American Volunteer.

CARLISLE, PA.,

Thursday Morning, June 7, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

1. The States, whereof the people were lately in rebellion, are integral parts of the Union, and are entitled to representation in Congress, by men duly elected, who bear true faith to the Constitution and laws, and in order to vindicate the maxim that taxation without representation is tyranny, such representatives should be forthwith admitted.

2. The faith of the Republic is pledged to the payment of the National debt, and Congress should pass all laws necessary for that purpose.

3. We owe obedience to the Constitution of the United States (including the amendment prohibiting slavery) and under its provisions will accord to those emancipated all their rights of person and property.

4. Each State has the exclusive right to regulate the qualification of its own electors.

5. The white race alone is entitled to the control of the government of the Republic, and we are unwilling to grant to negroes the right to vote.

6. The bold enunciation of the principles of the Constitution and the policy of restoration contained in the recent annual message and Freedmen's Bureau veto message of President Johnson entitles him to the confidence and support of all who respect the Constitution and love their country.

7. The nation owes to the brave men of our armies and navy a debt of lasting gratitude for their heroic services in defence of the Constitution and the Union; and while we cherish with a tender affection the memories of the fallen, we pledge to their widows and orphans the nation's care and protection.

8. We urge upon Congress the duty of equalizing the bounties of our soldiers and sailors.

Union, Restoration and Constitutional Liberty!

THE CAUCASIAN!

A Democratic Campaign Paper.

Devoted to the Interests of White Labor and the Preservation of the White Man's Government!

THE CAUCASIAN will be issued weekly from the VOLUNTEER office, for the Campaign,

COMMENCING JULY 6, 1866,

and continuing until the returns of the October Election are received.

THE CAUCASIAN will contain SIXTEEN COLUMNS of racy original and selected *Political Reading*, and will be the *cheapest* and *best* Campaign Paper in the State. The dissemination of truth among the masses is vitally essential to Democratic success in the coming Campaign; and we call upon our friends everywhere to assist our efforts in giving the CAUCASIAN a wide circulation. We have put the price down to the lowest possible figure, in order to enable every one to take the paper, and we trust our Democratic friends will manifest a similar liberality. Each number will be

EMBELLISHED WITH PORTRAITS

of distinguished individuals, and cuts illustrative of the political history of the times.

THE CAUCASIAN will oppose the fanatical madness of the Disunionists in and out of Congress, and will advocate the speedy restoration of the Union and the cause of Constitutional Liberty.—To this end it will vigorously sustain the Reconstruction policy of ANDREW JOHNSON, and will devote all its energies to secure the election of HIESTER CLYMER, and the triumph of Democracy everywhere.

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THE SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

The last *Carlisle Herald* makes the broad assertion that the Soldiers' Convention which assembled in this place, on the 28th ult. was composed of "*drafted men and deserters.*" "The Provost Marshal's list of deserters, and the lists of drafted men," had been secured "by a copperhead who hails from the upper end of the county," and from these lists "a third was carefully made out, containing all the names of those who could be relied upon to vote the copperhead ticket." And "this party" we are told by the *Herald*, "assembled in the Court House," and subsequently "attempted to break up" the "only soldiers' Convention worthy of the name."

We brand these assertions of the *Herald* as mendacious misrepresentations and a premeditated personal insult to every soldier of Cumberland County. We are astonished that any man, be his political views what they may, would dare to speak of one hundred and fifty honorably discharged soldiers of Cumberland County as "*disorganizers*," "*drafted men*" and "*deserters.*" Looking over the list of the men thus denounced, we recognize many of those who bore the brunt of battle, some of them for three or four long years. Many of them shed their blood in defense of the Union, and some of them left their limbs upon the battle-field. They return home, meet in Convention to express their views upon the issues of the day, and are denounced as "*deserters*" by the disunion organ of Cumberland County, whose editor and proprietor each kept himself out of the army, and saved his precious carcass from rebel bullets, by paying three hundred dollars to the government. We never before believed that the ingratitude and insolence of home-guard loyalty could go so far as this.

In behalf of the soldiers of Cumberland County we call upon the *Herald* to give us the name of a single "deserter" who took part in the proceedings of the Convention. It must give us the name, or be branded with falsehood. If the *Herald* knows of any "deserter" who participated, there will be no trouble in telling the public who it was. If it did not know of any such, it told a willful and deliberate lie.

It may be true that eight or ten of the soldiers who attended the Convention were "*drafted men.*" But what of that? Is the man who responded to LINCOLN'S remorseless conscription to be considered disgraced for ever? Is it more disgraceful to have been drafted and gone into the field, than to have been drafted and *bought themselves clear?* Will the editor and proprietor of the *Herald* answer us that question? Thousands of drafted men nobly fell in battle. Are their memories to be hooted at by stay at home patriots who were afraid to shoulder a musket?—What must be the feelings of the widow and the mother whose husband and son were torn from their homes by LINCOLN'S draft officers, and whose bones now mingle with the southern soil, when they see their memory sneered at by the cowardly miscreants who never left home except in case of invasion, and then in an easterly direction. This sneer of the *Herald* at the "drafted men" of Cumberland County, will prove to be an unfortunate sneer for itself and its party. The drafted men will unite as one man to resent this insult, not by violence, but by the peaceful exercise of the ballot. They used the bullet against the rebels of the South, and they will not fail to use the ballot against their disunion traducers at home. And all the soldiers will not fail to remember that the *Herald*, the home organ of General Geary, has spoken of them as "*disorganizers*" *and* "*deserters,*" *and refused to publish the proceedings of their Convention, denouncing that Convention as* "*a disorderly mob in the interest of a few local copperhead politicians,*" *and saying* "*we shall not disgrace our columns by giving it a place.*"

