



A. N. RAMBO, Editor.

COLUMBIA, PA. Saturday, April 23, 1864.

Advertisements to secure immediate insertion must be handed in on or before Thursday evening of each week.

BARBARITY OF THE REBELS.

How numerous may have been the victims that have been sacrificed in our present war with the rebels, it is not so much the mere extinction of human life that renders the scenes of warfare so horrible, as the cruelties with which it has always been accompanied, and the infernal passions which it has engendered and carried into operation. It extirpates every principle of compassion, humanity, and justice; it blunts the feelings, and hardens the heart; it perpetrates, without a blush, cruelties revolting to every principle of virtue and benevolence.

We have lately had an instance of cruelty, in which the Confederates are prosecuting this rebellion, in the case of the capture of Fort Pillow, which was garrisoned by a force of six hundred soldiers; this little band of heroes bravely defended the fort, against a force of six thousand rebels under command of General Forrest. After a long contest and when their brave commander, Major Booth was killed, they surrendered, being unable to hold their position against so large a force.

The rebels came in swarms upon our men, and immediately commenced an indiscriminate butchery of the whites and blacks, including those of both color who had been previously wounded. The dead and wounded negroes were piled in heaps and buried, and several citizens who joined our forces for protection were killed and wounded.

Both white and black were bayoneted, shot or sabred, and even dead bodies were horribly mutilated. Children of seven or eight years of age were killed. Soldiers unable to speak, from their wounds, were shot dead, and their bodies rolled down the banks into the river. Out of a garrison of six hundred of our brave heroes, only two hundred remained alive.

Is not this enough to make the blood boil in the veins of every true loving American? Such cruelties these have only been witnessed, in the time of Alexander the Great, but in America, it is a disgrace; but still we have men in our midst who sympathize with the "poor doctored Southern!" Sympathy for such men as these, who will thus cruelly slaughter our fellow-men; never! As long as God permits us to breathe will we remember their barbarity to our brave soldiers.

The blood in the veins of our children's children will run cold, when they, in after years read the annals of this rebellion, and peruse the account of this slaughter. This needless massacre exemplifies the treachery and barbarity of the rebels, and the world will, from this sad example, learn the real character of the traitors, who are trying to destroy the noblest and best Government that a beneficent Providence ever vouchsafed to man.

Ever since this war commenced, the rebels have acted brutally, not only to our own soldiers, but to their own citizens, who preferred to stand by the flag that was adopted by their forefathers, and to adhere to the best government ever formed. How many instances we have had, where these true loving union men were shot down, or hung, regardless of their beseeching cries for mercy.

It is supposed that by June, we will have an army of over 700,000 soldiers, and we look forward to the coming campaign with bright hopes, that retribution will be given to those traitors; with such a brave and noble commander, as General Grant, we feel confident of success. We have no doubt, that by the coming Fourth of July, the Confederate Capital will be in our possession, and our starved and ill-treated soldiers liberated from their dungeons.

In an address delivered at the Sanitary Fair, Baltimore, on last Monday, President Lincoln remarked "that when the Government knew the facts from official sources, and they substantiate the reports, retribution will surely be given, for the recent massacre; but how this retribution should be administered was a question, yet to be settled." From the past we know, that when Uncle Abe says he'll do a thing, he generally carries it out.

Let the cry of vengeance go forth until the entire North is awakened as it never has before, and let us prove to the South, that we will not permit the scene of Fort Pillow to be enacted without taking our fill of revenge.

But we will not dwell longer on these revolting details. It is probable that the feelings of our readers have been harrowed up by the descriptions already given, and that they have turned away their eyes in disgust from such spectacles of depravity, violence, and horror. Every mind susceptible of virtuous emotions, and of the common feelings of humanity, must, indeed, feel pained and agony, when it reflects on the depravity of mankind, and on the atrocious crimes which have been perpetrated during this rebellion.

Wicked Machinations of the Enemy.

Our readers will recollect the finding of a paper, as was stated upon the body of Col. Dahlgren, who was killed during the recent raid towards Richmond. The paper was a forgery, concocted to exasperate the people of Richmond against the Union army and to arouse their slumbering and waning patriotism to the Rebel cause. The forged paper was used for the purpose of proving that the Federal raiders intended to burn Richmond and kill Jeff. Davis and such a howl of indignation was raised in Richmond by Tom, Dick and Harry--by the Richmond Whig and the Examiner, and by all the rebel croakers in and about Richmond, was never before heard this side of the deep and bottomless pit. They threatened all sorts of retaliation and vengeance, and couldn't coin words strong enough to express their exasperation against the Yankees.

