Thursday Morning, July 28, 1870. DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETINGS.

CARLISLE, July 16, 1870.
In accordance with the provisions of the Crawford County system, the Primary Meetin of the Democratic voters of Cumberland coun will be held in every District of said county, the usual places of helding the delegate electrons of Saturdov Attention 1970. CARLISLE, July 16, 1870, tions, on Saturday, August 6th, 1870, between the hours of 8 and 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of

dominating
One person as a candidate for Congress.
One person as a candidate for Assembly.
One person as a candidate for Sheriff.
One person as a candidate for Commission One person as a candidate for Director of th

One person as a candidate for Auditor.

One person as a candidate for Coroner. The Crawford County System as adopted by the Democratic party of Combertand county, bereby published for the benefit of the voter THE "CRAWFORD COUNTY SYSTEM."

THE "CRAWFORD COUNTY SYSTEM."

First.—The candidates for the soveral offices shall have their names announced in one or more of the county papers, at least three weeks previous to the primary meetings, stating the office, and to be subject to the action of the party at the said primary meeting.

Second.—The voters responding to Democratis principles in each borough, ward or township shall meet on the FIRST SATURDAY OF AUGUST, at the usual places of helding the delegae elections, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and proceed to elections, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and proceed to election person for judge and two persons for clerks, who shall form a board of election to 'receive votes and determine who are proper persons to vote and shall hold the poils open until 7 P. M. After the poils are opened the candidates announced as aforesaid shall be balloted for; the name of each person shall be written on a list at the time of votting, no person being allowed to vote more than once for each office.

Third.—After the poils are closed the Board shall proceed to count the votes that each candidate received and make out the returns accordingly, to be certified to by the judge and attested by the judge and attested the conditions of the selection of the clerks appears the subject of the sevent we district.

Fourth—The judges (or one of the clerks appointed by the judge) of the respective districts, shall meet at the Court House, in Carlisle, on the Moniay following the primary meetings, at it o'clock, A. M., having the returns and a list of the voters, and count the votes, and the person having the highest number of votes for any office shall be declared the regular nominee of the Democratic party.

having the highest number of votes for any ofhoe shall be dectared the regular nomines of the
Democratio party.

Fifth.—Any two or more persons having an
Fifth.—Any two or more persons having an
interest and proceed to hallot for a choice, the
futures small proceed to hallot for a choice, between those thus a tie, the person having the
highest number to be the nominee.

Stath.—The return judges shall be competent to
reject, by a majority vote, the returns from any
election district, where there is avidence of
fraud, either in the returns or otherwise, to the
extent of the frauds committed.

Seventh.—Judicial, Congressional, Senatorial
and Legislative nominees shall have the privilege of selecting it els own contrees.

Eight.—The return judges from each borough,
ward or township shall name the members of
the committee thus appointed shall hold its first
meeting of the return judges, and shall select its own
chairman.

Ninh.—The Standing Committee, at a meeting

chairman. Ninth.—The Standing Committee, at a meeting called for that purpose by its Chairman, shall have power to elect delegates to the State Conventions and appoint the necessary conferees. The following rules have also been adopted for the government of the Boards of election in

for the government of the Boards of election in the several districts, viz: let. All qualified voters according to the laws of Fennsylvania, and within their own districts who shall pledge themselves to vote the whole board of the state of the next general election, the state of the state o than be entitled to vote at the primary elec-lons.

2d: All candidates shall be required to pledge themselves in the Democratic papers of the sounty before the primary elections to abide by und support the nominations declared by the re-turn judges, on Monday, the 8th day of August, 1870. The following oath or affirmation must be instead to the officers forming the boards combended County, \$ 8. S.

Pennsylvania.

We, Judge and aud
Clerks, who have been selected by the Demeratic voters of the formal primary election for the vers ISU, of our own free will and accord, make solemn oath or affirmation that we will hold the said primary election with all good idelity and in strict accordance with the provisions of the Crawford County System and the rules above published by the Democratic Standing Committee of Cumberland county. By order of the Standing Committee.

Chairman Democratic Standing Committee.

GOLD was quoted at \$1.21# in Philadelphia on Tuesday last.

ALL the Ohio Democratic papers are confident that the party will sweep the State at the next election.

BUTLER's hatred of the Chinese emigrants is easily accounted for. They use chop-sticks instead of spoons.

GENERAL MCCIELLAN has been chosen Chief Engineer of the Departvation of such a man to power and place speaks well for the authorities of that

TWELVE thousand five hundred dolhars have been appropriated by Congress for a negro college in Chester county in this State. All for the negro, nothing for white men, is the motto of the

GRANT has just demonstrated what a fool he is, or what a set of hypocrites the Radical leaders are. Georgia is not in the Union, yet he appoints an Attorney General from that country.

In his message of December, 1869 President Grant said: "I suggest the renewal of the Incom

And a Radical Congress did renew the Income Tax, in violation of the wishe of the people.

Let the people remember it!

A NEW JERSEY editor says that in passing along the street the other night he overheard a Ffteenth Amendment singing, with a force sufficient to bust his head, a song, only one verse of which he can remember, as follows:

It is a sin to steal a pin—
A crime to cut a throat—
But a darned sight bigger to stop a nigger
From putting in his vote.

THE Radicals in the late Congress re fused to pass a general amnesty bill for the South. They still desire to keep open the wounds inflicted in the civil war upon that section, and thus prevent a real and hearty restoration of the Union. The Radicals recognize that their yoca tion is gone when they can no longer appeal to prejudice and raise the passion of hatred between the North and the South. They are mere plotters against the peace and welfare of the country.

