The Columbia Spy.

A PENNSYLVANIA INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

COLUMBIA, Pa.,
SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1857.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS WEEK.—R. Williams, Seeds, Vanilla Beans, &c.; I. O. of R. M., meeting on Wednesday evening; Vigilant Fire Co., Fourth of July Parade; George Gale, United States Hotel; Christian Brandt, Executor's Notice; Columbia Fire Co., Meeting on Tuesday evening; Carr, Geise & Co., Salt; A. Mathiot, Mammoth Furniture Warerooms; Wm. Mathiot, Fireworks, Flags, &c.

☞ The Main Line of the State Improvements was sold on Thursday evening, at the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia, for seven and a half million dollars. The Pennsylvania Railroad Co., was the only bidder, and buyer.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—As will be seen by advertisement, the Vigilant Fire Company intend celebrating the Fourth by a parade. This, we believe, is the only project announced for honoring the day by our citizens. When Columbia bestirs herself she can get up something creditable in the way of a parade, and we have no doubt of the Vigilant Company's being able to make a good show.

KETCHUM'S PATENT MOWER.—In the hurry of getting to press last week, we omitted to mention the entire success of the trial of Ketchum's Mower, under charge of Mr. A. K. Spangler, at the farm of M. M. Strickler, Esq., on Thursday 18th inst. The farmers from the vicinity who attended, expressed great satisfaction at the result, and approval of the thorough manner in which the work was done. The crop of grass was very rank and completely soaked, and in many places matted, by the almost daily rains of the preceding week, but the Mower laid it in regular swaths and left an even, close stubble, entirely removing any antiquated prejudices that might be befogging the minds of the spectators, as to the superiority of machine over hand work in the hay and harvest field. The triumph of the machine was most conclusively and satisfactorily proven to the agent, by orders from many of the farmers of the neighborhood, for the "Reaper and Mower."

DISGRACEFUL ROW.—On Monday night last a party of rowdies, said to be employed on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, created a disturbance at a "Lager Ball," held at the Old-Fellows' Hall, by the Germans of the borough, and beat several persons in a shocking manner. As our fire companies, associations for the relief of the poor, and citizens in full dress, assemble, to wade through, with due solemnity, the intricate cotillion, the fascinating Scottish, the heavenly hugging Polka, the utterly to be abominated Pop goes the Weasel, and, since the advent of Professor Stouch, a multitude of variations, with which our age and staid gravity prevents us being upon casual mentioning terms, so these inoffensive people gather together, with a little Lager in the midst of them, and enjoy, after the rapidly-revolving fashion of the Fatherland, their national earthly paradise. It has come to be considered "fair game" to disturb these balls, upon what principle we have not been able to decide, unless it be that the Germans are a safe people to impose upon, and will bear considerable badgering before striking back. We cannot understand why they have not as good a right as any other class of people to enjoy themselves in dancing, without being intruded upon by blustering bullies who, relying upon their superior pugilistic skill, and the well known pacific disposition of the "Lager men," manage to break up the party in a row. We understand that the Germans to avoid these disgraceful scenes in their ball-room, closed the lower door and admitted none but their own party; but that some of the members of the Society of Red Men, made use of their privilege of entering the room above, to introduce a party of blackguards, who eventually forced their way into the dancing room, and there seeking occasion for a quarrel, managed to beat some of the party unmercifully. As these "muscle-men" are so enthusiastic in the pursuit of their peculiar amusements, we would respectfully suggest the propriety of their husbanding their resources for the next Firemens' Ball, when they may possibly meet with better accommodations in case they thrust themselves in for a row.

DAGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES, PHOTOGRAPHS, &c., &c.—A new operator, Mr. Thos. L. Summeril, has been appointed by Mr. Dellinger to the charge of his Daguerrean Gallery, corner of Front and Locust streets. He is a gentleman of experience in his profession, and in every respect calculated to give entire satisfaction to those of our citizens desiring pictures of themselves or friends. Give him a trial.

GODEY FOR JULY.—Godey is out again, and as usual filled with what brings upon his head the blessings of the fashion-loving ladies. Garments of every cut and material are displayed upon his pages, together with innumerable patterns for all manner of feminine adornments. If you wish the latest edition of the "pomps and vanities," between Godey's covers it is to be found.

NORTH AMERICAN MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL REVIEW.—We have received this valuable scientific bi-monthly. The contents are interesting to the medical profession. We notice an article on Puerperal Fever and Erysipelas, by Dr. J. Levergood, of Wrightsville.

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.—We have received the number for July. Published by Fowler & Wells, N. Y.