All that has passed now. We have not forgotten the facts that early in the history of the Rebellion a letter of instruction signed by Gen. Beauregard was intercepted, which ordered the destruction of the Capital of Washington by fire and also the capture and death by foul assassination of President Lincoln and Gen. Scott.

But now, astonishing as it may seem, after its expression of horror over the forged papers above spoken of, the Richmond Whig announces a plan to destroy Northern cities by fire and exhibits a fondness in such business truly surprising. For the information of our readers we quote nearly all the article from the Richmond Whig.

A million of dollars would lay in ashes New York, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburg, Washington and all their chief cities, and the men to do the business may be picked up by the hundred in the streets of those very cities. If it should be thought unsafe to use them there are daring men in Canada, of Morgan's and other commands, who have escaped from Yankee dungeons, and who would rejoice at an opportunity of doing something that would make all Yankeeedom howl with anguish and consternation. That what we are saying may be given a still more practical turn, we will add that we know and have talked with a man--a well known officer in the army, and every way competent, and fit--who is ready and anxious to proceed to Canada on this business. He knows the risks he will encounter; but he is sure of the result that will be achieved. We have addressed ourselves to the authorities of the government, because we feel not a shadow of a doubt that this mode of warfare would, under the circumstances, be justifiable, legitimate and right. But should they reject the plan, as we suppose they would, then we wish to remind the public that the scheme can as well be executed by private enterprises as by the direction or connivance of the authorities.

Concerning stocks in general, there has been unparalleled excitement in the money market for the last month or two, last week Gold suddenly took an upward flight until it reached 88, at which time we nervously grasped a two and a half gold piece, waiting for the 100, but we were doomed to be disappointed, as it was suddenly fell to 71, we hope it may never rise again; in fact, never since Adam was a boy has there been so much excitement amongst brokers, and investing in bogus concerns.

The sudden freaks of Gold caused a parallel in other commodities, for instance, sugar and coffee rose 3 and 4 cents on the pound in a single day. Butter sang to the tune of 70 cents, and as a last resort we are happy to say, quite a number of Butter Leagues sprung into existence, determined to eat dry bread until the farmers could come down to reason and common sense. Hoping we have not tired your patience, we will close, remaining until we meet Yours Truly,

LEE.

United States Army, Pay District of Pennsylvania. Office of the Chief Paymaster, BALTIMORE (Md.) April 19, 1864.

Arrangements for the payment of the Pennsylvania Emergency troops, called into service by the Governor in September, 1862, will shortly be completed. To facilitate the work, I have divided the State into three districts, with a supervising paymaster for each viz:

1st District, Major David Taggart, at Philadelphia, embraces the counties of Berks, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Delaware, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia, Schuylkill, and Wayne.

2d District, Major D. H. McPhail at Harrisburg. The counties of Adams, Blair, Bradford, Cambria, Centre, Columbia, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Luzerne, Lycoming, Mifflin, Montour, Northumberland, Perry, Snyder, Union, Wyoming, and York.

3d District, Major Russell, Errett, at Pittsburg. The counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Crawford, Erie, Indiana, Lawrence, Warren, Washington and Westmoreland.

These, as appears from the returns to the Adjutant General of the State, are all the counties in which were organized any of the troops in question. Any information desired by parties interested will promptly be furnished on application to the proper supervising paymaster.

Each of the named supervising officers will arrange the details within his district, looking to the convenience of the ranks and the finishing of the work.

Philadelphia Correspondence.

22ND WARD, PHILA., April 19, '64. DEAR SIR--Agreeable to promise and in perfect consonance with our feelings, we command a "halt" that we may enjoy a little social chat.

Deeply interested as we are in all that appertains to the growth and prosperity of Columbia, we have with pride and satisfaction read in the columns of the Spy, during the past few weeks, of a "go-ahead" spirit pervading the minds of our influential citizens, and an activity so long latent, trying to develop itself within the environs of home.

We hope before the summer is over to see the "new Iron Company" in full blast; the "Columbia-Classical and Military Institute" in successful operation; the "Columbia and Reading Road" making half a dozen trips daily; our Quota filled with a Draft; Grant and the army of the Potomac in "Richmond;" Copper-Heads politically dead, and the "Spy" obliged to get an extra Gordon's Improved Press. It needs but the open purse and helping hand of the influential, to make Columbia what it once was, the most prosperous town in the State.

