Thursday Morning, May 18, 1871. TO CANDIDATES. On the first of June we purpose commen accordance with custo Candidates' announc nents. The

District Attorney

A HEARTLESS "CHRISTIAN SOLDIER

There is not in this country, perhaps more dirty rascal than the so-called General Howard." A poor vagabond a few years since, he has become immensely wealthy, and this wealth he has accumulated by paudering to the worst passions of men, and by down right lying. He has been permitted by the administration to plunder the gov ernment at pleasure in consideration of the part he plays in the political ring. For the purpose of covering up his true character, his tools and confederates designate him the "Christian soldier," and are constantly parading before the public the part he is taking in religious and benevolent movements. "Christian soldier," indeed! Why, this Howard embodiment of unadulterated villainy. embers of sectional strife and to excite hateful passions, the "Christian Soldier," who is now luxuriating in the abundant rewards of his speculating philanthropy, rushes to the front with a firebrand, and hurls it in the midst of That is the sort of "Christianity" upon which he has trafficked for years, and by which he has contrived to acquire sudden and large wealth. Feeling that the Ku klux fabrications had been sadly damaged by the speech of his superior at New Orleans, General Howard addreseda letter to the New York Tribune intended to counteract the effect of that crushing exposure. It professed to be based upon "official information." and was concocted with enough perverse ingenuity to mislead the unsuspecting into the belief that it contained new

"outrages." His letter, in fact, is mostly a rehash of stories which had repeatedly figured before Congress and in the newspapers varnished afresh for this occasion, and of other allegations which are plainly stamped with falsehood, and were no doubt fabricated in the Freedmen's Bureau, which is kept alive for this dis creditable business and enriching the suborners engaged in it. The Meridian slander is conspicuously reproduced and garnished with malicious misrepresen tations, after having heretofore been driven from public view with deserved contempt. Gov. Alcorn, of Mississippi, and the Rev. James Lynch, the colored Secretary of State, both Republicans or the spot, and both more credible witnesses than Howard, have officially and solemnly pronounced the statement which he now revives to be wholly untrue. And yet; with the knowledge of that fact, he repeats the calumny, and gives it whatever endorsement his name may be worth.

As if to bolster up the witness who first circulated the story, and whose infamy has been established beyond all doubt, Howard says: "Mayor Sturgis was forced to leave Meridian because he insisted on justice to all. He was press." The brother of this Sturgis, bune to cover up his own notorious guilt, and to inflame the public mind. It has been proven that he fled from be accompanied by their families." Meridan to escape the penalty of his crime as an incendiary. The history of that affair is well known, and still the "Christian Soldier" parades it again, as if the iniquity had never been exposed, or it had any novelty but the vindictive feeling with which he has sought to impose an exploded fraud on

Gen. Howard professes ardent friendship for the colored race, and he has made it immensely profitable in a pe cuniary point of view. But the contrast ing to foment discord, and that of the colored Secretary of State, who manfully vindicates truth and counsels charity, is such as to elevate the black man far above his more pretentious white bro- and we, the people, foot the bills. This ther in the moral scale, and to cover one with the mantle of honor, and the other with that of hypocrisy.

## MORTON-CAMERON.

Although Mr. Cameron is Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations in the Senate, to which the treaty with England will have to be submitted, and in that capacity ought to be the organ of communication in presenting and defending it, he has yielded that duty, from necessity, to Mr. Morton. In plain terms, he confesses, what everybody knew, his utter incompetency for the position which he pretends to occupy. This exhibition in presence of the British Commissioners, if we have not lost all sense of self-respect, is humiliating to the national character. Here is a man who not only enjoys no part of the public confidence—not even on the Repub lican side-but who is wholly destitute of fitness, thrust into a conspicuous and most important place, merely to gratify the President and to punish a Senator. who, whatever may be his faults in other respects, possesses the most eminent qualifications. And his ignorance is so marked, that he is incapable of explaining a treaty to the Senate, after receiv-

ing the instructions of his employers. Such is the pass to which Radicalism has brought us. And Morton, though a stump declaimer and artful demagogue, has no inspiration towards foreign affairs, as was conclusively shown in the San Domingo debate, when Mr. Schurz turned and twisted and tortured him, to the amusement and satisfaction of the public. He has the quality of appropriating other men's ideas, and, being without scruple, he never hesitated to employ this useful faculty at the expense of friend or opponent. Consequently, he will say whatever he may be told about the treaty, and is in a frame of mind to advocate British rath. er than American interests. The President ought to have invited Chandler to complete the collection of ornamental advisers. Think of Simon Cameron counselling on a great international treaty, and conspirator Morton interpreting international law!

GRANT AS A PROPRIET.

