



A. M. RAMBO, EDITOR

COLUMBIA, PA. Saturday, July 2, 1864.

Advertisements to secure immediate insertion must be handed in on or before Thursday evening of each week.

TO OUR PATRONS.

The great advance in everything connected with printing—in paper, ink, type, &c., compels us, much against our inclination, to make a slight advance in our job work and advertising rates, which will take place on and after this date.

With this issue concludes the first year we have been connected with the Columbia Spy. We have labored assiduously, and have striven to make it a live and readable paper. How we have succeeded, we leave our patrons to judge.

The patronage conferred upon the Spy, both in advertising and subscription, has fully met our expectations. It is our ambition to publish an interesting family newspaper, one that may be read without impropriety at the domestic fireside.

The rapid increase of material and our unavoidable expenditures, compels us to ask of our patrons a prompt payment of their bills. Everything since the commencement of our career as a publisher, has been steadily advancing.

Under these circumstances no reasonable person will fail to see the justice of our demand for higher rates. We are now paying more than double the price for paper that we did a year ago, and are subject to heavier expense every way.

We feel assured that a slight advance in our job work and advertising rates, will not be disregarded.

We shall spare neither labor nor expense in making The Spy an interesting and attractive family paper—one that will become a welcome visitor, and a source of pleasure and profit to every lover of choice reading.

Death of Maj. E. A. Kelsey.

On Saturday last we were startled by the painful announcement, by telegraph, of the death of Major Kelsey, of the 45th Regiment Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers. He was shot through the fleshy part of the leg, above the knee, at the battle of Cold Harbor, on the 4th of June; he was carried to Washington and placed in Armory Square Hospital, Ward "A," on the 8th of same month, where, suffering from his wound and fever, he died on Saturday morning last.

Maj. Kelsey, at the time of his death, was thirty-four years old. He was born in the State of New York, and came to Columbia about nine years ago. His profession, while here among us, was that of a teacher, and we all knew him as a modest, unassuming gentleman.

At the commencement of the rebellion he enlisted as a private in the Shawnee Guards, the first company that was raised in Columbia. He was elected second Lieutenant, and soon afterwards advanced to first Lieutenant, and served with credit and distinction through the three months campaign—after which time, he, with Capt. Rambo, commenced recruiting another company for the three years service, in which they succeeded, and were attached to Col. Welsh's command—the 45th Regiment, which was shortly afterwards ordered to Washington, and from thence to South Carolina, where the unfortunate death of Capt. Rambo occurred; after which Lieut. Kelsey received a commission as Captain.

The regiment soon embarked for Newport News. And on the resignation of Lt. Col. Bearer, Capt. Kelsey was commissioned Major. From Newport News they went to Alexandria, and from thence into Maryland, and took a conspicuous part in the battles of South Mountain and Antietam. Events have proved that the confidence his friends reposed in him, have been more than they anticipated. His gallantry in leaving his ambulance, while sick and unable to do duty, and making his way to the regiment and fighting through that bloody day at South Mountain, is an example of heroism seldom equaled, and never excelled.

The trials and privations his regiment endured during their transit through Kentucky, Tennessee and Mississippi, is well known to our citizens. The siege of Vicksburg and afterwards at Knoxville, the taking of Jackson, Mississippi, might all be related. While in Tennessee the regiment re-enlisted and

returned to Harrisburg, where they received a thirty day furlough. At the expiration of which time they joined their old corps commander, General Barnside, at Annapolis; and were soon on the march into Virginia to join the Army of the Potomac. Maj. Kelsey took part in that fearful battle of the Wilderness, the regiment losing heavily, then at Spottsylvania, then at Hanover town or Cold Harbor. Here (quoting his own language) "the pitcher that had won so often to the well come back broken at last." Never was there a man who entered the army with purer motives than Major Kelsey. Determined to devote himself soully to his country to the exclusion of worldly honors or political glory; and we feel bound to honor and respect him. He did not falter at any obstacle in his path, nor doubt for a moment our eventual triumph.