He who wrote the *Herald's* account of the Soldiers' Convention was a bold man, and had but little regard for his reputation for truth. We dislike using harsh terms, but we will say what nearly every fair-minded prominent republican in this town will endorse, that the *Herald's* report is false in almost every particular.—It is false, as Colonel Henderson knows, that any lists of deserters and drafted men were secured. It is false that "these men were notified by messengers hired for the purpose, to attend the Convention." It is false that when the delegates reached the Hall "it was more than half an hour after the time specified." The delegation from the upper end of the county arrived in the cars at eleven o'clock and proceeded directly from the depot to the Hall. It is false that "the Soldiers Convention withdrew, notifying the delegates that there would be *an adjourned meeting* at 2 o'clock." Capt. Adair says in his card that the call in the afternoon was for a meeting "*of the soldiers who supported Gen. Geary,*" and it was a distinct and separate meeting, the name of Gen. GEARY not being even alluded to in the call for the Convention. With this meeting of *eighteen* very estimable gentlemen in the Hall, in the afternoon, we have nothing to do, except to express our regret that they have placed themselves in the ludicrous position of claiming to be *the Soldiers' Convention.* We mistake the character of Colonel Henderson and Colonel Parker very much, if they can conscientiously claim, before the Pittsburg Convention, to represent the soldiers of Cumberland County. The former gentleman was defeated in the regular Convention by an overwhelming vote; and in this nice little Geary meeting none of the delegates received more than eighteen votes, while the regular delegates were elected by majorities ranging from one hundred to one hundred and thirty votes.

Never was there a more contemptible fraud sought to be perpetrated upon the people of Cumberland County than this manufactured report of the proceedings of the Convention which appeared in the *Herald*. The gentlemen are fully aware of the unpleasant position in which the soldiers have placed them; they see no escape from the dilemma but by the path of falsehood, and this path they have resolved to follow, even if it leads them to shame and confusion. This is strong language, we know, but this glaring injustice to the soldiers has already created the most intense feeling all over this county, and they have demanded of us, personally and by numerous letters, that we characterize this fraud in the terms which its unblushing villainy demands. What has been said has been written in their behalf and at their request.

GEARY'S ORGAN MALIGNING OUR SOLDIERS.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, the well-known organ of Gen. GEARY, the disunion candidate for Governor, thus speaks of the soldiers of Cumberland county:

A COWARDLY TRICK.

Bounty Jumpers and Deserters who Slunk from Fighting with, Aspiring to Represent the Soldiers.

The *Patriot and Union* attempts to create the impression that the soldiers of Cumberland county, Gen. Geary's home, have sent delegates to the Pittsburg Military Convention instructed for Hiester Clymer, "the soldiers' friend," for Governor. It will only require a word of explanation to show that there is as mean a trick in this attempt to delude the public as was the game cowardly practiced in Cumberland county to secure the misrepresentation of the soldiers. The facts in the case are substantially as follows:

In accordance with a published call, a few days since some seventy-five or a hundred of the veteran fighting men, survivors of the late bloody war to prevent the slaveholders destroying the Government, met at Rheem's Hall, Carlisle, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Pittsburg Military Convention. In the meantime a Copperhead crew had assembled at the Court House. It was made up of bounty jumpers, deserters and blatant opposers of the war, and amounted to fully 150 people. As soon as that conclave had arranged their plans those participating therein hurried to Rheem's Hall and assumed the task of organizing the soldier assembled there. It was a cowardly and miserable trick, entirely worthy of the reputation of Hiester Clymer in connection with the soldiers, in whose interest it was played. After these Copperheads and bounty jumpers had thus usurped the affairs of the real soldiers assembled in Rheem's Hall, the Copperheads adjourned *their* meeting to 3 o'clock in the afternoon. In the meantime the soldiers assembled at 2 o'clock, organized a soldiers' meeting and elected the following soldiers to represent the military men of Cumberland county in the Pittsburg Convention: Col. Parker, Capt. Swartz, Capt. Henderson, Capt. Zinn, Capt. Boyer.

At 3 o'clock the Copperheads, bounty jumpers and deserters assembled, elected delegates, and passed a resolution instructing them to vote for Hiester Clymer "as the soldiers' candidate for Governor." This explains the whole trick. The very idea of instructing delegates to a soldiers' convention to vote for Hiester Clymer is preposterous of itself, and when these men show their faces among the scarred heroes who are to assemble at Pittsburg, they will be hooted from their presence, if not driven from the city, as tricksters and impostors unworthy to associate with soldiers or come in contact with good citizens.

