Agricultural.

Farm Work, Mechanics, Clerkship, Bar-Tenders, and Stable-Boys.

Why do young men leave the farm and the workshop to engage in counter-jumping, mixing liquors, cleaning spittoons, and lounging around stables and liquor saloons? It is because they do not know any better, cannot realize where it leads to, or because they are perverted and willfully wicked. Many farmers are to blame for not supplying their sons with useful and entertaining books—with the means of improvement and amusement at home. They fail to realize that boys are boys, and that they love variety. It is observed by young Robert Corncob that young Mr. Yardstick dresses nicely, goes into company, and is popular with the young ladies. This gives R. C. a desire to change his rougher but much healthier pursuit and becomes a clerk. Or, failing in this, it would be a good thing he thinks in the way of promotion, to learn to smoke, drink, tell stories, and get acquainted with bar room life and bar-room lions. Strong talk—profanity and vulgarity—strong liquor, and strong tobacco go together and may be found there. He begins by holding horses, holding spittoons, and doing such mental service as his low ambition and coarse nature suggests or permits. He usually "fetches up" in the poor house, in the gutter, or in the prison.

Parents cannot be too careful in impressing their sons with right ideas as to the most desirable callings in life, and to cultivate in them a love for rural life. Who is there more noble, more independent, than the intelligent farmer, who owns his homestead stocked with horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry, fruit-trees, vines and shrubs? The farmer who is thrifty and well-to-do, what care she for the fluctuations in the price of stocks or dry goods? He will gather his crops, lay in a store of good things for the winter, and sell the surplus. His time is his own, and his crops grow while he sleeps. The life of the farmer is or should be the first choice of many of our young men. Next to this in importance to the commonwealth is the mechanic and manufacturer. After the farmer or rather in juxtaposition with him, comes the mechanic, the inventor. He makes the labor-saving machinery. By his contrivance we transport our productions and ourselves across continents and seas by means of the steam engines. It it the engineer—not the politican—who is prominent in building up a nation and making it a power. Then let us encourage our sons to become inventors, engineers, machinists, architects, builders, manufacturers, rather than to fritter away their precious lives in doing nothing, becoming nobodies, and in making life a failure. "Work, work, more work," is what is wanted to give health, wealth and power for good in the world.

IMPROVEMENTS IN FARMERS' HOMES. There has been a very great change for the better in the homes of all classes of our people within the last thirty years. We think quite a large share of this improvement is found in the strictly rural districts, and is fairly the result of the opportunities and privileges of agricultural life. The average rural parish is the equal of the city parish in intelligence, in good morals, and piety. Social life has not so much show and brilliancy, but quite as much solid happiness. The children coming up in the country have a much better chance of sound health, of a good education, and of a useful career in life. The division of labor, brought about by the introduction of manufacturers, has blest the farmer almost as much as my other class. He no longer provides his own clothing or makes his own furniture. He can buy cheaper. The thrifty farmer in the older States has an architect to build his house, and there is taste displayed in the building and in its surroundings. He knows a good deal about fruits and flowers, and what he does not know his wife or daughter does. The flower border is quite up to the town standard. The upholstery may not be quite so attractive, but the floors are carpeted, and the windows have blinds and curtains quite enough for cheerfulness and health. The table is neatly spread, and the chinaware and other appointments come from the same manufactories that furnish city homes. The cookery, especially that part of it furnished by the mistress of the mansion, is above the average in cities. Pianos and melodeons are very common, and the same songs are heard there as in the town, and they are sung about as well. Professional singers do not go to the country for their audiences, but the country comes to them and furnishes a fair share of their appreciative listners and admirers. There is leisure time in the country, time for reading and reflection, plenty of newspapers and magazines, and the village library has its numerous patrons in farmers' homes.—Farm life in this age of railroads and steamers is quite different form the life led by our fathers. It moves in the right direction—*American Agriculturist.*

