Agricultural.

LOW-HEADED VS. HIGH-HEADED TREES.

Shall we grow our trees with branches starting from the ground, or shall we prune? and to what height? These and similar questions are often asked. It would be superfluous to give any illustration of growing fruit trees to low heads, since for the past sixteen or eighteen years all our journals, both horticultural and agricultural, have vied with each other in descriptions how best to accomplish, as they supposed, so desirable a result. Indeed, so much has been written on this point, that we have gone from trunks six to eight feet high down to those of as many inches. These low-headed orchards on coming into bearing have disappointed, or must soon disappoint, their owners. The conditions attending growing of fruit are now so changed from what they were but a few years since, that the trees with low heads are in the main no longer a success! They increase the labor of cultivation many fold. The low branches cut off under circulation, inducing disease in the foliage and rot the fruit. They invite insect enemies, and make it difficult, if not impracticable, to arrest their ravages. In short, low heads are a failure, and the sooner we can induce people to start the heads of their trees at a proper height, the sooner will it be possible to successfully destroy insects, to ward off diseases, to insure color to the fruit, and make it practicable to cultivate quite up to the trees by means of horse-power. In planting an orchard, we select trees as to age, according to their kind, Apricot, Peach, Plum, Cherry, one year old from the bud or graft:—Apple and Pear, two and three years old. The four first named, if well grown will be not less than five or six feet high, and will have many side or lateral shoots branching out horizontally from the main stem. In addition to the side branches there will also be found numerous buds extending from the ground to the top of the tree. Cut away all branches and buds to the height of fifteen inches.—Next cut away all buds below the point at which it is intended the tree shall form its head, except six or eight, which are left at regular intervals and on different sides of the stem. These last mentioned buds will push into as many branches as there are buds. It will be necessary to keep these side branches pinched back to ten or twelve inches during the summer, to prevent them from running off with the growth and robbing those buds and branches selected for the future head of the tree. Some time after the fall of the leaves, and before growth commences in the spring, reduce the side branches to one bud each, and when the branches from these buds shall extend to ten or twelve inches, pinch them, as directed in the first year. The treatment will be the same in the third year as we have directed for the second, except at the end of the season cut away all the side branches except those intended to form the head of the tree. The object of the side branches, of which mention has been made, was to strengthen the stem or the trunk of the tree. With out them the tree would have become top heavy and bent the trunk. Trees that have been grown as we have directed will have straight and tapering stems, which will have sufficient strength in their fourth year to stand erect.—*American Agriculturist.*

THE MANAGEMENT OF COLTS.—Probably American farmers are as successful as any other farmers in the raising of young horses; —that is to say, considering the character of the sires and dams, they bring about as good final results as attend horses breeding in any other country were breeding is only incidental to farm work. But there is one item of management which is either disregarded or imperfectly understood, and that is the early *education* of the colt. Mr. Rarey has done much toset the *old fashioned method of breaking* horses, and has shown that beadicious bending, the necessity for venring may be entirely obviated; butitself Mr. Rarey's system confined a at chiefly to horses which had arrive be an age when their services coildson made immediately useful. The reanuwhy it is necessary to apply any strelts ous system of training in bringing coto to their first work is, that they have be taught to do that for which their previous life has in no manner prepared their minds. The first three or four years of a colt's life are passed at pasture, or in a stable, and the most that he learns, is to obey the restraints of the halter, and *occasionally*, though unfortunately too seldom, to allow himself to be cleaned. When the day of his usefulness arrives, he is taught his trade in a few days or a few weeks; and the bit, the bridle, the girth, saddle, the hard-pressing collar,—all perfectly new revelations to him,—are to be crammed down his young throat in the most merciless manner, and he is a fortunate colt if the cramming be done with a gentle hand. Too often his simple wonder excites his master's temper, and a contest ensues, from the effects of which *he never recovers.* If every colt could be treated as are, for example, those of Mr. Charles Sharples, of Pennsylvania, the result upon the average temper of our harness and saddle horses would be remarkable, and at least one-half of the dangers of horsemanship would be obviated. It is Mr. Sharples' universal custom, while the colt is still running with its dam even at the age of six weeks or two months, to follow the handling and carressing to which it has been accustomed almost from the hour of its birth, by a gradual harnessing and playing with straps, and generally on the third or fourth day of trial by hitching to a pair of light wheels, with which the little shaver follows its dam about the field. The colt learns these things at this early day as easily as it would learn anything else, and the lesson is never forgotten; so that when the time for actual harnessing comes, it creates no surprise, makes no trouble, and gives rise to no contests.—*American Agriculturist.*

