American Volunteer.

CARLISLE, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1873.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

GOLD is quoted at $1.16⅞ @ $1.17⅛.

—Gov. Dix has signed the New York charter.

—The soldiers' monument to be erected at Sunbury will cost over $15,000.

—Commodore John Aulick, U. S. N., (retired list) died Sunday of last week, aged 81.

—Ex-county collector Constantine M'Guire of St. Louis county, Mo., is "short" $50,000.

—A fall of rock at Shamokin killed Andrew Campbell, Saturday.

—Chicago is troubled with incendiaries and highway robbers.

—Cochise the Apache, still raids into Sonora from Arizona.

—There was a heavy frost at Knoxville, Tenn. on Friday night last.

—$30,000 coal oil lamp fire in Mattewan, N. H., 24th.

—The opizootic in San Francisco compels the use of Chinamen instead of horses.

—The town of Marianna, Ark., was nearly all burned, 24th ult. Loss $50,000.

—Lawrence Boardman's shoe manufactory was burned 28th ult. Loss, $10,000.

—Thomas Ryan's dwelling at Paterson, N. J., was destroyed by fire 29th ult. Loss, 10,000.

—A fire in Iola, Kan., Sunday night, 27th ult., destroyed five small stores. Loss, $15,000; insurance small.

—The snow was twelve inches deep in Sullivan county, on Wednesday of last week, according to the *Democrat*.

—On Friday night, a nipping frost damaged the fruit and cotton crop in the counties adjoining Goldsboro', N. C.

—The village of Stanton, on the Memphis & Charlestown rail-road, was burned Saturday night. Loss $150,000.

—125 metropolitan policemen, with one cannon, have gone to install Kellogg's officers at Port Vincent, La.

—At Boston, Rev. Mr. Hutchinson has been convicted of swindling the sexton of St. Paul's Church out of $18,000, through pretence of a business partnership.

—Dr. Jacob E. Thomas goes to prison 2 years for the manslaughter of Jacob Belt. Both were highly respected citizens of Frederick, Md.

—Ex-Governor W. L. Sharkey, of Mississippi, died at Washington Tuesday Morning, of pneumonia, aged 83 years.

—Mexicans murdered and robbed an American near Fort Quitman, March 25, drove off his stock, and defeated a pursuing party.

—Ex-Representatives Peters, of Maine, and Cox, of New York, have sent to the Treasury the amount of their extra pay.

—Volunteers in the late rebellion, who have since become insane, are entitled to admission into the U. S. Insane Asylum at Washington.

—John J. Murphy was hanged at Stockton, Cal., 25th ult., for the murder of Patrick Murray, *five years ago*.

—The case against Mrs. Wharton, the alleged poisoner, at Annapolis, has been finally abandoned.

—The argument for a new trial for Stokes is concluded. The Court reserved its decision for two weeks.

—Detective Henderson, in New York, has permission to prosecute Robert Crawford, Vanderbilt's son-in-law, for shooting him a year ago.

—Chas. S. Brown committed suicide at Fishkill, N. Y., because his wife thwarted his wishes as to the removal of a hen's nest.

—At Charleston, S. C., "Prof." Dehnane, a wooden-legged tight rope walker, fell 60 feet by the breaking of the rope, and was dangerously hurt.

—Commodore William Smith, who was in command of the frigate *Congress* when sunk by the rebel ram *Merrimac*, died at St. Louis, Wednesday, aged 70.

—127 sailor boarding house keepers in New York are indicted for violating the new shipping act for the protection of sailors, and 52 were arrested.

—The Grand Jury of New York indicted Deputy Marshall Moswitz for murder in fatally pushing and kicking Margaret Gordon, a tenant he was dispossessing, last January.

—Tennessee, North and South Carolina had heavy frosts on Saturday. Ice formed in Columbia, S. C. Much young cotton was killed. This was the latest spring since [illegible] years.

—Mrs. Hennessy, who murdered her two children in New York, has been sent to the insane asylum. She shows only occasional signs of reason.

—$10,000 worth of silks were stolen from a store in Broadway, N. Y., Tuesday night. The store is close by a police station, but the burglars were undisturbed, and no arrests have since been made.

—The Lancashire rail-road carriage works, with 50 locomotives and 720 cars, were burned at Manchester Eng., Sunday night, 27th ult. loss $1,000,000.

—The U. S. Marshall has ordered the seizure of all the effects of Harrison Grambo, the Philadelphia banker and broker, charged with embezzlement.

—At Springfield, Mass., on Saturday, 26th ult., Albert W. Smith was convicted of murder in the first degree. Smith met Miss Jeannie Bates walking home with Charles D. Sackett. This was sufficient provocation for Smith to shoot Sackett dead, and inflict three serious wounds on Miss Bates.

—The receipts of internal revenue alone during the month of April amounted to $7,598,000 and the receipts from customs to a much larger sum, yet the reduction of the public debt was only $2,267,483 60.