USE OF LIME IN AGRICULTURE.—The action of lime is two-fold: first physical, and second, chemical. As a mechanical agent it opens stiff clays, rendering them friable, mellow, and more easily worked; chemically, it acts upon the vegetable matter of the soil and sets free those stores of valuable substances which, without the action of this agent, must have remained inert and useless. It also enters directly into the composition of plants, and in many varieties forms a large proportion of the weight of their inorganic constituents. It neutralizes certain acids which are often present in soils, rendering them useful to vegetation instead of being positively injurious, which they are in their original state. The existence of water in the soil, however, affects the action of lime very considerably. If the land is wet and undrained, lime will not exert the same influence which it would do in the case of thoroughly drained land. A greater quantity of lime is necessary to produce a given effect, and thus the neglect of thorough drainage entails a considerable greater expenditure in liming, than would have been necessary, if the land was either naturally or artificially dry.—*Cameron's Chemistry of Agriculture.*

NOURISHING FRUIT TREES.—Horticulturists in Switzerland and Germany make a practice of boring into the ground among the roots of fruit trees with an instrument, made for the purpose, and pouring in liquid manure, to stimulate the growth and productiveness of trees, and also to enable them to resist the drought. A crow-bar driven among the roots will make a hole large enough to receive and distribute several gallons of liquid manure.

To shoe a hoof bound horse it is necessary to shoe him with a plain strong shoe; have the shoe to lie on the center of the heel of the foot; have your shoe bevelled on the outside of the heel, from the fast nail back, so that when the treads upon the shoe the pressure of the horse's weight well spread the heel of the foot. Use the hoof ointment up on the heel.

CURE FOR SWEENY.—Here is a cure for sweeny that I have never seen published and it has never failed when I have known it tried:—Wormwood oil 2 oz; organic oil, 2 oz; alcohol, ½ pint; turpiptine, 1 gill; the white of three eggs. Pour in the mixture while beating the eggs. Apply with the hand once every day.—Cor. *Country Gent*

We see stated that as much as 300 bushels of Norway oats has been raised to the acre, or at that rate. This is so entirely beyond anything known or heard of, as to be almost incredible.

Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!!

HARPER,

Cor. of Hanover and Pomfret Sts.

—NOW OPEN—

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF NEW AND DESIRABLE

FALL GOODS!!

LOW PRICES!!

Always on hand a good assortment of PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, at very low rates,

MOURNING

AND

SECOND MOURNING GOODS.

FLANNELS,

Welsh, Shaker, Domestic, Gauze, Gray and Red Flannels.

BLANKETS,

in every variety.

SHAWLS,

In Checks, Drabs, Mourning and High Colors.

LADIES' CLOAKING,

Beavers, Velveteens and Frosted Beavers.

WATER PROOF CLOTHS,

Gold Mixed, Black and White, Barred, &c.

HOSIERY,

Cotton, Woolen and Merino.

MERINO VESTS, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Ladies', Misses', Men's, and Boys'.

JOUVIN'S KID GLOVES,

of fine quality

GLOVES,

or Fall and Winter, all sizes and a large variety

FRENCH CORSETS,

Hip Gear and celebrated Beckel, warranted best makes only.

KNITTING YARNS,

Zephyr, Worsted, Germantown Wools, in all colors. Large stock constantly on hand.

FANCY WOOLENS,

Hoods, &c., in stock at low prices.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES,

in new and rich designs.

HOUSE FURNISHING DRY GOODS,

Sheetings, Pillow-Case Muslins, Table Linen, Napkins, Doylies, Quilts and Counterpanes, Nottingham Lace, Towels and Towelling.

IMMENSE STOCK OF DOMESTICS.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

at less than regular rates.

All goods bought at the head of the market for cash, and will be sold at lowest cash prices.

THOS. A. HARPER.

Cor. of Hanover and Pomfret Sts.

Oct. 7, 1869—tf.