ELECTIONS will be held this fall in all the States except Oregon, California, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Rhode Island. Sixteen States will elect legislatures which will choose United States Senators. Of these the Radicals will carry Vermont, Maine, Massachusetts, Iowa, Minnesota and Kansas.-The negroes will be successful in North Carolina and South Carolina. The remainder of the States will be carried by the Democrats.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.--Congress adjourned on the 15th inst. It is most probably for the good of the country that its sessions have come to an end at least for a time. Few bills of a general character for the good of the country were passed, and quite a number of iniquitous ones-some of them regular schemes of robbery-as for instance the land grants to Rail-road Companies. Previous to adjournment, F. .T Frelinghuyson, of New Jersey, was confirmed by the U. S. Senate as Minister to England, in place of Mr. Motley, who is recalled.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

We take this occasion to remind our Democratic friends of the importance of the primary election to be held Saturday, August 6th. Now that the selection of our ticket is placed in the hands of the people themselves, they cannot escape responsibility by throwing it upon their delegates to county convention. Personal considerations of course will have their due weight in our choice of candidates -every man feels like supporting his friends when they are applicants for office-but at the same time a party which is in the majority is strictly responsible for the kind of men it puts in ffice, and it is the duty of every good citizen to vote for the individual best qualified for the position. With such an array of candidates, all of whom are gentlemen well known throughout the county, it cannot be difficult to make a selection. While it is true that there is no gentleman named for any of the offices in the gift of the people who would not be entirely capable to discharge the duties of the position he as pires to, it is also true that there are some better fitted than others; and it should be our purpose to make the very best ticket we can out of the material at hand. This the voting public have a right to demand of us, and us a mere matter of policy it is essential in the present campaign that we should place in the field the strongest ticket we can make. We do hope, therefore, that our Democratic triends will turn out to the primary election, and by the untrameled exercise of their best discretion will give us a ticket that will receive a round thousand majority bevond all peradventure. In order that all may vote intelli-

gently, we give below an alphabetical ist of the candidates for the various offices :

C. E. Maglaughlin. John B. Leidig, H. G. Moser. Sheriff.

Director of Poor, P. W. Quigley.

Jacob Hemminger, R. C. Lamberton Coroner,

AN INFAMOUS MEASURE. By the infamous naturalization bill the Radicals of our late Congress have put a premium on ignorance and stupi-

dity. Besides the native negroes who enjoy the right of suffrage under the fifteenth amendment, all the mulatto emigrants from the West Indies, and the imported negroes from the jungles of Africa are admitted to the privileges of naturalization. But the Chinese are rigorously excluded. Centuries before the dawn of the Christian era the Chiiese had reached a high degree of civiization, while the negroes in Africa have made no more progress than the oysters at the bottom of her rivers. The Chinaman is industricus, intelligent and shrewd-for this reason they are not to be naturalized. The negroes are ment of Docks in New York. The eletherefore they are invested with the privileges of American citizenship. The Radicals have converted, at a stroke. into voters over a half million of negroes, not one in a hundred of whom can read and write. But the emigrant from Europe, the intelligent Germans, Irish, English and French, must wait four years and a half, and have their way to cilizenship filled with all kinds of annoyances and legal difficulties .-The prejudices of the Radicals against their own color and race, and in favor, of the negroes, were never more clearly

MISCELLANEOUS.

ization act.

marked than in this execrable natural

-China has 30,000 gods. -London has nearly 9000 policeman. -Fly Shu is the name of one of the

—Germany announces as its ultimatum the dethrouement of the Bonapartes. -Explosive bullets are not to be used

er the French or Prussian army. -Why can't the cook eat her apron? Because it goes against her stomacl —Napoleon is unanimously condemned by the Spanish press for declaring

-The New York World says the tem-perance societies of Virginia are being thinned out by delirium tremens.

—French troops crossed the frontier, near Searbrucken, on Tuesday evening, and seized the custom house.

—The late Emperor Maximillan's Quartermaster General is now selling soda water in Texas.

-Prussis has closed the mouth of the Weser with sunken hulks to prevent the entrance of the enemy. -San Francisco felicitates herself upon

her steady increase in population not-withstanding the depression of business.

growing in popularity among Pennsylvanians. Among the late arrivals at that famous resort, we note Hon. G. W. Woodward, of Wilkesbarre, and Gen. W. H. Miller, of Harrisburg.

that famous resort, we note Hon. G. W.
Woodward, of Wilkesbarre, and Gen.
W. H. Miller, of Harrisburg.
—The latest snake story is of a reptile killed in the neighborhood of Fort Scott.
Ind., "six feet long, and as thick as a man's arm," with an immense head and long hooked teeth. It is said to have given a warning similar to that of a rattenake, but instead of rattles to have had a tail like a sharp iron spike.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

The European War remains in statu uo. The armies of France and Prussia are confronting each other, like snarling mastiffs, but as yet no blow has been truck. The newspapers are filled with rumors and contradictions, which are not only unreliable, but would be of little value if true. War-guessing, as our lates conflict proved in many instances, is a very unreliable employment. The first Napoleon gained all his victories against fearful odds; and in the Crimean war the field troops of Russia were equal to the whole available military population of the allies. La numbers Austria was superior to Prussia, in the fifteen days war which terminated at Sadowa. To guess well we must be able to measure the brains commanding, as well as the arms striking. Of course we Americans are very indignant that there have been no great battles yet, with their thousands of slain, but our taste for blood may yet be glutted to the fill. Large armies de not mass in a day. With all his speed, Napoleon is scarcely yet in position to strike the advance guard of the Prussian army. The campaign may be short, harp and decisive; and neither France nor Prussia will risk none than can be avoided. All the recent European wars have been of short duration. In the Austro-Italian difficulty of 1859, the war was begun by the Sardinian rejection of the ultimatum, April 25. The Austrians crossed the Ticino two days after, and the battle of Montebello was fought on May 20. Ten days after Magenta was fought, and three weeks later Solferino was won. The Schleswig-Holstein war was one of seiges and bombardments rather than of pitched battles. On the very day Prussia entered Schelswig she ook Eckenforde. This was on February Duppel was taken on April 13, In the late war in this country Sumter was fired on April 11. Some minor engagements took place between that date and the fight at Rich Mountain on July 11.-Bull Run was fought on July 21 During the German-Italian war of 1868, Prussia

24, and Sadowa, on uly 3 The War in France PARIS, July 20.-In the Corps Legisla tif to-day the Duke de Gramont announced that war had been declared with Prussia and her allies, in the following

virtually declared war on June 14, and

Italy followed with her declaration on

June 20. Custozza was fought on June

words: MESSIEURS:—The expose presented to you on the 15th instant made known the causes we have for war against Prussia. According to the rules and usage of nations, and by order of the Empelor, I have requested the Charge d'Affairs at Berlin to notify the Cabinet of Prussia of our resolution, to seek with arms the perin to notify the Cabinet of Prussia of our resolution to seek with arms the guarantee we could not obtain by discussion. This has been done, and I have the honor to make known to the Corps Legislatif that in consequence thereof a state of war exists, since the 19th, between France and Prussia. This declaration applies to the allies of Prussical Prussian to the consequence. France and Prussia. This declaration applies to the allies of Prussia who give her armed assistance.

