DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, GEN. WM. M'CANDLESS,

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, CAPT. JAMES H. COOPER

## 'The 'Volunteer' for the Campaign

FOUR MONTHS FOR FIFTY GENTS IN ADVANCE In view of the importance of the approaching political contest in this State, we have determined to offer the VOLUNTEER at a reduced price during the campaign to all new subscri bers within Cumberland county. It will be sent for the sum of FIFTY CENTS from now until the ballot-box in October shall have declared (as we hope) the election of our candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General. An increased circulation of our paper at this reduced price will impose upon us a profitless burden which we willingly assume for the sake of getting into the hands of as many new readers as possible the political facts, arguments, speeches and ap peals presented from week to week in the col umns of the "VOLUNTEER." We hope active Democrats in every township will take steps to make our offer effective in their respective localities. We will spare no pains to make the paper readable and efficient. Look around over your neighborhood and see where ten or more copies can be sent to effect good political re-

## STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING

The Democratic Standing Committee of Cum berland county will meet at the Arbitration room, in the Court House, Carlisle, on SATURDAY, July 8, 1871, at 11 o'clock, A. M. A punctual aftendance is requested.

H. K. PEFFER, Chairman. " HALT !"

During the discussion in the United States Senate on Grant's contemplated speculation—the purchase of San Doningo—a Senator in the interest of the administration, supposed he could silence the opposition, on the part of Radicals at least, by a defiant but simple declaration. He, therefore, in a tone of voice that was satisfactory to himself, made the startling announcement that those Senators calling themselves Republicans who oppose the purchase of San Domingo, would be considered distoyal by the administration!" The obsequious Senator took his seat, looking wise as an owl, to watch the effect of his impudent menace. He expected to see the opposers of the San Domingo job blanch and crouch under the administration lash, but the responses that followed from those thus ostracised, soon convinced him that he had "barked up the wrong tree." "Pooh! pooh!" was the reply of Trumbull, Schurz, and those who acted with them. One Senator, forgetful of his position, and his early religious teaching, cried out, "You be d-d!" and another, in a voice little less respectful, responded, "take your offices and your patronage; the

opposers of Grant's job are not for sale!" It was about this fime that Forney of the Press wrote and published his slashing editorial, under the caption "Halt!" In that article he appealed and threatened, and threatened and appealed. He reminded Grant that the San Domingo job was popular only with the foul birds who had made a trip to lots there, and no bargain with Baez, the so-called President of San Domingo, a price, had no heart in the bargain and sale, and would consider it a duty to brought the administration to its senses, we know not, but the San Domingo job | scribed people must, if it is possible, be money that was in it—was abandoned

power. Now, in our opinion, and in the opinion of very many honest Republicans, it would be well for Forney to write and publish another article under the same eaption, "Halt!" When we see the President of the United States and all the members of his weak Cabinet almost constantly absent from the seat of government, it is time to cry "halt!" and to remind these officials that the people pay them to attend to certain duties. So far as Grant is concerned, it makes little difference where he is, but his attempt to ape imperialism, is as disgusting as it is insulting to the American people. He is at Long Branch, and, as we learn from a correspondent, he has with him his family, his father, 'Mrs. Grant's father, a staff of four officers, servants, eight of his best horses, two fighting dogs, &c. When the imperial family take an airing in carriages, the cavalcade marches in this manner: -first carriage, Ulysses I. and wife, driver and footman; second carriage, staff of four officers, driver and footman; third carriage, the children of the royal (Grant) family, driver and footman; fourth carriage, grand pa Grant, (Postmaster at Covington,) grand pa Dent, (a government contractor,) driver, footman and the two fighting bull dogs. Of course this grand display of prancing studs, covered with gold and silvermounted harness, and hitched to expensive and highly-polished vehicles containing the Grants and the Dents, is something for obsequious office-holders, government contractors, and "loyal" thieves to gape at and bow to, but to the tax-payer, the farmer, mechanic, and business man, it is an exhibition of weakness and assumed arrogance. "Put a beggar on horseback and he will ride to the devil," is an old adage, and Georgia, has paid dividends of 20 per never was it so completely exemplified as it is now, when we see the Grants and the Dents, who were beggars eight years ago, putting on airs and making an attempt to eclipse the Czar of Russia in show and extravagance. Is it not time that the press and the people, with one voice, should again ery out, " Halt?"

We are quite content to give even his Satanic Majesty his due.—Forney's Press. That's right, Colonel; you should always be "quite content" to give the father of your party "his due." And, by-and-by, it may be—but we hope not—his "Satanic Majesty" may give you your due, also.

The Carlisle Herald asks the folowing questions, and requests us to

Do the Democracy, if they succeed expect to be governed by the principle of their new departure? Do they propose to attempt to repeate amendments to the Constitution?

Do they propose to pay the debt is If the new departure is what the De mocracy propose to stand to if they succeed, what good, according to their own notions, can come from changing the parties in control of the government?

What are the new and living issues they propose to take up?