☞ The editor of the Boston Ledger devotes a column of eulogy to the new postmaster of the city of notions, Mr. Capen. According to the Ledger, Mr. Capen is not only great but good. The editor probably knows. His panegyric reads as if he were by "good capen hired."—*Louisville Journal*

Reading and Columbia Railroad.

Our town has been pretty thoroughly awakened upon the subject of the above road, and during the past week the citizens have evinced an interest in pushing the project forward, which, if continued, must end in its successful carrying out. According to the call published in the *Spy* of last week, a meeting was held at the Town Hall, on Monday evening, which, to speak candidly, promised but little at first, for the success of its object; to obtain subscriptions of stock. There seemed to be a general distrust of the willingness of our community to step forward and lend the assistance expected from the town which originated the project. The meeting was, however, organized by the appointment of J. G. Hess, President; Thomas Collins and Washington Righter, Vice Presidents; and Dr. W. S. McCorkle and Samuel Wright, Secretaries. The object of the meeting was stated from the Chair, and Mr. C. S. Kauffman, called upon to give some information of the nature of the act of incorporation, and the interest of our town in the project, which he did in a clear and satisfactory manner. Mr. Samuel W. Mifflin, C. E., then, by request, gave a most encouraging account of the nature of the route and the trifling nature of the difficulties necessary to be overcome by grading and bridging, and enumerated some of the many advantages that the road, if built, will be to Columbia.

Gentlemen were then called upon to subscribe to the stock of the Railroad, and over one hundred shares were soon taken; which, considering the number present, and the very moderate amount of attention bestowed upon the enterprize by a majority of our people before that evening, was all that could be expected. The Chair, on motion, appointed Messrs. Shreiner & Patton, of the North Ward, and Messrs. North and Bogle, of the South Ward, committees to canvass their respective wards for subscription. Mr. Mifflin was afterwards added to the committee for the North Ward. The meeting adjourned to meet at the same place at 8 o'clock, the succeeding evening.

During Tuesday, the town was pretty thoroughly canvassed by the committees appointed, and at the hour agreed upon, in the evening, a large and much interested meeting of citizens had assembled at the Town Hall. The meeting was called to order, and the Soliciting Committees reported the number of shares subscribed, to be three hundred and ninety-nine. Remarks were made by Mr. Patton, S. W. Mifflin, and others, and more interest manifested by all parties, than we have ever known excited before in Columbia. Many gentlemen volunteered to attend the meeting of the Commissioners in Litiz, the next day; and by resolution the Chair appointed H. H. Fry, I. Pusey, Michael Liphart and Henry M. Will, to continue the solicitation of subscriptions. During the evening about thirty additional shares were taken. The meeting was adjourned until Friday evening at 8 o'clock, when all interested were requested to attend, at the same place.

The official proceedings of the meeting at Litiz, on Wednesday, will be found in another column. We, with a number of others, attended it, and returned with the conviction that the determined effort made by our citizens to get up a subscription creditable to Columbia, will be the means of building the road. The Commissioners from other points, had not adopted the course taken here, expecting a general mode of operation to be devised at the meeting at Litiz, and upon hearing of our success, they at once decided that a careful canvass by interested parties, was the proper and only course to pursue, preparatory to any attempt at organizing. The determination is, to obtain subscriptions to the amount required to lift the charter before calling in instalments for any purpose. When that amount (sixty thousand dollars) is raised, they feel confident that a report from accurate surveys will show the road so easy of construction, that the stock necessary to justify putting it under contract will be raised without difficulty.

We are not inclined to boastfulness in the matter of the energy and importance of our town, but we must express our gratification at the general interest displayed by our citizens in this important undertaking, and consider it a credit to the place. It has become the fashion with the impatient progressionists to sink the old Borough in a fathomless slough of despond, and putting each a foot upon her venerable head, to duck her upon every occasion when she does not adopt this or that favorite idea or project; with the accompanying solemn prediction that she has gone down for the last time. Considering the very strawy nature of the assistance generally proffered to prolong her existence, it is wonderful that she still keeps her head above water. In this instance, however, she has not rejected the substantial plank thrown to her, and if she settles down, with a determined grip and her mind made up to let go at no hazard, we think that the "Reading and Columbia" will land her safely, and become incorporated in her platform for all time. We do not, and never did, think Columbia ready for the silent tomb, and consider the affected depreciation of her resources, as objectionable as would be a boastful glorification of what she can do, and does do.

☞ From the account in the Oswego Times it appears conclusively that the destruction of property in that vicinity was caused by a whirlwind, as two large clouds were seen rushing together with an immense force, and a report like a cannon.—The Times calculates the damage thereabout at $25,000. A ten acre wood lot was completely destroyed, not a tree left standing. Several barns were carried away, and Martin Schwader was killed by a tree blown upon him as he sat in his wagon. The tornado disappeared in Oswego river. It raged in Herkimer, Schenectady and Oswego counties, and at points not in a direct line by many degrees.