The War in Prussia. BERLIN, July 20 .- The Reichstag, or North German Parliament, met yesterday fternoon. The Grand Duke of Meckenburg-Schwerin was chosen President. Vebement cheering followed Count von Bismarck's announcement of the declar tion of war by Frauce. The King then opened the session with a speech, which was greeted with the wildest enthusiasm

KING WILLIAM'S SPEECH. The King said Prussia had no interest The King said Prussia had no interest in the selection of the Prince of Hohenzollern for the Spanish throne, except that it might bring peace to a friendly people. It had nevertheless furnished the Emperor of the French with a pretext for war unknown to diplomacy, and scorning peace, he had indulged in language to Germany which could have only been prompted by a miscalculation of her strength. Germany was powerful enough to resent such language and repet such violence. He said so in all reverence, knowing that the event was in God's hands. He had fully weighed the re-sponsibility which rested on the man who drives into war and havor two great who drives into war and havoe two great and trainqui nations, yearning for peace and the enjoyment of the common b'essings of Christian 'civilization and prosperity, and for contests more salutary than those of blood. Those who rule France have shrewdly studied the proper methods of hitting the sensitive pride of that great neighbor nation, and to promote selfish interests have misguided it. "Then," concluded the King, "as our fathers before us have-done, let us fight for liberty and our rights segment the for liberty and our rights against the wrongs inflicted by a foreign conqueror; and as He was with our fathers, so God will be with us, in a struggle without which Europe can never enjoy lasting

BERLIN, July 25-3 P. M.—The French division quartered at Forbach has advan-ced its pickets to the village of Gersev eller. Here a Prussian command met the French skirmishers and a brish fire the French skirmishers and a brish fire was maintained for a short period. The French were driven back with a loss of ten men. The Prussians did not lose a ten men. The Prussians did not lose a single man. It is asserted that the engagement shows that the, execution and rapidity of fire of the needle-gun fully equaled that of the Chassepot.

BERLIN, July 24-5 P. M.-A sharp engagement took place on Sunday afternoon between the French and Prussian troops, near the town of Chateau Salins. Department of Meurthe, France seventeen miles north-east of Nancy. The fotce on either side did not exceed 5,000 men, but the battle, although of short duration, was fiercely contested and resulted in a victory for the Prussians who retained possession of the field with a

retained possession of the Frussians with a loss of one hundred and twenty killed and wounded, while the French loss in killed and wounded, will reach at least two hundred.

TRAGIC DEATH OF THE FRENCH MINISTER AT WASHINGTON.

He Commits Suicide by Shooting Himself while Laboring under Temporary Insanity. —San Francisco felicitates presel upon her steady increase in population not-withstanding the depression of business.

—The hair-dressers' shops of Madrid are crowded with poverty-stricken Spanish girls, anxious to sell their hair.

—Large numbers of Mussulmen in Damascus' have been lately converted to Christianity, and the movement is still in progress.

—The prices at Niagara Falls, cannot be considered exorbitant this season, when an ordinarily good linen collar may be had there for forty cents.

—Stockings are going out of fashion for ladies' street wear in Paris, and bare feet and sandals are to be generally introduced. In such a mode Venus may still need wine, but she will dispense with corn.

—The Police Commissioners of New York have decreed that every patrolman shall wear "a shirt collar, a neck tie, and gloves," which form a cool and comfortable summer uniform,

—White Sulphur Springs, Virginia, is growing in popularity among Pennsylvanians. Among the late arrivals at that famous resort, we note Hon. G. W. Woodward, of Wilkesbarre, and Gen. W. Hiller, of Harrisburg. WASHINGTON, July 20.—The city was

ed. A moment later he discovered blood on. A moment later he discovered blood on.M. Paradol's clothes, and then real ized that the Minister had shot himsel He was laid upon the floor and Dr Johnson, was summoned, but found i impossible to save his life, the ball hav impossible to save his life, the ball having penetrated the body at the lower edge of the heart. At ball-past one he died, having tried ineffectually before death occurred to actualate and give some direction to his servant. This morning the coroner was notified, and appeared and summoned a jury to hold an inquest on the body at six o'clock this evening.

(COMMUNICATED.)

MECHANICSBURG, July 23d, 1870. } Messrs. Bratton & Kennedy: Messrs. Bratton & Kennedy:

Gentlemen.—Having consented to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the Legislature, at the urnent solicitation of prominent Democrats from every section of the county, I r gret to find myself in a position where a few words of explanation may be necessary; and as I do not intend to make a personal canvass of the county, I have concluded to do so through your columns.

Some persons are seeking to create the impression that the opposition to Mr. Leidig arises from personal feeling against him. I regret this exceedingly, for personally I entertain no disrespect for Mr. L., and, as he himself knows, I have been one of his warmest personal friends, and contributed my influence to secure his election last fall. The feeling expressed against his renomination, by a large number of Democrats, is on account of his vote for the Jersey Shore. Pine Creek and Buffalo railroad bill. I have no desire to misconstrue his vote, but the object of that bill was to take nine and one half millions of dollars from the sinking fund of Pennsylvania (being the proceeds of the sale of our public improvements) and give it to certain railroad companies, in exchange for their bonds, without any guarantee of their ultimate payment, and this in open violation of the constitution of the state.—The constitutional amendment of 1857 created this sinking fund for the gradual payment of the public debt, and in the most explicit terms, declares that it shall not be used or applied to any other purpose. Senator Buckalew, the author of this amendment, in his able speech against this bill last winter, says, "these nine and one-half millions of dollars in the sinking fund, were put there by constitutional injunction, placed there by statue, covered there by words as strong as the English language can make it, and yet this bill stopass," and further be says, "in my judgement, it invades the fundamental law, which we have taken oaths to support." This bill with all its odiousness, passed the House, and Mr. Leidig vot GENTLEMEN.-Having consented to b dig voted for it. Had it not been for the Governor's veto, this nine and a half millions dollars would have passed into the hunds of those parties, and the sinking fund, which for years has been the hope of the tax payer for the ultimate extinguishment of our state debt and the relief of the people from the burden of taxaton, would in a measure belief bankrupt. This is the reason why many Democrats protest against Mr. L's recomination, and not from any personal feeling against him.