About the commencement of the year 1864, when the rebellion was still unubdued, Isaac N. Morris, who had formerly been and perhaps was then a member of Congress, addressed a letter to Gen. Grant, in which he suggested his (Grant's) name as an available candidate for the Presidency in 1868 .-Morris professed to be a Democrat, but his subsequent political career plainly showed that he belonged to that modern school of politicians known as " Trimmers," with which this country is so abundantly supplied. Grant, as in duty bound, replied to the loving epistle his friend and admirer Morris, from which we take the following prophetic extract. The italics are our own:

"I am not a politician, never was, and hope never to be; and could not write a political letter. \* \* In your letter you say that I have it in my power to be the next President. This is the last thing in the world I desire. I would regard such a consummation as being high. unfortunate for myself, if not for the untry.''

No man in the United States-says the Cambria Freeman-except Grant himself, could have predicted with such absolute certainty what has come to pass since the commencement of his administration, both as regards himself and the best interests of the country. It has been in existence a little over two years and has most signalis the quintessence of wickedness; the ly failed to command the respect or confidence of the political party that Whenever there is a chance to stir the invested it with the control of the government. His very first official act was an unpardonable blunder, and it has been followed ever since, in rapid succession, by similar acts of folly and imbecility. Under the feeble and inconsequential leadership of Grant and peaceful homes and friendly hearts. his Cabinet, the Radical party, not only in Congress' but throughout the country, is weakened by bitter dissensions and open distrust. It is a house divided against itself, and when its rotton props are knocked from beneath it in the Presidential campaign of 1872, it will fall a shapeless and unsighty mass never again to be rebuilt. It is a most significant fact in the history of this administration thus far, that no recommendation which Grant has made to Congress, except the monstrous Ku-Klux bill, has been endorsed or adopted by his partisans in that body. On the contrary, they have fallen still-born and been uniformly treated with cold indiffrence, if not with supreme contempt. Whatever Grant may have been at the head of an overwhelming, well clothed and well fed army, against a one-fourth numerically inferior foe, miserably clad and scantily fed. it has been demonstrated beyond all cavil or dispute that he does not possess a single one of the high requisites which fit a man for a proper and intelligent discharge of he grave and responsible duties of the Presidency. Such will be the solemn verdict of the people in November, 1872 Grant's prophecy will then be fulfilled. and his election will be regarded, to use

> unfortunate for myself, (Grant), if no for the country."

his own words, as having been "highly

THE KU KLUX INVESTIGATION. Previous to the adjournment of Con gress, a joint committee of twenty-oneseven Senators and fourteen members of the House-was appointed for the ostensible purpose of investigating "Ku Klux outrages." Thirty thousand dollars were appropriated to these twentyone gentlemen for their expenses.

The very fact that this committee is not a bad man, as represented by the composed of twenty-one, is evidence about to enter upon its duties, "Most of the members of the committee will It is understood that the various South

interest will be honored by the presence of the members of the committee and "their families," thus making the trip as pleasant as possible. The fact is this so-called Ku Klux investigation is nothing but a pleasure party at the expense icals had a desire to travel and to visit. Leidig, in reference to this measure. the Southern watering-places, and they | From first to last they labored zealously draw on Uncle Sam for their expenses. presented between his conduct in seek- | Nearly every Radical politician who desires to take a pleasure trip now-adays, does so at the public expense: A score or more of these patriots are now

> is a new Radical dodge, very much practiced of late. We hope, then, that the twenty-one have a good time of it. Let them enjoy the people's taxes are ample. They need not fear the K. K.'s; therefore let

them dance and be merry.

GRANT PLAYED OUT,-The N. Y. Herald, which did all it could to elect Grant, and which stood by him as long as it could, is at last forced to confess that he is utterly played out. It says: Gen. Grant is following the course of his predecessors, but every effort he makes with a view to secure his reelection seems to fail. The San Domingo annexation scheme, out of which he expected to make popularity, has utterly failed. The Ku-Klux coercive policy, which was intended to put the political power in the South under the control of the Administration, and to operate upon the prejudices of the North, is as likely to prove as disastrous as the San Domingo affair. Even the negotiations under the Joint High Commission to settle our difficulties with England begin to be unpopular and to look like with a view to secure his reelection see land begin to be unpopular and to look lik a flasco. The financial policy of the Ad ministration and its party, for which s much is claimed, is repudiated by the mass of the people. In every respect Gen Grant's Administration is declining n popular esteem while the opposition a daily gaining strength.

The coal troubles at Scranton and other points are still unsettled, but from present appearance coal-mining will be resumed at all the works before long. Last week several men were murdered because of a disposition to go to work to save their families from starva tion; others were seriously injured. This hould not be allowed, and our State authorities are at fault in permitting these outrages. If Gov. Geary and others, instead of making speeches calculated to encourage animosity between the employee and the employed, would use their influence to put down violence. they would be engaged in a better work. Demagogues who never earned a dollar in their lives by labor of any kind, are not the the men to make speeches to

GoLD is selling at \$1 117.