The grand topics of interest in the city at present, are the magnificent preparations for the Sanitary Fair to be held in June, and the exciting interest manifested in stocks in general.

Never has so decided a unanimity of feeling pervaded a community, as at present is felt on all sides to make the coming Fair, surpass any thing of the kind that has ever been attempted. Workmen are already busily engaged making the necessary arrangements at Logan Square. The Passenger Car Companies will each devote the proceeds of one day to this laudable object; large manufacturing firms are following in their wake, whilst mechanics, places of amusement, societies, public schools, church choirs, and in fact, "every other man, woman and child seems imbued with a patriotic feeling" and are busily employed doing their utmost to swell the strain and make the welkin ring.

We hope Columbia will not forget the Soldier who is nobly fighting for the glorious "Stars and Stripes," and the fire-sides endeared to us by all the ties of consanguinity; she has ever aided the cause for which they are fighting, let her now again nobly respond to this general call for contributions.

Let the Ladies of Columbia, for they are ever foremost in such laudable enterprises, take the hint given in last week's Spy, and call a meeting and appoint committees to receive donations, subscriptions, &c., and not forget to show their smiling faces at the Fair, behind a table marked Lancaster County.

Concerning stocks in general, there has been unparalleled excitement in the money market for the last month or two, last week Gold suddenly took an upward flight until it reached 88, at which time we nervously grasped a two and a half gold piece, waiting for the 100, but we were doomed to be disappointed, as it was suddenly fell to 71, we hope it may never rise again; in fact, never since Adam was a boy has there been so much excitement amongst brokers, and investing in bogus concerns.

The sudden freaks of Gold caused a parallel in other commodities, for instance, sugar and coffee rose 3 and 4 cents on the pound in a single day. Butter sang to the tune of 70 cents, and as a last resort we are happy to say, quite a number of Butter Leagues sprung into existence, determined to eat dry bread until the farmers could come down to reason and common sense. Hoping we have not tired your patience, we will close, remaining until we meet Yours Truly,

LEE.

United States Army, Pay District of Pennsylvania. Office of the Chief Paymaster, BALTIMORE (Md.) April 19, 1864.

Arrangements for the payment of the Pennsylvania Emergency troops, called into service by the Governor in September, 1862, will shortly be completed. To facilitate the work, I have divided the State into three districts, with a supervising paymaster for each viz:

1st District, Major David Taggart, at Philadelphia, embraces the counties of Berks, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Delaware, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia, Schuylkill, and Wayne.

2d District, Major D. H. McPhail at Harrisburg. The counties of Adams, Blair, Bradford, Cambria, Centre, Columbia, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Luzerne, Lycoming, Mifflin, Montour, Northumberland, Perry, Snyder, Union, Wyoming, and York.

3d District, Major Russell, Errett, at Pittsburg. The counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Crawford, Erie, Indiana, Lawrence, Warren, Washington and Westmoreland.

These, as appears from the returns to the Adjutant General of the State, are all the counties in which were organized any of the troops in question. Any information desired by parties interested will promptly be furnished on application to the proper supervising paymaster.

assigned him with the least practicable delay. He will designate the points and dates of rendezvous, and the paymaster to officiate at each. These, at the proper time, he will have announced in newspapers of the district.

Where the officer or soldier cannot be present at his designated place of rendezvous, to sign the rolls, the payment may be made to his attorney upon power duly executed.

Form will not be enacted. The simple authority, in few words, to sign and receive, will be sufficient. But in all cases the power must be acknowledged before a notary, justice, or other magistrate. If the first, his seal notarial must be affixed. If the others, the exemplification under the seal of a court of record.

These conditions are indispensable, to protect the Government against fraud. B. W. BRIGGS, Chief Paymaster.

As the above circular is a matter of general interest, the newspapers throughout the first sub-district are respectfully requested to give it publicity through their columns.

DAVID TAGGART, Paymaster, U. S. A. PHILADELPHIA, April 13, 1864.

Annapolis is to be distinguished as the starting point of the second great Burnside Expedition. In numbers it will far exceed the first expedition which had some experience in the waters of North Carolina--in its destination the Rebels are bound to be a second time astonished and disappointed.