—At Portland, Maine, on Saturday last, two married men, John Warren, aged fifty-six, and Michael Sullivan, aged sixty, got into a quarrel over a third woman, when Warren killed Sullivan.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne county, 21st ult., Judge Harding decided that no license to sell liquors can be granted in Luzerne county for three years, outside of the cities of Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Carbondale.

—A farmer residing in Germantown, Ohio, named Heany, his son John and daughter Catharine, were poisoned at supper on the 23d ult. It is supposed that arsenic was put in the coffee.

—A colored farm laborer named Burke, of Collinsville, Ill., while drunk, chopped off the head and one arm of Marie Bowman, and threw the body into a ravine. Jealousy prompted the deed.

—About midnight on the 28th ult., a crowd gathered around the Mercer county jail at Harrodsburg, Ky., took out a negro boy, and hanged him. He had been sentenced to imprisonment for an attempt to commit rape.

—Edward McGlinne was convicted in Boston, on the 19th ult., of manslaughter in causing the death of Charles Hahan by violently pushing him down stairs.

—A fire on the 29th ult., in Milwaukee, Wis., burned the round house of the Sheboygan and Fon du Lac rail-road, and also the wood and machine shops adjoining. Three engines were also burned. Loss, $50,000.

—An unknown man was found in an unconscious state in a boat on the Delaware river at Milford a few days ago, and shortly afterwards died. He was dressed in a dark suit and white shirt, and was a printer from Tyrone, Pa., judging from papers found on him.

—George Davis, a resident of Baltimore county, was arrested, 28th ult., by the authorities of Anne Arundel county, charged with shooting and killing Robert Perry, colored, in August, 1868. At the time of the murder no trace of the perpetrator was discovered. Recent developments have led to the arrest of Davis.

—Richard Dale Pettit deliberately shot himself dead at his boarding house, Eighth street near Spruce, Phila., Wednesday morning, 30th ult. He was to be married at noon the same day. He was 39 years old. Cause not known, as he had shown no signs of despondency or insanity.

—Biceland, who was recently convicted and sentenced for the murder of John Allingham, and who, with other prisoners, made his escape from the jail at Washington, Pa., on Saturday evening, April 12, was captured near Collier's Station, on the Panhandle rail-road, and near his former home.

—The boiler at Slomaker, Howard & Co's saw mill, in the upper part of Williamsport, Pa., exploded at half past four Wednesday morning of last week. The engineer, Ezra E. Fancher, was killed instantly; the watchman, William Muncy, was dangerously injured, and two others slightly.

—The wife of Louis Heydegger, of Kingston, N. Y., while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity produced by an attack of puerperal fever, took her infant, nine days old, went to the cistern in the yard, into which with her infant she forced herself through the rough, narrow opening. Her husband, informed by his wife, instituted search, and soon found the body, life being extinct. The infant was found shortly afterwards dead.

THE MODOC WAR.

That we are to have a sanguinary Indian war—such a war with the Red Skins as has never been known in this country—is now almost reduced to a certainty. Flushed with victory, the savages of all tribes are concentrating for a long campaign. With them it is a war for existence, and they will fight to the bitter end. Blood-thirsty as they are, these Red Men of the forest have their grievances, as all must admit. They have been pushed from one reservation to another, until they are now almost at the jumping-off place. It is true then that the Indians have great cause of complaint for the manifold wrongs and outrages perpetrated by the white people. We have driven them from the beautiful and fertile hills and valleys of the Atlantic to the wide plains and rugged mountains of the Pacific. The Anglo-Saxons, with their characteristic grasp for wealth, power and dominion, have driven them from their hunting grounds with fire and sword, because the native savages would not submit to terms, much less become slaves. Our soldiers and civilians, agents and traders, have committed gross wrongs upon them. But this is not exactly the time, in our opinion, to remedy or atone for all the past wrongs or missakes of our race.

There was never a war without a cause. Never a war without either side claiming some grievance. But how utterly weak and incompetent would be a general, an army, or a nation, to pause during the midst of actual war, to discuss the question with an enemy, inflamed and thirsty for blood. What good could result from such a course? The face of every Indian glows with war paint; the tomahawk has been raised, and the scalping knife unsheathed of almost every tribe, the war-whoop has been sounded in every camp and wigwam. The murder of General Canby and Dr. Thomas had but one meaning. The scalp of every white man, woman and child who could be captured or entrapped. How worse than foolish it is to now stop to reason with such an infuriated people? It is clearly manifest that the only course *now* to be taken by our government, is to bring the savages to terms by force of arms, as speedily as possible. Afterwards discuss a just and permanent peace policy, and endeavor to avert so dire a calamity in the future. We must conquer the Indians in the present contest, or abandon the white settlements of the far Northwestern States and Territories to the cruel ravages of the savages, or perhaps abandon the savages to the white settles of these localities, who would surely wreak vengeance upon them, if not indeed totally exterminate the race. Our government has sold the whites lands and held out inducements to settle in the Indian country, and it is the bounden duty of the government to protect their lives and property.

