American -Wolunteer.

CARLISLE, PA., Thursday Morning, June 18, 1888. DHMÔCHATIC STÀTE NOMINATIONS

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE. OF FAYETTE GOUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL: GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT, OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Election, Tuesday, October 13th, 1868.

COUNTY CONVENTION. The Democratic Standing Committee of Cun and County, met according to adjournment on the 18th inst. After various amenuments the following resolutions were adopted; Resolved, That the Democratic Notatinary Convention be held at the Court House, in Carlisle, on Monday, July 27, 1888, at eleven o'clock A. M. And that the election of delegates he held at the ensual pince of holding said elections in the several boroughs, wards and townships, on Saturday July 25, 1888, in the Borough of Carlisle between the hours of 3 and 8 o'clock P. M.; in the Borough of Mechanicsburg between the hours of 5 and 8 o'clock P. M.; in the Borough of Mechanicsburg between the hours of 5 and 8 o'clock P. M.; in the offor bur oughs, wards and townships between the hours of 4 and 7 b'clock P. M.; in the offor bur oughs, wards and townships between the hours of 4 and 8 delock P. M. At which time the Democratic waters of each borough ward and township shall figher two delegates to represent, incentally said convention.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the vice be signed by the officers and purious in the Democratic papers of the country. on the 13th inst. After various amenuments the

mittee adjourned. BRANL GHALL A.S ROB'T M'CACHBAN, Sec'y.

CALL FOR THE NATIONAL DEMOCRAT.
IC CONVENTION.

WASHINGTON, February 22, 1868. The National Democratic Committee by virtue the authority conferred upon them by the last National Democratic Convention, at a meet-ing held this day, at Washington, D. C., voted to hold the next Convention for the purpose of or candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States, on the 4th day of

The basis of representation, as fixed by the last number of Senators and Representatives in Congress of each State under the last apport Each State is invited to send delegates accord

William Atkin, Absatom H. Chapj George A. Houston Joseph A. Rozier, A. B. Greenwood, John W. Leftwick, Thomas Sweeny, John Patrick, Jos W. McCorkle, W. L. Shurkay. AUGUST BELMONT

FRED O. PRINCE, Secretary ATTENTION SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

The Soldiers and Sailors of Cumberland coun The Soldiers and Saliors of Cumberland country, will meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in Carlisle, on Saturday, the 20th of June, at II o'clock, A. M., to appoint delegates to the Soldiers' and Saliors' National Convention, to meet in New York, on the 4th day of July, 1868.

Col. W. M. Penrose. Carlisle.

Maj. M. G. Hale, Southampton.

"W. H. Longsdorf, Penn.

Capt. A. C. Landls, Shippensburg.

"J. A. Grabam, Newton.

"J. A. Grabam, Newton.

"I, H. Graham, South Middleton,

W. P. Loyd, Allen.

"J. P. Singleer, Mechanicsburg..

"J. P. Brindle, Carlisle.

"J. P. Brindle, Carlisle.

orsheimer, amberton, Middlesex, s, Monroe. ongsdorf, Sliver Spring.

1868. 1868. THE



A Democratic Campaign Paper,

DEVOTED TO

The Interests of White Labor and the Preservation of the White Man's Government.

VOLUME 2.

THE CAUCASIAN will be issued weekly from th VOLUNTEER office, for the Campaign, C. VOLUNTEER office, for the Campuign, Commencing July 10, 1868, and continuing until the returns of the Presidential election are received.

THE CAUCASTAN will contain Sizteen Columns of racy, original and selected Political Reading, and will be the Cheupest and Best Campuign Paper in the State. The dissemination of truth among the masses is vitally essential to Democratic success in the coming campuign; and we call upon ees in the coming campaign; and we call upor our friends everywhere to assist our efforts in

giving the CAUCASIAN a wide circulation. We have put the price down to the lowest possible figure, in order to enable every one to take the paper, and we trust our Democratic friends will manifest a similar liberality.

Each number will be embellished with portraits of distinguished individuals, and harmorous cuts libustraity of the political history of the times. This novel feature rendered the Caucasian decidedly popular in 1806.

THE CAUCASIAN will vigorously oppose the facility mades of the Disuplopis in and out of

wiving the CAUCASIAN a wide circulation. We

THE CAUCASIAN will vigorously oppose the fa-natical madness of the Disunionists in and out of Congress, and will advocate the speedy restora-tion of the Union and the cause of Constitutional Liberty. To this end it will devote all its ener-gies to secure the election of the Democratic State and National Tickets, and the triumph of

TERMS-Cash in Advance. 10 Copies to one Address,

A DEMOCRATIC HOLIDAY .- The grandest assemblage of Democrats ever convened on this continent. It will be a gathering of the true and patriotic New York, to take counsel together for the good of the people. And, while our wisest men are thus spending the national holiday in patriotic deliberations. the Cincinnati Enquirer appropriately suggests that the masses of the Democratic party who remain at home, hold meetings all over the country in their respective neighborhoods on Independence day. We deem that suggestion there be a gathering together of Democrats all over the country on the 4th of July. It will be an admirable method of inaugurating the most important Presidential campaign in which the assemblage of the Democratic voters, with their wives and children, on the coming Fourth of July. It is a Democratic holiday, and should be celebrated

THE Chicago platform in brief means

THE OMNIBUS BILL.