The difficulty our opponents labor inder appears to be this—because the Democratic State Convention adopted a resolution "accepting the situation." hat is, recognizing as part of the fundamental law of the country what we cannot help recognizing, therefore we are converts to negro suffrage, negroes n office, &c. This is a great mistake. Democrats are opposed to the heresy of negro suffrage and always will oppose it. As to our intentions after we obtain power, of course we, being a private in the ranks, know little; but this much we do know, that a power that makes can unmake, and the Democracy will make or unmake, just as the peace and interests of the country require. The Democrats of America made this country, and they can take care of it. Until Radical thieves and life-long disunionists obtained power (by frand) this was indeed "the best government on earth." We selected statesmen for the office of eys and corruptionists. "What good can come from changing the parties in control of the government?" asks our

neighbor. The good that always follows when dishonest knaves and unprincio give place to statesmen of integrity. When Gov. Holden, the "loyal thief" of North Carolina, was smoked out of office, we judge the good men of that State felt a relief. So will the good people of the whole country feel a relief, aye, a joy, when they know and feel that the Grants and Dents and other money-changers are forced from the public teat. If ever there was a country on the face of the earth that required statesmen at the head of affairs, that country is America; and it is equally true, that if ever there was a country that was cursed with imbeciles and thieves as her agents, it is America,--Some of our exchanges complain that the great incompetent, Grant, is seldom at the seat of government. What difference does it make? He is a cipher, at any rate, and the more he is absent from Washington the better. Let him attend the races and the cock-pits. He

is more at home there. THE NINE MILLION STEAL.-The winter prevented the thieves from stealing the sinking fund nine millions.actors were to be up for re-election, also had its influence. But the plunderers have not given up their game. As the any legislature after the next from committing the robbery, of course the design is to accomplish it next winter. Let every honest constituency see to it that they elect none of these thieves this fall. If you want to save the nine millions to pay the State debt do not vote for one of them. Look to it now, when you have the power, and pledge your andidate to oppose it:

The Chicago Journal, a Radical sheet, is ineautious enough to admit that island of snakes and located their | that the only animating principle left nests; that honest men, who had no in its party is sectional rancor. It expresses its joy that "the reconstruction issue is to be kept before the people." who was willing to sell his country for It sees no hope of success unless the strife is kept up. The North must be embittered against the white people of oppose all men who favored the corrupt | the South; the negroes must be arrayed scheme. Whether it was this article of against their natural friends; Congress Forney's, or some other influence that | must continue to legislate; the military alone must execute the laws, and a pro--so dear to Grant, on account of the goaded into something like symptoms of disaffection. This is the Radical proat once, and Mr. Forney was appointed gramme as foreshadowed by Senator Collector of the Port. Grant says he Morton, and the Chicago Jownal enwill "bring it up again," but this is dorses it as the only practical method doubtful, as the setting sun has lost its of retaining power. What a burlesque on "Let us have peace."

SPLIT!-The Republican party in New York seems to be hopelessly divided. Senators Fenton and Conkling are each at the head of a wing, and are each fighting for the ascendency. The Conkling wing is for Grant, the other is utterly opposed to the renomination of Grant. They have now two Executive Committees, and of course the State will be lost to the Republican candidates. The cause of the present split is the appointments of President Grant. He has thrown the Radicals overboard, and appointed those who favored the policy of Andrew Johnson, or what was known as the Johnson wing of the party. Horace Greeley's sympathies are with the anti-Grant division.

CONGRESSMAN BECK, of Kentucky, in his speeches to the people of that State, declares that with the cessation of hostilities between the sections, there was war material in the most profound abundance stored in the government depots, besides mules, horses and supplies. A great part of these were sold, and yet not a dollar of them has been accounted for. Secretary Boutwell acknowledged that the Department had squandered millions in that way; yet a bill to require an account to be rendered of these transactions was laid on the table, and killed by a party vote. The Radicals would not allow the matter to be investigated. They knew that the fingers of some of their friends would be pinch-

THE people of the South are beginning to realize the fact that it is possible to manufacture cotton there as well as to grow it. A cotton factory at Augusta, gallant hero in October by triumphantcent. annually from the start; a new one to run one thousand looms is contemplated if the requisite capital can be secured. The President of the Augusta company glaims that cotton can be manufactured ten per cent. cheaper there than in New England.

Tite Convention of Republicans which net in Baltimore on Friday and recommended a ticket for nomination was not the regular organization, but an outside diversion.—Forney's Press. Ah! a "new departure," is it?

office,

SMITH, THE NEGRO CADET.

The black boy Smith, ever since his appointment to West Point, has been a thorn in the side of the administration. His particular case extorted the following order from the Secretary of War: In conformity with the sixty-fifth of the rules and articles of war, the proceedings of the general court martial in the foregoing case have been forwarded to the Secretary of War for the action of the President of the United States. The proceedings, findings, and sentences are approved; but in view of all the circum-stances surrounding this case, and beapproved; but in yiew to an the circumstances surrounding this case, and believing that the ends of public justice will be better subserved, and the policy of the government, of which the presence of this cadet in the Milknry Academy is signal illustration, be better maintained y a commutation of his sentence than

y its rigid enforcement, the Tresident is pleused to militate it by substitu ing for Hamissal-from-the-service of the United States, reduction in his Academy stand— States, reduction in his Academy Standing one year. Cadet Smith will join the succeeding fourth class at the commencement of the next academic year. The sentence as commuted will be duly executed.