SHERMAN'S TESTIMONY.

robably have as good means of informa-a most persons in regard to what is called the Klux, and am perfectly satisfied that ling is greatly over estimated; and if the lux bills were kept out of Congress and i were kept out of Congress and it at their legitimate duties, then it at their legitimate duties, then it at the second of the second down all Ku-Klux or other ma GENERAL SHERMAN. General Sherman's testimony in regard to the Ku-Klux exaggerations is

f the highest value. He is not consected with politics, and is in a better position to be impartially informed than almost any other individual in the country, through the reports received from army officers scattered in every part of the South. They have no motive to falsify, and most of them have been assigned to the discharge of irksome duty. Yet, there is hardly a dissenting opinion among them as to the misrepresentations against the Southern people. When Holden and his crew-of agitators were crying out against alleged outrages in North Carolina, and importing ruffians to commit the most atrocious 'crimes, the officers of the regular army united in exposing the attempted fraud, and bore cheerful witness to the peaceful con-dition of the State. And so in every

other case which has been fairly inves-

tigated.

If there be one thing which these Radical conspirators cannot bear with tranquility, it is the exposure of their wicked schemes to disturb the public peace. Hence, the Tribune and its tribe have fallen without mercy upon General Sherman for daring to tell the truth. If he had only endorsed, or even consented to their fabrications. no language of commendation would have been strong enough. But now, he, who only yesterday was so applaud ed and admired, can find nothing but unworthy suspicion, false accusations and mean suggestion, as his meed from subsidized papers, which wear the President's livery, and pocket his patonage as the reward of their loyalty. When General Grant visited the South and reported upon its condition, ne used much stronger language than General Sherman did, and if their positions were now reversed, no one doubts that his opinions would be as emphatic to-day as they were when he gave utterance to the honest convictions of his heart, as the result of direct personal observation and knowledge. He is now a candidate for reelection, and that changes the whole case.

THE BORDER CLAIMS BILL.

This bill, which had passed the Sente, has been defeated in the House. We regret this; indeed, it is an outrage upon right and justice. The people of the border counties, who suffered so severely during the rebel invasion, had a right to demand recompense for their losses, and it is mean parsimony on the part of the people's representatives to refuse this recompense. Scores of men were literally ruined, having lost nearly all their worldly possessions. Our Pennsylvania Reserves, raised especially for the protection of the State, were taken from us in violation of a positive and published understanding when the men, for this superb military organization were enlisted. The State is bound for the protection of its citizens at all times and on all occasions, and failing to give this protection, it is bound for any demage done to the citizen. This is a fact which we présume no one will deny. and on this principle the provisions of the Border Claim Bill were based. How then, in the face of all the facts, in the face of justice, right and decency, a mathat there will be very little investigat. Jority of the members of the House living at Meridian, flatly denied the ing, and this is natural enough, for there | could be induced to vote against this tatement which the fugitive Mayor is nothing to investigate. We see it bill, is something we cannot understand. had published in the New York Tri- stated that this roving committee is Had it been a bill affording bribery some infamous railroad snake arrangenent-of course it would have passed. But it was a fair and just bill, by which those who had suffered because of the ern watering places and other points of negligence of the State authorities were to be partly recompensed, and it fell for want of friends. A meaner act, one more heartless and inexcusable, was never perpetrated by a Legislature.

It gives us pleasure in this connection to commend the course of our Senator of the government. A number of Rad. and Representative, Messrs. Miller and have been permitted to do so and to for the bill, and it was no fault of theirs that it failed.

THE New York Tribune, in unmistakable agony, and very significantly, asks, "Can the Republicans disband? in Europe or making preparations to go. The developments of the past few months furnish the best answer to this inquiry, for on every hand are proofs of the speedy and certain dissolution of the Radical party. The beligerent atcomposing the pleasure party South may | titude of its various factions has been felt everywhere, paralyzing the efforts themselves to their heart's content, for of leaders, and spreading dismay and discontent, as the voice and cry of the people come up demanding a change. The San Domingo job, the harsh deposition of Senator Sumner, the New Hampshire revolt, have all conspired to produce disintegration. And as if to complete the wreck, the famous Ku-Klux bill, the invasion of the most sacred and constitutional rights of all the States, and the suspension of the habeas corpus, North as well as South, and

> recently superadded. No man of ordinary perception and udgment can fail to see that the rule of existing Radicalism draws near to its end, and that, had Mr. Lincoln lived to the present time, with his more moderate and more judicious counsels he would have pursued a very different course of policy.

that, too, in a time of peace, have been

WHAT A REPUBLICAN JUDGE SAYS ABOUT KU-KLUX OUTRAGES .- Judge Plantz, who presides over the courts at Pensacola, Florida, is a Republicana son of Mr, Plantz, late a Republican Representative from Ohio. In his charge to the grand jury, only three weeks ago, Judge Plantz used the following significant language. Being an honest man and honest judge, he tells

the truth: "It has been said that the South i "It has been said that the South is disorderly, and that the lives of men who avow an adherence to one of the contending political parties of the country, are unsafe here. I am happy to be able to declare here, and thus publicly and officially, that I have no occasion to call the attention of the grand jury of this county to any special violation of law or order, and to bear my official testimony to the peace and decorum which prevail throughout the limits of the jurisdiction of this court."