The latest Radical outrage is a bill admitting five of the Southern States into the Union, on their adopting the ourteenth amendment to the Constitution. It has passed both Houses of Congress, and is the most infamous and insidious measure of this infamous Congress. It is a measure which not only ivets more closely the fetters which bind the passive and helpless people of the South, but is a virtual repeal of the Constitution of the United States. If there is one principle more distinctly enunciated than another in the Constitution, it is that of the equality of the states—that what is law for one is law for all. But these bogus state governments, erected out of negro votes, have provisions incorporated into their state Constitutions, such as no other state covernments have and these provisons are declared to be forever irrepealable. Every voter must swear, for instance, that he will never vote to interfere with negro suffrage. Connecticut. Ohio and Michigan may repudiate it, but in South Carolina, Mississippi and Georgia it is irrepealable—the whites are bound hand and foot, and their chains given into the hands of their negro masters. Are the states of the Union equal? If so, Congress has as much power and right to deprive Pennsylvania of her jurisdiction over the suffrage question, and to make it an ir repealable provision of her Constitu tion, as it has to do so for Alabama.

It is a favorite cry with the Radical party that the people are supreme; and vet they would deprive the people of their sovereignty on a question affecting all their dearest interests. This omnibus reconstruction bill refuses to let the people of the South make their own laws, and especially their own organic law, and imposes upon them laws made elsewhere and by people who do not live within their several states. If the people are sovereign, how could they either forfeit or surrender the right of self government. It was love for this very principle of self government which impelled our ancestors of Pennsylvania and South Carolina to go to war with England about the Boston Port Bill, in which personally they had no interest whatever; and it will be another evidence of the degenerateness of the race, if we suffer such wrongs to pass unavenged. 💄

This "omnibus" bill means treasontreason to the Constitution—treason to the principles of republican government-treason to the Union as our fathers made it. When these men profess to be for the Union, they lie in their very throats-when they swear to support the Constitution, they perjure themselves in the sight of God. This bill strips their pretended schemes of reconstruction of all the soft words they have thrown around them, and shows the naked enormity and brutal cruelty of their scheme of party domination. Under this scheme States are to be made at Washington, and given into the control of ignorant negroes and degraded whites-Congressmen are to be declared elected; and their credentials, forged by a bogus Governor, are to enable them to vote down the representatives of the intelligent whites of the North. The machinery of the local State governments is to be erected on a similar plan for the suppression of the groans of the white people, and the hiding of the excesses of the black rulers; and with a hypocrisy unparalleled in all political history, this is done under a pretense of restoring the Union. Can it be that "judgment has fled to brutish beasts, and men have lost their reason?', Will the white laboring men of the North suffer themselves longer to be deluded by a partisan scheme which has for its object the erection of ten negro Commonwealths, which will elect eighty-three members of Congress, and thus control the legislation and the general elections of the country, against the expressed

The Democrats of Eric County have concluded o try the "Crawford County system" of making combations.—Exchange. The "Crawford county system" of making nominations is the true system Under this mode the Democrats of the several townships and boroughs express their choice by voting directly for the candidates, instead of for delegates to represent them (and sometimes to misepresent them) in County Convention By this system bargain and sale, the

will of the white people who made the

country what it is?

influence of money, and other corrupt appliances are to a great extent prevented. The venal and corrupt rich man who would attempt to carry his point by a lavish expenditure of money, checkniated, and his personal popularity and fitness, and not his money decides for or against him. We have, on many occasions, advocated this system for nominating candidates, but thus far it has met with opposition from those who feared the people. A few more lessons may perhaps open the eyes of well-disposed Democrats, and induce them to regard the "Crawford county system" as the best and most nonest.

THEIR GREAT CONCERN.-We have never known a time in twenty years when our adversaries have exhibited so profound an interest in all that concerns coming Fourth of July will see the the Democratic party, or lavished advice upon it so profusely. We are the more surprised at this, as they have so often announced solemnly and officialic party was "dead." Now, as they are not all "spiritualists," why so anxious about the departed? The truth is they have a secret premonition that it still lives, and will certainly conquer in the coming struggle, and a " fearful looking for" the event. And they are right.-Nothing but extreme folly and madness at the New York Convention can bring about the defeat of the Democratic tickand Colfax will be very badly beaten.

THE Good Book says: "The prayer of he righteous availeth much." day was set apart, by the general conference of the Methodist Church, at the ecommendation of Bishop Simpson, to pray for the impeachment of the President, and as the President didn't happen to be impeached, we can only conclude that the "righteous" portion of that conference did not pray as the "loil" Simpson and his admirers advised.

"LET us have peace," says General the ballot for the negro and gold for the Grant. Shall we make another desert his drunkenness murdered, to place him he had better make one as soon as posat the North and call that "peace 2"

tricts, and consequently thirty election boards. Each of these boards is constituted of five persons, one Judge two inspectors, and two clerks, and there i making in all \$270,00. Under the reg-Assessors of each district constitute the board of registry, and they are required There are also to be made out duplicate copies of the Assessors return, for each election district, from the 1st to the 15th books which the Commissioners have already been compelled to purchase have cost \$62.00.

med up as follows: 62 00 90 00 lost of blank books. 1050 00 80 00 1812 00

In other words the people of Cum radical law, which is in direct violation of the State Constitution.

RADICAL PATRIOTISM AT A DIS-COUNT.-Mr. Mungen stated in Congress, a few days ago, that a proposition was made by the Confederate government during the war to pay three times the price in cotton, gold and tobacco for medicines for our soldiers at Andersonville and other Southern prisons that those medicines should be put under charge of Federal surgeons, and be by them in person taken to the different Southern prisons and used and distributed for the use of Union prisoners alone. No response was made to this by the Federal government. He said he could prove this if the House would allow an

ALARMING INCREASE OF THE NA-TIONAL DEBT .- We learn from the published statement of the Secretary of the Treasury, that during the month of May the national debt was increased nine millions, seven hundred and seventeen thousand, fifty nine hundred dollars! Is not this alarming? Just think of it! In time of peace the debt to increase at the rate of nearly ten million of dollars per month. This is radical rule, misnanagement and stealing. Why, if these cormorants are kept in power much longer they will steal the capitol, Goddess of Liberty and all. 'Are not the people convinced that it is high time to hurl the scoundrels from power?