Never has it fallen to our lot to publish the demise of a man more universally respected. Words are inadequate to describe, the feeling in his regiment, and in this community, when the sad and solemn announcement of his death was made. Taken away from us at a time when invigorated by youth, and when a brilliant future was opened before him, is indeed sad. Always gentle, just, honorable, and prudent, he won the admiration of all who came in contact with him. His voice will no longer greet our ears, and those eyes which shone with sparkling lustre, are now dim and lustreless, and forever sealed in the last long sleep of death. He has left an irreproachable character, and a noble example for our guidance. "Requiescat in pace."

For the Spy. Pennsylvania Rail Road Company. It is to be regretted that the facility for improving the route of the Penna. Rail Road company through our Borough, which was offered by a majority of our citizens and town council, has not been accepted by the managers of the Rail Road.

The present route on Front street with its severe curves and heavy grade would hardly be tolerated by any respectable Rail Road Company in the country when another site, containing the advantages of that proposed east of the present track could be secured. We have always esteemed ourselves a friend of this great internal improvement of our State, the Pennsylvania Rail Road, even when many croakers were much exercised about it as a great monopoly which would usurp for its own exclusive benefit all private and incorporated rights and privileges which might oppose it.

Recently we have been compelled to admit that we perceive some manifestation on the part of the company, of the very disposition which our croaking friends apprehended.

We are informed not officially, but possibly correctly, that the company, to make a convenient and proper connection with the bridge, and also to avoid the heavy grade, on the present route through our borough, contemplate an elevation of their track on Front street some four or six feet higher than it is now located, much to the detriment and depreciation of property situated between Mill street and Black's Hotel. The consummation of this latter project, would effectually depreciate the value of property situated as above described at least fifty per cent while the road comparatively would be only slightly improved.

We presume it will not be impertinent in a citizen who feels an interest in the welfare, progress and development of our town and community, to enquire what public advantage and benefit have been conferred upon our borough or our business community by this magnanimous company, who have the dispensing and bestowal of public and private favors, and accommodations. Have they given us a central passenger depot? Have they increased the facility for trade or commerce by any public improvement since they have occupied the Road?

Our municipal authorities have importuned them on many occasions for a central passenger depot, and the only response we receive, is the chuckle and sneer of two or three individuals who conceive themselves the especial favorites of the company, and the recipients of its bounty, and who carry free passes for travel over the entire road.

These same gentlemen claim to have thwarted the most feasible and practical route for the road through our borough, not on account of the feasibility of the proposed route, but because it would promote the interests of other rail road enterprises which they could not control. The same individuals have never expended a single dollar for the improvement of our town, neither have they added any iota to its development.

We had hoped that a town containing some eight thousand inhabitants, and which furnishes for transportation an amount of freight perhaps, greater than any other on the line of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, excepting Philadelphia and Pittsburg, would possibly have obtained a respectable hearing in relation to its grievances, but of this we despair so long as fossilized old foggyism, influences the managers of this great line of improvement—the Pennsylvania Railroad.

A Citizen.

Army Correspondences.

HOSPITAL 2D DIV. 9TH ARMY CORPS. Near Petersburg Va., June 23d '64. BROTHER RAMBO: I presume you think that I intend deserting your columns entirely, I have long and necessarily been silent, my duties have been arduous, and with difficulty I could find time to write a few words home—but I shall endeavor to give you in a few days a letter of some length, providing paper enough can be raised. Since the battle of May 6th I have been separated from my regiment almost entirely on Hospital duty, so that I cannot give items as I should like to.

The Spy turns up regularly—sometimes a little odd, but always welcome.—The 45th has done nothing in this campaign to dull her former good name—the Columbia boys, as well as all the rest have suffered heavily, and we lament the loss of many brave comrades. Col. Curtin was wounded in the right arm, on the 18th inst., while at the head of his brigade, during a slight skirmish. I am happy to say that the wound was but a flesh one, unfitting him for duty—but we hope soon to have him back again.

