American Volunteer.

Local Items.

A BLOODY PRIZE FIGHT.—The "bloods" about town seem to manifest a strong inclination to go in on their muscle. Every few days we hear rumors of a "mill" about to come off somewhere between a couple of "the fancy," but we regret to say that all our *efforts* to gather a few interesting items have thus far proved unsuccessful. One moist evening last week, learning that there was to be an exhibition of "the manly art" in the vicinity of the gas works, we wended our way thither, only in time however to see one of the noble heroes, "fresh from the scene of his glory," leaving the grounds in company with a *policeman*. On Monday evening we heard it whispered that there was to be a "set-to" near the fair grounds; and impelled by a sense of public duty, we slipped through a number of by-ways and alleys—out of due regard for our character and standing in the community—and reached "the field of strife." Oh, if the good wives of Carlisle only knew the names of the individuals we saw dodging around the fence corners and through the corn-fields, there would be many a curfain lecture. It was astonishing the number of gentlemen we met who "just happened to take a walk out that way," and it was yet more astonishing to see their great surprise on learning that there was a prize-fight in prospect. Their astonishment and surprise was so great that it rooted them to the spot, and not one of them was able to get away.

Presently a buggy drove up, and an individual with a black moustache got out. He was surrounded by a bevy of friends, who engaged in a mysterious conversation for several minutes, after which several of them got into the buggy and drove away. Shortly afterwards they returned and the other aspirant for the honors of the "P. R." arrived accompanied by a few "bottle-holders" and "backers." In the mean time we noticed Burgess Campbell and several of his police scouting around, and about the time the parties were ready to smash each other's "mugs," they were "nabbed," taken before a magistrate and bound over to keep the peace. So the bloody prize-fight didn't come off, after all—and we missed another local.

THE HARVEST HOME.—The inclemency of the weather prevented ourselves as well as many others from participating in the Harvest Home celebration at the Fair Grounds on Saturday. Notwithstanding the heavy rain, quite a number of persons assembled in one of the buildings. Thos. Lee, jr., President of the Agricultural Society, presided; and Col. Wm. M. Penrose, in behalf of the Society, presented a silver pitcher to Judge Watts, in a neat and appropriate speech—alluding to the interest the Judge had taken in the cause of agriculture and to the organization growth and prosperity of the Society under his management. Judge Watts in reply thanked the donors for the handsome present, and gave a number of interesting facts in regard to the proposed experimental farms which are to be established under the auspices of the State. There are to be three of these farms, located respectively in the Eastern, the middle and the Western portions of the State, and placed under the charge of scientific and practical farmers. After the speeches, those who were present partook of a collation provided by Major Bretz, when the meeting adjourned.

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, like clergyman, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females are particularly benefited by its use.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and half the price. 2t

METEORIC SHOWER.—The shower of meteors which was expected last year, and which so many were disappointed in not seeing, is said, to be coming this year for certain. Astronomers have not yet determined the time at which they may be expected precisely, but it is fixed among them that it will be sometime during the coming Autumn. So many were humbugged before, that people will be a little doubtful this time until they see the meteors.

REV. JOHN CHAMBERS.—This distinguished and eloquent divine has been spending a few days in our midst, and preached in the Second Presbyterian church three times during his stay. Mr. C. is a natural pulpit orator, a man of great zeal in his holy calling, and in every respect an estimable gentleman. Long may he live to enjoy the friendship of his numerous admirers.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—Court convened at ten o'clock on Monday morning, President Judge Graham and Associate Judges Stuart and Blair on the Bench. The following cases have been disposed of up to the time of our going to press:

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Ebbe, is—Desertion of family. The Court directed defendant to pay $12 per month for the support of his wife and family. Penrose, Sharpe and Maglaughlin for Com. Miller and S. Hepburn jr. for defendant.

Com. vs. Conrad Rosenberger—Stealing the horse of Rev. T. P. Ege in Mechanicsburg, defendant plead guilty and sentenced to imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for three years.

Com. vs. George Magill—Burglary and larceny; defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for two years.

Com. vs. Lizzie Hale—Larceny, verdict not guilty; defendant discharged. Maglaughlin for Com. Beltzhoover for defendant.

Com. vs. Thomas Cahill—Resisting the authority of an officer, defendant pleads guilty and is sentenced to imprisonment in county jail for five days, and to pay a fine of five cents and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. William Baker *alias* Tell Young—Horse stealing and receiving stolen goods; verdict guilty, and defendant sentenced to imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for two years. Maglaughlin for Com. Gillelen for defendant.