Literary Notices. HARPER--Harper's New Monthly Magazine for May is already out, and from a hasty glance at its contents, we take it to be a first-rate number. It is for sale by Wm. U. Hess, who has all the late publications of the day for sale at this counter, and to whom we are under many obligations for past favors.

DEMOCRAT'S ILLUSTRATED NEWS--We have received this model newspaper--on its first pages a splendid colored lithograph engraving of the New York Fire Department in the Sanitary Fair, also, as a supplement in this number, is a full size Waist Pattern, together with beautiful fashion plates and engravings of the Metropolitan Fair. Price 10 cents for single copy. Yearly subscription \$4. Address W. J. Demore, No. 90 Beekman street, New York. For sale by Wm. U. Hess.

FRANK LESLIE--The May number of Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine has been received teeming with rich embellishments. It contains a new and original mammoth colored fashion plate, but has a large map representing the latest styles of dresses, &c., also full-size patterns. This number far exceeds all others in the way of choice original tales, sketches and poetry. The beautiful poem on page 312, will be read with interest. Price of Subscription \$5.50 per year. 72 D.ian St. New York. Wm. U. Hess has it for sale.

THE LADY'S FRIEND--This excellent magazine for May contains a beautiful steel engraving, "The Lovers." The Fashion Plate--which is double size, and handsomely colored--is also a charming specimen of its kind. Of the other engravings, we need only say that they are as numerous, varied, and interesting as usual.

Among the reading matter we note the following: "The Young Man's Dilemma," "The Merry Junc's Fine Old Story," "The Lovers," by Jean Ingelow, "After Ten Years," by Virginia F. Townsend, &c., &c. Every one who does not take the Lady's Friend regularly, should at least send on twenty cents, and have this (May) number forwarded to them.

A YOUTH'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION: This is the title of a new work just published by Walker, Wire & Co., Boston, Mass., and now on our table. We are unable to do justice to the work, but will give a few leading points. It is a volume of 317 pages, very handsomely bound in muslin, good paper, large and clear print. The special aim of the History, is to interest and instruct the young. The adaptability of the work to general family use, containing as it does the substance of the more voluminous Histories, at about one fourth the price. The entire historical work is correct, as the materials have been drawn from the most authentic sources. Special pains have been taken to preserve the stirring facts and incidents of personal experience, which gives vivacity and spirit to the narrative.

We advise every family to procure a copy of this work for their children, which they can do by addressing the above firm. Price of the book \$1.25.

SECOND ANNUAL REPORT--We have received a copy of the second Annual Report of the United States Christian Commission, and as we perused it, we were astonished at the amount of good this noble Commission is doing in the present war. It is a volume of 234 pages, which gives you a full detail of all its works during the year 1863. It also has a number of very interesting letters from the soldiers, speaking of the good they have done for them. It will give the reader a more distinct idea of the sufferings and hardships of our brave and noble men in the field. It gives instructions how Aid Societies should be formed, which kind of food should be sent and how to pack.

To give you an idea of its work in the campaign we would say, that they have distributed 88,010 papers, 23,523 Tracts, 29,014 soldiers' books, 122,430 pages of tracts, 214 bound volumes, and 756 soldiers' hymn books. This is but an item of the good they have done. Where have they not been? In every hospital, on every battle field, and everywhere you will find the good works of this Commission. Let every citizen of this place take an active part in it, and do all they can to aid them in their noble and worthy cause, and we will surely thank them with a reward.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. Reported by JAMES S. BUTLER, Commodore of Merchants, No. 321 Market Street, Philadelphia. (PHILADELPHIA, April 21, 1864.)

Flour, extra family, \$15 00 Do. Superfine, 14 00 Do. Rye, 13 18 Corn, 85 90 Clover seed, 72 50 Timothy seed, 22 50 Flax, 3 30 Butter, best quality, 23 82 Eggs, per dozen, 19 21 Whisky, per gallon, 1 17 Tallow, per pound, 14 13

COLUMBIA PRODUCE MARKET, COLUMBIA, April 21, 1864. Corrected weekly for the Spy.

Potatoes, per bushel, 20 1 00 Chickens, per pair, 35 40 Lard, per pound, 50 75 Shoulders, per pound, 18 20 Sides, per pound, 13 17 Tallow, per pound, 12 14 COUNTRY SOAP, per pound, 6 8

COLUMBIA FLOUR AND GRAIN MARKET. Reported weekly for the Spy by Ephraim Hershey.

