American Volunteer.

Local Items.

A WEEK IN THE MOUNTAINS.—At the business meeting of the Editorial Association of Pennsylvania, in January last. it was determined to try the experiment of a Summer meeting and an excursion. Williamsport was named as the place, and Wednesday, June 14th, fixed as the

One of the most delightful rides in the country is that along the winding banks. he Susanehanna -- ' the long crooked orgiver" as its Indian name signifies. It as in the afternoon, and the sun rode in triumph over the forest-crowned bluffs on the western side of the river. Occasionally a threatening cloud throw a sombre shade over the landscape, and then again the sunlight fell in slanting beams upon ther water at our feet, and made each wavelet sparkle as if it held a lewel in its crest. The water in the river was low, and the fresh green islands, which sprang up out of the river-bed added to the charming beauty of the scene We were soon satisfied that the excursion would be a success in point of numbers. for editors with their wives and daughters got aboard the train at almost every rail way station.

When we reached Williamsport, acations were readily secured at the Herdic House, one of the handsomest most conveniently arranged and best regulated hotels in the United States. It is beautifully located in the midst of a grove of forest trees—half way between the green hills and the river—and within fifty vards of the railway station, where admirable regulations for the safety and convenience of travelers are carried out with military precision. The present proprietors of the Herdic House, Messrs. Schoffeld and Barry, formerly of the Continental Hotel in Philadelphia, by their excellent management, courteous demeanorand kindly attention to the wants of guests, will undoubtedly increase the popularity of the Herdie House, already so favorably known throughout the country.

On Wednesday morning, that public spirited and affable gentleman. Peter Herdic, Esq., to whom Williamsport owes so great a share of its prosperity, tendered the excursionists a boat ride on the river We were conveyed from the Herdic House to the river in carriages, and there embarked on three small steam boats. Mr. and Mrs. Herdic joined the excursion, and took great pleasure in designating points of interest and beauty along the route. Of course we saw the boom," for it is a statutory offense in Williamsport to leave the city withou paying your respects to the "boom." To understand what "the boom" is, a few words of explanation are necessary. During the Summer and Fall the lum. bermen in the hills of northern Pennsylvania and New York cut the timber, and as soon as snow, falls in sufficient quantity, they clear away the underbrush and stumps, and make a "slide" by which they slide the lumber down from the hillsides to the mountain water courses. There the logs are branded with the registered proprietary mark of their respective owners, and when the spring freshets come they are cast into these mountain streams, and find their way to the Susquehanna, and thence float down the stream to Williamsport where they are safely lodged in the boom The boom consists of a series of stone and log piers, running nearly parallel with the western bank of the river for two or three miles, and then across to the eastern bank, with a moveable "draw" for the passage of boats. Between the piers are huge logs, fastened together with iron clamps, and held in their places by heavy iron chains, fastened to the piers, and long enough to permit the logs d fall with the water level. Beneath the wooden framework are long iron hooks which prevent the logs from ducking" under, when they are caught in their course down the stream. The logs aretaken out of the lower end of the boom by men employed for the purpose, and all the lumber bearing the same mark is rafted together by ropes passed through iron staples driven into the logs at either end: and these temporary rafts are then towed to a lifting mill, where the logs are taken out of the water on iron cars, up an inclined plain, and carried to the ponds where they belong. There they lie until they are needed, and then they are hauled up by a similar iron car, thrown on to a "gang" running from half a dozen to a dozen parallel saws, and in passing through the mill once the tree is sawed into a pile of boards. Some of these mills saw two hundred and fifty thousand feet of lumber every twelve thours, and there are so many of them that they extend up and down the river a distance of five or six miles. Williamsport has become the great lumber mart of Pennsylvania, and its hundreds of handsome private residences attest that the traffic is a profitable one.

At four o'clock in the afternoon the association met in Elliott's Academy of Music. one of the neatest little opera houses in the State. An address of welcome was delivered by the mayor of the city, who tendered the members of the association a cordial invitation to attend a public reception at his house, in company with the Medical Association of Pennsylvania, which was likewise in session at Williamsport. The address of welcome was responded to by the president of the Association. Henry G. Smith. Esq., of the Lancaster Intelligencer, who subsequently called the convention to order in a few neat and appropriate remarks. An interesting address on "Newspapers," evincing considerable research, and containing much valuable information concerning the history of newspaper printing, was then delivered by J. L. Ringwalt, Esq., of the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph; and a poem written by Mr. Williamson, who was unavoidably absent, was read by Eugene Mundy, of the Proof Sheet.

The event of the day was the grand banquet at the Herdic House in the evening: The guests-to the number of a hundred and sixty ladies and gentlemen assembled in the spacious parlors of the hotel, and shortly after eight o'clock proceeded to the dining-room. After the bountiful repast had been thoroughly discussed, the tables were cleared, and the following toasts were proposed and responded to

The State of Pennsylvania." Resnon ded to by W. P. Furey, of the Mauch Chunk Times. "The City of Williamsport." E. W. Capron, Williamsport Gazette and Bulle-

"The Press of Pennsylvania." Hon. H. S. Evans, West Chester Village Rec ord.
"Our mining and Petroleum Interests." "Our mining and Petroleum Interests."
Jacob Ziegler, Esq., Butler Heratd.
"Our Guests." Judge David Naar,
Trenton, N. J., True American.
"The Raitroad and Commercial Interests of the State." Wm. Kennedy, Carllale Volunteer.
"Woman." Maj. Z. K. Pangborn,
Jersey City, N. J., Journal.

"Newspaper Reporters." T. M. Cole-man, Philadelphia *Ledger*. "Our Association." Henry T. Dar-

"Our Association." Henry lington, Bucks county Intellige After the dinner a dance was inaugurated in the ball room of the hotel, which was participated in by the excursionists and a number of ladies and gentlemen of Williamsport.