☞ Wonderful things are done now-a-days, said Mr. Timmins; "the doctor has given Flack's boy a new lip from his cheek." Ah! said his lady, "many's the time I have known a pair taken from mine, and no very painful operation either."

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—*Council Chamber, Columbia, June 19, 1857.*—Members present, Messrs. Bletz, Black, Felix, Maxton, Murphy, Pelan, Richards, Tyson and Hess, President.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

The following bills presented, approved, and ordered to be paid: Est. of C. J. Bull, dec'd, $18,25; Joshua Vaughen & Co., $10,27; Sam'l Waits, $13,25; N. Bineham, $2,00.

A petition was presented from a number of property holders, asking council to enforce the ordinance relating to paving. On motion of Mr. Black, it was referred to the paving committee, and said committee to enforce the same.

The collector of borough tax reported that there was over $400, on last duplicate, unpaid. On motion of Mr. Black, the collector to notify those persons that are delinquent, that if the tax is not paid forthwith, it will be collected according to law. The collector was also instructed to notify the Chief Burgess of all those who do not observe the above notice, and he to put the accounts in suit.

The Gas Committee reported that they had closed the contract with the Gas Company, to furnish the borough with gas, at $175 a year.

The committee appointed to revise the Dog Ordinances reported that they had examined the ordinances relating to dogs, and that they did not consider it expedient to revise or amend any of the said ordinances. On motion the report was accepted and the committee discharged.

On motion of Mr. Black, there be a solicitor employed for the following year, which was agreed to. A motion of Mr. Richards' that Col. J. W. Fisher be employed was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Richards the Council adjourned.

Attest, J. S. DELLETT, *Clerk.*

NOTICE.

THE undersigned Commissioners named in "an Act to incorporate the Columbia and Reading Railroad Company," May, 1857, will open books for receiving subscriptions to the Capital stock of said company, at the public house of Samuel Lichtenthaler in Litiz, on WEDNESDAY, THE 24th OF JUNE, INST., at 10 o'clock A. M. The books will be kept open six hours each day, for three days. Five dollars must be paid on each share subscribed

JOS. KONIGMACHER, W. A. MARTIN,
S. W. MIFFLIN, W. C. BRADLEY,
AMOS S. GREEN, M. M. STRICKLER,
J. G. HESS, H. M. NORTH.

June 6, 1-56-3t

In pursuance of the above notice, the following commissioners named in the above act, viz: John S. Richards, John McManns and Frederick Lauer, of Berks county, Samuel W. Mifflin, of Philadelphia, and Joseph Konigmacher, Amos S. Green and H. M. North, of Lancaster county, attended at the time and place named, and organized by electing Jos. Konigmacher, Chairman, and H. M. North, Secretary, to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the "Reading and Columbia Railroad Company," approved May 19, 1857.

The act of incorporation was then read; and by request Mr. Mifflin gave his views upon the expediency and practicability of the proposed road, and said, that in consultation and correspondence Eastern men of intelligence and wealth, he had been assured that Eastern aid to make the road would be given, if the people along its line would lend their energy and a fair proportion of the means required.

The distance is about thirty-eight miles, and the road would cost about six hundred thousand dollars. One hundred thousand dollars will grade it through Lancaster county. The people of Columbia have subscribed about twenty-five thousand dollars and are willing to double it.

On motion, the chairman appointed the following persons, in addition to the commissioners, to receive subscriptions:

Columbia—H. H. Fry, Isaac Pusey, C. S. Kauffman, Wm. Patton, and Jos. H. Black.

West Hempfield——Henry Conklin and John K. Smith.

Chesnut Hill—Henry R. Knotwell.

Petersburg—Dr. Samuel Parker, John Stauffer and ——— Hamaker.

Litiz—Dr. Levi Hull, J. B. Tshudy and Levi S. Reist.

Ephrata——Adam Konigmacher, John Hacker, Peter Martin and Martin Gross.

Adamstown—Henry Stauffer, Dr. Benj. E. Shirk and Esaias Billingsfeldt.

Reading——Jacob Bushong, George R. Frill, Henry Felix and Samuel Frees.

Amos S. Green, John S. Richards, H. M. North, Samuel Shoch, Frederick Lauer, William Patton and C. S. Kauffman, were appointed a Committee on Surveys.

