The Columbia Spy.

A PENNSYLVANIA INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

COLUMBIA, Pa.,
SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1857.

☞ A press of job work with other circumstances, has delayed the issue of this week's paper.

BRANCH OF THE COLUMBIA BANK IN LANCASTER.—Petitions to the Legislature for the enactment of a law authorizing the Columbia Bank to establish a Branch or Agency in the City of Lancaster, have been circulated among our citizens, and we are gratified to see the unanimity with which they are signed. The movement we highly approve of, and hope for its success, as we do not doubt it will be an advantage to the citizens of both Columbia and Lancaster, and especially to the Columbia Bank, as it may lead to the sale of the increase of stock authorized by the act of last session, and leave untouched the present capital of the Bank in Columbia, as it is intended to do.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.—A County Convention of parties opposed to the present National Administration, met in Lancaster on Wednesday last. Delegates were elected to attend the State Convention, and a County Committee appointed. The following are the delegates to the State Convention:

O. J. Dickey, City; Amos S. Henderson, City; Nathaniel Ellmaker, Salisbury; Ezaias Billingsfelt, Adamstown; Amos S. Green, Columbia; Dr. Abraham Eshleman, Strasburg.

The following resolution was adopted by the County Convention:

Resolved, That the delegates from this county to the Harrisburg Convention be, and they are hereby instructed, to use every honorable means to procure the nomination of Hon. Thomas E. Franklin, for Governor of this Commonwealth.

COMPLIMENTARY PARTY.—The pupils and friends of Prof. F. Stouch, will give him a Complimentary Party, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, in this place, on Friday evening next, 27th inst. The high appreciation in which the Professor is held by his pupils and friends of this neighborhood, is evinced by the alacrity which is displayed by those having the affair in hands and the interest manifested in it. It is anticipated that the Party will be one of the most brilliant that has ever come off in this place.

☞ Governor Geary has resigned his commission as Governor of Kansas Territory.—A highly important statement from him relative to the Kansas troubles, has been published in the St. Louis *Democrat*. He says that from the day he entered the territory, not less than fifty men were under oath to murder him if his official career did not please them; that one-half the outrages committed by the Missouri ruffians has not been told; that the mails were constantly opened [illegible] ly, he thinks the establishment of a [illegible] constitution in K[illegible].

INTERESTING INCIDENT.—The individual in the Kane funeral procession, at Philadelphia last week, who attracted the most attention was the devoted friend and servant of the Arctic Explorer—the man whose eyes first gazed upon the open sea—William Morton. He is a very ordinary looking man for one who has endured so many hardships, and surmounted so many perils. As the procession reached Twelfth and Walnut streets a little boy was observed to run out from the crowd, and grasp the hand of Morton in the most affectionate style. This proved to be his little son, who had not seen his father for more than five months, or since Dr. Kane went to Europe. Morton is a Philadelphian.

☞ The Methodist Annual Conference will assemble in Philadelphia on the 25th inst. Bishop Waugh, senior bishop of the M. E. Church, will preside. This conference now numbers 213 ministers, and embraces within its bounds the State of Delaware, the Eastern Shores of Virginia and Maryland, and that part of Pennsylvania lying between the Delaware and Susquehanna rivers.—Although covering but a portion of the territory originally occupied, yet there are now 161 stations and circuits, and fifty thousand members of the church within its bounds.

☞ It is said that the engineer in charge of the train which was precipitated into the Desjardins Canal, near C. W., whistled "on brakes," and while endeavoring to avert the catastrophe, went down with the engine.—Instead of attempting to escape at the first warning, he remained at the post of duty, and sacrificed his life in a noble effort to save others.

☞ It is a remarkable fact that all the inaugural speeches of Mr. Buchanan's predecessors, though he is now the fifteenth President of the United States, were delivered since he was born, so young are we as a nation.

AN ALDERMAN IN LIMBO.—Alderman Wm. P. Leonard, of Lancaster, was committed to the County Prison, on Saturday last, on a complaint made by his wife. Leonard was elected in the South East Ward.

NEW BOROUGH.—Gov. Pollock has signed the bill, to consolidate Middletown and Portsmouth into one borough. The name of the new borough is "Middletown." The election for municipal officers took place yesterday.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Lancaster county Agricultural Society, will be held in the Grand Jury room of the Court House at Lancaster, on next Wednesday, the 25th. A general attendance of members is requested.

☞ The *Manheim Sentinel*, for the past ten years or more published at Manheim in this County, is shortly to be removed to Lebanon, Pa., under the title of the "*Lebanon Valley Times*."