The Colonel has won laurels for himself and brigade—though a young man, he has proved himself an efficient commander. Our regiment is now commanded by Captain Gregg, of company "F." Samuel M. Hinkle of company "B" received a severe though not fatal wound on the 18th inst., also Sergeant Wm. F. Armstrong, of the same company, wounded in thigh. They are doubtless ere now in Washington, and the company in losing them, loses the services of two good men.

Early yesterday morning, First Lieut. Wm. H. Child, of company "F," was shot through the head by a sharpshooter and killed. A little more than two weeks ago he was promoted from Sergeant Major to First Lieutenant, and on the evening of his death received his commission. In him the regiment has lost one of its bravest and truest soldiers—a kind and trusty comrade, and beloved by all. Long will his memory be bright to those of us who pass through this fiery ordeal.

Lieutenant Child came out at the organization of the regiment as a private in company "B." Merit won for him the respective grades of Sergeant, Sergeant Major, and finally First Lieutenant. His home was in Marietta, where I know a large circle of dear friends will long feel the loss of one who died nobly in the defence of principles and liberty, and under the glorious old banner of freedom. May we trust that he has passed to that bright realm above where trouble is no more known. He was but 23 years old.

The Christian and Sanitary Commission are doing a noble work, and many a soldier has cause to bless them. Fraternal yours.

KEFSTONE.

HEAD QUARTERS, 2d REG. ART., P. V. Near Petersburg, June 23, '64. MR. EDITOR:—Thinking that some of your readers, and my friends in Columbia would like to hear from us, I will endeavor to write a few lines. The 2d P. V. Artillery left Washington, D. C. on the 27th of May last, and arrived at Front Royal after three days ride on the waters. While on our voyage we stuck on a sand-bar, and had to get transportation on the boat Georgia the remainder of the way. We rested one night at Front Royal; and the next day we started on a long and weary march, and arrived at Cold Harbor, where we were under fire for eleven days, when we again struck tents—and marched that night 25 miles through dust over shoe top halting at the White House Landing, where we got aboard of a boat and came up the York River, entered the Bay, passing Fortress Monroe, and down the James river to City Point, where we formed a junction with Gen. Butler.

We were then under the command of the gallant Gen. Smith, and in the 18th corps. Our regiment has been out skirmishing and lost about twenty five killed and 160 wounded and missing.

I tell you what, the colored troops fight wicked, and make gallant charges—they take no prisoners as they remember the Fort Pillow massacre.

We have been encamped for the last two days, near a little stream; and it is amusing to see the boys busy at washing—as they have a good wash, not being able for the rebel shells, to wash for some time, as the rebel's would shell our corps every day, but no one hurt.—We were ordered back to Bermuda Hundred, and when we got within a mile, we rested for the night. The next morning we were ordered back on a forced march. General Lee had taken possession of Reservoir Hill. Our forces captured 17 guns and took between five and six hundred prisoners.

Our regiment is in good health, considering the way we were knocked about. Last night was the first good night's sleep we got for some time. We will stand anything, just so we can help to end this infernal rebellion. We all wish we could celebrate the coming Fourth of July, with Grant, as he did the last, by taking Atlanta and Richmond—what a glorious celebration that would be. Hoping these few lines will be read with interest I remain yours, T. H. R.

Written for the "Spy"

MR. EDITOR:—The excessive heat of the past few days was sufficient to turn the attention of the "idler around town" to the refreshing breezes of the woody grove; but we accept this heat, as it more readily matures our coming harvest products, without which we would be deprived of a far greater blessing than that of a cool atmosphere.