W. W. BELKNAP,
Secretary of War. It is really a difficult matter to deal seriously with such absolute clap-trap as the above, and yet the interests imperilled by the principle involved forbids that it should be passed over lightly. Here we have the President, through the Secretary of War, instead of maintaining the high dignity of the National Military School, brings it down to a matter of "policy," or in other words Secretary Belknap says, "that the President has sent Smith to West Point, President, and not ignorant horse-jock- not to study the Military art, but to illustrate a policy. Smith is a dolt, and not fit to be a cadet. But he is a negro, and it is important that the country oled tricksters are kicked out of office are not fit to do, and to be all that they

should be made to understand that the negroes are entitled to do all that they are not fit to be." The inferential disquisition is probably after all the correct one. The World says that from "one point of view this makes the President's conduct intelligible. What he has done now at West Point in the case of Smith the Radicals have been doing for years throughout the Southern States. They have been forcing ignorant and degraded negroes into positions of public trust and responsibility, simply because they were negroes; thereby contributing to fasten upon the whole black race the popular stigma of worthlessness and stupidity which really belongs only to the individuals selected to undergo this

Like master like man. The President follows at West Point the precedent set him at Washington. It matters as little to him what becomes of the discipline and efficiency of the Military Academy, as to the wire-pullers at the South what pecomes of the Southern States, their prosperity and their social peace. Nor does it matter to him what becomes of lifficulty in the way of legislation last the negroes. His action seems to say: 'All that we want at West Point is a negro. Smith is a worthless fellow, to The fact that several of the prominent | besure, but so, for the matter of that, are all negroes. We probably should be no better off with any other negro. They are all alike. Let us put Smith back Constitutional Convention will prevent | for a year. That will save us from the necessity of appointing another negro to succeed him. Let him wave."-Forney, in the Press, puts this more plainly still. He applauds Mr. Belknap's order as "a defiance to the Ohio Democracy." It is, indeed, a "deflance". offered to the Democracy, not of Ohio only, but of the whole Union. It is a

defiance also offered to decency, to mil-

itary discipline, and to the laws.

THE New York Sun says, "President Grant is so anxious to inaugurate a civil service reform that he is taking it upon himself to provide the several States with Governors-pure, upright men, who are in favor of the present Administration and its continuance for another term. The Ohio office-holders and Administration editors have been ordered to support Ben Waile of San Domingo, who can be relied upon to swear by the President; while the people of Wisconsin have been informed from Washington that Gov. Fairchild, the present popular Executive, who has no stock either in Grant or San Domingo, does not desire a re-election, though the Governor kimself has given no intimation of such a determination. And now the orders have been issued for the pensioners of the personal Government to rally In Nebraska to the support of General Thayer as the Grant candidate for Governor of that State, as it is evident from the impeachment and deposition of the But it seems strange that Grant should after his arrival there. have overlooked the claims of Butler to another term. Probably the Presidentis not aware of the fact that although this adroit financier has forfeited his office, he has not been declared incapable of holding any official position in the future, as is usually the case under such circumstances. It would be sad to believe the President guilty of ingrat-

itude to so distinguished a follower." CAPT. JAS. HARVEY COOPER.-The history of the services of Cooper's battery is linked with some of the most brilliant and bloody actions of the war. Its thunder was heard in the thickest of the battle at Malvern Hill, Gainsville, Second Bull Run, Chantilly, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Petersburg, and in many other engagements. The brave and distinguished captain of that battery is the Democratic candidate for the office of Surveyor General. He was frequently mentioned in general orders by Gens. Reynolds and Meade. The people of Pennsylvania will not fail to honor this ly electing him.

IT seems to be pretty generally agreed upon by the Republican press that the best way to direct attention from the long train of iniquities chargeable to the Republican administration of public affairs, for the past ten years, is to keep up a running fire on the pretended divisions in the Democratic party. This will fail, because the Democratic press is in earnest, and cannot be diverted

FIRST GUN OF THE CAMPAIGN.

On a recent visit of Gen. McCandless, the Democratic candidate for Auditor General, to Lebanon, he was made the recipient of a screnade; and in briefly acknowledging the compliment, took occasion to correct a few of the slanders of the Radical press, and closed by "charging home" upon them in this trenchant style:

trenchant style:

The newspaper press of the Republican party must make up its mind that my attention will not be distracted from the line of advance mapped out, by any petty demonstration it may make upon my flank, by untruthful publications of the military regard of Centain Cooper.

my limit, by untrating publications of the military record of Captain Cooper or myself.

Your war-cry against Democrats, my Radical friends, of "Copperheads," "Dis-loyalty," "Opposition to the Fundamen-fal Law as Amended," is silenced for-The Democracy of our State, like An-

The Democracy of our State, like 'Anteus of old, has arisen stronger after every fall, and now advances, like a modern Hercules, to strangle this serpent of centralization in its cradle.

No more defensive campaigns in this contest at the feet of Radicalism. We throw down the gauntlet of Democracy, and charge upon them that they have failed to equalize the bounty of the soldiers, who preserved the country, whilst these wrecks of war can be seen, daily, begging their bread from door to door in our great cities. This Radical, soldier-loving party, with wreckless prodigality, is giving away to greedy speculators, or wealthy corporations, hundreds of millions of acres of the public domain, that these men were crippled in preserving.

We charge further more the Register. these men were crippled in preserving.
We charge further upon the Radicals that the incompetence of the civil administration of the Government is only

equaled by its corruptions. That our home industry is crushed, and and all all! because there must be kept an army of tax-gatherers, who do the bidding of their masters, and consume the bidding of their masters, and consume the bidding of their masters, and consume

the substance of the citizens.