Tur N. V. Sun terms the Ku Klux act "Grant's Renomination of the field address 21. and says Hiram is "nearly a full fledg- Pa. May 18, 1671—4w

OFFICES FOR SAEE.

The Washington Military Ring Selling Indian Agencies.

Some curious facts are alleged to have leaked out here about the manner in which the Washington military ring squeezes money out of young applicants for offlice. A young West Point offlice, who went through the civil war in the volunteer service, concluded, after being honorably mustered out of offlice, that he would like an appointment as Indian agent. He sought certain military gentlemen at Washington, known to be in authority and in the ring, and expressed to them his desire. He was then told that such places were worth money, and that he must pay \$1,000 down if he wanted the office. He declined to pay a cent down, but finally agreed to deposit that sum in a bank in Washington, subject to the order of one of the parties, upon the appointment being made known to the banker. Some time elapsed, when the Washington Military Ring Selling Indian banker. Some time clapsed, when the applicant for the agency, received a letter in this city, requesting permission to draw \$250 of the amount deposited. He answered that if the Commissioner would dive blowed that if the commissioner would be a second to the amount deposited. give hisword that the appointmentshould be made they might draw the \$250. He was then telegraphed that the Commis-sioner was in New York, at the Hoffman House, and was requested to go and see see him and show him the whole corressee him and show him the whole correspondence. The applicant says that he called upon Commissioner Parker and obeyed instructions. The Commissioner upon examining the telegrams, promised that the appointment should be made.—The applicant withdrew, and telegraphed to the principal of the ring at Washington, with whom he had dealt, authority to draw the \$250. The money was promptly drawn, but the office was not forthcoming, and the applicant has not seen a dollar of his money thus swindled out of him. The affair is of recent date. The young applicant has recently been successful in business here, and does not desire the Indian agency now, but he has sire the Indian agency now, but he has determined to begin the suit against the parties, not only to test the virtue of the law in such cases, but in order that the public may become better acquainted with the kind of people who run the Grant Government.

THE President has appointed the notorious "Impeacher,, Ashley, late Governor of Montana, Commissioner to define the boundaries between the domains of the Cherokee nation and the neighboring States. If there is a scamp to be picked up anywhere. Grant manages to pick him out for position. He began with appointing the worst scoundrel in New York City, Dan, Sickles a man whom no decent family would re ceive in their house, if they knew his history, and now he has given position -well, we have no name sufficiently appropriate, but he could not have done much worse if he had gone to any penitentiary tor a commissioner .-Grant must have an affinity for the breed of Sickles and Ashley

Grant Government

A VIRTUOUS CARPET-BAGGER .-- WO call attention to the letter of our Alabama correspondent. Among other items of news, it contains an account of C. L. Drake, a carpet-bagger clerk of the Circuit Court of Mercer county, Alabama, and Registrar in Chancery, turning burglar and breaking into a gentleman's house to steal money. An indictment was found against him by the Grand Jury, and if he gets his dues he will go where the dogs cannot get at him. No doubt his misfortunes will be laid at the door of the fearful Ku Kluxes, and grant will probably come to his rescue with the new enforcement

I consider it one of most pressing needs of our day Abulative to the sound practice of consti-tutional government. The safeguards of our common rights and liberties contained in the constitution are rights and liberties contained in the constitution are too sacred and valuable a boon to be permanently copardized in providing for a passing emergency It is time the American people open their eyes to the dangerous character of this tendency, and that neither a great name nor an object appealing to our sympathic uld be permitted to disquise it. As for me. I have een the working of irresponsible power and personal vernment in ther countries, and I may a stituents that, while I am a citizen of the Un States I shall struggle to the last gasp against its in-troduction here.—CARL SCHURZ, at St. Louis.

IT is reported in Washington that the stone for the new State Department building will come from a quarry, the stock of which, to the amount of \$25,000 nas been presented to General Grant.— "Well what of it?" as Jemmy Twitcher would say. We cannot see why a man who has taken all kinds of gifts from a house to a hat, should refuse stock in a stone quarry, provided it pays.

THE House at Harrisburg, last week, passed a resolution to adjourn sine die on the 16th of May. The Senate has yet to agree.

THE Senate bill to authorize the election of female School directors in this State was defeated in the House last week. Right. THE State Senate has passed the joint

resolution which proposes an amendment to the Constitution making the State Treasurer elective by the people, instead of by the Legislature.

