

The 'Volunteer' for the Campaign.

FOR VIEW FOR FIFTY CENTS IN ADVANCE. In view of the importance of the approaching political contest in this State, we have determined to offer the VOLUNTEER at a reduced price during the campaign to all new subscribers within Cumberland county. It will be sent for the sum of Fifty Cents from now until the ballot-box in October shall have declared (as we hope) the election of our candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General. An increasing circulation of our paper at this reduced price will impose upon us a profligate burden which we will willingly assume for the sake of getting into the hands of a large number of new readers possible. The political, social, agricultural and general news presented from week to week in the columns of the 'VOLUNTEER.' We hope active Democrats in every township will take steps to make our paper effective in their respective localities. We will spare no pains to make the paper readable and efficient. Look around over your neighborhood and see where ten or more copies can be sent to effect good political results.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETINGS.

CARLISLE, July 13, 1871. In accordance with the provisions of the Crawford County system, the Primary Meetings of the Democratic county are to be held in every District of said county at the usual places of holding the delegate elections on the 27th day of July, 1871, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating one person as a candidate for President, Judge, Two persons as candidates for Associate Judge, One person as a candidate for District Attorney, One person as a candidate for State Senator, One person as a candidate for Assembly, One person as a candidate for County Treasurer, One person as a candidate for County Commissioner, One person as a candidate for Director of the Poor, One person as a candidate for County Surveyor, One person as a candidate for County Auditor.

The Crawford County System, as adopted by the Democratic party of Cumberland county is hereby published for the benefit of the voters and for the guidance of the Board of Elections of the several districts of this county. THE CRAWFORD COUNTY SYSTEM. First.—The candidates for each office shall be named by the voters in person at the primary meetings, taking the names on a list of the names of the party at the said primary meetings. Second.—The candidates for each office shall be named on a list of the names of the party at the said primary meetings. Third.—After the polls are closed, the Board of Elections shall proceed to count the votes and make out the returns as required by law. The Board of Elections shall also make out a list of the names of the candidates for each office who have been named by the voters at the primary meetings, and shall also make out a list of the names of the candidates for each office who have been named by the voters at the primary meetings. Fourth.—The Board of Elections shall also make out a list of the names of the candidates for each office who have been named by the voters at the primary meetings, and shall also make out a list of the names of the candidates for each office who have been named by the voters at the primary meetings.

The newspaper organs of the shams-Republican party make loud boasts of the monthly payment of the public debt. It is true that each month the Secretary of the Treasury does redeem a certain amount of government bonds. But these bonds are not destroyed or cancelled. They are filed away in the Treasury, and may be re-issued at any time. It must be remembered, too, that while the bonded debt is apparently decreasing, the floating debt is increasing, so that at the end of the year there is in reality no reduction. Nor is it generally understood how dearly the people pay to enable the Government to issue its monthly bullet; setting on foot such and such amounts have been paid on the public debt. In order that the army of internal revenue officers may be kept up, the internal taxes have been continued and large surplus funds have been gathered into the treasury. Having thus overtaxed the people, the Government employs its funds in buying up State bonds at a premium. Twenty millions in gold have been wasted in this manner in order to enable the administration to glorify over what the Secretary of the Treasury styles payment of the public debt. This is paying rather dear for the whistle.—Harris's Patriot.

The old proscriptionist spirit of Know Nothingism still lives in the hearts of the Republican leaders. The Gettysburg Compiler says: "It can be seen cropping out on all occasions whenever an opportunity occurs for making an appeal to religious prejudice, or to that unreasoning hatred of foreigners which is entertained by the masses of our people. There is abundant evidence going to show that the recent troubles in the Orangetown movement, no doubt, have yielded to wiser counsels and have abandoned the menacing parade, if a set of designing political tricksters had not urged them to persist in making their display. The truth will yet be made abundantly apparent to an honest and discerning public."