THE salary grab being a little too heavy for the administration journal to carry they have commenced to denounce it; thus we find one of them, the Columbus (O.) *Journal* arguing:

It is easy to say that the Republican party was in the majority, and might have prevented the passage of the act, therefore it is responsible, and ought to be repudiated by the people. But the people also were in power; they sent the Congressmen in Congress. Shall the Republican party say therefore that the people ought to be repudiated? It is evident that the party and the people are in the same boat—they have both been cheated in their representatives. The remedy is the same for both—repudiate their unfaithful representatives, and choose new and better ones.

Now this is all very fine so far as it goes, but why is President Grant spared? It was he who endorsed the swag and made it the law. Why should he not be repudiated as well as those who voted for the steal? It is mean and dishonest to whack the poor Congressmen who get only five thousand extra, while Grant pockets one hundred thousand. He received the the most benefit and escapes censure from the Radical press, but the people understand it and cannot be misled.

THE following preamble and resolution were adopted in the Texas House of Representatives on the 16th ult., by a vote of 66 to 12:

"*Whereas*, We view with alarm the overthrow of republican and constitutional government in our sister State of Louisiana by a decree of a Federal judge, and inasmuch as her degradation and the overthrow of her Government erected by the people may be the fate of any other State in the Union; therefore,

"*Resolved* (the two houses concurring,) That we deeply sympathize with the people of our sister State, and we invite the earnest attention of the American people to this fatal blow at republican government."

THE Modoc massacre and the civil war in Louisiana are the unnatural fruits of the policy of Grant. Had the same vigor been employed against the savages ensconced in the lava beds of Oregon that has been despotically displayed to sustain a lawless usurpation of the government of an American state, the country would not now mourn the loss of her Canby, or look with horror on the scenes being enacted in Grant parish, Louisiana.

THE great English tragedian, Wm. C. Macready, whose death was recently announced, did not long survive his American rival, Edwin Forrest. The latter died a little over four months ago. Macready, however, was his senior by thirteen years. Forrest was born in March, 1806, Macready in the same month in 1793.

THE Republican State Committee have fixed Wednesday, August 13th, as the time, and Harrisburg the place for holding the next Republican State Convention. Philadelphia has the "inside track" for Supreme Judge, and Bob Mackey, of Pittsburg, is settled upon for State Treasurer.

THE friends of the President, just after the war, took great delight in making his initials read, "Unconditional Surrender Grant." This was then very appropriate and well put; but now they just as appropriately read double, thus: "Unblushing Salary Crabber," therefore Unfaithful Servant of the Government."—*Lawrence (Kan.) Standard.*

MOSBY, the well known guerilla chief, is said to be over-run with applications from office-holders to use his influence for them with the Administration, as he is believed to be higher in its regards than any other man in Virginia.

DEATH OF HON. JAMES BROOKS.

Death has taken from our midst another of the noted statesman of the day, a leader of public opinion, and a gentleman who served his constituents in Congress for many years—we refer to Hon. James Brooks. It will be remembered that about a year ago he returned from a trip to the Old World, whither he had gone for the benefit of his health, but without experiencing very noticeable relief. Since then his physical sufferings have been at times intense; but, with the indomitable energy so characteristic of the man, he suffered, and yet continued to arduously labor for the public, so that the Great Destroyer found him only just relieved by the expiration of the session from his post of duty in the XLII Congress. His was one of the master minds of the decade. Vigorous without personality in debate, he was an acknowledged leader of the Democracy, with whom he had acted, while his oratorical powers commanded the respect, oftimes the assent of the opposition. He departed this life at 8:30 Friday evening last, at his residence in Washington, in the enjoyment of all his faculties, and surrounded by his family, to whom he had been devotedly attached. He had reached his sixty-third year, the major portion of which had been given to the service of his countrymen, either as the skilled journalist or the acute, conscientious statesman. His demise leaves a void that will be difficult to fill.

[Correspondence of the Volunteer.]

STATE CAPITOL CORRESPONDENCE.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 29th, 1873.

Lengthy news, or political dissertations, are giving way with most journals and journalists, to brief, comprehensive paragraphs—the news and gossip *multum in parvo*. Our letter of this week, is a random one of that sort, as follows:

The Governor has yet 400 unsigned bills passed by the Legislature. A large percentage of them Philadelphia bills.

Auditor General Allen is temporarily absent at his home in Warren. Will be back sometime this week.

Ex-Speaker of the Senate, George H. Anderson is a candidate for re-election the Senate, his term having expired last session.

A bill originally intended to reduce the number of assessors for the city of Philadelphia one half, was snaked through the Legislature last session, and received the Governor's ("Veto Jack") signature containing the same number and doubling their pay, and consequently there is great joy among the Philadelphia assessors.

Wonderoth's fine picture of "The Second Day at Gettsburg" July, 1863, is still on exhibition in the State Library.

