The American Volunteer.

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Professional Cards.

C. P. HUMRICH, J. D. PARKER. HUMRICH & PARKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office on Main Street, in Marion Hall, Carlisle, Pa.

Dec. 2 1868—

JOHN CORNMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in building attached to Franklin House opposite the Court House, Carlisle, Pa.

June 4 1868.—1y

CHAS. E. MAGLAUGHLIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Building formerly occupied by Volunteer, a few doors South of Wetzel's.

Dec. 1, 1865

F. E. BELTZHOOVER, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Carlisle, Penna. Office on South Hanover street, opposite Bentz's Store. By special arrangement with the Patent Office, attends to securing Patent Rights.

Dec. 1, 1865.

G. HERMAN GOETZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW, NEWVILLE, PENN'A.

Patents, Pensions and other claims attended to.

May 28, 1868.

JOHN R. MILLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Wetzel's Building, opposite the Court House, Carlisle, Pa.

Nov. 11, 1867.

M. C. HERMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Rheem's Hall Building, in the rear of the Court House, next door to the "Herald" Office, Carlisle, Penna.

Dec. 1, 1865.

WM. J. SHEARER, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, has removed his office to the hitherto unoccupied room in the North East corner of the Court House.

Jan. 28, '69—1y

W. KENNEDY, ATTORNEY AT LAW Carlisle, Penna. Office same as that of the "American Volunteer," South side of the Public Square.

Dec. 1, 1866

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND REAL ESTATE AGENCY! WM. B. BUTLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in 2d Story of Inhoff's Building, No. 3 South Hanover Street, Carlisle, Cumberland county, Penna.

Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c., promptly collected.

Applications by mail, will receive immediate attention.

Particular attention given to the selling or renting of Real Estate, in town or country. In all letters of inquiry, please enclose postage stamp.

July 11, 1867—1f

DR. GEORGE S. SEARIGHT, DENTIST. *From the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.* Office at the residence of his mother East Louther Street, three doors below Bedford Carlisle, Penna.

Dec. 1 1865.

Hats and Caps

FRESH SUMMER ARRIVAL OF ALL THE NEW STYLES OF HATS AND CAPS.

The subscriber has just opened at No. 15 *North Hanover Street*, a few doors North of the Carlisle Deposit Bank, one of the largest and best Stocks of HATS and CAPS ever offered in Carlisle.

Silk Hats, Cassimere of all styles and qualities, Stiff Brims, different colors, and every description of Soft Hats now made.

The Dunkard and Old Fashioned Brush, constantly on hand and made to order, all warranted to give satisfaction.

A full assortment of MEN'S, BOY'S, AND CHILDREN'S, HATS.

I have also added to my Stock, notions of different kinds, consisting of

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S STOCKINGS, *Neck Ties, Suspenders, Collars, Gloves, Pencils, Thread, Sewing Silk, Umbrellas,* &c

PRIME SEGARS AND TOBACCO ALWAYS ON HAND.

Give me a call, and examine my stock as I feel confident of pleasing all, besides saving you money.

JOHN A. KELLER, *Agent*, No. 15 North Hanover Street.

May 1869.

HATS AND CAPS!

DO YOU WANT A NICE HAT OR CAP? IF SO, DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON J. G. CALLIO,

NO. 29, WEST MAIN STREET,

Where can be seen the finest assortment of HATS AND CAPS ever brought to Carlisle. He takes great pleasure in inviting his old friends and customers and all new ones, to his splendid stock just received from New York and Philadelphia, consisting in part of fine SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS, besides an endless variety of Hats and Caps of the latest style, all of which he will sell at the *Lowest Cash Prices.* Also, his own manufactur of Hats always on hand and HATS MANUFACTURED TO ORDER.

He has the best arrangement for coloring Hats and all kinds of Woolen Goods, Overcoats, &c., at the shortest notice (as he colors every week) and on the most reasonable terms. Also, a fine lot of choice brands of TOBACCO AND CIGARS always on hand. He desires to call the attention to persons who have COUNTRY FURS to sell, as he pays the highest cash prices for the same.