Shortly after seven o'clock, on Thursday morning, the excursion train started for Watkins, a hundred miles north. For miles we pass through a rugged mountain country which would possess but few attractions for our Cumberland Valley farmers. Twenty miles north of Elmira, at the head of Seneca Lake, is the town of Watkins-a thriving borough of three thousand inhabitants. Passing through the main street of the village, and turning to the right where a bridge crosses mountain stream, we come suddenly to the entrance of Watkins Glen—one of the greatest natural curiosities in Amerca. The first impression made upon our minds was that it was entirely different rom what we expected and from anyhing we had ever seen before. We had een walking along the level street, and sudden turn brought us face to face with frowning battlement of rock several hundred feet high-through which there was a narrow opening, spanned by a rustic stairway and bridge. We had looked in our Webster and found that a glen was a depression or space between the hills, but this gave us no idea what to expect at Watkins Glen. It is as if a vast bill, varying in height from a hundred and fifty to three or four hundred feet.

had been rent asunder by some convulsion of nature, and the solid walls of rock separated from each other a distance varying from thirty to a hundred feet --This gorge extends through the hill a distance of five miles, not in a straight line, but in all sorts of varying curves and angles, presenting a succession of constantly changing scenes which bevilder the mind by their wild beauty and striking contrasts. The walls on either side sometimes rise perpendiculary, again slope backwards, and again alost meet overhead. Throughout the entire length of the gien there flows a noisy little stream—so clear that a small earl shirt-button can be seen at the epth of five or six feet, in the basins the water has worn for itself out of the solid rock. At every step this stream presents me new attraction -- now leaping over the rocks and breaking into feathery foam—now plunging into a stone funnel and almost disappearing from view. to emerge again, far below, fretted and fuming from the obstructions in its pathway-ever and anon whirling around n stone basins—or spreading out into a proad, smooth surface, as in the Glen Cathedral, and flowing on without a murmur. Then there are half a dozen other little springs, dashing down from the mountain top, and taking all sorts of fantastic shapes. After you get fairly into the gien, and are cut off from the outer world, with nothing familiar in view except the little strip of blue sky above your head, the feeling which takes ssion of your mind is not so much that of admiration as of dread. At the entrance to Glen Alpha nature seems to have tried to make herself hideous and

unnatural. You feel as if you were in the presence of some monstrous deformity never intended for mortal eyes. The very insecurity of your pathway lends the charm of adventure to the tollsome clambering up the glen. Now you pass along a shelving rock, where a slip of the foot would land you on the rocks or in the water thirty feet below-now you cross a rustic bridge which sways to and fro to your footsteps—now you climb up the face of the rock with the aid of iron

strange to say there have been no serious and store of Adam Dysert, on East Louaccidents. One of our party fell into the ther street, and stole therefrom three stream, and got a good wetting, but suffered no further damage. Looking up towards the clouds, at the end of Glen Alpha, you see the Glen Mountain House, perched like a bird box among the trees, hundreds of feet overhead; and after a ten minutes climb up a dizzy stairway, you reach the hotel, at

braces to cling to with the hands, and

the top of the mountain. Here the excursionists partook of a bountiful dinner provided by E. B. Parsons, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Glen, under the direction of Joshua Jones, the superintendent of the Mountain House-and washed down the solids with some delic ious sparkling champagne, manufactured by the Pleasant Valley Wine Company, which is one of the largest grape grow ing companies in the United States, one of its vineyards alone covering six thou sand acres.

After leaving the Mountain House you pass along above Glen Obscura, which is well named, for as you gaze down into its depths you see nothing but the blackness of darkness. Then you emerge into Glen Cathedral, the walls of which circle around, on either side, with great regularity, to the height of one hundred and thirty or one hundred and fifty feet, and are surmounted by a few scattered pine trees, which from below look like so many gothic spires. The surface over which you walk is paved by nature) with large slate flags, laid as level as a church floor. At the farther end the stream comes dancing down, and takes to itself the shape of an altar. Here all is quiet and solemn, like the ruins of some grand old cathedral, and even the running water is bushed to silence.

Then came a scene which impressed up more forcibly than any other in the glen. A little mountain stream, dropping from somewhere near the skies, after making several plunges in the hills above, final ly dashes over a shelving rock, a perfect cascade of spray. We passed under this shelving rock, and just at four o'clock the sun peeped down the ravine, through opening in the overhanging a narrow cliffs, and at our feet a gorgeous rainboy spanned the chasm and lighted it up into marvelous beauty. Never in nature or in art have we seen such a wondrous transformation. Surely this is some fairy dell, and these are mischievous elves, with a glorious halo around them sprinkling each other with flashing dia

monds, and laughing and shouting with irrepressible glee. The dripping water falls upon your head and shoulders, and splashes you to the knees, the blinding spray dashes into your face, but no one is likely to move until the cry comes:-"Move on there—others want to see as well as yourself." A wealthy gentleman of New York, who visited the glen last summer, was so enraptured with the rainbow falls that he has employed a prominent artist to paint the scene for James Dunyan, and when Dunyan came, him, for ten thousand dollars. We saw ran him out. Gaesht was arrested by the artist at his work, and if he succeeds in transferring the view to canvas, he will do more than any artist has ever done

before. There are other scenes of rare beauty in the glen, but we must return to the hotel, for a ride on the lake has been tendered the excursionists, and we would and cleared the establishment. He was not miss it for anything. Passing from arrested by Officer Sanno and committed the mountain House up Lake View Av- to prison.

