The Columbia Spy.

A PENNSYLVANIA INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

COLUMBIA, Pa.,
SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1857.

☞We are indebted to Messrs. Welch, of the Senate, and Kauffman, of the House, for favors.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Misses Lindsay, millinery goods, &c.; Neman & Warnick, Stoves; Hover's Liquid Hair Dye and Writing Ink; Evans & Walton, cheap Carpets; Saving Fund of the National Safety Trust Company; A. M. Rambo, Card, Groceries, &c.; C. R. McClune, Boots and Shoes, and Mrs. Young, Ice Cream; Saylor & McDonald, Books, Music, &c., &c.; Notice of Building Committee of Public Ground Company; Z. H. Shepard, Pianos and Melodeons; Jacob Hess, Hats and Caps; James D. Sanpkey, Horse Stolen; Business Stand for Sale; Harford Fraley, Boat for Sale; P. Shreiner, Jewelry; House and Lot for Sale.

RETURNING.—We understand that the friends of Rev. W. W. Howland, missionary at Ceylon, have received letters from him, dated at Columbo, (the Southern extremity of the island,) February 13, stating that he and his family were thus far on their way home. They were making inquiries about a passage from that place. It seemed probable that they might be obliged to go by way of England, in which case they would expect to arrive in this country sometime in June. Mr. and Mrs. H., with their six children, were in usual health, and were stopping at Columbo, in an unoccupied house of the Church missionaries.

If the gentleman and lady spoken of above, in the Worcester (Mass.) *Spy*, are the same to whom we are indebted for a portion of our "rudiments,, and a great deal of good advice, which we fear we have not always profited by, we know that many in this neighborhood, who, with ourselves, retain the kindest remembrance of them and their sojourn amongst us, will rejoice with us at the prospect of their speedy return to their native land. We trust we shall be able to receive Mr. Howland and his family once more in Columbia. We can promise him a most cordial welcome from many friends.

☞As Mr. Samuel Abel, who keeps a tavern at the first lock on the Tide Water Canal, was crossing the river from this place, on Wednesday afternoon last, with two boys, his sons, in a skiff, he was driven by the wind, in spite of all his exertions, to the dam, and barely succeeded in obtaining foothold there with his sons; the skiff drifting through one of the gaps in the structure.—He describes his position as most perilous. He was rescued by the brave exertions of Messrs. Joseph Wilson and John Williams, of Wrightsville, who went to his relief from below the dam. His description of the thrilling adventure, as he gave it to us, was highly graphic and picturesque. We regret our inability to lay it before our readers in his exact words.

☞Last week we noticed in the Inland Daily, a notice of the adverse report of the Senate Committee, upon the bill authorizing the Columbia Bank to establish a branch in Lancaster; and last Thursday morning's edition of the same paper, contained some editorial remarks to the same effect, calculated, unintentionally of course, to give a wrong impression of the action of the Legislature upon this measure, in which so many of our citizens are interested. The bill has passed the Senate, and has been reported favorably to the House.

We find, since the above is in type, that Friday morning's "Daily" makes a correction of the above.

☞The red shirts were again in our town during this week, as thick as blackberries in August. These hardy men came down the river on rafts, which the recent rise in the river enabled them to do with safety.—After being confined in the mountains all winter, it should be expected that they would feel inclined to "spread themselves," which they do with a looseness.—*Lock-Haven Watchman, April 17.*

Although the rush has not yet commenced here, we understand that the "Yanks" will be right down upon us before we get to press. Let them come on; Sharpley is waiting anxiously.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—An accident occurred on the Harrisburg road near the tunnel above this place, on Monday last, that will probably result in the loss of both legs to the sufferer, Simon Keister. He is a brakesman on a freight train of the Pennsylvania R. R., and was thrown from the platform of a car, by the sudden jerk of starting. Two cars passed over his legs crushing them badly. One leg was amputated by Drs. Filbert and John, and it is extremely doubtful whether the other can be saved, or whether he will escape with his life.

☞SHARPLEY is still delighting nightly crowds with his Ethiopian fan. His "Great Gift Enterprise" is now the rage; everybody is to have a gold watch. To any one who enjoys a hearty laugh, these concerts afford an opportunity of indulging it without stint.—SHARPLEY as a tragedian stands next above Forrest and EDWARDS in "Going Round the Horn," cannot be excelled. Another performance to-night.

☞As will be seen by A. M. Rambo's card in our advertising columns, he has removed his grocery to the store-room in the Odd Fellows' Hall, lately occupied by S. C. Swartz, and offers an excellent assortment of articles in his line. We hope he may succeed.

☞We learn by our Baltimore exchanges that a very destructive fire broke out in Charles and Lombard streets, destroying property to the amount of half a million.—Thirteen lives are known to have been lost, and several persons are missing.