Give him a call, at the above number, his old stand, as he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction.

May 1869. f

Boots and Shoes.

DAVID STROHM, W. D. SPONSLER, JOHN W. STROHM,

NEW AND POPULAR

BOOT, SHOE, TRUNK AND HAT STORE.

NO. 13, SOUTH HANOVER STREET,

CARLISLE, PENN'A.

A few doors South of Inhoff's building.

We have just opened the largest and best stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

ever offered in Carlisle, and continue almost daily to receive such goods in our line as everybody wants. Our stock consists in all kinds and varieties of

Womens', Misses and Childrens' strong Leather Shoes, Womens' Misses and Childrens' Lasting Gaite s; Womens' Glove Kid, Turkey and French Morocco; Mens' and Boys' Calf, Buff and Kid Boots; Mens' and Boys' Calf and Buff Congress Gaiters; Mens' and Boys Lasting Gaiters and Brogans; Mens' a. d Boys' Calf and Buff Oxford Ties; Gum Sandals, Rubbins and Overshoes; Men and Womens' Goat, Welt and Carpet Slippers; Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Fur and Satony Hats.

TRUNKS of all sizes and prices; Traveling Bags, Satchels and Valises, together with a fine lot of goods, which we will sell to suit the times.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS,"

is our motto. Therefore, in issuing our card, it is intended as a personal invitation to all in need to call and look through our stock without feeling under obligations to buy unless suited in quality and price. We shall always try to deal with every one in a straight forward manner, and give every customer a full equivalent for the money. We hope all will avail themselves of their first opportunity to call and see us.

STROHM & SPONSLER.

April 8, 1869—1y

THE CARLISLE SHOE COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

NO. 5, EAST MAIN STREET, CARLISLE, PENN'A.

Having commenced the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, the attention of the trade is invited to the large assortment of

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDRENS' SHOES.

Now in store and especially adapted to the wants of the Retail Trade. We shall at all times have on hand a complete assortment of all the

POPULAR STYLES,

made by workmen of the greatest experience and skill. Members of the trade who may favor us with their custom are assured that no effort on our part will be spared to furnish good goods at

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Orders by mail shall receive the same attention that buyers would in person, and distant parties can rely on getting their goods on equally as good terms by sending their orders, as by personally visiting us.

SHOE UPPERS FOR SALE.

April 22, 1869—3m JOHN IRVIN, *Treasurer.*

The American Volunteer.

BY BRATTON & KENNEDY. CARLISLE, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1869. VOL. 55.—NO. 51.

Rates for Advertising

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at Ten Cents per line for the first insertion and five cent per line for each subsequent insertion. Quarterly half-yearly, and yearly advertisements inserted at a liberal reduction on the above rates. Advertisements should be accompanied by the CASH. When sent without any length of time specified for publication, they will be continued until ordered out and charged accordingly.

JOB PRINTING.

CARDS, HANDBILLS, CIRCULARS, and every other description of Job and CARD Printing executed in the neatest style and at low prices.

THE SCHOEPPE MURDER TRIAL.

TRIAL OF

DR. PAUL SCHOEPPE FOR THE MURDER OF MARIA M. STINNECKE.

Oyer and Terminer of Cumberland Co.,

FULL REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS.

The trial of Dr Paul Schoeppe, for the murder of Maria M. Stinnecke, in this place, on the 28th of January last, took place at a special court of Oyer and Terminer, last week. Court convened at 10 o'clock, on Monday President Judge Graham, and Associate Judges Stuart and Blair on the Bench.

District Attorney Maglaughlin and Wm. J. Shearer, and John Cornman, Esqs., appeared for the Commonwealth; and Judge Hepburn, Wm. H. Miller, Henry Newsham, S. Hepburn, jr., and T. Webster, Esqs., for the prisoner The prisoner was then arraigned and plead "not guilty."

