kitchen, as oracles were transmitted of old to those who consulted them, with religious ceremony and awful pomp. Not that those fair heads ever stooped their powdered piles over a stew pan, or exposed their rouge and patches to the blaze of a kitchen range.—They planned: their subordinates executed. The intellectual conception of the dish or dinner belonged to the mistress; the manual execution was confided to the cook-maid.

"That was a proper division of labor. No lady has any business to meddle with spit or casserole. Cooking is an art, and should have its professors, who must not be rashly interfered with. Amateur cooking is like amateur fiddling, or amateur painting. The non-professional and the professional performances should never be intermixed. But just as good professional music or painting demands trained unprofessional ears and eyes to judge, and enlightened unprofessional patronage to guide it, so the good cook requires intelligent eaters, and above all, an appreciative and cultivated mistress to direct and encourage her efforts.

"But how seldom can cooks now-a-days count upon such mistresses!

"Here I must break off for the present. My subject opens more and more widely upon me. I feel that there is matter in it for many letters from

"A SUFFERER."

A WOMAN'S TRICK.—Painting is said to be carried to great excess at the present time among fashionable ladies of Paris, notwithstanding the use of paints ruins the natural complexion. A malicious practical joke which an English lady devised to torment the painted beauties, is thus "made a note of" in a Paris letter to the New Orleans Picayune: "They tell a very good joke here of an elderly English woman who had trained a little Havana dog to lick the face of the persons who kissed it. They say that whenever she meets with a lady under false colors, she makes her puppy jump on the ladys' lap: the lady caresses the dear little creature without suspecting that it is a perfidious little scoundrel, which unpaints her cheek with its false but vigorous licking. Not long ago this English woman was at a brilliant party in the Faubourg Saint Honore; she singled out among all the guests an Italian lady of noble birth, who is extremely addicted to paint, and at the conventional signal Bibi jumped into the Italian's lap and began to ply its tongue with great energy—one side of the Florentine's cheek was like a peach smothered in cream, the complexion of sweet sixteen; the other side was shriveled, wrinkled, yellow. It required all the French dexterity of smothering laughter to suppress the peals of merriment which this sight excited to explosion and the malice of the English woman was delighted by the laughing eyes of the whole room. But that night Bibi was taken sick with a violent *gastritis*, and two days afterwards it growled its last bow-wow-wow in the arms of its weeping and desolate mistress, who told everybody that it was the paint of ths Italian which killed this angelic pug, and she spreads this report so industriously, it is said there is no small chance of its getting into the court house in the shape of a suit for slander. The rumor goes that the English woman is now busy training a King Charles dog to the masterly activity of tongue which distinguished *Pu le Havanais*."

CHINESE AMAZEMENT AT OUR FASHIONS.—Europeans who go to China, are apt to consider the inhabitants of the Celestial Empire very odd and supremely ludicrous, and the provincial Chinese and Macao pay back this sentiment with interest. It is very amusing to hear their sarcastic remarks on their appearance—their utter astonishment at the sight of their tight-fitting garments, their wonderful trowsers, and prodigious round hats like chimney pots, the shirt collars adapted to cut off the ears and making a frame around such grotesque faces, with long noses and blue eyes, no beard or moustache but a handful of curly hair on each cheek. The shape of the dress coat puzzles them above everything. They try in vain to account for it, calling it a half garment because it is impossible to make it meet over the breast, and because there is nothing in front to correspond with the tail behind. They admire the judgment and exquisite taste of putting buttons behind the back, where they never have anything to button. How much handsomer do they think themselves with their narrow, oblique, black eyes, high cheek bones and little round noses, their shaved crowns and magnificent pigtails hanging almost to their heels! Add to all these natural graces a conical hat covered with red fringe, an ample tunic, large sleeves and black satin boots with white soles of immense thickness, and it must be evident to all that a European cannot compare, in appearance with an inhabitant of the Celestial Empire.

☞ "Some years ago," writes a Southern correspondent of the *Knickerbocker*, "when a sermon was considered short that continued less than two hours, and 'meeting' often held till the small hours in the morning, three ministers of three different denominations held a meeting together. It was customary for the minister after meeting to 'call' for members. The first took for his text, the words of Peter, '*I go a fishing.*' He preached about two hours; then called for members, but received none, and sat down. The second remarked, that as he followed his brother, he would take the words following for his text: '*I also go with thee.*' He likewise preached a long discourse—called for members, (as it is called,) and sat down. The third, who was in favor of short sermons arose and remarked that he would follow the example of his brother; and *he* chose for his text: '*And they toiled all night and caught nothing.*' He rather *had* them.

☞ A New York editor thinks, from the manner in which shirts are made in that city, there ought to be an inspector of *sewers*. The editor went to the expense of a new shirt the other day, and found himself, when he awoke in the morning, crawling out between two of the shortest stitches.

