"Why, sir, one of the passengers we have just saved is the same man I saw writing on your slate at noon. I would swear to it in a court of justice."

"Upon my word, Mr. Bruce," replied the captain, "this gets more and more singular. Let us go and see this man."

They found him in conversation with the captain of the rescued ship. They both came forward and expressed, in the warmest terms, their gratitude for deliverence from a horrible fate—slow-coming death by exposure and starvation.

The captain replied that he had but done what he was certain they would have done for him under the same circumstances, and asked them both to step down into the cabin. Then, turning to the passenger, he said, "I hope, sir, you will not think I am trifling with you; but I would be much obliged to you if you would write a few words on this slate." *And he handed him the slate*, with that upon which the mysterious writing was not. "I will do anything you ask," replied the passenger; "but what shall I write?"

"A few words are all I want. Suppose you write 'Steer to the nor'west.'"

The passenger evidently puzzled to make out the motive for such a request, complied, however, with a smile. The captain took up the slate and examined it closely; then, stepping aside so as to conceal the slate from the passenger, he turned it over, and gave it to him again with the other side up.

"You say that is your handwriting?" said he.

"I need not say so," rejoined the other, looking at it, "for you saw me write it."

"And this?" said the captain, turning the slate over.

The man looked first at one writing, then at the other, quite confounded. At last, "What is the meaning of this?" said he.—"I only wrote one of these. Who wrote the other?"

"That's more than I can tell you, sir.—My mate here says you wrote it, sitting at this desk, at noon to-day."

The captain of the wreck and the passenger looked at each other, exchanging glances of intelligence and surprise; and the former asked the latter, "Did you dream that you wrote on this slate?"

"No, sir, not that I remember."

"You speak of dreaming" said the captain of the bark. "What was this gentlemen about at noon to-day?"

"Captain," rejoined the other, "the whole thing is most mysterious and extraordinary; and I had intended to speak to you about it as soon as we got a little quiet. This gentleman, (pointing to the passenger,) being much exhausted, fell into a heavy sleep, or what seemed such, some time before noon. After an hour or more he awoke, and said to me 'Captain we shall be relieved this very day.' When I asked him what reason he had for saying so, he replied that he had dreamed that he was on board a bark, and that she was coming to our rescue. He described her appearance and rig; and, to our utter astonishment, when your vessel hove in sight she corresponded exactly to his description of her. We had not put much faith in what he said; yet still we hoped there might be something in it, for drowning men, you know, will catch at straws.—As it has turned out, I cannot doubt that it was all arranged, in some incomprehensible way, by an overruling Providence, so that we might be saved. To Him all thanks for his goodness to us."

"There is not a doubt rejoined the other captain, "that the writing on the slate, let it have come there as it may, saved all your lives. I was steering at the time considerably south of west, and I altered my course to nor'west, and I had a lookout aloft to see what would become of it. "But you say," he added, turning to the passenger, "that you did not dream of writing on a slate?"

"No, sir. I have no recollection what ever of doing so. I got the impression that the bark I saw in my dream was coming to rescue us; but *how* that impression came I cannot tell. There is another very strange thing about it," he added. "Everything here on board seems to me quite familiar; yet I am very sure I never was in your vessel before. It is all a puzzle to me. What did your mate see?"

Thereupon Mr. Bruce related to them all the circumstances above detailed. The conclusion they finally arrived at was, that it was a special interposition of Providence to save them from what seemed a hopeless fate.

The above narrative was communicated to me by Captain J. S. Clark, of the schooner Julia Hallock, who had it directly from Mr. Bruce himself. They sailed together for seventeen months, in the years 1836 and '37; so that Captain Clark had the story from the mate about eight years after the occurrence. He has since lost sight of him, and does not know whether he is yet alive. All he has heard from him since they were shipmates is, that he continued the trade in New Brunswick, that he became the master of the brig Comet, and that she was lost.—"As truthful and straightforward a man," he replied, "as ever I met in all my life.—We were as intimate as brothers; and two men can't be together, shut up for seventeen months in the same ship, without getting to know whether they can trust one another's word or not. He always spoke of the circumstances in terms of reverence, as of an incident that seemed to bring him nearer to God and another world. I'd stake my life upon it that he told me no lie."

☞ The most intimate friend of Garibaldi in this country was lately observed to look very sad, and to sigh heavily at the mention of the General's name. "Why do you sigh?" he was asked. "Poor Garibaldi!" he said, and sighed again. "Poor Garibaldi! Why 'Poor Garibaldi?' Because he was forced to resign the command in Italy?" "Worse than that." "Because Sir James Hudson's objections compelled him to sanction the disbanding of the Nazione Armata?" "Worse than that." "Because he has lately taken to himself a wife?" "Worse than that." "What *stronger grounds for commiseration can there be?*" "Alexander Dumas is going to write a life!" Mr. Punch comprehended the sigh, and echoed it.