UTAH is again troubled with swarm of locusts. They eat up all green things. They pester the people f Utah almost as much as the carpetbaggers do the people of the South.

THE Nine Million Bill will not be presented to the Legislature during the

present session, it is said. Dew Abdertisements.

CHERIFF SALE. On Saturday, June 8, 1871.

On Salurday, June 8, 1871.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pieas of Cumberland County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Carlisle, on the above day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

A tract or lot of ground, situate in Monroe township, Cumberland county, Pa., bounded on the east and south by Moses Bricker, on the west by Leidich and Hoffer, and on the north by Yellow Breeches Creek, contaming it Acres, mon Goless, having thereon erected a one-story Lag the state of the contamination of

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, May 12, 1871. May 18, 71-ts

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE On Saturday, June 10, 1871, The undersigned Executors of the last and testament of Wilson Floming, dece will expose to Public Sale, on the above the following real estate, to wit:

Ten and one-half Acres of the best quality of limestone land, in the thriving viliage of Springville, near Bolling Springs, South Middleton township. This land is beautifully situated on the west side of the public road, leading from Carlisle to Bolling Springs, about one-fourth of a mile to Bolling Springs, about one-fourth of a mile property in town lots, farm lots, or as a whole, the wishes of purchasers. The above tract will the wishes of purchasers. The above tract will the be divided into 48 building lots, containing 48 feet in front and about 185 feet in depth, to a 16 feet alley, with a 40 feet street running through the centre, ir m east to west. A draft through the centre, ir meast to west. A draft file property can be seen by calling on Mrs Easter A. Fleming, residing on the premises, effor farming purposes this land cannot be exact for farming purposes this land cannot be accepted in the Cumberland Valley. The Miramar Railroad will run very near this property, which will greatly enhance its value.

Shie to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day when terms will be made by.

May 18, 71—4t Ten and one-half Acres

CHOOL TEACHERS wanting employment, at from \$50 to \$100 per month ild address ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Phila.

Dew Advertsements. GENTS WANTED for "Convent Life Unveiled," by Edith O'Gorman, es Nun, whose disclosures are thrilling and ing. FRANKLIN PUB. CO., 712 Chestnu

WANTED—AGENTS. (\$2 per day)
to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE
SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed,
makes the 'bee stillen', 'allike on both sides, and
is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family
sewing Machine in the market. Address
JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louls, Mo.
May 18, 71—iw DOOD In 16 days made by one agent.
DOOD Do you want a situation as salesman at or near home to make \$5 to \$20 per day selling our new 7 strand White Wire Clother Lines to last for ever. Sample free, address HUDSON RIVER WIRE WORKEN 189 Mailen Lane, cor. Water

PREE TO BOOK AGENTS .- We Will send a handsome Prospectus of our New Illustrated Family Bible containing over 200 tine Scripture Illustrations to any Book agent, free of charge, Address NATIONAL PUB. CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 18, 71–4w THE BIBLE HAND BOOK. By ALBERT L. RAWSON.

WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS. standing.

"AUTION.—Don't let worthess articles be palmed off on you, be sure you get only Well's John Q. KELLOGO, Platt Street, N. Y., sole Agent. Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents a Box.

REDUCTION OF PRICES. TO CONFORM TO REDUCTION OF DUTIES

Great Saving to Consumers BY GETTING UP CLUBS. Send for our New Price List and a club form ill accompany it, containing full directions— naking a large saving to consumers and re-namerative to club organizers. The Great American Tea Co.,

31 and 33 VESEY ST., NEW YORK. May 18, 72-4w P. O. Box 5643 GENTS WANTED-Usual Terms. A GENTS WANTED—Usual Terms.—GREAT FORTUNES grows steadily in public favor. It is the book for the day, and sells readily despite hard times, Seventh edition now ready. A recent agent's report is 50 orders in one day. Prof. John T. Reed says of it "I know of no book, save the bible, that I can recommend so carnestly and conscientiously to all classes." Prospectuses of this book, also of the ever popular "Physical Life of Woman, and the "latest, best and cheapest Illustrated Family Bibles Free to all who mean work. NOTICE—Successful agonts will receive first choice of territory on Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's coming great work "Life of Jesus, the Christ." Write at once to GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, 719 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

TOTICE.

WANTED—Agents; (\$20 per day) to sell the celebrated Home Shuttle Sewing Machine. Has the under-feed, makes the 'look stitch' (allike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and chenpest Family Sewing Machine in the market, Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO. Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. April 27, 1871—4w

vork, Address, Phila, Pa. April 27, 1871—4w

DISHIP.—Notice is hereby given that price is the state of the price of the state of ABRAHAM BEETEM,
JOSEPH BEETEM,
A. L. BEETEM.