JOHNSON says that the greatest magicians of the age are the paper makers. They transform the beggar's rags into sheets for the editors to lie on

The Columbia Spy.

A PENNSYLVANIA INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

COLUMBIA, Pa.,
SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1857.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS WEEK.—Henry Pfahler, Water Coolers, &c.; John Herr, Beautiful Mantillas; Murray Young & Co., New and Interesting Books; Gerhard Brandt, National Hotel; Bank Notice; Fondersmith, New Goods; E. P. & R. J. Judd, Book Auction; O. J. Wood & Co., Hair Restorative; Adjourned Court; Mrs. Coulson, Counter and Shelving for Sale. Commissioners of Reading and Columbia Railroad; New Railroad meeting.

☞ We are indebted to our friend Edward McPherson, of Gettysburg for a copy of his address delivered before the Alumni of Pennsylvania College.

A NEW FILLIBUSTERING EXPEDITION UNDER WALKER.—We see that Gen. Walker, the Ex-Fillibuster, has left Washington for New York. It is whispered that he has been called in by Mayor Wood, to aid in putting down the Albany Board, and that expeditions are fitting out in the waters of the Chesapeake to assist him in his undertaking. Those who pretend to be posted, assert that Wood is to be shot as soon as Governor King is conquered, when Walker will assume supreme power, re-establish slavery, and put the screws to Vanderbilt. New Jersey is said to be heading a movement for the relief of the oppressed New Yorkers, and armed parties have seized the Camden and Amboy Railroad, thus cutting off the enemy's supplies by the overland route. The English and French will probably send strong naval forces to protect their interests in this quarter; but our own government will only station a sloop-of-war off the battery, to be in readiness to receive Walker should the *Spaniards* succeed in surrounding him. By latest advices the opposing factions were fighting fiercely in the Plaza.

☞ We make no apology for giving on our first page, what to some, may be "an old tale." We think it worthy of republication and those of our readers who do not enjoy a laugh over "The Widow Rugby's Husband," are hard to please. We extract it from a work published by T. B. Peterson, who also publishes its elder and more worthy brother, "Simon Suggs." The author Johnson J. Hooper, has only appeared in these two volumes, and we have no means of knowing whether he is one of our "Living American Authors," or not. If he is still no farther *South* than Alabama, why does not Peterson secure him for another book? We might safely predict a mighty success for such an one. At all events we suggest to Mr. Peterson, the eminent propriety of uniting the two volumes, and giving Mr. Darley a liberal commission to illustrate them as they richly deserve.

☞ We desire to call attention to Mr. Brandt's advertisement of his new NATIONAL HOUSE, in to-day's paper. In point of pleasantness of location Mr. B., has an advantage over all the public houses of the town, and we shall expect to see him liberally patronized by those who seek comfortable summer quarters. His fitting up is neat, and everything looks new and bright. The stabling is ample, and will prove an accommodation to country customers. His restaurant is too well known to need a notice; we wish him no better fortune than to attract the same liberal custom above stairs than he has always commanded below.

ACCIDENT AT FAIRVIEW DAM.—On Tuesday morning as Mr. Henry Will's son was about starting for town with a load of ice, the wheel of the cart caught by some means in a rut in the road, which runs close by Hershey's dam, and the horse, cart, driver and a boy who was with him, were thrown into the water. The entire load of ice fell upon the son of Mr. Will, and he was only rescued from the water, which was some nine feet deep, with much difficulty. His companion extricated himself without much trouble, not having fallen into deep water. The horse, a valuable one, was drowned.

LITTLE DORRIT.—We have received from T. B. Peterson, a copy of this new work of Dickens' complete. It would be mere folly and presumption in us, to attempt a criticism of this book. We can only commend it as containing much of the author's happiest humor and graceful satire. Many of its characters have taken a position among the shadowy host with which Mr. Dickens has peopled his reading world, and which contains very many old friends, familiar to us all, from Sam Weller down to Poor Joe. Little Dorrit, dear Little Dorrit, M. Blandois, with his French-English Oaths, Panks the Steam-tug, John Chivery, the despairing, jolly Papa Meagles, and a host of others, are already household names; and claim a share of our love or hate with the old friends and foes who have grown up with us since the days of Pickwick.

Mr. Peterson has shown praiseworthy enterprise in getting up his various (we are afraid to say how many) editions of Dickens. He has them in every style and at all prices.

An unlimited supply, of any or all these valuable novels, and every other new and popular book, can be had at Saylor & McDonald's "Head-Quarters and News-Depot."

A NEW DAILY.—Our enterprizing cotemporary of the Reading *Gazette*, has stepped forward to supply a want felt in the city of Reading, and appears in a neat daily under the title of *Daily Reading Gazette*. We have received the first number, which looks promising. We wish the undertaking every success.