The Columbia Spy.

COLUMBIA, PA.

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1860.

☞ See New Advertisements of A. M. Rambo's, Odd Fellows' Hall, in to-day's Paper.

A Large Egg.—Mr. Jacob Mathiot, of East Hempfield township, has sent us a hen's egg worthy of mention—its circumference in length, is 8½ inches; in width, 7½; its weight is 6 ounces.

Haldeman's New Goods.—Haldeman advertises in to-day's paper a large assortment of new goods. Everything in the line of business, of new styles, tasteful patterns and good quality, will be found at the old favorite establishment. Call and examine.

☞ We have read with interest and pleasure the maiden speech of Hon. Edward McPherson, M. C., delivered in the House of Representatives, Feb. 24th ult. Mr. McPherson is well known in this county as editor of the Lancaster *Times*. He was elected to Congress last year and took his seat at the opening of the present session. His first effort on the floor of the National House of Representatives is not merely creditable, but gives the speaker a standing among the able, earnest men of the day.

Ice Cream.—We acknowledge the receipt of a bowl of delicious Ice Cream, from the establishment of Mrs. Beiter, in Front street. She has opened her Saloons for the season, and we need not recommend our citizens to encourage her—to announce the Cream as on sale is to insure a demand. The article submitted to our critical judgment was of first quality, and met the decided approval of every taster. We offer our thanks.

The "Pure Juice."—J. S. Dellett & Co., of the "Golden Mortar," over against us, has issued to us one bottle of "Reynolds' Unfermented Wine." The accompanying wrapper sets forth that the "fluid" is the "pure juice of the Catawba Grape," and "entirely free from Alcohol." We have sampled in our time a-many varieties of the "Pure Juice"—of Grape, Rye, Corn, and what-not—but never before imbibed with such entire confidence, after the first drop reached our palate, in the immaculate purity of the tipple. The wine is evidently what it claims to be—the unfermented juice of the grape. It has all the exquisite flavor of the ripe Catawba Grape, and is of course without the slightest Alcoholic quality. It is intended for Sacramental purposes, and for invalids; besides, it makes a delightful drink for any one fond of sweet wine. Being free from alcohol, it has no more intoxicating effect than so much pure water. Ladies will find it a delightful Summer drink, and far less injurious than Soda Water. Call at the "Golden Mortar" and get a bottle.

Exhibition of the Cadets of Temperance.—On last Saturday evening the Odd Fellows' Hall was crowded to its full capacity on the occasion of the Exhibition given by Rising Star Section, No. 30, Cadets of Temperance. The boys had exerted themselves in disposing of tickets, and the result was a complete success. The exercises were varied and interesting, and the juvenile actors acquitted themselves with infinite credit. The declamation was excellent, and the spirit with which the dialogues came off excited approbation and applause. Altogether it was *the* entertainment of the season, and we are glad to chronicle its success. The encouragement received on this occasion has induced the Cadets to offer a repetition of the exhibition on next Tuesday evening. We hope they may again receive substantial proof of the interest taken by our citizens in their organization. Give the boys a show and they are bound to make a sensation.

Lutheran Conference.—The Lebanon Conferenonce of the East Pennsylvania Synod of the Lutheran Church met on Monday last in the E. Lutheran Church, in this place. The Conference consisted of the ministers and one lay delegate, from each congregation. Twenty delegates, lay and clerical, were present. Sessions were held on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—adjourning on Wednesday morning. Considerable business was before the Conference, the most interesting of which related to the missionary labors of the Church in this and adjoining counties. The sessions were characterized by harmony and unanimity.

The River.—During the first days of this week the river was bank-full, but subsided gradually to good rafting stage. On Wednesday, eight lumber rafts from Oswego, New York, arrived here, but took pilots and were run through. The general Spring inroad by these northern hordes has not commenced, but we may expect them down on us every day. Our business men look for their coming with anxiety, and our hotel keepers are sharpening their weapons for the great fight. Their deadly "Rifle" is loaded and primed, warranted to bring the answer in the briefest space and on the most reasonable terms. The "Captain," that redoubtable warrior, who slays his man at every encounter, will flow freely and shed his blood for the good of our visitors. The thirsty suckers are beginning to cast an anxious glance towards Marietta, and are ready to "ring in" on the first treat of the season. Every man is anxious to hail the coming "Yanks." May they descend quickly and in numbers as a swarm of locusts.