DWARF APPLE TREES.—Residents of cities and all others whose gardens or door yards are small should cultivate dwarf apples, as by this means they will not only obtain abundance of fruit in summer and autumn, but also beautiful floral ornaments in spring. A dwarf apple tree covered with a profusion of pink or rosy blossoms, is as handsome a sight as can be, and in autumn when the fruit is ripe the tree is highly ornamental along with being useful. Dwarf apples may be placed six or seven feet apart each way, so that a considerable number of them will stand on a small piece of ground.

If suitable varieties are selected a succession of fruit may be kept up throughout the apple season. The Early Harvest and Sweet Bough do well as dwarfs and nothing can be more beautiful than a Red Astrachan apple on a Paradise stock when it is laden with its scarlet and greenish-yellow fruit which seems very large in proportion to the size of the tree.—*Ex.*

☞ A "broad style" of western man visiting Boston, said nothing had surprised him so much as to see the New England farmers "boring holes in the rocks with gimlets to put in their grain." "Why, out West," he added, "we put the grain on a table and fan it, and it comes up all around?"

☞ A Kentucky story is that a large Shanghae rooster attacked and killed a small child the other day.

☞ There are 8,000,000 horses in the United States, worth upwards of $2,600,000,000.

Financial.

1026 MILES OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

As 534 miles of the western portion of the line, beginning at Sacramento, are also done, but about

200 MILES REMAIN

To be finished, to open the Grand Through Line to the Pacific. This opening will certainly take place early this season.

Besides a donation from the Government of 12,800 acres of land per mile, the Company is entitled to a subsidy in U. S. Bonds on its line as completed and accepted, at the average rate of about $38,500 per mile, according to the difficulties encountered, for which the government takes a second lien as security. Whether subsidies are given to any other companies or not, the Government will comply with all its contracts with the Union Pacific Railroad Company. Nearly the whole amount of Bonds to which the Company will be entitled have already been delivered.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS AT PAR.

By its charter, the Company is permitted to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS to the same amount as the Government Bonds, and no more. These Bonds are a First Mortgage upon the entire road and all its equipments.

THEY HAVE THIRTY YEARS TO RUN, AT SIX PER CENT., and, by special contract both

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST

ARE

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

The U. S. Supreme Court has recently decided that this contract is in all respects valid and of legal obligation.

Such securities are generally valuable in proportion to the length of time they have to run.—The longer they run, the better they are. The U. S. (the "6's") will be due in 12 years, and they are worth 112. If they had 30 years to run, they would stand no less than 125. A perfectly safe First Mortgage Bond like the Union Pacific should approach this rate. The demand for European investment is already considerable, and on the completion of the work will doubtless carry the price to a large premium.

SECURITY OF THE BONDS.

It needs no argument to show that a First Mortgage of $26,500 per mile upon what for a long time must be the only railroad connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States is *perfectly secure.* The entire amount of the mortgage will be about $30,000,000, and the interest $1,800,000 per annum in gold. The present currency cost of this interest is less than $2,500,000 per annum, while the gross earnings for the year 1868, FROM WAY BUSINESS only, on AN AVERAGE OF LESS THAN 700 MILES OF ROAD IN OPERATION, WERE MORE THAN

FIVE MILLION DOLLARS,

The details of which are as follows:

From Passengers,	$1,024,005 97
From Freight,	2,049,233 19
From Express,	51,625 18
From Mails,	186,2 5 69
From Miscellaneous,	91,626 27
From Government troops,	104,777 77
From Gov. Freight,	449,440 33
From Contractors' men,	201,170 09
From Contractors' material,	903,430 32
	$5,066,651 81

Total,

This large amount is only an indication of the immense traffic that must go over the through line in a few months, when the great tide of Pacific travel and trade will begin, for the estimated that this business must, in the future, exceed the road from FIFTEEN TO TWENTY MILLION A YEAR.

