# THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

COFFEE and tea will come down New potatoes are already in marke in southern Ohio.

A KEOKUK girl had her eye knocked out by a base-ball. FOURTY-FOUR daily papers are put

tished in Paris. 3 EVOLVERS cannot be carried Cormany without a permit.

It takes about thirty-nine hours t telegraph around the globe. THE days are now over fourteen

hours in length. CARL SOHURZ is going to Europe in June.

VELOCIPEDES are now being sold for kindling wood. An Iowo town has a chesse factory

of 300 cow-power. Rive melons are California's mo a queous luxury now.

dos. GEGAN, of the firm of Gegan Brothers, Baltimore, has committed

THE Russian Government has projected extensive works for the manutacture of cannon and iron plating, at A MINIATURE steamer, ten feet long,

on the Great Lakes. THE spotted fever has made its appearance in Montgomery county, near

the Chester county line. THE New York State Convention has adopted a resolution leaving the Presidential question to the Baltimore

JAMES CARROLL killed Wilkes Badean, at Richmond, Va., last Saturday by striking him on the head with a

A SPURIOUS fifty-cent note, about one-twelfth of an inch longer than the genuine, is being imposed on the unsuspecting public. The bogus paper is well executed and calculated to de-

It is said that Mrs. James Fisk, Jr. has applied to Larkin G. Meade, the sculptor, to furnish a design for a monument for her husband, to cos

Ex-PRESIDENT Andrew Johnson claims from the treasury department \$4,649, for income tax paid in mistake by him while occupying the Presidential chair.

THE large flouring mill of Jacob Shriner, in Manchester, Md., with a large amount of flour and grain, was burned last Friday. Loss, \$30,000; in-

ONE gentleman in Philadelphia one day last week, collected \$1,775 for the relief of the suffering people of Somerset.

FIFTEEN miles of the Harrisburg and Potomac railroad have already been graded, and it is expected that by the end of the year trains will be run

from Harrisburg to Cleversburg. WM. W. COOKMAN, one of Philadelphia's most respected merchants, died on May 10, at his residence, on North

Seventh street.

Ex PRESIDENT Andrew Johnson in he would not be a candidate for the lower branch of Congress, but indicated

a desire to go to the Senate. THE coal breaker of Messrs. Bough-

insurance, \$12,000. DURING an illness of the editor of the Aibuquerque Review, his wife, w ose name is Leonora Mcduiness, set the type, did the press work, got out every issue of the paper in good shape, and

had a baby. THE farmers in the burned districts of Michigan and Wisconsin it is said, are likely to reap some benefit from disaster, as the burned land will be especially favorable to the growth of

THERE was a very severe rain storm in Kansas on Thursday night last. The town of Easton was flooded to the depth of several feet and four persons were drowned. Travel has been stopped on the North Missouri Pacific railroad and the Leavenworth branch of the Kansas

AT Patterson, N. J., last Saturday, Libbie Garrabrand, convicted of the murder of R. F. Burroughs, was sentene d to be hanged on July 19th. She fainted on hearing the sentence, and was removed to her cell in an insensible condition.

WEDNESDAY morning the fly wheel at the York County Furnace and steel while the Judges by various means works, at York, broke and bursted the boilet. Five of the employess were hadly injured, and it is thought that three of them cannot recover.

On the night of the 16th, a fire at Waupacca, Wis., destroyed one entire block of the business part of the town. including the Voshburg House, postoffice, Mead's bank, and twelve other buildings occupied as stores. Loss, \$75,-000; no insurance. The fire was unquestionably the work of an incendiary.

RED CLOUD, accompanied by several other chiefs of the Sioux tribe, will soon make a visit to Washington for the purpose of seeing the President, permission having been given him for that purpose. Several other prominent undians have also obtained permission ie visit Washington.

Duning a terrific rainstorm which passed over northwestern Iowa and Dakotah on the night of May 15, a large waterspout descended to the earth, striking a few mile- from White Swau, Dakotah, and covering the earth for a great distance around with water to the depth of eight to thirty fact. Fortunately it did not strike near any settlement, and no person was injured, but considerable stock was lost,

### NOTICE TO OFFICE-HOLDERS.

We commend to the office-holders who are to be marched to Philadelphia in a little while under a sort of military general order to vote in Convention for the renomination of General Grant such comfort as they may be able to gather from the following, which we clip from the New York Evening Post In conversation with a Republica Congressman from Ohio, a day or two ago, President Grant said that in case of his reelection he intended to make a general change of office-holders throughgeneral change of omce-holders throughtont the country. As a rule, he said, he did not believe that any person who held office during one administration should be retained during the next one, but that it was simple justice to keep all faithful officers until they had served

four vears." The object of this expression of the Presidential purpose was, we suppose to give notice to Republicans not in of fice that in case of General Grant's reelection, and they came up vigorously to his support, there would be a chance for them at the flesh-pots. This, as a strategic movement, is not without its lrawbacks; for though it proposes to do the handsome thing by the outs, it can hardly be considered encouraging to the ins. We believe the great army of office-holders is put down at something like fifty thousand. Tney contitute the backbone of the President's

hopes for reelection. In fact, the Philadelphia Convention is purely an officeholders' convention, and has come to be so regarded. It is therefore hardly doing the civil thing by them for the President to serve upon them this notice: "That in case of his reelection he intended to make a general change of office-holders throughout the country." Reelect me, says General Grant, and with two and a halffeet beam, is plying then, on the 4th of March, 1873, I will kick you all out of office. The question arises how this announcement will affect the aforesaid backbone. The conclusion of the common and unstrategic. mind would be that it would break it. Perhaps, however, the fifty thousand, under so imperious a taskmaster as General Grant, have become so debased in their own esteem and so broken in spirit that they are ready, first, to obey the general order to gather together in undivided support of