☞ We regret to learn that a little son of Mr. John W. Clark, of Marietta, had both his legs broken, on Saturday last, by falling from a pile of lumber, at Duffy & Co's planing mill

BLUE MONDAY.—We think a repetition in the *Spy*, of the brutal occurrence of Monday will be readily excused by our readers; we have no inclination to drag into our columns what is already sufficiently public. We only record our unhesitating condemnation of the outrage; and express a hope that the beastly perpetrator may have strict justice done him by judge and jury. In common with most of our citizens, we felt disgust and humiliation that such an occurrence should make Columbia notorious.—During the afternoon the scenes in our streets did not impress us with their solemnity however, and we may be excused for commenting on them, in this connection, with a like seriousness.

Naturally much excitement prevailed throughout the town, and upon the Homœopathic principle, *Similia Similibus*, &c., the potentially soothing influence of Captain Whiskey was extensively called in to allay the popular fever, and regulate the accelerated beat of the public pulse. Having occasionally, in our profane and youthful days of iniquity, before we reformed and joined the pious fraternity editorial, witnessed the beautifully mollifying effect of an encounter between excited humanity and the "pure corn," we assumed a commanding position in the window of our office, and calmly awaited the progress of events.

Our patience was not severely tried, for fearful encounters occurred in full sight at average intervals of twenty minutes. In our elevated position we enjoyed many advantages: first in importance, we were out of all danger of what most disinterested spectators of a free fight are gratuitously indulged in, a punched head, to-wit, from some hero only particular in the size of the man he hits; secondly, we were at that convenient distance, which, while enabling us perfectly to enjoy the beauties of the conflict, would render our testimony in a court of justice muddy in the extreme, and not worthy a summons; lastly, in our unexcited frame of mind, we were able dispassionately to analyze the emotions of the crowd opposite, and put a market value upon the valor that was upon exhibition.—The prevailing feeling seemed to be an anxiety; in fact there were two anxieties. Primo, the spectators were anxious, exceedingly anxious to see a fight; as was shown by their pathetic appeals to somebody to "Run in and part them!" "Keep the peace Boys!" "Don't fight, don't fight!" and other equally encouraging remarks. Then the combatants were anxious, nay solicitous, not to come to blows. Their sentiments were betrayed by vociferous adjurations, addressed to their friends, of "Don't hold me!" "Let me at him!" "I can lick him the best day he ever saw!" with the accompanying "fixins" of "tall cussing" usual on similar pacific occasions, which, feeling our entire inability to do it anything like justice, we reluctantly omit.

The excitement was kept up into the small hours, but so eminently peaceful and creditable to the law-and-order disposition of the community were the fraternal little conflicts which from time to time took place, that out of some fifty fights occurring between high noon and next morning, not one even resulted in a black eye.

How beautifully the spirit of civilization and liberty spreads its emollient and healing oil of peace upon the troubled waters of popular excitement. With only some ten or twelve hours (intermitted) fighting the citizens dispersed of their own free will. Behold the delightful workings of our liberal and happy institutions. In communities less favored than our own, usurping and iron-heeled law would have turned loose its physical-force myrmidons upon the peaceful assemblage of the "free and enlighted." Blood would have flowed, and a pacific people been deprived of its innocent little ebullition of feeling. Here, on the contrary, no authority attempted rash interference; every man was allowed to assert his own rights; and, if he were big enough, and struck straight and hard enough from the shoulder, maintain them. The refreshing spectacle was presented, of a considerable portion of an enlightened community making one disgraceful and serious assault the pretext for an afternoon and evening's ridiculous free fight.

RIOTING IN NEW YORK.—By the dailies we learn that the rival authorities, State and City, in New York, have come into collision, and that there has been considerable rioting with some bloodshed. The immediate trouble arises from the appointment by the Governor, under a late act of Assembly, of a Street Commissioner, which office has also been filled by the councils, thus creating rival claimants. This, however, is merely an excuse for what has been expected for some weeks, a conflict between the metropolitan (appointed by a commission holding authority from Governor King) police, and the old city, or Mayor Wood's police. The contest seems to be entirely political, and the ill feeling between the two parties is very great. On Tuesday Mr. Conover, Street Commissioner, appointed by the Governor, was ejected from the Commissioner's room by Mayor Wood's police. An attempt was then made by a body of the metropolitan police to arrest Mayor Wood and Sheriff Willett, for assault and battery on Mr. Conover, when the rival police forces met, and a serious riot in the Park was the result. The metropolitans were beaten back from the City Hall, and one of them, Captain Dilks, is reported mortally wounded. The Mayor was afterward arrested, and gave bonds. The troops have been under arms at their armories, and Gov. King had been telegraphed for to Boston, where he was attending the Bunker Hill celebration. The latest news represent the city as free from rioting, but the excitement continues.