As the supply of these bonds will soon cease, parties who desire to invest in them will find it for their interest to do so at once. The price for the present is par and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in currency.

Subscriptions will be received in Carlisle by A. L. SPONSLER, and in New York

AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 20 Nassau St.
AND BY
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 53 Wall St.
And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

Bonds sent free, but parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP WAS ISSUED OCT. 1st containing a report of the progress of the work to that date, and a more complete statement in relation to the value of the bonds than can be given in an advertisement, which will be sent free on application at the company's offices or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
March 11, 1869—

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

W. C. SAWYER & CO.

calls the attention of the public to their immense stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods which they are desirous of closing out. We offer great bargains, and have a full stock of Dress Goods, consisting of.

Silks,
Poplins,
Empress Cloths,
Merinos,
Alpacas,
&c. &c.

CARPETS,

such as Brussels, Three Ply, Ingrain, Venetian, Cottage, Rag, Linen and Hemps in great variety. Oil Cloths, Rugs, Shades &c., which will be sold very cheap.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

Hosiery and Gloves. House furnishing Goods of every kind, and in abundant quantities. We will make great sacrifices, and offer a fine assortment to select from.

Please remember this Large Stock will be sold, and we ask prices with a view of closing out the entire stock.

ALL WHO WISH CHEAP DRESS GOODS,

ALL WHO WISH CHEAP CARPETS,

ALL WHO WISH CHEAP HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

ALL WHO WISH CHEAP DRY GOODS

of any kind call at

W. C. SAWYER & CO.,

EAST MAIN STREET.

Feb. 11, 1869—1y

LARGE PUBLIC SALE OF CARRIAGES,

BUGGIES AND WAGONS,

BY

A. B. & N. SHERK,

ON FRIDAY MAY 7TH, 1869.

Messrs. A. B. & N. Sherk, having successfully carried on Coach Making for three years; one of the firm wishes to withdraw. By so doing they have to make sale of their large Stock on hand, which consists of

ONE PLATFORM PHAETON

BEST STYLE.

THREE GERMANTOWN CARRIAGES,

TWO CAFFERY WAGONS,

ONE TWO SEATED SQUARE CARRIAGE,

ten Leather Top Steel Tire Buggies, fifteen Gum and Duck Top, part of them Steel Tire, 7 No top Buggies, five new Spring Wagons, with and without tops, ten second hand Buggies, Rockaways and Spring Wagons. All the new work is warranted for one year.

March 11, 1869—ts

Hardware, Paints, &c.

MILLER & BOWERS

take this opportunity of directing the attention of the community at large, and every person in particular, to their recently replenished stock of

HARDWARE.

They studiously avoided investing during the high prices, and patiently waited the falling out of the bottom before attempting to refill their shelves, and now that things have been reduced to old time prices, as near as possible, they have invested largely and are prepared to guarantee to their friends and customers as low prices as any market outside the cities. They especially invite the attention of mechanics, farmers and builders. Our stock is complete and none need fear meeting with disappointment in enquiring for anything in our line.

We have the agency of the Willcox & Gibbs'

SEWING MACHINE,

and would respectfully ask all those in want of a Machine, to examine the Willcox & Gibbs' before purchasing.

All orders promptly attended to, and goods delivered to all parts of the town free of charge.

Feb. 25, 1869.—1y

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH

James McGonigal, at No. 83 South Hanover St, Carlisle, would call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his large stock of

STOVES, TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

which he feels assured will give satisfaction in both quality and price.

