will by virtue of said last Will, expose to sale at public vendue, on the premises, in said township, the following Real Estate, viz:—A TRACT OF LAND, situated in W. Hempfield town'p, containing

17 ACRES AND 63 PERCHES

adjoining lands of Wm. Walker, Copenheffer & Forry and others, near Shirk's Ore Bank, 2 miles north east of Columbia, on a road leading from Marietta pike to Columbia. The improvements are a one and a half story

LOG DWELLING HOUSE,

and Log Stable. A Spring and Stream of Water runs through the Property. There is a variety of fruit on the premises, such as Apples, Pears, Grapes, &c., and the land is enclosed with a good fence, and is in excellent order.

Also, will be sold at the same time and place, *the following Personal Property*, 3 cows, (two of them fresh milk,) 1 bull, 3 shoats, 1 sow, a one horse wagon, hay ladders, fanning mill, set of harness, a plow, shovel harrow, wheelbarrow, axes, wood saw, 2 pair of choppers, a digging iron, a grindstone, a cider mill, a grass scythe, a silver watch, picks and shovels, rakes and forks, spinning wheel, a lot of old iron, cow chains, hay by the ton, wheat and rye in the straw, corn and potatoes in the ground, 3 cords of oak wood, a lot of chestnut rails, a lot of locust posts, also 3 beds, 1 carpet bag, a ladder, with a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

Persons wishing to view said Real Estate will call on John or Abraham Conklin residing on the premises, or on the executor, living in the neighborhood who will show the same. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attention will be given, and conditions of sale will be made known by JOHN K. SMITH.

aug. 6, '64. Executor.

CONDITION OF

The First National Bank OF COLUMBIA,

OF the State of Pennsylvania, on the morning of the first Monday of July, '64.

Resources.

Notes and Bills Discounted			$ 91,564 38
Furniture and Fixtures			1,153 18
Current Expenses			663 90
Remittances and other cash items			1,225 39
Due from National Banks.			
1st National Bank of Phila.	$8,404 03		
do do Reading	750		
do New York	5,000		14,154 03
Due from State Banks:			
Mount Joy Bank			99 25
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes			80,000
U. S. 1881 Bonds on hand			30,000
Excise Stamps on hand			113 20
Paid back interest and premium on Bonds			1,953 25
Cash on hand in circulating Notes of this Bank	$ 11,460		
do do of other Nat. Banks	1,275		
do do State Banks	2,765		
Specie	57,09		
Legal Tender Notes	13,514,15		
			29,071 24
Interest paid on instalments			109 12
			$250,104 94

Liabilities.

Capital Stock paid in			$ 100,000
Circulating notes received from Compt.	50,000		
Amount unsigned	5,000		45,000
Individual Deposits			48,360 46
Deposited on Certificate			38,964 50
Due the following Nat. Banks:			
1st Nat. Bk. of Wrightsville		187,35	
do do Lancaster		1,774,45	
do do Marietta		1,509,80	
do do Downingtown		137,07	
do do Harrisburg		28,88	3,637 55
Due to other Banks:			
Bank of Chester Valley	2,199,85		
York County Bank	732		
Columbia Bank	319,73		
Corn Exchange Bank Phila.	608,82		3,861 40
Bills Payable			10,000
Exchanges		138,95	
Interest		942,72	
Premium		29,36	1,111 03
			$250,104 94

I, S. S. Detwiler, Cashier of The First National Bank of Columbia, Pa., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

[Signed.] S. S. DETWILER, CASHIER.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF LANCASTER. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Fifth day of July, 1864.

[Signed.] JOHN K. EBERLEIN, J. P.
July 9 '64-4t.

JUST RECEIVED

A well selected stock of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.

FOR SPRING TRADE,
at the very lowest Cash Prices, at
HALDEMAN'S STORE.

SEWING MACHINES.
Wheeler & Wilson.

THE cheapest and best Sewing Machine in the Market. Are acknowledged to be unrivaled. No family should be without one.

PRICES REDUCED.

For particulars, call and examine, or send for circular to

W. G. PATTON,
Agent for Lancaster County.
At the store of Maltby & Case, Locust st., Columbia, Pa. april 2, 1864.

I. O. BRUNER,

HAS JUST OPENED

A new stock of goods, at

Third and Union Sts.

Where I would be pleased to see all my old customers. My stock of goods is full and complete, comprising

DRESS GOODS,
CASSIMERES,
CLOTHS,
VESTINGS,
DELAINS,
PRINTS,
DOMESTICS.

Together with as good assortment of goods as is found in any similar establishment.

Family Groceries,

Coffee, Tea and Sugar of all kind.

PRIME SUGAR CURED HAMS.