BOOKS AT AUCTION.—Messrs. E. P. & R. J. Judd, have been disposing of a considerable amount of standard literature, during the past week, at their auction room in Carpet Hall. Buyers have not been backward, and the sales each evening have been lively. To-night, as will be seen by advertisement in another column, the sale will be continued

☞ We desire to call particular attention to the meeting called, for Monday night at the Town Hall, of all persons interested in the construction of the Reading and Columbia Railroad. We hope that there will be a full attendance, and that our citizens will manifest sufficient interest in this important undertaking, to encourage those having it in charge to bestow upon it the time and attention that it deserves.—Let our people turn out.

WASHINGTON.—The president appears to find it difficult to govern the Mormons. The latest intelligence is, that Ex-Gov. Thomas, of Maryland, refuses to accept the office of Governor of Utah at any price; and the sole remaining hope of an appointee rests with Col. Cummins, who has already rejected the proffered honor several times.

General Walker makes serious charges against Capt. Davis, for having stepped beyond his authority in saving him from the gallows in Nicaragua. Unless the Captain had positive orders from our Government to aid Walker, we can see no possible motive for this interference to defeat the ends of justice; and a severe rebuke, with an intimation that in future emergencies of a similar character he had better mind his own business, should be promptly administered by the Secretary of the Navy.

SEAMLESS METALLIC TUBES BY ROLLING.—A specimen of metallic tube has been handed to us for examination, which, to all appearances, is destined to entirely supersede the present style of tubing used for gas-fixtures, steam condensers, &c., &c. It is true as a rifle barrel, and no-where presents the appearance of a joint or seam. It is manufactured at Port Morris, ten miles from New York. The patent is an English one, owned by American capitalists, who propose making a joint stock concern for the purpose of selling the rights for Great Britain and this country. The representative of the owners of the patent is Abm. L. Cox, Germantown, Philadelphia.

RUN OFF.—The Express Freight, of Tuesday morning last, going westward, about 1 A. M., while being pushed through town, caused considerable destruction among the fences and telegraph poles. The front car got off the track, and before the accident was discovered, the train was pushed about a quarter of a mile, the cars making a clean sweep of all obstructions, and giving the "Prince of Telegraphic Operators" a small job the ensuing day.

THE LAST RUN OF SHAD.—The past week's rains has raised all the streams above, and quite a number of our spring customers, the North Branch Yankees, made their well soaked appearance on Wednesday evening last. These will probably be the last of the season.

☞ The *late* comet, that didn't come to time last Saturday, has furnished ample material for newspaper paragraphs, and we accordingly find our exchanges filled with jubilations over the dead failure. Among the hits we think the following, from an article in the Philadelphia *Sunday Despatch*, describing the collision as actually having taken place, bears about as hard upon some of the powers of earth as upon the pyrotechnic defaulter; and is deserving of special notice:

At the *Bulletin* office there were destroyed a bundle of letters from Simon Cameron; a synopsis of the new German opera (to be produced next week at the Academy) entitled "Ein Lager Unt Zwei Pretzeln;" an interesting piece about "Crinolines," illustrated by reference to the experience of the writer in France, Germany, England, Russia, Turkey and Liberia; with a local article giving the history of an old house in a back alley, which was once looked at by an aged Quaker who had an uncle that had seen a man who knew the great-grandson of Wm. Penn.

The *Daily News* suffered awfully by the destruction of an article about "The Jesuits."

Latest from Europe.

ENGLAND.

Lord Palmerston has intimated to the House of Commons his intention to submit a bill for abolishing church rates.

Mr. Berkley gave notice that he would bring up the question for ballot, on the 23d of June.

The London *Times* says there is no foundation for the report that the U. S. Steam Frigate Niagara would not assist in laying the Atlantic Submarine Cable. On the contrary she left the Thames for Portsmouth on Friday, where some of her stanchions would be removed, and the ward room altered so as to receive the cable. She would then proceed to Birkenhead and commence receiving the cable.

Nine hundred miles of the cable have already been completed. The process is going on slowly, owing to the impossibility of getting the wire made fast enough.

The Agamemnon would commence reeling the cable on the 10th of July. All the cable vessels will rendezvous at Cork Harbor, where the final arrangements will be perfected.

The war steamer Cyclops is now taking soundings along the proposed deep sea route. The cable will be laid in August next.

FRANCE.

The rumored attempt upon the life of the Emperor of France, at the recent artillery muster, is reiterated with several corroborative incidents. All English papers mentioning the affair are intercepted at the French Post Offices.

SPAIN.