Forney and the 'New Departure.' Forney of the Press appears hysterical over what he calls the "new departure" of the Democrats. He thinks that inasmuch as we opposed negro suffrage, we should oppose the Constitution recognizing it. He is exceedingly anxious that we should remain "consistent." Without attempting a reply in this position the Democrats might say, we may say to Mr. Forney that he, of all other men, should be the last to talk about a want of consistency in others. Who has been so conspicuously inconsistent as Forney? Why, he is worse than Bennett, of the New York Herald. But a few years ago he was the most ebullient free the Abolitionists had in this country, and at the same time the most servile friend of Southern ideas and Southern men. Now he is a leader in the Radical or Abolition party, and the reviler of the men he formerly eulogized. During the Ritner administration, he denounced Thad. Stevens as a traitor, and demanded his expulsion from the State, but for many years previous to Mr. Stevens' death, Forney was his most obsequious defender, and spoke of him in language as often fulsome and sycophantic. His course toward Cameron was precisely similar. But a few years ago Forney considered Cameron as the most corrupt man in our country. Now, Cameron, in Forney's eyes, is a saint and "statesman." About the same time he was the friend of Mr. Buchanan, but the last years of the eventful life of the upright statesman were embittered by Forney's incessant and wicked slanders. It requires a good deal of cool impudence, then, for Forney to proclaim that "a man whose political views are so notoriously unstable, as to attempt to twist others about their consistency, Forney's principles are as changeable as are the colors of the chameleon, and the number of "new departures" he has espoused it is impossible to compute.

It is not in our unequal and oppressive, why is it that the rich become richer while the poor and middle classes become poorer?

THE ELECTIONS OF 1871.

The State elections to come off this year, with two or three exceptions, are of a nearly local character, and yet they will be largely affected by the influence of national politics. California and Illinois are the only States which elect Congressmen, the latter to fill the vacancy caused by the election of General Logan to the United States Senate.

The first election which comes off will be in Kentucky, on the first Monday in August. A full State ticket is to be elected. It is to be the first time that the negro votes for the first time there is no probability that the immense Democratic majority of the last year can be overcome. With the liberal and progressive platform adopted by our party friends, it is expected that they will fully maintain themselves.

California will come next. Her election takes place on the first Tuesday in September. The Democratic State Convention was held on the 20th June. A full State ticket and three members of Congress are to be elected. Governor Haight is a candidate for re-election, and there is no doubt of his success. Mr. Booth will probably be selected by the Republicans to run against him.

Maine will also elect a Governor and State officers in September. Our party friends have nominated C. Kimball for Governor, and the Republican nominated Governor Perham, and the contest promises to be a lively one.

In Ohio, the gallant McCook is the Democratic candidate for Governor.—Noyes is the Republican candidate. A United States Senator is to be chosen by the Legislature to be elected. The contest in Ohio will be close and spirited. To New Jersey, this year, the Democrats will win. Their success would prevent the return of that old blasphemer, Ben Wade, to the United States Senate.

Iowa elects a Governor and State officers in October. A strong ticket has been put in nomination by the Democrats on a progressive platform. The State is strongly Republican.

Minnesota elects State officers in October, but no nominations have yet been made, and very little preparation for the canvass.

In Pennsylvania, we elect in October an Auditor General and Surveyor General. Both tickets are in the field, and it is unnecessary to say that the Democrats not only deserve success but that they will command it.

To New Jersey a Governor is to be chosen, and almost every prominent citizen in the State has been named as a candidate on one side or the other.

Massachusetts closes the list, and to elect a Governor. It is said that Gen. B. F. Butler is seeking the Republican nomination, and no doubt he will be gratified in his aspirations.

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RESIGNATION OF GEN. PARKER.

Gen. Parker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has resigned. The ostensible reason of this resignation is, as he says, "the unwarrantable interference of Congress with the functions of his office." He would not be a mere opportunist;—he could not hold any longer an ambiguous position! We don't think his position was at all ambiguous when he allowed Blunt to steal \$126,000 from the Indians under his charge. But there is another point of ambiguity we should like explained, and that is, how much of a money-gen. Parker got, and how much he has made since he has held his present position?