An exchange makes the following thrust at our State officials: "Pennsylvania has no recognized coat of arms. At Harrisburg, every newly elected official arranges the animals on the seal to suit himself, and consequently there are scarcely two departments of the government which have precisely the same coat of arms."

The Hon. J. Howard Beach, (Dem.,) of Wayne county, was the only member of the last legislature nominated unanimously by both parties, and Hon. Samuel Henry, of Cambria, the only Republican elected form a Democratic county.

The vote on the new Constitution, if taken next fall, cannot be counted until next January and the Legislature of 1874 must be elected and organized under the old dispensation. Political trickery last session accomplished this important result for the portion of the political "ins," who know they must be shelved under the new Constitution.

The right hand of Cooper, House Librarian, is paralyzed. His physicians state it is an open question. Too much hard work and close application. We are glad to note that it is not likely that the disease will become epidemic among the officials on the hill.

A bill was passed last session giving the Governor power to appoint Notaries Public at his discretion.

At the late legislative session the tax of personal property and on gross and net earnings was repealed. This will lessen the revenues almost a million of dollars yearly, but still enough will remain to defray all the expenses of the State Government and to reduce the debt at least a million per annum.

Isaac Slenker, ex Auditor General of this State, died in New Berlin, Union county, on the 21st ult., in the 73d year of his age.

Russel Errett will be continued chairman of the Republican State Central Committee during the coming campaign.

Governor Hartranft and Surveyor General Beath attended a Grand Army reunion at Germantown, Pa., a few evenings since.

Mackey will continue to be Treasurer until May, 1874, but will hardly be his own successor. Clan will succeed him. The Republican State Convention will be held early in June, and Mr. Henry will be a strong candidate for the nomination. In the Republican camp, the Hon. Samuel Henry, of Cambria, seems to be the most probable candidate for the honors of the convention for State Treasurer. An influential man in the Western section of the State says—after alluding to the $2,000,000 *expose* in the last House, by Orvis, of Centre: "We most unequivocally affirm that if the Republican party nominate Mr. Mackey, they have nine chances in ten of the game against them; if Mr. Henry, then the chances in ten in their favor." Of this we feel satisfied that Mr. Henry will make it right lively in the Republican Convention for his competitor or competitors, whoever he or they may be. Mr. Henry's second term in the House has just expired and he is generally regarded as a man of extraordinary good judgment, and of sterling integrity and ability. Being a banker, he has also had a large and valuable experience in financial transactions. He has always been a staunch and active Republican and is well and favorably known in political circles. Although Cambria county gives a Democratic majority of nearly 700 he carried the county the last two years by a large majority, showing his great popularity and strength in his own, as very important section, of the State. "O."

SYNOPSIS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LAW.—It is important that the people of this State be fully informed in regard to the provisions of the law just passed concerning the sale of oils, and we therefore present here, a synopsis of its leading points.

I. It forbids the sale of any product petroleum to be used in lamps for *burning, of a lower fire test than 110 degrees*. This completely shuts out all the patent fluids made from benzine or gasoline, except so far as they are used in the manufacture of gas, and burned through pipes like ordinary gas.

II. It provides that all oil sold for use in this State shall be inspected by a regularly appointed inspector, and that every barrel or package shall be branded as follows: "STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, FIRE TEST, ONE HUNDRED AND TEN DEGREES," with the name of the inspector. If however, the oil is better than 110, it shall be marked.

III. All barrels which have contained oil, must have the inspectors brand removed, before they are sold or refilled.

IV. Any oil found in the hands of a retail dealer, which has been fraudulently branded, or has been adulterated, or not coming up to the test of 110 is liable to seizure.

V. Any violation of this law is followed by a fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, or imprisonment not less than one year, or both.—Any person sustaining damage to property or person by reason of the use of oil not up to the legal test, can collect dumage of the party who sold the oil.

It will be seen that the provisions of this Act are very strict and its penalties very severe. It is to be hoped that every dealer will use his best endeavors to have the law fully enforced.

IT is thought the Modoc Indians can only be conquered by starving them out, which may take a long time. The Indian Bureau estimates that it will cost $75,000 to exterminate each Indian, and the number waiting to be thus disposed of is not accurately known.

WHILE Grant is "swinging around the circle," his brother-in-law Cramer, leaves his post in Denmark, and comes home to junket. The President is bound for Colorado, and Cramer goes to Chicago.

A SEVERE riot has taken place at Frankfort, Germany, caused by a small increase in the price of beer. The troops were called out and considerable blood shed. Local Option would hardly be popular there.

HON. H. N. McAllister, Delegate at Large to the Constitutional Convention, died at the Merchants' Hotel, in Philadelphia, on Monday. The Convention on learning of the sad intelligence, adjourned out of respect to his memory.