Advices from Madrid say that the negotiations relative to the Mexican question, have been postponed until the arrival of the Mexican mail, due early in June. If that mail brings intelligence of chastisement having been inflicted upon delinquents, a favorable turn will be given to the question. Otherwise, if not, the correspondent of the London Times says, it is feared the question presents very serious difficulties, not so near settlement as is supposed.

ITALY.

The Government barbarities continue. Inflammatory placards have been freely distributed calling the citizens to a revolution.

Marshal Radetsky is not dead.

RECEPTION OF GEN. WALKER AT NEW YORK. *New York, June 16.*—Gen. Wm. Walker was received with a salute on his arrival in this city this evening. He was escorted in a barouche, drawn by six horses, to the City Hall, where he met with an enthusiastic reception. He was welcomed by Judge Phillips, and then escorted to the St. Nicholas Hotel, where apartments had been prepared for him

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL.—COUNCIL CHAMBER—Columbia, June 10, 1857.—Members present, Messrs. Murphy, Tyson, Pelen, Felix, Maxton, and Hess, President.

The object of the meeting was stated from the chair, to be to take into consideration the propriety of changing the mode of putting away dogs running at large.

On motion of Mr. Pelen, there be a committee of three appointed, to revise the ordinance relating to dogs, which was agreed to. The Chair appointed Messrs. Black, Maxton, and Hess, Committee. Council adjourned.

Attest: J. S. DELLETT, *Clerk*.

☞ At a stated meeting of the Vigilant Fire Engine & Hose Co., held at their rooms on Friday evening, June 5th, 1857, the following officers were elected to serve for one year:

President: John D. Wright.
V. President: E. W. W. Fraley.
Secretary: Jos. S. List.
Treasurer: H. M. North.
Chief Director: John R. Smith.
Ass. Directors: Jos. B. Bostick, D. F. Aurand, J. D. Culmerry, J. H. Freet, Col. S. P. Lindemuth, H. L. Dock.
Custodiens: Wm. U. Hess, Geo. W. Miles, Edw. M. Shreiner, G. F. Gohn, John Long, Daniel Gohn.

ST. JOHN'S FREE CHURCH—*The New Pastor:* Rev. Edw. W. Appleton, of Philadelphia, having received a unanimous call from the Vestry to the Assistant Rectorship of St. John's Free Church, (Episcopal) has accepted the same; and it is understood that he will enter upon the discharge of his pastoral duties on Sunday next. Mr. Appleton is a young man, and was ordained during the sitting of the late Convention at Philadelphia. He is spoken of as a gentleman of fine talents and possessing, in an eminent degree, that self-sacrificing spirit of the christian missionary zeal which is so highly requisite for the field in which he is about to labor. Those who know him intimately assure us that this young and prosperous congregation have been exceedingly fortunate in securing his services. We understand that his twin-brother, has been called to the Rectorship of the Episcopal Church in Columbia. This arrangement will make their relations mutually agreeable and pleasant.—*Express.*

NEW COLLEGE.—An institution for the purpose of educating young men for the Episcopal Ministry, is in the course of formation. Its incorporators will be the Rev. Samuel Bowman, Rev. Geo. Appleton, J. Yeates Cunningham, and others. The Institution will be endowed by Miss Catharine Yeates, and others, and when incorporated will be situated in South Queen-st.

The Rev. Dr. Hopkins, of St. Louis is spoken of as the principal of the intended Institution.—*Express.*

A NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit five dollar note on the Exchange Bank of Pittsburg, has made its appearance. It is well executed, and will deceive many unless they are on the look out for it. The vignette represents two females floating in the air.—It purports to have been engraved by W. L. Wintly.

VOLTAIRE ON THE COMET.—Apropos to the comet question, a Paris paper publishes the following extracts from a letter of Voltaire, dated Grenoble, May 17th, 1773:—

"Some Parisians who are not philosophers, and who, would they believe it, never will be, have informed me that the end of the world is at hand, and that it will undoubtedly occur in the latter part of the present month. They expect that a comet will strike our little globe and grind it to imperceptible powder, according to a certain prediction of the Academy of Sciences which was never made.

"Nothing is more probable than this event, because Jacques Bornouilli, in his treatise upon the comet, predicted expressly that the famous comet of 1680 would return with a terrible crash on the 17th day of May, 1719. He assured us, indeed, that his [the comet's] wig signified no harm, but that his tail was an infallible sign of the wrath of Heaven. If Jacques Bornouilli was mistaken, it could not have been a matter of more than fifty-four years and three days.

"Now an error so inconsiderable being regarded as nothing in the immensity of ages, by all mathematicians, it is clear that nothing is more reasonable than to look for the end of the world as early as the 20th of the present month of May, or in May of some other year. If it does not come this year, that which is deferred is not lost.'