THE ELECTION FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—Thomas Welch, was elected yesterday, Justice of the Peace for the North Ward, by a majority of 44.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Although the SPY is not a party paper, we shall not hesitate to speak freely of the candidates for judicial office; for the whole body of the people, irrespective of party, have the deepest interest in the purity, learning and ability, of those men who are to determine the most serious questions of personal safety and pecuniary right.

Never having personally taken an active part in political struggles, further than voting independently, we think we are sufficiently unbiassed to admit excellence in a political opponent; and we shall always express openly our commendation, when either party, disregarding "claims" for work done with an eye to the spoils, nominates its best men for an office which so pre-eminently calls for freedom from partizan prejudice in its incumbents.

One of the prominent candidates for nomination by the Democratic party for the Supreme Bench, William A. Stokes, of Westmoreland, we believe to be a good lawyer, and an honest man.

He is well known in this county. Nearly twenty years ago, an address which he delivered in Lancaster, made a marked impression on the public mind, which has been deepened by his legal arguments and political speeches of more recent times. We know of no advocate to whose fidelity we would more feely confide our dearest interests, and we are sure that the greater number of the lawyers of Pennsylvania, are proud of him as a leader in the profession. As a political speaker and writer, he commends himself, even to opponents, by his calm, clear, and candid expositions of his party. Standing secure in intellectual supremacy, he disdains the vulgar clamor of the common stump orator. He exalts and dignifies his subject, and presents it in such captivating style, as to secure the admiration of both friend and foe.

A high-toned gentleman, an accomplished scholar—he unites in singular perfection all those intellectual qualities which are calculated to give dignity and certainty to the administration of justice.

If he should be nominated by his party it will come into the field with a man that will command the respect of the most determined of its opponents.

☞We have been disappointed in our expectation of receiving a copy of the late act of the Legislature, relative to the Columbia Water Company. The following is said to be a correct synopsis; but we have some doubts ourselves as to it's accuracy.

SEC. 1. Changes the name of the company to "Columbia Soup Society, and association for the better diffusion of entomological and infusorious knowledge, and diseases of the stomach and bowels generally."

SEC. 2. Provides for the obtaining of a supply of the semi-fluid, to be furnished the citizens of Columbia, under the name and style of *water*, at the most favorable point on the river for collecting all the filth of the public sewers and canal basin; and forbids the removal of the pumping apparatus to any other locality.

SEC. 3. Forbids the "early dead" of the Pennsylvania R. R., live-freight-trains being interred anywhere but in the canal.

SEC. 4. Limits the supply to eight gallons of "soup" per day, per dwelling, for two days in the week; and forbids any attempt to furnish a drop on wash days—*always provided*, that no part of this section shall be so construed, as to interfere with the collection of the rates for a full supply.

SEC. 5. Provides for the punishment by fine, or imprisonment, of any indignant house-wife who may rail, be it ever so mildly, at being deprived of water on wash-day aforesaid; and that no husband shall obtain legal redress from the company, for any disastrous consequences that may ensue from the harassment of the matrimonial mind, and wear and tear of domestic temper.

SEC. 6. In anticipation of another unusually severe winter, forbids the laying of pipes in the streets, at a greater depth than one foot from the surface.

SEC. 7. Provides that, in case of fire, the reservoir shall, if possible, be empty, and the pumps not in working order.

SEC. 8. Authorizes for the greater convenience of customers, the water (?) to be turned on, occasionally, about midnight, and turned off again before daylight next morning.

SEC. 9. Provides that in the case of a hydrant bursting on "Tow Hill," the water shall be stopped off in "Fish Town," until it is mended.

SEC. 10. Authorizes the company to seize all the pumps in the borough, and secure their handles with padlocks.

SEC. 11. Forbids the company attempting to replenish their reservoir, in case the pumps give out, by hauling water from the river in "barrels, casks, or bags."

SEC. 13. Lays a fine upon any citizen detected in quenching his thirst with "Lager."

SEC. 14. Provides for the keeping open of the *man-trap* at the corner of Second and Union streets, at the pleasure of the company, or, until some one is killed by falling therein.*

SEC. 15. Forbids the selling of the present stock of the company at a higher premium than ninety per cent.

We fear we have been deluded, and imposed upon, by some designing person, in the above; but having promised last week, a synopsis of the act, we do not wish to disappoint our readers.

*We have been informed that a man fell into the hole mentioned in this section a few nights since, and was seriously injured. The Borough authorities are also to blame for not providing a *bridge* for the gutter.