THE VIENNA EXPOSITION

THE GRAND OPENING

IMMENSE CROWDS—MUCH ENTHUSIASM

DISTINGUISHED PERSONAGES PRESENT

ADDRESS OF THE EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH

VIENNA, May 1.—The Exposition was inaugurated to-day by the Emperor, in the presence of the Imperial family, royal and illustrious guests and State and civic dignitaries. The weather was unfavorable, but the crowds of people from all parts of the world who witnessed the splendid ceremonies were immense, filling the rotunda and transept of the building and portions of the grounds surrounding it.

THE CEREMONIES.

At noon the Emperor entered the rotunda with the Crown Princess Victoria, of Germany, on his arm, followed by the German Crown Prince Frederick William, who escorted Agusta.—After these came the eldest son of the Prince, accompanied by the Prince Imperial of Austria.

The Emperor took his seat on the throne, when the combined bands, numbering several hundred musicians, performed the Austrian hymn, preceded by the Prussian anthem.

ADDRESS BY THE ARCHDUKE CHARLES.

Amid the cheers of the multitude the Archduke Charles then rose, and, addressing the Emperor, said:

Sir:—Filled with gladness I salute your Majesty in these halls, devoted to prayers and peace. Your participation has fitly brought to completion the work which now draws upon Austria the eyes of the world, and has secured for the Fatherland the full recognition of the part she takes in the promotion of the welfare of mankind through the instruction of labor. May it please your Majesty graciously to receive this this catalogue and declare the exhibition open.

THE EMPEROR'S ADDRESS.

The Emperor, receiving the casket containing the catalogue, replied:

With lively satisfaction I behold the completion of this undertaking, the importance and significance of which I appreciate in the highest degree. My confidence in the patriotism and capability of my people, and sympathy and support of friendly nations, has accompanied the developement of the great work. My well wishes and grateful recognition are devoted to its termination. I declare the Universal Exhibition of 1873 opened.

ADDRESS OF PRINCE VON AUERSPERG.

Prince Von Auersperg, president of the Council of the Empire, advancing to the foot of the throne, addressed the Emperor as follows:

SIR:—With feelings of modesty and, at the same time, of exultation and pride, the people of Austria gaze upon the work which testifies to the increasing power of and growing esteem for the Fatherland and to its active participation in the great task of culture. We owe this work entirely to you. It is the embodiment of your motto—"Power and respect come from union, which is strength." We therefore lay our efforts at the foot of the throne.

THE BURGOMASTER OF VIENNA.

The Prince was followed by Dr. Folder the burgomaster of Vienna, who expressed the gratitude of the people of the capitol to his Majesty, and added:

Under your government Vienna has become a metropolis. You now confer the highest consecration upon an undertaking whose noble purpose is to show what the human mind, in every scene, is capable of achieving in mechanics, science and art, so that progress may become common property, and be fostered and furthered by the co-operation of all the rivalries of invention and dexterity. With the blessing of peace among nations this sublime creation has arisen, immortalizing the history of culture in Austria. The city of Vienna, whose lot it is to welcome hospitably, visitors from all quarters of the globe, feels proud and elated under gracious Imperial protection, and, inspired with gratitude, rings forth the words, "God protect your Majesty. Long live the Empire."

The cry was taken up by thousands of voices and reached from all parts of the building. The ceremonies closed with the chorus "See the Conquering Hero Comes," sung by the united musical societies and chorus of Philadelphia.

THE EMPEROR AND THE EMPRESS,

Followed by distinguished personages, then traversed the western and eastern wings of the exhibition building, being everywhere received by thunders of applause. Having completed the circuit of the exhibition they departed amid salvos of artillery and the cheers of immense crowds gathered outside of the building.

THE MODOCS.

All Quiet in the Beds—Folly of Fighting Indians—Flight of the Settlers.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The following dispatch was received from Yreka this afternoon:

"Captain Silva and Mr. W. S. Johnson arrived from the front this afternoon, having left General Gillem's camp on Tuesday morning. Mr. Johnson believes there has been nothing done since the battle of the 26th ult. Everything was quiet, and no different line of policy in fighting the Modocs had been setled upon.

"The opinion prevailed that it would be perfect folly to attempt to whip the Modocs after the manner pursued thus far. No scouting has been done, and nothing heard from Lieutenant Cranston and the missing men, whose bodies have probably been burned.

"Eight bodies are known to be still on the field of battle or burned. Capt. Mendenhall's command arrived in camp on the 29th, from South Tule Lake. General Davis, with his escort of twenty-five men, left Ball's this morning.

"The bodies of Lieutenant Sherwood and the otehr officers who were killed in the late fight, have arrived at Yreka, and will be sent to San Francisco by the way of Redding."

A dispatch just received from Yreka states that all settlers on Butte and Bogus Creeks have moved away.

Batteries A and K of the Fourth Artillery have been consolidated under the command of Lieutenant Leary, and Companies E and G, Twelfth Infantry, under command of Lieutenant Camp. No active movement will be made against the Modocs at present.