In the stove line he would call especial attention to the "EMPIRE" Gas burner and parlor Heater.

It is a Perpetual Base Burning Stove. The Furnace will heat an upper and lower room perfectly, and is guaranteed to be perfectly free from explosion of gas. It has no brick to be replaced every year. It is so constructed that its rays of heat are deflected to the floor, warming the feet instead of the face. It is a gas consumer, and is perfectly clear from dust. Its ventilation is complete, and the burning gas and ignited coals shine out through the Mica Windows, giving the cheerfulness and cheer of an open fire. Call and see it.

He also offers all the latest and most improved patterns of

PARLOR STOVES,

and a large stock of Cook Stoves, consisting of the

Nimrod,
Niagara, Ironsides, Quaker City, Farmer,

and a variety of others, all of which are warranted to be best cider Stoves and to give entire satisfaction.

Tin and Sheet-Iron ware, made of the very best material, and all other things necessary for housekeepers in his line of business kept constantly on hand.

His expenses are trifling, compared with others, as he defies competition, and would ask those desiring anything in his line of business, to ascertain prices elsewhere, and then give him a call and satisfy themselves that he can sell better articles for less money than any other establishment in the county. His motto is, Quick Sales and Small Profits. Old metal taken in exchange.

Spouting, Roofing and Jobbing promptly attended to, made of the best material and at moderate prices.

Oct. 1 1868.—6m JAMES McGONIGAL.

FURNITURE, &c.

JOHN LISZMAN,

CABINET AND CHAIR MAKER

SOUTH HANOVER ST., NOS. 55A 57, TWO DOORS BELOW POMFRET STREET,

CARLISLE, PA.

A splendid assortment of new Household Furniture, consisting of

Sofas, Camp Stools,
Lounges, Centre Tables,
Rocking Chairs, Dining Tables,
Easy Chairs, Card Tables,
Reception Chairs, Ottomans,
Bureaus, What-Nots,
Secretaries, &c., &c.,
Wardrobes
Parlor,
Chamber,
Dining Room,
Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE,

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

COTTAGE FURNITURE IN SETS,

SPLENDID NEW PATTERNS.

BEADSTEADS AND MATTRESSES,

GILT FRAMES AND PICTURES,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Particular attention given to Repairing and Canning and Varnishing from town and country attended to promptly and on reasonable terms.

Feb. 18, 1869—6m

E. W. CLARK & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
GENERAL AGENTS,
FOR
PENNSYLVANIA
AND
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY,
OF THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation chartered by special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000, FULL PAID.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars obtained on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

E. W. CLARK & CO.
No. 35 S. 3rd
PHILADELPHIA.

B. S. RUSSELL, *Manager.*

O. H. HEPBURN, *First National Bank*

Aug 20 1868—1y

FEMALE MEDICINES.—Diseases of women successfully cured by applying to MADELLA MARIANNO M. D., 225 North 12th St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Oct 1 1868—1y

Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS!!

SOMETHING TO SUIT THE TIMES AND SEASON AT THE

NEW AND CHEAP CASH STORE

OF

THOMAS A. HARPER,

CORNER OF HANOVER & POMFRET STS.,

who is now prepared to exhibit an elegant and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS,

At exceedingly low prices! Bargains in

BLANKETS,

of all colors and sizes. The Cheapest Stock in town.

FLANNELS,
Plain and Twilled, all colors,
Domets,
Sharks,
Plaid Shirtings,
Operas,
Home-made,
and a fine article of Welsh Flannels.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

Long and Square, Paisley and Thebet, Ladies' Cloakings, Velveteens, Gold Mixed, Water Proof and Heavy Beavers. Merino Vests, Shirts and Drawers, for Ladies' Misses, Men's and Boy's wear. A full line of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

In new and rich designs. Many of the above goods selling off at greatly reduced prices. Immense stock of all the leading brands of Domestic and House Furnishing Dry Goods, at less than regular prices.

BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS, PILLOW CASE MUSLINS, PILLOW CASE LINENS, NAPKINS TABLE LINENS AND DOYLIES.

TOWELS AND TOWELLINGS.

Marseilles Quilts and Table Covers, Nottingham Lace Curtin Material and Tidys.

WHITE GOODS,

Embroideries, Laces and Inserlings, Veils Bereges and Crapes, Hosiery and Gloves in great variety, an extensive stock of

NOTIONS.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.
FANCY WOOLEN GOODS.

CORSETS! CORSETS!!

French Wove, Hip Gore, and the celebrated Beckel Corsets. Ladies' Cuffs and Collars, Hemstitched Tucked and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Cluney Lace Handkerchiefs and many articles.

I invite attention to recent purchases of New and Desirable goods, in which I can offer special inducements to cash buyers.

THOS. A. HARPER.
Cor. of Hanover and Pomfret Sts.

Dec. 24, 1868—tf

BENTZ & CO.,

Have laid in an unusually large stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

150 pieces Wool and Cotton Flannels, amongst which are the

Opera,
Sack,
Shaker,
Home-made,
and Canton,
Hamilton Stout,
25c. per yd.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY NEW PRINTS, such as merrimacs, Calicoes, Spragues, Gloucesters, and other favorites, being the best goods in the market, at 12½ cts. This is the price these goods sold at in cheap times.

DRESS GOODS

of every kind and style now worn. French Merinoes, Silks, Alpacas, Cobourgs, De laines, Bombazines, Ginghams, &c., &c., at reduced prices.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Mattings, Rugs, Window Blinds, Tickings, Twillings, Wool and Cotton Yarns, Shawls in large lengths, Muslins and Sheetings, Velvets, Ribbons, and the largest stock of Trimmings and Notions in the county.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Blankets, Quilts at 20 per cent. reduction from former prices.—Hosiery and Gloves, all to be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Our Friends and the public generally are invited to call and save from 10 to 50 per cent on their purchases. This is an item these times which every household ought to avail themselves of. Come and see if you wish to save money.

BENTZ & CO.

Oct. 15, 1868.

Furniture, &c.

A. B. EWING,

CABINET MAKER

AND UNDERTAKER,

WEST MAIN STREET,

CARLISLE, PENN'A.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW FURNITURE

for the Holidays, comprising

Sofas, Camp Stools,
Lounges, Centre Tables
Rocking Chairs, Dining Tables,
Easy Chairs, Card Tables,
Reception Chairs, Ottomans,
Bureaus, What-Nots,
Secretaries, &c., &c.,
Parlor,
Chamber,
Dining Room,
Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE,

of the Latest Styles.

COTTAGE FURNITURE IN SETTS,

Splendid New Patterns.

BEDSTEADS AND MATTRESSES,

GILT FRAMES AND PICTURES,

Particular attention given to Funerals. Orders from town and country attended to promptly and on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17, 1868—tf

CABINET WARE HOUSE.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the Undertaking business, and is ready to wait upon customers either by day or by night. Ready made COFFINS kept constantly on hand, both plain and ornamental. He has constantly on hand *Fisk's Patent Metalic Burial Case*, of which he has been appointed the sole agent. This case is recommended as superior to any of the kind now in use, it being perfectly air tight.

He has also furnished himself with a new Rosewood HEARSE and gentle horses, with which he will attend funerals in town and country, personally, without extra charge.

Among the greatest discoveries of the age is *Snell's Spring Mattress*, the best and cheapest bed now in use, the exclusive right of which I have insured, and will be kept constantly on hand.

CABINET MAKING,

in all its various branches, carried on, and Beaureaus, Secretaries, Work-stands, Parlor Wardrobes, Upholstered Chairs Sofas, Pier, Side and Centre Tables, Dining and Breakfast Tables, Washstands of all kinds, French Bedsteads, high and low posts; Jenny Lind and Cottage Bedsteads, Chairs of all kinds, Looking Glasses, and all other articles usually manufactured in this line of business, kept constantly on hand.