their chief, and then graciously accept he promised kicking. Of course this is no affair of ours. We have no wish to lay down a policy for the President, or to indicate what the novement of his political backbone should be. Only, for the sake of that nonor which is said to exist among thieves, if for no better reason, we don't like to see the unmerciful master lash his supple and servile instruments too everely. The President orders them to lie down and make a " stair of necks" up which he may walk to the Presiden tial seat, and then they are to be beheaded. If these fifty thousand persons are not blind in the eye as well as ubservient in spirit, they will proceed at once to pack their fifty thousand trunks, for due notice has been given them that even if General Grant is reelected they are to be sent adrift.

## THE AMNESTY BILL.

The Amnesty bill, which obtained the requisite two-thirds vote in each House, and was signed by the President soon after its passage, removes the disabilities, imposed by the Fourteenth Article of the amendments to the constitution of the United States. This article provides that no person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken the oath as a member of Congress, or as any officer of the United States, or Maj. J. Hodgson, for 25 years editor or as any officer of the United States, or of the West Chester Jeffersonian, has a member of any State Legislature, and from Massachusetts (Mr. Banks) as a member of any State Legislature, or or as an executive or judicial officer of in these Halls in favor of the release of located at Clarkesburg, West Virginia, or as an executive or judicial officer of where he has started a paper called the weekly Sun.

or as an executive or judical onicer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have been chains by Spanish authority!

Whethy Sun. engaged in insurrection or rebellion an interview emphatically declared that against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. The bill just signed removes the disabilities from all persons whomsoever, except Senators and Representatives of the Thirtysixth and Thirty-seventh Congresses, ner, Shipp & Co., at Shamokin, was officers in the Judicial, military and burned Monday night. Loss, \$20,000; naval services of the United States, heads of departments and foreign ministers of the United States. The exceptions will, it is supposed, cover less than two hundred cases, including Jefferson Davis and John C Breckin

> ridge. ANOTHER STEP TOWARD DESPOTISM.

> The writ of habeas corpus is one cover freedom wrongfully taken away. It has been deemed for ages the palladium of liberty, the protection of the people against the aggressions of pow-

hands of John, one of the most wicked of the sums wasted by the profligacy of and worthless of English kings, the principle was laid down that no man ling. shall be taken or imprisoned but by the lawful judgement of his peers or by the law of the land; and it is upon the writ of habeas corpus that dependence has always been laid to enforce this great principle of the peasonal liberty of the citizen. During the reign of Charles I., who, it will be remembered, finished his career on the scaffold, personal liberty was frequently violated, managed to evade the proper execution of the writ upon which so much depended, At length, in the thirty-first year of the reign of Charles II., the law of habeas corpus, as it now stands, was enacted. In its present form it consists of a variety of provisions devised with so much skill, and so well adapted to supeort each other, that it has been sserted by the most eminent jurists that personal liberty can be in no danger in England or the United States so

long as this law is enforced. This brief history of the habeas corpus occomes of interst in view of the fact that on Wednesday of last week, the United States Senate indefiance of the ninth section of the first article of the Federal Constitution, which provides that the provisions of the act shall not o suspended except in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it, by a vote of 28 to 15 passed a bill taking away from American citizens the right to demand the protection of this safeguard during the approach-

ing Presidential election. If this is the result of less than four years of Grantism, what might not be expected by the end of another term of successful aggressions upon the most agened rights of the people?

#### THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE ADMINIS-TRATION.

The friends of the Administration ar on all occasions representing that there has been a large reduction of the public debt within the last four years, and that therefore, great credit is due to Genera Grant for the wisdom of his financia

ooliey. People who do not take the trouble to examine the justice and foundation of a claim are apt to credit boastful as sertion, and persistent lying sometime wins belief.

The speech of Mr. Hereford, of West Virginia, dlivered in the House of Representatives on the 4th of the prese month, is a careful and thorough discussion of the claim of the Radicals to credit for reducing the public debt, and shows by facts and figures more plainly than any document that has yet been given to the public the profligacy and waste of the political empirics now controlling the national finances, and how painfully and shamefully disproportionate is the alleged reduction of the debt to the amount of money wrung by taxation from the hard earnings of the people under the pretence of paying

t. He says: According to the finance report for 1871, submitted to the 42d Congress by the present Secretary of the Treasury, on page 369, we find that the debt of the Congress that the debt of the finance treasure that the debt of the finance report for 1871, where the finance report for 1871, which is the finance report for 1871, where the finance report for 1871, where the finance report for 1871, where the finance report for 1871, which is the finance r dovernment reached its maximum, its highest figure, July 1, 1866, when it was, according to that report, \$2,773,-236,173.69.