AT Harrisburg, last Friday, a man named Griffin fell dead in a tobacco ware house, where he was employed. He is supposed to have died of heart disease.

CHICKEN CHOLERA has made its appearance in several sections of Lancaster county, and is ravaging the henneries.

GEO. WHITE, of Lewistown, was among those saved from the wreck of the Atlantic.

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

Fall of an Iron Bridge at Dixon Ill.—Thirty-two Bodies Recovered, and Many More Supposed to be Under the Wreck.

DIXON, Ill., May 4.—A terrible accident, involving a fearful loss of life, occurred here this afternoon. The rite of baptism was being administered at a point in Rock river, just below the Truesdale iron bridge, and about 200 persons, including many ladies and children, had gathered on the bridge to witness the ceremonies. Suddenly, without warning, the bridge gave way and precipitated its living freight into the stream below. The scene which ensued was indescribably terrible, as the struggling victims vainly endeavored to free themselves from the ruins of the bridge and from each other.—Large crowds of people on the banks rushed wildly to and fro, many of them so distracted with terror as to be unable to render any assistance. Others, more self-possessed, speedily brought ropes, planks and boats, and went nobly to work to rescue the living and recover the dead. Some of those who were on the bridge when it fell were so near the ends that they were able to reach land without assistance. Up to 6 P. M., 32 dead bodies had been taken from the river, and it is almost certain that there are others still under the wreck of the bridge. Of those saved, twenty-four were more or less injured, some fatally.

LATER.

DIXON, Ill., May 4—midnight.—No other bodies of victims of the bridge disaster have been recovered at this point up to the present hour, but several bodies have been picked up at Sterling, six miles below here, and doubtless the swift current has borne others still further down the stream. The general estimate of the loss of life is 90 to 100. As stated in previous dispatches thirty-two bodies were recovered before dark. Five bodies floated past the men at work the wreck and have not been found. It is supposed that at least fifty bodies are still in the water; most of them, it is supposed, are under the wreck.

The bridge, which was of iron, and known as Trusdall's pattern, and of five spans, was elevated about twenty-five feet above the river, which is from fifteen to twenty-five feet deep. Only the two end spands fell. The three middle spans were standing, but in such a condition that it is thought that they will fall when the wrecked spans are removed. Workmen are busy to-night putting up a derrick, in order to clear the wreck, and making arrangements to secure the bodies beneath it. It is now stated that there were three hundred persons on the bridge at the time of the accident, and that a greater number escaped than was at first supposed.

DIXON, May 5.—No additional names of the killed are yet known. During the night the workmen got the derricks in position to raise the bridge, and until that tedious work is accomplished hardly anything further can be done. Crowds of people were on the banks of the river this morning viewing the scene of the disaster, the majority of whom were looking for missing friends. The telegraph wires are kept constantly in use with messeges from all parts of the United States. Every house in the city is in mourning.

It is feared the extent of the calamity is not yet known, for there may have been many on the bridge from the country whose names have not been obtained.

Insane Man Picked Up.

About ten o'clock, on Saturday night of last week, Officers Hoffman and Baker discovered a man between the Pennsylvania railroad track and the freight warehouse under circumstances which led them to believe that he was insane. His face was turned upward, and pointed in an eastern direction, while his lips were muttering a prayer. His pantaloons were covered with mud, and as the cars were being shifted up and down the road he was in imminent danger of being killed. When the officers approached and rescued him from his dangerous position, he stoutly protested against their conduct, and declared that he had a right to pray to God without being molested. Seeing that the police were determined to remove him from his dangerous position, he would not answer a single question, but continually looked toward the east. In the Mayor's office his conduct was similar, and in fact until his removal to the prison. From a Catholic book in his possession it is supposed that he is John Brennan, that name being written on the fly leaf with a lead pencil. In a pass book found among his goods were the names of Jane Dallath and James Dallath. Twenty-nine dollars and two cents were discovered in his pocket book, among which was a twenty-dollar note on the Merchants' bank of New York.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

Revolting Crime.

On Tuesday afternoon, says the Pottsville *Miners' Journal*, a lazy, shiftless, begging, loafing, drunken, never-do-well negro, Charles Wilson by name, assaulted a little girl of this borough in an outhouse back of the school room, corner of Second and Market streets, with the intention of outraging her person, in which attempt he would doubtless have succeeded but for the fact that the child's screams brought assistance, when Wilson fled. He was arrested by Officer Schumacher and lodged in the lock-up. The news of the crime soon spread thro' the town, and created much excitement and indignation. The verdict of every one was that death was too good for the wretch, and there was some wild talk of using a rope and a lamp post, but nothing came of it. The negro remained in the lock-up all afternoon, protesting his innocence, the meanwhile waiting for a disposition of his case. The family of the little child, dreading the publicity of the court-room, would not prosecute him, so Officer Schumacher brought him before 'Squire Reed, where he had a hearing, and was held in $3,000 to appear at the July Court, and answer to the charge of assault and battery with intent to commit rape. In default of bail he was lodged in jail.