The letter concludes thus:—

"James Pudding, who predicted an earthquake at London in 1756, and the destruction of the city, did not bring any doubtful comet into his cause; and the affrighted populace left the city upon the day designated by the magician.

"But the Parisians will not desert the city on the 20th of May. They will sing, *and enjoy the comet and the end of the world at the comic opera!"*

HOW OLD BILLY G. WAS BAPTIZED.—Poor people have a hard time in this little world of ours. Even in matters of religion there is a vast difference between Lazarus and Dives, as the following anecdote sent us by a friend, will illustrate:—Old Billy G. had attended a great revival, and, in common with many others, he was converted and baptised. Not many weeks afterwards one of his neighbors met him reeling home from the court-ground with a considerable brick in his hat. "Hello, Uncle Billy," said the friend, "I thought you had joined the church "So I did," answered Uncle Billy, making a desperate effort to stand still, "so I did, Jeemes, and would 'a bin a good Baptist if they hadn't a treated me so everlastin' mean at the water. Didn't you never hear about it, Jeemes?" "Never did." "Then I'll tell you 'bout it. You see, when we cum to the baptisin' place, thar was me an' old Jenks, the rich old Squire; war to be dipped at the same time. Well, the minister took the Squire in fust, but I didn't mind that much, as I thought 'twould be jest as good when I cum; so he led him in, and after dippin' him under, he raised him up *mitey* keerful, and wiped his face and led him out. Then cum my turn, and instead of lifting me out like he did the Squire, he gave me one slosh, and left me crawlin' about on the bottom, like a *d——d mud turtle!"*

PADDY'S BREAKFAST, LUNCH, DINNER AND SUPPER.—"Semper *praties*."—*Punch.*

SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized to announce Mr. JAY CADWELL, of Lancaster, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 2, 1857-tc

RECORDER.—We are authorized to announce George Leamon, of East Lampeter, as a candidate for the office of Recorder, County subject to the decision of the Union Convention.

May 16-tc

THE SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized to announce Benjamin F. Rowe, of Providence township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 16-tc

☞ We are authorized to announce that CHRISTIAN SHENK, of the City of Lancaster, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

May 2, 1857.-tc.

PROTHONOTARY.—We are authorized to announce that PETER MARTIN, of Clay twp., will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

April 25, 1857–tc.

CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—We are authorized to announce, that SAMUEL EVANS of Columbia, will be a candidate for the office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, subject to the decisions of the Union County Convention.

WOOD'S RESTORATIVE.—Of all the restoratives for the hair that have been invented, Wood's pre-eminently claims the first place. It will certainly restore the natural color of the hair, if the directions are followed for a sufficient length of time. It also has produced astonishing effects in bringing out a growth of hair, where the head had been previously bald. Wood does not pretend that it will do this in all cases; and we think his candor is a good recommendation of the virtues which his restorative readily possesses. If the roots of the hair are destroyed, no human power can make them grow again; but where there is any vitality left in the root, the restorative will soon renew the hair in all its pristine vigor. It has done this repeatedly where all other remedies had failed. It is therefore worth while, in all cases to make the experiment. For clearing the head of Dandruff, and thickening and strengthening the hair it has no rival.—Western Patriot.

June 20.

FEMALE WEAKNESS.

AUBURN, March 13, 1855.

GENTS:—My wife has long suffered from a female weakness. Her stomach was very weak, and it was with difficulty she could draw a long breath, for each effort was accompanied by a sharp pain at the pit of the stomach; her appetite and general health have been very poor for a long time. But your "Bach's American Compound," has entirely cured her. A weak back, with constant pain in the small of the back, was another difficulty my wife suffered from; your medicine is giving her so much strength, that this is fast disappearing. I have great reason to believe your "Bach's American Compound" the most powerful and effective medicine for this and other diseases I have ever known.

Yours respectfully, GEO. W. CRAY.

Bach's American Compound owes its success to the intrinsic curative properties of the vegetables which compose it. It contains a *Compound Fluid Extract of Beach Drop or Cancer Root,* *now first given to the Public*, but long known to the Indians as a never failing cure for Scrofulas, Consumption, Humors of the Blood, and chronic diseases in any part of the system. This medicine can now be had of all reliable dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in another column.

April 18, 1857-2m

"WOODLAND CREAM"—A pomade for beautifying the hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing ladies' hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes gentlemen's hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed PETRIDGE & CO., N. York,
Proprietors of the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
For sale by all Druggists.
Feb. 21-6mcow

☞ EQUALITY TO ALL!—Uniformity of Prices! A New Feature in Business! Every one his own salesman.—Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store," No. 200 Market street, above Sixth, Philadelphia, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all *must* buy alike.

The goods are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above Sixth, No. 200 JONES & CO.