☞A young man, a native Syrian, and son of a Syrian Bishop, is expected to lecture on next Sabbath evening, in the Presbyterian Church. This young man has the reputation of being a man of superior talents and rare eloquence. His subject will be either the "Syrian Church," or the "Fulfillment of Prophecy." The public is respectfully invited. *

SUSQUEHANNA AND TIDE WATER CANAL.—Business commenced on the Susquehanna and Tide Water Canal, on the 8th inst., and up to yesterday morning 103 through boats, and 55 way craft, had been cleared, at the Collector's office, at this place. The through boats were principally loaded with grain, and a due proportion of pig iron for the Philadelphia market. The Canal is now in good navigable order, with a sufficiency of water in it, and boats pass the entire length without difficulty. Business on the Canal is pretty brisk.—*York County Star, April 15.*

☞A wag of a boarder in one of our hotels where they have an ugly habit of putting a man's bill under his door every week, has nailed a sign on the outside of it, on which is inscribed—"Stick no bills here."

SYNOPSIS OF AN ACT,

Incorporating "the Columbia Manufacturing Company in the County of Lancaster."

SEC. 1. Constitutes Geo. Boyle, Joseph W. Fisher, J. E. Hackenberg, Henry Brandt, Amos S. Green, Harford Fraley, Wm. S. McCorkle, F. S. Bletz, Daniel L. Bruner, Hiram Wilson, John Cooper and Michael Liphart, and all persons who may hereafter associate with them, a corporate body with all privileges, &c., of a corporation under the above title; and authorizes them to purchase personal and real estate.

SEC. 2. Fixes the capital stock at fifty thousand dollars, with privilege of increasing it to one hundred and fifty thousand; and makes the shares fifty dollars each.

SEC. 3. Provides for election of officers, &c.

SEC. 4. How stockholders shall be entitled to vote.

SEC. 5. Prescribes the oaths or affirmations of officers; and security.

SEC. 6. Provides for opening books for subscription, and issuing letters patent by the Governor.

SEC. 7. Specifies the business of the corporation to be the manufacture of cars, agricultural and mechanical implements, castings, and machinery in general; and forbids banking operations with the funds of the company.

SEC. 8–9. Provides for the transfer and calling in of stock.

SEC. 10. Constitutes a majority of managers a quorum, and empowers them to regulate the affairs of the company.

SEC. 11. Compels the publication annually, of a statement of the affairs of the company.

SEC. 12. Regulates the declaring of dividends.

SEC. 13. Compels corporation to pay a bonus.

SEC. 14. Provides for calling special meetings.

SEC. 15. Limits the liabilities of the company.

SEC. 16. Provides for the keeping of a certain book.

SEC. 17. That the stockholders of the said company shall be jointly and severally liable in their individual capacities for all debts and contracts made by said company, in the amount remaining unpaid in the stock respectively held by them; and shall also be liable for debts due to mechanics, workmen, and laborers, employed by said company, to be sued for and collected as is provided by the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections of an act to incorporate the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company, approved the fifth day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three. *Provided*, That no stockholder shall be individually liable in person or property for any loan or loans made to the said company.

SEC. 18. Limits the charter to twenty years.

THE LADIES' JOURNAL AND ILLUSTRATED MISCELLANY.—This is the rather unwieldy title of a new monthly "devoted to literature, music, fashion and art;" which has been forwarded us by the publishers, Scattergood & Co., Philadelphia. It is illustrated with a large lithographic fashion plate, and numerous smaller cuts of ladies' headgear, &c. There are, besides, a large and beautiful wood cut, illustrating Poe's Raven, and three pages of music. The original matter is good and entertaining; the selections are judicious, and show the good taste of the editor. We wish it success. For sale at Saylor & McDonald's.

GRAHAM FOR MAY.—We have received this favorite Philadelphia monthly, which comes up to its old standard of excellence in the general matter; and, in our opinion, far exceeds it in the peculiar feature in which Mr. MACE S. LELAND lays himself out; "Editor's Easy Talk," to wit. CLARK of the *Knickerbocker*, the old original "gossip" will have to look out for his laurels: Mr. Leland makes a formidable foray into his peculiar hunting grounds. We shall show our appreciation of *Graham's* good things, by the amount of our pickings and stealings from its pages.

☞We have received the "*Twenty-fourth Annual Report of the Managers of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind*," containing an interesting account of the transactions of last year. We most heartily commend the system pursued at this excellent school for the training of the blind pupils from utter helplessness to self-reliant usefulness. It is one of those institutions of which any community may be proud, and we feel no doubt that it will be liberally sustained by the patronage and benevolence of the public.

WATER CURE JOURNAL FOR APRIL.—The sight of this familiar face, carried us back, as it seems to us, fifty years, and sent a cold chill down our back, as we recalled the thundering descent of the "big douche" that used to forge our spinal column to such an extent that we now wonder that we remain a "Northern man with backbone."