The cream of the joke, however, lies in the endorsement of the President.—"The Indian Bureau," says Grant, "has been in entire harmony with my policy," which of course includes the operations of Blunt, Sweetland & Co., in connection with the Bureau. With the full knowledge of the fact that Parker was a drunkard, and that his marriage could not be consummated at the appointed time because of his inebriation, and that he (Parker) since his appointment has been carried home drunk from a public garden in Washington City, the man who is now and would be again President indorses his ability and integrity to all with whom he may come in contact.

The intense sensibility of the Commissioner is only equalled by the great obtuseness of the President. The policy which divested the "Indian Bureau of all its original importance," is, *in general*, the policy claimed by the President. But the next query is, who will accept an office cast by a drunken Indian, and who will believe the Cabinet, down very low, else the President will have an office to let permanently. However, we presume the family stock is not wholly exhausted, and he may find some distant relative improvised, who will, out of charity, relieve him from the dilemma.

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It is stated by those who have examined into the matter, that Columbus Delano has been in Washington since he was appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue and Secretary of the Interior on only one day in five of the past time. Since entering the Cabinet, he has been absent more than half the time. And yet he has coolly drawn his salary for every hour, as if on actual duty, and like the President, put out at round rates of interest besides. Mr. Cameron, Mr. Delano, Gen. Porter, of the President's household, and other members of the Ring, have been engaged in a railroad speculation down in Georgia, with Bullock, Blount & Co., which serves to explain the Secretary's absence. Meanwhile, the business of the Interior Department is sadly in arrears, and in a state of great confusion.

PARIS.—Sixty thousand laborers, the cable ropes, are at work on the ruins of Paris, repairing damages. This immense army of workmen will doubtless soon restore the city to something like its former condition, but the public buildings destroyed by the Commune it will take years to replace. The hire of such a large force will be expensive to the French Government, and the restless spirits will be quieted with their employment and have less time and opportunity for fomenting discord and inaugurating riots.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.—The supplementary elections which were held in France on Sunday the 3d instant, to fill some 117 vacancies in the Assembly, have resulted favorably to the administration. It is claimed that of 114 heard, 80 or 90 moderate Republican deputies are elected. The Monarchists seem to have been beaten at nearly all points. So the Republic seems to have the extent of the election a fresh endorsement from the people, and a fair start on its peace probation.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, the man who has had the credit of furnishing all the brains for the Radical party ever since his first being interviewed at his summer residence, Swampscott, Massachusetts, declares that he does not "see much hope for the Republican party. It is like an old family, all its merits are under the ground. The Republican party is a ghost haunting the grave of its departed greatness."

THE Radicals of New Mexico are divided. One faction refuses to support Colonel Hayes, the candidate for delegate to Congress, and proposes, to Mr. Major Jose de Sena, who was a candidate in the convention. The result will probably be the election of the Democratic candidate, Mr. Jose M. Gallegos.

WHILE the re-nomination of Governor Haight, in California, has been received with great cordiality by that State, his Radical competitor, Mr. Booth, has stung up a fierce fight in the ranks of the opposition.

Since the first day of June President Grant has passed three days in Washington, and he has drawn from the United States Treasury \$2,083,373, or nearly \$700 for each day that he attended to the duties of his office. The balance of the month he has spent with congenial and convivial spirits at Long Branch and elsewhere.

If the mis-called Republican party is the friend of the masses, why does it rob the people of the government lands and bestow them upon gigantic and corrupt corporations?

There are two factions in the Radical party of Louisiana, and a bitter fight has been going on between them. The recent meeting of the Radical editors of that State, a resolution endorsing the State administration was voted down.

Hon. Horace Capron, tired of being Commissioner of Agriculture under the Grant Administration, resigned to accept a similar position under the Japanese Government, at a salary of \$20,000 a year. "Who wouldn't wear a pig-tail at that price?"