Since writing the above rafts have arrived in considerable numbers, and at this time (Friday afternoon), between thirty and forty lumber rafts are tied up at our wharves. Some ten or twelve passed on in the morning.

Farmer and Gardener.—The Philadelphia Agricultural Magazine is an assured success. It is edited with care and talent, and cannot fail to have a beneficial effect upon the agricultural enterprise of our State. It should be liberally supported in this neighborhood.

Columbia Insurance Company.—An Insurance Company under this title has been chartered by the Legislature; bill approved Feb. 25th ult. The corporators named in the bill are C. S. Kauffman, Jacob B. Shuman, M. M. Strickler, Wyatt W. Miller, H. R. Knotwell, Henry E. Wolf, Jacob Seitz, Michael H. Moore and George Young, jr. The act of incorporation stipulates that the office of the Company shall be located at Columbia. That the board of directors shall not consist of less than nine nor more than thirteen members. The corporators above named are constituted the board of directors for various terms of service, from one to three years from Feb. 1st, 1860. All directors chosen at the first annual election, on the first Monday in February, 1861, and thereafter, shall serve for three years from the date of their election. The officers are President, Vice-President, Treasurer and Executive Committee, elected by the board; &c., &c., &c.

The Company is on the Mutual principle, all insurers being, for the period of such insurance, members of the Company. The Charter also gives privilege of marine and inland insurance, on vessels, boats and their cargoes, and on merchandize transported by railroad or by other land carriage.

We believe our town to be a good point for the location of such a Company, and have no doubt of its success. It is in energetic hands and will go into immediate operation. The corporators will meet on Tuesday, at the Washington House, for the purpose of organizing.

Hope Lodge Lecture.—The tenth lecture of the season was delivered by Mrs. John S. Gable, of Lancaster, as previously announced. Mr. Essick, as chairman, introduced the lecturer to the audience.

We shall attempt no literal report of Mrs. Gable's essay, without writing from close phonographic notes no just idea could be conveyed. The lecture can best be characterized in the words of one of the subsequent speakers: "An excellent piece of womanly thinking." As may be supposed, Mrs. G. took the ground that intellectual education is quite as necessary to woman as to man, and advocated its thoroughness. But she would by no means have the moral and domestic training superseded by entire devotion to mental development. There should be harmony; and the judicious cultivation of mind and of heart must go hand in hand. The lecturer concluded with an eloquent picture of the perfectly educated woman. The largest audience of the season assembled to listen to Mrs. Gable's remarks and we believe the general feeling to have been entire approval and delight.

Mr. Buckius agreed with the lecturer.—His standard of female education was high. He humorously contrasted the educated with the uneducated young lady, and made out a decided case against the latter. Ladies should be educated while *young* ladies. They cease to acquire after marriage—that is, knowledge.

Mr. Ditmars, of Lancaster, made a few eloquent remarks, eulogizing woman. The Major was in the clouds; thither we dare not follow: we should do injustice to his poetical imagery.

Mr. Oberlin believed woman to be as capable of receiving a complete education as man, and that she *should* be educated to the same extent. The mother's influence with the child is greater than the father's, and she should be so trained as to render her teaching practically valuable. He advocated not only the cultivation of the domestic virtues, but the attainment of scientific knowledge.

Mr. Baumgardner said that, to him, physical beauty loses all its charms when unaccompanied by moral and intellectual beauty. He would encourage complete education of females.

Mr. Fisher, while he agreed with previous speakers in their advocacy of female education, thought there were too frequently mistake s made in the course of study marked out for girls. Time was frittered in the acquirement of unpractical abstruse knowledge and vain accomplishments, to the neglect of the domestic education—the idispensable training which only can fit a young woman to become a wife and mother. In his eyes, that woman is most perfect who can best minister in the home circle to the wants, moral and physical, of her family. He would not have a woman without a thoroughly useful mental education; but he would not, at the same time, have that education acquired at the expense of her household duties. He valued the kitchen lore which resulted in a well-broiled beefsteak, above mongrel Greek, French, Latin, German, with piano and polka thrown in.

Mr. Kauffman rose to carry out and make practical application of the last speaker's argument—in effect, an appeal to the stomach. The best cooker of beef-steak makes the best wife. Now, we have in our town a number of colored ladies eminent for their culinary virtues. Their color is against them, but they *can* cook a beefsteak. Arguing from the gentleman's premises, that the best cook makes the best wife, and granting that our Tow Hill friends are the best cooks, the logical concusion is that the black wife is the best wife—a conclusion leading us a point beyond even the blackest of Black Republicanism.