Com. vs. Redfied Johnson—Larceny, verdict not guilty, defendant discharged. Maglaughlin for Com. Beltzhoover for defendant.

Com. vs. Theodore Willett and Arthur Willett—Forgery—this case is on trial at the time of closing our report. Hepburn and Hepburn for Com. Miller, Penrose and Sharpe for defendant.

AT a meeting of the Empire Hook and Ladder Company held on the evening of the 26th inst., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Company are eminently due and hereby tendered to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tannehill, for their kindness in tendering a benefit to the Company in aid of the erection of a Truck House. Their professional ability afforded a most pleasing entertainment to the audience assembled on that occasion, and their valuable services will ever be warmly cherished by the members of the Empire Company.

Resolved, That we also tender our thanks to our fellow member Mr. G. F. Vollmer, whose activity and zeal in behalf of the Company have been exhibited on so many occasions.

Resolved, That we offer our thanks to to the Carlisle National Band, the Carlisle Brass Band, and to Mr. Vonheilon, for their valuable acquisitions in the musical department. Their kindness will be cheerfully reciprocated whenever occasion shall offer.

W. F. HENWOOD,
President-pro tem.

Attest—A. K. Zeigler, *Secretary*.

COMING RUIN.—Some European Astronomers pretend to have discovered the fact that the Earth is gradually approaching the Sun, and that it is only a matter of time when our planet will be destroyed by the heat. The fact that the climate has greatly changed all over the world is accounted for in this way, and those who are easily scared are looking for the grand catastrophe. It is a consolation that when it does occur we will be likely to know it.

Business Notices.

IMPORTED.—By the ship "R. H. Tucker," just arrived from Liverpool, we have received our second importation of Queensware. A large invoice of "*Plain Ironstone Ware*," of latest pattern and finest quality, which we offer at *very low prices*. Please call and examine.

We offer to the *Trade, all* our WHITE WARES at Philadelphia prices—no charge for *freight* or *package*. Glassware at a further reduction.

We have also considerably reduced the prices of our finest quality of *Chelsing Tobacco*. Please send for a Price List,

WM. BLAIR & SON.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Importers of Queensware, *Carlisle, Pa.*
Aug. 29, 1867—3t

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.—It is true that BREWSTER & DOUGHERTY, of Newville, Pa., can, will and do sell cheaper than any Clothing House of our knowledge. They also have the largest stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings to be found anywhere, and as they buy *for the money and sell for the CASH*, they are able to sell *cheaper than the cheapest*. They have also a Ladies' Cloak Department in connection with this establishment, where they are daily turning out splendid styles of Ladies Sacques, &c. They have also a beautiful line of French, English and American Sackings, which they will sell by the yard and cut free of charge. To one and all, we would say, if you want a cheap suit of clothes, or Gents' Furnishing Goods, call soon, as they are determined not to be undersold by any house in the county. Large line of Harvest Pants and Shirts, selling very cheap. Cheapest Muslins, bleached and unbleached, always on hand. Remember all goods sold by the yard cut free of charge, by Brewster & Dougherty.
June 27, 1867—tf

Special Notices.

PERUVIAN SYRUP.—A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE PROTOXIDE OF IRON, supplies the blood with its LIFE ELEMENT, IRON giving strength, vigor and new life to the whole system.

If the thousands who are suffering from DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, FEMALE WEAKNESS, &c., would but test the virtues of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, the effect would not only astonish themselves but would please all their friends; for instead of feeling cross, "all gone" and miserable, they would be cheerful, vigorous and active.

A DISTINGUISHED JURIST WRITES TO A FRIEND AS FOLLOWS:

I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a NEW MAN of me, infused into my system new vigor and energy; I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years.

Thousands have benefitted by the use of this remedy. Pale, weak, sickly, suffering creatures, be strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

The genuine has "PERUVIAN SYRUP" blown in the glass.

A 32 page pamphlet will be sent free.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor,
No. 30 Dey St., New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCROFULA.

The REV. GEORGE STORRS, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says, in the Bible Examiner, by way of apology for publishing a medical certificate in his magazine, of the cure of his son, of Scrofula, "after dissolution appeared inevitable." "We publish "this statement, not for pay, but in gratitude to "God, who has answered prayer, and in justice to "Dr. Anders; being satisfied that there is virtue "in the Iodine Water treatment, which the readers of this Magazine will thank *its* Editor for "bringing to their notice."