HE TOLD TOO MUCH .-- When Thurlow Weed was before Ben Butler's Im peachment Committee the other day, on an effort to draw from him some ad mission as to the tampering with Senators as to the President's acquittal, Butler asked: "Do you know of any money contributed for political purposes?" I do, sir; I helped to raise \$30,000 not long ago for such a purpose." (The ears of the Committee pricked up at once.) "You will state to the court what use was made of it?" "It was used," replied Weed, "to enable the epublicans to carry the New Hampshire election." It is unnecessary to say that Weed was permitted to go cut with the apple blossoms."

take what you say as earnest and true,

therefore, even if you are a Democrat." ime will determine his course.

evidently, that the late convention at Chicago avoided all "living issues,"

We believe they did exist about that time, and the Apostle Paul seemed to know them about as well as the people of the present day have reason to, when he described them as "those whose end is destruction, whose God is their belly, and whose glory is their shame."

No man who favors the equalization of taxes—who opposes negro suffrage and would see the Union of our fathers restored, can vote for Grant and Colfax They are the candidates of bondhold ers, niggers and disunionists.

THE drunken General who paved his way from Washington to Appomattox with the skulls of his own countrymen, now asks the friends of the thousands in the Presidential chair.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

We have set down the number of tates under the respective helds. Depocratic and Republican, with a view ination of himself for the Presidency by of ascertaining the chances of electing a the Radical Republicans. His speech-Democrat to the position of President es were unworthy, in point of literary of the United States this fall: and intellectual merit, of a school boy. REPUBLICAN. His letter, though prepared with much

DEMOCRATIC. dassacause Michigan,... Minnesota have" no policy of his own that would The following are the States not yet

admitted, which cast fifty electora votes. Should the Republican party control all of these States Grant would be elected by seventeen of a majority in the electoral college:

The whole number if all the States are fully represented make 243. Necessary to a choice 122. The Democracy need to add just 9 votes to the above 118 to make up that number. With a half chance more than double that number can be acquired from the Southern States, say nothing about the chances of the Democracy carrying a number of the States put down above on the Reoublican side.

The Negro Suffrage Plank in the Chicago Platform.

The second resolution of the Chicago platform reads as follows:

"The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men at the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude, and of justice, and must be maintained; while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States." ple of this country may as well bid a final farewell to their civil liberties.

We have already declared our convic tion that the above resolution would prove entirely satisfactory to the most extreme advocates of negro equality, and we had not to wait long for the clearest proof of apr assertion. The Philadelphia proof of our assertion. The Philadelphia

mentary upon it:

"There is nothing in the Republican
platform, adopted at Chicago, which we
cannot heartly approve, for even the second article, which is the only one open ond article, which is the only one open to objection, pledges the party to maintain Impartial Suffrage in the South.—
THAT MAINTAINED, IT IS INEVITABLE THAT IMPARTIAL SUFFRAGE WILL BE ESTABLISHED IN THE NORTH, for it is impossible that the Republican party can divide its principles and hold to a two faced policy. It is certain to lose the colored vote in the South, unless it gives the ballot to colored citizens in the North. And if it refuses to become the champion of freerefuses to become the champion of freedom everywhere, it will deserve to be disgraced and defeated. The right of the loyal States to decide for themselves the suffrage question does not, in our opinion, give them power to prevent citizens of the United States from voting for officers of the United States, and here it is that Congress should interfere. We trust Mr. Stevens will not forget his bill prohibiting States from disfranchising citizens of the whole country. And it is to be regretted that the Convention did not more explicitly declare that the people of the loyal States ought to grant the ballot to their tellow-outlzens, without respect to refuses to become the champion of free their fellow-citizens, without respect to color. BUT WE REPEAT THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO CONFER FULL

IS IMPOSSIBLE TO CONFER FULL
CITIZENSHIP ON THE MILLIONS
OF COLORED PEOPLE IN THE
SOUTHERN STATES, AND TO CONTINUE TO WITHHOLD IT FROM
THE THOUSANDS IN THE NORTH. Now we ask every Northern man who is opposed to negro suffrage and consequent negro equality, to look this proposition squarely in the face. Here we have it asserted by one of the colest Republican papers in the country that the platform on which General Grant has oluntarily taken his stand, if carried out by his election, renders negro suffrage and negro equality au inevitable necessity in every State in the Union. The Post very truthfully declares that "it is ible to conferfull citizenship on the impossmillions of colored people in the Southern States, and to withhold it from the thousands in the North."

ANOTHER SPECIMEN OF THE "GOD AND MORALITY PARTY."-We see by the Lebanon Advertiser that Daniel Gerberich, radical Treasurer of Lebanou county, Pa., has absquatulated, pending and indictment against him for using \$17,000 of the county funds for his own business. The prominent radicals of Lebanon endeavored to cover up his crime by keeping back legal propositions for nearly two years in order that he might wind up his afiairs and escape punish ment. Perhaps other radicals shared with him in the stealings. This is another radical triumph. It is a wonder the radicals do not how! Ku Klux to cover it

HOW GENERALSHIP SAVES SOL-DIERS' LIVES.—In the campaign from the Rapidan to the James, Grant had three soldiers to Lee's one and 12,000 over, 222,000 to 70,000. Grant used up six times as many men

as Lee and 3,000 over, 117,000 to 19,000. Grant used up as many men as all Lee had, and 12,000 more than half as many again, 117,000 to 70,000. Grant used up 53 per cent, of his en tire force. Lee used up but 27 per cent,

of his force. This wasteful butchery being finished, Grant was still far from conquering his antagonist. They had yet to meet in front of Petersburg and Richmond. where the deadly game of swopping off six Northern Soldiers to one Southern soldier proceeded until Lee's inferior force was used up. Would that be gen eralship in checkers .- N. Y. World.