SPRING ELECTION.—An election was held in this borough yesterday, for election officers of each ward, Assesor, Justice of the Peace of the North Ward, and Constable of the borough, with the following result:

	N. W.	S. W.
Judge.		
Jas. S. McMahon, D.*	148	
Thos. Collins, Op.	80	
John Hippey, Op.*		152
J. G. Hess, D.		111
Inspectors.		
J. J. Gault, D.*	150	
J. W. Fisher, Op.*	78	
Isaac Pusey, Op.*		151
John Stewart D.*		110
Assessor.		
Samuel Maxton, D.*	139	110
Dan'l Chalfant, Op.	88	156
Justice of the Peace.		
James Barber, Ind.	89	
Thos. Welsh, Ind.	89	
G. H. Bardwell, D.	27	
Daniel Herr, Ind.	24	
Constable.		
C. Hollingsworth, Op.*	110	198
Thos. B. Dunbar, Ind.	69	54

[D. Democrat, Op. Opposition, Ind. Independent.] Those marked thus * elected. For Justice of the Peace, the two highest are a tie, as will be seen; and another election for that officer will have to be held, (unless either of the candidates endeavor to contest the election, on the ground of illegal voting,) as will be seen from the following extract from the Act of June 16, 1840:

That in all cases where an equal number of legal votes, has been or shall hereafter be polled, for two or more candidates for the office of alderman or justice of the peace, in any ward borough township or district, so that the said officers required by law, shall not be duly elected, or where any election shall be declared void by the court, it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of such ward, borough, township or district, to hold another election for the choice of such officer or officers, and to fill such vacancy. But before holding the same, it shall be the duty of the constable of the proper ward, borough, township or district, to give notice in the manner prescribed by law, that on a certain day mentioned in said notice, not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter, an election will be held to fill such vacancy; which election shall be held and conducted in the mode and manner, and by the same officers and persons as the constables' elections are held and conducted, and at the same place and between the same hours, and be subject the like inquiry and judgment of the court of the proper county, as aldermen or justices elected under the provisions of the act, to which this is a further supplement.

☞ The following brief communication was handed us early in the month, but has been unintentionally overlooked until the present time. But it has lost nothing in interest by the delay. Any one who has paid attention to the matter, will testify to the truth of the assertion in regard to the uselessness of a quick lime as a deodorizer; and we hope where there is use for an agent of that kind, (as there was a week or two ago on one of our alleys and streets, and as there still is on some others,) something more effective will be selected. But here is the communication:

For the Columbia Spy:

DEODORIZERS.

MR. EDITOR—Altho' whitewash is a cleanly-looking thing, and to some degree a [illegible] very little use as an anti-putrescent, or a disinfecting agent. Physicians are not always chemists or they would not recommend the waste of labor and money in spreading lime in gutters and other bad-smelling places, where it is almost entirely *inert*. Chloride of lime, PLASTER OF PARIS, and copperas water, produce an immediate effect—and they should be *now* applied in some places in this borough. Many other things, cheap and effective, are recommended, but common fallen lime is useless.

COLUMBIA, March, 1857. S.

LITTLE ARMS.—*A Hint to Mothers and Nurses.*—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* calls attention to a practice in that town which we have often observed as very common with us, and which certainly should be considered by parents and nurses. Nothing gives us such desire to suddenly cry out, "stop that!" as to see a grown person dragging a little child, scarcely able to walk, along the street by the arm. This very common practice may be witnessed almost any day on the street, and it is one which parents should constantly think of until they learn to abandon it wholly. We have seen with pity and regret, men and women walking out with an infant, just learning to walk inch-steps on life's journey, beside them, raising it by one tender arm, carrying it clear across streets and for half a block beyond. You never thought that you were acting cruelly, doing lasting harm to your cherished little friend, distorting its limbs and creating pain and peevishness. Those who are fond of young Doves manifest affection too intensely when they catch their favorites by the tip of the wing and carry them about the street allowing them to occasionally touch the sidewalk with the ends of their toes.

APPOINTMENTS.—On Thursday last, the President made the following appointments for Philadelphia:

Collector—Col. J. B. Baker.
Naval Officer—Chambers M'Kibben.
Postmaster—Gideon G. Westcott.
Surveyor—John Hamilton, Jr.
Navy Agent—William Badger.
Marshal, of the Eastern District—Jacob Yost.

HARDWICK SOLD.—The Lancaster Inland *Daily* of Wednesday, says that "Hardwick," the beautiful country seat of David Longenecker, ex-President of the broken Lancaster Bank, was sold yesterday morning, to Mr. David Killinger, for the sum of forty thousand dollars, cash in hand.