Circulars free.

Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water is for sale by J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 30 Dey St., N. Y., and by all Druggists.
August 1, 1867—1m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York
May 16, 1867—1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.
May 16, 1867—1y

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS—*A Substitute for Calomel.*—These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases where a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in perfect health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cts per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.
Nov. 8, 1867—6th & 5th w ea mo ly.

TO TRAVELERS.—Pleasure seekers this year should bear in mind that there is a great deal of sickness being caused by a change of water and climate. Before leaving home provide a bottle of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure; it is an excellent antidote, (prevention is always better than cure.)
Aug. 29, 1867—1t

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

CAN BE CURED BY USING THE

Samaritan's The Great "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's Blood "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's Purifier "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's and remedy "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's for "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's Scrofula "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's and all "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's Eruptions "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's of the "*Root and Herb Juices.*"
Samaritan's Skin. "*Root and Herb Juices.*"

There is not another remedy known to equal this for the cure of Syphilus, Ulcers, Sores, Scrofula, in all its forms, Tetters, Scales, Boils, Mercurial Diseases and eruptions of the Skin. This is no experiment; it is a well tested remedy in the United States Hospitals, where those diseases assumed their worst forms; mild cases soon yield—six bottles will cure any case. It is a common saying, "I have tried everything without effect." To such we say, use the *Samaritan Root and Herb Juices*, and if it fails to cure any disease of the blood or skin, your money will be refunded by our agents. Price $1.25 per bottle.

SAMARITAN'S GIFT,

THE MOST CERTAIN REMEDY EVER USED!

Sold by H. Haverstick, Carlisle, Pa.
DESMOND & CO., *Proprietors.*
May 2, 1867—1y 915 Race Street Phil.a.

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL CASES, *No. 14, Bond Street, New York.* ☞ Full information, with the highest testimonials; also, a Book on *Special Diseases*, in a sealed envelope, sent *free.* ☞ Be sure and send for them, and you will not regret it; for, as advertising physicians are *generally imposters, without references* no stranger should be trusted. Enclose a stamp for postage, and direct to Dr. LAWRENCE, No. 14 Bond Street, New York.
Nov. 15, 1866—1y

Married.

TOMPKINS—FOUGHT.—On the 21st inst., by the Rev. D. H. Carroll, Rev. Frank P. Tompkins, of the New Hampshire Conference, Meth. Epis. Church, to Anna, eldest daughter of J. Fought, Esq., of Carlisle.

MILLER—BOWER.—On the 4th inst., in Centreville, by Rev. M. G. Earhart, Mr. Jacob Miller to Miss Catharine Bower, both of Jackson ;ll'e.

FETROW—WARNER.—On the 22d inst., in Centreville, by the same, Mr. David Fetrow to Miss Catharine E. Warner, both of Penn township.

RICHMOND—RUMPLE.—On the 20th inst., by Rev. B. F. Beck, Mr. Albert E. Richmond to Miss Annie E. Rumple, both of Lewisburg, Perry co.

WENDELL—MILLER.—On the 21st inst., by the same, Mr. Thomas Wendell, of Phi' adelphia, to Mary A. Miller, of Carlisle.

Died.

ALSPAUGH.—On the 18th inst., of Cholera Infantum, Philip, infant son of Philip and Mary Alspaugh, aged 1 year and 8 months.

The Markets.

Carlisle Flour and Grain Market.

CARLISLE, Aug. 28, 1867.

Flour—Family,	$14 50	Corn,	1 00
Flour—Super,	9 00	Oats,	55
Rye Flour,	5 00	Clover Seed,	6 50
Wheat—White,	2 20	Timothy Seed,	2 25
Wheat—Red,	2 15	New Hay $ ton,	10 00
Rye,	1 20		

Carlisle Provision Market.

CARLISLE, Aug. 28, 1867.

Butter,	30@35	Chickens—$ pair,	60@70
Eggs,	16@18	Potatoes-best-$ bus	1 25
Lard,	14	Potatoes-2d b-$ bus	1 00
Tallow,	12	Apples—best—$ bus	—
Bacon—Hams,	16	Apples—2d b—$ bus.	—
Bacon—Sides,	12		

Philadelphia Markets.