Miscellaneous.

DE HAVEN & BROTHER.

BANKERS AND DEALERS

IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

UNION & CENTRAL PACIFIC

RAILROADS.

IN MORTGAGE BONDS

NO 40, SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Buy and Sell and Exchange all issues of

U. S. BONDS

on the most liberal terms.

GOLD bought and sold at Market Rates

Coupons Cashed.

Stocks bought and sold on Commission only

Accounts received and interest allowed on daily balances subject to Check at Sight.

Feb. 10, 1870.

THREE FARMS FOR SALE

AT A

GREAT BARGAIN,

IN WEST VIRGINIA.

One of 135 Acres, land in fair condition, of very good quality, under good fence, Orchard, Garden paled in, good sized and comfortable Dwelling, Barn 90 x 55 feet, Corn House, Wagon House, Meat House, Hen House, Spring House at a spring of good water near the dwelling. One half is under cultivation, balance in Wood and Timber. Said farm is situated within 1¾ miles of Sleepy Creek, a station on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at which there is a Store, Post Office and Express Office, where all kinds of Produce can be sold. Martinsburg, a large and flourishing town, is 16 miles distant, where the highest prices are paid for all kinds of Country Produce; 23 miles distant is a Quarry, where good Limestone can be had for three years without cost, and can be burnt for eight cents per bushel. The Tract on above farm raised the past year 500 bushels Wheat, and in a short time this amount might be doubled, by use of Lime, as it acts well on said land. This farm will be divided to suit purchasers, and sold on easy terms. Price $25 per Acre. Also, one of

Two Hundred and Fourteen Acres!

At $20 per Acre. Improvements common.—And one of 211 ACRES, at $15 per Acre. No improvements. Good Water Power on Both.

The land on these farms is of good quality, one-third cleared, and balance in Wood and Timber which commands a good market at Cherry Run Station. These farms are situated one mile from Cherry Run Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at which Station is a Store, Post Office and Express Office, and 1 mile from a limestone quarry, where limestone can be had for three years for nothing. Martinsburg is 13 miles distant.

All the above locations are very healthy. I offer them a bargain, as I am old, have no family, and wish to sell. Go to Sleepy Creek Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to see these farms, where Hamilton Lane, Esq., tenant on farm, will give all particulars, and show the farms. Address,

A. SMITH,

Aberdeen, Hartford County, Md.

Jan. 29, 1870—2m

PURE NORWAY OATS.

From one and a-half bushels sown late, yielded the subscriber 95 bushels of the finest quality. A limited quantity of this Oats will be sold at the following price:

One bushel,	$5 00
½ "	3 00
One Peck,	2 00
½ "	1 00
One Quart,	50

The following premium is offered by D. W. Ramsdell & Co., New York, for the best acre of NORWAY OATS.

Five Hundred Dollars.

The Oats can be seen at the Insurance Office of SAML. K. HUMRICH,

No. 20 West Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

Or a bushel is ample seed for an acre; fully equal to two and a-half bushels of the other kinds. In every other respect treat the samples you do the common oats. Parties wishing to obtain this seed should order at once, as the supply is limited.

Remit by Post Office order or draft.

SAML. K. HUMRICH,
W. A. HUMRICH,

No. 20 West Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1870—3m

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE

FOR FAMILY USE—*simple, cheap, reliable,* knits everything. AGENTS WANTED. Circular and Sample Stocking FREE. Address HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO., Bath, Me., or 176 Broadway, N. Y.

Feb. 17, 1870—3m

I was cured of deafness and Catarrh by a simple remedy and will send the receipt free. MRS. M. C. LEGGET, Hoboken, N. J.

March 3, 1870—1w.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

VERY IMPORTANT TO ALL HOUSEKEEPERS TO KNOW.