The following jurors were then called and having answered the usual questions propounded, were sworn. Jacob Rhoads, of Westpennsboro; Thomas J. Early, of Southampton; James Anderson, of Silver Spring; John Barnes, of Mifflin; Martin Kunkle, of Hopewell; William Keller, of South Middleton; W. H. Weakly, of Penn; Henry F. Drawbaugh, of Newville; Jacob D. Mohler, of Upper Allen; James Graham of Hopewell; W. Baltzley, of Hampden; David Wherry of Newburg.

The case was opened on the part of the Commonwealth, by District Attorney Maglaughlin. He referred to the importance of the cause—murder was one of the highest crimes known to law. He then detailed the circumstances of Miss Stinnecke coming to Carlisle, last summer, her acquaintance with Dr. Schoeppe, his attendance upon her as physician—his correspondence with her during her absence in Baltimore—his attendance upon her at her return, and the day before her death—his purchase of prussic acid—the circumstances of her death—the finding of prussic acid in her stomach by Professor Erskin, and the production of the will by Dr. Schoeppe.

THE COMMONWEALTH'S TESTIMONY.

H. L. BURKHOLDER, sworn.—I am proprietor of Mansion House, Miss Stinnecke came to my house on the morning of the 19 h of January. On the morning of January 28th about 6 o'clock I sent the porter to her room, to make up the fire in her stove. After some time he came down. In 15 minutes after that the chambermaid came down and from what she told me I sent for Dr. Schoeppe; he did not come, I then sent for Dr. Herman. He was not at home. About 9 o'clock Dr. Herman and Dr. Schoeppe were both there. Miss Stinnecke died on morning of January 29th, about 15 minutes past six o'clock. She died in my house. On evening of 27th, I went to her room; on the night of 27th, between 9 and ten o'clock, I went to her room, I rapped at the door two or three times, but got no answer. The ventilator was open above the door. I called to her two or three times, and got no answer. I left the door. The body was taken from my house the morning after death.

LEWIS A. SMITH, sworn.—Am teller in Carlisle Deposit Bank. Miss Stinnecke was at bank on morning of January 27th, between 9 and 10 o'clock. She seemed to be in same state of health she always was. I noticed no change in her. She drew this check, (check produced,) and it was cashed for her on that day. I am positive it was on 27th of Jan she was there.

Cross Examined.—The date of check fixes my recollection of date. She was at my desk. I was engaged at the time. I do not remember whether she had a veil on.

MRS. MARY PARKER, sworn.—I was boarding at Burkholder's hotel on Jan. 27. Saw Miss Stinnecke at breakfast that morning. This was on Wednesday. he was not at dinner. I went to the room to see her. I found her completely prostrated from taking a vomit. She told me she was very weak, and had taken an emetic. She seemed very languid. I left and heard nothing more of her until 3 o'clock. I went first at 2 o'clock. I was not in her room any more that day. I saw her on Thursday morning, a little after 6 o'clock. I left frightened about her; She was insensible. I saw her again at 12 o'clock, in same condition. She was lying insensible, breathing rather heavily. When I first saw her her eyes were a very little open, but were closed when I was in at noon. There was a perspiration on her face at noon. I saw her at 6 o'clock in evening. I was in the room when she died, and remained a few minutes after. I saw Dr. Schoeppe about 12 o'clock, near Hughes shop, just above hotel. He came out of hotel, and told me she was very poorly. I asked him why he gave her the vomit the day before. He said he only gave he two grains of tartar emetic and 10 grains of epecacuana. He said Miss Stinnecke had no appetite. I told the doctor Miss Stinnecke told me he had given her something to make her sleep, and told me she did not wish to be disturbed. He became excited, shook his hands and said: "no, he did not give her anything to make her sleep." On Wednesday afternoon, when I was there, I found her very drowsy.