The building itself is one of the handsomest affairs in the interior of Pennsylvania, and is situated in the midst of a noble plot of ground, surrounded with stately trees and tastefully arranged shrubbery.—The grounds are neatly laid out, with fountains and statuary in different parts. This property was formerly owned by Mr. McElrath one of the proprietors of the New York *Tribune*.

☞ The Governor of Massachusetts has appointed Thursday, April 16th, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer in that State.

ONE OF THE VICTIMS.

The following extract of a letter, written by a gentleman residing within a few miles of the late melancholy accident, near Hamilton city, Upper Canada, has been handed to us by Dr. N. B. Wolfe, for public use.—The deceased spoken of in the extract, is represented by Dr. Wolfe, as having been one of the most enterprising men in the Province, and whose loss will be felt as a public calamity:

"ST. JACOBS, (C. W.,) March 16, 1857.

"MY DEAR SIR— * * * This is a sad day in St. Jacobs. The founder, the friend and benefactor of the town is dead. Our mutual friend, Jacob C. Snyder, was killed on Thursday last, near Hamilton, on the Great Western Railroad, by the breaking the bridge over the Des' Jardines' canal, while a locomotive and train of passenger cars were crossing it. When the bridge gave way, the engine and train fell to the ice, a distance of forty feet, and then sunk beneath the ice into twenty feet of water. The engine and tender are nearly out of sight. The first passenger car lays upside down upon the engine, but under water; the second car sets end-ways on the top of the first car. Ten persons have been saved from immediate death, from the second car, but half of these will die from the injuries sustained, or be crippled for life. Jacob was in the first car, and was only got out yesterday, (three days after the accident.) His remains were brought to this place, at twelve o'clock last night. It was a sorrowful night in St. Jacobs. * * * Seventy-eight dead bodies have been taken from the wreck."

For the Columbia Spy.

A FEW THOUGHTS,

On the propriety of establishing a County Literary Convention.

Says the learned Thomas Dick, LL. D., in his introduction to a work entitled "Mental Illumination,"—"Before we attempt to accomplish any great or extensive enterprise, it is requisite to ascertain, in the first place, whether the object we propose be attainable, and in the next place, whether if attained, it would be productive of beneficial effects." Making use of this quotation as a kind of text—if you please—I shall, after in few words having stated the object or enterprise in view, show, *first*, that it is attainable, and *second*, its effects will be beneficial.

The enterprise is the establishment of a permanent County Literary Organization; or simply, a County Convention of Lyceums, to hold its meetings, say once a year, at any suitable place in the county.

First, then, is it attainable? What barrier is there in the way? We answer, it is; and there are no insurmountable barriers in the way. I am aware that there already exists in the county, a convention of Lyceums, or rather Lyceums meet in convention at a stated time once every year. It is not a permanent organization; in fact it has no organization, only when in council convened. I attended said convention myself at its last session in the beautiful grove adjoining Paradise—Brua's Grove. Hence, I can with [illegible] the western end of the the county. I then saw the need of it. All the delegations in attendance at that time were from the eastern end of this county and Chester county, with but one exception, *i. e.*, the delegation from this place. And yet there were too many present to have any time to exercise as they should. 15 minutes to each delegation was too short entirely. Now I think that there is sufficient material at this end of the county to establish another of like character—with this exception, that it have a permanent organization. Therefore, seeing that at said convention there were too many present to engage in the exercise as they would have wished, it, instead of being a barrier, is an inducement that we should establish another. *It can be accomplished if the proper effort is made.* Let it be agitated. Let the *literati* of your thriving borough, as well as of the surrounding country, move in the matter. Let them take their pens and give the readers of your paper some ideas on the matter. I know that if we all pull together, (and I promise you that the members of the Y. M. L. Association of this place will lay to with a helping hand,) then it will go. I say let us hear from some of your readers or writers, a plan of operations, etc., etc.

Now, then, *second*, its benefits are many, I may say legion. It will be the means of establishing more literary associations in this region of the county, cause more taste for true literature. I might fill pages in writing of its beneficial effects; but lest I become tedious I will close, hoping to hear from others through the columns of your very excellent sheet. J. T. B.

MOUNT JOY, March 14, 1857.

For the Columbia Spy.

MR. EDITOR—Why is it that with nearly 5000 inhabitants and every facility for the business, we have *no carriage maker in Columbia?* I believe a good one would do well here. We have two extensive livery stables—we are surround by a rich country, and all our farmers keep driving-horses and carriages—and yet we must go ten miles, or more, to have one even repaired. I have myself spent nearly $100 in repairs within a year, and would be glad of the opportunity to pay the next sum to some Columbia carriage establishment. H.

COLUMBIA, March 16, 1857.