Mr. North rose with a timid distrust of his rigot as a bachelor, to speak on the subject of woman's education. He represented his knowledge of the sex as exceedingly limited. [Our eye!] Woman should be all heart; man all head. A woman's impulse is instinctively true and correct; her reasoning almost infallibly leads to error. Although in favor of female intellectual culture, he thought this should be made *subordinate to moral education*. The woman all mind is unfit for a small home. If he ever realizes the necessity of a home and family of his own, he wants a wife with a religious heart. [None other need apply.] Of the two, he would prefer the domestic woman without intellectual acquirements, to the brilliant, strong-minded woman, guiltless of the knowledge of how to make home happy. The mother does not need excessive mental training to teach her children the distinction between right and wrong. The investigations of science leads men to infidelity; would not similar pursuits have the same effect upon woman?

Mr. Oberlin desired Mr. North to explain how the mother is to guide her children in the choice of literature—how distinguish between good and bad books?

Mr. North replied that there was an infallible rule for her guidance. Objectionable works always have "yellow covers."

Mr. Menges made a few remarks concerning woman's sphere—the household. He agreed with the lecture that woman should be educated, and did not believe that a proper education would interfere with her domestic relations.

Mr. M. D. Wickersham, of Millersville Normal School, will deliver the next lecture, on Friday evening, 23d inst. There will be no lecture next week.

Police Items.

"REPORTED BY OUR SPECIAL MOUCHARD."

Susannah and the Elder.—On the evening of Monday, the 27th ult., Elder Solomon Mitchell, colored, of the Hill, was arrested on a warrant issued from the Blue Front, charged with violent assault and battery with intent to kill, upon the person Mrs. Susannah Smith, yellow, of the Basin, *on the evening of the previous Saturday*. As Solomon was passing the residence of complainant—Gay, near Commerce—he was vituperatively assailed by Susannah and charged with having created an estrangement between Mr. and Mrs. John Handy, and was further informed that Elder Solomon Mitchell was, in her opinion, a d——d Ethiopian purloiner of fowls. [A little reference to a foray of Solomon upon the henroosts of Washington, when he was shot in the head, and in consequence of which he spent nine months in the County Prison, *awaiting his trial*, which never came off.] Sol. replied to the taunt with half a brick, which Mrs. Smith dodged. She beat a retreat. The same evening the parties encountered each other at the house of Aunt Martha Long, on the Hill, and Elder Mitchell embraced the opportunity to get square with his antagonist. He lent Mrs. Smith a buffet which staggered her, and sent he to the Blue Front for satisfaction. Susannah remembered that the 'Squire had put her through on the occasion of her late encounter with "Jake" Dutch, and she expected the worthy Magistrate to mete out equal justice in the present case, in which she enjoyed the advantage of being complainant. She wanted Sol. Mitchell sent right down. Hrs. Handy corroborated Mrs. Smith's statement.

The Elder admitted the blow, but plead provocation. The opprobrious epithet bestowed by Mrs. Smith was, he considered, "a 'sault on de cha'acter wuss dan any blow." He also hinted at ground for a cross action. Mrs. Susannah was not Mrs. Susannah Smith, legally. "De nigger" has another wife living, as complainant well knows. And farther, Mrs. Handy was an illegal squatter, "case John Handy was put in jail 'bout two years ago fo' whippin his oder wife. Dese things wasn't right, no how, an' he was gwine to hab dem straightened up."

The Elder was ordered to find bail, which he successfully accomplished, for his appearance at April term of Quarter Sessions, to answer Mrs. Smith's charge of assault and battery. Complainant and witness were severely reprimanded by the magistrate, for their disregard for the rights of the other wives of their respective husbands (!). He would make inquiry and if he found their domestic relations of the nature charged by Solomon, the law would be called on to interfere. However tolerant the inhabitants of Tow Hill may be, Mormonism shall not be successfully established in the North Ward, and especially not in the Canal Basin precinct.

A "Pretty Boy."—On last Sunday, Sheriff Waits was called on to arrest a colored lad, John Frisbee, about eighteen years old, for the larceny of sundry small *sums of money from his sister-in-law*, residing in the North Ward. John was locked up until Monday morning, when he was arraigned at the Blue Front. A "quarter" supposed to be a portion of the spoils, was found on his person, but he denied the theft, claiming to have honestly earned the coin by butting the end out of a store box, in Locust street. ("But, me no buts," was the facetious remark of the 'Squire, as he confiscated the *stuff* in question.) The relative of the prisoner failed to appear against him; but as he admitted that he was without a home and employment, (he lived by his *head*, though not exactly by his wits), the Magistrate concluded that he ought to be cared for. He accordingly ordered the Sheriff to take him down to rest with Mr. Mr. Cadwell, for thirty days.