47th Dividend,

A DMINISTBATOR'S NOTICE,—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of John Kennedy
late of South Middleton township, deceased,
have been granted to the undersigned Administrator. All persons knowing themselves in
debted to said estate, are requested to make
payment immediately, and those having claims
to present them for earthement. bited to see the second present them for settlement, JACOB HEMMINGER, Administrator May 4, 1871-6t\*

The English Horse Leicestershire will be kuring the season, the first three days of eve The English Horse Lelecstershire will be kept during the season, the first three days of every week at the stable of J. C. Beecher, in North Middleton townsub; and the last three days at the stable of the owner, in Perry county. TREMS reduced from \$15 to \$107 Lelecstershire drew the first premium at the last fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, and as pronounced by competent judges the float Horse in the county. DAVID LONG. May-4, 1871-31\*

List of Dealers. IST OF DEALERS IN GOODS

CARLIBLE. Dry Goods. Bentz & Co., T A Harper, Wm A Miles

No toacher, student, or bible reader should be Without a copy, as the price places it within the reach of all. Agents, (to whom liberal commissions will be given,) wanted in every town and county in the land. Will turnish a sample copy, (with terms to Agents) by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of the list price, \$1.50. E. M. BRUCE, Moy 18, 71-4w.

Agent. Sold by Send for Circula May 18, 71—4w

JURUBEBA.—What is it? It is sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the Liver and Spleen, Enlargement or Obstruction of Intestines, Urlarry, Uterine, or Abdominal Organs, Poverty or a Want of Blood, Internit-

mation the Liver, Dropsy, Sluggish Circulation of th Blood, Abscesses, Tumors, Jaundice, Scrofula, Dysepessa, Ague and Fe-ver, or their Concomitants. Dr. Wells having become aware of the extra rdinary medical properties of the South Ame an plant, called

JURUBEBA

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great re nutation has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has perfected arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has seent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA, and he confidently recommends it to every fam-DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA, and he confidently recommends the every family as a lousehold remedy which should be freely taken as a Bood Purifyer in all derangements of the system and to animate and for lightly states and to animate and for lightly states. Police One Published Williams of the Sole Agent for the United States. May 18, 1871—4w

To the Heirs and legal Representatives of James Gilmore, late of Cumberland County, deceased.

Take notice that in pursuance of a writ of county and valuation lessed on a wind of the Oriential of the County of th

saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers. THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA NO., 31 and 33 Vesey street, N. Y. April 27, 1871—4w

Carlisle Deposit Bank.

010 MADE FROM 50 CENTS

A GENTS-Male and Female, for sell-ing Popular subscription Books. Extra inducements to Agents. Information free. Ad-dress Am. Book Co., 62 William st., N. Y. April 27, 1871-49

List of Mealers.

Wares, and Merchandise, also Brewers, Dis-rs, Lumbermen, Eating Houses, &c., within county of Cumberland, as appraised and seed by D. M. Karns, Mercantile Appraised coordance with the several Acts of Assem-Licens Mr Walters. 3 J Snoddy. Barnhart, Duke & Bro.,

Mr Hughes Sierer, Clever & Co., Lawton & Co., J B Hurst. J Kelso,

E'H Ocker, NEWVILLE. T M'Candlish, E James, Stough & Eiliott,

A Pretz & Son.

G J Detrich,

M Templin

Elliott & Barr G W Swigert,

Theo Moltz, V O Banks.

Hood,

Zacharias & Co., Zacharias & Co.,

Strohm & Mellinger, Diever & Earnest, Foreman & Strohm, I Kyle, Fosnot & Co.,

D. W. Spencer,

B Hursh, Hursh & Bre., I C Wagner, Janning & Bro.

É Ricker, L'E Glover, L'eidig

10

7

J B Leidig & Bro.

H Goswiler.

J Plank, J T B Herman,

D L Devenney.

Wolf, Myers, Ootterer & Son,

Ernest & Co., H Ocker, H & D Shank, Clever & Co., Jay Cooke & Co.,

A M Leidig, Webbert & Co.,

Hutton, Gardner, M'Allister, Herman & Br

Clepper

I. L. Wolf.

D K Huett,

Hoffert & Kaufm C Reep.

J D Sheaffer, Craighead & Bro., S Given,

Dever & Ernst,

B Mull, Sherman

Meloy

E J Krause C C Faber.

ore requested to lelay, and save cos

May 11, 1871—8t

H. Spahr. 3 Plank.

20 25

Yocum,
DW. Burkholder,
IH Sawtelle,
V Sponsler,
V M Hughes,
acob Martin, M B Skinner, S B Flickinger, G W Mull.

Wm. Wetzel E B Leonard John Elliott B M Smiley, I Bricker, Woodburn & Shulenberger,

Corpets. Frysinger & Weis 12 5

MECHANICSBURG.

Dry Goods.

Hats and Caps.

Drugs.

Tobacco.