That we are just receiving

AT THE

CENTRAL

DRY GOODS STORE,

a full and complete assortment of all kinds of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

such as TABLE LINEN, in great variety, at exceedingly low prices, BLEACHED SHEETINGS, UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS, all widths and qualities,

PILLOW CASE MUSLINS,

TICKINGS, of all widths, and every quality in the market, Marseilles QUILTS, all sizes and qualities,

LANCASTER QUILTS,
HONEY COMB QUILTS,
NAPKINS,
TOWELS,
DOYLIES, &c.

CARPETS, CARPETS,

Of all the celebrated manufactories of the East. Also

HANDSOME IMPORTED CARPETS,

of every grade and style.

TABLE OIL CLOTHS!

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS!!

Having purchased a full line of such goods as are mentioned under the great pressure of the low market, we are fully prepared to offer great inducements to all housekeepers, who are contemplating going to housekeeping in the Spring. Call and examine the best selected stock of

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,

that can be found in the county.

LEIDICH & MILLER.

N. B.—10,000 pounds good Carpet Rags wanted in exchange for goods.

Feb. 24, 1870.

Railroads.

CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD!

CHANGE OF HOURS!

On and after Monday, Nov. 15th, 1869, Passenger Trains will run daily as follows, (Sundays excepted).

WESTWARD:

Accommodation Train leaves Harrisburg 8.00 A. M., Mechanicsburg 8.35, Carlisle 9.11, Newville 9.46, Shippensburg 10.20, Chambersburg 10.44, Greencastle 11.16, arriving at Hagerstown 11.45 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Harrisburg 1.35 P. M., Mechanicsburg 2.07, Carlisle 2.40, Newville 3.15, Shippensburg 3.45, Chambersburg 4.20, Greencastle 4.50, arriving at Hagerstown 5.25 P. M.

Express Train leaves Harrisburg 4.15 P. M., Mechanicsburg 4.47, Carlisle 5.17, Newville 5.50, Shippensburg 6.17, arriving at Chambersburg at 6.45 P. M.

A Mixed Train leaves Chambersburg 8.00 A. M., Greencastle 9.25, arriving at Hagerstown 10.10 A. M.

EASTWARD:

Accommodation Train leaves Chambersburg 5.00 A. M. Shippensburg 5.39, Newville 6.00, Carlisle 6.33, Mechanicsburg 7.02 arriving at Harrisburg 7.30 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Hagerstown 8.00 A. M., Greencastle 8.35, Chambersburg 9.10, Shippensburg 9.40, Newville 10.14, Carlisle 10.50, Mechanicsburg 11.23, arriving at Harrisburg 11.55 A. M.

Express Train leaves Hagerstown 12.00 M., Greencastle 12.28, Chambersburg 1.05 Shippensburg 1.37, Newville 2.10, Carlisle 2.50, Mechanicsburg 3.18, arriving at Harrisburg 3.50 P. M.

A Mixed Train leaves Hagerstown 3.05, P. M. Greencastle 4.12, arriving at Chambersburg 5.05 P. M.

☞ Making close connections at Harrisburg with trains to and from Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg.

O. N. LULL,
Supt.

Nov. 11, 1869.
Railroad Office, Chamb'g Nov. 9, 1869.

READING RAIL ROAD,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Monday, December 22, 1869.

Great Trunk line from the North and North, west for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 5 35, 8 10 A. M., 12 20 noon, and 2 45 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12 15 noon, 3 40, 6 50 and 10 00 P. M. respectively. Sleeping Cars accompany the 5 35 A. M. and 12 20 noon trains without change.

Returning: Leave New York at 9 00 A. M., 12 00 noon and 5 00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., 3 30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompany the 9 00 A. M., and 5 00 P. M. trains from New York, without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pinegrove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., 2 05 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 P. M. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via. Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad leave Harrisburg at 3 40 P. M.