enue to the summit of the hill, we reach ect Point, and hundreds of feet beneath us lies a panoramic view of surassing loveliness. The blue waters o eneca lake, bordered with green forests, tretch away as far as the eye can reach. The houses in the village are almost hid den in the foliage, while around us are nandsome and costly monuments to departed worth. The ride on the lake was success, though the evening was uncomfortably cold. The people of Watkins entertained the excursionists with princely hospitality. A committee of reception was appointed, hotels and private resilences were thrown open, carriages were furnished for those who wished to ride, and every thing was freely and generous ly tendered. We met one gentleman who was terribly distressed because he had been in Watkins all day, and hadn't suc-. ceeded in spending ten cents. The two best hotels in the village are the Fall. Brook House and the Jefferson House.-We left Watkins feeling that our time had been too short to do the Glen justice. Description is utterly inadequate to portray its wonders, and if our readers want to know what it looks like, they must go themselves, and make arrangements to stay a week when they are there. In doing so they will not find themselves alone, for over twenty-five thousand persons visited the Glen last season, and he number will doubtless be doubled

during the present summer. As Watkins was filled to overflowing. was found necessary to send ten couples to Elmira to pass the night. Being one of the party, we put up at the Rathbun house, and were handsomly entertained. The gentlemanly proprietor, Mr. H. S. Wadsworth, took us out driving to Eldridge Park, and through the principal streets. The park contains a natura lake and a number of handsome pieces of statuary. The city lies in a basin four or five miles wide, surrounded by wooded hills. Towards noon we were picked up by the excursion train, and proceeded to Minnequa Springs, in Bradford county, where dinner was awaiting us and our 'Sawbones' friends, who had come up on an excursion from Williamsport that morning. The waters at Minnequa are said to possess wonderful curative propperties, and the location is in the mountains, where the thermometer generally ranges about ten degrees lower than at Williamsport. In fact we found it uncomfortably cold in the open air; but a dence was inaugurated in the evening which warmed the party up, and they "tripped the light fantastic" until the train arrived at twelve o'clock, which carried a large portion of the party off to their homes and ended the excursion:-Messrs. Schofield & Barry, of the Herdic House, are the lessees of Minneaua. We left Minnequa at half past seven on Saturday morning, and reached Carlisle at three in the afternoon, satisfied that the irst summer meeting of the Pennsylva nia Editorial Association was a grand uccess—thanks to the indefatigable efforts and admirable executive tact of the Secretary of the Association, R. S. Menamin, of the Philadelphia Printers Circular, who was the originator of the project, and deserves the entire credit of

its successful execution. We desire to make public acknowledgment of the kindness of George J. Ball, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, and A. R. Fiske, Superintendent of the Northern Central Railway, who issued the general excursion tickets, and arranged the running of the trains to suit the convenience of the excursionists; and also Col. O. N. Lull, for excursion tickets over the Cumberland Valley Road.

ROBBERIES.-On Wednesday night footsteps chiseled in the stone. But last, some person broke into the dwelling pair of boots, a pocket book containing three or four dollars, and a shawl. The robbery was not discovered until the next morning, and of course the thief escaped

> On Sunday night, as one of the young ladies in attendance at the Mary Institute, was about to retire, and had turned out the gas, she discovered a man sitting on a ledge beneath the window, and at once gave the alarm. The man jumped down and rau down through the yard, leaving behind in his baste his boots and coat, which he had taken off before climbing up the trellis work which led to the second story. On the Saturday previous, the young lady alluded to received a check from home, and was on the way to bank to get it cashed, when she met one of our merchants, with whom she was accustomed to deal, and who was also on the way to bank. He told her she needn't go to the bank, and taking his bank book paid her sixty or seventy dollars, the amount of the check, while standing on the sidewalk. She thereupon returned to the seminary went to her room, where she could readily have been seen from the street, and locked the money up, and the individual whose plans were frustrated, was doubtless some one who had witnessed the

transaction referred to. On Thursday night last, some one entered the house of Capt. John Wallace. in Newvile, and stole therefrom a pocket book containing over \$220-two one hundred dollar bills, two ten dollar bills, and some small notes. These were taken from Mr. Wallace's pantaloons pocket, in his sleeping room. The robbers then went to the sitting room, where they obtained a watch and a shawl.

On the same night, burglars entered the house of Dr. Brim, in Newville, and stole the Doctor's best coat and a pocket next merning.

POLICE ITEMS .- A dozen fine chickens were stolen from the coop of Andrew B. Zeigler, corner of Louther and Bedford streets, one night last week. A lot of "Bossy" Wetzel's chickens were stolen from his farm, in North Mid-

dleton township, last week. Ann Cooper, (colored) was arrested by Constable Sanno, and committed for stealing four or five dollars from Lizzie Humes.

. Fanny and Mary Hopp were arrested by Officer Sanno, for assault on John Heckman with a butcher knife. John Boney was committed for disor

derly conduct. A German named Gaesht took posses sion of the stable in the occupancy of Constable canno and committed to pris-

Jack Scott (colored), was arrested, las Friday, for threatening to kill a man named Reed with a butcher knife. A man named Mitchell, who works at Smeltzs' Coach Factory, got on a rampage

Drownen.-About two o'clock on last Thursday afternoon, as A. D. Repman, of New Cumberland, was returning from his abors, at the Baldwin Steel Works, he liscovered the body of a man lying in the river, in close proximity to the western bank of Hine's Island. He called on Mr. Hine, who was at work close by, for assistance, and the two proceeded to remove the body from the water, discovering at a glance that the unfortunate individual was Harry Powell, of New Cumberland. The sad news was immediately communicated to his friends in that place, who hastened at once to the scene of the accident. Dr. J. W. Roop made every possible effort to restore auimation, but the vital spark had fled, and no human agency could call it back. The deceased was for many years afflicted with epilepsy, contracted in early life from an attack of scarlet fever, in its most malignant form. As he had left his. home, a few hours before, to fish in the river, it is supposed he had a fit and fell into the water. He was an exemplary Christian and a good citizen.

THERE seems now to be no doubt that the railroad from Shiremanstown to Dillsourg will be built. At a meeting of the Miramar Railroad Company, at Newville, t was resolved "That the Miramar Iron Company will first complete and put in running condition their road from some point east of Shiremanstown, via Millown to Dillsburg. Provided, that the subscription of \$60,000 from Dillsburg and vicinity, and the subscription of \$20,000 from Milltown and vicinity, are guaranteed to the company."