Matters and things in York are extremely dull, nothing transpiring to arouse our citizens from the lethargy of the hot summer season, into which they are now plunged. . . . The strike among the mechanics is nearly at an end, all having agreed upon terms except those of the Railroad Company, whose employers still persist in giving no more than the old daily pittance. . . . The drafted men of York county are, this week, being examined at the Court House—grim faces and greenbacks predominate. From the number making application for exemption, not here alone, but throughout the loyal States, would lead a person to believe that there is no more able-bodied men in the country—what strange things are brought to light by "war and rumors of war." . . . On last Thursday morning, being convinced that a hot day was in store for us, and hearing of a picnic to be held on that day at Innuell's Spring, I concluded to "take time by the forelock" and pay it a visit, more particularly as I was well acquainted with all attending it, thus insuring me a pleasant day. It was indeed a splendid day for a rustic gathering, and you may well believe that enjoyment was overflowing with plentifulness. The young ladies in attendance were quite an attraction, for the beauty and grace of whom, York can proudly lift its head aloft and defy competition from the world. The merry laugh and song of these fair creatures rang through the air with such enrapturing glee, that I stood spell-bound and wished the pleasures of the day to last forever. But as everything has an end, so did the picnic, the party starting for town about 7 o'clock in the evening. By the way, Mr. Editor, I must tell you about two young kid-glove sports from York, whom we will designate as "Billy Jones" and "Mikey Nicholby." They made their appearance on the ground about noon, pasted and greased up to sublimity, and from the odor which attended them you would think they had made use of all the muskrats ever caught in the Codorus during the last century. They endeavored to captivate everything on the ground, but the young ladies, being more generous than they, gave their attention to others, who attended the picnic with more sociable feelings than these would-be aristocratic gents, which made them look quite crest-fallen. Toward evening, Billy became "hic, how come you so," which obliged Mikey to give up his little enjoyments to attend the pranks of Billy. This was the day spent by these paste and perfumery gentry, they being obliged to tarry by the way-side, on going home, in order that the shades of night might shield them from the street-boy's jeer.—Mr. Editor, my hat is tipped—adieu. I remain an old RUSTIC RAMBLER.

[It is heart-cheering to hear and read the words of encouragement which come to us almost daily, especially when a portion of these messengers are accompanied by substantial pecuniary aid. Asking the Doctor's pardon, we give a portion of his letter below.—Ed.]

CINCINNATI, O., June 22, '64. MR. RAMBO:—Dear Sir—It is right and proper that you should know how much your efforts to impress the character and appearance of the old Spy is appreciated by its old friends. I have known it intimately well for thirty years, have served it personally: first as carrier, under BOSWELL; and then as a working loafer, under BOWEN & GOSSLER. It is not strange, therefore, that I feel a personal pride in having the old Spy look well, and still more to read well.

I was a little fearful, at first, when you seated yourself in the editorial tripod, and surrounded yourself with a corps of correspondents, most of whom were entirely unknown to the old friends of the Spy. That we would lose our first love for the old paper, as it became entirely controlled by strangers. Time, however, has dissipated our fears, for in the main, we find them genial hearted, and disposed to do right. If the contributors have not manifested that maturity of thought which wiser heads so much court, there has been no want of heart in much that has appeared.

Altogether, I offer you my congratulations on the success of your management of the Spy, and sincerely hope the friends of the old paper will give you a substantial testimonial of their appreciation of your services, by responding promptly to the "important notice" which you have recently brought to their observation. Respectfully, N. B. W.

There is nothing of importance from the Army in front of Petersburg, save that our left wing has moved forward and hold the Weldon railroad. It is said that extensive movements are in progress which will cause the country more loudly to applaud the military genius and executive ability of General Grant than any that have preceded them.

List of Killed, Wounded and Prisoners in Company "K," Forty-Fifth Regiment F. V. V.

The following list of killed, wounded and missing of Co. "K," 45th Regiment F. V. V., has been furnished us by Sergeant E. E. Myers, of said company, during the campaign from May 5th up to June 16th:

Capt. A. J. Fessler, slightly in shoulder and face. Lieut. Gilbaugh, slightly in arm. Sergeant E. E. Myers, slightly in leg, severely in left leg. Sergt. R. E. Fieles severely in hand and legs. Corp'l Dennis Dignau, severely in hip, since died. Corp'l L. A. Williams, slightly in arm. Corp'l Andrew Hostetter, right leg severely, since died. Corp'l Hilston Carr, right leg amputated, since died. Corp'l D. M. Moss, killed. Privates E. M. Argobast, slightly wounded, since prisoner. W. H. Benson, severely in left shoulder. Francis Carroll, severely in leg, since died. Michael Collins, slightly wounded. F. Crawford, slightly wounded. J. Chambers, slightly in foot. Chas. Deckman, slightly in head. D. S. Edler, severely in thigh. J. Fisher, slightly in hand. Joseph Douglass, severely in hand. H. Fitzkee, severely in head. G. W. Findley, slightly in hand. F. Gilbert, slightly in hand. George Gilbert, severely in breast and shoulder, since died. Simon Hogenotogler, slightly. J. Hoffner, killed. Thos. Kelly, foot, severely. T. Kahoe, killed. Jerome Long, severely in left arm. J. Leas, slightly in leg. George Megill, slightly in head. S. C. Myers, slightly in hand. S. E. Myers, severely in left arm. Oswald McLaughlin, severely in hip. Samuel Sumpman, severely in left hand. George McCarty, severely. J. C. O'Bryan, slightly in breast. Wm. Roberts, severely in left arm. George F. Seiple, severely in left leg. Calvin Harris, severe flesh in right shoulder. Simon Sanders, killed. Peter Brady, killed. Howard W. Vache, left leg amputated, died June 8th. Reuben Weaver, slightly in hand, severely in thigh. S. B. Weaver, severely in right arm. Thos. McBride, slightly in hand.

Corporal George Stape, and privates E. M. Argobast, Dennis Collins, Frank Swars, John T. Sumpman, and Alonzo Stoneycher, were taken prisoners.

Gen Grant sure to win.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—A prominent officer of the Christian Commission sends the following note to the editors of the American: "I have just arrived from the front this morning. Everything looks very well. The troops are in fine spirits. You may be assured of this, as I have been in personal contact with hundreds, both in the reserve and in the rifle-pits.

"I had an interview with Gen. Grant on Monday afternoon. He is confident of the result. He says there can be but one result—the defeat of the enemy or his retreat from Petersburg, and then his complete overthrow.

"Extensive preparations are in progress, and soon the country will be more loudly applaud the military genius and executive ability of Grant and Meade.

"I was surprised to find some of our Union men despondent when I arrived here this morning. You can safely assure your readers that there is no occasion for it."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. EYE AND EAR.—Prof. J. Isaacs, M.D., formerly of Leiden, Holland, is located at No. 611 Pine St., Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with disease of the Eye or Ear will be carefully treated and cured. Free of charge. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charges for examination. The Medical Faculty of Leiden, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment. Feb. 5-1864-ly.

GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Protrusion of the Uterus, and Youthful Error, netreated by a desire to benefit others; will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge), the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those willing to profit by his experience, and possess a valuable Remedy, will receive the same by return mail, (carefully sealed), by addressing— JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 60 Nassau street, New York, May 14 3m

DR. TOBIAS'

VENETIAN LINIMENT. MORE TESTIMONY! THIS IS TO CERTIFY that for the last five years I have cured my family Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, and in every instance have found it fully equal to his recommendations. I have found it to give relief in rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, croup, bilious colic, sore throat, pain in the chest and back, and rheumatism, and I cheerfully recommend it to every one afflicted with any of the above-named diseases.

JAMES H. WARNER, Hartford, Conn., Oct. 18th, 1861. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Office 66 Cortland St., New York. June 18, '64-1m.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Female Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate females without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise.—They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriages would be the result. Each box contains 60 Pills. Price \$1. Dr. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically on Ladies Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 84 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage. The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by J. BRYAN, M. D., General-Agt., No. 76 Cedar St., New York, Sold by all the principal druggists, December 19, '63-ly

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. Reported by Jannoy & Andrews, Commission Merchants, No. 631 Market street, Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, June 28, 1864. Flour, extra family, \$7 87 a \$8 00. Do. Superfine, 7 02 a 8 00. Superfine, 7 00 a 7 25. Corn, 67 1/2 a 70. Wheat, white, 1 87 a 1 90. Do. red, 1 57 a 1 60. Oats, 54 1/2 a 55. Clover seed, 6 05 a 6 22. Timothy seed, 2 25 a 2 62. Hams, 3 30 a 4 40. Lard, 16 a 20. Butter, best quality, 23 a 28. Eggs, per dozen, 21 a 23. Whisky, per gallon, 1 31 a 1 35. Tallow, per pound, 13 1/2 a 14.