Mr. Leidig pledges himself "if recominated and elected, to vote against the J-rsey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffator allroed bill, as presented last winter, or any other similar measure, should one be presented at the nort energy of

or any other similar measure, should one be presented at the next session of

or any other similar measure, should one be presented at the next session of the Legislature;" but mistakes of judgment involving millions of dollars to the State, are of too great importance to be made a matter of experiment for the future. Fortunately his railroad measure was velocd, and failed to become a law; but if it had passed, the virtual acknowledgement of our representative that something had been done by him injurious to the Interests of the people of this county, would have come too late to afford the people any redress.

Mr. Leidig claims a unanimous renomination on the strength of the usages of the Democratic party; but the Democratic party, if I understand its teachings, its usages and its regulations, reserves the right to scrutinize the acts of its servants, and deal with them accordingly. The position in which I am placed is not of my seeking, and if Mr. Leidig's constituents see fit to endorse his course, they have the right to do so; but if they see proper to disapprove of his course they also have the right to do that. With them result the decision, and in the canvass I shall indulge in no word of disparagement or unkindness towards our Representative or his friends.

Yours Respectfully,

H. G. MOSER.

COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Bratton & Kennedy:

NEW KINGSTON.

July 18, 1870.

GENTLEMEN-I have been prevented, by severe hidisposition, from visiting the Democrats of the county and explaining to them personally the motives which governed my course during the late session of the legislature. I have learned with regret, that my vote in favor of the Jersey shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo railroad bill has been mis-construed and ascribed to unworthy construed and ascribed to unworthy motives, in order to injure me with the Democracy and defeat my renomination, which I desire to correct through the columns of your paper. The bill to exchange bonds now in the sinking fund of the State, for first mortgage bonds of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo railroad, in order to facilitate the building thereof, originated with the Hon. Wm. A. Walkre, the leading Democrat in the State Separa

with the Hon. Wm. A. Wallare, the leading Democrat in the State Senate, and a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity. Upon its passage in the House I recorded my vote in favor of it, onscientiously believing that the road, if built, would in time enure to the advantage of the people of the entire State. I therefore bra d the statement that I voted for this bill from unworth me. I therefore bra'd the statement that I voted for this bill from unworthy motives, as untrue in every particular. I desire, however, to be in perfect accord with the people of the county, and to do nothing that may prove injurious to their interests, and therefore pledge myself if renominated and elected, to vote against the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo rallroad bill, as presented last winter, or any other similar measure, should one be presented at the next session of the legislature. It has been last winter, or any other similar measure, should one be presented at the next session of the legislature. It has been the custom of the Democratic party in Cumberland county for the last half century, to give the candidate for Assembly a renomination, and deeming my course not inconsistent with Democratic principles, I respectfully ask that the customs and usages of the party be adhered to in my case. By the maintenance, through long years of political persecution, of established customs and usages, the Democratic party has prespered and grown great, and if we wish to maintain our organization intact, and off ascendency in the county, we must not now deviate from the paths that have so long led to victory. I respectfully ask a unanimous renomination, and in return therefor pledge myself to vote for no measure that will prove detrimental to the interests of the great Democratic party. As soon as

constituents, or to the interests of the great Dem cratic party. As soon as my health will permit, I intend calling to see the Democrats of the county. Requesting you to insert this letter in the next issue of your paper, I am, Very Respectfully, Yours,

J. B. LEIDIG.

—Intelligence just received states that the twenty-first of June was signalized by an organized massacre of the French in Pekin by a Chinese mob, who murdered the French Consul, the Secretary of Legation, Sisters of Mercy, Priests and a number of Russians. The mob also burned the Cathedral.

-A girl in a public school applied to her teacher for leave to be absent half a day, on the plea that they had company at home. The teacher referred her to the printed list of reasons that the School Committee thinks sufficient to justify ab sonce, and asked her if her case came under any of them. She naively replied that it might come under the head of "domestic affliction.".

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS NOW

New Adbertisements. SHERIFF'S SALES.

On Friday, August 19, 1870. On Friday, August 19, 1870.

*By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponsa and Levari Facias, Issued out of the Court of Common Piezs of Cumberland county and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on the above day, at it o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

A Lot of Ground, situate in the borough of Newburg, Cumberland county Pa, bounded on the West by Henry Strobin, on the South and East by W. Frazier, and on the North by Stevick and a heart and P. Rhoads, containing on the South and Late of Prame Weather-boarded Dwellow House, Stable, Carlinge House, Smoto House, Stephens, 2 Barts, Steam Engine, Holler, &c. eized and taken in execution as the property of Jonathan virine.

ALSO—all that certain Building, located on a rine. ALSO—all that certain Building, located on a

ALSO—all that certain Bullding, located on a lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Mechanicsbung, on the corner of Arch and Allen streets, bounded on the South by Allen streets, bounded on the South by Allen streets, on the East by Arch street, on the West by an Alley, and on the North by an Alley, and building being of Brick, two-stories high, twenty-four feet front by thirty-four feet deep, with the ground covered by said building, and so much other ground immediately adjacent thereto and helonging to the nove nursed defendant, as may be necessary for the ordinary and us ful purposes of said building. Sudd and alken in execution as the owner and contractor, Alsu-all that certain Lot of Ground, situate in Upper Allen township, Cumberland county, Pa., bounded on the North and West by David Coover, on the South by William Watts and Hi am Longnecker, and on the East by Hiram Longnecker, contait ing one Acre, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a-half story Log Dwelling House, Frame Stable, and other outbuildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Shunk.