A Fearful Accident.

In Blairsville, Indiana county, last Saturday a week, Mrs. Henry Triece, aged 00 years, had been to town for the purpose of transacting some business, and upon returning to her home just outside the borough limits, proceeded to the barn-yard for the purpose of milking a vicious cow, when the animal turned upon her and inflicted very serious, and probably fatal injuries. The enraged brute gored the old lady in the face, the point of one of the horns entering the upper lip and coming out just below the left eye, tearing out her upper jaw, a portion of her nose, and a part of the side of her face. Miss Lillie Triece, aged 18, daughter of the injured lady, endeavored to rescue her mother, when she too was attacked by the brute and gored in the thigh, between the hip and the knee, losing a considerable quantity of flesh. The latter will doubtless recover, but fears are entertained that Mrs. Triece's injuries will prove fatal.—*Johnstown Mountain Voice.*

Suicide of a Farmer.

The Reading *Times* gives the following account of a recent suicide in Berks county: Samuel Williams, an old and respected farmer of Centre township, committed suicide on Tuesday by hanging himself shortly before twelve o'clock in the spring house on his farm. His body was found by several members of the family soon after dinner. By industry and thrift the deceased had acquired a considerable competence, and some time ago purchased a fine farm in Dauphin county, upon which he placed his son. The investment did not prove profitable, and the farm was lately sold by the sheriff. Other financial embarrassment followed, which, it is supposed, preyed upon his mind, and led to the commission of the deed. For some days previous to the suicide he had been in apparently cheerful spirits, and no one for a moment suspected that he contemplated taking his life. The deceased leaves a wife and several children.

A Boy in Schuylkill County Commits Suicide.

Isaac Hummel, a lad about 12 years old, employed on the farm of his step-father, Franklin Zerbey, in Washington township, Schuylkill county, committed suicide on Monday of last week. The body was found in a singular position, the neck and throat resting in a loop of a chain attached to an apple tree, the feet resting with the toes on the ground, and the arms so bent that the hands were brought near the face, instead of hanging downwards to the earth, which they could have touched, so near to the ground was the loop. He had expressed dissatisfaction with the farm on which he was living, having been brought up elsewhere, and doubtless in a fit of moodiness committed the rash and irreparable act. In the morning he had minded the children while the maid had went to the field on some duty connected with the household, and performed other chores. At eleven o'clock he said, "I guess I'll go now and do what pap told me to do," referring to hauling away apple tree limbs. He went, and didn't come to dinner, and was sent for, when his body was discovered.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

On Thursday of last week, says the Hanover *Spectator*, a little boy aged five years, son of Mr. John Herr, Jr., residing in Conowago township, Adams county, about a mile and a half north-west of our town, was bitten by a dog belonging to the family, supposed to be laboring under an attack of that fearful malady, hydrophobia. The dog, for several days previous, had been observed to act in a very strange manner, and but little attention was given the matter until Thursday, when he became very violent in his paroxisms, snapping furiously at everything that came near him, and before he could be secured or despatched, to prevent mischief occurring, succeeded in biting Mr. Herr's son. The rabid animal then made his escape from the premises, and succeeded in biting a number of dogs in the immediate vicinity before he was overtaken and shot. The child was immediately placed under medical treatment, and Dr. Stoey's celebrated remedy for the cure of a bite of a mad dog, administered, and it is believed that no serious result will attend to the bite of the dog, as this medicine has never been known to fail in a single instance in preventing an attack of *rabies*, when properly administered.

Terrible Accident.

SHARPEIELD, Pa., April 25.—A terrible accident occurred yesterday forenoon at Sherman Furnace, by which John Dale, the chief engineer, and Harry Steele, assistant engineer, lost their lives by suffocation. At midnight it was found that one of the valves in the stowing furnace was out of order, and the two engineers went in to repair it, without first properly closing the valves between the cylinder and the hot blast. The gas from the fires rushing in on them killed them instantly. The bodies lay in the cylinder until six o'clock in the morning before being discovered.

Dreadful Disaster in Kansas.

Near Belleville, Kansas, April 5th, the house of Mr. Crane was burned, and his family, consisting of his wife and four children, took refuge with Mr. Bennett. The great storm of Monday night, April 7th, tore the roof off Mr. Bennett's house, a stone building, and blew in the gable, which fell into the cellar, where the inmates had taken refuge. Mrs. Bennett was severely injured, and the morning Mr. Bennett went to procure assistance. When he returned, he found that the floor had fallen in and his wife and three children, together with Mrs. Crane and two of her children, were crushed to death. A boy and girl of Crane's were still alive and were carried to a neighbor's, but the boy died shortly after reaching there.

Who Armed the Modocs?