Cross-Examined.—Dr. Schoeppe did not say to me that Miss Stinnecke wanted him to give her some thing to make her sleep. On Thursday morning she was lying on left side in an easy position The room seemed to be very close. I opened the door and left it open while I was in. I was not there more than 20 minutes. I was close up to bed, put my hand on forehead and felt her hands.—Her forehead felt clammy, and was rather cold. I was under the impression her hands and head felt natural, and she would soon be better. There was no unusual odor in the room—no smell of peach leaves or bitter almonds. There was no froth about her mouth. There was something running out of side of her mouth early in the morning, but it was not froth. She made quite a noise in breathing. The noise seemed to be made when she exhaled. There was no distortion of features. You could see the end of her tongue. There was nothing like convulsions. Her breathing was not regular. It would apparently stop for a while and then commence again. I did not notice any rigidity of the muscles. She was weaker towards evening. I had met the doctor once before.

DOLLIE TURNER, sworn.—I was chambermaid at Burkholder's hotel when Miss Stinnecke was there. I attended to her room. I knew Dr. Schoeppe, I saw him there pretty often. I generally saw him in the mornings. On the day Miss Stinnecke took sick, she told me Dr. Schoeppe was to come. I saw him there between 10 and 11 that morning. I met him in the entry. He went to Miss Stinnecke's room; after he was there she called me to bring a spoon. I took it to the door, and the doctor took it from me. I did not go in. The doctor met me at the door, I handed him the spoon. After the doctor was gone she called me to empty her bucket. She said the doctor had given her something to throw the heaviness off her chest. After the doctor left, she vomited. This was after 11 o'clock in morning. After I emptied the bucket she laid down. She said the doctor said she should lie down. The doctor came to kitchen and called me and said Miss Stinnecke wanted me. I went to her room. She was lying in bed She did not seem very ill in the after noon. I went in again between 7 and 8 o'clock. She seemed to be very sick and sleepy. I left her that way. She got up, undressed and went to bed. I helped her to undress. I helped her to get out of bed. She would doze off in a moment, and I would call her and rouse her. Saw her next morning at 6 o'clock She was in bed. I shook her and called her, and she never answered or moved She was breathing very hard.

Cross Examined.—She did not take long breaths. There was nothing convulsive about her. Did not feel her hands or forehead. The porter was the first who went to room. I did not notice any unusual odor in room. I took her supper up—beefsteak, bread and butter and a cup of tea. I left it in her room. This was before I undressed her for bed. I did not notice any froth about her mouth. There was nothing in her throat or mouth.

MISS L. SHINDLE, affirmed.—I boarded at Burkholder's when Miss Stinnecke was there Saw her at breakfast table the morning she took sick. Saw her on morning of 28th, between 7 and 8 o'clock. I found her in an unconscious state. She was breathing quite heavily. I felt her pulse, it appeared strong and a little quick. I felt her hand and forehead, they appeared moist and in a natural condition. Had a conversation with Dr. Schoeppe the day Miss Stinnecke died. between 9 and 10 o'clock in the morning. He told me he had gave her a vomit the day before, and when he returned, about 12 o'clock, M., he found her very much prostrated. He was there several times in the afternoon, and in the evening between 8 and 9, at that time she was in her full senses, and she spoke about the eclipse of the moon. She asked him or something to put her to sleep. He refused to give it to her, saying she was too weak. She said she would take something herself. He shook his finger at her, and told her not to do so, and then left the room. He asked her how about locking the door. She said she was too weak and tired to get up, and would trust to Providence.

Cross Examined.—I was in her room most of the day. I found her more the same all day. I was there when she died. She breathed harder before she died. Her breathing was long an heavy, not rapid gasping. She stopped breathing sometimes for a moment or so. I did not observe any convulsions, or any distortion of the features. The mouth was a little twisted. The mouth and tongue were drawn down in the left side, the side she was lying on. There was no contraction or rigidity of the hands, feet, or body. I observed no peculiar or disagreeable odor, nothing like bitter almonds or peach leaves. I was near enough to smell her breath. There was a little saliva escaping from her mouth. Her eyes were closed from time I first saw her. There was no spasmodic contraction about the mouth. Dr. Schoeppe was there, rubbing her feet. He asked me to get mustard. He spread and applied it. He was there quite frequently through the day. We had applied hot bricks before he came in the morning. He rubbed her feet with a flesh brush.