BENEFITS AND IMPORTANCE OF LIFE NSURANCE.—The importance of securing policy of life insurance to a man who ishes to make some certain provision for his widow, or family, in the event of his death, can hardly be over-estimated. In these days of business fluctuations, the rich man of to-day is often the poor man of to-morrow. To insure one's life, then, is the highest exercise of worldly wisdom. Illustrations are often better than arguments. Let the following card, then, speak in favor of the "Charter Oak," represented here by their energetic and gentlemanly agent. J. C. Stock: Received of J. C. Sidgk, agent of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, the sum of 55.000. In full payment of Policy No. 19,104, issued by said company on the life of A. K. Rheem, now de-

Trustee of Ellen D. Rheem.

Carlisle, June 15, 1871. THE MARY INSTITUTE .- The annual public examinations of this school will be eld in Marion Hall, during the forencor of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 21st, 22d and 23d inst. The musical soiree will he on Monday evening, the 26th, in Good Will Hall. The commencement service will be held in St. John's church, on Tuesday evening, the 27th, at 8 o'cl'k, The address will be given by the Rev George Leeds, D. D., of Baltimore. The patrons and friends of the school are cordially invited to all the exercises.

BLIND TOM CONCERT.—The world-re owned "Blind Tom." the greatest pianist known-blind as a bat, and selftaught-will be at Rheem's Hall, on Saturday evening next. It is not necesary that we should say more concerning this truly wonderful negro boy. His reputation is familiar to all, and all vers of music will of course go to hear him. See advertisement in another col umn.

VACATION .- Friday, June 30th, will terminate the present course of sessions of our public school department. As a matter of course, the children are full of bright anticipations for the coming vacation, but perhaps not any more so than their teachers. We trust their much cherished hopes may be fully gratified. The vacation will continue for about eight weeks.

PIC-NIC AT SPORTING HILL .- A SOcial pic-nic will be held at Sporting Hill, on Tuesday afternoon and evening, July 4. to which "basket contributions are solicited." We doubt not this will be a very large gathering, and all who attend will be sure to put in a day of enjoyment. MONMOUTH COLLEGE.-We notice that our townsman, Rev. George Norcross. has been selected to deliver the Quinquennial Oration at the Alumni exercis-

es of Monmouth (III.) College Com-mencement, on the 28th inst. Mr. N. is a fluent and entertaining speaker, and we doubt not his Oration will prove a literary treat. THE senior class day exercises of Laayette College, at Easton, took place on Monday last. President Cattell preached the baccalaureate sermon on Sunday, Mr. Mills, from China, attended the missionary meeting, and Dr. Muchmore, of

Philadelphia, preached a sermon before

the Brainerd Society. On Tuesday the

Alumni meeting was held, Hon, A. K. McClure delivered the oration. On Wednesday the degrees were conferred. IN LUCK:—The Postmaster General has appointed Rev. George D. Chenowith. ormerly of this place, and recently a clerk-in the Post Office Department, Superintendent and Disbursing Clerk of the

Post Office Department, in place of F: A., Macartney. Some young ladies and gentlemen went out to the creek, on Saturday, and while taking a boat ride, the boat was upset and the entire party were spilled into the

water. Fortunately they all escaped with nothing more serious than a good." duck-HAVING AND HARVESTING .- Having

book containing \$20. Neither of the and harvesting come close together this families discovered the robberies until year, so that the labors of the farmer will be somewhat mixed, and the reapers and mowers will be cutting their way through the fields at the same time. This will make things, with our farmers, decidedly interesting. The rich and abundant charactor of the crops, however, will fully compensate him for all his tolls. Judging from the accounts we have, from every section, our grain crop will be almost unprecedented in quality and quantity; and the same may be said of everything else, with, perhaps, the exception of the grass. Potatoes are growing fast and are unusually fine, and the corn, it is said, promises well.

> DANGERS OF UNRIPE FRUIT,-Parents cannot be too careful about allowing their children to eat unripe fruit, which will soon be plenty, and which is so tempting to the little ones. And it is particularly dangerous after eating green trash to drink heartly of water. Children are all alike in this respect, and it behooves parents and those who have charge of them to exercise a great deal of firmness and judgment in regard to what the children eat during hot weather. The physicians say that much of the sickness prevalent among children is caused by the lack of judgment or care on the part of parents.

moons.

" LEAFY JUNE."-The gladdest month of the whole year, the sweet, smiling month of roses is with us. Let us rejoice. There is no other time so joyou. as this, when summer puts her gayest garments on, and with the freshness o spring not yet departed, steps forward in all the georgousness of her summer attire. If you would admire beauty, such as filis the soul with the most exquisite gladness, go forth into the country one of these bright, beautiful, June days; look at the fields covered with their soft carpets of green velyet, such as art can carcely imitate. See the forest clothed in leafy robes of unapproachable loveliness, as though Omnipotence had put forth its mightiest efforts to charm the eye and delight the senses. And then he roses, those queens of the floral kingdom, they are peculiarly fine this beautiful month. How they fill the soul with visions of beauty and load the air with heir measureles's perfume. And, as it field, forest and garden were not enough o crown their favorite month with all the gifts that beauty could bestow, the feathred denizens of the forest, the beautiful

Nature puts forth her supremest efforts to fill the world with rare beauty and sweet song, and in this glorious month man has only to open his heart and let the lovliness, the fragrance and the harmony enter there. No season of the year offers such opportunities to develop the higher and finer sentiments and sympathies of our nature, and he who can suffer this glorious season to pass without rendering thanks for existence and/all its accompa nying joys, .

and sweet-voiced birds, add their glad

music to the exquisite charms of the

"Is fit for treason, stratagem and spells." GENERAL LAWS.-Quite a number of general laws were passed by our last Le-gislature, some of which are of especial interest to citizens of almost every locality. We annex the titles of some of the most important ones :

An act to prevent changes in school cooks by school directors oftener than

books by school directors oftener than once in three years.

An act to give Courts power to grant charters to fire insurance companies.

An act to give power to the Courts of Common Pleas to authorize school directors to borrow money.

A supplement to the general railroad law authorizing any three persons who shall be stockholders to own and operate five miles of railway.

five files of railway.