COLUMBIA PRODUCE MARKET. Corrected weekly for the Spy. Potatoes, per bushel, 20 a 25. Eggs, per dozen, 20 a 25. Butter, per pound, 20 a 25. Chickens, per pair, 50 a 75. Lard, per pound, 16 a 20. Hams, per pound, 13 a 15. Shoulders, per pound, 13 a 15. Sides, per pound, 12 a 14. Tallow, per pound, 12 a 14. Country soap, per pound, 6 a 8.

COLUMBIA FLOUR AND GRAIN MARKET. Reported weekly for the Spy by Ephraim Berghy. Family Hourly, \$8 50 per bbl. Extra do, 8 00. Superfine do, 7 00. White Wheat, 1 80 per bus. Red " 1 70. Rye, 1 40. Corn, 1 15. Oats, 75 32 lbs.

COLUMBIA COAL MARKET. Retail prices of Coal at Bruner & Moore's Yard, delivered in Columbia. Reported weekly for the Columbia Spy. BALTIMORE CO. AND DIAMOND. No. 1, 2, 3, 8 00. " 4 and 5, \$7 50 a 6 50. Lump coal, 7 75. Stove and Egg, 8 25. Range, 8 25. Nut, 7 00.

LYKEN'S VALLEY COAL. STOVE AND EGG. PITTSBURGH. Lump, 5 40. Stove and Egg, 7 40. Nut, 5 25. SHAMOKIN. Stove and Egg, 8 25. Range, 8 00. Nut, 7 00. TREVERTON. Egg, 7 00. Stove, 7 75. Nut, 5 75. Pea, 4 75.

COLUMBIA LUMBER PRICES CURRENT.

Reported for the Columbia Spy by John B. Isaacson, Susquehanna Planing Mills, Front street. COLUMBIA, June 28, 1864. White Pine Cullings, 20 00. " 2d Common, 22 00. " 1st Common, 40 00. " Pannel, 40 00. " Joist and Scantling, 35 00. Hemlock, Joist and Scantling, 20 00 a 22 00. Ash and Oak, 40 00 a 45 00. Dressed flooring boards, 45 00. Cherry, 20 00 a 40 00. Poplar, 25 00 a 35 00. Walnut Plank, 30 00 a 50 00. Pickets Heated, 18 00. Planing lath, 3 00 a 4 00. Shingles, 25 inch, 20 00 a 25 00. Bunch, 8 00 a 10 00. Roofing lath, 6 00.

COACH MAKING.

Coach, Carriage & Buggy MANUFACTORY. Second street, nearly opposite LU THERAN CHURCH, COLUMBIA, PA. SILVER MEDALS and Premiums awarded at the Agricultural and Mechanical Society of Lancaster county, and also at the different Fairs, for the best Shifting Top Buggies. The subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he still continues to manufacture Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Cabs, and all other vehicles in the city. His reputation as a workman is fairly established, as he can confidently claim for his work the merits of beauty, form, elegance of finish, and strength of structure. One of the distinguishing features of his work is its durability; all vehicles of his build are warranted to stand the longest and most arduous service. He gives particular attention to the REPAIRING OF VEHICLES, and warrants all his work in his line to give satisfaction. In addition to his practical experience in the business, he has the assistance of the best workmen—none other being employed. The public is respectfully invited to call and examine the SAMUEL CARTER, AGT. Col'a. may 7/64-ly.