WILLIAM H. GORMAN, *sworn.*—I boarded at Mansion House, on 27th day of January last. On Wednesday evening 27th, I came from lodge. Passed through bar-room into sitting-room at 20 minutes before eight. Passed out into hall, saw Dr. Schoeppe come running down stairs. I waited at foot of stairs until he got down, when I passed up.

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JOHN H. RHEEM, *sworn.*—About half-past 7 o'clock, on 28th of January, I was sent for, and went to Miss Stinnecke's room. I found her in an insensible condition. I then went for Dr. Schoeppe. Went to his office; he was not there. Went down to his boarding house; saw his father; told him to tell the doctor Miss Stinnecke was sick; I heard him call the doctor; then went back to Miss Stinnecke's room. In a few moments Dr. Schoeppe came in very much excited, and almost out of breath; he went up to the bed and made some examination; then said he must go for his stethescope. I gave directions to have arrangements made, to have Miss Stinnecke bled. Dr. Schoeppe came back in a short time, made an examination of Miss Stinnecke with the stethescope; then said, "I not take it on my conscience to bleed, I would like to have Dr. Herman." I went for Dr. Herman, could not find him; came back and asked him whether I had better not go for Dr. Zitzer. He answered, "no, Dr. Herman would be mad." I then went again to find Dr. Herman, did not succeed; came back into room, and heard Dr. Schoeppe say, "might she take something?" He examined something and said "that is nothing;" then examined a small vial and said, "that is for her eyes that has strychnine in it." I went again for Dr. Herman. This time succeeded in finding him, took him up to the room. He and Dr. Schoeppe consulted in German, don't know what they said. I was there several times during the day. In the evening about 6 o'clock was sent for, and found her dead. Went for Miss Comfort to lay her out, and for Mr. Ewing the undertaker. Then went round to Dr. Schoeppe's office. He said she told him to get a lawyer to look at her papers, if she should die; I then suggested to him to get Mr. Adair, as they were friends. He said, "No, Mr. Adair was out of town," Said he wanted Mr. Miller. We started out together, to go to Mr. Miller's; on the way, I suggested to get Mr. Humrich. He insisted on Mr. Miller. We then went to Mr. Miner's house. We made arrangements with Mr. Miller to meet us at 8 o'clock next morning. I then went back to the hotel with Mr. Ewing. We found the corpse laid out, and Mr. Ewing took charge, He wet a towel and laid it over the face, covered the body, and I locked the trunks, put the keys in my pocket, locked the door and gave the key to Mr. Burkholder. Went to hotel next morning, met Mr. Burkholder coming out of her room; went down into the bar-room, and waited for Dr. Schoeppe to come. The doctor came. I said we have not much time, let us go up and get things ready. We went up to her room together. I took out all her papers that we could find. I handed them to Dr. Schoeppe, and he laid them on the table. Among the papers was a large envelope marked last will and testament of Maria M. Stinnecke. About this time Mr Miller came in. I gave him the will to read. While the will was being read, when Mr. Miller read the bequest to my mother, Dr. Schoeppe said, "is that all she leaves you?" I said she don't leave me anything, it is my mother she leaves it to. He then said, "oh, that is too bad." After the will was read, I asked Mr. Miller what to do with the papers. He said to take the will with me to Baltimore, seal the others up and put them in bank. Dr. Schoeppe and I took all the papers in a portfolio, and went out together, wrapped them up in a large sheet of paper, went to his office and sealed them, stamped them with his stamp, and deposited them in Carlisle Deposit Bank. Then went back to hotel and made arrangements to take the corpse to Baltimore. Dr. Schoeppe told me he was going along. He did go along. Arrived in Baltimore in evening. Dr. Schoeppe went to hotel, and I went to house where undertaker took the corpse. I then went to Eautaw House, and met Dr. Shoeppe and told him that next morning at 9 o'clock, I would deliver up will, keys, &c., to the executors. Next morning I delivered up papers to Mr. Stewart, the exector, and at 1 o'clock Dr. Shoeppe and myself went to the funeral together. I told Dr. Shoeppe that the executors requested me to remain until 11 o'clock on Monday, and go into Orphans' Court with them. I saw Dr. Shoeppe about 2 o'clock on Monday, and again in the evening; he said to me, "did Mr. Eichelberger tell you anything?" I said, "tell me what?" He said, "did he not tell you Miss Stinnecke left another will?" I said, "another will?" He said, 'yes, you get some thing; I get her personal property, and everybody gets something." That was the last time I met him. Miss Stinnecker came to Carlisle about Nov. 20th, 1868. She had been here during the summer. She met Dr. Shoeppe during the summer.