An act fixing the compensation of law judges of the commonwealth for holding special courts at \$12 per day.

A supplement to the act of May 1, 1868, A supplement to the act of may 1, 1808, relative to tax on corporations, brokers and bankers. This supplement exempts loan building associations from the 15th section of said act, thereby relieving such associations from the State tax or bonus of one quarter of one per centum upon their, authorized capital stock. An act to prohibit the sale of academic

degrees.
An act relating to State roads, giving Courts power to fix their width. An act regulating the sale of real estate by executors, administrators and trustees. There were a number of others passed vithin ten days of the time of adjournment, which are still held by Governor Geary. Among them there is the act authorizing a vote of the people upon the question of calling a Convention to revise the Constitution of the State; the act providing for an amendment to the Constitution making the State Treasurer an elective officer; applying the commulative system to the election of borough

officers.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—The Gettysburg Compiler of the 9th" inst. says: We hear of a strange and painful accident, in the township of Franklin, not far from Cashtown, a few days ago. A young man of the name of Kendel, employed on their farm by Messrs . Levi & David Schwartz, was engaged, with one of his employers in cutting down a large free. Whilst reach the ground, young Kendel fell some stance upon the stump of a broken san ling, its long and rough splinters penetrating his body under the shoulder. He was so firmly impaled as to require all Mr. Schwartz's strength to relieve him. At last accounts Kendel's condition was considered critical, there being ground for the fear that the splinter had penetrated his lungs.

UNPATENTED LANDS. -Among the eneral laws passed by the last legislature and approved by the Governor, is the following, which is of importance to owners of unpatented lands. We understand that efforts were made to modify its provisions but without su ccess, from which it is very evident that it is the policy of the State to have this long unsettled business closed up as speedily as possible:

Be it enacted, &c., That the board of property shall have full and discretionary power as to the time of entering suits, and the number thereof, to be brought for the collection of liens against unpa ented lands, and the Attorney General shall proceed under the seventh section of the said act, to which this is a further supplement, when authorized to do so by the said board: Provided, That no interest shall be charged on patent or other

THOSE highly virtuous individuals who send money to the New York "Sawdust" swindlers in the hope of receiving a return of counterfeit bills, are likely to come to grief. These letters are to be retained and opened at the New York post office, and the name of the writer forwarded to the postmaster where written, and with instructions to post it conspicuously in the office with a statement of the facts. The idea is a good one, and if carried out some rich devolopments may be expected. The man who is mean enough to buy counterfeit money with the intention of passing it upon unsuspecting neighbors, s mean enough to steal his neighbor's sheep, if he thought he would not get found out, and it is right that the public should be informed of his intention

TIME FOR CUTTING WHEAT .- The best time for cutting wheat is when the grain has acquired the consistency of stiff dough, and can be kneaded between the thumb and forefinger. Grain so cut is olump and heavy. Left until it is entirey ripe, it shrinks, and there is more loss from shattering of the seed, and from proken heads. Moreover, it has been proven by repeated experiments that wheat cut before 'it is fully ripe will yield 50 per cent. more flour than the same grain will produce when dead ripe

LIGHT hay crops in the country for want of rain, but wheat is said to look well generally and promise a fair result in harvest. EISHING parties depart almost daily for

the localities where trout are to be obtained. SPRING chickens are the prevailing delicacy, and the epicures are regaling

themselves. DURING the present month we gain but eight minutes of day light.. The twentythird is the longest day, and after that the nights commence lengthening.

THE Franklin County Medical Society THE month of July is to have two full | will meet in Chambersburg, on Tuesday,

the Junior Order of American Mechanics. at a late meeting, unanimously tendered a vote of thanks to the ladies of the Reformed church, for presenting them with a handsome cake; and also, to Mrs. Wetzel, of the Franklin House, for the sub stantial collation tendered them.

NILES M. FISSEL, L'AMES AIKENS EDWARD ELFLINE, Commit

TO NEBRASKA CALIFORNIA, & KANSAS AND THE B. & M. R. R. LANDS, The "Burlington Route," so called lies righ in the path of the Star of Empire. It runs almos immediately-in the centre of the great westward ovement of emigration. Crossing Illinois an Iowa, It strikes the Missouri river at three

oints. These three points are the gateways into thre reat sections of the trans-Missouri region. The Northern gate is Omaha, where the grea Pacific road will take you to the land of gold on the south half of Nebraska, south of the Platte river, a region unsurfussed on the continent for agriculture and grazing. Just here are the B. & M. Ralirond hands, concerning which Geo. S. Harris, the land officer at Burlington. Iowa, can give you all information, and in the port of them is Lincoln, the State Capital and present terminus of the road, The Southern gate leads to Kansas, by connections with the St. Joe and Kansas City.

The trains of the Burlington run smoothly and sately, and make all connections. It runs the best of coaches, Pullman Palace and Pullman dining cars, and should you take the journey for the journey's sake alone, you will be repaid or take it to find a home or a farm, and you cannot find either better than among the B, & M. lands, where you can buy on ten years' credit, and at a low price.

Business Notices EXTRA GOOD NEWS .- Now is the time to secure

great bargains in all kinds of Summer Dress Goods at the Central Dry Goods Store. All cinds of Summer Dress Goods closing out a greatly reduced prices. Do not fall to call at the Central for beautiful Grenadines, Hernannies Lawns, Japanese Silks, Japanese Poplins, Lac Lawns, Inpanese Sinks, Athanese Forma, Inco Points, Lace Sacques, Silk Parasols, Pongee Par-usols, Hoslery, Notions of all kinds, Carpets, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

All persons in want of Dry Goods and Carpets will save money by calling at the Central Dry Goods and Carpet Store. LEIDIOH & MILLER, 20,000 lbs. Wool wanted.