JOS. KONIGMACHER, *Chairman.*
H. M. NORTH, *Secretary.*

DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT IN REGARD TO THE SALE OF THE MAIN LINE.—On Tuesday, Chief Justice Lewis, delivering the unanimous opinion of the Court, pronounced a decision, of which the following points present the principles or matters adjudicated:—

1st. That the Legislature had constitutional authority to authorize the sale of the Main Line.

2d. That the Pennsylvania Railroad Company may lawfully become a purchaser at said sale.

3d. That the Legislature have constitutional authority to repeal the tonnage tax.

4th. That the Legislature cannot bind the State by contract from imposing equal taxes, and that the condition of sale to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in that respect is void, and an injunction to that extent is granted. But

5th. That in all other respects the sale may go on, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company may bid and purchase on the same terms as other corporations or individuals.

JUNIOR SONS OF AMERICA.—At a stated meeting of Washington Camp No. 27, J. S. of A., on Wednesday evening, 24th instant, the following were elected officers to serve for the ensuing term:

P. P.—Reuben Rees.
P.—James B. Goodman.
R. S.—Chas. J. Pusey.
A. R. S.—J. A. Meyers.
T.—Wm. F. Lloyd.
F. S.—Edw. M. Shreiner.
M. of F. & C.—William W. Moore.
C.—Arnot D. Collins.
I. G.—J. L. Miles.
O. G.—James W. Hunter.

Grand Jurors,

To serve in the Court of Quarter Sessions, commencing Monday, August 17th, 1857.

George Byrod, Elizabethtown.
John L. Benedict, City.
John H. Bushong, Upper Leacock.
Samuel Bricker, Warwick.
Samuel Custer, Earl.
John Eshbach, Lancaster.
Christian Engle, Conoy.
Samuel Gockley, East Cocalico.
Matthias Huebner, Warwick.
John Hatz, City.
John S. Hostetter, Manheim.
Henery H. Kurtz, Manheim.
Joseph Landis, West Cocalico.
Henry L. Landis, Manheim.
Henry Livingston, Salisbury.
Benjamin McCutchen, Warwick.
Amos McCallister, Conestoga.
David Newswanger, Carnarvon.
Henry Nissley, Mount Joy township.
John Rheam, Strasburg borough.
Luther Richards, City.
Joseph Thomas, Fulton.
John Vogan, Earl.
Nathan Worley, Manheim borough.

Petit Jurors,

To serve in the same court.

Henry Arndt, Manheim.
Benjamin Bauman, City.
Jacob Bachman, Strasburg.
Henry Bruckhart, West Hempfield.
Isaac L. Bard, Upper Leacock.
David Bricker, Warwick.
Joseph Bowman, Strasburg.
James Boun, Manor.
Francis W. Christ, Warwick.
Ross A. Campbell, Bart.
Thos. A. Clark, Drumore.
Emanuel Cassel, Rapho.
Wm. Doubt, jr., Martic.
James Dysart, City.
Emanuel Groff, Strasburg.
Davis Gyger, do.
Matthew Hand, Little Britain.
Benj. H. Hershey, Manor.
Daniel Kline, W. Cocalico.
Jas. Kerling, do.
Jacob Kling, Leacock.
John Kirk, Little Britain.
Martin Kneisly, Manor.
Elijah Lewis, Sadsbury.
Henry Loyer, Manor.
John Lynch, Elizabethtown.
Emanuel Longenecker, Penn.
Abm. Leamon, W. Lampeter.
Jacob Lichty, East Donegal.
Isaac H. Myers, Strasburg.
John Masterson, Rapho.
Jacob Metzgar, Manor.
Wm. Marsh, Drumore.
Emanuel Mohler, Ephrata.
Christian H. Moyer, Manor.
Jacob Miller, Mount Joy.
John Mecartney, Pequea.
Andrew Metzgar, E. Hempfield.
Philip Oldweiler, Conoy.
Peter Reidenbach, Earl.
John Raub, Strasburg.
Peter Shirk, Earl.
Peter H. Summy, East Hempfield.
Charles Sturges, Warwick.
Gerrit Sweigart, Ephrata.
Michael G. Gonder, E. Lampeter.
Moses Weaver, East Earl.
Davis Wallace, East Earl.