It is an established fact that the United States Indian agents furnished the Sioux Indians with Spencer rifles, scalping knives and skinning knives, which the wily savages pretended were to be used in hunting the buffalo. The Modocs also procured similar arms on some such pretext, and are now using them to massacre our soldiers. Some of the Modocs have two Spencer rifles each, with plenty of excellent revolvers and ammunition.

LOCAL ITEMS.

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Democratic County Committee of Cumberland county will meet in the Arbitration room, in the Court-house, Carlisle, on Saturday, May 17th, at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of electing Delegates to the approaching State Convention. A full attendance is requessed.

SAM'L N. EMINGER,
Chairman.

SEVERAL lots of fine cattle were weighed on the Borough scales last week.

THE Willow trees on the banks of the Letort Spring have on their summer dress.

THE alarm of fire on Friday night last, was caused by a pile of chips taking fire in a room at the résidence of John Magonegal, on Church alley. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done.

OVER THE DAM.—A party of three gentlemen were boating on the breast of the dam, immediately in front of the Cave, on Sunday last, when the current carried the boat over the falls of the dam. With the exception of a "ducking" the party sustained no injury.

A GOOD SPECULATION.—Jerome Briner, well known in Perry county, says the New Bloomfield *Times*, and who recently died, had a life insurance policy for $5,000. It seems, a few years ago, he got tired of paying the annual premium, and sold the policy to F. J. Ingram, of Yeagettown, for a sum about equal to what the policy had cost up to that date. Mr. Ingram kept the policy alive, and at the time of Briner's death his total outlay had not yet reached $1,000. Consequently, he cleared about $4,000 by the purchase.

SELECT SCHOOL.—Select scholars for February and March 1873:

School No. 11—John B. Martin, Frank Marchand, Clarence Ulrich.

School No. 12—Julia Kindler, Sarah Heckman, Emma Aberle.

School No. 13—Emma Kieffer, Ella Myers, Annie Crouse.

School No. 14—J. C. Reeser, Samuel Martin, Adam Allison.

School No. 15—Martha Frederick, Mary C. Houston, Irene Lamison.

School No. 16—H. Spangler, John Rhey, Wm. B. Humrich.

School No. 17—Lizzie Miller, Clara Green, Florence Smiley.

School No. 18—F. S. Bender, S. Heilbroner, J. H. Bixler.

D. ECKELS,
Pres. S. S.

SAMUEL M. WHERRY, ESQ.—This gentleman having been appointed a Commissioner to the Vienna exposition by Gov. Hartranft, the Shippensburg *News* commends the selection in the following complimentary terms.—Most heartily do we endorse what the *News* says, viz:

We notice with much gratification, the appointment of Sam'l M. Wherry, Esq., by Gov. Hartranft, as one of the Commissioners of the State of Penna., to the Vienna Exposition. The commissioners appointed for this State and consenting to serve, will do so without compensation. The appointment of Mr. Wherry is quite judicious, and he will no doubt perform the duties assigned him with credit to himself, and honor to the State he represents. He expects to leave for foreign shores, as soon as the work of the State Constitutional Convention is completed.

THE velocipede mania has broken out anew among Young America of our borough.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT KAST has been added to the Faculty at the State Normal School.

THE grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias will meet in Reading July 23. Carlisle will be largely represented.

NEW and beautiful spring goods have been received by all our merchants. Consult our advertising columns before purchasing.

JACOB KOHLER, Esq., one of the Commissioners of York county, has been seriously indisposed for the past three or four weeks with disease of the heart.

ACCIDENT.—A man named Dell, in cutting hoop-poles on Saturday near New Bloomfield, struck his axe fairly into the shin bone of one of his legs, making an ugly gash.—*Perry Democrat.*

COL. D. V. AHL, of Newville, has exchanged his flouring mill at Big Spring for ore lands of Mr. Geo. Clever, in the vicinity of Cleversburg.

OUR friend, Mr. J. M. Wallace has recently opened a produce store in rear of Rheem's Hall, (Claudy's old stand,) where can be found at all times, fish, flour, potatoes, and everything pertaining to the business. Patronize him.

ROBBED.—Mr. Pearson Clark, formerly postmaster at Centreville, this county, was relieved of his pocket-book, containing all the money he had (some $500), by one of the "light-fingered gentry," at the railroad depot at Pittsburg, two weeks since, while he with his family were on their way West. The situation was rather an embarrassing one, but a dispatch to friends brought the necessary funds to enable them to reach their destination.—*Oakville Enterprise.*

PERSONAL.—Hon. Fred'k Watts, Commissioner of Agriculture, arrived in town last week. The Judge enjoys excellent health.

W. V. CAVANAUGH, Esq., of Shippensburg, has purchased the tailoring establishment of Capt. A. C. Landis, of that place. Mr. C. is popular with the community.

MR. J. C. NOBLE, of West Virginia, is now on a visit to his relatives in this this place.

MR. A. M. HULMES, the popular advance and contracting agent of Sanford's Combination, billed our town last Friday.

DEATH OF JUDGE AHL.—Hon. Peter Ah