Proceedings of Council.—A Special Meeting of the Town Council was held, March 5th, 1860.

Members present: Messrs. Bruner, Breneman, Hershey, Hippy, McChesney, Pfahler, Watts, Welsh and Fraley, President.

John Eddy was elected Tax Collector for 1860.

Mr. Breneman moved that James Barber be allowed $2.50 extra for assessing the Borough tax for 1860; which was agreed to.

Mr. Bruner submitted the following resolution:

Resolved—That on the Tax Duplicate of 1860, a discount of five per cent. be allowed on all taxes paid on or before the 1st of May, 1860.

Mr. Welsh moved to amend by striking out after the word "that," and insert "the Tax Collector be allowed five per cent. for collecting the Tax Duplicate of 1860;" which was disagreed to by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Breneman, Hippy, Watts and Welsh—4.

Nays—Messrs. Bruner, Hershey, McChesney, Pfahler and Fraley—5.

On motion, Mr. Bruner was permitted to withdraw his resolution.

A Petition was read, directing the attention Council to the stable of Thomas Mullen, "situated on the corner of Fourth street and the alley, between Cherry and Union streets," representing the same to be in a dilapidated condition and a nuisance.

Mr. Welsh moved that a Special Committee of three be appointed to examine the stable and report at next meeting; which was agreed to, and the President appointed Messrs. Welsh, Hippy and Breneman, said Committee.

Mr. Watts moved that the Chief Burgess be requested to confer with the Superintendent of the Penna. R.R. Co., in relation to having a flagman stationed at the Locust street crossing; which was agreed to.

On motion, Council adjourned.

Attest: WM. F. LLOYD, *Clerk.*

Genesee Farmer.—"The Farmer," for March, has been received. This is a sterling Agricultral Monthly. We advise our country friends to give it a trial.

Attack on the Keeper of the County Prison.—On Thursday morning last a desperate and deadly attack was made upon the keeper of the County Prison, Jay Cadwell, Esq., by a prisoner named William Fennon. Fennon has the reputation of being a desperate character—a Baltimore rough—and was convicted in our Court of Quarter Sessions for burglary. Since his incarceration he has been employed as a segar maker, and, while generally his conduct has been exemplary, at times he has manifested the most ungovernable temper. For some weeks past he has proved so unruly and vicious that it was found necessary to correct him, which was done by confining him very closely to his cell, and depriving him of food. This only served to exasperate Fennon, and he became very abusive to the keepers. On Thursday, the 1st inst., while Mr. Cadwell was in his cell endeavoring to get possession of a knife which was in his possession, Fennon attacked him. Mr. Cadwell hit him over the head with a stool, but beyond staggering him, the blow took no effect. Recovering, he pushed the keeper into a corner of the cell and struck him with a knife, the blade of which—three *or four inches* in length—entered the left breast, directly over the the heart. Mr. Weigand, the deputy, at this time entered the cell and secured Fennon. Mr. Cadwell was removed to his chamber, and his physician, Dr. Cassidy, sent for. An examination of the wound proved it to be an exceedingly dangerous one, and at one time it was thought it might prove fatal. Mr. Cadwell is now thought to be out of danger, and his speedy recovery may be expected.—*Lanc. Examiner.*

By Prentice.—The finest bull owned by Casius M. Clay *caffe* near losing his life the other day, being brushed by a falling tree. This is a new and we should judge unprofitable method of *grazing* cattle.

Some poor fellows have the misfortune to always be the subject of practical jokes. In such cases it is very generally true that the but of the joke can't see the point of it.

Mr. Holt is lessening our mail facilities in all directions. He is the greatest *mail-contractor* in the country.

☞ Mrs. Partington addressed Isaac, while eating a dish of strawberries, thus: "How grand you are growing; by-and-by you will want to board at the Brevier House, live on umbrella ice cream. You mustn't be so glutinous, my dear; I don't like to see a little boy with such a velocity of appetite."

☞ De Bow's Review says:—"The South will not much longer dance to the pipings of Northern merchants and manufacturers." To which Prentice replies:—"If the South intends to leave off dancing, the best thing she could do would be to hang up de fiddle and *De Bow*."

☞ "If there is any body under the canister of heaven that I have in utter execrescence," says Mrs. Partington, "it is the slanderer, going about like a boy constructor, circulating his calomel upon honest folks."