A PACIFIC RAILROAD SCHEME.—The Omaha Nebraskian, of June 10th, says, that the previous week Col. Orr, of South Carolina, General Robinson, of Pennsylvania, Hon. John Covode and Hon. Mr. Bradshaw, members of Congress, of Pennsylvania, Judge Barber, of Wisconsin, Col. Curtis, of Iowa, member of Congress elect, Mr. Hosmer, of Ohio, Mr. Pierce, of Indiana, and many other prominent personages visited Omaha, examined the town and its viciniiy, and the mouth of Platte river, and industriously conferred with the various interests and corporations having in view the construction of the Great Pacific Railroad, by way of the Platte Valley and South Pass to the Pacific ocean. The company was organized at a meeting held in Omaha on the 6th inst., by the election of Gen. Robinson, of Pennsylvania, President, Judge Barber, of Wisconsin, Secretary, and Mr. Hosmer, of Ohio, Treasurer, and assumed the name of the "Platte Valley, South Pass and Pacific Railroad and Telegraph Company," with a capital of sixty millions of dollars. A charter was obtained under the territorial laws.—The length of the road to the South Pass will be about one thousand miles.

CENTENNIAL FESTIVAL.—The congregation of the First Presbyterian Church, of this place, propose to celebrate the *one hundredth anniversary*, of the establishment of the Church in Carlisle, on the first day of July next. The REV. GEORGE DUFFIELD, D. D. of Detroit, who sustained the office of Pastor to this congregration, for nearly a quarter of a century, will deliver an Historical Address, on the occasion.

Several addresses, and other appropriate exercises, may be expected. All persons, Minister or others, who have been in any way connected with the congregation, are cordially invited to attend.—*Carlisle Herald.*

☞ "A black streak is now beginning to fall across Conova's statue of Venus, though some years ago nothing of the kind was visible in the marble."

All the more appropriate, says an exchange. The lady herself, if we recollect the mythology, had a "black streak" upon her character, and why shouldn't the marble show it?

☞ A waggish fellow, somewhat troubled with an impediment in his speach, while one day sitting at a public table, had occasion to use a pepper-box. After shaking it with all due vehemence, and turning it in various ways, he found that the pepper-corns were in no wise inclined to come forth. "T-t-this p-pe-pepper-box," he exclaimed, with a facetious grin, "is so-so-something li-like my-myself." Why so?" interrogated a neighbor. "P-poo-poor delivery," was the reply.

☞ Queer things happen, sometimes; even in Lunatic Asylums. A rough fellow passing the Worcester establishment, noticed at the window an old acquaintance, and bawled out in a loud voice to him:

"Hellos, old fellow, what are you in for?"

"Voting for Fillmore," was the prompt reply. The inquirer sloped—he had probably done it himself.

BRIGHT BOY.—One of the pupils in an uptown grammar school was cornered a day or two since, in explaining what case the noun "milk" was. Another urchin, anxious to "get head," cried out, "I know, sir." The the teacher asked him the question, and the Prompt reply was, "smear-case, sir!"

☞ It is with faded beauty as with a clock—the more the face is enamled the more clearly do we see the progress of time.

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

The steamer Persia has arrived from Liverpool bringing dates to Saturday, the 13th inst.

Douglass Jerrold, the novelist, is dead.

In France the election excitement was increasing.

The Spanish Mexican question remains unsettled.

The Birkenhead half of the telegraph cable has been completed, and pronounced perfect after the requisite tests. The steam frigate Niagara is expected in the Mersey in a few days, to commence taking it on board. The firm of Evans, House, & Co. London and Australian shippers, has failed; their liabilities are £200,000.

In France the Red and White Republicans have coalesced. The Bank of France returns show a very large increase of cash.

A terrible catastrophe has occurred at the theatre in Florence. During the performence the scenes took fire, and in the panic that ensued no less than 43 of the audience were killed and 134 wounded.

The overland mail has arrived with later dates from China, India and Australia, but the news presents no feature of importance.

The bill for the admission of the Jews into Parliament was read the second time. The Roman Catholic members headed by the Duke of Norfolk, are opposed to the measure, and had waited upon Lord Palmerston; and had also held a meeting for the purpose of securing relief for the Catholics, from the objectionable passages in the oaths now taken by members of Parliament.

From Washington—The Isthmus Ship Canal.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Lieut. Craven has received preparatory orders for building boats, and making other arrangements for the survey of the Isthmus of Darien with a view to the ship canal. He will not start before October.

The Navy Department has made application to the war Department, for the assignment of an officer to co-operate with the expedition. For this purpose the Varina will take the place of the Arctic, which will be employed by the Coast Survey, under Lieut. Berryman, in taking deep sea soundings on the coast of Newfoundland, for the submarine telegraph.

The Saranac, which has been ordered to the Pacific, will precede the Merrimac, as the flag-ship, and to take the place of the John Adams.

☞ We copy from a Baltimore paper the following description of an enormous furniture establishment, which may prove interesting to our readers. Mr. Mathiot's advertisement will be found in another column.