This paragraph is doing duty just now in the shams-republican journals: "The copperhead Republican of St. Louis has a wondrous way with the increased cost of boots and shoes (that) the Democracy takes to wearing boots and shoes, the article of the *Equilibrium* will be of interest to those: 1) the party who can read it."

That is to say that the democracy are the poorer classes of people, the laboring men of the country, who are made to wear boots and shoes at present prices. The aristocratic party which has stolen the name "republican" whose ranks embrace the bloated parvenus who have grown rich on shoddy contracts with the government, the bounty-grabbers whose coffers are filled with tariff subsidies drawn from the consumers' pockets, the defaulters who run away with taxes collected from the sweat of the masses, the army of office-holders who can live on tolls from the people's earnings, these can wear boots and shoes—even patent leather ones, with silk stockings to protect their tender feet.—Aye, let the organs of the money aristocracy which now prints the faces of the poor sneer at the faces of the working men who compose the rank and file of the democracy. They will laugh on the other side of the mouth some of these days.

PEOPLE who imagine that the San Domingo job is dead know nothing of Grant, and less than nothing of the gang of greedy speculators by whom he was ruined. The negro government of Liberia is troubled. A popular vote was taken on the question of changing the term of the President from two years to four years. President Royce took charge of the ballots and declared the amendment carried and himself President for four years. This American Radical method of doing business did not suit the Legislature, by whom a new election was ordered, and a different result secured. Thereupon Ex-President Roberts was chosen President and both darkies are claiming the office, with a fair prospect of some serious wailing among their adherents.

Some time last winter a negro official entered a restaurant at Washington city and insisted upon being served at the same table with white men. The keeper of the establishment declined to yield to his demand, and the negro entered a suit for damages at the Police Court, of which he was an officer. The Court of course gave judgment against the restaurant keeper and in favor of the negro, fining the keeper fifty dollars. An appeal was taken from the judgment of the Police Court, which the Superior Court has dismissed, leaving the restaurant keeper to pay the fine. This is the only case of the kind which has come before the Police Court, and another scheme, hoping that they will do me justice.

JOHN CLENDENIN, Silver Spring, Md., July 27, 1871. THE BALTIMORE POISONING CASE. The Baltimore papers have accounts of an alleged poisoning case there, from which we take the following: On June 23d, General Ketchum, an old army associate and friend of the late Major General Fremont, was called to Washington. He was accompanied by his wife, Mrs. Ketchum, and several children. They arrived at the residence of Mrs. Wharton, on Hamilton Place, intending to spend a few days. The poisoning occurred on the 24th. Mrs. Wharton, who was a young woman, fell suddenly ill, and died on the 25th. During her illness she was attended by Dr. A. M. Williams, who was a friend of the late Major General Fremont. Mrs. Wharton's death was a great loss to the military community. The case has attracted much public attention, and it is believed that the poisoning was the result of a conspiracy.

There are only two hundred and fifty-eight Jews in all Ireland. A contemporary describes the political condition of the times as "ringworm." A vessel arrived at New York on the 11th ult., having on board a hundred cases of cigars and two cases of menials. George McHenry, a merchant in Terre Haute, Ind., wound up a three day spree by shooting himself through the heart.

During a recent storm in New York, a well-tower, 130 feet high and 35 feet in diameter, with a 5,000 pound ball, was blown down. A young man in Indiana lately became so frightened at a widow's persistent attempts to marry him that he turned round to her all his property and ran away. When a Chicago girl quarrels with her lover she communitates the fact to her friends, who in turn squeeze her with that fraud any more.

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An Iowa paper says: "The long train of covered wagons pouring from the East and drifting Westward is one hundred percent greater this year than last, and the whole line is on the move off. He hurriedly to the West, and at the risk of his own life rescued the lady, who was sinking for the last time."