FLOUR,
POTATOES,
FISH, &C.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest market rates.

Thankful for past favors, I hope to still continue the recipient of a liberal patronage. I. O. BRUNER,
July 30, '64. Cor. 3rd and Union Sts.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of admistration in the estate of John Keesey, late of the borough of Columbia and county of Lancaster, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in West Hempfield twp. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

A. J. KAUFFMAN,
Aug. 13.—6t. Administrator.

A LOAN WANTED.

THE Borough of Columbia are now ready to issue bonds for a loan of $17,000 at six per cent. free of STATE TAX, in sums of $100 or upwards.

R. WILLIAMS,
Aug. 13—tf. Chief Burgess.

IMPORTANT
TO ALL
INVALIDS!

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

It is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the vital Principle or Life element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if, from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of
IRON AS A MEDICINE
Is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Is a PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—Iron.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, fever and ague, Loss of energy, low spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen and others will be sent *free* to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of testimonials.

John E. Williams, Esq.,
President of the Metropolitan Bank, N. Y.
Rev. Abel Stevens,
Late Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
Rev. P. Church,
Editor New York Chronicle.

Rev John Pierpont, Rev. Warren Burton, Rev Arthus B. Fuller, Rev. Gurdon Robbins, Rev. Sylvanus Cobb, Rev. T. Starr King, Rev Ephraim Nute, Jr., Rev. Joseph H. Clinch, Rev. Henry Upham, Rev. P. C. Headley, Rev. John W. Olmstead, Lewis Johnson, M. D., Roswell Kinney, M. D., S. K. Kendall, M. D., W. R. Chisholm, M. D., Francis Dana, M. D., Jeremiah Stone, M. D., J. Antonio Sanches, M. D., A. A. Hayes, M. D., Abraham Wendell, M. D., J. B. Chilton, M. D., H. E. Kinney, M. D.,

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Redding's Russia Salve!

FORTY YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

Over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Sties, Piles, Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., removing the pain at once, and reducing the most angry looking swellings and inflamation as if by magic.

Only 25 cents a Box.

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J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491, Broadway New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont street, Boston.
And by all Druggists. jy9 '64-1y

AGENCY OF THE

Dutch East-India Coffee Company.

DEPOT

NO. 168 READE STREET, NEW YORK.

The above Company are known all over the world as the owners of the Coffee Plantations of Java and Batavia in the Dutch East Indies, and are the largest monopolizers of Coffee on the Globe.

The undersigned (who is appointed their sole Agent in the United States and in the British Colonies) will have for sale three different kinds of Coffee, which, for regularity of grade and cheapness of price, will defy competition.

Our "Batavia Coffee," never before introduced in this country, but extensively used in the Armies and Navies of Europe, and richly valued, will be put up at prices to reach all consumers, and our Extra Java will be the *Magnum Bonum* Coffee of the age.

We will have, for accommodation of Grocers, Families and Government Contractors, samples (dry and drawn) for testing.

Orders solicited. On receipt of cash, Coffee promptly forwarded as directed.

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DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

COAL,

Wholesale and Retail,

In the Coal Yard formerly occupied by J. G. Hess. April 23, '64.

EXCELSIOR HAMS!

MICHENERS celebrated Sugar Cured Hams, just received and for sale by

HENRY SUYDAM,
Col'a. mar.5-'64. Cor. Union & Front St

DIVIDEND.

THE TRUSTEES OF ODD FELLOWS' HALL ASSOCIATION have declared a dividend of Three Per Cent., payable on and after this date. HIRAM WILSON,
Columbia, July 23, '64-4t Treasurer.

91 Recruits Wanted

FOR ONE YEARS SERVICE,

TO FILL THE QUOTA OF COLUMBIA BOROUGH.

$400 BOUNTY.

$300 from the Borough of Columbia, and $100 from the Government, to each and every recruit. The Borough bounty of $300 to be paid as soon as mustered into the U. S. service.

Any person furnishing a recruit will receive $10 from the Citizen Contribution Fund.

Resolution passed by Borough Council.

Resolved, That each and every man putting a substitute into the United States service, for the term of three (3) years, under the call of the President of the United States, dated July 18th, 1864, for 500,000 men, and having the same accredited to Columbia Borough under the said call for its quota of 91 men, be and is hereby entitled to the amount of bounty paid to volunteers by the Borough of Columbia.

Recruiting office in Odd Fellows' Hall, Columbia, Pa. By order of

RECRUITING COMMITTEE,
aug. 6. '64. Of Borough Council.

Silks! Silks!

A FULL line of Black and Fancy Dress Silks, Challies, Mohairs, and other fine Dress Goods, just received at the store of Col'a. mar, 19-'64. MALTBY & CASE.