Family flour, \$8 00 per bbl. Extra do, 7 75 Superfine do, 6 50 White Wheat, 1 70 per bus. Red, 1 60 Rye, 1 25 Oats, 75 32 lbs. Timothy seed, 3 00 per bus. Clover seed, 9 00

COLUMBIA COAL MARKET. Reported for the Columbia Spy by Brainerd & Co., BALTIMORE AND DIAMOND.

Balt. Co., No. 1, 2, 3, \$7 00 Lump coal, 14 75 Stove and Egg, 7 50 Range, 6 50 Nut, 5 25 LYONS' VALLEY COAL. \$2 25

STOVE AND EGG. PITTSBURGH. Lump, 5 40 Stove and Egg, 7 00 Nut, 5 25 SHAMOKIN. Stove and Egg, 7 25 Range, 6 75 Nut, 5 75 TREVENTON. Eggs, 7 00 Stove, 7 00 Nut, 5 75 Pea, 4 75

SPECIAL NOTICES. EYE AND EAR--Prof. J. Isaacs, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, has removed to Philadelphia, where he will personally attend to all cases of the Eye or Ear, and will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. Address, 100 Arch Street, Philadelphia. No charge made for examination. The Medical Faculty is in possession of no secrets in his mode of treatment. Feb-1864-y.

SWALLOW TWO OR THREE HOGS--heads of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the results, try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS--and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, and do not injure the system in any way. Sold by JAMES S. BUTLER, Station D, Bible House, New York.

Do YOU WANT TO BE CURED? DR. BUCHAN'S English Specific Pills cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Affections, no matter how long they have existed. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post paid, by mail, on receipt of an order. Address, JAMES S. BUTLER, Station D, Bible House, New York.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative. The standard staple preparation for the hair, warranted in all cases to restore faded and gray hair, and whiskers, to their original color. It does not claim to make the hair grow in where it has once fallen out, but nothing will do that whatever may be advertised to the contrary, but it will prevent it from falling out, make it soft and silky, and keep the scalp free from impurities and humors, and entirely overcome bad effects of previous use of preparations containing sulphur, sugar of lead, &c. It requires no washing, and hours for its application, nor will it stain the skin, but is as easily applied and wiped from the scalp as any hair dressing. It restores the natural shining of one's hair, and which gives a lively appearance instead of the dull uniform black of dyes.

Hoyt's Imperial Coloring Cream. Superior to any Hair Dressing in use. Oils and Colors the Hair at the same time! Changes light and red hair to a beautiful brown or black. Sold everywhere. Sent by mail on receipt of price. No. 10 University Place, New York. mar.12-'64-y.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES--DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the natural shedding of one's hair, and which gives a lively appearance instead of the dull uniform black of dyes.

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT. DIED OF CROUP--WEATA PRETTY and interesting child I saw last week, but now, alas! it is no more. Such was the conversation of two gentlemen, riding down town in the cars. "Died of croup?" "How strange?" "When Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment is certain cure, if taken in time. Now, Mothers, we appeal to you. It is not for the paltry gain and profit we make, but for the sake of your infant child that now lies playing at your feet. Croup is a dangerous disease; but use Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in time, and it is robbed of its terrors. Always keep it in the house; you may not want it to-night, or to-morrow, not telling when--but armed with this liniment you are prepared, let it come when it will. Price only 25 cents a bottle. Office 58 Cortlandt Street, New York. Sold by all Druggists. April 2, 1864-lmo.

NEW STORE! NEW STOCK OF GOODS. I have just returned from the city with a full and complete assortment of Groceries & Provisions, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, CEDARWARE, &c., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Coffee, Molasses, Sugar, Fish, Tea, Flour, Spices, Salt, Fruit, Bacon, &c., &c. My goods are all fresh and the finest in the market, and will be sold at the very lowest market price. Call and examine. B. F. APPOLD, Apr. 16, '64. Locust St., opposite Bank.

Imperial Coal Oil, A NO. 1 DOUBLE REFINED CARBON OIL, WHICH gives a more brilliant light at less expense than any other oil; and is perfectly non-explosive. NO. 1 LUBRICATING OIL, From which all sediment and impurities are removed, rendering it superior for all kinds of machinery.