Way passenger train leave Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6 35 P. M., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5 40, 9 00 A. M., and 2 45 P. M., Herndon at 9 30 A. M., Shamokin at 5 40 and 9 40 A. M., Ashland at 7 05 A. M., and 12 30 Noon Tamaqua at 8 23 A. M., and 2 20 P. M., for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville, via. Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8 15 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11 30 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading accommodation train, leaves Pottsville at 5.10 A. M., passes Reading at 7.20 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 10 20 A. M., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4 45 P. M., passing Reading at 7 40 P. M., arriving at Pottsville at 9 30 P. M.

Pottstown accommodation train, leaves Pottstown at 6 45 A. M., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4 00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad trains leave Reading at 7 15 A. M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9 00 A. M., and at 2 00 and 5 30 P. M., returning, leave Schwenksville at 8 05 A. M., 12 45 Noon, and 4 15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9 40 A. M., and 6 20 P. M., returning, leave Mt. Pleasant at 7 00 and 11 25 A. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester valley Railroad trains leave Bridgeport at 8 50 A. M., 2 05 and 5 02 P. M., returning, leave Downingtown at 6 30 A. M., 12 45 and 5 15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5 00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8 00 A. M. and 3 15 P. M., (the 8 00 A. M. train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8 00 A. M., Harrisburg at 5 35 A. M. and 4 10 P. M., and Reading at 7 25 A. M. and 6 05 P. M. for Harrisburg, at 7 23 A. M. for New York, and at 9 10 A. M. and 4 25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS
General Superintendent.

PLANTATION BITTERS.—S. T.—1860—X.—This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid, it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits. For sale by all druggists.

March 3, 1870—9m.

Insurance.

HOME

INSURANCE

Of New Haven,

CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL - $1,000,000.

The "Home" is established on a SECURE BASIS,

the business annually amounting to

$2,000,00,

and is one of the MOST RELIABLE AND POPULAR

COMPANIES

in the United States

Special attention given to Perpetual Insurance on Desirable Property at low rates.

ALL LOSSES

Liberally Adjusted

AND

PROMPTLY PAID

at the office of the CARLISLE AGENCY, No 26 West Main Street, Carlisle, Pa.

SAMUEL K. HUMRICH,
Agent.

Oct. 28, 1869—1y

1794. Chartered INSURANCE COMPANY OF 1794.

NORTH AMERICA!!

PHILADELPHIA.

Oldest Insurance Company in America.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $2,800,000.

SEVENTY-ONE YEARS successful business experience, with a reputation for INTEGRITY and HONORABLE DEALING UNSURPASSED by any similar institution.

LOSSES PAID since organization, over

$23,000,000.

It is WISDOM and ECONOMY to insure in the best Companies, and there is NONE BETTER than the old INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Arthur G. Coffin, President; Charles Platt, Vice President; Mathias Maris, Secretary; William Buehler, Central Agent, Harrisburg, Pa.

SAML. K. HUMRICH, Agent,
Main Street, Carlisle.

December 16, 1869—1y.

Miscellaneous.

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT AMERICAN HEALTH RESTORER, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution, it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your ROSADALIS as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results as a cleanser of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel C. McFadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtel, of Lima, Ohio, writes, I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; in short time after I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors.

Feb. 10, 1870—1y.

A. B. EWING,

CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER,

WEST MAIN STREET,

CARLISLE, PENN'A.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW FURNITURE

for the Holidays, comprising

Sofas,		Camp Stools,
Lounges,		Centre Tables,
Rocking Chairs,		Dining Tables,
Easy Chairs,		Card Tables,
Reception Chairs,		Ottomans,
Bureaus,		What-Nots
Secretaries,		&c., &c.,
Parlor, Chamber,	Dining Room,	Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE,

of the Latest Styles.

COTTAGE FURNITURE IN SETTS,

Splendid New Patterns.

BEDSTEADS AND MATTRESSES

GILT FRAMES AND PICTURES.

In great variety.