Last, my friends, and most ruicous of all, we charge, that by the Federal Ku-Kiux-legislation, our freedom of elections is placed under the control, and regula-Is placed under the control, and regulated solely by the Federal Executive.
Oh! my triends, I care not what your party politics may have been, do not, for temporary party triumph, destroy your State rights Now, when you find your liberties are in danger, discard the partisan; and rise to the dignity of the partiot.
Deal the first blows now, and forever crush the hydra-head of centralization and official corruption, with that little piece of paper, upon the second Tuesday. piece of paper, upon the second Tuesday

A TRIAL OF STRENGTH.—The recent contest in Ohio for the nomination of the Republicans for Governor was a trial of strength between the San Domingo party and the office-holders on one side, and the independent press on the other. President Grant and the San Domin-

f October next.

go speculators were resolved that Ben-Wade should be the candidate. The independent press were for Gen. Noyes; and when the Convention met, Ben Wade was so powerless in it that he had to withdraw without a ballot, leaving Noyes to be nominated by acclamathe San Domingo jobbers were nowhere. The "independent press" had cleared

them all out of the field. Just so it will be next year, when the Republican candidate for the Presidency comes to be nominated. Mr. Grant holders and the San Domingo specula tors encourage him; but the free press puts in its veto. Gront will retire-if

are not so obvious. As an illustration | New York to-night. of the manner in which the agricultural interests of the country profit by their operations, a lately published statement of the proposed occupations of the twenty-nine young men about to graduate from the Massachusetts Agricultural College is interesting.-In the whole class of young scientific agriculturalists, there is not one who

agriculturalists, there is not one who proposes to follow the occupation of a farmer!

MATTERS in the Republican camp are not improving. On the contrary, they seem to be going from bad to worse, The wrangles of the New York branch, or branches, of the party have become quite shocking—so ruinous, in fact, that the Tribune was moved the other day to the Republicans, real and nominal. late Governor Butler that the people "tell Republicans, real and nominal, there don't know what is for their own | that the business in hand is not the congood. It is very evident that a State struction of a party to secure the rewhich removes its chief magistrate for | nomination of a President, but for the receiving presents in return for official preservation of the party for the election favors is not worthy to be trusted with of a President yet to be nominated." the selection of its own officials, and the We should like to know what Grant in New Hampshire, the New York President is quite consistent in practi- thought of this when he read it in his Evening Post says: cally reducing it to a territorial condi- cottage at Long Branch. It was written tion by appointing its Governor himself. just in time to reach him the morning

IMPORTANT facts have transpired in relation to the resolution passed by the Radical Convention in this State, indorsing Grant. It appears that this resolution was twice offered in the Committee, and twice-rejected by an almost unanimous vote. It was next offered in open Convention, where the members did not like to vote against it, and they allowed it to go through. The sense of the Convention was evidently against General Grant, and it is said the counter current was set running by Senator Cameron. The old trickster does not want the President to think that he is too strong in Pennsylvania. That might detract from the power and influence of the Senator at the White House.

THE TRUTH.—The Galveston News hits the nail squarely on the head when it says: "The truth is, whether Mr. Greeley

knows it or not, the South has been despoiled, dishonored and sacrificed to keep the Republican party in power, and for no higher, no worthier or holler motive." This is just so. The great interests of the country have not been subserved, but hatred and ill-will, inflamed and perpetuated, simply to keep the Republican party in power. The negroes | so as to give them in this county a mawere made citizens and voters for that and no other purpose; and the managers, seeing that they may not save them, have conferred upon the President kingly powers to prevent the free people from turning the party out of

nower. Senator Scott says that even the negroes summoned as witnesses before must answer every count in the indictment, and there are enough to keep them in motion during the next few months.

Instance of the indict property. Instance is, the nember of the indict property is an investigation will prove an elephant on the hands of Grant & Co.

Instance of the indict property is an investigation will prove an elephant on the hands of Grant & Co.

In the indiction and prevented the work of reconstruction and prevented the re-establishment of harmony and concord between the lately belligerent sections."

Ing of one Southdown buck, seven eves and rive lambs strayed away from the premises of the subscriber, residing in South Middleton two, adventurers, who, for purpose of gain, have obstructed the work of reconstruction and prevented the re-establishment of harmony and concord between the lately belligerent sections."

Ing of one Southdown buck, seven eves and rive lambs strayed away from the premises of the subscriber, residing in South Middleton two, and prevented the re-establishment of harmony and concord between the lately belligerent sections."

Ing of one Southdown buck, seven eves and rive lambs strayed away from the premises of the subscriber, residing in South Middleton two, and the subscriber, residing the K. K.'s smelling committee "refuse

THE QUEEN'S LEVEE.

The Queen of England, if not much in the way of political authority, is, after all, a clever woman. She knows that she is not popular, because of her miserly disposition, which leads her, while receiving the peoples' money, to hoard it, and not to use it in proper entertainment and display. With her, royalty has lost one of its chief charms -magnificence. Beside, she dislikes personal display, and does not' show herself sufficiently, even to her trusty

cousins, the nobility and gentry. The Prince of Wales is unpopular, ecause of his wild course when a young man. The part of George IV cannot be reproduced in this age; the progress of the people is too great, and if ever there was a man cowed by public opinion into good behavior it is that

same Prince. The Queen seems to have had all these facts in view when she made the arrangements that the Prince should hold a levee for her this month, and that presentations made to him should be considered as equivalent to presentations to herself. Thus she cherishes her retirement and puts him forward as the coming monarch; but, at the same time she keeps him subordinate to herself .-Let him improve chance. He may overcome the evil opinions now entertained, and make his people ready; with easy transition, for the time when he shall hold levees for himself.

18 It is a matter for congratulation o find that the most intelligent and non-partisan observers throughout the country are becoming alarmed at the assaults of Radicalism upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people. The New York Methodist, the organ of the large communion of the country, is quite emphatic in its denunciations of the Force bill. After reciting some of its objectionable features, it says:

"These are extraordinary, and most certainly unconstitutional powers. The law virtually makes the President the Governor of every State, and obliterates all distinction between the spheres of the States and United States courts." After pointing out wherein the law

is an invasion of established rights, in closes with the following suggestive

"Great as the evils are which Congress is laboring to remove, it is a much greater evil for it to exceed its just powers, for thereby the liberties of every man are unsettled. This law is a two-edged sword; it could be swung northward as well as southward; and though its operation is limited as to time, it establishes precedents which may work mischief hereafter."