Vermont. Does the old infernal still

"LET us have peace." says Grant. But it is you Radicals who for three years have denied us peace. The country means to have peace, and won't trust to men to procure it who for three

pers in New England, says: "The misdemeanor of which Johnson ty, is neglect up to take the rascals about the throat and strangling them, when he power to it." GREELEY is said to have taken t THE first party Colfax ever joined, it

smoking as an evidence of his orthodoxy on the Grant question. We hope he will not deem it necessary to be seen drunk on the street on Sunday.

-Impeachment is now christene Lost Cause Junior." —The Democrats of Huntingdon have organized a "White Man's Club.,' -Darkening-the prospects of the Mule Rider for next President,

—The Democratic gain on the popular vote of Oregon is three thousand. -Out of 11,000 white voters in Wash ington, only 2,000 voted the Grant ticket! Seven thousand negroes voted it, howev-

-The Republic of Pittsburg and the Montour American of Danville, speak avorably to the re-election of Mr. Buckaew to the Senate.

—An election was held in Charleston South Carolina, on Thursday last, when the Democrats carried the city by about one thousand majority. The negroes all voted the Radical ticket. Of course!

—The South Carolina "legislature" has 20 white and 12 negro "Senators" and 44 white and 80 negro "representa-tives." Nearly all the blacks are unable o read or write.

-The Boston Post, which recently de-

clared in favor of General Hancock as the Democratic candidate for the Presilency, now urges the Hon. Charles Fran-us Adams for the Vice Presidency.

tend, and on thate of the goes back on the carpet-baggers as too mean society for him under his altered circumstances; and the next step with a respectable key is to vote the Democratic ticket.

MISCELLANEOUS.

--There are five thousand lawyers in England against four thousand to New York alone.

-Prentice says that Queen Victoria and Theodorus didn't marry, but they fought just as if they had.

The original "retired physician whose sands of life" have been running out so long, is better. He married a Hartford girl last Monday.

-Forney says, "the future lies before us." It has been suggested that Forney will probably lie in the future as he has

mitted a rape on a respectable young lad of Maury co., and was sent to penitent ary for twenty-one years. The other day he was turned scot free by Brownlow.

—Six citizens of Hamburg, S. C., were arrested on the 28th for refusing to allow the freedmen to hold a political meeting in Uulon Church, in that town. They are to be tried before a military commission at Aiken, by order of Gen. Canby.

able to stand the expense of the funeral. -Weston, the walkist, is to take an-

—Shad are now being caught in great abundance at various points along the Juniata river.

Jno. Shallock, of Harrisburg, a brakes man on the Pennsylvania railroad, was killed near Languster, last week, by ful-ting under the train.

-Two children, a girl aged 13 and a boy aged 8 years, children of William Garton, of Buck wheat Valley, Juniata Co... were burned to death on the 27th ult. The house caught fire about 12 o'clock at night, and the fire made such headway that all efforts to rescue them were unavailing.

availing.

—On Friday morning while a train of loaded coal cars was passing over the tressle bridge, of the Broad Top raliroad, at Rough and Ready station, the tressle work gave away, precipitating the entire train a distance of lifty or sixty feet. Mr. Samuel Reed, brakesman, was buried beneath the wreck and instantly killed, and Alfred Houpt, also employed on the train, had one of his shoulders dislocated and sustained other serious injury.

—On the 18th alt. Mrs. Samuel Brigage.

-On the 13th ult. Mrs. Samuel Brismer On the 13th ult. Mrs, Samuel Brismer, of Conoy township, gave birth to two children in some respects similar to the Siamese Twins. Nearly the entire abdomen of the children are grown together. The formation of the one is perfect with some few exceptions, while the abdomen, hips and lower extremeties of the other are well formed in having two completes. are well formed in having two complete arms, but neither chest nor head. Life in both children is maintained by one set of internal organs such as intestines, liver and kidneys. Both children are male, nd in size are unusually large.

—English gossip puts Dickens' net profits in America at \$200,000. -Major General George B. McClellan will visit Long Branch in August.

Mr. Sprague has been re-elected to the United States Senate without opposition. -An exchange says that George Wilkes and his friends "are out \$200,000 on impeachment." - George Musser, Sr., who died on Tuesday, in Lancaster, aged 91 years, was a life-long Democrat, and voted the Democratic ticket seventy times!

-The King of Siam has been writing up his family register; and finds that he has eighty-one children. Happy father! ...The Radical papers say that "Grant will visit many watering places this summer," So great a change ought to be wrought gradually.

—The sum of \$22,000 was paid as fees to the President's counsel in the impeachment case. The amount was collected by his friends.

—The friends of Senator Grimes in Washington state that it is the intention of that gentleman to enter suit against the New York Tribune and Cincinnati Gazette for libel.

IF the public debt could be changed into gold, silver or anything of value, it would not long trouble the people, are military dictator for a pattern of for the party in power would steal the Harrisburg, in St. Johnschurch, on Wedwhole of it in less than ten days.