Particular attention given to Funerals. Orders from town and country attended to promptly and on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17, 1868—tf

THE AMERICAN FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE

is presented to the public as the most Simple, Durable, and Compact and Cheap Knitting Machine ever invented.

PRICE, ONLY - - - $25.

This Machine will run either backward or forward, with equal facility; makes the same stich as by hand, but far superior in every respect.

Will Knit 20,000 Stitches in one Minute!

and do perfect work, leaving every knot on the inside of the work. It will knit a pair of stockings (any size) in less than half an hour. It will knit Close or Open, Plain or Ribbed Work, with any kind of course or fine woolen yarn, or cotton, silk, or linen. It will knit stockings with double heel and toe, drawers, hoods, sacks, smoking caps, comforts, purses, mufflr, fringe, afghans, nubias, undersleeves, mittens, skating caps, lamp wicks, maps, cord, under-shirts, shawls, jackets, cradle blankets, leggins, suspenders, wristers, tidies, tippets, tufted work, and in fact an endless variety of articles in every day use, as well as for ornament.

From $5 to $10 per Day

Can be made by any one with the American Knitting Machine, knitting stockings, &c., while expert operators can even make more knitting fancy work, which always commands a ready sale. A person can readily knit from five to fifteen pairs of stockings per day, the profit on which will be not less than forty cents per pair.

FARMERS

Can sell their wool at only forty to fifty cents per pound; but by getting the wool made into yarn at a small expense, and knitting into socks, two or three dollars per pound may be realized. On receipt of $25 we will forward a machine as ordered.

We wish to procure active Agents in every section of the United States and Canadas, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered. Address,

AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE COM'Y,

Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

Feb. 17, 1870—1w

FINE CLOTHING.

ISAAC LIVINGSTON,

NO. 22, SOUTH HANOVER STREET,

CARLISLE PA.

I invite the attention of my old customers and the public at large, to my large and brilliant stock of

SUMMER GOODS,

for men, youth, and boys' wear. My custom department comprises the finest and most select of Cloths and Cassimeres, while my array of

READY MADE CLOTHING

is carefully and most tastefully gotten up, cannot and will not be undersold.

ISAAC LIVINGSTON

NO. 22 NORTH HANOVER STREET, Carlisle.

☞ I am still selling the Florence Sewing Machine.

May 13, 1869—

Hair Renewer.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

For Sale by HAVERSTICK & BRO'S., Agents, Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1870—1y

Medical.

Dr. WM. D. HALL, and Drs. MARY S. HALL, Homœopathic Physicians and Medical Electritions. Office and residence No. 37 South Hanover street, Carlisle Pa. All acute and chronic diseases skillfully treated. Special attention will be given to the cure of all chronic diseases as Scrofula, Cancer, Bronchitis, Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Tetter, Liver Complaints, St. Vitus Dance, Goitre, Paralysis, Neuralgia and General Debility.

Ladies suffering from Prolapsus Uteri, Leucorrhœa, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Nervous Affections, and any form of Uterine Complaints can be speedily cured. The above diseases have their origin in loss of the vital power of the body, brought on by injurious excesses, sedentary habits, and the use of powerful medicines. Females suffering from any chronic affection, are especially invited to call and examine Drs. Hall's superior method of treating diseases.

Health we consider to be an equilibrium of the electric condition of the human system, and the more perfect the equilibrium, the more perfect the health. Disease, on the contrary, is either a *plus* or *minus* of the whole, or a portion—making one part *plus* and the other *minus*, and thereby causing obstruction and stagnation of the vital fluid. Electricity is the natural element of the Nervous System, the connecting link between mind and matter, and the most subtle substance known. It circulates the blood; is the cause of voluntary and involuntary motion; produces all the chemical changes in the system—the decomposition and recomposition—and always cooperates with vitality in imparting health and strength to the human system. If Electricity is the generating agent of animal life, how important then it must be in the continuance of that life, as also in the preservation of health. We would here state, for the benefit of those unacquainted with the subject, that the application of Electro-Magnetism (Galvanism and Electricity as a therapeutic agent for all disease, is a fact well established by many years' practice.