It brought back the pleasant recollection of charming little screams, and splashy shudders, that used to ascend through the floor, from the "plunge bath" in the basement; more tantalizing to our ears than the accompanying hum of the usual regiment of besieging mosquitoes: we, meanwhile, lying "in pack," waiting with perspiring patience for the fair interlopers to depart, and give us a fair show to "go in." They seemed to take a malicious pleasure in keeping us in fomentation until we were reduced to the consistence of wet rag; and only decamped upon the repeated threats of "Gus," the bath-tender, that he would climb through the window and turn them out neck and heels. And when we "went in," with much trepidation, our anxious appeal to be let out again; and the stolidity of the inexorable "Gus," who stood over us with watch in one hand, the other performing the office of thermometer upon our shivering hide, never bateing an instant of the time necessary, in his opinion, to bring our heated blood down to a perilous proximity to zero. But his polishing afterward with a coarse dry sheet was heavenly. And then the mummifying operation of bandaging our digestives! it was generally effected by hitching one end of some three to five yards of coarse towelling to a series of hooks, and by a peculiar waltz motion, superior to either polka or deux-temps, winding ourself right up. It always reminded us of swathing an infant in the complicated wrappings that seem to be necessary to the proper development of juvenile humanity. The similarity was increased by the mode of fastening, with large pins; generally, if possible, so disposed as to goad the wearer in a most pleasant and satifactory manner.

Then the fearful feats of pedestrianism, and the consequently ferocious attacks upon the farinaceous feed.

All those and many other recollections flocked back, when our old friend the "Journal" made its appearance; and when we think of the digestion, incapable of entering successfully into a single-handed encounter with a raw oyster, that we carried with us for "treatment," and the "tough old subject" we brought away after a few months' soaking, we feel thankful for an opportunity of wishing success to the able advocate of "water cure," of which this is an excellent number. Fowler & Wells, N. Y., are the publishers.

[Communicated.]

THE PRESBYTERY OF DONEGAL, met in the Presbyterian Church in this place, on Tuesday evening last according to announcement, and was opened with a sermon by the Rev. L. C. Rutter.

There was an unusually large attendance both of ministers and laymen. The Rev. John Leaman, was chosen Moderator, and the Rev. J. J. Lane, continued Reading Clerk for the ensuing year.

Reports on the state of religion in the different churches were made to the Presbytery, some of which were highly encouraging, and others much less so. Ministers and Elders spoke with much feeling and earnestness as to the growing prevalence of intemperance, profanity, and Sabbath desecration, in their respective communities; and the question was considered at some length, in view of the alarming prevalence of vice and immorality, what ought to be done by the friends of religion and order for the promotion of temperance, and to secure the enforcement of the laws for the suppression of vice and crime.

Mr. Calvin Stuart, was examined upon his theological studies, and his trial discourses heard; which being found satisfactory, he was licensed to preach the Gospel. A young man, Mr. J. Manifold, was examined and taken under the care of Presbytery, as a candidate for the Gospel ministry.

A call from the Union Church, in Colerain township, for the Rev. Mr. Vanarsdalen, and a remonstrance to the same, occupied much of the time of the Presbytery, calling forth much earnest discussion; after which the call was declined.

The Rev. Thomas Crawford, and Mr. David Mitchell, Elder, were chosen Commissioners to the General Assembly, to meet at Lexington, Ky., on the 21st of May next; and the Rev. Mr. Rittenhouse, and Mr. A. Armstrong, their alternates.

The Presbytery adjourned on Thursday evening at 10 o'clock, to meet in the church of Union, in October next.

The members left, expressing the highest satisfaction with the liberal and sumptuous hospitality which they had received.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The steamship Arabia is signaled below.

She brings dates from Liverpool to Saturday the 4th, and has taken the place of the Persia, withdrawn for repairs. Her dates are three days later than received by the Errieson.

Arrests continue to be made in Paris of conspirators against the government.

Madrid reports say that the Spanish force will under every circumstance occupy a portion of Mexico territory for the protection of Spanish subjects.

Austria had issued a new circular against Sardinia.

France and England strongly remonstrate with both Sardinia and Austria to keep peace.

The difficulty between Austria and Sardinia is widening.

Prussia announces the determination to maintain her policy, restricting the Danish Dutchies, and have ordered the coast defence to be strengthened.

The Russians continue their forces at Anappa against the Circassians.

The Chinese details confirm previous telegraphic advices, and repeat the report that the Emperor ordered Yeh to make peace on any terms, but it is doubted.

The American ship High Flyer was wrecked at Formosa. The crew was murdered and the ship burned.