The Kn Klux Committee in Troubl The Ku Klux Smelling Committee, now in session at Washington, notwithtion. Grant, and the office-holders, and standing the care exercised in the selection of its witnesses, has been neculiarly information thus far. Indeed, the mass of testimony goes to show the Radicals to be the only disturbers of the Gov. Lindsay, of Alabama, was examinhopes to be the man, and all the office ed. The Washington correspondent of This is a deserved compliment to this Forney's Press, says:

Gov. Lindsay concluded his testimony before the committee to-day, having been puts in its veto. Gront will retire—if he is wise he will not wait for a ballot—to obscurity, and some man fit to be President will be nominated in his stead.

The appropriation of vast sums from the public funds for the establishment and support of agricultural colleges is an excellent thing for those who have college sites to sell, who have the handling of the money, and for those who obtain lucrative places as managers and instructors. The practical benefits that are derived from such institutions are not so obvious. As an illustration in the committee to-day, having been subjected to a searching examination of seven or eight hours in relation to the subjected to a searching examination of seven or eight hours in relation to the subjected to a searching examination of seven or eight hours in relation to the condition of affairs in Alabama. The desired has a delegate in Congress, he has a delegate in Congres, he has a delegate in Congress, he has a delegate in Congres, he has a delegate in Congress, he has

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.

LETTER FROM CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE TO following letter was received by

ture resolution: WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1871.-My

of the democratic party to its ancient platform of progress and reform. I know you too well to doubt your courage or your fidelity to your connections.

Very truly yours,

S. P. CHASE.

Hon. C. L. Vallandigham. In closing an article on the result

"The significant part of this somewhat curious condition of affairs is, that it has been produced by a Legislature which contains a clear working majority of men who voted twice for Mr. Lincoln for President, and for Gen. Grant in 1868; who supported the Republican party in eyery election until the Administration rejected reformers like Mr. Welles and Secretary Cox. attempted Welles and Secretary Cox, attempted Welles and Secretary Cox, attempted to force the Sun Domingo scheme upon the party, and demanded the removal of Mr. Sumner to make way for a politician like Cameron, as leader of the Senate. The independent voters of New Hampshire have given the political speculators notice that they will support the Republican party only so long port the Republican party only so long as it is the party of reform and of hon-

esty.' DEMOCRATS, ORGANIZE!-We cannot commence too soon the thorough and complete organization of the Democratic party. If we desire victory to perch ipon our banners in October, we must e in earnest and work with a will, Heretofore, the work of re-organization nas been usually put off until after the August court, which is almost the last noment, and in some instances such organization was incomplete. Let us pegin the work at once, so that we can safely calculate upon bringing our full strength into the field. With men like McCandless and Cooper as our candidates for State officers, we should work jority of at least twelve hundred.

Since Greeley gave the word, the carpet-baggers are catching it everywhere, as the prime cause of all the troubles and dissensions at the South. The New York Mail says:

"Mr. Greeley only echoes the senti-ment of all sensible Northern people in his denunciations of the 'carpet-baggers' who have crept into power in some parts of the South. There is no more despicable

INSUFFERABLE.

Yes, that is just the word to express Yes, that is just the word to express the sentiment, for it is insufferable to old-time, honest and unselfish Republi-cans, to be told that unless they are wilting to swallow Grant—Santo Domingo, nepotism, presents and all, at one "loyal" gulp,—they are no longer true to the great principles of the party, but backsliders, to be ranked with the Democratical states are section is ic enemy. Already the test question is being forced upon individual members of of the Republican party, "Are you in favor of Grant's re-nomination?" and if the person asked does not respond "yes," with the most unreckoning alacrity, he

is spotted as uncertain and marked down in the list to draw a blank in the next antional distribution of spoils. The intention is not to allow a fair and unobstructed expression of opinion in the matter, but to dragoon the Republican matter, but to dragoon the Republican party into re-nominating Grant, whether the majority want him or not, or whether even his re-nomination would be a matter of policy. Simon Cameron, one of the most unprincipled political scoundrels that ever corrupted and threatened a Republic, has charge of the game in this State, and is pushing it by every dirty appliance known to his unclean hands. When a man of such an infamous record and rascally principles is mous record and rascally principles is the prominent endorser of a candidate, and is accepted before the nation as that candidate's and President's chief and closet companion, honest Republicans will hesitate to confirm the nomination and have a right to regard efforts to force them to do so as parts of a great scheme

of plunder. -The above is from the Cosmopolite an influential Republican journal. The rottenness of that party must be very great when one of its chief organs is compelled to speak out thus plainly.

The Funeral of Hon. C. L. Vallandighan

DAYTON, June 20.—The funeral of Hon. C. L. Vallandigham took place at 2 P. M., to day and was largely attended.—There were fully 5,000 strangers present. and the procession was nearly two miles long. Rev. E. P. Wright, of the Episcopal courch officiated. There was no extemporaneous service whatever, it having been decided on account of the critical condition of Mrs. Vallandigham, critical condition of Mrs. Vallandigham, to postpone the sermon until some future day. Her condition excites the most serious apprehension of her friends. She has not spoken an intelligible word to day, and sits in apparent mute insensibility. When taken to the room for a farewell look at her dead husband, she seemed bewildered, and suddenly began screaming in a heart-rending manner, and had to be carried from the room. The Masonic Order burial service was The Masonic Order burial service was erformed at the grave.