She stopped at my aunt's, Mrs. Woods', the first time she was here. Dr. Schoeppe's office was a couple of doors from that place. Dr. Schoeppe asked once whether Miss S. was not wealthy. I told him she was very well off.

Cross-Examined.—I did not state on the former hearing "Oh, that is too bad." The first examination was a few weeks after Miss Stinnecke, death, I told Mr. Miller, it was Miss Stinnecke's request that somebody should look at her papers.

DR. C. M. WORTHINGTON, sworn.—I am engaged in drug business, in Carlisle. Some days before 19th January; Dr. Schoeppe bought from me ½ oz diluted prussic acid. A short time after that he came to me, and told me it was not good That he had given 2, 5 and 10 drops to a lady patient, and could produce no sleep He then asked me if we could order him some from the city. I told him we could if he must have it immediately; that we expected a salesman from the city in a few days and we could order it through him, if he could wait. He said he would wait. Sometime during the winter, he got muriate of morphia from me, and also a tincture of opium. Prussic acid and Fowler's solution of arsenica. Fowler's solution is a preparation of arsenic and potassa. Muriate of morphia is also a poison, when taken in poisonous doses. Dr. Schoeppe also bought a great many medicines at the same time, which were not poisonous.

Cross Examined.—Dr. Schoeppe was a practicing physician. The poisons I have mentioned are used by physicians as medicines. We dont often sell prussic acid. I have sold those articles to other physicians. I never sold muriate of morphia to other physicians. They are all about equally poisonous. Prussic acid is used as a medicine for nervous diseases. It was not Shield's preparation. It was the United States preparation.—From 3 to 5 drops is the ordinary dose.—The muriate of morphia is very rarely used here. I do know how it is other places. It is proper to increase the dose of prussic acid until you notice its effects. Prussic acid has the smell of bitter almonds, or pounded peach leaves. The odor is quite strong. I think he got the prussic acid in a perfumery bottle, with a ground glass stopper—an ounce bottle He wanted to buy the bottle in which it came, but I wouldn't sell him it, as there was not the first prussic acid I had sold out of that bottle. It was a white flint bottle.

DR. A. J. HERMAN, sworn.—I am a practicing physician. Have been engaged in practice since 1836. On the morning of the day Miss Stinnecke died on, about eleven o'clock, I received orders to come to Burkholder's to see Miss Stinnecke; we went to Burkholder's, I went up to the room, there I met Dr. Schoeppe, he told me he had a case of half palsy there, and I think he said he wanted to know whether bleeding was called for in her case. She was lying there, inclined to her left side I was standing at the foot of her bed, at the time this talk took place. I wanted to be satisfied whether her face was straight or crooked. I told the company what a half palsy was; that the face would be lop-sided in having it. A lady present said she always had a crooked face. I then made no other explanation about the hemiplegia. I then went up to her bedside, felt her pulse. I did not examine her eyes. 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