THE WILL OF MR. BUCHANAN. Jubral Beguest to the Poor of Laneast

L'ANCASTER, June 10.—The will of the late ex-President Buchanan was filed in the Register's office to-day. The following are the bequests: \$2,000 to the poor of Lancaster city in addition to \$4,000 previously donated; \$1,000 to the Presbysterian church Lancaster, of which deceased was a member; \$5,000 to Esther Parker, housekeeper of deceased, being in addition to \$2,000 dollars heretofore given her; \$2,000 to Mattha J. Lane, widow of James B Lane, deceased. Peter Hillier, Mary Smithgall and Lizzle Stoner, servants, \$100 each. The books, plate and furniture to Mrs. Harriet L. Johnson, Rov. E. Y. Buchanan and J. Buchanan Henry, to be divided equily among them, all owing Esther Parker \$200 out of the amount. LANCASTER, June 10 .- The will of the

mount.
The balance of the estate real and personal, is directed to be divided among his heirs, as follows: One-fourth to Mrs. Harriet L. Johnson, one-fourth to Rev. E. Y. Buchman, neither of whom are to be Y. Buchanan, neither of whom are to be charged with considerable advancements which have been made to them, and the balance to Jr. Buchanan Henry, soc of his sister, Harriet B. Lane, and to the three sons of his nephew, James B. Lane, deceased, Mary E. Durham, daughter of his sister, Mary Yates, deceased, to Maria B. Weaver, Jessie Mayaw (formerly Jessie Weaver), James B. Weaver and John B. Weaver.

The testator states that "whilst feeling The testator states that "whilst feeling full confidence both in the integrity and business enpacity of Edward E. Johnson, the husband of my niece, Harriet Lane. Johnson, I yet deem it prudent to secure to her a maintenance against the unforseen contingencies of future years. For this purpose I appoint my hereinafternamed executors, Hiram B. Swarr and Edward Y. Buchanan, or the survivor of them, trustee or trustees, and direct them to retain in their bands, and invest and manage, to the best advantage, free and discharged from the debts and control of her said husband, two-thirds of the her said husband, two-thirds of

emount bequeathed her as my residuary legatee."

The testator appointed Rev. Edward Y. Buchanan, his brother, and Hiram B. Swarr Esq., to be the executors of his last will and testament.

Swarr Esq., to be the executors of his last will and testament.

The Wheatland property is given to Harriet Lane Johnson, niece of the testator, for which she pays \$12,000 out of her residuary share of the estate. The will is dated at Wheatland, January 27, 1866; and a codocil of the 29th of August, 1867, provides that Wm. B. Reed is to have \$1,000 to pay the expenses and secure the publication of a blographical work of the deceased; and to Mrs. Mary L. Reed, wife of Wm. B. Reed, the deceased gives \$5,000, a legacy for her separate use and benefit, as a compensation for the work Mr. Wm. B. Reed has undertaken to perform. All the deceased's private papers, correspondence, etc., are directed to be given to Wm. B. Iteed for this purpose. The estate is estimated at \$300,000.

BUTLER AT HIS OLD TRICKS.

Tries to Steal a Thousand Dollar Bill. Butler's Inquisition was in session on the 10th. It is said that during the examination of Mr. Ransom Van Valkenburg, Mr. Butler asked the witness what he had been doing in Washington so long? To which he replied. "None of your business, sir." The examination of this witness was further continued, and the Express publishes the following re-

port thereof:

Mr. Butler asked: What became of the oney that Mr. Woolley left in his room

money that Mr. Woolley left in his room one the centre table?

Answer—I have it in my pocket.

Butler—Will you produce it and the envelope containing the other papers?

Answer—I will produce the money.—
But the papers you shall not have.

The money was then laid on the table, amounting to \$17,100 in seventeen one thousand dollar notes, and small bills making the one hundred dollars.

Immediately after Butler received the

inking the one hundred dollars.

Immediately after Butler received the noney he ordered the witness out of the com, but he declined to leave, giving as reason that he (witness) was responsia reason that he (witness) was responsi-ble for the money, and he could not leave it in his (Butler's) possession. But he insisted on the witness leaving the room, but the gentleman refused, without he could take the money with him. At last, Butler was forced to succumb, and the money was counted in the custodin that he (with the money was counted in the custodi-an's presence.

Butler counted the money, the clerk of

After the counting Butler, locoking sideways, said to the witness: I find, sir, here sixteen thousand one hundred

Ing in all five thousand miles, to be completed in one hundred consecutive days. The wager is for \$25,000 a side, or \$50,000, altogether.

STATE ITEMS.

—Shad are now being caught in great abundance at various points along the Juniata river.

SUBJECTION OF STATE ITEMS.

General Logan, raising from the sofa, said; Yes Butler, I see one corner of it sticking out.

Butler—Oh, yes; I did not notice it before.