IMPORTANT FROM NICARAGUA.—By the southern mail last night we received Charleston papers of Monday last, containing announcements of the arrival there on the day previous of the steamship Isabel, from Havana and Key West. A letter to the Charleston Mercury, dated Key West, April 10th, mentions the arrival there of the steamship Tennessee, from San Juan and Aspinwall. She reached Havana on the 8th, Key West on the 10th, and was to leave the latter port on the same night. The letter in the Mercury mentions the following items of news as brought by her. Col. Lockridge had abandoned Castillo. Serapiqui and the San Juan river were again in complete possession of the Costa Ricans. So it appears that his expedition up the river has accomplished nothing in the way of opening it.—A dreadful explosion had taken place on board the steamer J. N. Scott, (on the river, we presume, though the letter does not say,) by which sixty persons had lost their lives. The Tennessee had on board several officers attached to Lockridge's command, and about fifty filibusters, sick and wounded.

Instructions have been issued from the War Department ordering Gen. Harney and troops immediately from Florida to Fort Leavenworth. Col. Sumner, with a force of about 1000 men, has also been ordered against the Iowa and Cheyenne Indians.—On the restoration of peace in those quarters, he will proceed with his troops to Utah—the shameful licentiousness of which Territory the Administration is determined shall be broken up.

It is estimated that early in June there will be at least 3000 United States troops in Kansas, under the command of Major General Harney and Persifer F. Smith.

The arrangements made last fall for a deputation of Choctaws and Seminoles from the West of the Mississippi, to pay a visit to Billy Bowlegs, and endeavor to coax him to remove West, will be carried out in a few days.

RUMORED RELIEF OF WALKER.—*New Orleans*, April 13.—It is rumored that preparations are being made to send a thousand men from Charleston for the relief of Walker, and that Charleston and New Orleans contribute $5,000 toward the defraying of expenses.

COL. LOCKRIDGE'S VICTORY at Castillo, it now turns out, rests on his own report, sent to San Juan to Captain J. N. Scott, by a courier. He says that he lost twenty-seven men and killed one hundred Costa Ricans. Another account says that he met with a most severe repulse at Castillo, where he was obliged to cut the ropes of his steamboat in order to save himself against a most furious bayonet charge of the Costa Ricans. Fifty men whom he left in that village, were cut to pieces, and their corpses were seen floatinr on the river, to become the prey of the crocodiles. Reinforcements amounting to 150 men, arrived and joined their hapless comrades.

LAGER BIER.—A Lager Bier Festival of brewers from New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Hoboken, Wilmington and other places, was held in New York last week, when a premium was awarded to Messrs. Glaatz & Kuebler, for the best beer, which was sold to the visitors at one shilling per glass—three times the usual price. The medal or premium awarded, is a curious figure of a man, the body of which represents a huge barrel, whilst other devices of the trade are combined to make up the apparel. The whole is a representation of a mythological character known to the Germans as "Gambrene," or the god of beer, in deification of the first manufacturer of that drink. They are common, we understand, throughout Bavaria and the German States, where festivals similar to this one are frequently held. This was the first festival of the kind ever held in this country, and the figure was the first awarded by the managers of the "Garden."

THE GREAT CATASTROPHE.—The impression that the world is to be at an end on the 13th of June, is so prevalent in Gallacia that the peasants are becoming somewhat difficult to manage. The poor ignorant creatures have been confirmed in the idea that they have but a few more weeks to live by the abolition of the "passport torture" in Austria, and the reduction of the passport tax in Russia. According to a Polish correspondent of the Ost Deutsche Post, the lower classes express themselves as follows:—"No one now troubles himself about the world and its inhabitants. A man can go where he pleases, as it is now all the same wherether he is here or in America."

A WOODEN MAN IN THE P. O.—M. Salles, arquebusier to the Emperor Napoleon, has invented a post office automaton, which takes up every letter thrown in the box, places it under the stamp, where it receives the post mark and date, and throws it out again for delivery to its destination. The general post office has made a trial of the invention which has turned out satisfactorily, and it is now in treaty with M. Salles for machines to be furnished to all the principal post offices throughout France.

A WRECK.—As Krautsalaat was passing down Market street, the other day, with a friend, he observed a poor dog that had been frozen to death, lying in a gutter.—Krautsalaat paused, gazed silently at the defunct animal, and at last said—

"Here's another shipwreck."

"Shipwreck!—where?" inquired his friend.

"There, for dont you see there's a *bark* that's lost forever."

THE CHINESE SUGAR CANE.—G. W. Kendall, formerly of the New Orleans *Picayune*, is farming in Texas, and experimenting upon the Chinese sugar cane. He says that it will stand a drouth better than anything he has ever seen. The first frost, however, kills it.

☞A person who was recently called in court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether the doctor did not make several visits after the patient was out of danger.