ALSO—all that certain tract of Land, situate in Pena township, Cumberland county, Pa., bounded and Hall, thence by said road, South Gourteen and a-half degrees, West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a-half degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a laif degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a laif degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a laif degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a laif degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by land of same North ten and a laif degrees. West twenty-two perches to a stone, thence by sands of David Lefever, North eighty-one and a-half degrees.

Set a minety-five and five tentlys perche

And all to be sold by me, JOS. C. THOMPSON, Sheriff.

JOS. C. THOMPSON, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, CARLISLE,
July 23, 1570.

CONDITIONS.—On all Sales of \$500 or over, \$50
will be required to be paid when the property is
stricken off, and \$25 on all Sales under \$500.

July 25, 70—ts

PROTECTION FROM LIGHTNING. PROTECTION FROM LIGHTNING.

To those interested I would say that during the senson of lsw. I had the Rod of the tumber-land Lightiffing Rod Company, erected upon my house and burn. In the severe storm of the 28th of June last, the Rod upon my house was struck by a very heavy both of Lightning meeting the point and running down the Rod perfectfally, till it came to the snouting, the Rod coming in contact with the same a small portion of the fluid left upon the spouting, melting it in several places, passed down the corners of the building turing off the corner boards and cracking the plastering in one corner of the room three children sleeping upon the floor were, not wakened. Upon notifying the company at their office, in the city of 'cleveland, Mr. M. S. Chapp, came within 10 days from the time of said notice and paid me fully for the damage to my entire satisfaction (830) thirty dollars. In every way this company have been horned. I would recommend the cable Rod to any one who have buildings to protect.

The aboye is a correct statement in accordance

mend the cable Rod to any one who have buildings to protect.

The above is a correct statement in accordance with the facts and seen Mr. Clapp, pay the above amount and it is ample to repair the toss. ISAAC FRY, Was SHIMP.

We are pleased to say that the Pennsylvania Lightning tod Company, of this state, incorporated by an act of Legislature, with an authorized capital of \$100,000,00 a large proportion of which has been paid in, have purchased the entire outlit and business of the well known tilevelant Company, in this State. The object of this incorporation is to protect the public against foreign declars and irresponsible venders who are using a cheap and inferior article, such as gaivanized iron and joined Rods, they not they use.

This Home Company guarantee a protection. they use.

This Home Company guarantee a protection for idyears, and alcovery way reliable and are receiving the patronage of the public as they fully cessre. The Mod adopted by this company, is continuous without joints or breaks, being composed of 4 large telegraph and 4 copper wires combined in rope form, and is recommended by the highest authorities. The Home office of this company is at the corner of Second and Locust street, Harrisburg.

July 24 70—

CARLISLE MACHINE WORKS! F. GARDNER & CO. F. GARDNER & CO.

CUMBERLAND VAILEY REAPER & MOWER

We are now outliding and, will bring out for
the harvest of D70, the New Patent Cumberland
valley Combined is EAPER AND MOWER, with
SELF RAKE, and all other late improvements,
it will be built in the best style, and warranted
to work satisfactorily. The want of a home made
Reaper has long been felt, and we expect to be
able to offer to the farmers of Cumberland and
abjoining counties a machine which shal, be a
complete and percet harvester, equal to the best
brought from a distance.

NOVELTY HAY RAKE.

NOVELTY HAY RAKE. We are building this season, only a limited number of Hay liakes. The Novelty has the Self acting arrangement, or can be worked by hand, on the old principle. It will be made of the best materials, in Handsome style, and warranted to give satisfaction, bend in your orders early.

THE GUM SPRING GRAIN DRILL. We continue building the original Willoughby Patent Gum Spring Grain Drill, So well
known, and popular among farmers. No grow,
farmer can afford to do without the Willoughey
for it largely increases, and improves his crops,
and soon pays for itself. We make it as a Grann
ind Grans Seeder alone, or with Patent Gunno
Attachment for sowing phosphates or guano,
We also built the Willoughby with the shelves
a straight tank or zig zag, as farmers may prefer.

VARIOUS FARM IMPLEMENTS. VARIOUS FARMIMPLEMENTS.

We are manufacturing a variety of agricultura, implements such as horse powers and threshers, cider mills, star corn shellers, three sizes, cannon corn shellers. Euroka todder cuter, and keep always on hand the National Fodder Cuter, three sizes, with various other farming implements. We also make Farner's patent Tire bender, and Porter's patent Tuver, which every blacksmith should have. Also cast fron corn clushers wash kettles, four sizes, ceilar gintes, five different patterns, plow castings and other custings keptathways on hand.

The CARLISLIE COUK STOVE, our own casting, is one of the best and cheapest stoves in the market.

STEAM ENGINE AND MILL WORK. STEAM ENGINE AND MILL WORK.

As hereforore, we give particular attention to building SIEAM ENGINES, and tentishing SIEAM ENGINES, and tentishing SIEAM ENGINES, and tentishing SIARTING, GI ARING, PULL, and tentishing SIARTING, GI ARING, PULL, and the part of the machinery connected with Eacr of the particular of the machinery connected with Eacr of the particular of the short notice.

Or Two new stationary engines now on handor sale.

Attached to our establishment is an extensive PLANING MILL and MASH and DOOR FAIT. ORRY, with all the machinery for manufacturing door and window trames, sash, shutters and blinds, brackets, mouldings, cornice, and portice drapery stair rail and halusters, flooring, siding and every other article in the line of building materials from the lowest price to first class quality. Builders and contractors may reiv on all orders, large or small, being promptly filled, an extensive supply or season d pine, walnut and onk humber kept constantly in our tumber yeard leady for use. Small sizes of lath and low prices dions always on hand, and other articles

priced duors always on hand, and to order, and to order.
All orders or inquiries by mail, or otherwise, in connection with any branch of our business will be promptly attended to.