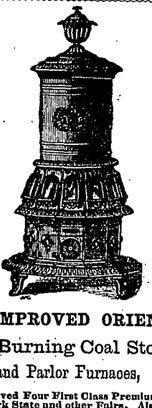
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28, 1867.

FLOUR.—There is some little shipping demand for Flour, but generally at figures below the views of holders, and only 600 bbls. fresh ground new wheat Jersey sold taken, on terms kept secret. Small sales of Superfine at $7 25 @ 7 75 per barrel, fresh ground Extras at $9 50 @ 10 50, do. do. Extra Family at $11 @ 12, Northwest at $11 @ 12½, and Fancy at $13 @ 14. *There is nothing doing in Rye* Flour. Two hundred barrels Brandywine Corn Meal sold on private terms.

GRAIN.—The offerings of wheat continue small, and it meets a steady inquiry at full rates. Sales of 3000 bushels good and prime Pennsylvania and Southern red at $2 35 a 2 45 per bushel. Rye is advanced; 500 bushels old sold at $1 70 a 1 72, and new at $1 60 @ 1 65. Corn is not so active; sales of 2000 bushels Western mixed at $1 22, and 1000 bus. Western yellow at $1 23. Oats are dull at 50 @ 52c, according to quality. The receipts to-day are as follows: 1875 bbls. flour; 3300 bus. wheat; 4070 do. corn; 10,100 do. oats.

WHISKY.—Small sales are reported on terms kept secret.

New Advertisements.



THE IMPROVED ORIENTAL

Base Burning Coal Stoves,

and Parlor Furnaces,

Have received Four First Class Premiums at the New York State and other Fairs. Also, the great SILVER MEDAL at the Fair of the American Institute held in the City of New York, 1865.

THEY ARE PERPETUAL BURNERS, ONLY ONE FIRE BEING REQUIRED TO BE MADE DURING THE SEASON.

THEY ARE PERFECT VENTILATORS OF THE APARTMENT.

THERE CAN BE NO ESCAPE OF GAS FROM THEM.

THERE CAN BE NO CLINKER OR SLAG TO OBSTRUCT.

THE FIRE WILL REMAIN FOR DAYS WITHOUT ATTENTION.

THE ILLUMINATION IS EQUAL TO AN "OPEN FIRE."

THEY ARE POWERFUL HEATERS AND YET PERFECTLY ADAPTED TO MILD WEATHER.

THEY ARE THE MOST ECONOMICAL STOVES AND FURNACES EVER MADE.

THE FURNACE WILL HEAT, SATISFACTORILY, BOTH AN UPPER AND A LOWER ROOM, WITHOUT ADDITIONAL FUEL.

Eight Sizes of the Stoves, and Three Sizes of the Parlor Furnaces.

Manufactured and for Sale to the Trade by

PERRY & CO.,

ORIENTAL STOVE WORKS,

No. 115 Hudson St., Albany.

FOR SALE BY

RINESMITH & RUPP,

NO. 68 NORTH HANOVER STREET,

CARLISLE, PA.

August 29, 1867.

VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.—*On Saturday, September 28, 1867.* The undersigned will offer at public sale, the farm, situated in Monroe twp., Cumberland County, 4½ miles East of Carlisle, and the same distance West of Mechanicsburg, near Hickorytown, adjoining lands of Ulrich Strickler, J. Yohn, J. Rogers and T. Williamson, containing ONE HUNDRED AND TEN ACRES, more or less. There are SEVEN ACRES OF WOODLAND, the balance under the highest state of cultivation. There is a stream of water running through the centre of the farm. The farm has been all heavily limed, over 15,000 bushels having been burned o i it. The improvements consist of a good *Two-story* FRAME and *STONE HOUSE*, LARGE BARN, Pig Pen, Corn Crib, Carriage House, &c. There is a Well of excellent water at the door. A fine Orchard of Choice Apple trees *just coming into bearing; besides Peaches, Cherries*, &c., on the place.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when terms will be made known by

ANN RINGWALT,
JOHN RINGWALT.

Aug 29, 1867—ts

☞ Lancaster *Intelligencer* please copy and send bill to this office.