We had occasion a few days since to call at the furniture establishment of Mr. A. Mathiot, Nos. 29 and 31 North Gay street, between Fayette and Frederick, and in the course of a tour of inspection were both surprised and gratified at what we had never before dreamed of, and what probably few of our citizens know, that this is one of the largest furniture warehouses in the United States. We very much doubt if there is any similar establishment near as large, unless it is one where the workshops, show rooms, &c., are all comprised in the same building, which is not the case with this.

Mr. Mathiot's warehouse possesses several other interesting and peculiar features, besides the space it occupies, which we will notice in their respective order in the course of our description. The building, or rather the two buildings, which are thrown together by the partition wall being removed, have a front of upwards of 40 feet on Gay street, and extend back 170 feet to Frederick street. They are six stories high, and devoted solely to show rooms, except three small apartments, which are used as a finishing room, an upholstery shop, and a counting room.

The lower story is on a level with Frederick street. It is devoted solely to ordinary chamber bedsteads; kitchen furniture, &c., of which there is an immense stock, comprising a great many varieties of style and description.

The second floor, that on a level with Gay street, contains a great variety of furniture, which is placed here, we believe, more as samples of styles and descriptions than for purposes of sale. Here are found fancy bedsteads, sofas, rocking-chairs, wardrobes, tables, stands, &c., from the very finest descriptions to ordinary cherry or maple furniture which the most economical housekeeper is almost compelled to possess.

On the third floor is a magnificent display of parlor furniture, comprising splendid rose-wood, walnut and mahogany tete-a-tetes sofas, arm and parlor chairs, in coverings of richest brocatelle, plush and hair cloth; also, every variety of etegere or what-nots, and some very handsome wardrobes, escrutoires, bureaus, hat and umbrella racks, &c. Some of these are of descriptions sufficient to gratify the greatest lover of luxury and display, while others wear the appearance of utility and durability, and are held at prices more suitable to the purse of the man of moderate income.

The fourth story contains an astonishing variety of chamber furniture in setts, varying from $30 to $175, and of course from common to magnificent. We also found here a variety of cane seat chairs, rocking chairs, washstands, tables, &c., &c.

In the 5th story all kind of dining-room furniture, of various prices and styles, is displayed, among which are extension tables of every size, lounges, settees, dining-room chairs, &c.

The 6th story is devoted exclusively to common Windsor chairs, rocking chairs, sick-room chairs, &c., &c.

One striking peculiarity of this establishment is the facility with which any single piece of furniture contained in it can be shown without disturbing any other piece. This affords the purchaser a fair chance to examine all and select to suit his own taste or judgment. And any one wishing to make purchases in this line, who could not be suited here, must certainly be most extremely fastidious.

Another advantage offered here is the fact that there are a sufficient number of polite and obliging salesmen to wait on all who may come in; and it is made the duty of these, too, to show the establishment throughout to any who may call and express a desire to pass through it, even though they should not be purchasers. This establishment is frequently visited by strangers from Boston, New York and Philadelphia, some of whom are engaged in the same business, and all agree in pronouncing it the most extensive as well as the best managed furniture warehouse in this country.

We have already said that no manufacturing is done in this building. Mr. M.'s furniture is manufactured by his own employees, but in several different shops, each under the supervision of an excellent and competent foreman. The relation he occupies to his workmen is such that any piece of bad work may be thrown back upon their hands, without detriment to his interests, and the result is that complaints are seldom heard of any article of furniture sent from this mammoth furniture warehouse.

Another great desideratum to the purchaser is the low prices at which Mr. M.'s system enables him to furnish any article in his line. In this respect the inducements he offers are fully equal to those of any other competitor either here or in other cities. And, again, after the purchasers have concluded their bargaining, they may repair to the spacious observatory, which surmounts the building, and enjoy a splendid view of the city.—*Balt Republican.*

A WORD FOR THE PURITANS.—One of the most quoted hits at the Puritans is the remark of Macaulay, that their opposition to bear-bating was "not on the ground that it gave the bear pain, but because it gave the people pleasure." Now Mr. Macaulay (says Brown, who is not a Puritan,) suppose you have judged correctly of the motive of the Puritans' hostility to bear-bating, were the Puritans in the wrong? To relieve the question of all prejudice, let us take it, "for the purpose of this trial," out of the Round head and Cavalier atmosphere and inquire about Spanish bull-fights. Why do moralists everywhere and of all sects denounce that sort of amusement? Is it in pity of the bull? or even of the half brute who goads him on to battle? Is it not that to *find pleasure* in cruelty to man or beast depraves the mind and hardens the heart of the spectator? That's the point, Mr. Macaulay; and the Puritan's were right. Never mind the bear—he could bear it (excuse the *pun*) much better than the people, who grew ursine and brutal while they rejoiced in the agonies of Bruin.—*Post.*

A HATCH-IT.—Krautsalaat's wife has a great fancy for country life, and insists on keeping a hen in the back yard, as Hood says, to furnish milk, butter and eggs, for the family. The other day she came to Krautsalaat in great trepidation: "My dear," said she, "the hen has commenced to set. I took the eggs away from her, and she is setting now in one corner of the coal-bin, on an old axe head!" "Well, my dear," responded Krautsalaat, in his subdued billious way, "if the hen is setting upon an old axe head, it seems quite likely she may hatch-it!"