The Harrisburg Patriot says \$993 is the handsome figure in the appropriation bill "for painting old and new cases in the library." Here is a sum large enough to paint the whole capitol inside and outside. But it may be that this amount is not for daubing on vulgar lead and oil. Perhaps the walls of the library are to be adorned with some of the works of the modern Italian masters. Who knows but the great ROTHERMEL has been invited to execute a grand historical painting for

the library? \$993. Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, has been re-nominated for the State Senate by the Democracy of the Twenty-third Senatorial district, peace in the South. A few days ago | composing the counties of Clearfield, Cameron, Clarion, Forest and Elk .-

fearless and popular Democratic leader. UTAH as a Territory has no voice in

which he declares that he was grossly misrepresented by the Northern reporters at Atlanta. He says he did not counsel resistance to the amendments, but expressed a willingness to wait for a returning sense of justice at the North the late M1. Vallandigham a few days for relief. He expressly disavows any after the promulgation of his new depar- design to advise disloyalty to the gov-

ernment. THE Radical press in this State, in stead of defending their cause and their candidates, appear lost in speculations as to the effect of the "new departure" of the Democracy upon political affairs.

Dew Abdertisements.

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Cough, Bronentes, Astima, that Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the condience of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary compilaints. Through a long scries of years, and among most of the races of men it has tiening secome better known as the standard of the races of men it has tien in green to be the remediate of the standard of the langs and through the races of the constant of the langs and through the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the lungs and the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Oroup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and included as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought in curable, still great numbers of cases where the disease, seemed satiled, have been alwered to the content of the c

Ayer's Ague Cure, For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bitious Fever, de., and indeed all the affections which arise from materious, marsh, or miasmatic

which arise from matarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Curre, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, end we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgements we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily. For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, simulating the Liver into beatthy netivity. For Billious Disorders and Liver complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing the liver into a maximum truly realized progress by Dr. J. C. AVER & Co. Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold around the world.

PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. Sold by all Druggists Everywhere. J. B. HAVERSTICK, Agent, Carlisle, Pa.

STRAY SHEEP,-A flock of 18 sheep, consist

Dew Abdertisements.

 $\widetilde{G}^{\text{ood, NEWs!}}$ 

Central

w is the time to save money by calling at t

GOODS STORE.

DRESS GOOD'S,

at greatly reduced price

For great bargains in HERNANNIES Call at the Centre For very cheap GRENADINES,

For good LAWNS, at 1214 cents, Call at the Centra For JAPANESE POPLINS, selling at 25 cents, worth 35 cents. Call at the Central.

For very good DRES 3 GINGHAMS, at 25 cents, For FRENCH CHINTZES, Call at the Central. For all kinds of DRESS GOODS, at low rates,

or good WHITE PIQUES at 25 cents. or splended PIQUES at 35 cents, Call at the Central.

for all kinds of WHITE DRESS GOODS. For PONGEE and SILK PARASOLS, Call at the Centra

For a beautiful LACE POINT, Call at the Central For all kinds of WORKING TRIMMINGS

OIL CLOTHS,

ANY QUANTITY OF WOOL WANTED

Call at the Centra Carpets! Carpets!

For handsome DRESS LINENS.

all widths, MATTINGS, all widths. WINDOW SHADES, &c.

LEIDIOH & MILLER. 8 o'Clock. June 29, 1871-4t A MONTH.—Expenses paid 10 — Male or Female Agents—Horse and outfit furnished. Address, Saco Novelty Co. Saco, Me. June 29, 1871—it

> TREE TO BOOK AGENTS.—We will send a handsome Prospectus of our willustrated Family Bible containing over agent, free of charge, Address NATIONAL PUB. CO., Philadelphia, Pa. June 29, 1871—4w

THIS IS NO HUMBUG.—By send ing 25 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and hair you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife with name and date of marriage, Address W, FOX. P. O. Drawer No. 24 Fultouville N. Y. June 29, 1871—4t

THEA-NECTAR is a pure Black Tea, with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co. 8 Church street, New York, P. O. Box, 5509. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. June 29, 1871—it

AUNIN PSychomancy Word is derived from the Greek, signifying the power of the soul, spirit or mind, and is the basis of all human knowledge. Psychomancy is the title of a new work of 400 pages, by Herberr Hamiston, B. A., giving fall instructions in the science of Soul Charming and Psychologic Fascination; how to exert this wonderful power over men or animals instantaneously, at will. It teaches Mesmerism, how to become Trance Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c. This is the only book in the English language professing to teach this occult power, and 'is of immense advantage to the Merchant in selling goods, the Chyer in adulting the confidence of Lovers, in securing the affections of the english executed the confidence of Lovers, in securing the affections of the english executed works, Perfamery, Jewelry, &c., who will receive samples free. Address T. W. Evans, Publisher and Perfumer, it South 8th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature for the incorporation of a Bank of Deposit and Discount, to be located at Carlisle, Cumberland County, Pa., to be called the Peoples' Savlings Bank, with a Capital of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, with the privilege of increasing it to one hundred thousand dollars, June 29, 1571—6m

OOR SALE A TRACT OF LAND PUR SALIE A TRACT OF LAND
situate on the canal and River, in Liverpool
awashin, Perry county, containing THREE
HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES, more or less,
aving thereon erected a two story brick doulet DWELLING HOUSE, elegantly finished,
large two-story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
and a very fine frame BANK BARN, 102x0 feet,
the above tract can be readily divided into sevral farms, which will be sold together or sepaate, to suit purchasers.