By the same report we are told, on page 364, that since the war closed there has been received into the Treas-

ury in— Making a total of ....... \$2,681,443,981 90

sum of \$2,330,003,300.48 since the close of the war. But, large as those receipts seem to be, we must not stop there.—
The Secretary of War also, in answer to a resolution introduced by my friend from Kentucky, (Mr. Beck,) March 11, 1872, shows that there has been received. 1872, shows that there has been received by the War Department in excess of appropriations since June 30, 1865, and which amount has never heretofore appeared in any report as received into the Treasury, the sum of \$107,959,416.62; which amount, added to the previous receipts, as shown by the various Departments themselves, makes the amount received into the Treasury since the war closed, all of which time the Republican party has had the control of the Government, the enormous sum of \$3,039,993,387.08, which is \$266,757,213.39 more than the whole debt of the United States amounted to July 1, United States amounted to July 1 1866. Now, in the name of common honesty and common sense, what come of all this boasting and para e of the decrease of the public debt? Nor do I stop here. By their own showing they have sold \$8,280,093.13 worth of arms to

the French Government, which has never been accounted for in these re-Nor can I stop here. At the close of the war, as shown by the Navy Regis-ter of that year, we had belonging to the navy six hundred and eighty-three

the navy six hundred and eighty-three vessels; now, according to the same authority, we have only one hundred and seventy-seven; making five hundred and six that have been disposed of by that department. Nearly three times as many vessels have been sold, or in some way disposed of, as are now in the navy. What has become of this vast armament, this mighty fleet of vessels? Sold! What has become of the money. Who knows how much they were worth? No wonder we have not sufficient navy to protect our citizens in foreign lands! No wonder the zens in foreign lands! No wonder the eloquent voices of the distinguished gentlemen from Indiana (Mr. Voorhees)

What answer is it to the people, whose agents you are, to say that you have decreased the debt since the war \$494,716,575.15, when they have paid you nearly seven times as much, viz: \$3,039,993,387.08? What answer is it to the people, whose war is to the people, who is the people war. the people when you not only have received that amount besides the \$,8,230,-093.13 received for the arms sold to the French, and also the five hundred and six vessels sold from the navy? You can no longer deceive the people; they will hurl you from power as unworthy

Mr. Hereford then proceeds to show, from tables furnished in the official reports, that whilst the legitimate expenses of the Government, as claimed by the Administration, are infinitely beyond all precedent in our history, they are still not large enough to account which, from the remotest period of for the enormous sum collected. What English history, has been used to re- has become of the immense balance of millions and millions? Where has it gone? Who will answer? The argument is clear, condensed and able, and its conclusions are from figures and statements furnished by the official re-In the great charter which the barons ports of Executive officers, and cannot of England wrasted from the unwilling | be denied or answered. The magnitude the Administration is certainly start-

> NEVER were revenue laws enforced with more unjust discrimination than ours are. Take an example. The duties are remitted on foreign goods, if destroyed by fire when in bond, or if lost at sea; but as to domestic merchandise the ruling of the internal revenue department is the reverse. If tobacco, whisky, or any other property of a citizen of the United States be destroyed or damaged while in charge of the internal revenue department, there is no relief or abatement. The whole tax must be paid, though nothing is left on which to pay it.

ANDY JOHNSON is expected to stump the norther states in favor of Greeley and Brown. If, in his swinging around and Brown. II, in his swinging around the circle, he reaches Harrisburg, he will have a hard time to get hotel ac-commodations, as it is a difficult thing to collect his last bills for board and

whisky, -State Journal. As Ulysses was one of the most prominent members of Andy Johnson's unketing party, and consumed more than his share of the whisky, his organ should not be so ready to obtrude this matter on the attention of the public -To avoid further scandal it should in sist on the prompt payment of the bill.  $\_Patriot.$ 

He says he was waiting for popular en dorsement, which he now considers assured. GoLD was quoted in Philadelphia on

Tuesday last at \$1.13%.

In another column of to day's issue

will be found Horace Greeley's letter

accepting the Cincinnati nomination .-

## POLITICAL JOTTINGS.

-Speaker James G. Blaine looms up again as a prominent candidate for vice resident on the Grant ticket.

-The Baltimore American-stiffest kind of a Republican—hihts to Grant to withdraw.

-Grant's intensely "liol" claque are cackling over the announcement that Moseby is for his re-election. -The administration keeps on the shady side-the negroes of New York,

in state convention assembled, pronounce for Grant. -Messrs. Clark F. Warden and Bates M'Cally have been elected delegates to the Reading convention from Westmoreland county, and instructed for

deneral George W. Cass for governor. -F. W. Knox, Esq. has been elected senatorial delegate to the Reading. Democratic State Convention from the eighteenth district, comprising the counties of Clinton, Cambria, Clearfield and Elk. No instructions.

-It is said that Judge Davis now affirms that he will not authorize the use of his name by the Democratic or any other convention, and that he will not be the candidate of any party for the Presidency.

-Mr. Greely says he will not withdraw from the candidacy for the Presidency unless the Democratic National Convention nominate a straight out Democratic ticket. In that event he will withdraw.

-A short time ago Anna Dickinson was praised by every Radical journalist in the land. Now the Grant organs are unetinted in their abuse. "Sich is life." We suspect that " gentle Anna" has been telling the truth about somebody.

-General B. F. Butler is a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, and instructed to vote for Grant. In August, 1867, he worte to Mr. W. Jones, Neenah, Wis., that "Grant's election will be a misfortune, because it will put in a man without a head or heart, ndifferent to human suffering, and mpotent to govern."

-The California delegation to the Philadelphia Convention have been instructed to vote for Grant and Wilson. This is a sad dissapointment to Mr. Colfax, who leaned trustingly upon the vote of the Golden State.

—Grant wants Hartranft to withdraw

or fear Hartranft will endanger his election, and Hartranft wants Grant to get out of the way for a similar reason. They will both stick and go down together. Each will increase the downward momentum of the other. -The Virginia Conservative Com-

mittee have called a State Convention, to meet in Richmond on June 27th. The members of the committee say the feelling in the State is generally "overwhelmingly in favor of Greeley and

-It is authoritatively announced that neither Senator Hendricks nor Mr. Pendleton is committed to the support of the Cincinnati nominees, but will be governed by the action of the Democratic National Convention.