MOB IN MINNESOTA.—The removal of the seat of government in Minnesota, and the consequent "claim jumping," has caused considerable disorder in that Territory. At St. Peter, persons have barely escaped with their lives during the tumult, and the Sauk Rapids *Frontiersman* publishes a detailed account of an outrage, in which the "Claim Association" of Upper St. Cloud figured largely, siezing three young men, Messrs. Boone, Orr and Wilson, who were making a claim near the place—pinioning them, shaving their heads, and then, says the *Frontiersman*, "for pastime during the night they would drink all round, then throw the prisoners on their faces, with four men to hold them, and one to apply the cowhide and deal out a number of lashes on each." The villians also threatened to shoot them, and were with difficulty deterred from doing so.

For the Columbia Spy.

AGE.

BY C. P. M.

We live in deeds, not years—in thoughts, not breaths—
In feelings, not in figures on a dial;
We should count time by heart throbs. He most lives
Who thinks most—feels the noblest—acts the best.

[*Bailey's "Festus."*

Time is a hasty traveler. With sickle swung to shoulder he trudges on, and at his nod days, years and centuries bow down and die, and are buried with the Past.—How rich is that Past, if moments go to make up wealth! How rich are *we*, if those moments have been tamed to our purposes and made to minister to our intellectual progress. The history of a great man is an account of a life well spent, of years of garnered learning, of days of intense application. When sober age restrains our lithesome footsteps and dulls our eager sight, then the *mind* sees and the heart understands. The young lingerer in life's paths is warned of the silvery-haired future, when effort must cease and ambition fail, though the goal be not reached.

Despise, if you will, the motives of some ardent aspirant for fame, asperse his actions, but say not that ambition is a passion over to be quelled, is a troubling sore to humanity dangerous as it is contagious! Youth should ever be ambitious. It is *not* a glorious cheat. It teaches man to rival his fellow man. It bolsters states and exalts national greatness. The same rule governs it that governs all the passions. Perverted, it leads to our own undoing, our own misery. Nay, it may cast a broad and widening gloom over earth which centuries may endeavor in vain to dispel. Napoleon was ambitious, and bathed his hands in the blood of every state of the continent—Washington was ambitious, and rescued his country from a tyrannic oppression and ruin. The one was a personal ambition, the other national. History invariably discriminates between the two. It is to be lamented that so many of her pages are but chronicles of bloodshed and slaughter, of ambitious tyranny triumphing over prostrate liberty. The Napoleons are many, but the Washingtons few.

How happy must be the view of the grey haired sire when he can gaze back over a host of years fruitful of manly actions and stout endeavors! His repose is sweet since toil is relapsed. His conscience is at rest, for he feels confident he owes mankind nothing.

We are all debtors. Science and Art and Industry are advanced only by our efforts. This is Nature's debt—yet how often does she go unpaid. Too many of us die insolvent, with not an action to cite that is memorable, or an achievement to be lauded.—We might as well not be, as merely live to live and die to die. We were created with a purpose; to work out our own future. We were born to act, not to exist as spectators. What would not many a tottering son of time give to be able to turn to his yesterdays, wander back to childhood, and live again his buried years! Before him he sees the vast untraveled gloom of the grave, and he cannot, by gazing into the Past, discover a wake of splendor. Behind, behind, the same scenes greet him. It is not so with the sagacious man. In time past he has labored, therefore in time to come he may expect the results of that labor.

"Better than Fame is still the wish for Fame
The constant training for a glorious strife;
The Athlete, nurtur'd for the Olympian game,
Gains strength, at least for life."

If life is but a span, why not be spry and make the most of it? It is surely pleasant to have our names as "household words," and graft our memories deep in the hearts of our countrymen. Death would then not meet us with so dread a stare, nor the grave seem so deep and cold. The self-willed untutored mind debases the great image that it bears and levels us with brutes.

Some one has said, experience is a wise teacher. Ask the old man if this be true—he can tell you. He will relate his life's varied story—the joys of his butterfly days, when

"Life went a maying
With nature, hope and poesy."

—then of the sorrows which loomed o'er his years and whitened his scattered hairs.—What a panorama must he sketch! At a bare wish it moves before him. Four characters are drawn—giddy childhood, changeful youth, staid manhood and night-like age. Yet, he hopes still to live—he tires not of his varied existence.