June 13, 1857-1y

The Markets.

COLUMBIA LUMBER MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Common Cull Boards & Grub Plank,		$10 00
Culling	do	13 00
2d Common	do	18 00
1st Common	do	30 00
Pannel	do	36 00
Hemlock Boards and Scantling,		11 00
Do do	do long lengths,	13 00
Pine Scantling,		15 00
Plaster Lath,		$2 00@ 3 00
Shingles,		12 00@18 00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FLOUR.—The sales for home consumption continue limited, within the range of $7,50@$8,50 for common to good retailing brands and extras, and fancy lots at higher rates. Rye Flour is dull at $5 per bbl.—Corn Meal is also quiet, but a sale of 150 bbls. Penna. Meal was made at $4 per bbl.

WHEAT.—We quote Wheat at $1.83@1,-85c. for fair to prime reds, and $1,90@$1,-95c. for white; 1100 bus. Western Spring Wheat also sold at $1,70c. Rye is scarce and in request at $1,10c. Corn—Sales of 2000@3000 bus. Southern yellow are reported, mostly made last evening, at 87@90c for fair to prime lots, afloat, including some in the cars at 88c. Oats are nearly steady and about 5000 bushels good Jersey and Pennsylvania brought 61@62.

WHISKEY is lower and very dull, but sales to the extent of some 450 bbls. are reported at 35@36c., the latter for prime Ohio and Prison. Hogsheads are quoted at 34½@35c., and very little doing.—*N. American, June* 18.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

FLOUR.—Extra Flour is quiet. We quote Ohio extra to-day at $7,75@ $7,87½, Howard Street do. at $8@$8,12½, and City Mills do. at $8,12½@$8,25 per bbl. Rye Flour is still quoted at $5, and Corn Meal at $3,75 for Country, and $4,25 per bbl. for City.

GRAIN.—Corn sold at 87@91 cts. for white, 85 cts. for ordinary yellow, and 87@ 90 cts. for good to prime do. Wheat—Reds sold at $1,70@$1,76 cts. for fair to prime, and whites at $1,80@$1,90 cts. for ordinary to good parcels. Very choice lots of white Wheat suitable for Family Flour would bring $1,95@200 cts. Rye—A lot of 100 bushels Pennsylvania (the only parcel offered to-day) was sold at $1,10 cts. Oats—Some 1,500 bushels Oats were sold on 'Change at 58@59 cts. for Maryland, and 62@64 cts., for Pennsylvania. We quote Virginia Oats to-day at 53@55 cts.

WHISKEY—Whiskey continues very dull. There is little or no demand for it, and we quote it nominal at yesterday's rates, which are as follows, viz: 32@32½ cts. for City and Pennsylvania, and 34@34½ cts. for Ohio.—*Balt. Am. June* 18.

MARRIED.

In Harrisburg, on Monday evening, the 8th inst., by Rev. Dr. Bartine, Mr. J. HANSON JONES, formerly of Lancaster, to Miss J. ISIDORA, eldest daughter of Wm. J. Lawrence, Esq., of Harrisburg.

DIED.

On Sunday evening, 14th inst., at the residence of his grandfather, Jesse Bowyer, JIMMY, son of Cyrus and Elizabeth Strickler, aged 2 years, 10 months and 9 days

Crape Shawls.

BUY a Crape Shawl, all colors, from $5 to $30.—Also Rich Style Black Lace Mantillas, at
June 20, 1856 FONDERSMITH'S.

NEW RAILROAD MEETING.

ALL persons interested in the success of the Reading and Columbia Railroad, are requested to meet at the TOWN HALL, AT 7½ O'CLOCK, ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT, JUNE 22.

BY ORDER OF COMMISSIONERS.

Columbia, June 20, 1857-1t

FOR SALE.

ONE PANEL COUNTER AND SHELVING, suitable for any business, also four large sash, suitable for a side show Case in lieu a shoe, saddler, tobacco or fancy store. Call at the Boot and Shoe Store, No. 3 Wolf's Row, Front Street, Columbia.

MRS. M. S. V. COULSON.

Columbia, June 20, 1857-2t

You will Get Your Money Back.

IF you want to buy a Berege, Gingham, or Lawn Dress. Good quality Wool and Silk Berege at 12½c., usual price 20c. Real French Lawn 12½c., worth 18½c. Extra Earlston Ginghams, 12½c., cheap at 16½c. Going at FONDERSMITH'S.

June 20, 1857. People's Cash Store.

Marseilles Pique.

ANOTHER supply of this desirable article for Ladies' Basques and Misses' Capes! Also, 8-4 Black Berege, for Ladies' Shawls, just received at

H. C. FONDERSMITH'S

June 20, 1857. Cash Store, Columbia.