His workmen are men of experience, his material the best, and his work made in the latest city style, and all under his own supervision. It will be warranted and sold low for cash.

He invites all to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. For the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him he feels indebted to his numerous customers, and assures them that no efforts will be spared in future to please them in style and price. Give us a call.

Remember the place, North Hanover street, nearly opposite the Deposit Bank, Carlisle.

DAVID SIPE.

Dec. 1, 1868.

Photographs.

MRS. R. A. SMITH'S PHOTOGRAPHIC Gallery South-east Corner Hanover Street, and Market Square, where may be had all the different styles of Photographs, from card to life size.

IVORYTYPES, AMBROTYPES, AND MELAINOTYPES:

also Pictures on Porcelain, (something new) both Plain and Colored, and which are beautiful productions of the Photographic art. Call and see them.

Particular attention given to copying from Daguerotypes &c.

She invites the patronage of the public.

Feb. 9, 1868.

THE FARMER'S BANK, OF CARLISLE, PENNSYLVANIA.

Recently organized, has been opened, for the transaction of a general banking business, in the corner room of R. Givens new building, on the North West corner of High street and the Centre Square.

The Directors hope by liberal and careful management to make this a popular institution, and a safe depository for all who may favor the bank with their patronage.

Deposits received and paid back on demand, interest allowed on special deposit. Gold, Silver, Treasury Notes and Government Bonds, bought and sold.

Collections made on all accessible points in the country. Discount day, Tuesday. Banking hours, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

J. C. HOFFER, *Cashier.*

DIRECTORS.

R. Given, President, Wm. H. Miller,
Thomas Paxton, David Heikes,
John W. Craighead, A. J. Herman,
March 26, 1868.—tf Abraham Witmer.

TO AMERICANS VISITING EUROPE.—The Banking House of Norton & Co. of Paris and London, having entered upon their new premises, are prepared to show every attention to American Travellers. To obviate the difficulties and expense attendant upon the purchase of Letters of Credit to Europe, Messrs. Norton & Co., have arranged to receive American currency, United States and Railway Bonds or American Gold at the value in Paris, placing the amount at once to the credit of depositors.—Parties before leaving for Europe should have their correspondence plainly addressed to care

NORTON & CO., Bankers, Paris,
or Norton & Co., London.

Mar 11, 1869—1m

FOR RENT.—The Law Office on the second story of Inhoff's store-room, corner of Hanover street and Market Square, lately occupied by W. J. Shearer. Inquire of

C. INHOFF.

Dec. 24 1868—tf

Railroad Lines.

READING RAIL ROAD,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1868.

Great Trunk line from the North and North, west for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 3.50, 5.50, 8.10 A. M., 12.40 Noon, 2.05 and 10.50 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad and arriving at New York at 11.00 A. M., 12.30 Noon 3.50, 7.00, 10.05 P. M., and 8.15 A. M., respectively. Sleeping car accompany the 3.50 A. M. and 10.50 P. M., trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsvill, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.10 A. M., 2.05 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal Way Stations; the 4.10 P. M. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill, Haven and Auburn, via. Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, Leave Harrisburg at 2.30 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 noon, 5.10 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 2.30 P. M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 A. M., 5.10 and 8.00 P. M. trains from New York, without change.

Way passenger train leave Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 8.35 P. M., stopping at all stations; leave Pottsville at 7.30, 8.15 A. M., and 2.45 P. M., Shamokin at 5.25 A. M.; Ashland at 7.00 A. M., and 12.30 P. M.; Tamaqua at 8.30 A. M.; and 2.20 P. M., for Philadelphia.