NO. 1 DEODORIZED BENZOLE. This is extensively used by painters, cabinet-makers, and pronounced by others equal in all respects to Turpentine. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to. Columbia, January 9, 1864.

JUST RECEIVED A well selected stock of ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, LOOKING GLASSES, QUEENSWARE, &c., FOR SPRING TRADE, at the very lowest Cash Prices, at HALDREMAN'S STORE.

GARDEN SEEDS!! Having received a large and well selected assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, direct from the Shakers, the subscriber is able to furnish whatever is desired in this CALIFLOWER SEED, ENDIVE SEED, SWEET BASIL SEED, and a variety of others too numerous to mention. PEAS and BEANS, of all varieties, constantly on hand, and for sale in large or small quantities, at R. WILLIAMS.

ONE PRICE CLOTHING. JONES, 604, MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, has, constantly on hand, a full stock of SEASONABLE CLOTHING, got up from material well prepared, for retail sales only, and has THE LOWEST SELLING PRICE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES ON EACH ARTICLE, and never varies. All can buy alike, and are sure of getting a good article, at the lowest rates it can be offered. Latest Styles and best make. JONES & CO., mar.10-'64-lf. 604 Market St., Phila.

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, &c.; PERFUMERY, BRUSHES, COMBS, &c., &c.; SPONGES, &c., &c. The subscriber has just received a large addition to his stock of the above articles, also, Nursing Bottles, of a late and improved pattern. Call and examine. R. WILLIAMS, apr.12-'64. Front street, Columbia.

SEWING MACHINES. Wheeler & Wilson. The cheapest and best Sewing Machine in the Market. An acknowledged to be unrivaled. No family should be without one. PRICES REDUCED. For particulars, call and examine, or send for circular to W. G. PATTON, Agent for Lancaster County, at the store of Maltby & Case, Locust st., Columbia, Pa. april 2, 1864.

GOT OUR MATCH AT LAST. J. RUMPLE & SON, have just received TWO HUNDRED GROSS of Superior Matches, which will be sold wholesale and retail. april 2, '64. J. RUMPLE & SON, Locust street, Col'a.

CARPETS! CARPETS! NEW and Splendid Styles Carpets and Oil Cloths, sold at very small profits. Call and examine them at Col'a. mar.19-'64. MALTBY & CASE.

Spring Clothing. A FULL Stock of desirable Spring Clothing, in all the latest styles, just received at the Cheap Store of Col'a. mar.19-'64. MALTBY & CASE.

WANTED, AN APPRENTICE to the Tinmith business, also a Journeyman, to whom good wages will be paid. Apply to BIRMAN WILSON, Corner 2nd and Locust, Columbia, april 9, 1864.

Great Central Fair, FOR THE SANITARY COMMISSION.

OFFICE OF THE COMMITTEE ON LABOR, INCOME AND REVENUES, No. 118 SOUTH 7TH ST., PHILA., APRIL 4, 1864. The Committee on "LABOR, INCOME AND REVENUES" invite co-operation with them in the particular work for which they have been appointed. As no portion of the people are more patriotic than the working men and women of the country, they are just and proper that they should alike have an opportunity to contribute to the objects of the Fair. The most equitable plan for accomplishing this and for securing the easiest one, is to ask for the contribution of a SINGLE DAY'S LABOR from all classes in the community. Many will contribute a day of their leisure, who would not subscribe their money. To reach every department of industry and art will be a work of great labor, but, if attained, will be productive of the most beneficial results. The success of the plan will depend upon the hearty co-operation of every element of influence within our limits, and we wish all the guardians of the country to be present, and all others, to take hold with us in furthering this great work of patriotism and humanity.

The Committee charged with the following duty, to wit: FIRST--To obtain the contribution of "one day's labor," or earnings, from every artisan and mechanic who has a trade, an employee; president, cashier, teller and clerk of every incorporated and unincorporated company, railroad and express company, employer, manufacturer, contractor, iron works, oil works, mill, mine and public office; from every private banker and broker, importer, auctioneer and merchant, clerk, agent, farmer, contractor, finisher and artist; publisher, printer and mechanic; from every government officer, contractor and employee; grocer, butcher, baker and dealer; from every individual miller and female operative; every individual engaged in turning the soil, tending the loom, or in any other honest industry, hood, or building fortune within the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

SECOND--To obtain the contribution of one day's income from every retired person, and person of fortune--male and female--living upon their means, and from all clergymen, lawyers, physicians, dentists, editors, authors and professors; all other persons engaged in the learned or other professions.