C'cook & Co., B Herst & Son,

Eminger. W. Titzel.

Ars O'Brian,

W Abrams

J Rupp, Mauk & Ocihi, O H Titzel,

H B Palmer

J Swartz. R H Shapley,

filler & Garrett,

H Moore & Co., I Long. I Millelsen & Son, L F Eberly & Sons,

L Beeker.

W Maddison.

D Raffensberger

I R Pague & Co., Vandarsal & Bro., Karman & Kimmel

Dealers.

SHIPPENSBURG.

H G Carr, Agt.

D Keefer;

L Reigle.

Uhler. Frove & Staley,

H Wolf & Co., Coyle & Co., B Haverstick, A Haverstick, r D Cornman,

Heisinger. C Kramer.

Miller & Bowers H. Saxton & Co. Allison, ( C Woodward, Seetem & Bro.,

amuel Ensminge Loudon, WK Piper, N Harkness

Take notice that in pursuance of a writ or partition and valuation, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, and to me directed, an inquest will be held on the real estate of said deceased, to wit book on a country of the country of

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, May 2, 1871. }
May 4, 1871—8t

AGENTS WANTED For the History of the War in Europe. It contains over 100 fine engravings of Battle Scenes and incidents in the War, and is the only authentic and official history of that great conflict.

Published in both English and German. CAUTION.—Inferior histories are being circulated. See that the book you buy contains 100 fine engravings and maps. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a foll description of the work. Address, NAT'L. PUBLISHING CO., Philia. Pa.

DEDUCTION OF PRICES TO CONform to Reduction of Duties. Great saving o consumers, by getting up clubs. Send for our New Price List and a club form will accompany t, containing full directions—making a large

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNER

May 4, 1871-3t

- CARLISLE, PA., May 2, 1871 The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of five per cent, for the past six months, on the Capital Stock, free from State and National Taxes, payable on demand. J. P. HASSLER, Cashier May 4, 1871-3m A DMINISTBATOR'S NOTICE.-No.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS. J L Sheets

DU Something urgently needed by every-body. Call and see or 12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail easily for \$10. R. L. Wolcorr, 181 Chatham st., N. Y. April 27, 1811—49

Agricultural Emplements. GARDNER & CO... TARLIŞLE MACHINE WORKS.

14

Drugs.

Furniture.

LOWER ALLEN.

Boots and Shoes

HAMPDEN.

Grocery.

NEW CUMBERLAND.

NEWBURG.

FRANKFORT.

MIDDLESEX.

Dry Goods

EAST PENNSBOROUGH

NEWTON.

Dry Goods.

Produce.

SILVER SPRING.

Produce

DPPER ALLEN

Dry Goods.

MONROE.

14

Drugs.

Feed.

DICKINSON.

Dry Goods.

PENN

SOUTH MIDDLETON

Dry Goods

Drugs;

Staves,

Dry Goods.

SOUTHAMPTON.

Dry Goods.

MIFFLIN.

Brewers,

Notice is hereby given to all persons named the above list, that by an Ast of Assembly, proved April 11, 1862, County Treasurers are quired to bring suit and collect all iloness maining unpaid, on or before the list day July next; and by other acts of Assembly, verdors of vinous, spirituous, mait or brewed like uora are also liable to indictment in the Courter Guarter Sessions. Those interactors

GEO. WETZEL,

WEST PENNSBOROUGH

14

Dry Goods.

Dry Goods.

Dry Goods

10

New Machines for 1871. Seeding, Reaping, Threshing. THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY

Thresher and Separator. We ofter this new Thresher, and Separator, (Casho & Co's, Faient) to the farmers of Cumberland and adjoining counties as fully equal, in of superior to any machinenow manufactured, It has the great advantage of being plain and simple in construction. It is a VERY RAPID THRESHER AND A PERFECT SEPARATOR AND CLI-ANER. In using it the farmer will be sure of making the most he possibly can out of his crop because it

Wastes No Grain.

and separates entirely the chair from the straw. It is an easy running machine and will do its work thoroughly. This we guarantee. It is at the same time the cheapest machine in the market. The HORSE POWER which we furnish to run the Cumberland Valley Thresher is also new and entirely different in construction from what we have heretofore built, seeming much greater power and speed, with lighter draft, so that four horses only will be required, where many other machines required six and eight horses. that four horses only will be required, where many other machines required six and eight horses.

The Cumberiand Valley Thresher and Cleaner was tried on the grounds of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society at the Fair of 1870, a large crowd of farmers being present to withness its operation. The trial was completely successful and the machine proved its ability to thresh clean and separate grain in the most satisfactory manner. All who witnessed the trial expressed their approval in the warmest terms. The committee on agricultural implements, also gave the machine a special notice in their report, strongly recommending it. The Cumberland Valley Thresher and Sepurator, has also been recently used by Col. Wm. M. Henderson, talk and the strongly recommending it. The Cumberland Valley Thresher and Sepurator, has also been recently used by Col. Wm. M. Henderson, talk and the strongly recommending it. The Cumberland of the great merits that he allows us to so the machine are therefore respectables of this new machine are therefore respectables of this new machine are therefore respectables of this new machine are therefore respectables of the ferred to Col. Henderson, one of the most wide-ley known farmers of Cumberland county.