THE MARY INSTITUTE.—The next term of this school will begin on Wednesday, September 4th, 1867. The school has a full corps of teachers, and every facility will be afforded pupils for a thorough, systematic course of study. Special attention will be paid to the French Language, under the instruction of Madame Celler, who will be connected with the school from the opening of the new term. For admission, apply to the

Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, Rector,
or to Mrs. J. R. SMEAD, Principal.
Aug. 29, 1867—2t

New Advertisements.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, In and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed on the 3d day of July, Anno Domini, 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every County within this Commonwealth, to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate—

1st. The Officers to be elected.

2d. Designating the places at which the election is to be held. Therefore,

I, JOHN JACOBS, High Sheriff of the county of Cumberland, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the Electors of the County of Cumberland, that on TUESDAY, the 8th day of October next, an Election will be held at the several Election Districts established by law in said County, at which time they will vote by ballot for

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Cumberland in the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Sheriff of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Treasurer of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Commissioner of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Director of the Poor of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Auditor of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Jury Commissioner of the county of Cumberland.

The said election will be held throughout the County as follows:

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Carlisle and the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Lower Dickinson, and Lower Frankford, will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle.

The election in the election district composed of Lower West Pennsborough township, will be held at the North School House, in Plainfield.

The election in the election district composed of Silver Spring township, will be held at the public house of George Duey, in Mechanicsburg, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Middlesex township, will be held at the Middlesex School House.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Lower Allen, will be held at the wagon-maker shop of James Hunchbarger, on State Hill.

The election in the election district composed of East Pennsborough township, will be held at the house of John Sterer, at West Fairview.

The election in the election district composed of New Cumberland, will be held at the house now kept by William Bell, in the borough of New Cumberland.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Mechanicsburg, will be held at the public house now kept by C. Hickes, in said borough.

The election in the election district composed of Monroe township, will be held at the public house of A. J. Morrison, in Churchtown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Penn township, will be held at the house lately occupied by Jacob Rodeacher, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Upper Dickinson township, will be held in the house now occupied by Joseph Knettle, known as the S one Tavern.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newville and townships of Mifflin, Upper Frankford, Upper West Pennsborough and North Newton, will be held at the public School House in the borough of Newville.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newburg, Hopewell township, will be held at the School House in Newburg, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Shippensburg, Southampton township, and that part of Southampton not included in the Leesburg election district, will be held at the Council House, in the borough of Shippensburg.

The election in the election district composed of *Lower Southampton township, will be held at* the house formerly occupied by William Maxwell, in Leesburg.

The election in the election district composed of South Newton township, will be held at the School House in Jacksonville.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

"That every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or of a City or Incorporated District, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any Incorporated District, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any Incorporated District, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for."

And the said Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relative to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1839, further provides, as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the District for which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint a Clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such District.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector, shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for Inspector, shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall still exist, the Judges shall on the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the time of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy."

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1839, entitled "An Act relative to voting at Elections in the counties of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Green, and Erie," viz:

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Dauphin, Lancaster, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bedford, Centre, Green, and Erie, from and after the passage of this Act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated as required by the existing laws of the Commonwealth.

"Sec. 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished as similar frauds are directed to be punished by the existing laws of the Commonwealth."

For the information of the electors of Cumberland county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the Election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial Districts."

"Sec. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for Representatives are or shall be conducted, and the same Judges, Inspectors, and officers, and by provisions of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, 1839, and its several supplements, and all other like laws as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to the election of Judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper, and for all other Judges required to be elected in the law on another separate piece of paper.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors, respectively to attend at the place of holding every General, Special or Township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors, or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State and county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and having resided in this State one year, and in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioner, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment, within two years, of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation, or on the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof; Or, Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the District as is required by this Act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid; and give such other evidence as is required by this Act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list, by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word 'age' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such vote shall be called out to the Clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by him.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners or assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his home this residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district and that he did not remove in the said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward, or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall by fraud or attempt to prevent an officer of the election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of said election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to be imprisoned for a time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township, where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on the conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and to be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereto, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at an election in this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold or deliver to the Inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure another so to do, he or they offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than *three nor more than twelve months.*

"If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act, every General and Special Election shall be open between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon and shall continue open until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the seventy-sixth section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the Borough of Carlisle, on the third day after the election, being, for the present year ON FRIDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges.

Also—That where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such a meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

Given under my hand, at Carlisle, this 29th day of August, 1867.

JOHN JACOBS,
Sheriff.