F. GARDNER & CO.

THE OLD WAY AND THE NEW.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY. .(ESTABLISHED 1861.)

Nos. 31, 33, 35 and 37 Vesey Street, NEW YORK. HAVE AI POINTED DANIEL CORNMAN, CARLISLE, PA.,

to sell their Teas and Coffees at the same prices that the Company sell them at their Ware-bouses in New York. A full amply of the fresh est New Crop Teas will be kept for sale at all lines. All goods warranted to give satisfaction or the money refunded.
Only one profit charged from the Producer to the Consumer. From five to eight profits saved by purchasing from this Company. UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM

of doing business, the consumer of Teas had to pay about eight profits between the profiter and himself, to cover as many intermediate UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM

the Great American Tea Co., distribute Teas to the consumer, through their Agents, all over the country, subjecting them to but one profit, and that but a very moderate one, as asmall percen-tage on the immense sales, will amply satisfy the Company, for they sell thousands of chests the company, and the consumer than it took to sell one chest mader the old system. GENTS WANTED FOR "Lost Abroad."

Send for specimen pages, circulars, terms, etc. Address S. M. BETTS & CQ., Hartford, Conn. July 21, 70—1m

Legal Notices. REGISTER'S NOTICE—Notice is the following accounts have been filled in this office by the accountants therein named, for examination and confirmation, and will be presentconfirmation and gust 16th, A. D., 1870 ugust 10th, A. D., 1610; I. Final account of Charles Rhoads, Guardian Adam Miller 2. Account of Samuel Rodebaugh, Guardian of mon P. Souders, minor child of David Souders, unt of Samuel Rodebaugh, Guardian of ad Lucinda Souders, minor children of Jonatian run, naco. Art Salar deceased.

12. Account of Christian E. Resb. Guardian of Mary Zook, one of the children of David Zook, inte of Upper Allen township, deceased.

13. Account of Abraham Lamberton, Guardian of William Millon Henwood, minor child of Ann C. Henwood, as settled by Robert C. Lamberton, Administrator of said Abm. Lamberton, now deceased.

14. Account of John W. Huston, late of Penntownship, deceased.

15. Account of John W. Huston, late of Penntownship, deceased. tor of Miss Bildney W. Huston, late of Penn township, deceased, 15. Account of John W. Huston. Executor of the last will and testament of John Huston, late of Penn township, deceased, 16. Account of John S. Mouro, Executor of the Account of John S. Mouro, Executor of G. Account of C. F. Stover, Trustee under the will of tev. John H. Van Hoff.

18. First and final account of George Bellman, Administrator of Robert Hetrick, late of the borough of Mechanicsburg, deceased.

19. Account of Mrs. Jane M. McKeehan and Samuel Diller, Administrators of Wm. Smilth McKeehan, late of West Pennsbord township, deceased.

HOD. James H. Graham, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Piens of the counties of Cumberland, Perry, and Juniata, and Juniatice of the several Courts of Cyper and Juniatic and Justice of the several Courts of Gyer and Juniatic and Justice of the several Courts of Gyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in said counties, and Hons. Thos. P. Biair and Hugh Stuari, Judges of the Courts of Gyer and Terminer and Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders, in the said county of Cumberland, by their precept to me directed, dated lith of April, 1870, have ordered the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery to be holden at Carlisle, on the 22d of August, 1870, being the 4th Monday.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Cumberland that they are by the said precepts commanded to be then and there in Hell India of Cumberland that they are by the said precepts commanded to be then and there in Hell India of Cumberland that they are by the said precepts commanded to be then and there in Hell India of Cumberland that they are by the said precepts commanded to be then and there in India proper persons, with their rolls, records and inquisitions, examinations and all other are being the prize of the said of said county of these their rolls, records and inquisitions, examinations and all those that are being the prize of the prize of the Said County of County of the Prosecute Land of said county of Contractice, there to prosecute them as shall be justed.

Sheriffer of Office Colleges and the prize of Said county of Colleges and the said of Said county of Colleges and the said of Said County of Sa

NOTICE.

In the matter of the account of Thomas is, Bryson, Trustee of Thomas is, Bryson, Trustee of Court of Cum-ALSO.

In the matter of the account of Thomas B. Bryson, Trustee of Thomas B. B. McCuire, unler the will of Ram I. Harkness Adams, dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor to whom the aforesaid accounts and the exceptions thereto were referred by the Orphan's Court of Cumberland county, at its meeting on the 22 March, 1870, will attend to the duties of, his appointment, at his office at No. 31, 80 uth Hanover street, in Carlisle, on Thursday, August 4, A. D., 1870, at 11 o'cloick. A. M., when and where all parties interested are notified to attend.

July 14, 70-8t

Hellover, Auditor.

it:

1. The account of John O. Saxton, Assignee for enefit of creditors, of Jacob Relstline. benefit of creditors, of Jucob Relistline.

2. The Creditors, of Jucob Relistline.

2. The Creditors of Jucob Relistline of the Religious of Admis Benseman.

3. The accounting of Admis Benseman,

3. The account of Admission of T. J. Kerr.

4. The account of Andrew Singler, assigned for benefit of creditors, of John R. Turner,

July 21, 70—4t*

V. V. Ca VANAUGH,

July 21, 70—4t*

June 80, 70—6m COURT PROCLAMATION. - Notice

May 5, 70-to NOTICE. - Notice is hereby given that

THIS IS NO HUMBUG!

Samuel Diller, Administrators of Wm. Smith McKeehan, late of West Pennsbord township, decensed.

20. First and final account of Henfamin Niesly and Jacob Niesly, Executors of Jacob Niesly, late of Moinre township, deceased.