Bley Linens.

FOR Ladies' Dusters and Travelling Dresses, &c., in medium and fine qualities, at

FONDERSMITH'S,

June 20, 1857. People's Cash Store,

Just in Time

FOR cheap Sugar and plenty of Fruit. A. Stone & Co., Self-Sealing Glass Preserving Jars, for preserving fresh fruits, &c. An assortment just received, at H. C. FONDERSMITH'S.

June 20, 1857.

BOOKS AT AUCTION.

A CHANCE for supplying themselves with good Books very cheap, is now offered the citizens of Columbia, at the Auction Room of Messrs. E. P. & R. J. Judd, corner of Front and Locust streets. The assortment is large, and comprises a variety of standard and popular works in every department of Literature, and of late publication. Every article sold warranted to be as represented. Sale to-night, SATURDAY, June 20th.

June 20, 1857-1t

NATIONAL HOTEL.

THE subscriber having opened his house, corner of Second and Locust streets, Columbia, Pa., as a hotel, is prepared to accommodate the public, in good style, and upon reasonable terms. He has spared no expense in fitting up his rooms, and will give his table careful attention, hoping to be able to satisfy his customers in all respects. His BAR is furnished with good liquors, and the favorite Restaurant, in the basement, will be continued as heretofore, always supplied with seasonable delicacies. A large and commodious STABLE has recently been erected opposite the house, adjoining the Odd Fellows' Hall, where a careful Hostler will be in attendance. ☞ A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. GERHARD BRANDT.

Columbia, June 20, 1857.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably to the laws of this Commonwealth, there will be an application made to the next legislature of Pennsylvania, for an Act of Incorporation of a bank, to be called the "Accommodation Bank," with general banking privileges of issue, discount, and deposit, with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be located in the borough of Columbia, Lancaster co., Pa.

Columbia, June 20, 1857 6mo

Lancaster Examiner and Harrisburg Telegraph, copy 6 months and send bill to this office immediately.

Beautiful Mantillas at Herr's Cheap Store.

DECIDEDLY the best and cheapest in the city. Come and see them, as I defy all competition. Chantilly Lace, Moire Antique Grode Rhine, Swiss, Berege and Embroidered White Swiss. I can show over fifty different styles. Crape, Stella, Cashmere and Thibet Shawls, at reduced prices. Stella Cashmere and Broche Scarfs, very cheap. Bereges and Berege Robes, choice styles. Ducals and Ducal Bereges, Lawn Robes and Brilliantes, at reduced prices. Parasols at less than manufacturers' prices.

JOHN HERR,
No. 5 East King street, Lancaster.

A very large lot of Ladies' Collars at a very great bargain. One hundred dozen Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, at a great sacrifice. Gay and Second Mourning Poplins, something entirely new, elegant goods, and very cheap. June 20, 1857.

New and Interesting Books,

JUST received. Dr. Livingstone's Seventeen Years Explorations and Adventures in the Wilds of Africa. This is the book of facts, of thrilling interest, adventures, and hair-breadth escapes of that indomitable traveler and African Explorer; it is a book that would interest all classes of readers fond of facts and adventures. Price 50 cents. Godfrey's Narrative of the last Grinnell Arctic Exploring Expedition.

Godfrey says: "I saved Dr. Kane's life when in the Arctic Ocean, and he denounced me in his book as a deserter." Godfrey, in vindication of his own character, goes on and gives his own narrative of the Kane Expedition. He also has connected with it the life of Dr. Kane. Those having read Dr. Kane's book, would be interested in the perusal of this volume, and those that cannot afford the expensive work of Kane, would be delighted and profited by the reading of Godfrey's Narrative. Price only 50 cents, and for sale by [June 20, '57.] MURRAY, YOUNG & CO.

NEW AND SEASONABLE.

THE subscriber desires to call attention to his own manufactured Water Coolers, Summer Cooking Ranges, Patent Steam Wash Boilers, Superior Self-Sealing Preserving Cans. He is also making a large lot of Copper Kettles of all sizes, for the coming fruit season.

He always keeps up his usual excellent stock of

Cook and Parlor Stoves,

of every size and style.

He would respectfully ask the public to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to sell at very low prices.

HENRY PFAHLER,
Locust street, opposite the Franklin House.

Pfahler's Superior Blacking.

FOR POLISHING STOVES, GRATES, &c.—This Blacking, with very little rubbing, will give a brilliant polish, and preserve Stoves from rust longer than any other article in market.

Prepared and sold, Wholesale and Retail, by H. PFAHLER, Locust street, Columbia, Pa.

October 25, 1856.

Blacksmithing Locksmithing &c.

WILLIAM HANTSCH respectfully informs the public that he can at all times be found at the establishment of HENRY PFAHLER, in Locust street,