-The Democratic conferees of the enatorial district composed of the counties of Armstrong, Clarion, Forest, and Jefferson have elected R. B. Brown, of the Clarion Democrat, senatorial representative to the Reading convention. Mr. Brown is instructed to support General A. B. M'Calmont for governor.

-Our citizens who say they are Republicans will please observe that the great Republican union party' in Congress, has just given Grant another lease upon the lives and liberties of citizens in the South who may be opposed to his tyranny.

-It is ascertained that there are twenty straight Republican papers in Pennsylvania which will make open war against Hartranft's election, and the Rings who committed the fraud of that mock nomination.

-Let us have a Statesman at the head of our goverment, a man who has brains enough to deal with Foreign Nations without bringing humiliation and disgrace upon our country. This Alabama business has reflected no credit on us, and all owing to the stupidity and blundering of our chief executive.

-Governor Geary, on a recent trip to Philadelphia, paid a visit to Yerkes and Mercur, the defaulters who are now lodged in the Eastern Penitentiary. The daily journals were thereupon filled with a lot of sensational matter with a view of preparing the public mind for a most gracious exercise of His Exellency's Executive clemency. We expect to hear of pardons being granted soon in these cases.

-The Democracy of Eric county have chosen W. A. Galbraith and David Olin to represent them in the State Convention. James C. Marshall, Esq., was unanimously recommended as one of the delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention. Hon. Jas. Thompson was unanimously endorsed for renomination for the Supreme Bench. Mr. Galbraith addressed the Convention, and annouced Hon. C. R. Buckalew as his first choice for Governor.

—The late Attorney General of the United States, Hon. Henry A. Stansperry, a man of education, experience and ripe judgement, has been traveling extensively in the South, and declares that no man can witness the acts of the military rulers in those States, as he has witnessed them, without becoming satisfied that a change of administration and of party is demanded by the best interests of the

country.

are exerting themselves to force the withdrawal of Hartraft from the Radical ticket, and to strengthen the movement, have induced Grant to mix in the matter. They have persuaded him that Hartranft weakens him (Grant) in Pennsylvania. On the other hand, McClure, State Treasurer Mackey, District Attorney Mann, of Philadelphia, and their adhe rents, swear that Grant must not go on the ticket for President, as it endangers the election of Hartranft in Pennsylvania. So, between them, the whole Radical crowd are in a very demoralized condition.

-Forney and his crowd of Radicals

GREELEY CORRESPONDENCE.

ACCEPTANCE OF THE NOMINATION.

Mr. Greeley's Version of the Platform NEW YORK, May 21.—The following is the notification to Mr. Greeley of his nomination by the Liberal Republican Convention, and his reply accepting

the nomination: DEAR SIR: The National Convention of the Liberal Republicans of the United States has instructed the underonited States has manufactured to inform you that you have seen nominated as the candidate of the Liberal Republicans for the Presidency Liberal Republicans for the Presidency of the United States. We also submit to you the address and resolutions unanimously adopted by the Convention. Be pleased to signify to us your acceptance of the platform and the nomination, and believe us, very truly,

CARL SCHURZ, President. G. W. JULIAN, Vice President. WM. E. MCLEAN, OHN G. DAVIDSON,

Hon. Horace Greeley, New York.

Mr. Greeley's Reply.

NEW YORK. May 20 New York, May 20.
GENTLEMEN: I have chosen not to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 3d inst. until I could learn how the work of your Convention was received in all parts of our great country, and udge whether that work was approved and ratified by the mass of our fellow citizens. Their response has approved and ratined by the mass of our fellow citizens. Their response has from day to day, reached me through the telegrams, letters, and the comments of journalists independent of official patronage and indifferent to the nile or frowns of power. The number smile or frowns of power. The number and character of these unconstrined, unpurchased, unsolicited utterines satisfy me that the movement which found expression at Cincinnati has received the stamp of public approval and been hailed by a majority of our construction as the harbinger of a betountrymen as the harbinger of a bet-

ter day for the Republic.

I do not misinterpret this approval as especially complimentary to myselt, and institutions are specially complimentary. as especially complimentary to myself nor even to the chivalrous and justly esteemed gentleman with whose name I thank your committee for associating ine. I receive and welcome it as spontaneous and deserved tribute to that admiral platform of principles wherein your Convention so tersely, so wherein your Convention so tersety, so lucidly, so forcibly set forth the convictions which impelled, and the purposes which guided its course; a platform which, casting behind it the wreck and rubbish of worn out contention and by-gone feuds, embodies in fit and few words the needs and aspirations of towords the needs and aspirations of to-day. Though thousands stand ready to condemn your every act, hardly a syllable of criticism or cavil has been nimed at your platform, of which the substance may be fairly epitomized as

First. All the political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody convulsions must and shall be guaranteed, main-tained, enjoyed and respected ever-

Second. All the political rights and franchises which have been lost through that convulsion should and must be promply restored and re-established, o that there shall be henceforth no o that there shall be henceforth no proscribed class, and no disfranchised caste within the limits of our Union, whose long estranged people shall re-unite and fraternize upon the broad basis of universal amnesty and impar-

tial sufferage.