THE VERY BEST

FRUIT JAR

in the market. PURE SUGARS eserving purposes, HAMS of the very best s, whole or sliced. CHOIGE OLD WHEAT and WESTERN FAM-

J. M. MASONHEIMER, S. W. cor. Pomfrot & Pitt sts., Carlisle. June 8, 1871—1f FRUIT JARS .- Haller's Star Jar-the best and theapest fruit jar ever invented, WM, BLAIR SON have the exclusive control of these jars a this region of country, and have made exten-

live arrangements for supplying the Star son Jars wholesale and retail, at extremely WM. BLAIR & SON.,
South End, Cartisle, P. S .- The trade are respectfully referred to or

onthly circular. May 15, 1871.

CHAPMAN continues to make his fine Pictures t 21 West Main street. He pays particular at ention to children. Walnut and Gilt Frames, new, various and heap.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF COAL BY CAR LOAD. The subscriber will sell Coal by the car load at: nction, on the same principle of others wh Vholesale viz: 1st. Never to reweigh the Coal.

2d. Never to rescreen the Coal. 3d. Consumers who thus purchase, loose on an average from 500 to 800 lbs. in weight in car con

taining 4 to 41% tons NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS. 18. ROLIONS AND FANCY GOUDS. 18.
For the above go to J. H. Wolf's, No. 18 North
Hanover street, where you will find the best assortment of Notions, and small wares in the
town, and from 10 to 20 pencent cheaper.
I desire to call your special attention to the
following: A full line of Lawn Poingee and
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrillas Fans of av-In cutting down a large free. Whilst falling the tree lodged against another, and in trying to clear the way for it to misses Kid Gloves. A large assortment of Cotton Hosiery very cheap. Also white Cotton Trimmings, Hamburg Edges and Insertings. Silk cord edge Manteed and Sush Ribbons very cheap. Ladies and gents summer Undercloth-ing. Corsets and Hoop Skirts in large variety A full line of Towels, Napkins and Crash, lines Shirt Fronts and ready-made Shirts, ladies and

purchasing elsewhere.
N. B.—When goods are sold by the dozen, ackage or piece they will be furnished a

Inecial Notices.

DEAFNESS RUNDNOSS and CATARRIL treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and professor of diseases of the Eye and Ear (his specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 13 years experience, (formerly of Leyden Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Philadelphia. restimontals can be seen at his office.
The medical faculty are invited to accompan their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.
April 27, 1871-1y

WE call the attention of our readers to the folowing remarkable cure of Mr. C_W. Ahl of Car sle, Pa., by the use of HOOFLAND'S GERMAN MEDICINES. His certificate is vouched for by the Editors of the Carlisle Volunteer, one of the nost influential newspapers in the State. DR. C. M. EVANS, December 2, 1870.

Carlisic, Pa., December 2, 1870.

DR. C. M. EVANS,

Dear Sir; In the year 1857 I was attacked with Dyspepsia. From that time until the year 1881 I continued graving worse, and was reduced from a strong and heatthy man to a more ilving skeleton, weighing but illy pounds. During those four years I had the attention of the most, elebrated physicians in New York, Philadelphia and Batlimore. I also visited the watering places, and tried every romedy I could hear of for the cure of Dyspepsia, without experiencing any relie whatevery romedy I could hear of for the cure of Dyspepsia, without experiencing any relie whatevery memory I could hear of for the cure of Dyspepsia, without experiencing any relie whatevery memory it could hear of for the cure of Dyspepsia, in this extremity, at the urgent solicitation of my wife, I began I had in preparations previously tried.

After using four bottles of the Bitters, to my surprise felit I was improving. My food tasted well, and there was a very marked change for the better. I continued the use of the Bitters until I had taken sixteen bottles, and then, to my inexpressible gratification I found myself perfectly cured.

Since that happy termination of my affliction I nave not bought fifty cents worth of medicine of any kind, and to-day I weigh two nundred and two pounds.

of any kind, and to-day I weight two mand two pounds, and two pounds. I make this statement voluntarily, and hundreds of the residents of the Cumberland Valley who know my condition will vouch for it. I am satisfied I was thoroughly and permanently cured by the use of HOUPLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, and I take especial pleasure in recommending it to all who may be suffering from Dysnepsia. ommending it to all who may be suffering from Dyspepsia.

My position pecuniarily is so well known to citizens in Carlisle, and to numerous persons out of the borough, that I cannot be charged with making this statement for pay My only motive is to inform all who may be suffering as I did of the wonderful cure performed in my case. I honestip believe; had it not been for HOOF-LAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, I would have gone to my grave long ago.

With the hope that I may be the means of bringing those Bitters to the notice of all who may be suffering as I did, I give this certificate Gratefully, Yours,

C. W. AHL,

DEAFNESS, Blindness and Catarrh treated with the utmost success, by J. Isaacs, M. D., and Prociality) in the Medical Co ego of Pennsylvania, 2 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Hol-land,) No. 805 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Testionials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for exmination. March 17, 1870—ly

Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, &c.—The enormously increasing sales of Briggs' Alleviator and Curative, for the prevention and cure of he many painful diseases of the feet, bear witness to their wonderful superiority over all other like preparations. For years they have been steadily growing in favor, until now the great majority who are troubled with bad feet will use no other remedies. The Curative for sore, tender and, festered corns and bunions, bad nails. ler and, festered corns and bunions, bad natis. &c., is soothing and healing, permanently curing

VOTE OF THANKS.—The members of the worst cases when used according to directions. The Alleviator, for the cure of common corns and for the prevention and cure of all corns, bunions, ec., is "par excellence" the only article ever yet discovered that will produce a like result. Sold by Cornman & Worthington averstick, Carlisle, and druggists generally. PILES.—How uncomfortable are itching piles! How terribly painful are internal, external, or deeding piles! Briggs' Unrivalled Pile Remedy is mild and soothing in its effects, and a posdy is mid and sooting in its energy, and a pro-tity cure for piles of every description. It has never been known to fall when used according to directions. For sale by Cornman & Worth ington, Haverstick, Carlisle, and drugglets gen-erally.

Oct 27, 70—1y.