Leave Pottsville, via. Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.10 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11.30 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading accommodation train, leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation train, leaves Pottstown at 6.45 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. for Lancaster, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.15 A. M. and 5.30 P. M., returning leave Skippack at 8.10 A. M. and 12.45 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 3.00 P. M., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., the 8.00 A. M. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8.00 A. M.; Harrisburg 6.50 A. M., 4.10 and 10.50 P. M., and Reading at 1.05, 3.00 and 7.15 A. M., for Harrisburg, at 12.50 and 7.31 A. M. for New York and at 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Gen. Superintendent

Jan. 21, 1869—1y

CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD!

CHANGE OF HOURS!

On and after MONDAY, SEPT. 14TH, 1868, Passenger Trains will run daily as follows, (Sundays excepted)

WESTWARD:

Accommodation Train leaves Harrisburg 5.50 A. M., Mechanicsburg 6.33, Carlisle 9.10, Newville 9.45, Shippensburg 10.16, Chambersburg 10.40, Greencastle 11.14, arriving at Haggerstown 11.45 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Harrisburg 1.30 P. M., Mechanicsburg 2.02, Carlisle 2.34, Newville 3.10, Shippensburg 3.40, Chambersburg 4.20, Greencastle 4.55, arriving at Hagerstown 5.25 P. M.

Express Train leaves Harrisburg 4.15 P. M., Mechanicsburg 4.47, Carlisle 5.17, Newville 5.50, Shippensburg 6.17, arriving at Chambersburg at 6.45 P. M.

A Mixed Train leaves Chambersburg 8.05 A. M., Greencastle 9.25, arriving at Hagerstown 10.10 A. M.

EASTWARD:

Accommodation Train leaves Chambersburg 4.45 A. M., Shippensburg 5.14, Newville 5.45, Carlisle 6.18, Mechanicsburg 6.47 arriving at Harrisburg 7.15 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Hagerstown 8.00 A. M., Greencastle 8.35, Chambersburg 9.10, Shippensburg 9.40, Newville 10.14, Carlisle 10.50, Mechanicsburg 11.24 arriving at Harrisburg 11.55 A. M.

Express Train leaves Hagerstown 11.55 A. M., Greencastle 12.33, Chambersburg 1.00 Shippensburg 1.33, Newville 2.05, Carlisle 2.45, Mechanicsburg 3.12, arriving at Harrisburg 3.44 P. M.

A Mixed Train leaves Hagerstown 3.05, P. M., Greencastle 4.12, arriving at Chambersburg 5.05 P. M.

☞ Making close connections at Harrisburg with trains to and from Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg and all points West.

O. N. LULL,
Supt.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Chamb'g, Pa., Sept. 8, 1868.

Sept 17, 1868.

Miscellaneous.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS.

Edward Shower respectfully announces to the public, that he continues to keep constantly on hand, and for sale, a large and very superior assortment of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

at his new stand, a few doors west of Hannon's Hotel, and directly west of the court House, Carlisle.

BRANDIES,

ALL OF CHOICE BRANDS.

Wines,
Sherry,
Port,
Malaga,
Lisbon,
Claret,
Native,
Hock,
Johannisberg,
and Rodersheimer.

CHAMPAGNE,

Heidsick & Co., Geisler & Co., and Imperial.—

Gin, Bohlen, Lion, and Anchor.

WHISKY,

Superior Old Rye, Choice Old Family Nectar

Wheat, Scotch, and Irish.

Ale, Brown Stout, &c. Best to be had in Philadelphia.

Bitters, of the very best quality.

Dealers and others desiring a pure article will find it as represented, as his whole attention will be given to a proper and careful selection of his Stock, which cannot be surpassed, and hopes to have the patronage of the public.

E. SHOWER.

Dec. 1, 1845.

MARQUART'S CELEBRATED LINIMENT.

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

Admirably adapted to the Cure of all Diseases for which a Counter-Irritant or External Remedy is required.

Diploma awarded by the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, 1868.

REFERENCES:

Abraham Marquart, Esq., has shown me the receipt of which his Liniment is composed.—From my knowledge of the ingredients, I do not hesitate in certifying that it will be beneficial where an external application of the kind is indicated.