☞ Since the House of Representatives organized, a vast number of applicants have been intently occupied in studying "*Le Pap et le Congress*," in its Washingtonian translation.

☞ What is the difference between one who walks and one who looks up a flight of stairs?—One steps up stairs and the other stares up steps.

☞ "My son, what would you do if your dear father was suddenly taken away from you?" "Swear and chaw tobacker?"

☞ "Friend, the Bible tells us to swear not at all," "Oh, well, I do swear not at *all*; I only swear at those I am mad at."

☞ A couple of Kentuckians lately visited Boston, and sat down to dinner at the Revere House. Codfish balls were served at the table, and one of the Kentuckians taking them for "corn-dodgers," proceeded to break one in two. Getting the scent of it he turned to his partner and remarked in the most solemn manner, "Something dead in that, Tom!"

Canvassing.—At an election, a candidate solicited a vote.

"I would rather vote for the devil than you," was the reply.

"But in case your friend is not a candidate," said the solicitor, "might I then count on your assistance?"

☞ Sorrow comes soon enough without despondency; it does a man no good to carry around a lightning rod to attract trouble.

☞ A drunkard's nose is said to be a "light-house, warning us of the little water that passes beneath."

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

Its wonderful effects and consequent popularity—perhaps no article in the history of the *Materia Medica*, ever acquired the same Patronage, was subjected to the same number of severe and different tests, and met with so few failures as the Mustang Liniment. It has justly been styled a Panacea for all external Wounds Cuts, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, or Eruptions on Man or Beast. It is so far a medicine of surprising virtue, that Physicians are compelled to prescribe it, and from some remarkable cures of Chronic and Distorted Rheumatic cases it has naturally attracted much attention from the first scientific minds of the age. No family can afford to be without a bottle of the Mustang Liniment in the house. Beware of imitations.

The genuine is sold by respectable dealers in all parts of the world.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New York.

Feb. 1st 1860-1m.

INTERESTING TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM HEADACHE.

A CERTAIN REMEDY FOUND IN

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

Prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg.

☞ The following is a sample of certificates received daily from our own citizens:

This is to certify that I have been subject at times to severe head ache; sometimes the pain would be so severe I could rest neither day or night. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., I sent and got a box, of which I took two pills on going to bed, for two nights. They relieved me entirely Some time has now elapsed, and I have no more trouble from sick headache.

M. JOHNSTON, 118 Lewis street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

March 10, 1860. [49] FLEMING BROS.

REASON AND COMMON SENSE.

Our readers may remember we have on several occasions spoken in very eulogistic terms of a preparation which Dr. Seth S. Hance, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., has discovered for the cure of Epileptic Fits. Now, in doing so, we have been actuated by the very best motives, viz: the alleviation of human suffering. From circumstances which have lately come to our knowledge, we fear there is a class of persons who are not disposed to try this remedy in a common sense manner. We allude to the fact of selecting a particular case in a town where, perhaps, there are six or eight cases, and trying it on one case. Now, perhaps, the case selected might be the only one of the whole number that it would not cure. This is neither doing themselves nor the medicine justice. If a dozen persons were stricken down with cholera in one town or neighborhood, would they all send for a physician, or would only one employ him and wait to see if he cured the first patient? That plan of procedure would be most absurd. So in the case of Dr. Hance's remedy, every one who has Fits should try it for a reasonable length of time. It will not cure in a day or week; nothing worth doing can be accomplished at once. What is easily done, is as easily undone. The growth of time is enduring. From the most respectable testimony we have examined, we feel assured that by a proper perseverance in this remedy, nine cases of Epilepsy out of ten may be cured. The Pills are sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the world. Price: one box, $3; two, $5; twelve, $24. You will find the address above.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The Balsamic Cordial *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe Diarrhœa *proceeding from* Cold in the Bowels.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson & Co., *No.* 418 *Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at* 75 *cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. Jackson *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

"In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called Everybody's Almanac, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale by all druggists in the Country.

April 9, 1859-1y.

MRS. WINSLOW,

A experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teeteing, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

Oct. 29, 1859-1y

The heavens were illuminated on the evening of August 28th, 1859, by the most splendid Aurora Borealis ever seen in the Country. Rays of paricolored light flashed across the sky, and the changes were beautiful in the extreme. At one time a rapt observer remarked, that he fancied he could see the sparkling lights form themselves into the following words: Buy all your garments at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut st., above Sixth, Philadelphia.

September 10, 1859.

MARRIED.