It is stated that the interest of the family of the late Henry J. Raymond in the New York Times, amounting to one-fourth of the whole property, has been bought by the other owners of that paper, the consideration being \$375,000.

Governor Palmer, of Illinois, has ordered the Sheriff of Ingham county, Michigan, to arrest the lynchers of Marshall, who whipped his son to death. He has informed the Sheriff that if necessary, he will assist him with the whole force of the State.

Miss Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Henry B. Stanton are in San Francisco, and have taken up the case of Laura Fair, the murderess, soon to be tried for her crimes. They attempted to join her before a public assembly, but were compelled to desist.

A little girl named Mary Morrison was knocked down by a moving train in Huntington, on Thursday last, and died on the spot. Her father, a carpenter and one freight car passed over her body, and she was severely injured.

Mrs. Anna Jones, wife of Hon. J. G. Jones, formerly of Reading, died suddenly on the 14th inst. She had been ill but was improved. She had started to walk across the room, when she fell into the arms of her nurse, and never regained consciousness.

San Francisco dispatch says: "It is pretty certain that negotiations looking to the consolidation of all the railroads of the Pacific coast are now going on here." It is rumored that the Central and California Pacific Railroads have been sold to the Pennsylvania Railroad. The sale causes almost a panic in the market, where a heavy decline in real estate is anticipated should it prove true.

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It is stated that the interest of the family of the late Henry J. Raymond in the New York Times, amounting to one-fourth of the whole property, has been bought by the other owners of that paper, the consideration being \$375,000.

Governor Palmer, of Illinois, has ordered the Sheriff of Ingham county, Michigan, to arrest the lynchers of Marshall, who whipped his son to death. He has informed the Sheriff that if necessary, he will assist him with the whole force of the State.

Miss Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Henry B. Stanton are in San Francisco, and have taken up the case of Laura Fair, the murderess, soon to be tried for her crimes. They attempted to join her before a public assembly, but were compelled to desist.

A little girl named Mary Morrison was knocked down by a moving train in Huntington, on Thursday last, and died on the spot. Her father, a carpenter and one freight car passed over her body, and she was severely injured.

Mrs. Anna Jones, wife of Hon. J. G. Jones, formerly of Reading, died suddenly on the 14th inst. She had been ill but was improved. She had started to walk across the room, when she fell into the arms of her nurse, and never regained consciousness.

San Francisco dispatch says: "It is pretty certain that negotiations looking to the consolidation of all the railroads of the Pacific coast are now going on here." It is rumored that the Central and California Pacific Railroads have been sold to the Pennsylvania Railroad. The sale causes almost a panic in the market, where a heavy decline in real estate is anticipated should it prove true.

The Baltimore papers have accounts of an alleged poisoning case there, from which we take the following: On June 23d, General Ketchum, an old army associate and friend of the late Major General Fremont, was called to Washington. He was accompanied by his wife, Mrs. Ketchum, and several children. They arrived at the residence of Mrs. Wharton, on Hamilton Place, intending to spend a few days. The poisoning occurred on the 24th. Mrs. Wharton, who was a young woman, fell suddenly ill, and died on the 25th. During her illness she was attended by Dr. A. M. Williams, who was a friend of the late Major General Fremont. Mrs. Wharton's death was a great loss to the military community. The case has attracted much public attention, and it is believed that the poisoning was the result of a conspiracy.

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There are only two hundred and fifty-eight Jews in all Ireland. A contemporary describes the political condition of the times as "ringworm." A vessel arrived at New York on the 11th ult., having on board a hundred cases of cigars and two cases of menials. George McHenry, a merchant in Terre Haute, Ind., wound up a three day spree by shooting himself through the heart.

During a recent storm in New York, a well-tower, 130 feet high and 35 feet in diameter, with a 5,000 pound ball, was blown down. A young man in Indiana lately became so frightened at a widow's persistent attempts to marry him that he turned round to her all his property and ran away. When a Chicago girl quarrels with her lover she communitates the fact to her friends, who in turn squeeze her with that fraud any more.

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