"No," replied the witness, "I considered the patient *in danger* as long as the doctor continued his visits."

☞A railroad conductor having insulted a lady passenger, she said indignantly, that the company that owned that road should not see another cent of her money.

"How so?" said the conductor; "how can you manage it?"

"Hereafter," replied the lady, "instead of buying my ticket at the office, *I shall pay my fare to you!*"

☞A fellow slipped down on an icy pavement. While sitting, he muttered: "I have no desire to see the town burned down but I sincerely wish the streets laid in ashes."

☞Hemp it is thought, ought to make good *noose*-paper.

☞Why was there no postage label in Henry the eighth's time? Because a Queen's head was not worth a penny.

☞Lay your carpets on good long straw, which is easy to the foot when walking on it, preserves the carpet more than twice as long by acting as a filterer to let the sand to the floor, and keeps the carpet free from dust, which is not the case if laid on the naked floor—or on, what is no better, paper, which appears to be an invention of the carpet dealers and upholsters.

HOVER'S INK, made in Philadelphia, is a great comfort to editors, and we suspect even greater to compositors, seeing that its fluidity leaves no excuse for bad or charred writing—the great foes of type-setters.

It is really quite a pleasure to write with such ink, especially with a good steel pen, for which mainly it is prepared.—*New York American.*

We cheerfully add our testimony to that of the Editor of the *American*, in favor of *Hover's Ink*. It is all that can be desired. —*New York Courier and Enquirer.*

Hover's Philadelphia Ink, is a beautiful article, well calculated for metal pens, as it does not corrode them.—*Brother Jonathan, New York.*

☞A Corset Maker out of work thus vented her complaint—"Shame that I should be without bread—I, have *stayed* the stomachs of thousands."

NATIONAL SAFETY SAVING FUND.—Our readers are requested to read, with attention, the notice of the Saving Fund of the National Safety Company, which appears in our advertising columns. This is an old and well established Institution, which now has nearly one million and a half of Dollars, invested in the very best securities for the safety of Depositors. People who have large sums often come from a great distance to put their money in it, on account of the superior security it affords. The office, it will be observed, is in Walnut street, South-West corner of Third, Philadelphia.

☞We see by our Lancaster exchanges, that Glasco Finture, the negro who excited so much alarm among the timid in Columbia, some three or four years since, died of consumption in the County Prison on Sunday night last. He was committed for burglary, and assault and battery, August 17, 1853; seven years for the first, and one year for the second offence.

☞They are fond of titles in the East.—Among his many other high sounding titles, the King of Ava has that of "Lord of Twenty-four Umbrellas." This looks as if he had prepared him self for a long *reign*.

CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—We are authorized to announce, that SAMUEL EVANS of Columbia, will be a candidate for the office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.

OH! YE BALD HEADED.—We invite the attention of those who are bald headed, and those who are afraid of becoming so, to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's *Hair Restorative* in to-day's paper. We are not in the habit of puffing every quack nostrum that is advertised in our paper, but we feel it our duty, when we come across an article that is good, to let the people know it. We have no fears of having soon to "scud under bare poles," and therefore have not used the *Restorative*, but think, if the certificates of honest men can be relied upon, that it must be a first rate article. Try it, ye whose natural wigs need rejuvenation.—*Rockville Republican.*

COMPLETE CURE OF PILES, AND HUMOR OF THE BLOOD.

HONEOE, March 27, 1855.

P. V. R. Coventry & Co: Gents—I have been troubled for a long time with the Bloody Piles. Those who have been thus afflicted will know the pain and misery I have suffered. And further than this, I had always sores in my mouth, and an itching humor on my back—A friend of mine in Auburn advised me to use "Bach's American Compound," the most successful medicine ever introduced. I tried it; two dollars worth of it (two bottles, has cured me entirely. I will, with pleasure, answer any inquiries regarding my case

ISAAC SMITH.

Formerly an officer in the Auburn Penitentiary.

Bach's American Compound owes its success to the intrinsic curative properties of the vegetables which compose it. It contains a *Compound Fluid Extract of Beach Drop or Cancer Root," now first given to the Public*, but long known to the Indians as a never failing cure for Scrofulas, Consumption, Humors of the Blood, and chronic diseases in any part of the system. This medicine can now be had of all reliable dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in another column.

April 18, 1857-2m

WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXIONS—can be required by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed

PETRIDGE & CO., N. Y.

For sale by all druggists.

Feb. 14-6meow

☞DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR is recommended to the public, relying upon its intrinsic excellence to secure it favor.

For all Bilious attacks, it may be truly and safely relied upon as being fully capable of removing the diseases for which it is recommended, and for giving tone and vigor to the general system.