The Cumberland Valley Thresher will always be well and substantially built, of the best material, solidly framed in every part, and presenting, a handsome external appearance.—Price of machine, with 30 inch cylinder, \$200, without wagon. Agreat advantage of this machine is that it can be readily repaired at any good show without trouble.

THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY

PATENT SELF RAKING MOWER and REAPER. We will also build this new machine, with changes and improvements fully remedying the defects and weak points of those built hats season. Our aim is to supply farmers with a good home-made machine, which if not superior in all respects to those brought from a distance will nevertheless prove in all essential points, a good and rollable harvester. All we ask for it is a fair trial.

Grain Drill.

THE WILLOUGHBY PATENT GUM SPRING

We build this well known Grain Drill now with or without guano attachment, and the shovels in struight or zig zag rows, just as the farmer prefers. We now have, also, a new and improved plan of attaching the gunt tubes, for which we have obtained Letters Patent, which with other improvements makes the Willoughby the most complete and perfect Drill manuactured in the country.

ALWAYS ON HANDI a full line of agricultural implements both of our own manufacture and from other establish-ments, including every useful machine needed by the farmer. We may enumerate-Hay, Rates, old fashionea Threshers and Horse Powers, Corn Shellers, of which we have three kinds and twe different sizes, Cannon Corn Shellers, Fod-ler Cutters, Cider Mills and other articles too numerous to specify

umerous to specify. Orders taken for all kinds of IRON WORK in our extensive Foundry and Machine Shops, and for BUILDING MATERIALS of every description in our Door and Sash Factory. A full stock of well-seasoned LUMBER always on hand, enabling us to fil all orders promptly, at the lowest prices. Farmers builders and manufacturers are invited to give us a call and see our facilities for turning out good work.

Jan. 19. 71—8m Jan. 19, 71-6m

HALL'S

TISE THE BEST!

VEGETABLE SICILIAN

HAIR RENEWER.

Nine years before the public, and no preparation for the hair has ever been produced equal to Hails "Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer," and every nonest dealer will say gives the street of the street

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietor.

Laboratory, Nashua, N. H.

S, A. HAVERSTICK, Agent, Carlisle, Pa. Scripture and Science bave met together. Genesis and Geology have kissed each other. CIENCE AND THE BIBLE-A COLENGE AND THE BIBLE—A
book of thrilling interest and greatest importance to every human being. The Papers,
Pulpits and People are all disconsing the subject
and book, every man, woman and child wants
to read it. The long ferre war is ended, and
honorable peace secured, Relence is true, the Bibile literal, pure and beautiful, both now satisfied, and firm friends. God's work days, six actual days, not long periods. This book gives the
very cream of science, making its thrilling reallities, beauties, wonders and sparkling gome
Agents wanted, Experienced Agents will drop
other books and secure territory immediately.
Address for circular, ZiEGLER & McCURDY, is
So. Sixth St., Phila., Pa.
April 27, 1871—4w

PROPOSALS.—Eealed proposals for building ahouse for the First National Bank of Newville, will be received at the Banking nouse, until Tuesday morning, May 16. The building will be put out in one entire contract. The committee reserve the right to accept any bid or reject all bids. Any disagreement between contractor and committee to be decided and settled by the architect. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clothing store of L. H., Randell.

By order of the Building Committee.

By order of the Building Committee. April 27, 1871—8t CE, ICE, ICE.

If you want what is pure and N At a reasonable PR Follow no new DEV But send to me in a TR For I have the cold spring Water **E** Persons can be supplied with ICE during the day at JACK SITES Store on Pomfret street.

DAVID RHOADS. April 20, 71-tf

NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-partnership heretofore existing between N. B. Moore and Wm. Moore, trading as N. B. Moore & Brc, is this day dissolved by mutnai consent. All persons having claims against the late firm, and those indebted thereto, will pre-sent them to N. B. Moore, Mt. Holly Springs (resulting on with in stryt days). ent, within sixty days. N. B. MOORE & BRO. April 6, 1871-2m UMBER MANUFACTURED.—The attention of dealers and builders is invited he Saw Mail, of George Throne, on Mountain elt, three shd a-half miles above Pine Grove mance, where Building Stuff, Joist, Lathe, can be purchased at reasonable rates. For their information address the Superintendent

further information address the Superintendent HENRY MILTENBURGER, Manchester Creek, Cumb., co., Pa. April 27, 1871—3m