THE SPRAGUE MOWER! The latest improvement, made of iron and steel,
with encased gearing and best workmanship.
For lightness of draft, simplicity, strength, effectiveness and cheapness, not equalled by any
machine in the market. Farmers are requested
to call and see it at the Farm Machine Works of
F. GARDNER & CO., Carlisic, Also on hand
the celebrated Collins Steel Plow, which will
hot stick in any soil. Price \$21.

May 18, 71-68

Married

KINZER—HOLMES—On Tuesday, the 20th nst., by Rov. Dr. Wing, Henry E. Kinzer, of ancaster county, to Mary S., daughter of Joh a-than Holmes, Esq.

The Markets.

CARLISLE PRODUCE MARKET.
Corrected weekly by J. H. Boster & Bro.
CARLISLE June 21, 1871. AMILY FLOUR JPERFINE FLOUR E ELOUR -IEAT WHITE -IEAT RED CARLISLE PROVISION MARKET.

do SHOS do SIDES BEANS por bus. PARED PEACHES UNPAIRED do

From the Philadephia Ledger.
PHILADEL HIA, June 20, 1871.
EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR
INDEPUTE:

CLOVERSEED TIMOTHY SEED, FLAXSEED -WHISKY, -Candidates.

 $F^{\text{or president judge,}}$ WM. H. MILLER, of Carlisle TOOR PRESIDENT JUDGE, JAMES H. GRAHAM, of Carlisle. NOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

T. P. BLAIR, of Shippensburg. Subject to Democratic L TOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE. ROBERT MONTGOMERY, of West Pennsbo Subject to Democratic Ru FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

JOHN CLENDENIN, of Silver Spring. Subject to Democratic Rules, FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE; JOHN PALMER, of Mech Subject to Democratic Ru DOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

J. H. WAGGONER, of Carlisle. Subject in Democratic Rules. LOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, GEORGE S. EMIG, of Carlisle.

Subject to Democratic Rules, LOOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY. F. E. BELTZHOOVER, of Carlisle. biect to Democratic Rules. OR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

M. C. HERMAN, of Carlisle. HOR STATE SENATOR, JOHN P. RHOADS, of Newville, Subject to Democratic Rules. OR STATE SENATOR.

HENRY K. PEFFER, of Carlisle. DOR STATE SENATOR. THEO. CORNMAN, of Carlisle.

Subject to Democratic Rules FOR STATE SENATOR, A. G. MILLER, of Shippensburg.

Subject to Democratic Rules. OR STATE SENATOR,

DAVID G. EYSTER, of East Pennsborough Subject to Democratic Rutes. OR STATE SENATOR. J. D. BOWMAN, of East Pennsborough.

OR THE LEGISLATURE, SAMUEL COPE, of Penn. Subject to Democratic Rules. TOR ASSEMBLY,

MUHLENBURG WILLIAMS, of Newton. Subject to Democratic Rules. TOR COUNTY TREASURER DAVID H. VOGLESONG, of New Cumberland Subject to Democratic Rules. HOR COUNTY TREASURER.

P. S. MILLER, of Monroe. Subject to Democratic Rules MOR COUNTY TREASURER, GEORGE H. BUCHER, of Silver Spring. Subject to Democratic Rules, MOR COUNTY TREASURER, GEORGE BOBB, of Mechanicsburg. TOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

HENRY SNYDER, of North Middleton. MOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. JESSE HETTRICK, of Middlesex. Subject to Democratic Rules. TOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ALEX. S. LYNE, of Carlisle. MOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. JOHN KITCH, of North Middleton MOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

MICHAEL C. BOYLE, of Carlisle. MOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, WM. MYERS, of North Middleton. Subject to Der HOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

WM. McPHERSON, of Carlisle. HOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. MOSES BRICKER, of Carlisle.

HOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR. J. MILLER TRITT, of Penn Twp.,

HOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR: E.B. EYSTER, of Penn Twp. Subject to Democratic Rules

FOR AUDITOR, PETER SNYDER, of Silver Spring. Subject to Democratic Rules. THOR AUDITOR.

Subject to Democratio Rules.

SAMUEL LEHMAN, of Monroe

Medical.

ONE MILLION OF LIVES SAVED. The MILLION OF LIVES SAVED.

It is one of the remarkable facts of this remarkable age, not merely that so many persons are the victims of dyspepsia or indigestion, but derstood to say that any one regards dyspepsia with favor, or feels disposed to rank it among the luxuries of 10. Am from regards dyspepsia the luxuries of 10. Am from the word sees since an idea. All dread it, and would gladly dispense with its unpleasant immittanties. Mark Tapley who was joily under all the trying of unfattack of dyspepsis, or his jointy women sources suffer its fortures uncomplaintingly, but whoever the contract of the contract of the sees of the see

A CONFIRMED DYSPEPTIC. But it is not our intention to discut on the horrors of Dyspessia. To describe them truthfully
is simply an impossibility, but it is possibly to
point out a remedy. We have said that dyspessia is perhaps the index universal of human discases. This is emphatically the case in the
United Statics. Whether this general provarlence is due to the character or the food, the
method of its preparation, or the hasty manner
in which it is usually swallowed, is not our province to explain. The great fact with which we
are called to deal is this:

DYSPERSIA PREVAILS

almost universally.

Nearly every other person you meet is a victim, an apparently willing one, for were this not the case, why so many univers, when a certain, speedy and safe remedy is within the easy reach of all who desire to avail themselves of it? But the majority will not. Blinded by predicte, or detorred by some other unexplained induce, or detorred by some other unexplained induce, or the refuse to accept the relief profered them. They turn a deaf car to the testimony of the thousands whose suferings have been alleviated, and with strange influtuation, appear to cling with desperate determination to their ruthless tornentor. But says a dyspeptic: What is this remedy? to which we reply: This great alleviator of human suffering is almost as widely known as the English language. The suffering is almost a widely known as the English language. The day darry of the month of the control of the control of the control of the sands of others. This acknowledged panacea is none other than

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. Would you know more of the merits of this wonderful medicine than can be learned from the experience of others? Try it yourself, and when it has falled to fulfi the assurance of its efficacy given by the proprietor, then abandon faith in it.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED,
first of all, that Hoofland's German Bitters is not a rum boverage.
They are not alcoholic in any sense of the term. They are composed wholly of the purplice or vital principle of roots. This is not a mere assertion. The extracts from which they are compounded are prepared by one of the ablest German chemists. Unlike any other Bitters in the market, they are wholly free from spirituous ingredients, The objections which hold with so much force against preparations of this class, namely—that a desire for intoxicating drinks is stimulated by their use, are not valid in the case of the German Bitters. So far from encouraging or inculating artasts or desire for incepriating beverages, it may be confidently asserted that their tendency is in a diametrically opposite direction. Their efforts can be LET IT BE REMEMBERED.