Its qualities have been fully tested in a long practice, by the proprietor. Through the urgent solicitations of many, who have used and been benefitted by it, the proprietor has been induced to place it tet ore the public. For all Bilious Derangements, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Habitual Co-tiveness, Bilious Colic, Dyspepsia, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, General Debility, Female Weakness, &c.

For sale by druggists generally, and by Sam'l Filbert, Columbia, Pa., and J. A. Wolf, Wrightsville, Pa. Dyott & Sons, general agents, Philadelphia, and also by Sanford & Co., N. Y.

May 3, 1856-1y

The Markets.

COLUMBIA LUMBER MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Common Cull Boards & Grub Plank,		$10 00
Culling	do	13 00
2d Common	do	18 00
1st Common	do	30 00
Pannel	do	36 00
Hemlock Boards and Scantling,		11 00
Do do	do long lengths,	13 00
Pine Scantling,		15 00
Plaster Lath,		$2 00@ 3 00
Shingles,		12 00@18 00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

We quote flour at $6 to $6,50 for common to good brands and extra, and $6,75@7 for fancy lots, according to quality. Rye flour is firm at $4, but corn meal remains dull.—Penna. meal offered at $3,12@3,18 per bbl., without sales.

WHEAT.—Penna. wheat sells in lots, at $1,42@1,43 cts. for good reds, and 1,55 cts. for white, afloat. Rye is more plenty, and some 3000@4000 bus. Penna. have been disposed of, mostly at about 82 cts. Corn—about 14,000 bus. sold partly at 66 cts. for southern yellow afloat, and part on terms not made public. Oats are in fair request, with sales of 800 bus. Penna. at 48 cts. and 2000 bus. Western at 39 cts.

WHISKEY is scarce, and bbls. are firm at 27@28 cts., the latter for prison. Hhds are quoted at 25½ cts.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

FLOUR.—We quote extra flour at $6,12½ for Western, $6.37½@6,50 for Howard st., and $6,50@$6,75 per bbl. for City Mills.—Rye Flour is steady at $3,62½@$3,75 per bbl., and we quote Corn Meal at $2,75@$2,-87½ for Country and $3,25 per bbl., for City.

GRAIN.—Wheat sold at 138 cts. for good reds, and 140@156 cts. for ordinary to prime white. Prime reds could probably have been sold at 142 cts. Sales of white Corn were made at 63@65 cts. We note a sale to-day of 300 bushels Pennsylvania Rye at 85 cts., and we quote Maryland do., as before at 75@80 cts. Oats continue firm.

WHISKEY.—Whiskey is rather firmer.—City and Pennsylvania is held to-day firmly at 25½ cts., and we quote Ohio do., at 27 cts.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS for making the embankment and road, at the school house now being erected by the Old Columbia Public Ground Company, will be received by the Building Committee, at said school house, on MONDAY, THE 20th INST., at 1 o'clock P. M.

PHILIP SHREINER,
HIRAM WILSON,
SAMUEL TRUSCOTT,
Building Committee.

April 18, 1857-1t

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

Z. H. SHEPARD, agent for the sale of Pianos from the best Philadelphia, New York and Boston Manufacturers, will select and deliver those of the first quality, at less than city prices; also, Melodeons of the most perfect tone and finish, of every variety of size and style. Rooms in Locust street, first door above the bank.

Columbia, April 18, 1857-tf

Just Received,

15 BARRELS of Superfine and Extra Family Flour. Also, 50 bushels Feed. For sale by

A. M. RAMBO,
Odd Fellows' Hall.

April 18, 1857-3t

Damaged Books.

WE HAVE just received a large lot of Books slightly damaged by water, which we will sell off cheap.

SAYLOR & McDONALD.

Columbia, April 18, 1857.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE Business Stand, on Front street, Columbia, Pa. Apply at this office.

Columbia, April 18, 1857-tf

FOR SALE,

A THOROUGHLY re-built comb-decked Boat, of sixty-five tons burthen, guaranteed to need no more repairs than a newly finished boat for at least three years. Terms will be made reasonable. Apply to.

HARFORD FRALEY,
at his Boat Yard, Canal Basin.

☞York County Star, copy three times

Columbia, April 18, 1857-tf

FOR SALE,

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE AND LOT, OF GROUND, 24 ft. front and 100 ft. deep, situate on the west side of Fifth street, between Cherry and Union streets, in Columbia. If not sold at private sale, before the 30th inst., it will be offered at public sale on that evening, at the Franklin House, in Columbia. The building is new. Enquire of

C. HOLLINGSWORTH, Auctioneer.

Col., April. 18, 1857-2t

$20 REWARD.