Third. That, subject to our solemn constitutional obligation to maintain the equal rights of all citizens, our policy should aim at local self governments and not at centralization; that policy should aim at local self government, and not at centralization; that the civil authority should be supreme over the military; that the writ of habeas corpus should be jealously upheld as the safeguard of personal freedom; that the individual citizen should prior that the largest liberty consistent with enjoy the largest liberty consistent with public order, and that there shall be no Federal subversion of the internal policy of the several States and municipalities, but that each shall be left free icy of the several States and municipalities, but that each shall be left free to enforce the rights and promote the well being of its inhabitants by such

civil service of the Republic; to Which cond it is indispensable that the chief dispenser of its vast official patronage shall be shielded from the main temptation to use his power selfishly by a rule forbidding and precluding reelection; that the raising of reverse whether by tariff or otherwise, be ue, whether by tariff or otherwise, be nue, whether by tariff or otherwise, be recognized and treated as the people's immediate business, to be shaped and directed them through their Representatives in Congress, whose action thereon the President must neither overrule by his yeto, attempt to dictate, nor presume to punish, by bestowing office only on those who agree with him, or wthdrawing it from those who do not. Fifth. That the public lands must be sacredly reserved for occupation and acquision by cultivators, and not recklesssacredly reserved for occupation and acquision by cultivators, and not recklessly squandered on the projectors of railroads, for which our people have no present need, and the premature construction of which is annually plunging us into deeper and deeper into foreign Indebted ness.

Sixth. That the achievement of the process of universal beneficence

these purposes of universal beneficence is expected and sought at the hands of all who approve them, irrespective of

party affiliations.

Seventh. That the public faith must at all hazards be maintained and the national credit be preserved.

Eighth. That the patriotic devotedness Eighth. That the patriotic devotedness and inestimable services of our fellow-citizens, who, as soldiers or callors, upheld the flag and maintained the unity of the Republic, shall ever be gratefully remembered and honorably requitted.

These propositions, so ably and forcibly presented in the platform of your Convention, have already fixed the attention and commanded the attention of a large majority of our countrymen, who joyfully adopt them, as I do, as the basis of a true, beneficent national reconstruction; of a new departure from jealousles, strifes, and hates, which have no adetion; of a new departure from jealousies, strifes, and hates, which have no adequate motives, or even a plausible pretext, into an atmosphere of peace, fraternity, and mutual good-will. In value do the drill-sergeants of decaying organizations flourish menacingly their truncheons and angrily insist that the files shall be closed and straightened. In vain do the whippers-in of parties; once vital because rooted in the vital needs of the, hour, protest against straying and bolting, denounce men nowles their inferiors as traitors and renegades; and threaten them with infamy and ruin. I am confident that the American people have already made your cause their own, fully resolved that their brave hearts and strong arms shall bear it in triumph.

hearts and strong arms shall bear it in triumph.

In this faith, and with the understanding that if elected, I shall be the President not of a party, but of the whole people, I accept your nomination, in the confident trust that the masses of our countrymen, North and South, are eager to clasp hands across the bloody chasm which has too long divided them, forgetting that they have been enemies in the joyful consciousnes that they are, and must henceforth remain, brettren. Yours, gratefully,

Yours, gratefully, HORACE GREELY. To Hon. Carl Schurz, president, Hon. George W. Julian, vice president, and Messra. William E. MoLean, John G. Davidson, and J. H. Rhodes, secretaries of the National Convention of the Liberal Republicans of the United States. Four children, aged from two to ten

oldest kindling the fire with coal oil .-All four died. SILVER was quoted in Philadelphia on Tuesday last at 1.08.

convention to be held in this city, in the latter part of June, says the Eric Dispatch, is in part arranged, and we are sorry to say, the time of the gentlemen composing it is so limited that

they will have but small opportunity to see the city and surroundings. The editors (of whom from 250 to 300 are expected) will arrive on the evening of Tuesday, the 25th of Jnne, and the Democratic editorial association will hold its business meeting that evening. On Wednesday morning, the 26th, the state editorial association will hold a brief business meeting and the entire party will be "off duty." As soon after the business meeting as possible, the party will adjourn to one of the magnificent steamers of the Erie and Western transportation company, and take a lake trip, possibly to Port Burwell, on the Canada side, returning here by five or six o'clock. That will leave time to look about the city a little, and in the evening, the members of the con-

vention will meet at a press banquet.

On Thursday morning, the 27th, they

will slart for a trip to the oil regious.-

Erie was never so well advertised as

she will be by the visit of these gentle

men, and we trust the authorities and

citizens will treat them with the con-

sideration and courtesy they merit. ALL the great heroes who aided by their brains and bravery to save the overnment from the war made upon t by traitors favor the reelection of Frant. Thus we have Sherman, Sheri-Sickles, Slocum, Meade, Burn Hawley, Thomas and a host o others no w openly proclaiming themselves in union with the party which seeks the highest good of the country in the reelection of the soldier statesman.—State Journal.

The above is one of those paragraph daily thrown off by the State Journal with such easy and nonchalance indifference to truth. It is true that the great Sherman is now acting in the capacity of bear leader for the scion of the imperial family whom he accompanied to Europe in a vessel of the navy. Sickles is minister to Spain and natur ally enough supports the administration which rewards him so much above his deserts. But the gallant Slocum, who is a Democratic member of Congress from Brooklyn, is an able opponent of Giant. "Pap" Thomas sleeps in a bero's grave, but while he lived this assertion of the Journal could not be truthfully made in regard to him.—Pa-

## FORTRESS MONROE.

Particulars of the Great Tornado-Loss of Life and Property.