A. STEWART, M. D.
Shippensburg, Sept. 15, 1868.

Fully conversant with the chemical components and medical effects of A. Marquart's Liniment, I cheerfully recommend it to those who may need it.

W. S. ECKER, M. D.

Mr. A. Marquart:—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in saying that I have used your Liniment for chapped hands, and it cured them and made them feel soft. I think it the best I have ever used, and would cheerfully recommend it to the general public.

WM. GRACY.
Newton township, Pa., Nov. 24, 1868.

I hereby certify that I have used A. Marquart's Liniment for Scratches and Spavin on two of my horses with the greatest success, and would recommend it to all who are in need of anything of the kind.

C. MELLINGER, county Treas'r.
Stoughstown, Nov. 18, 1868.

Mr. A. Marquart:—Dear Sir: I have used about half a bottle of your Liniment on my horse for a bad Collar Gall, which was the most obstinate sore of the kind I ever saw; also on my arm for Rheumatism, and it has given entire satisfaction in both cases. I would not do without it for ten times its cost, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

MICHAEL LATSHAW.
Jacksonville, Pa., Nov. 20, 1868.

A. Marquart, Esq.:—Dear Sir: I had a very severe attack of Rheumatism in my back, so that I could scarcely walk, which was very painful. After using half a bottle of your celebrated Liniment, I was entirely cured. This is not a recommendation, but the plain truth.—You can make any use of this you please.

JACOB LONG.
Walnut Bottom, Pa., Nov. 20, 1868.

Mr. A. Marquart:—Dear Sir: I have used your valuable Liniment in my family for different pains and aches, and it has proved satisfactory in every case. I do think, as an external Liniment, it stands without a rival. I would cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Respectfully,
GEORGE W. YOCUM.
Jacksonville, Pa., Nov. 21, 1868.

A. Marquart, Esq.:—Dear Sir: It affords me pleasure to certify that I have used your Liniment on my neck, in a case of very Sore Throat, which was much swollen and very painful. After two or three applications, I found it to act like magic, and would recommend it as an excellent Liniment.

JACOB SEVERES.
Walnut Bottom, Pa., Nov. 19, 1868

For Sale by Haverstick Bro's., D. Ralston, Carnman & Worthington, Carlisle.

☞ AGENTS WANTED! Address

A. MARQUART,
Walnut Bottom, Cumberland Co., Pa.

Dec. 10, 1868—1y

J. L. STERNER'S

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

BETWEEN HANOVER AND BEDFORD STS

IN REAR OF THE CORNMAN HOUSE,

CARLISLE, PA.

Having fitted up the Stable with new Carriages, &c., I am now able to furnish first-class rigs at reasonable rates. Parties taken to and from the Springs.

April 21 1867—1y.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED by Dr. C. G. Garrison's *New Process of Treatment* Call or address Dr. C. G. Garrison, 211 *South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

P. S.—Special attention given to THROAT and LUNG DISEASES.

March 4, 1869—1y

Medical.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES!!

THE BEST PLACE

TO BUY

PURE AND RELIABLE

DRUGS,

Medicines and Fine Chemicals,

IS AT

HAVERSTICK BROS.,

No. 10

North Hanover Street,

CARLISLE PA.

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Books, Fancy Goods, Confectionaries, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c., Dye Stuffs, Cosmetics, Stationary, &c. Also, Pure Wines for Medical Purposes.

Their assortment of Goods, in variety, novelty and elegance, cannot be surpassed. The articles have been selected with great care, and are calculated in quality and price to command the attention of purchasers.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. A full stock of Patent Medicines on hand. All goods warranted as represented.

HAVERSTICK BROTHERS,
No. 10 North Hanover St.

Feb. 18, 1869—1y

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the profuse contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive of our race. Often, this unseen and unclean tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: Ld St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Uterine* and *Uterous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaint* and *Liver Complaints* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* which arise, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

FOR SALE by Haverstick brothers, Pa

Oct. 15 1868—1t

##