21. First and final account of David Neiswanger, Administrator of Elizabeth Neiswanger, late of Mechanicsburg, deconsed.

22. Account of lavid Hollinger, Guardian of Luc Lewis and Martin Shisler.

23. First and dinal account of S. G. Rowman, Administrator of H. G. Rupp, late of Mechanicsburg, dee d.

24. Account of Daniel Myers, Executor of Mrs. Mary Myers, Inte of West Pennsboro, dee'd.

25. First and final account of Joseph Leas, Administrator of George Trouwine, late of Mechanicsburg, dee'd.

26. First and final account of David Wherry, Administrator of George Trouwine, late of Mechanicsburg, dee'd.

27. First and final account of David Wherry, Administrator of Jacob Creamer, late of Newburg borough, dee'd.

28. Account of Samuel Harizler and David 28. Account of Samuel Harizler and David

burg horough, doe'd

28. Account of Samuel Harizler and David

28. Account of Samuel Harizler and David

20rk, Administrators of Jucob S. Zork dee'd.

29. Account of James A. Dunbur and Agnes W.

Dunbur, Abministrators of John Dunbar, late of

West Pennsboro, dee'd, as settled by the ixid

Agnes W. Dunbar, Administratrix.

30 Account of Thomas C. Scouller, Administrator of Margaret Sharp, late of Newton township,

d. c'd. d. ed. 31, Account of A. B. Leckey, Esq., Administra-for of John Logan, decid *22. Second and final abbount of Benjamin Setz, Administrator of J. J. Bowers, late of Newyllic dee'd
33. Account of Jacob Mumma, Guardian o
Jeremiah M. Senseman and John A. Senseman
minor sons of Jeremiah Senseman, dee'd,
34. The fifth and final account of Thomas
Chambers, Administrator de benis non, with
the will annexed of the Hen. Thos, Duncan
dee'd.

lec'd. 35. Account of John Hoover and Andrew Cannedy, Executor under a noncupative wil of John Hoover, Sr., late of Frankford township dec'd.

30. Account of Jane Allen, Administratrix of James W. All-n, late of Newton township, dec'd.

37. First and final account of S. P. Gorgas, Administrator of Mrs. Anna Forry, late of Mechanicsburg borough, dec'd.

38. First and final account of Rebecca Johnston, Administratrix of William Johnston, dec'd.

lesburg borough, dee'd.

3. First and final account of Rebecca Johndee'd. Administrative of William Johnston,
dee'd. Administrative of William Johnston,
dee'd. Administrative of William Johnston,
dee'd. Administrative of E. Cook, late of Mechanicsburg, dee'd.
49. Account of Thomas Greason and Samuel
Greason, trustees under the will of James Greason, dee'd., of Wm. Greason.
41. Account of Thomas Greason and Samuel
Greason, trustees under the will of James Greason, of Wm. Greason.
42. Account of Hehiry Raxton, Executor of
Elizabeth Warner, late of Carlislo, dee'd.
43. First account of Henry Saxton, Executor of
Henry Barnitz, late of Carlislo, dee'd.
44. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of the deceused Guardian Nathan
C. Woods, late Guardian of R. O'Brien Woods,
D. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Laccount of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Nathan C. Woods, dee'd., late
Guardian of Jennie A. Woods, a minor child of
N. J. R. Woods, decensed.
45. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Nathan C. Woods, late Guardian
M. J. R. Woods, decensed.
47. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Nathan C. Woods, late Guardian
James M. Woods, a ninor child of
N. J. R. Woods, decensed.
47. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Nathan C. Woods, late Guardian
James M. Woods, a ninor child of N. J. Ramsey Woods, decased.
48. First and final account of David S. Ker, as
Administrator of Nathan C. Woods, late Guardian of James M. Woods, a ninor child of N. J. Ramsey Woods, decode, late
Children of Partial account of Cover, late
Administrator of the Satae of Mary E. Coover,
Administrator of the

PROCLAMATION.—Whereas the

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE.—No-tice is hereby given that the tollowing trust accounts have been filed in my office for exami-nation, and will e presented to the Court of common Pleus of Camberland County, for con-trination, on the 2th day of August, 1870, to wit:

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legalistature, for the incorporation of a Bank of Deposit and Discount, to be located in Carlisto, Cumberland county, Pa., to be called the "Farmer's Bank" with the paying of increasing to one hundred thousand dollars.

The Farmer's Bank at present under the general law, will, in this application ask for a special charter.

/ In the least of the last of

N letters of administration on the estate of Edward Shower, late of Carlisle, Cumberland country, Secensed, have been granted by the proper anthority to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make pay ment immediately, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

JANE SHOWER,

Adm'rs, of Edward shower, dec'd.

June 30, 70-66

XECUTOR'S -NOTICE,—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Brown, late of Penn township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned Executor. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make settlement immediately, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

June 23, 70—6t

W. A. BROWN,

Leccutor.

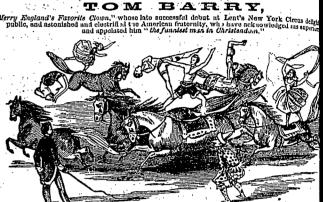
Hy sending 55 cents, with age height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband and wie with name and date of marriage. Address W. FUX. F. O. Drawer No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. July 21, 70—1m

THE EMPEROR OF SHOWMEN IS COMIN

DR. JAMES L. THAYER'S NEW DR. JAMES L. THAYER, Manager. JAS. ANDERSON, Proprietor

Composed of a choice selection of the most celebrated American and Foreign Artists, whose febrity render their SUPERIORITY UNQUESTIONABLE.

Every department complete, and represented by Performers who are celebrated as being at the management. BEHOLD THE LIST OF BRILLIANT PRINCIPALS: DR. JAMES L. THAYER



MR. S. P. STICKNEY The Veteran Showman. Unequalled as an Equestrian Director, and the best Ring Muster in the

LA BELLE LIVALE,



With his Troupe of performing Dogs, among which vill be found the eclebrated Canbres Disk and Dash vinese performances is indeed marvellons, and entirely inferent from anything previously seen in this country

JOHN SAUNDERS, The Great Equestrian Scenic Artist and principal fider, who, in addition, challenges the world to pro-uce a man to compete with him for the sum of \$5000 and the title of Champion Leaper of Creation.

MISS LOTTIE SHERIDAN. An accomplished American Horsewoman, whose cauty of form and face is typical of Anenican Love HOGLE and BURDEAU.