STOLEN, on the night of the 15th instant, from the Eagle Furnace, at the lower end of Marietta,

A DARK BAY HORSE,

about fourteen hands high, with black legs, mane and tail, white hair on both shoulders, and a white spot on his face and nose. Ten dollars will be paid for the recovery of the horse, and ten dollars for the apprehension and conviction of the thief.

Information to be left with David Coble at Chiquealungo Furnace, or at E. Trainer's Grocery Store, Marietta.

April 18, 1857-3t*

List of New Books.

JUST RECEIVED at Saylor & McDonald's,

Miss Leslie's New Cook Book,
Widdifield's New Cook Book,
Inquire Within; or, 3700 Facts for the People.
Hunsford; a Tale of Bacon's Rebellion, by St. George Tucker.
The Border Rover, by Emerson Bennett,
Vivia, or the Secret of Power, by Mrs. Southworth,
The Life and Adventures of Beckworth, a narrative of life among the Indians.

Columbia, April 18, 1857.

SHREINER'S

Splendid Jewelry! Elegant Watches! Rich Silverware! &c.

THE subscriber has just opened a new stock, fresh from the city, of

GOLD LEVER WATCHES, Duplex, Lepines & Quartiers, all of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Also, an entire new stock of CAMEO and MOSAIC BREASTPINS, Ear-Rings, &c., of the latest styles.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!

of every description; together with a thousand and one other articles,

P. SHREINER.

Watch and Jewelry Store, Front Street, Columbia.

April 18, 1857-tf

NOTICE.

THE MISSES LINDSAY would respectfully inform their customers and friends that they have

REMOVED TO FRONT STREET,

And now occupy the store room lately occupied by John Felix as a Jewelry store, where they are now receiving and opening their new stock of

SPRING & SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS,

Consisting of everything that is choice and desirable in

Ribbons, Bonnets, Laces, Caps, &c.

In the way of straw goods, also, we exhibit a stock equal to the best anywhere: while our reasonable prices must commend our goods to all who wish to practice economy.

April 18, 1857-3t

CARD,

To the Citizens of Columbia and Vicinity.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that he has now opened the grocery in Odd Fellows Hall, formerly kept by S. C. Swartz, where he will keep constantly on hand, at lowest prices,

FRESH GROCERIES,

Of all kinds; such as Sugars, prime Coffees—Rio, Java, Laguayra. TEAS—Black, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, &c. The best Syrups and Baking Molasses, pure Cider Vinegar, Cheese, Meat, Fish, Rice, Farina, Corn Starch, Chocolate, Cocoa, Candles, Segars and Tobacco of different brands, Pickles in jars or otherwise, Ketchups, Pepper Sauce, Spices of all kinds, Dried Fruit—Apples, Peaches, Cherries, &c., Washing and Fancy Soaps, Earthen, Glass and Queensware, Brooms, Brushes, Ropes, Scrubs and Clamps. Also, Fruit and Confectionery.

Superfine and Extra Family Flour,

Oatmeal, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Meal, Unbolted Wheat Meal, Feed, &c., with all other articles usually found in a similar establishment. Country produce taken in exchange for goods. *TERMS CASH.* The above system will be strictly adhered to.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge.

Columbia, April 18, 1857-3t A. M. RAMBO.

THE NEW STORE OPENED,

With a New Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. R. McCLUNE desires to inform his friends and the public, that he has removed to his New Store near the Market House, in Locust street; and is now ready to supply all who may favor him with their custom, with a first-rate article of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of every description, suitable for Ladies, Gents, Misses, Youths and Children.

As heretofore, he will pay particular attention to the Ladies' branch of the business. His stock is made up to order, and for style and workmanship cannot be surpassed in Columbia.

He respectfully asks for a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore received; and notwithstanding the great advance in the price of shoes, he is determined to sell

CHEAP FOR CASH.

C. R. McCLUNE.

April 18, 1857-3t Locust street, Columbia.

A COOL ADVERTISEMENT.

MRS. ELIZA YOUNG respectfully informs the public that she has fitted up rooms in her new building, near the Town Hall, and will open about the first of May, an

ICE CREAM SALOON,

in connection with the Fancy Cake Baking and Candy business. Wedding Parties, &c., supplied at the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Columbia, April 18, 1857-3t

To those who want

HATS AND CAPS,

OF the Latest Spring and Summer styles, at low prices, would say, go to Hess' Hat and Cap Store, and you will be accommodated.

Do you want a Fine Moleskin Silk Hat? Go to Hess' cheap Hat and Cap Store, where you can get one 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place this side the city.

Do you want the latest style Soft Hat or Cap? Go to Hess' Hat Manufactory, where you can get them cheaper than any other place in Columbia.

Do you want a Fancy Hat or Cap for youth or children? Go to the Fashionable Hat Store, where you have the largest stock