BENEFICIAL ONLY BENEFICIAL ONLY
in all cases of the biliary system. Hoofland's German Bitters stand without an equal, acting promptly and vigorously upon the Liver, they remove its torpidity and cause healthful secretion of bilo-thereby supplying the stomach with the most indispensatio elements of sound digestion in proper proportions. They give tone to the stomach-stimulating its functions, and enabling it to perform its duttes as nature designed it should do. They impart vigor and strength to the entire system, causing the patient to feel like another being—in fact, giving him a new lease of life.

THEY PURIFY THE BLOOD. cleansing the vital fluid of all hurtful impuri-ties and supplying them with the elements of genuine healthulness. In a word, there is scarcely a disease in which they cannot be safely and beneficially employed; but in that most generally prevalent distressing and dread-ed disease, Dyspepsia. THEY STAND UNRIVALED.

Now, there are certain classes of persons to rhom extreme Bitters are not only unpalata-le, but who find it impossible to take them thout positive discomfort. For such DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Ins been specially prepared. It is intended for
use where a slight alcholod stimulant is required in connection with the well-known Tonic
reoperities of the pure German Bitters. This
fronic contains all the ingredients of the Bittert,
but so flavored as to remove the extreme bitterness. This preparation is not only palatable,
but combines, in modified form, all the virtues
of the German Bitters. The solid extracts of
some of Nature's choicest restoratives are held
in solution by a spirituous agent of the purest
quality. In cases of languor or excessive dobliity, where the system appears to have become
exhausted of its enengies,

HOOFLAND'S TONIC nots with almost marvelous effect. It not only stimulates the fingging and wasting energies, but invigorates up permanetty strengthens its action upon the Liver and Stomach thorough, perhaps less prompt than the Bitters, when the same quantity is taken is none the less certain, indigestion; liditenshoss, rhysical or Norvous Prostrotion, loid readily to its potent influence. It gives the invalid a new and stronger hold upon life, removes depression of spirits, and inupon life, rerroves depression of spirits, and in-spires cheerfuldess. It supplants the pain of disease with the case and comfort of perfect health. It gives strongth to weakness, throws despondency to the winds, and starts the re-stored invalid upon a new and gladsome career, But Dr. Hoofiand's benefactions to the human race are not confined to his celebrated

or his invaluable Tonic. He has prepared another medicine, woich is rapidly winning its way to popular favor because of its intrinsic merits. This is

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS. a perfect substitute for mercury, without any of mercury's evil qualities. These wonderful Pills, which are intended to act upon the Liver, are mainly composed of Podophyllin, or the VITAL PRINCIPLE OF THE MANDRAKE

Now we desire the reader to distinctly understand that this extract of the Mandrake is many times more powerful than the Mandrake Itself. It is the medicinal virtues of this health giving plant in a perfectly pure and highly concentrated form. Hence it is that two of the Podophylin Pills constitute a full dose, while anywhere six to eight or a handful of other preparations of the Mandrake arcrequired. The Phodophyllin

ACTS DIRECTLY ON THE LIVER. ACTS DIRECTLY ON THE LIVER, stimulating its functions and causing it to make its biliary secretions in regular and proper quantities. The injurious results which invariably follow the use of mercury is entirely avoided by their use. But it is not upon the Liver only that their powers are exerted. The extract of Mandrake contained in them is skillfully combined with four other extracts, one of which acts upon the stomach, one upon the upore bowels, one upon the lower bowels, and one provents any griping effect, thus producing a pill that infences the disestive and alimentary gystem, ir an equal and harmonious manner, and its action entirely free from nausea, vomitting or griping pains common to all other purgatives. Possessing these much desirable qualities, the Podophyllin becomes invaluable as a

FAMILY MEDICINE. No household should be without them. They are perfectly safe, require but two for an ordinary dose, are prompt and efficient in action, and when used, in connection with Dr. Hoefland's German Bitters, or Tonic, may be regarded as certain specifics in all cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, or any of the disorders to which the system is ordinarily subject. The

PODOPHYLLIN PILLS. act upon the stomach and bowels, carrying of improper obstructions, while the Bitters or Tonle purify the blood, strengthen and invigorate the frame, give tone, and appetite to the stomach, and thus build up the invalid anew. Dr. Hoofland, having provided internal remedles for diseases, has given the world one multiply for external application, in the wonderful preparation known as

DR. HOOFLAND'S GREEK OIL. This Oil is a sovereign remedy for pains and aches of all kinds.
Rheumatism; Néuralgia, Toothache, Chilbians, Sprains, Burns, Pain in the Back-and Loins, Ringworms, &c., all yield to its, external application. The number of cures effected by it is astonishing and they are increasing every day. day.

Taken internally, it is a cure for Heart-burns, Ridney Diseases, Slek Headaches, Colic, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach, Colda, Asthma, &c.

The Greek Oil is composed entirely of healing gums and essential oils. The principal engredient is an oily substance, procured in the Southern part of Greece. Its effects as a destroyer of pain are truly magical. Thousands have been benefitted by its use, and a trial by those who are skeptical will thoroughly convince them of its inestimable value. ts inestimable value.

These remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the Principal Office to the German Medicine Store, No. 631 Arch St.

These remedies are for sale by druggists to crekeepers, and medicine dealers everywhere

Chas. M. Evans.

Proprietor.

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.