Much of this work must be performed by the personal influence and efforts of ladies and gentlemen associated, or to be associated with the Committee in carrying out this plan. The Committee feel the responsibility of the work they have undertaken, which to be successful, will require a very perfect unification of the plan, and for this purpose call upon all earnest people, to assemble themselves together in every town, township, and counties, and form organizations of ladies and gentlemen, to be organized in the large towns, so that the young people may have an opportunity thus to render assistance to their relatives and friends fighting the battles of their country in the armies of the nation.

The work of this Committee may be prosecuted where no other effort can be made for the Fair, as in the case of the remote regions. A day's earnings of the miners, and a day's profit of the mines, can be obtained, where no portable article could be procured for sale. In the remote regions there is no part or section of these States where the day's labor may not be obtained, if organized and carried out to the letter. The Committee deem it unnecessary to do more, than thus to present the subjects to the people of the State. Such a number of the coming campaigns of our armies, the laborers of the "Sanitary Commission" will be greatly augmented. By the first of June 1864, the number of our fighting men in modern times--will be operating in the field so large a force, scattered over regions to which the men are unaccustomed, must necessarily carry with them a large amount of sickness, suffering and death, to say nothing of the gathered horrors of the battle-field.

These sufferings, it is our bounden duty, as men and Christians, to relieve. A great and enlightened people, enjoying the blessings of a government of their own making, cannot refuse to contribute to the effort to maintain its authority, and we will not believe that the "GREAT CENTRAL FAIR," drawn from the resources of the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, so affluent in all mineral, agricultural and industrial wealth, shall fail to do anything to relieve the suffering yet been made for the relief of the Nation's children.

As it is desirable not to multiply circulars, we further outline the plan, and it will be necessary for any employing firm or company, or any respectable committee of ladies and gentlemen, to proceed at once, in the work of this committee, to be organized that under it, organizations will spring up in all the towns and busy regions of the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

Subscriptions will be thankfully acknowledged in the newspapers of Philadelphia; and it is very desirable that they commence soon, as each dollar of subscription will stimulate effort in other localities. All subscriptions should be addressed to JOHN W. CLAGHORN, Treasurer, office of the "Committee on Labor, Income and Revenue," No. 118 South Seventh Street, Philadelphia.

221 All useful helps in Circulars and Posters will be forwarded to parties applying for them. Direct to the chairman of the Committee as above.

HONORARY MEMBERS. His Excellency, A. G. Curtis, Gov. of Pennsylvania. His Excellency, Joel Parker, Gov. of New Jersey. His Excellency, Wm. Allen, Gov. of New York. Hon. Alexander Henry, Mayor of Philadelphia. Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Pennsylvania. Hon. Judge Carpenter, of Lancaster. Hon. Judge Harrington, Delaware. Hon. Gen. George Sigel, Army of the Potomac.

RIGHT REV. BISHOP DUFFIN, New York. Rev. Bishop Butler, New York. Rev. Dr. Simpson, New York. Rev. Dr. Brainerd, New York. Rev. W. P. Blood, New York. Rev. G. W. Felt, New York. Rev. Isaac Leiser, New York. Rev. Samuel M. Patten, New York. Rev. John Edgar Thomson, New York. Commodore R. F. Stockton, New York. Frederick Fraloy, New York. John Bingham, New York. Rev. Wm. A. Briggs, New York. Rev. W. S. Burdett, D. D., New York. Professor Henry Coppée, New York. Rev. Peniston Tait, New York. Dr. Walter Williamson, New York. Rev. Charles H. Johnson, New York. Hon. J. B. Ledford, New York. S. B. Brown, New York. Daniel Dougherty, New York. and 50 others. April 9, 1864.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM! The undersigned is now prepared to furnish to the public ICE CREAM, by the freezer, quart or in moulds, at the low prices. Also by small quantity at his saloon, between the 3rd and Franklin House, Locust Street. Col'a. mar.12-'64. GEO. J. SMITH.

TO TEACHERS AND SCHOOL OFFICERS, SCHOOL ECONOMY. A TREATISE ON THE PREPARATION, ORGANIZATION, EMPLOYMENTS, and Authorities of Schools. By James F. Wickersham, A. M. Just received and for sale by GEO. J. SMITH, april 9, 1864. Wm. U. Hess.