How strong is our tenacity of earthly things. Perchance we hold fast to the life that is, for fear of a darker fate! Well may earth's son of three score years and ten pause when he has arrived at the last scene of life's drama, and each moment threatens a denouement. Time has dealt gently with him, and permitted him to witness the rise and fall of many now sleeping with the dead. Let him then read quickly the lesson so plainly taught by Nature. Who would be a "Zanoni," doomed to travel the earth for centuries and behold the sorrows of others find an end, while our own burden more heavily our anguished hearts? Man's years are long enough. "We live in deeds, not years." Find me the creature aged and near the grave's verge who would live again his days on earth. Our toils are replete, when time has made us gray, and sooner would we fall into the abyss of the pale, mystic future, than experience again all the trials and forlorn travels of the past.

"There never breathed a man who, when his life
Was closing, might not of that life relate
Toils long and hard."

There are two goals in life. The first is the grave—towards this we are all traveling. Sooner or later we must all meet. Beyond this the roads fork. We must choose one or the other. See to it that thou seekest the narrow path that leadeth up to God!

GREEN HILL, March 19, 1857.

APPOINTMENT BY THE CANAL COMMISSIONERS.—The Canal Commissioners have appointed Josiah B. Haupt, of Montgomery county, Superintendent of the Eastern Division of the Pennsylvania Canal. Mr. Haupt formerly occupied this position for a term of three years.

☞ Judge Black has entered upon the discharge of his duties as Attorney General of the United States.

THE MEASELS AND SCARLET FEVER.—The West Chester *Village Record* says—

These diseases have prevailed in Chester county, during the last winter, to a most alarming extent. Sad inroads were made in many family circles. The scarlet fever has been very fatal, and spread terror around by its ravages, especially among children. The measles, though less fatal, have been still more prevalent, and unusually obstinate. In nearly all our boarding schools it swept through, attacking nearly all the children who had never had it. In one school in Chester county, there were more than one hundred sick at the same time—at another forty, and so on, few escaped. And it may be mentioned as an evidence of the care with which the children are nursed in our schools, that we have heard of but a single death in the whole number of cases—many of which were most critical and delicate. We learn these diseases are rapidly disappearing from our community.

CARRYING FIRE ARMS.—Here is another terrible warning against the carrying of fire arms habitually. A company had gathered in Lebanon, Ohio, for a wedding, when one of the guests took off his overcoat, from the pocket of which dropped a small pistol. A young lady present picked up the weapon, when Frederick Spohr asked her to hand it to him, in doing which it was discharged, and the ball entered the left corner of the right eye of Spohr, causing death instantly. The marriage was deferred, and with stricken hearts the guests left the scene. The deceased was an enterprising citizen, and has left a wife and three children.

CORN VS. COAL.—A farmer about one hundred and fifty miles south of Chicago got out of coal, and as the roads were in bad condition he thought he would try the virtue of corn in the ear to supply the place of coal. It worked so well that subsequently he purchased a load of coal and tried it by measure in contrast with the corn, and the experiment developed the fact that *the corn fuel was the cheapest and the best.* The corn and the coal were worth the same price per bushel, thirty cents each, and the corn went the furthest and made the cleanest and best fire.

QUEER RELATIONSHIP.—It is said that there is a widower in Camden, N. J., who recently married a young girl, and soon after, his son by a former wife, married his father's wife's mother. In consequence of these two connections, a father became the son-in-law of his son, and the wife not only the daughter-in-law of her own son-in-law, but still more, the mother-in-law of her own daughter; while the husband of the latter is the father-in-law of his own mother-in-law to his own father. Singular confusion may arise, if children should spring from these peculiar marriages.

The Markets.

COLUMBIA LUMBER MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Common Cull Boards & Grub Plank,		$10 00
Culling	do	13 00
2d Common	do	18 00
1st Common	do	30 00
Panel	do	36 00
Hemlock Boards and Scantling,		11 00
Do do	do long lengths,	13 00
Pine Scantling,		15 00
Plaster Lath,		$2 00@ 3 00
Shingles,		12 00@18 00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FLOUR.—The demand for export is limited, and only about 1800 bbls. have been disposed of mostly at $6,25 for good straight brands, including 500 bbls. on terms not made public; and 200 bbls. extra family at $7,25 per bbl. Standard shipping brands are offered at $6,15 a 6,20 per bbl. without finding buyers. The demand for home use is also limited, and prices are unsettled and drooping. Rye flour is scarce and further sales of 200 a 300 bbls. have been made in small lots at $4,00 per bbl. Corn meal is generally held above the views of buyers, and we hear of no sales of Penna. to-day.

WHEAT.—The demand continues moderate, and only a few small lots found buyers at 143a145c. for fair to prime reds and 158a 160 for white. Rye continues in demand and scarce at 81c. Corn is rather more active to-day; some 6000 bushels new Pennsylvania Yellow sold at 64c.; 3500 bushels old do. at 68c. in store, and 6000 bushels new Southern at 67c. afloat, including some lots of the latter on terms not public. Damp Corn is unsaleable, and prices range at from 57 to 63c., as in quality. Oats are in request, and scarce at 46a47c.