y cleared.
Also, a tract of land on the canal and river, in suffalo township, in the same county, containing ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACKES, more or less, about the half being cleared, having hereon erected two log houses and a log stable. Also, a lot of ground in the borough of Liver-bock, being 50x50 feet, lying between the river and ennal, and having thereon erected a WARE-HOUSE. pocl, being 50x50 feet, lying between the river and canal, and having thereon erected a WARE-HOUSE.
All to be sold on very favorable terms and time given to suit the purchaser.
The above properties will be offered at private sale until OCTOBER 26, 1871, and if not sold before that time will be sold at public sale on that day in Liverpool, when and where the terms will be made known.
Apply to H. G. MOSER, Mechanicsburg, or to J. M'CORMIOK, Jr., Harrisburg.
Je 28-wtf

TARLISLE SPRINGS. The grounds at the Spring have been put in good order, and are free to all plo-nics or parties who wish to use them.

The Spring and the bathing rooms are in good The spring ..... Stabling for twenty-five horses, WILLIAM STIZEL,
Proprieto une 29, '71—8t.

CHOOL TAX FOR 1871. The Duplicate of School Taxes for the presenter has been issued by the School Directors of Borough of Carlisle, and delivered to the b Borough of Carlings, easiers of casurer for collection. Notice is therefore hereby given to the taxaete citizens of said School District, that the casurer will attend at the County Court House, ommissioners' office) on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, August 30 and 31, next, between the hours of nine and five o'clock on said days, for the purpose of receiving the said taxes, and up to said dates taxes may be paid at the office of the Treasurer, No. 23 "Market Mall" building, West Main street.

On all taxes paid on or before the above dates a deduction of

FIVE PER CENT. will be made for prompt payment, after which lime a warrant will be issued, enforcing the collection of all such taxes as remain unpaid. J. W. EBY, Trans. June 22, 1871-11W

Railroads.

READING RAIL ROAD, SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Monday May 15th, 1871. Great Trunk line from the North and North west for Philadelphia, New York, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, Asiland, Shamolkin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Littz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 240, 810, A. M., and 2 00 P. M., conceting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10 65, A. M., 3 50, and 9 30 P. M., respectively,—Sleeping Cars accompany the 2 40 A. M., train without change.

A. M., o o., are company the 2 40 A. A., train without change at 20 Returning: Leave New York at 9 00 A. M., 12 30 noon and 5 00 P. M., Philadelphia at 7 30, 83 A. M. and 3 30 P. M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 5 00 P. M. trains from New York, without 80 noon and 5 00 P. M., Philadelphia at 7 30, 8 30, A. M. and 3 30 P. M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 5 00 P. M. trains from New York, without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland. Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M.—200, and 4 65 P. M., stopping at Lebannon and principal way stations; the 465 P. M. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia of Philadelphia, Pottsville and Roman and New York at 432, 1030 A. M., 405 P. M. Returning, leave New York at 900 A. M., 405 P. M. Returning, leave New York at 900 A. M., 12 25 noon, 2 16 4 25 and 8 35 P. M.

Way passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7. 30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Raliroad, returning from Reading at 620, P. M., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 900 A. M., and 230 P. M., Herndon at 10 00 A. M., Shamokin at 6 40 and 11 15 A. M. Ashland at 7 05 A. M. and 12 9 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., for Philadelphia, New York, itending, Harrisburg, and 11 10 A. M., Shamokin at 6 40 and 11 16 A. M. Ashland at 7 05 A. M., and 12 9 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 210 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 10 P. M., Tamaqua at 8 35 A. M., and 8 0 P. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 10 20 A. M., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 6 15 P. M., possing Reading at 7 30 A. M., arriving at Pottsville at 5 90 A. M., arriving at Pottsville at 5 90 A. M., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 6 15 P. M., possing Reading at 7 30 A. M., and 6 15 P. M., or Ephrata, Littz, Lancas ter, Columbia Raliroad trains leave Perktomes Junction at 717, 9 05

P. M. for Philadelphia. Commutation, Milenge, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from a points at re-luced rates. Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed ach Passonger.

RATL ROAD! Winter Arrangement.

EASTWARD:

A. M. Shippensourg 0.29, NewVine at Harrisburg 7.30 A. M. Green-castle 9.00 Chambersburg 9.48 Shippensburg 10.22 Arriving at Harrisburg 10.20, NewVille 10.55, Carlisle 11.29, Mechanicsburg 12.25, arriving at Harrisburg 12.37 P. M. Express Train leaves Hagerstown 12.00 M. Greencastle 12.28. Chambersburg 1.5, Shippensurg 1.37, NewVille 2.10, Carlisle 2.50, Mechanicsburg 1.8, arriving at Harrisburg 5.50 P. M. A Mized Train leaves Hagerstown 2.20, P. M. Greencastle 4.27, arriving at Chambersburg 5.39 P. M. P. M.

. O. N. LULL;

RAILROAD! OF GENERAL SUPERINTEN CARLISLE, PA., Sept. 14, CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Sep. 22, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE MIRAMAR IRON CO'S R. R. Newville, Pa., June 13, 1871. An election for nine (9) Directors will be held and such other business transacted as may be presented.