VERIFIABLE DISCLOSURES.—Secrets for the million! A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VALE M. E. M., an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual Disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedy for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical knowledge through the medium of his "VALE M. E. M." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, and is a source of secret relief, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited upon mankind. One copy, securely enveloped in the forward, free of postage to every part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division Street New York. May 28 64 ly

Notice to Contractors. DROPSALS will be received at the office of the Reading & Columbia Telegraph Company, in the borough of Columbia, on the 29th of June next, up to 6 P. M., to furnish all the material, and construct a good and substantial Telegraph Line between the city of Reading and the borough of Columbia, connecting with Telegraph Lines at either end, including the Instruments and Patent all complete, with all the modern improvements. Information with respect to Specifications &c., will be furnished upon application to WM. G. CASE, PARSONS. Col'a. May 29/64-2m R. & C. Telegraph Co

BLOWN IN A BLOW. The Mullet Factory AGAIN "IN BLAST." THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Columbia and vicinity, that he has just "blown in" his celebrated MULLET FACTORY, at the Columbia Dam, just below town, and is prepared to supply SHAD, MULLET, SUCKERS and all other fish that swim the Susquehanna River, in their proper season, at the lowest prices. He desires the custom of his friends and the public generally. Col'a. may 7/64-1m. SAMUEL ARMS.

THE NATIONAL ALMANAC AND Annual Record for the year 1864. WM. U. HESS' Cheap Book Store, April, '64. Opposite the Columbia Bank

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority.—Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period not less than 40 days nor more than 10 years from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. Subscribers will receive either Registered or Doupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses. Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium), or receive their drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country. At the present rate of premium on gold they pay Over Eight Per Cent Interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment. It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is held to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin. These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from \$50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest. It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Federal Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 31 day of March, 1864, was \$78,065,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be \$45,067,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over \$100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasurer for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to \$150,000,000 per annum. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury until March 20th, but are the first three weeks of APRIL the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS WEEKLY. Subscriptions will be received by the First National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. Second National Bank of do do. Third National Bank of do do. AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS which are depositaries of Public money, and ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS and BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks), will furnish further information on application and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS. MAY 7, '64, 2m.

SEWING MACHINES. Wheeler & Wilson. THE cheapest and best Sewing Machine in the market. A recognized and guaranteed. No family should be without one. PRICES REDUCED. For particulars, call and examine, or send for circular to V. G. PATTON, Agent for Lancaster County, At the store of Malley & Case, Locust St., Columbia, Pa. April 2, 1864.

FRESH DRUGS.

MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, &c., PERFUMERY, BRUSIES, COMBS, &c.; &c., FLAVORING EXTRACTS, FAMILY DYE COLORS, SPONGES, &c., &c. The subscriber has just received a large addition to his stock, of the above articles, also, Nursing Bottles of a late and improved pattern. Call and examine at Malley & Case, WILLIAMS, april 2, '64. Front street, Columbia.

SUN UMBRELLAS.

A FULL STOCK just received, which we will sell at the very lowest cash prices. STEACY & BOWERS, Cor. 2d & Locust St. may 28, '64.

Spring Clothing.

A FULL Stock of desirable Spring Clothing in all suits, and by the piece, just received at the Cheap Store of Col'a. mar. 19, '64. MALTYBY & CASE.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

A LARGE assortment of the most desirable styles of Spring Cloths and Cassimeres just arriving. Sold very low. Inspection solicited. Col'a. mar. 19, '64. MALTYBY & CASE.

For Rent. A Room in the Blue Front, formerly occupied by Thomas Welch, Esq., also, several houses. Apply to WM. WHIPPER, July 4, '64.

Silks! Silks! A FULL line of Black and Fancy Dress A. Silks, Challies, Mohairs, and other fine Dress Goods, just received at the store of Col'a. mar. 19, '64. MALTYBY & CASE.

FOR RENT! THE desirable Store room in "Old Fellows' Hall." This is one of the best business stands in the Borough. Apply to M. WILSON. Jan. 30, '64-1m.

CLOAKING CLOTHS. LADIES we have now in store the most desirable shades of Cloth, which we invite your especial attention to. STEACY & BOWERS, may 28, '64. Cor. 2d & Locust St.

FISH! FISH! FISH!! ACKEREL in Assorted Packages, for Sale Cheap at the Store of Col'a. mar. 19, '64. MALTYBY & CASE.