WHISKEY is selling to a moderate extent at 25½c. for hhds., and 27½a28c. for bbls.—*North American, 25th inst.*

WORTH KNOWING.—Prof. Wood, whose advertisement will be found in another column, has discovered a remedy for the gray and bald, which is at once practicable and cheap. It requires no dyeing, no wig, nor extraordinary trouble. There can be no doubt whatever of its efficacy. We have seen testimonials almost without number, and from men of great intelligence, high standing and moral worth.

Those who have been bald for years are now wearing their own hair, and appear ten years younger than they did six months ago. As in most cases gray hairs and bald heads are both premature and unnatural, it is a duty to remedy them by the natural and undoubted means which Prof. Wood has invented, and now kindly offers to the afflicted. Read his advertisement, try his wonderful remedy, and give the professor a new testimonial. —*Memphis Whig.*

March 14, 1857-2t

WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION—can be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed PETRIDGE & CO., N. Y.

For sale by all druggists.
Feb. 14-6meow

BACH'S AMERICAN COMPOUND.—OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.—*Home Testimony and Proofs.*—Auburn, June 10, 1855. We, the undersigned have received the formula for preparing "Bach's American Compound," and as far as we have tested it, can recommend its general use as a tonic and Alterative Medicine, to remove vitiated humors of the blood, and peculiarly adapted to females suffering from Leucorrhœa, [Whites] and to those constitutions are enfeebled from Intermittent Fever.

JOSEPH M. MORRIS, M. D.,
LANSINGH BRIGGS, M. D.,
A. C. TAGER, M. D.

Bach's American Compound owes its success to the intrinsic curative properties of the vegetables which compose it. It contains a *Compound Fluid Extract of Beach Drop or Cancer Root," now first given to the Public*, but long known to the Indians as a never failing cure for Scrofulas, Consumption, Humors of the Blood, and chronic diseases in any part of the system. This medicine can now be had of all reliable dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in another column.

February 14, 1856.

☞ DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR is recommended to the public, relying upon its intrinsic excellence to secure it favor.

For all Bilious attacks, it may be truly and safely relied upon as being fully capable of removing the diseases for which it is recommended, and for giving tone and vigor to the general system.

Its qualities have been fully tested in a long practice, by the proprietor. Through the urgent solicitations of many, who have used and been benefitted by it, the proprietor has been induced to place it before the public. For all Bilious Derangements, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Habitual Costiveness, Bilious Colic, Dyspepsia, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, General Debility, Female Weakness, &c.

For sale by druggists generally, and by Sam'l Filbert, Columbia, Pa., and J. A. Wolf, Wrightsville, Pa. Dyott & Sons, general agents, Philadelphia, and also by Sanford & Co., N. Y.

May 3, 1856-1y

MARRIED.

On the 17th instant, by the Rev. J. H. Menges, Mr. HENRY CULP to Miss CORNELIA CORRIGAN, both of Columbia.

At Broad Top city, Huntingdon co., Pa., on January 25th, by the Rev. Father Doyle, EDWARD DALTON, of Bedford county, to Miss KATE, second daughter of Thomas Keating, Esq., of Columbia, Pa.

On the 12th inst., at Marietta, by Rev. Dr. Bowman, Dr. J. H. PUGH, of Burlington, N. J., to SUSAN M. eldest daughter of the late David Rineheart, Esq., Marietta, Pa.

DIED.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN STAUFFER was born on the 26th day of August, 1822, and met with an accident near Cresline, Ohio, by falling through the railroad bridge, about 25 feet, on the ice on the Sandusky river, on Tuesday morning, the 10th day of March, and died on Friday morning, the 13th day of March, 1857, aged 34 years, 6 months and 15 days.

On the 3d inst., HENRY, son of Henry S. and Catharine Libhart, of Marietta, aged 3 years and 2 months.

On Saturday last, ANNEY LOUISA, second daughter of J. P. and Emmerine Wickersham, of Marietta, aged 4 years.

A CARD.

The widow and friends of the late Benjamin Stauffer, desire to express their obligations to the officers of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.; also to the officers of the Penna. R. R., for the great kindness shown, upon the occasion of the removal of the remains of Mr. Stauffer from Cresline, Ohio, to this place. Their generosity has merited the gratitude, and shall always have a place in the memory of the bereaved.

HARRIET STAUFFER.
JOHN ENNY.