☞ A medical man of this city says that those ladies who make it a business to trouble dry goods clerks, and never buy anything, ought to be called counter irritants.

SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized to announce Mr. JAY CADWELL, of Lancaster, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 2, 1857-tc

RECORDER.—We are authorized to announce George Leamon, of East Lampeter, as a candidate for the office of Recorder, County subject to the decision of the Union Convention.

May 16-tc

THE SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized to announce Benjamin F. Rowe, of Providence township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 16-tc

☞ We are authorized to announce that CHRISTIAN SHENK, of the City of Lancaster, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 2, 1857.-tc.

PROTHONOTARY.—We are authorized to announce that PETER MARTIN, of Clay twp., will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

April 25, 1857-tc.

CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—We are authorized to announce, that SAMUEL EVANS of Columbia, will be a candidate for the office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, subject to the decisions of the Union County Convention.

FEMALE WEAKNESS.

AUBURN, March 13, 1855.

GENTS:—My wife has long suffered from a female weakness. Her stomach was very weak, and it was with difficulty she could draw a long breath, for each effort was accompanied by a sharp pain at the pit of the stomach; her appetite and general health have been very poor for a long time. But your "Buch's American Compound," has entirely cured her. A weak back, with constant pain in the small of the back, was another difficulty my wife suffered from; your medicine is giving her so much strength, that this is fast disappearing. I have great reason to believe your "Buch's American Compound" the most powerful and effective medicine for this and other diseases I have ever known.

Yours respectfully, GEO. W. CRAY.

Buch's American Compound owes its success to the intrinsic curative properties of the vegetables which compose it. It contains a *Compound Fluid Extract of Beach Drop or Cancer Root," now first given to the Public*, but long known to the Indians as a never failing cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Humors of the Blood, and chronic diseases in any part of the system. This medicine can now be had of all reliable dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in another column.

April 18, 1857-2m

☞ EQUALITY TO ALL!—Uniformity of Prices! A New Feature in Business! Every one his own salesman.—Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store," No. 200 Market street, above Sixth, Philadelphia, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all *must* buy alike.

The goods are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above Sixth, No. 200 JONES & CO.

June 13, 1857-1y

The Markets.

COLUMBIA LUMBER MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Common Cull Boards & Grub Plank,		$10 00
Culling	do	13 00
2d Common	do	18 00
1st Common	do	30 00
Pannel	do	36 00
Hemlock Boards and Scantling,		11 00
Do do	do long lengths,	13 00
Pine Scantling,		15 00
Plaster Lath,		$2 00@ 3 00
Shingles,		12 00@18 00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FLOUR.—Standard brands are held at $7,37 per bbl., better brands at $7,50; extra, $7,75@$8; and fancy lots at $8,50@$9 per bbl., as in quality. Rye Flour is $4,75 per bbl. Corn Meal—Pennsylvania Meal is held at $4; a sale of 200 bbls. Brandywine was made at $4,25 per bbl.

GRAIN.—Wheat is held at $1,90 for reds, and 200c. for white, which is above the views of buyers, and we hear of no sales, except about 300 bush. Illinois spring Wheat at 81,70. Rye—Penn'a. is steady at $1,10.; a small sale of Southern was made at $1,05. Corn—200 bush. yellow have been disposed of at 87c. Oats are dull at 58@59c for Southern and Penna.

WHISKEY continues dull and unsettled; about 300 bbls. have been taken at 32@33c.; hhds. sell slowly at 32a33c.—*N. American, June 25.*

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

FLOUR.—Of Ohio Super there were sales to-day of 100 bbls. at $7, and of 200 bbls. at $7,12½. We quote Ohio Extra to-day at $7,75@$8, Howard Street do. at $8@$8,25, and City Mills do. at $8,25@$8,50 per bbl. Rye Flour is still quoted at $4,75@$5, and Corn Meal at $4,25 for City and $3,75 per bbl. for Country.