ASBURY DERLAND, Secretary. June 15, 1871-8t REDUCTION OF PRICES. TO CONFORM TO

Send for our New Price List and a club form rill accom pany it, containing full directions asking a large saving to consumers and re-amerative to club organizers. The Great American Tea Co., 81 and 33 VESEY ST., NEW YORK, June 15, 1871—4w P. O. Box 5618.

est improvement, made of fron and steel, with encased gearing and best workmanship. For lightness of draft, simplicity, strongthof fectiveness and cheapness, not equalled by any machine in the market. Farmers are region to call and see it at the Farm Machine Works of F. GARDNER & CO., Carliste. Also on hand the celebrated Collins Steel Plow, which will not stick in any soil. Price \$21, May 18, 71—6t

ger Trains will run dally as follows, (Sundayaex-cepted).

WESTWĀRD

Accommodation Train leaves Harrisburg 8.00 A.
M., Mcchanicsburg 8.35, Carlisleb.11, Newvilleb.48,
Shippensburg 10.22, Chamborsburg-10.43, Green-castle 11.16, arriving at Hagerstown 11.45 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Harrisburg 1.55 P. M., Mechanicsburg 2.27, Carlisle 2.58, Newville 3.32, Shippensburg 4.02, Chambersburg 4.55, Green-castle
5.11, arriving at Hagerstown 5.40 P. M.

Express Train leaves Harrisburg 4.50 P. M., Mechanicsburg 5.02, Carlisle 5.32, Newville 6.05, Shippensburg 6.33, arriving at Chambersburg at 7.00

P. M.

A Mixed Train leaves Chamborsburg 7,45 A. M.,
Greencastle 9.00, arriving at Hagerstown 10,05 A.

M.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE Chamb'g., Pa., Nov. 21, '70. Dec 1 187

On and after September 19th, trains will leave arlise at 633 A. M. for Pine Grove; 2.50 P. M., or Huntar's Run

June 22, 1871—3t

OTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the 18th day of lune, A. D. 1871, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Miller T. Walker, of Newton township, in the County of Cumberland, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and. the transfer of any property light, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove the debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the said Bankrupt, to prove the seatet, will be held at a Court of Bankrupto; in be holden at his office, in the Court House, in Carlisle, Cumberland county, Fan, before Cha. A. Barnett, Esq., Register, of the 12th day of Juny, A. D. 1871, at 2 o'clock, F. M. GREGGRY, United States Marshal, as Messenger.

June 22, 1871—8t

VALUARLE FARM FOR SALE.

all under fence and cultivation. The improvements are a good Stone Mansion House, Stone Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed, a very superior apple Orchard, and other Fruit Trees. There is a well of never-failing water convenient to the dwelling, and Trindle Bring rus through a portion of the property. Stock can be watered in all the fields. This is one of the good farms of old Sliver Spring, is in excellent condition in every respect, and is celebrated as a For terms, &c., call on the proprietor, residing on the premises.

ISAAC BRENIZER.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed, on the estate of Christopher Mellinger, late of Nowton township, Cube and county deed, have been granted to the undersigned residing in same township claim and the county of the count

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at Newville, Pa., Monday, July 3, 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

RED UCTION OF DUTLES Great Saving to Consumers BY GETTING UP CLUBS.

THE SPRAGUE MOWER! The lat-

Call at the Central.

M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
Chester valley Railroad trains leave Bridgeport \$\psi \$1830 \text{ A. M.}\_1.205 \text{ and } 532 \text{ P. M.}\_1, returning, leave Downingtown at \$\psi 40 \text{ A. M.}\_1.12 45 \text{ noon, and } 52 \text{ P. M.}\_2, connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
On Sundays: leave New York at \$\psi 00 \text{ P. M.}\_1, (the \$800 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ at 5 noon, and } \$800 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ at 7 noon, and } \$800 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ at 7 noon, and } \$800 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ train running only to Reading, leave Pottsville at \$800 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ harrisburg at \$2.40 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ and } \$850 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ and } \$850 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ and } \$850 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ or Now York, at } \$720 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ for Now York, at } \$720 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ for Alientown and } \$940 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ and } \$150 \text{ P. M.}\_1 \text{ for Alientown and } \$940 \text{ A. M.}\_1 \text{ and } \$150 \text{ P. M.}\_2 \text{ conmutation.}\_1 \text{ Milenge.}\_2 \text{ Season.}\_1 \text{ School and } \$150 \text{ and } \$150 \text{ A. M.}\_2 \text{ and } \$150 \te Call at the Central.

. M. A. Making close connections at Harrisburg itin trains to and from Philadelphia, New York, altimore, Washington, Pittsburg, and all points

South Mountain Iron cos

RETURNING. Leave Pine Grove at 9.00 A. M.; Hunter's Run at 1.00 P. M.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNIPennsylvania, in Bankruptey. In the matter of
Jacob Bixler, a Bankruptey. In the matter of
Jacob Bixler, a Bankruptey. In the matter of
Pennsylvania, ss. A warrant in Bankruptey
of Jacob Bixler, of the County of Cumberland,
and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, who
has been delly adjudged Bankrupt upon petition
of his creditors, and the payment of our debts
and the delivery of any propents been ging to
said Bankrupt to him of to his been fall the
transfer of any proper by creditors are forbidden
by law. A meeting of the reditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debt and thoose one or more
Assignees of his ession, will be held at a Court of
Bankruptey, to be a bolden at Carlisle, in said
district, on, M., at the office of Chas, A. Barnet,
but the Court House, one of the Registers in
Bankruptey of said district.

U. S. Marshallef said district.

TOURGE IN BANKRUPPCY—(Phis

The subscriber offers his farm, situated in Silver Spring township, about half a mile from the Hoguestown road, at private sale. This farm contains 90 ACRES OF LIMESTONE LAND,

ISAAC BRENIZER.

J. E. Wootten, Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'ry. GUMBERLAND VALLEY CHANGE OF HOURS