Columbia, March 21, 1857-1t

DRIED BEEF, Extra and Plain Hams, Shoulders and mess Pork, for sale by THOMAS WELSH,
March 21, 1856. No. 1. High street.

OATS, Corn, Hay, and other feeds, for sale by THOMAS WELSH.
March 21, 1857.

A LARGE assortment of Ropes, all sizes and lengths, on hand and for sale at THOS. WELSH'S,
March 12, 1857. No. 1. High street.

BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, &c., also, Fresh Burning Fluid, just opened at THOMAS WELSH'S
March 21, 1857 No. 1. High Street.

One new, Elegant Rose Wood Piano, FOR SALE on moderate terms. Apply at C. Seibert's, or to Prof. F. Huss.
March 21, 1857-1t

NOTICE.

ON THE 6TH OF APRIL, there will be a SCHOOL opened in the upper room of the Lyceum Hall, wherein the required branches of the late school law will be taught thoroughly. There will also be lessons given in Vocal Music. Terms, from $2½ to $5 per quarter. DAVID R. BRUBAKER.
Columbia, March 21, 1857-2t

BOARDING.

FIVE OR SIX GENTLEMEN can obtain board by application to Mrs. Laubach, at J. Mayer's, Front street, Columbia.
March 21, 1853-tf

NOTICE.

A BONUS OF FIFTY CENTS will be paid for the SCALP OF EACH CHICKEN-HAWK, by order of the "Columbia Sporting Club," any person killing them will receive the above bonus by leaving them at "Black's Hotel."

JOS. H. BLACK,
Secretary and Treasurer of the Club.
March 21, 1857-6t

GARDEN SEED DEPOT.

FRESH Seeds received from the Agricultural Establishments of
Paschall, Morris & Co.,
Bons, Spangler & Co.,
Comstock, Ferre & Co.,
The assortment of seeds offered for sale by the subscriber consists of the best varieties raised. Among which may be found

PEAS—Early Sugar Loaf, Early York, Cooper's extra early, Prince Albert, Bishop's Dwarf, Blue Imperial, Marrowfat and Sugar Peas.

BEANS—Six Week's, Lima, Early China Red-Eyed and Early Valentine Beans.

Cabbage, Radish, Onion, Beet, Turnip, in short all kinds of Garden Seeds.

The celebrated Chinese Sugar Cane Seed.

Seed Onions, White and Red.

BIRD SEED—Canary, Hemp, and Millet seed.

For variety and excellence, the stock of seeds now on hand cannot be excelled in this section of the country.

Columbia, March 21, 1857-3t WM. MATHIOT, Front street.

LLOYD & Co.'s

TRANSPORTATION LINE!

[SUCCESSORS TO LEMON & Co.]

FREIGHT from Philadelphia for Pittsburg and the West, by railroad and canal.

The undersigned having made extensive preparations the past winter, are now prepared to do a heavy business by canal and railroad. They will forward Goods daily, from the East and West, and all the intermediate points.

We will transport Iron, Fish, Coal, Plaster, &c., and fill orders for the same on commission. We will also deliver any quantity of Pittsburg Coal. We can assure our friends and all those disposed to patronize the Pennsylvania Canal and Railroad, that no pains will be spared to insure a speedy and safe transit of all goods entrusted to our charge. The avoidance of the inclined planes on the Allegheny Mountains, will give increased dispatch to the transmission of freight. A long experience in the Transportation Business justifies us in promising the public every facility by our line that can be offered.

LLOYD & CO.

AGENTS.—COOKMAN & BRO., Corner of Broad and Filbert streets, Philadelphia; J. K. EBERLEIN, Columbia; A. M. LLOYD & CO, Canal Basin, Hollidaysburg; T. B. LLOYD, Canal Basin, Penn street, Pittsburg; J. F. MILLER CO., No. 79 Bowley's Wharf, Baltimore.
March 21, 1857.

NOTICE TO RIVERMEN.

A PIER has been erected in the Dam at Columbia, 350 feet long, at an expense of $2500. It is quite sufficient to accomodate all craft coming into the market. A good depth of water assures certain harbor at all times. The shute at the dam is navigable and in good order. DANIEL HERR,
President of Pier Company.

☞ Watchman, Lock Haven, Raftsmen's Journal, and Wellsboro Agitator, insert 3 times, charge this office, and send bills.
March 21, 1857-3t

BLINDS AND SHADES,

☞ OF NEW STYLES. ☜

B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 12 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, manufacturer of Venitian Blinds, Velvet and Gold Bordered and Painted Shades, of beautiful designs.

Buff, and all other colors of Holland used for shades. Fixtures, Trimmings, &c., &c., wholesale and retail, at the lowest cash prices.

Store shades painted to order.

