

Washington Pennsylvania Soldiers' Relief Association. Having opened an office at No. 1 Washington Building...

The attention of the reader is directed to the advertisement of Dr. Marley's Family Medicine...

The Presbyterian Church has for the past two months been undergoing extensive repairs...

Change of Time.—The new schedule for the running of the passenger trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad...

Electors of Directors.—On last Wednesday the following gentlemen were elected Directors of the Columbia Bank...

Mittens for the Soldiers.—We have seen a private letter from Capt. Keley, Co. K, 45th Regt. P. V., stating that the men suffered severely during the late cold weather...

New Stock of Ladies' Furs.—Messrs. Charles Oakford & Son, Nos. 834 and 836 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia...

A First-Rate Chance.—Capt. G. H. Brisman, of Co. K, 135th Regt. Penna. Vols., informs us that he is about returning to Columbia for the purpose of recruiting...

The Lancaster County Drafted Militia.—After considerable discussion it appears to be settled that the drafted men of this State are to be allowed to form their own organizations...

Colonel, Lieut. Jno. L. Wright, 5th Penna. Reserves. Lieut. Colonel, John Wives, Lancaster City.

The November Elections.—Elections were held on Tuesday, Nov. 4th, in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Delaware, Kansas and Minnesota...

The Removal of General McClellan.—The great event of the day is the removal of Gen. McClellan from the command of the Army of the Potomac...

Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society.—Since our last report of donations to the Society, the following have been received: Mrs. Fondermish, 6 pillow cases...

Our Army Correspondence.—CAMP NEAR WARRENTON, Va., November 7th, 1862. Editor Spy:—When my last letter was written we were encamped near the Leesburg and Winchester turnpike...

Received of John Clark, One Hundred Dollars, as a donation for the benefit of the soldiers' families living in Columbia...

Table for the conversion of avoirdupois ounces into Troy ounces. Columns include Troy, Avoirdupois, and the conversion factor.

On gold plate no allowance is made, but every Troy ounce is taxed 50 cents; hence the tax on one ounce Avoirdupois of gold plate is \$5 50...

We passed through Union in the direction of Ashby's Gap, and bivouacked one mile and a half farther. This day I realized the fact that an immense army was moving in the same direction with ourselves...

arrived at the latter place about four o'clock P. M. The village is situated on the Alexandria and Winchester turnpike...

The army approached Warrenton with great caution. It was known that the Rebels occupied the place, but whether in force or not was not ascertained...

Cooper's and other batteries were placed in position preparatory to shelling out the Rebels. Doubleday's and Ricketts' Divisions were drawn up in battle array...

Soon after leaving Berlin, as usual, a stringent order was issued against depredations of all kinds. Property of disloyal men was scrupulously guarded...

Friday.—The Reserves had not moved to-day. The other portion of Hooker's corps marched past our camp in the direction of Rappahannock Station...

A Captain came very near stepping out last night. Before sleeping he had fired drove some of the embers among the leaves upon which he was lying and set them on fire...

On Tuesday we marched to Union, at 8 o'clock A. M., two miles from camp, and halted four hours upon the ground occupied by the Rebels in the engagements of Sunday...

Saturday.—Firing in the direction of Rappahannock Station. Mail just leaving. ORDERLY.

Gen. McClellan Relieved from Command of the Army of the Potomac. Ordered to Trenton, N. J.—Gen. Burnside in Command of the Army.

The last official act of the late commander of the Army of the Potomac was the issuing of an address to the troops of a few words, informing them that the command devolved on General Burnside...

Letter from Gen. Halleck to the Secretary of War. The following important correspondence will perhaps give some of the reasons which actuated our War Department...

WASHINGTON, November 9. The following important correspondence will perhaps give some of the reasons which actuated our War Department in recommending the President to make a change in the command of the Army of the Potomac...

Second. On several occasions, General McClellan has telegraphed me that his army was deficient in certain supplies. All these telegrams were immediately referred to the heads of bureaus with orders to report...

Delays have occasionally occurred in forwarding supplies by railroad on account of the crowded condition of the railroad depots, or of a want of a sufficient number of cars...

From all the information I can obtain, I am of the opinion that the requisitions for that army have been filled more promptly, and that the men, as a general rule, have been better supplied...

Fourth. In my opinion there has been no such want of supplies in the army under Gen. McClellan as to prevent his compliance with my orders to advance upon the enemy.

Another Skirmish with Stuart's Cavalry.—Capture of Three Pieces of Artillery.—Our Advance at the Rappahannock.

Gen. McClellan's Farewell to the Troops.—Enthusiastic Greeting.—Gen. Burnside Assumes Command.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, WARRENTON, Monday Evening, Nov. 10. General McClellan was to have left yesterday for the North, but the transferring of a command like this could not be accomplished in a day...

On the 18th of October, General McClellan stated, in regard to General Meigs' report that he had filled every requisition for horse and clothing...

Colonel Ingalls, aid-de-camp and chief of staff to General McClellan, telegraphed on the 25th as follows: The suffering for want of clothing is exaggerated, I think, and certainly might have been avoided by timely requisition by the regimental and brigade commanders...

It is due to General Meigs that I should submit herewith a copy of a telegram received by him from Gen. McClellan. Very respectfully, your obedient servant. H. W. HALLECK, General-in-Chief.

From McClellan's Headquarters.—To Brigadier General Meigs. Your despatch of this date is received. I have never intended, in any letter or despatch to make any accusation against yourself or your Department for not furnishing or forwarding clothing as rapidly as it was possible for you to do so...

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC. THE OCCUPATION OF WARRENTON.—LEE'S ARMY SAID TO HAVE ESCAPED. WARRENTON, Nov. 7, 4 o'clock, P. M.—General Reynolds' corps took possession of this town yesterday unopposed.

Reliable citizens confirm the general belief of intelligent officers of our army that Lee has succeeded in eluding McClellan, and that the main portion of his army is at Gordonsville.

Leading Secessionists of this town prophesy that a great battle will take place in this vicinity in a few days. They represent that Jackson is only ten miles off, with 70,000 men, and Bragg moving from Gordonsville in great force...

General Pleasonton, yesterday, in a skirmish with General Stuart, near little Washington, captured three pieces of artillery, also a Captain, Lieutenant and five privates. No loss has been reported on our side.

Gen. McClellan's Farewell to the Troops.—Enthusiastic Greeting.—Gen. Burnside Assumes Command. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, WARRENTON, Monday Evening, Nov. 10.

At 9 o'clock last evening all the officers belonging to headquarters assembled at the General's tent to bid him farewell. The only toast given was by General McClellan—"The Army of the Potomac."

army corps. As the General rode through the ranks the torn and tattered banners of the veterans were dipped to greet him, while the thousands of soldiers gave vent in continuous rounds of applause to their feelings.

Rebel Attack on Nashville. THEY ARE DRIVEN OFF AFTER A HEAVY BOMBARDMENT. LOUISVILLE, November 7.—The Rebel threatening Nashville has been much exaggerated. John C. Breckinridge and his Division is within supporting distance of Nashville...

General Cheatham with a portion of General Bragg's army, was at Murfreesboro'. The remainder of his army, consisting of 15,000 left at Cumberland Gap...

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