Aug. 29, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE.—*On Saturday, September* 14, 1867. The subscriber will offer at public sale, on the above day, a tract of land containing FIFTEEN ACRES, situated in South Middleton township, Cumberland County, about 5 miles South of Carlisle, and about 2 miles West of Boiling Springs, adjoining lands of Samuel Bigert, I. Light's mill property and others. The improvements are a two-story LOG HOUSE, (weather-boarded,) Wash House, a good Bank Barn, with a cellar under the whole floor, Hog Pen and other out-buildings. A good well of Water near the house, running water in the premises, a thriving Orchard of Apple and Peach trees, Pear, Cherry and other Fruit trees, good fences, and the land under good cultivation. The property fronts on a well frequented road and can be suitably divided into building lots, and will be sold either whole or in parts, which ever way it will suit best. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, and terms made known by

B. GOODYEAR.
N. B. MOORE, *Auctioneer.*

N. B. Any person wishing to view the property, can do so by calling on Eli Shearer, who now resides on the premises.
Aug. 29, 1867—2t

SCHOOL TAXES.—The time for payment of School Taxes is extended to the 28th of September next. *All persons paying on or before that date will be allowed the deduction of five per cent.*

J. W. EBY, *Treasurer.*
Carlisle, Aug. 29, 1867—2t

WANTED.—A salesman in a Dry Goods Store, one who is competent and can come well recommended, will receive liberal salary and a permanent employment. Call immediately on

SANDER SEGELBAUM,
Market Square, Harrisburg, Pa.
Aug. 29, 1867—3t

ASTROLOGY.

THE FUTURE REVEALED.

THE CURIOUS SATISFIED.

To Beau and Belle I fortunes tell—
Believe me I can, do it well—
Come lovers dear, and never fear
A little wholesome truth to hear.

During a residence in Spain, I obtained of a Spanish sorcerer or astrologer a mystic instrument called a Horoscope, by which, combined with a process known only to myself, I am enabled to produce a correct portrait of

YOUR FUTURE
WIFE OR HUSBAND,

also the date of marriage, name, character, residence and every particular. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, with desired information.

J. FRANKLIN.
Drawer 50, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
Aug. 22, 1867—1m o ir,

CRYSTAL GLASSES.—The Philadelphia Optical Institute has to-day given the sole agency for the sale of their celebrated CONCAVE, CONVEX CRYSTAL SPECTACLES to Mr. T. CONLYN, for Carlisle and Cumberland County. These glasses will strengthen and preserve the sight, and need no higher magnifying power. Every pair warranted to be ground of crystal.

J. ROSENDALE,
Manufacturing Optician.
June 13, 1867—3m*

PHOTOGRAPHS

FOR THE MILLION!

I will send, post-paid, 50 Photographs of the most celebrated Actors for 50 cents; 50 Actresses for 50 cents; 50 *Union Generals for 50 cents*; 50 Rebel Generals for 50 cents; 50 Statesmen for 50 cents; 50 beautiful young Ladies for 50 cents; 50 fine-looking young Gentlemen *for 50 cents*; 6 large Photographs of French Dancing Girls, in costume, beautifully colored, exactly as they appear in the play of the Black Crook, at Niblo's Garden, New York.

Send all orders to P. O. Box 177, Troy, N. Y
ay 16, 1867—1y

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

WANTED! WANTED!!

EVERYBODY

TO CALL ON

MESSRS. WALKER & CLAUDY,

AT GORGAS' OLD STAND,

CHURCH ALLEY,

IN REAR OF RHEEM'S HALL,

TO SEE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

STOVES AND TINWARE

EVER OFFERED IN CARLISLE.

As the season is approaching for house-keepers and others to look for a GOOD STOVE, we would beg leave to call their attention to our stock of

COOKING STOVES,

among which *may be found the following now in* the market:

REGULATOR,
QUAKER CITY,
NOBLE COOK,
SUSQUEHANNA,
NIAGARA,
COMBINATION and
EXCELSIOR PENN,

all of which are warranted to be the best

ROASTERS AND BAKERS,

with all the MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.

We would call especial attention to the REGULATOR COOK, which possesses advantages which should recommend it to all. It has a REVOLVING TOP, by which arrangement the cook can reverse the cooking utensils to any position desired without the NECESSARY LIFTING. It is decidedly the best cook stove in the market.

Messrs. Walker & Claudy have also on hand a large stock of

OFFICE, PARLOR
AND
DINING ROOM STOVES,

among which may be found the celebrated BASE BUR