FORTRESS MONROE May 23.—The tornado which swept over this section yesterday afternoon was far more fierce and destructive in its character than and destructive in its character than was at first supposed. At four o'clock p. m: a dense cloud was observed rising in the southwest and every one halled the prospect of a thunder-shower with delight. At five p. m: it struck in all its inry, and old residents say that it is the worst that has occurred here for 30 years. Just as the storm was break-ing in all its force, a large waterspout was observed to strike in the Roads

ward the Rip Raps, and take its way to-ward the sea. Captain Callum, of York county, who Captain Callum, of York county, who runs a little sloop, assisted by a man and a boy, was going to Hampton, and had just passed the wharf and got inside the har in two fathoms of water when the squall struck. The captain was aft at the wheel while the other two were on the forward part of the vessel. The shock was too much for her, and she foundered in a very few seconds. The man and boy succeeded in getting into the yawl boat, but the captain became means as the judgement of its own people shall prescribe.

Fourth. There shall be a real, and not merely assimulated, reform in the civil service of the Republic; to which the civil service of the Republic; to which the civil service of the steamer.

and was found on the beach this morning. The coroner held an inquest on the body, after which it was placed in coffin and taken to Yorktown for interment.

One of the passengers on the steamer

One of the passengers on the steame One of the passengers on the steamer Mystic, coming from Norfolk to Hampton last evening after the storm, states that four or five cances were seen off Sewell's point, bottom upwards. A large number of these cances are used by the colored men for fishing and oystering, and it is feared that the occupants of those seen have found a watery graye.

In Hampton and that vicinity the storm did a great deal of damage to fences, houses, etc., but no casualties are reported. The roof of a cottage belongoff, while a building in Hampton, oc-cupied as a colored Odd Fellows' lodge, was blown down, and one of their churches was unroofed. In the country one or two houses was blown down, but one or two houses was blown down, but they were very meagre affairs, and the damage to fences and timber was con-siderable. A schooner lying at the whar in Hampton was sunk, but for-tunately no lives were lost. The copius rain which followed the storm has been worth thousands of dollars to our farworth thousands of dollars to our far-mers and truckers, as their crops were greatly in need of it.

### TWO BOILER EXPLOSIONS. A Tug Boat Blown to Atoms! THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

From the Harrisburg Patriot. NEW YORK, May 27.—About fifteen ninutes before 1 o'clock this afternoon, minutes before 1 o'clock this afternoon, as tug boat Epsilon was starting tow on the San Francisco packet ship Semilone, pler foot of Maiden lane, her boiler exploded with terrific force, completely shattering the vessel. The explosion was accompanied by a report like heavy cannon, and fragments of the wreck, together with human bodies, were hurled twenty to thirty feet in the air, while other pleces scattered sideways in all directions. The noise of the a ccident attracted an immense crowd to the neighother pieces scattered sideways in all directions. The noise of the a ccident attracted, an immense crowd to the neighborhood, completely covering the pier opposite the disaster, and for a long time the most intense excitement and confusion prevailed. As near as can be ascertained three persons of the turboat were killed, one injured, one rescued without harm and four persons, not on the boat injured by flying pieces of the wreck.—John Heany, cook on the tug-boat, was on deck at the time of the explosion, near the stern. He heard a loud report, and the next instant was covered with fragments of wood. Extricating himself, he clong to the main part of the wreck, until it sunk, when he was rescued by a boat. Bernard Currie, the engineer, was badly injured, and was also saved by a boat. Capt. Edward Hollenbeck, Silman Hollenbeck, his nephew, a deck hand and Patrick McCormick, firemen, have not been seen since the explosion. It is supposed they perished. The injured were quickly removed to Park hospital. Barnard Currie, engineer, thirty-two years old, knee joint fractured, face severely cut and many parts of the body badly seadded. John Bishop, third mate of the ship, Seminole, thirty years old, resident of Boston, compound fracture of the left arm. Anderson Uluff, Norwegielah, seamen on the Seminole, twenty-seven years old, and and thack. Wm. Parson s, Brooklyn, sevnly years old, compound fracture of the right leg, and otherwise seriously injured. Charles Mitchell, sixty-lour years old, compound fracture of the right leg and extensive laceration of the right leg

years, where horribly burned in Memphis, Tenn., on Saturday night, by the

THE programme for the editorial | while the surgeons dressed their wounds The Epsilon was owned by Geo Townsend, dry dock pier 52 East r

Boiler Explosion in Philadelphia. Boiler Explosion in Philadelphia.

PHIL'A., May 27,—A terrible explosion occurred about 10:30 a. m. to-day in the Pennsylvania finishing, dyeing and bleaching establishment of Messra Troth, Gorden & Bro., on Crease street above Girard avenue. One of the Pheleger's patent non-explosive boilers, which was being tried only the second time, exploded, killing the engineer and seriously injuring one of the workmen and a salesman, besides fatally injuring a girl named Augusta Schaffer. The building is a complete wreck.

Dem Adbertigement ... TATEMENT OF THE Supervisors of South Middleton Twp.

for 1871. The account of A. K. SEARIGHT, Supervisor, Upper End. 59 70

The account of J. M. GOODYEAR,

81,745 3 143 2

\$1,888 5

88 98 11 50

CR. mount paid for work..... mount paid exonorations.... unut paid percentage... uditors cierk fees and advertising.

81,828 89 This is to certify, that we have examined the ecounts of A. K. Searight and J. M. Goodyear, supervisors of South Middleton township, and ind them correct as above stated.

D. A. MCALLISTER, SAMUEE GLEIM, JR. LORS.

DANIEL YOHE.

A. D. MYERS, Twp. Clerk. May 30, 1872—31\* LATECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is thereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Nathaniel Given, late of Hampaen township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to settle immediately, and those having claims will present them for settlement to settlement.