Local Items. OUR MOUNTAIN SCENERY. - Those of our readers who are true lovers of nature hould not fail to pay a visit to our neighyear. No one can gaze upon the great

change there being wrought, without having his thoughts turned to the great Power which is working this glorious ransformation. The dull cheerless. brown of winter is changed to the rich garb of summer green. Thousands of flowers, of every hue, bud and bloom from their rugged sides-from the tiny butter-cup that stoops its slender, stem to kiss the purling brook that laves the mountain's base, to the delicate-tinted out perfumeless laurel that crowns its summit with a victor's wreath, all combine to lend enchantment to our mountain scenery. It is no wonder that our nountains attract thither thousands from the cities, during the heated months. To those wishing pleasant and economical places of summer resort, no greater inucements are held out anywheres than t Holly, the Carlisle White Sulphur and he Doubling Gap Springs. The Messrs Iullin, Mr. Geyer and Mr. Rupley, at Holly, have the reputation of providing their tables with the best the market affords, as every one who has patronized them can testify. The White Sulphur Springs are now leased by W. G. Thompson Esq., the enterprising proprietor of the State Capitol Hotel, at Harrisburg, and are under the immediate control of our friend Porter Harris Esq. Last summer they were filled to overflowing, and if the warm weather continues will soon be in the midst of the festive season. The Doubling Gap Springs, are now in charge of Mr. Mann, late proprietor of the Jones House, in Harrisburg and their ong established reputation will doubtless bring them their usual concourse of visitors. We sometimes thank our people do ot fully appreciate the value of our neighboring places of summer resort.— One thing is certain, there are many ces of far greater celebrity, without half the natural or social advantages.-

Run Off.-Oh Tuesday afternoon, a lorse belonging to Mr. Gen. Wetzel, tore lown a portion of the awning frame in ront of Saxtons store, and scampered off up street, creating considerable excitenent but doing no great harm.

Let us then say a good word for our Cum-

erland Valley mountain houses.

THE MARY INSTITUTE.—The, public examinations of the scholars of the Ma-ry Institute will be held at "Marion Hall," on next Monday and Tuesday from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and the address will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Keeling, of nesday evening at 8 o'clock.

AORNOWLEDGMENT. -The akes great pleasure in acknowledgie the compliment of three delightful ser nades-two of them by quartette club nd one by the Cartisle Brass Band. Music never sounds so sweetly as in th quiet hours of the night; and when d oursed by such practiced hands as Messa Widner, Harkness, Osburn, Spangler and their associates, and Messrs. Spahr, Dy sert, Crouse and the other gentlemen the Band, could not be otherwise tha charming. We take pride in the bons hat we have one of the best amateur bands in the state of Pennsylvania, and our citizeus gonerally should feel grail fied by the spirit of improvement and musical culture manifested by our home musicians. All parties concerned will please accept our grateful acknowledge ments, not only for the serenades, but for the kindly feelings which prompted them. We trust our warm-hearted friends will remember in future that we can stand a good deal of thatsort of thing

DICKINSON COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT. -The exercises of the eighty fifth anniversary of Dickinson College will be held during the coming week, as follows: Baccalaureate Address-Sunday, June , 8 o'clock, P. M. Prof. S. L. Bowman

Junior Prize Contest-Monday, Jun Junior Prize Contest—Monday, June 22, 8 o'clock, P. M.
Class Day of the Sentor Class—Tuesday, June 23, 10 o'clock, A. M.
Mecting of the Alumni—3 o'clock, P. M.
Oration and Poem before the Literary Sociotics—8 o'clock P. M. Poet—Levi M.
Haverstick, A. M. Orator—Hon: Henry Stockbridge.
Annual Meeting of the General Bella Lettres and Union Philosophical Societics—Westnesday, June 21, 8 o'clock A. M.
Reunion of Class of 1858—2 o'clock, P. M.
Oration before the Alumni Association—Col. James Wallace, A. M. Class of 1840, 8 o'clock P. M.
Commencement—Thursday, June 25, 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Graduating Class embraces the The Graduating Class embraces the following names:
H. J. Beatty, 'Harrisburg, Pa.; B. F. Beck, Middletown, Pa.; H. L. Bowman, Carlisle, Pa.; J. E. J. Buckey, Cumberland, Md.; D. H. Carroll, Williamsport, Pa.; A. C. Chenoweth, Carlisle, Pa.; W. P. Davis, Milford, Del.; J. F. Goucher, Alliance, Ohio; A. D. B. Smead, Carlisle, Pa.; W. Trlokett, Philadelphia, Pa.; I. C. West, Jr. Frankfort Del.; J. B. Young, Berwick, Pa.

LECTURE. -- Mr. - Miles' lecture, delivered at Mount Holly, on the 8th inst., was well attended by the public of the villag and vicinity, and the amount realized from the sale of tickets exceeded the expectations of Mr. M's, many friends -The proceeds derived from the lecture were for the benefit of the M. E. church. Mr. Donahue, pastor of the church writes us as follows concerning the lecture:

"We were very highly gratified to hear a Lecture from Mr. W. Miles in the M. E. church, at Mt. Holly, June 8th. Subject 'Social Life.' Mr. Miles is a pleasing and instructive lecturer. The lecture throughout, abounded in fact and incident, and in witty and humorous thrusts at the prevailing evils of Social Life. It could not fail to profit the large and appreciative audience assembled upon Life. If could not full to pront the large and preciative audience assembled upon that occasion. Mr. M. deserves encouragement, as his great object is to do good, to educate the public mind, to cultivate all that is pure, elevating and refining in Social life. He has our suicere thanks for his kindness and our best wishes for his success."

J. DONAHUE, Paster. ., ., .

A NEWSPAPER.-It was Bishop Horne's own opinion that there was no better moralist than a newspaper. He says: "The follies, vices, and consement miseries of multitudes, displayed in a newspaper, are so many beacous cou tinually burning to others from the rock on which they have been shipwrecked. What more powerful dissuasive from suspicion, jealousy, and anger, than the story of one friend murdered by an other in a duel? What caution mon tikely to be effective than this against gambling and profligacy, than the n ful relation of an execution, or the fact of a despairing suiside? What finer lecture on the necessity of economy than the auction of estates, houses, and furniture! Only take a newspaper, and consider well, pay for it, and it will instruct thee! LEAP YEAR PIC-NICS .- Some one has

happily suggested to a brother cotemporary that this being leap year, and the eason for pic-nics, it would be no mon than right that our lady tolks should be getting up those detectable enjoyment nd invite their male friends. It is a preogative they have this year, he continies, and they should exercise it. How nice it would be for a handsome young bachelor to be waited upon of a June morn some rural retreat in company with a select party; enjoy the pleasures of a day in the country, and then when the sun begins to sink in the West, to be safely scorfed to his home again, with no hack nor boat hire to pay.