GRAIN—White Corn sold at 83@85 cts., and yellow at 85@86 cts. Wheats may be quoted as ranging from $1,68 to $1,74. for reds, and $1,85@$1,95 for whites. We quote Rye at $1,03@$1,06 for Pennsylvania. We quote Oats at 53@55 cts. for Virginia, 56@58 cts. for Maryland, and 60@63 cts. for Pennsylvania.

WHISKEY.—We have reported sales late yesterday and to-day of 250 bbls. City Whiskey at 29@30 cts., and of 50 bbls. Ohio do. at 32 cts., on time.—*Balt. Am. June 25.*

WOOD'S RESTORATIVE.—Of all the restoratives for the hair that have been invented, Wood's preeminently claims the first place. It will certainly restore the natural color of the hair, if the directions are followed for a sufficient length of time. It also has produced astonishing effects in bringing out a growth of hair, where the head had been previously bald. Wood does not pretend that it will do this in all cases, and we think his candor is a good recommendation of the virtues which his restorative readily possesses. If the roots of the hair are destroyed, no human power can make them grow again; but where there is any vitality left in the root, the restorative will soon renew the hair in all its pristine vigor. It has done this repeatedly where all other remedies had failed. It is therefore worth while, in all cases to make the experiment. For cleaning the head of Dandruff, and thickening and strengthening the hair it has no rival.—Western Patriot.

June 20.

WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION—can be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed FETRIDGE & CO., N. Y.

For sale by all druggists.

Feb. 14-6meow

MARRIED.

On the 21st ult., by the Rev. Dr. L. Leitner, Mr. JOSEPH BROWN to Miss KATE FLYNN, all of Columbia.

JUST received, a fresh supply of Kennedy's Medical Discovery, and for sale, by R. WILLIAMS, Front street.

Columbia, June 27, 1857.

A SMALL lot of Superior Turnip Seed, for sale by the pound or ounce, by R. WILLIAMS, Front street.

Columbia, June 27, 1857.

ANOTHER lot of Superior Vanilla Beans, just received and for sale, by R. WILLIAMS, Front street.

Columbia, June 27, 1857.

FOURTH OF JULY.

THE Vigilant Engine and Hose Company will meet at their Hall, on the morning of the Fourth of July next, form a procession and proceed to Wrightsville, where the Engine belonging to the Company, which has been rebuilt, will be received, after which the procession will return to this place and march through the principal streets.

The Columbia and Susquehanna Companies are respectfully invited to unite with the Vigilant on this occasion. BY ORDER OF THE COMPANY.

Columbia, June 27, 1857-1t

I. O. R. M.

MEMBERS of the Chiquaswalungo Tribe, No. 39, I. O. R. M., are requested to meet in their Wigwam, on 5th Sleep of the 1st Sun, at the 8th Run of Buck Moon, G. S. 5617. Business of importance will be brought before the Tribe. By order of the Sachem.

June 27, 1857-1t W. W. UPP, C. of R.

Columbia Fire Company.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Company will be held in their hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 30, 1857, at 8 o'clock; a stated meeting of the Company be will held on FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1857, at 8 o'clock, at both of which business of importance to the Company will be transacted, and a full attendance of Honorary and Active members is requested. By order of the President.

ISAAC PUSEY, Secretary.

Columbia, June 27, 1857-1t

JULY, 1776.

FIRE WORKS! FIRE WORKS!!

FIRE Crackers, Roman Candles, Rockets, and other Fire Works, in all their variety.

FLAGS! FLAGS!!

ALL persons desirous of showing their patriotism, by a display of Flags, on the Glorious Fourth, will find them for sale at the store of the subscriber.

GILT MOULDING.

ANOTHER lot of Gilt Moulding has just been received, suitable for picture or looking glass frames. Persons wanting frames for pictures, signs, or looking glasses, will find the gilt moulding very cheap, and convenient for that purpose.

WM. MATHIOT.

Columbia, June 27, 1857.

BALTIMORE CARD.

SALT, SALT.—We offer for sale,
Liverpool Fine Salt,
do. G. A. do.
do. Dairy do.

Country Merchants who will send us their orders in advance, with instructions to ship when we have a cargo AFLOAT, can secure Fine or G. A. Salt, at five cents per sack less off the ship than it can be supplied out of store.

CARR, GIESE & CO.,
Grain and Lumber Commission Merchants, Spear's Wharf, Baltimore.

June 27, 1857-3t

THE LARGEST

Chair and Furniture Establishment

IN THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

MATHIOT'S Gay Street Warerooms, Nos. 25 and 27 North Gay street, near Fayette, Baltimore; where is kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor Arm Chairs, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved Parlor Chairs, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS;

Half French Spring Mahogany and Walnut Parlor Chairs, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.