Great evil, as well as good, has resulted from the reckless and indiscriminate use of Electricity. It has been applied by the learned and unlearned—hap-hazard, without any assurance of accomplishing the desired object, and when successful, was looked upon as the result of *good luck*, rather than the effect of an Immutable Law. When its operations are properly understood, the case properly judged, and the application scientifically made, there can be no uncertainty or doubt about the result. It soothes Nervous Irritation, equalizes the Circulation, restores a healthy balance to the Disordered Functions, and imparts a vigorous tone to the body.

This discovery is the result of many years hard and scientific investigations. Its great superiority over all other systems for the cure of diseases has been practically tested in different parts of the country. Thousands of invalids have been treated, suffering from almost every form and condition of disease common to all sections of our country, who, after treatment by the most eminent medical men, had been given up as incurable; and in nearly every case a cure had been effected.

Our offices are strictly private—consultations free, patients in the country visited at any hour of the day or night.

Dec. 23, 1869—6m.

[illegible] the purposes of a Laxative

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, but we have never before so universal a pleasure to recommend a pill as these. They are the best pill we know of, and for the purpose they are intended, a perfect cathartic. Their great virtue is their power to stimulate the digestive apparatus into healthy action by their influence upon the liver, bowels, lungs, and other organs of the body, so that a long train of ailments, such as Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Headache, Pain in the Side, Colic, Billious Fevers, they should be judiciously used to induce a free action of the bowels. Purgation is the object to be attained, and a dose of these pills is the means by which this is accomplished. They are mild in their action, and may be taken with safety by any body. They contain nothing injurious to the constitution, and may be taken by those for whom it is proper to take a cathartic, a purely vegetable preparation.

Perhaps no one medicine ever offered to the public has proved more universally beneficial to mankind than this. Their virtues are known in every section of the civilized world, and wherever they are used, they have given the most satisfactory evidence of their adaptation to the cure of all those diseases for which they are recommended to be a remedy. Their action upon the digestive organs is powerful, yet perfectly in accordance with the laws of health. They purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—in other words, they remove the cause, whenever it arises from a disordered stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, and bring them to regular action to health, and so restore the sick to health. Such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* speedily cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Billiousness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore it to healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Billious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Jaundice Sickness, Billious Colic and Billious Fevers,** they should be judiciously used to induce a free action of the bowels. Purgation is the object to be attained, and a dose of these pills is the means by which this is accomplished. They are mild in their action, and may be taken with safety by any body. They contain nothing injurious to the constitution, and may be taken by those for whom it is proper to take a cathartic, a purely vegetable preparation.

For **Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic cathartic.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken, as it produces the disease perfect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often used in cases where no serious derangement exists, but one who feels miserable well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decided improvement from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

For Sale by HAVERSTICK & BRO'S., Agents, Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1870—1t

CHEAP COAL! CHEAP COAL!!

The subscriber is prepared to deliver, by the car load, to LimebURNERS and other consumers along the line of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, the celebrated

LYKENS VALLEY COAL,

at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES FOR CASH!

This Coal is of very superior quality, and will be furnished at prices which will defy all competition.

The subscriber will deliver Coal at Carlisle, by the car load during the current month, at the following prices per ton of 2,000 lbs.:

PEA,	$3 00
NUT,	4 00
STOVE,	5 25
EGG,	5 25

And to other points of the road, he will deliver it, adding or deducting the expense of difference in freights.

The above rates will be subject to the rise on fall of prices, each month at the mines.

GEORGE ZINN,

Office cor. Main and Pitt Sts., Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1870.