The great amount of time consumd by the ladies in dressing and arranging their hair must make any article which would lessen their labor particularly desirable. Ring's Vegetable Ambrosin leaves the hair in such condition s to render the dressing and arranging a very easy matter. It imparts to it the splendid glossy appearance so much adnired, cleans the scalp from dandruff and all humors, and prevents baldness; promotes its growth, and restores gray nair to its original color. June 11, 4t

Y. M. C. A. FESTIVAL. -The Strawbe y Festival of the Young Men's Christian Association in the Court House, on las Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings was well attended, and was doubtless source of considerable revenue. We must acknowledge the favor of several "Complimentaries," and at the same time express our regret that other engage Carlisle Band and one of our amateur quartette clubs discoursed some of their choicest music, giving increas and pleasure to the occasion. The straw berries and cake are said to have been fine, the ladies agreeable and attentive as usual, and the music delicious.

STUNG BY A LOCUST .- We learn from the Greensastle Valley Echo that several days ago, a young lady of Greencastle was stung on the hand by a "seventeen year! locust, making a serious and 10 vere sore, put with prompt application of spirits, she has succeeded in drawing the poison from the wound. Persons cannot oe too careful how they handle these pests. Instances are on record in which heir sting has proven fatal.

A STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL. We announce, by request, that a Strawberry Festival will be held in the basement of the First Methodist Church, on Wednes. day, Thursday and Friday evenings, the 18th, 19th, and 20th inst., the proceeds to go to the church.

Mt. Holly, has fitted up his hotel in fine style, for summer visitors. Those desiring fine siry apartments and good boarding, at reasonable rates, can be accommodated at his bouse. It is conveniently located to the mountains and

apringa,

AFAll Clubs must be sent to one address.
AFClubs should be sent in by the middle cane or the late of July, at farthest.
Address.
BRATTON & KENNEDY. BRATTON & KENNEDY,

men of the nation in the great city of ly the stunning fact that the Democrateminently timely and proper. Let et. Left to their own strength, Grant American people ever engaged. Let arrangements be made for carrying out the suggestion all over the country.-Every election district should have an

THE REGISTRY LAW

It will be an item of interest for the tax payers of Cumberland county to know what they are paying for the iuxury of a "Registry Law." In this county there are thirty election disalso an assessor to each election district. The number of election officers, including the assessors, in the whole county is one hundred and eighty. These men receive for their services \$1 50 per day, istry law, the Judge, Inspectors, and to meet at least five days in each year. of September, which will necessitate the employment of additional clerks at a probable cost of \$80, and the blank

The additional expense may be sum

here are to be two elections this year,

berland county have to pay an additiona sum of \$2624 00, and to undergo great trouble, vexation and personal expense to meet the requirements of this new

official inquiry. Mr. Garfield objected.

A FRIEND of Senator Fessenden, who has always been a Democrat, has communicated for publication the following passage from a recent private letter of the Senator's; "I thank you for kind words. When friends are denouncing me in all quarters for the one act of my life for which I deserve the most credit, putting at hazard, as I did, all my own honor and interests from an imperative sense of duty, it is a consolition to know that some few yet believe in my integrity of purpose. I shall

GENERAL SCHOFIELD, the new Secretary of War, is perhaps, with one exception, (Mr. Calhoun) the youngest man who has ever occupied that position in our Government, being not quite thirty-seven years of age. He graduated at West Point in 1853. He was made a Major General in 1865, and was subsequently raised to the full rank. In May 1867, he was assigned to duty as General Commanding the first military district, consisting of the State of Virginia. He is said to be a man of considerable executive ability; but whether he is a true friend of the Pres-

ident is doubted by many. A short so!-Before the acquittal of the President the Church Union, a thoroighly Radical organ, said: "Let the Republican party make its will, and let this nation prepare to see the seventh seal opened upon this continent, if the Senate of the United States refuses to convict the traitor at Washington." It was in accordance with this request,

—As far back as the days of the Apostles, this world was blessed with those whom "copper-heads" so delight to abuse—Radicals.—Mongret Exchance.

trous. It meant, secondly, that, as the Radical majority in Congress claim to represent the people, he would comply with any demands of theirs, however unreasonable, unlawful and destructive to the national peace, unity and welfare on the ground that whatever a faction of scoundrels in Congress may demand must be interpreted and accepted and carried out by him, as the will of the eople! Gen. Grant evidently does not snow that the will of the people of the whole country, as expressed in the Con stitution, is the supreme law of the land, and that the will of a part, and that a minority, too, of the people who may elect him, and who elected the present Congress, is not that will of the people which he, or any other citizen is legally bound to respect. If such an ignoramus in statesmanship-such a ciolist in the fundamental law of Con stitutional government—shall be placed in the Executive chair, with a revolu ionary Congress to use him, the peo

IS ORAST FIT FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Grant has made two speeches and

written one letter in accepting the nom-

more care and labor, is no better in this

respect than his puerile orations. In

one of his speeches, he said he would

interfere with the will of the people.

That meant, first, that he would be

most pliant piece of clay in the hands o

the political potters who may mould

him as they please, to any measures and

plots, however iniquitous and disas

Truth From a Strange Source !