On the 8th inst., by Rev. J. H. Menges, Alfred E Urban, to Annie M. Spratte, all of Columbia.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

THE subscriber will be a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, for the Lower Ward of the Borough of Columbia, at the election, on Friday, 16th inst., and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow citizens. JOHN EDDY.

Columbia, March 10, 1860-1t

NOTICE!

THE members of the People's Party are requested to meet at the Town Hall this (Saturday) Evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Judge, Inspector and Assessor, to be voted for at the election on Friday, 16th inst. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

Columbia, March 10, 1860-1t

Dissolution of Partnership.

Columbia, March 6, 1860.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and Joseph Mack, is this day, March 6, 1860, dissolved by the withdrawal of the undersigned. VALENTINE MACK, FRANCIS MACK, MARGARET MACK.

March 10, 1860.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Columbia, March 8, 1860.

THE above reward will be paid for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who defaced the *monument on Cemetery lot of Mrs. J. A. Lutman.* [March 10, 1860-3t

Feed.

ONE Hundred bushels of ground Corn and Oats, half and half, just received and for sale at A. M. RAMBO'S

Family Grocery Store, Odd Fellows' Hall.

Columbia, March 10, 1860.

New Style Queensware.

STONE China Sets, $3.50 to $4.50. Any old styles or pieces of Queensware, will be sold at cost.—Bar, Ale and Table Tumblers in great variety.

A. M. RAMBO'S

Family Grocery Store, Odd Fellows' Hall.

March, 10, 1860.

New Sugar Cured Ham.

DRIED Beef, Salmon, Codfish, Mess Mackerel, Herring, &c., just received at A. M. RAMBO'S

Family Grocery Store, Odd Fellows' Hall.

March 10, 1860.

Truscott's.

ANOTHER Chest of Truscott's Tea, the finest flavored Tea in the market. Also, Groceries of all kinds, new and fresh. Sugars, Coffee, Spices, Dried and Fresh Fruits, as cheap as the cheapest, at

A. M. RAMBO'S

Family Grocery Store, Odd Fellows' Hall.

March 10, 1860.

Hams and Shoulders.

WE have received by rail from Oswego County, N. Y. 300 pounds of Truman's Yankee sugar-cured Hams, 500 pounds of Shoulders.

L. O. & H. F. BRINER.

March 10, '60. Corner Union and Third sts.

PRIVATE SALE!

THE subscriber offers at private sale the following property, situated in the Borough of Columbia, viz:

No. 1. A Blacksmith Shop, situated on the river track of the Pennsylvania Railroad, below Walnut street, together with a full set of Blacksmithing Tools.

No. 2. A Lot of Ground on Second street, between Locust and Walnut, on which is erected a two-story frame Dwelling House.

No. 3. A Lot of Ground on Second street, between Union and Perry, on which is erected a one-and-a-half-story Frame Dwelling House.

No. 4. A Lot of Ground on Fourth street, between Perry and Mill, on which is a two-story Frame Dwelling House.

No. 5. Two Lots of Ground on Fifth street, south of Union, on which are two two-story Dwelling Houses.

No. 6. Two Lots of Ground on Fifth street, between Union and Cherry on which are erected two two-story frame Dwelling Houses.

No. 7. Four Building Lots situated on Union street, corner of Fifth

No. 8. Six Building Lots situated on Fifth street, between Union and Cherry.

For terms, &c., apply to H. PFAHLER,

Locust street, Columbia, Pa.

The subscribers offer at private sale the following property, situated in said borough, viz:

Three Lots of Ground on Union street, South of Fifth, on which are erected three two-story frame Dwelling Houses, with one-and-a-half-story back buildings. For terms, &c., apply to

H. PFAHLER, as above,

or H. SUYDAM,

Colu. March 10, '60 if Corner Front and Union Sts.

1860. **NEW SPRING GOODS.** 1860.

NOW opening, a full assortment of Spring Goods, to which we invite the attention of our many friends and customers, confidently believing, that in variety, quality, style, and cheapness we can give the fullest satisfaction.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Traveling Dress Goods, in great variety; Fancy Dress Goods, newest Spring Styles; Black Glace Dress Silks, best brands imported, 75c to $1.50; Foulard Silks, newest designs; Brocade Silks, Plaid Ottoman Poplins, Striped Grenadine Poplins, Satin Lustre Poplins, Lupins, Black and Colored Delaines, and other new style dress goods, embracing every novelty of the season; English and French yard-wide check ginges; 200 pieces English and Merrimack Prints; Calicoes, 6, 8 and 10 cts, very good; beautiful new style Scotch Dress Ginghams.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

Stella, Broche—long and square, Black Thibet—long and square, Crape, Blanket—long and square, and other new spring styles, in great variety.