INFORMATION IN THE "PEOPLE'S JOURNAL." How Teachers, Students, Retired Clergymen, Energetic Young Men and Ladies can make $75 to $150 per month during the Spring and Summer. A copy free.—Send name and address to People's Journal, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 17, 1870—1w

FOR RENT.—The Store Room and Cellar, No. 72 North Hanover street. Enquire of the undersigned on the premises.

D. CORNMAN.

Feb 24, 1870.

Drugs, &c.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

THE BEST PLACE

TO BUY

PURE AND RELIABLE

DRUGS,

Medicines and Fine Chemicals,

IS AT

HAVERSTICK BROS.,

No. 10

North Hanover Street,

CARLISLE PA.

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Books Fancy Goods, Confectionaries, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c., Dye Stuffs, Cosmetics, Stationary, &c. Also, Pure Wines for Medical Purposes.

Their assortment of Goods, in variety, novelty and elegance, cannot be surpassed. The articles have been selected with great care, and are calculated in quality and price to command the attention of purchasers.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. A full stock of Patent Medicines on hand. All goods warranted as represented.

HAVERSTICK BROTHERS,
No. 10 North Hanover St.

Feb. 18, 1870—1y

Groceries.

FRESH GROCERIES! FRESH GROCERIES!!

Always to be had at the

CHEAP STORE

NO 88 EAST POMFRET STREET.

And why are they always fresh? Because we sell a great amount of them, and sell them low. Therefore, turn our stock often, and consequently our goods must be fresh.

You will find everything you wish in the way of

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
WILLOW AND CEDAR WARE,
STONE AND CROCKERY WARE,

Choice Hams, Dried Beef, Bologna, Beef, Tongues, Biscuits and Crackers of every description. Pickled, Spiced and Fresh Oysters, Sardines, English Pickles, Lemon Syrups, &c., &c.

and no end to

NOTIONS.

It is useless to mention them, come and see for yourselves; and parents if it don't suit you to come, send your children, as they will be dealt with with the same care as if you were here yourself. All kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

taken in exchange for goods, or cash

GEO. B. HOFFMAN'S SONS.

NO. 88 EAST POMFRET STREET,
CARLISLE, PA.

NOTICE.—Having transferred my entire interest in the grocery business to my Sons, those indebted to me are requested to settle with them during my absence in Europe.

GEO. B. HOFEMAN.

J. M. MASONHEIMER,

Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

FINE QUALITY OF TEAS,
PURE SPICES,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
STONEWARE,
WOODEN, AND WILLOWWARE.

BEST BRANDS OF

FAMILY FLOUR.

SALT AND FISH.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE

BOUGHT AND SOLD,

SOUTHWEST COR. PITT AND POMFRET STS.

Jan. 29, 1870—3m

GROCERIES, &c.

The subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity that he has purchased the Grocery Store of D. V. Keeny, No. 78 South Hanover Street, Carlisle, where he will carry on the Grocery Business as usual. His assortment is varied, and consists in part of

QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
STONE AND EARTHEN WARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW WARE

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SYRUPS,
SPICES,
FANCY SOAPS,
ROPES,
TOBACCO,
FISH,
OILS,
HALTERS,
SEGARS,
SALT,
POTATOES,

DRIED AND CANNED FRUIT,

CORN MEAL, BUCKWHEAT, FLOUR, FEED, and a full assortment of articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery store. Give him a call, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.

Oct. 10, 1869.

JOHN HECKMAN.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

The subscriber having purchased Messersmith's corner, Pomfret and Bedford streets, and erected thereon a Store, has now opened with a new stock of well selected Fresh Groceries. His stock will be found to be complete in every particular, and every thing sold will be warranted as represented. He has on hand and now ready for delivery

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE
PERFUMERY,
SOAP.

A good assortment of NOTIONS. A Speciality made in all kinds of Salt Meats, such as Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Dried Beef, &c.

DRIED, CANNED AND PICKLED FRUITS of all kinds constantly on hand.

FLOUR and FEED of the best grades, and in quantities to suit purchasers.