Don Piatt, a radical writer in the Cincinnati Commercial, who seems to have more honesty than generally falls to the lot of mongrel politicians, says "We have developed more rescallty than any organization called into existence. We have filled the offices with theeves and their pockets with stealings. We have organized rings that in turn create office-holders and control the government. Men go in poor and come out millionaires. For one dollar paid to the government from hard earned taxes, hundreds stick to the lry lingers of official scoundrels."

If this is not the truth, we are at a loss to know where to look for it. From the days of the patriarchs down to the times of plundering mongrelism. mitigated swindles, the barefaced robberies, and outrageous official thievings, that have marked every moment of the reign of the party in power. And vet, with their purses overflowing with the peoples money-with their long fingers clasped full of the taxes wrung from the toil and sweat of the laborerwith their houses furnished with fine goods, bought with greenbacks filched from the public treasury, and their families clothed in silks and satins that belong to the tax-payers of the country —they have the effrontery to ask those they have robbed almost to the verge of poverty, to give them a longer lease of public positions, by electing Grant and Colfax, the candidates of the private

thieves and public plunderers. THE New York World states that the Cooper Institute in that city was on Tuesday secured for the National Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention of July 4, and among the distinguished gentlemen to be present are Major-General Wm. B. Franklin, Major General F. P. Blair, Jr., Maor-General Gordon Granger, Major-General Hancock, and others of equal eminence. General Franklin is expected to preside. General Ewing will head from Ohio alone 500 genuine veterans, and hundreds of real soldiers from all parts of the land are coming to rally again for ersonal rights and the Union of the States. The demonstration will be without precedent, and the contrast it will exhibit to the sutlers' side-show at Chicago will do much to relieve our military and naval services from the odium which that crowd of place hunters and bumme

was calculated to cast upon them. COLFAX A KNOW-NOTHING. - Colfax, the Radical candidate for Vice President. is a politician by trade, and has always been notorious in Indiana as a chronic oflice-beggar. He was an original Know-Nothing, and as such was elected to Congress, being one of the most bitter and loud-mouthed defamers of Catholics. and of our foriegn-born fellow-citizens .-Like others of his class, he naturally allied himself with the Republican party. when the fusion between the Know-Nothings and the Abolitionists took place. The resolution in reference to naturalized citizens adopted by the Chicago Convention was merely a tub thrown to the whale; and when that is quoted every naturalized citizen will recall the antecedents of the party and of its nomi-

nee, Schuyler Colfax, the Know-Nothing. DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.-A corres condent of the New York World says the following are at present prominent as Democratic nominees for President: Horatio Seymour, of New York : Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana; George H. Pendleton, of Ohio; Gen. George B Mc-Clenan, of New Jersey; Gen. W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania; Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio; Admiral Farragut, of New York ; James A. English, of Connecticut. Out of that list of names, it is quite certain that the candidate will be selected. Inasmuch as there are three weeks from Saturday yet before the Convention assembles, there is a chance for a greatchange in sentiment, and that candidate who now appears to have the mos strength may by that time be the weak

est, and vice versa.

IF a negro in the South is supposed or imagined or conjectured to have been killed or wounded or even badly scared by a white man; the Northern Radicals an find no words half potent enough to express their indignation and horror But if the Southern negroes, who are all armed and whose worst passions are influenced by their greed of land and political power, take it into their thick and woolly heads to murder fifty or a nundred white men, the Radicals contend that it is all the fault of the white men in having kept the negro so long in bondage and now objecting to share their possessions with him and to be subject to his political domination.

This is a fit candidate for the present Republican party. SOMEBODY having stated that Grant has no will of his own, Prentice thinks sible, in view of his political death.

is said, was the Know-nothing party.-

your peace?

—It requires one million dollars annually to puy the salaries of the Freedmen's Bureau agents. Just one million thrown

nessee appointed delegates to the National convention, a majority of whom are for Pendleton. -Somebody characterizes the Chicago esolutions a "semi-Radical-don't-darep-speak-out-because-there's-a-nigger--in he-fence platform."

—Hon. As Packer, of this State, is named by a number of Democratic jour-uls in connection with the Presidential

-The Troy Press puts up at the head f its columns the names of Chase and of its columns the names of Chase and Hancock as Democratic candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

-Irving Hall, in New York, has been engaged by the State Central committee of Pennsylvania for the convenience of the delegation from the Keystone State.

—A new trouble has arisen for the Radical missionaries among the South-ern negroes. As soon as a darkey can read, and be made to understand that he

—They talk of putting up new signs on the Erie Rajiroad, on which, instead of "Look out for the locomotive," shall be "Prepare to meet your God."

-The cost of the original Capitol at Washington olty was \$1,400,000. The additions now nearly completed, will cost \$12,000,000 more.

-The Nashville Banner says: During the war, Charles Davidson, a negro, com-

—The sudden appearance of a supposed dead husband caused a grass-widow of Cheyenne and her new partner to jointly poison themselves. Subsequently the returned husband did the same, not being

other big tramp. This time he goes from Bangor, Maine, to St. Paul, Minnesota, and returns to Buffalo, New York, mak-ing in all five thousand miles, to be com-

—A dead body, supposed to be a man named James Sprole, was found in the Susquehauna river, near Goldsboro last week.

OLD Thad declared that if Johnso was not removed Grant would carry but two Northern States, Massachusetts and hold to that opinion? He is awfully maliciously silent.

years have kept us from it. THE Bangor Democrat, one of the iblest and staunchest Democratic pa-

"LET us have peace," says Grant. Bhall we look to the South where you