May 30, 1872—61.\*\* Executor. May 30, 1872-6to

Unseated Lands for Sale. CALE OF UNSEATED LANDS.—By

NALE OF UNSEATED BARDS.

virtue of a warrant from under the hand and sea 1 of the Commissioners of Cumberland county, and to me directed, the following tracts or lots of unseated lands, situated in Cumberland county, Pa, will be sold at public sale, at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 10th day of JUNE, A. D. 1872, at the Court House, in Carlisle, county aforesaid, or as much of each tract as will defray the unpaid taxes and costs thereon.

GEORGE BOBB,

Orante Treasurer. Carlisle West Ward.

Tax due Owners. Natcher, Margaret, Dickinson township.

Diemson township.
Ahl, D. V. & C. W.
Albert, widow,
Beesher, Jacob
Beam, John
Bushey, J. Y.
Boner, Joseph
Brough, Jacob
Brown & Criswell,
Biteman, Daniel
Biteman, Wesley
Brough, John
Golan, John
Craighead, Wm.
Coulston, Frown,

Lauch, John Myers, Charles Myers, Cornelius Myers Myers, Cornellus,
Myers, Cyrus
Minton, Nicholas
Marsden, Dr. D.
Myers, Henry
Myers, John H.
Myers, Ezra
Mintorf Isaac
Myers, Amos C.
McGreary, William
Myers, Felty
Noffisinger, Jerrie
Newcomer, John
Ross, Gibson
Rebert, Jacob
Stalismith, Deter
Scobey, David
Serrier, John
Serrier, John
Serrier, John
Serrier, Jose
Stalismith, Deter
Scobey, David
Serrier, John
Trostle, Adam
Trine, John
Trostle, Adam
Trine, John
Trostle, Adam
Trine, John
Trostle, J. B.
Woods, N. W.
Wireman, Isaac
Wolf, Jacob
Yetts, Simon
Zeigler, Hannah
Frankford Township,
Ahl, P. A.
Bowman, Samuel

MENT.—The proprietor, has, by the assistance of Eminent Physicians and Chemists succeeded in utilizing the medicinal properties contained in the Oil, Pitch and Resin of the Hemiotic Tree, and obtained a valuable preparation to be applied as a Salve or Plaster for theumatism, Croup, Pain or Soreness of the Back, Chest or Stomach, Piles, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sores, Ulcers, Bunions, Sore Corns, Frost Bites, Chilbiains, Sore Breasts and Niples, Elingworms, Ohafing and kin diseases of inflammatory nature.

CHARLES A. CRITTENTON, Agent, May2-4w. 7 Sixth Avenue, New York,

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or Recollections of a Busy Life. Illustrated, The Life and Times of so great a Philanthropist and Reformer, cannot fall to interest every true interioan. Bond \$3.50 for sample copy. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 505 Broadway, New York. 4 by 30, 1872–4w

INC.—How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and effections of any person the choose, instantly. This simple mental acquiremental can possess, tree, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracis, Dreams; Tints to Ladies, etc. A queer, exciting hooks, 100,000 sold. Address T. Will.—IAM & CO., Publishers, Philiadelphilit.

May 30,1672—4w

REAL ESTATE.

On Thursday, June 6, 1872.

elonging to the estate of the said Jacob Klink, so'd, containing about THIRLY ACRES, hay-ig thereon erected a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE

DIVIDEND NOTICE —The Directors

For Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness. These Tablets present the acid in Combination with other officient remedies, in a popular form, for the cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases Hoarseness and Ulceration of the Throat are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being seat to the proprietor of relief in cases of throat difficulties of years standing. CAUTION—Don't be deceived by worthiess imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolle Tablets, price 25 cents per box. John Q. Kollogs, 18 trations. Cet only we have the Price 25 cents per box. John Platt street, N. Y. bend for circul for the United States.

May 16, 1872—4w MONEY MADE RAPIDLY, heek Juilte. Catalogue, samples and Key particulars FREE. S. M. Spenog, Brattleboro, Vt. TREE TO BOOK AGENTS. We will send a handsome prospectus of our new illustrated Family Bible, containing over 450 fine scriptore illustrations to any book agent, free charge Address National Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa. May 16, 1672—4w

Mauchy & Co's. Column.

ATELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

A gents wanted for the great success of Dio Lewis' last and greatest work, OUR DIGESTION: MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET.

It is by odds the most taking and salable book in the field.

1. It is on a vitally important subject.

2. It is by America's most popular writer on health.
3. It is, for the price, the largest and handsom est book ever sold by subscription. Agents, the people are esger for such a book, and will urg you to bring it to them. Write for terms, ec. free. George Maclean, publisher, 783 Sanson street, Philadelphia.

May 10, 1872—4w.

leachers, Students and others wanted BUFFALO LAND.

The richest, raclest, wittlest, most fascinating and instructive book issued for years. Rivais Mark Tyvain's best. Is beautifully bound, splonding the property of the season. Apply early for choice territory. Sample pages, illustrations, special terms and a copy of our "Agents Pocket Companion," malled free. Address, stating experience, if any, Hubbard Bross, Publishers, 723 Sansom street, Philadelphia. May 10—iw TREMENDOUS SUCCESS!