B. J. W. thankful for past patronage, respectfully solicits the public to call and examine his new and large assortment before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *WE STUDY TO PLEASE.*
March 21, 1857.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Stauffer & Kauffman, in the hog droving business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY STAUFFER,
Dec. 20, 1856. TOBIAS KAUFFMAN.
March 21, 1857-6t*

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable Henry G. Long, President; Hon. A. L. Hayes and Perres Brinton, Esq., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Lancaster, and Assistant Justice at the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the said county of Lancaster, have issued their Precept to me directed, requiring me, among other things, to make public proclamation throughout my Bailwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer and a General Jail Delivery, also a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery, will commence in the Court House, in the city of Lancaster, in the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the third Monday in April, 1857, in pursuance of which precept,

Public Notice is Hereby Given,

To the Mayor, and Aldermen of the city of Lancaster, in the said county, and all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner, and Constables of the said city and county of Lancaster, that they be then and there in their own proper person with their rolls, records and examinations and inquisitions, and their other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain, in their behalf to be done; and also all those who will prosecute against the prisoners who are, or then shall be in the Jail of the said county of Lancaster, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Lancaster, the 23d day of February, 1857.

GEORGE MARTIN, Sheriff.

N. B.—Punctual attendance of the Jurors and Witnesses, will hereafter be expected and required on the first day of the sessions. Aldermen and Justices of the Peace are required by an order of Court, dated November 21st, 1849, to return their recognizances to John J. Porter, Clerk of Quarter Sessions, within one week from the day of final action in each case, and in default thereof, the magistrate's costs will not be allowed.

March 21, 1857-3t

LIQUORS.

J. H. ZEARING'S FRONT STREET, is the only store that has a RIGHT to sell LIQUORS under the present LAW, all other licenses have expired.
March 14, 1857-2t* J. H. ZEARING.

TO LET.

230 FEET OF WHARF, on the Susquehanna river, adjoining property of J. Vaughen & Co. Apply to SAMUEL WRIGHT.
Columbia, March 14, 1857-tf

Garden Seeds! Garden Seeds!

OF reliable quality. Just received at the Family Medicine Store, Odd Fellows' Hall, a large supply of Fresh Garden Seeds; the following list comprises part of our Seeds:

Early Mohawk Beans, Speckle Valentine Beans, Cranberry Bush Beans, Landreth's extra early Peas, Early Frame Peas, Early Washington Peas, Early June Dwarf Marrowfat Peas, Tom Thumb; Beets, Red, White and Yellow; Celery, Red and White Solid; Onions, White, Yellow and Red; Parsley, Curled and Plain; Spinage, Rhubarb, Pepper, Sweet Marjoram, Sage, &c., &c.

Columbia, March 14 1857.

THE GREAT REMEDY

FOR White-Washing triumphant. ☞ Three Thousand Additional Pieces.

We have just received, in addition to our present large stock, 3,000 PIECES entirely new designs, plain and decorative

WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, &c.,

These goods are all of American Manufacture, from one of the first houses in New York; the designs are entirely new, and were gotten up expressly for this season's sales.

Purchasers can rely on getting as handsome and as cheap paper here, as any other house out of Philadelphia. Paper from 6 cents to $1,50 per piece.

100 Pairs of Gold Bordered Window Shades, 150 Pairs Transparent Window Shades, at prices to suit the times. Also, Putnam's Patent Curtain Fixtures. Please call and examine our stock.

H. C. FONDERSMITH,
People's Cash Store, Columbia, Pa.
March, 14, 1857.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO our friends and the public generally. Our first grand opening of SPRING GOODS, from the New York and Philadelphia markets, will commence Wednesday, March 25th.

As we have *no books* describing our goods; we shall be very happy to do so personally to all who will favor us with a call.

☞ A large stock of Fresh Groceries always on hand. H. C. FONDERSMITH.
People's Cash Store, Columbia, Pa.
March 14, 1857.

NOTICE.

JOHN SLACK would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased for a term of years, the old stand in Locust street, between Second and Third streets, known as the

LAMB TAVERN.

Extensive stabling and yards, (the largest and best in the borough,) afford ample room to accommodate those who may favor him with their custom. Careful hostlers will be provided, and no pains spared to merit public confidence.

His TABLE shall be well supplied, stand second to none; and whatever it shall want in *show*, shall be made up in *substance*.

Columbia, March 14, 1857-1y

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW!

READ THIS--OLD AND YOUNG.

PROF. WOOD'S Hair Restorative, is, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this age of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a most luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofula, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as scald head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or periodical headache; make the hair soft, glossy, and wavy, and preserve the color per