EMBROIDERIES.

French Worked Collars, French Worked Sleeves, French Worked Collars and Sleeves, in sets, French Worked Chemisettes and Sleeves, Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and Inverings, Bands and Flouncings.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Embroidered, Hem-stitch, and printed bordered hdkfs.

IRISH LINENS AND SHIRT FRONTS.

A large stock of Richardson's Superior Irish Linens and Shirt Fronts.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Blankets, Marseilles, Lancaster and Allendale, Counterpanes, Woolen Coverlets, Comfortables, Brown and Bleached Sheeting, 4-4 to 12-4 wide, Pillow Case Muslins, Tickings, Furniture Chintzes, Checks, Towelings, Bureau Covers, Bleached and Brown Linen Table Cloths, from 2 yards to 4 yards wide, Bleached and Brown Domestic Table Cloths, Woolen Table Covers, Work Stand Table Covers, Sacking Bottom, Table Oil Cloths, Stair Oil Cloths, Crash for Stairs, &c., &c.

Looking Glasses. A large stock.

Gre-e Feathers.—300 pound Geese Feathers.

Window Shades.—A new and full assortment, with fixtures. Embroidered Muslin Window Curtains.

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

China Tea Sets—gold band, White Granite Ware, in new shapes, in full dinner sets, do. in Tea Sets, Pitchers, Dishes, Soup Tureens, Gravies, &c., &c., Chamber Sets, Toilet Sets

Glassware—Table and Bar Tumblers, Wine and Champagne Glasses, Goblets, Egg Glasses, Preserve Dishes, Celery Glasses, Fruit Stands, Cake Stands, &c.

CARPETINGS.

We invite particular attention to our new and large stock of Carpetings, comprising over 10,000 yards.

Super, Brussels, Imperial Three Ply, Superfine Ingrain, Fine and Medium Ingrain, Smith's New York Patent Ingrain, Plain and Twilled Venetian, ¼, ⅓, ½, ⅝, and 1 yard wide, Superior Domestic Listing, Superior Rag, Scotch Hemp, Floor Woolen Druggets, 1 yard to 3 yards wide, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Floor Cloth, from 1 yard to 4 yards wide, the latter cut in one piece to fill a hall; Mattings, checked and plain, from 1 yard to 2 yards wide.

Hosiery and Gloves.—A full line of Hosiery and Gloves

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.

Black and Fancy Super French and English Cloths, Black and Fancy Super French and English Cassimeres, the very latest styles of Vestings.

Boys' Wear.—Cloths, Cassimeres, and every variety of goods for boys' wear.

Cotton, Linen and Woolen Carpet Chain, all colors.

HALDEMAN'S Cheap Cash Store, Columbia.

THE ONLY PREPARATION Worthy of Universal Confidence and Patronage.

For Statesmen, Judges, Clergymen.

LADIES and Gentlemen, in all parts of the world testify to the efficacy of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and gentlemen of the Press are unanimous in its praise. A few testimonials only can here be given; see circular for more, and it will be impossible for you to doubt

47 Wall Street, New York, Dec. 20, 1858.

Gentlemen: Your note of the 15th inst., has been received, saying that you had heard that I had been benefited by the use of Wood's Hair Restorative, and requesting my certificate of the fact if I had no objection to give it.

I award it to you cheerfully, because I think it due. My age is about 50 years; the color of my hair auburn, and inclined to curl. Some five or six years since it began to turn gray, and the scalp on the crown of my head to lose its sensibility and dandruff to form upon it. Each of these disagreeabilities increased with time, and about four months since a fourth was added to them, by hair falling off the top of my head and threatening to make me bald.

In this unpleasant predicament, I was induced to try Wood's Hair Restorative, mainly to arrest the falling off of my hair, for I had really no expectation that gray hair could ever be restored to its original color except from dyes. I was, however, greatly surprised to find after the use of two bottles only, that not only was the falling off arrested, but the color was *restored to the gray hairs and sensibility* to the scalp, and dandruff ceased to form on my head, very much to the gratification of my wife, at whose solicitation I was induced to try it.

For this, among the many obligations I owe to her sex, I strongly recommend all husbands who value the admiration of their wives to profit by my example, and use it if growing gray or getting bald. Very respectfully, REV. A. LAVENDER.

To O. J. Wood & Co., 444 Broadway, New York.

Siamaston, Ala., July 20th, 1859.

To Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir: Your "Hair Restorative" has done me so much good since I commenced the use of it, that I wish to make known to the public of its effects on the hair, which are great. A man or woman