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS:

"THREE YEARS IN A MAN TRAP!"
(A companion to "Teo Nights in a Bar Room.")
(A companion to "Teo Nights in a Bar Room.")
Agents say they never had a book which sell like it. One canvasser took is orders in 3 days, another 20 in a half day. It sells to all classes, ages and sexes, and is so cheap that any family can after to buy it. Strongly endorsed by all the leading men in the Teniperance cause—Neal Dow, Judge Black, S. P. Unass, J. H. Orne and others. Send for illustrated circuitr, containing testimonials and terms to Agon.s, and Secure good territory at once. J. M. Stoddard & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia. May 16—4w

JURUBEBA

is a powerful Tonc, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the languid and debilitated system needs strength and vitality; It will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the Sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm. It is a South American plant, which, according to the mevical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, possess the most powerful tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curative qualities, and has been long used as a specific in all tites, and has been long used as a specific in all cases of the blood, derangement of the liver and spleen, Tumors, Dropsy, poverty of the Blood, Debility, weakness of the Intestines, Uterine of Urinary Organs.

\*\*Dr. Wells Extract of Jurubcba\*\* Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba

Dr. Wetts' Extract of Aurucca

Is strengthening and nourishing, like nutritious
food taken into the stomach, it issimilates and
diffuses itself through the circulation, giving
vigor and the stomach is regulates the bowels,
tive organs, and by its powerful Tonic and restoring effects, produces healthy and vigorous
action of the whole system.

JOHN Q. KEILLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States,
Price 81 per bottle.

May 16, 1872—4w

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Horace Greeley and John B, Gouch.
We want Agents in every town to solicit orders for this work, on liberal terms. It sells to all classes, and no library should be without it. It is a complete history of all branches of industry, processes of manufactures, etc. No like work ever before published. One agent solid 138 n eight days, another 125 in one week, another 25 in two weeks. An early application will secure a choice in territory. Full particulars and terms will be sent tree, with a specimen of this Great Work, and a \$5 Greenback.

May2—4w. Hartford, Conn K ENNEDY'S HEMLOCK OINT-

A GENTS WANTED for a new, reliable and intensely interesting book of the FOLAR and TROPICAL WORLDS. It is full of information respecting the marvelous wonders and beautes of these but little known countries, and abounds with thrilling descriptions of the daring adventures of all the noted travelers and explorers in those remote regions. Illustrated with some 200 fine engravings. For full description, terms, &c., address, stating experience, if any, H. C. JOHNSON, Publisher, 700 Arch street, Philada. May 30, 1872–4w

The made from 50 cents. Call and ex-feel for 50 cents, that retail quick for \$10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, New York. AGENTS WANTED for the Autobio

DSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARM;

Warren Range First premium Amt. Int. 1871. Double elevated dven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fonder Guard, Dumping and Shaking Grat Direct Draft, FULLER, WARRIEN & CO., Water stroet, N. Y. May 39, 1872—we.

To any Book Agent

HORACE GREELEY,

Legal Potices, ORPHANS' COURT BALE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Cumberland county, to me directed; as admin istrator of Jacob Klink, dee'd., I will expose at public sale, on the premises, near the village of New Lancaster, in Newton township, Cumberland county, Fa., on the above day, at I o'clock P. M., that certain

and outbuildings, The TERMS OF SALE are extremely easy, and will allow persons of modorats means to acquire a desirable home.

MAGLATGHIIN, Adm'r of Jacob Klink, dee'd.
May 9, 1872-4t DIVIDER D NOTICE—The Directors of the Carlisic das & Water Company have ductared a dividend of old Per Cent, on the capital stock for the last year, clear of all taxes, negative, the goth inst.

Carlisio, May 18, 72.

A GENTS WANTED FOR Knitting Machine in every borough and township of Cumberland county. The idea of a Family Knitting Machine ripened at last into absolute perfection! A sock knit, heel and toe complete, without taking it off the hooks, in seven minutes, with less hand intshing than is required by any other mackine. Makes any size of hosiery knits goods of any material, whether woolen, cotton, linen or mixed, and of any snape and style; narrows, widens, makes fancy work with much greater facility, than other machines; and sets up a finished top for stocking or other work. Simple, durable and cheap.

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Ahl, P.A.,
Bowman, Samuel
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Untz, & Grove
Forbes, A. (heirs)
Finkenhynder, A.
Griner, John
Grissinger, Samuel
Kiser, George
Kriner, John
Lecktey & Bosler
Longnecker, Benjan
Killor, Barnett
Ployer, Jacob
Snydor, Henry
Washmood, George
Woodbrurn, J. M.
Hopewell Township.

Hopewell Township,

Biddle, E. M. Arnoid, Samuel (heirs) Fulton, James McCune, W. C. Rice, Peter

Middlesex Township

New Cumberland

Alien, William
Burns, Eliza
Duncan, David
Engle, Jesse
Grove, Mich'l, & Bro.
Galbraith, Thomas (heirs)
Grove, Jacob
Kyle, John
Line, David
Miller, A. G.
MoK in ney, Thomas
- Miller, Joseph
- MoGlaughlin, Wm.

Miller, Joseph McGlaughlin, Wm. Peffer, Kelier Benj. Shock & Bro., Thr ush, B. Weaver, Charles Woods, Capt, (heirs)

South Middleton Township

Gardier, Josi Greist, Joei Lerew, B. (heirs) Louck, J. & P. Lerow, D. P. Sheafer, Jacob Wonderly, D. (heirs) Wolford, John West, Mary, tt. Pennsbergugh Townsl

Hickernell, Henry

Sharpe, J. McD.
Mifflin Township.

and cheap.

The undersigned having been appointed general agent for Cumberland county, is desirous of establishing agencies throughout the county, and requests all interested to call on or address him for further particulars. Address

A. W. STERRETT,

Oakville, Cumb. Co., Pa.

TOR RENT.—A very nice room in the Volunteer Building, Possession given immediately. For particulars call on the owner, R. BRATTON.