The original of all Clog Dancers, and whose puminent allitudes has never been reached by his maintators, will appear in the ring at each performan a soveral of his great specialties.

The BENSLEY BROTHERS.

Miscellancous.

Methodist Episcopal Church,

WILD BE HELD AT THE

Red Barn, near Oakville Station,

a the line of the Cumberland Valley Railroad

Commencing Wednesday August 3, and Closing Friday August 12, 1870.

The Cumberland Valley Railroad Company

ROUND TRIP TICKETS,

during the continuance of the Meeting, which will be good for return tassage on all train leaving Red, Barn until last train of Saturday August 13th, and positively no longer,

From Harrisburg, \$1.65 From Newville, \$3 Shippensb'g, \$1.65 Sottand, \$1.65 Sottan

EXTRA TRAINS.

During the con'invance of the Camp Meeting Extra Trains will run as follows:

On Friday, Wednesday and Thursday, August 5th, 10th, and 11th,

FROM CHAMBERSBURG AND CARLISLE.

Leave Chamb'g, 5.45 P. M. | Arrivent Red Barn "Shipp'g, 6.20" (3.5 P. M. | Leave Carlisle, 7.45 P. M. | Arrive at Red Barn "Newville, 8.20" Arrive at Red Barn 8.35 P. M.

Leave Red Barn, 6.45 P. M. Ar. at Carl'e 7.85 P. M. Chab'g 945

On Saturday and Tuesday, the 6th and 8th of August.

Leave Chamb'g, 5.45 P. M. Arrive at Red Barn "Snipp'g, 6.20" 1,35 P. M.

Leave Chamb'g, 7.00 P. M. Arrive at Red Barn "Shipp'g, 7.80" 7.45 P. M.

Leave Red Barn for Harrisb'g and Intermediate Stations 9.00 P M.; leave Red Barn for Cham-bersburg and Intermediate Stations 9.30 P. M.

On Saturday and Tuesday, the 6th and 9th of August

FROM CHAMBERSBURG AND NEWVILLE-

Leave Chamb'g, 7.15 A. M. Arrive at Red Barn Shipp'g, 7.45 8,05 A. M.

Leave Newville, 8,35 A. M.; Arrive at Red Barr 8,55 A. M.

WAY-STATIONS.

Agents have been appointed to self-tickets at Bridgeport. Shiremans own, Kingston, Good Hope, Gresson, Aiterton, Rottland, Marion, State Line. And any person terring the Cars without a ticket, will be charged full fare.

43 At White Hill, Middlesse, Kauffmun's and Morgantown, tickets can be procured from conductors of trains.

AGENTS WANTED EVERY

REV. ALBERT BARNES'

NEW BOOK, SALES IMMENSE.

Business for everybody. Pays \$50 to \$300 per month. Hend for circula.s to ZEIGLER, Mo-CURLY & CO., 16 S. Bouth Sixth St., Philadel-phia Pa. July 21,70—im

July 21, 70-3w

O. N. LULL,

RATES OF FARE: ..

A Large Corps of Auxiliaries of a high order

The Comic Mules.

UNCLE SAM and SHOO FLY,

Master JOHNNY BOOKER.

Mr. BILLY PASTOR,

A Stud of Beautiful Ring Horses,

Miscellaneous.

Dr. Jos. L. Thayer takes particular price the to announce on engagement with no less man the celebrated New York Comique,

Remember that this Circus is the best on earth, and that Dr. James L. Thaver, who will positively guarantees a performance of superior excellence, and it of greatest antiferion to all,
the procession will take place on 'the day of exhibition at 10. A. M., ied by the ness, magnifect
Charlot, made by Feliding Bros., New York, and containing ADOLPH NICHOLL'S CELEBRATED NEW YORK CORNET BAND. Don't forget day and date, and remember ' the Boss is coming."

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Carlisle, Wednesday, August 3rd Mechanicsburg, Thursday, Aug't. 4

DOORS OPEN AT 1 and 7 o'clock.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED UMBERLAND VALLEY R. R. FOR THE AUTOBIOGRAPAY & PERSONAL E LECTIONS OF EXCURSION, EXCURSION, John B. Gough, CAMP MEETING. FOR THE CARLISLE DISTRICT

The whole onlivened with affecting latful of Interest and pathos. Fifty thousand the last five months. People will buy his ble last five months. People will buy his withstanding the "hard thines," It is a provided in the special buy his dependent of the special buy hours and illustrated, Ad H. C. JOHNSON, No. 632 Arch St., Philade Pa. July 21, 70—'m GREAT REDUCTION

TEAS AND COFFE TO CONFORM TO PRICE OF GOLD creased Facilities to Club Organiz r New Price List. The Great American Tea Comy.
(P. O. Box 5648.). 81 and 83 Vessy St., N. I.
July 21, 70—1m

(IN PRICE OF

A T BUSINESS AGAIN, GEO. R. FOOTE, AS Plumbing and Gas Filling

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Orders left at my House, S. E. corner Bel and Chapel Alley, or Chas. Franciscus, N West Main St. June 23, 70—6m Pegs: Eggs!! Eggs!!!

From light Brahma fowls, pea combed, st ure from imported stock. \$2.00 PER DOZEN. No order will be booked unless accompany A few pairs for sale. \$4.00 PER PAIR. AM Haif Breed Italian Bees

for sale in movable comb hives-chesp. A dress C. U. HOFFER. C. U. HOFFER. P. O. Box III. C. Crillel, Pk. MATTHEW HALE SMITE NEW BOOK, TWENTY YEARS AMONG THE

BULLS AND BEARS OF WALL STREET.

550 Pages Finely Illustrated, Price 124 It shows the mysteries of stack and goldsus-ling, and the miseries of unfortunde special ton, and exposes the swindles, trickend first of the state of the state of the state of the state of the last in a day. It tells how millions are made of the state of the state of the state of the "corners" are made over and produce, he women speculate on the street etc. Agi wanted, We pay freight West. Send for tens J. B. BURR & CO., Hartford, Conn.

The Folsom improved the first class Machine in Market Axents wanted in every town. Lieral commission allowed. For terms and class in a commission and class i