We ask the soldiers of Cumberland county and their friends to read the above dastardly assault, and to remember at the same time that it appears in Gen. GEARY'S organ, and of course was published with his approbation, if not at his dictation. We have heard it asserted, indeed, that it is the production of his own pen. Let it be remembered too, that the *Telegraph* is owned by men who during the four years of the rebellion remained at home, engaged in contracts and plunder, and made princely fortunes out of the necessities of the Government. Its principal proprietor, the Hessian BERGNER, was not only engaged in innumerable fat contracts, but he was also Postmaster at Harrisburg, a position from which he was recently removed because of his treasonable sentiments, and in response to the unanimous desire of the people who transact business through that office. This is the creature whose unblushing impudence and unmitigated scoundrelism prompts him to speak of the heroes of Cumberland county as "copperheads, bounty-jumpers and deserters!" And this is the menial who suggests that the regular delegates from this county, on their arrival at Pittsburg, be "hooted from the Convention," and "driven from the city."

We know not whether the regular delegates to the Pittsburg Convention from this county will be admitted to their seats or not, nor do we or the delegates themselves care. They are the only delegates from this county. If they are not admitted, it will be evidence that the Convention has been packed for an object, and that object a base one. Certainly, the five young men named by the *Telegraph*, will not have the presumption to appear in the Convention, after their inglorious defeat here at home.—Some of them at least have too much spirit to thus belittle themselves.

For four years or more pilfering politicians have been making use of soldiers to assist them in their schemes of robbery and villainy. But the soldiers are now at home, and they can speak and vote without the fear of a whippersnapper officer, or the frowns and threats of Washington officials. The shoddyites, contractors and thieves may rave and rant because of the obstinacy of the "boys in blue," but this will not avail, for as certain as the sun rises on the 9th of October, just as certainly will nine-tenths of the soldier boys of Cumberland, at least, vote against and work against the "hero of Snickersville." They have no confidence in GEARY—no confidence in the corrupt crew that engineered his nomination through the disunion State Convention. They are opposed to negro-equality, negro-suffrage, negro Bureaus, and disunion. When LEE'S army surrendered, they considered the war at an end and the Union restored, and they regard the man a traitor and liar who will deny these self-evident truths. Ask *them* to endorse the disunion schemes of that double-distilled traitor, THAD STEVENS; ask *them* to say amen to the sentiment that the "negro bore the palm in the late rebellion;" ask *them* to assist to give the negro social equality and the ballot; ask *them* to join in a crusade against the President because of his efforts to restore peace, prosperity and union! No, no—the miserable stay-at-home cowards, who made fortunes during the war, and built blocks of houses, every brick of which was wet with widow's tears and men's blood, do not know the soldiers if they expect them to endorse their hell-born schemes. No true soldier, not one, can or will aid a party whose leaders boldly announce disunion and negro-equality as their fundamental principles—as the issues before the people.

Go on, then, ye craven-hearted, thieving shoddyites, and abuse the soldiers as much as you please. Let GEARY continue to dictate assaults upon the soldiers of his own county; it will only hasten the downfall of the traitors who are now assailing the Government, and will make the election of HIESTER CLYMER doubly sure.

A "CARD" THAT TAKES NO TRICK.

As the writer of the following card, which appeared in last week's *Herald*, seems anxious to obtain a little newspaper notoriety, we give him the assistance of our columns in his laudable efforts to get into notice, and publish his communication entire.

For the Herald.

CARLISLE, Pa., May 30, 1866.

Mr. Editor.—The local columns of the "Volunteer," contain an article headed "Scenes in the Convention," which mentions my name as having announced an "abolition meeting" for the afternoon. I fail to see what "abolitionism" means at this late day, after slavery the only institution to which it was applied, is now almost forgotten. The *learned gentleman* who reported for the Volunteer, either willfully misrepresents or unintentionally misapplies, the terms I used in making the announcement. The call was for those soldiers who supported Gen. Geary.

I am aware, Mr. Editor, that the political wires were stoutly pulled by our Democratic editorial brethren and their able assistants, and as a result the heterogeneous mass gathered, and by force, upset an organization properly formed, and which allowed them time to reach the Hall, had they so chosen.

I do not suppose that the *conscientious* gentlemen at the head of the Volunteer would permit falsehoods to appear in its columns, and consequently I make this correction. Certainly the gentlemen display a great deal of energy in reporting the news for the public, and also in establishing an "Illustrated" in our midst.

J. D. ADAIR.

What a great fellow "I" is, to be sure! "*I* fail to see,"—"The term *I* used"—"*I* am aware"—"*I* do not suppose,"—"*I* make this correction." We venture the assertion that there is not, in all this community, an individual for whom the writer of this card has such unbounded admiration as he has for "I". It would be fortunate, indeed, if similar feelings were entertained by others.

It seems we are guilty of the terrible misrepresentation of making Captain Adair say "the hall had been rented for an *Abolition* meeting" when what he did say was that there would be a meeting of "those soldiers *who supported Gen. Geary.*" The Captain is welcome to make as much as he can out of this "distinction without a difference." If Geary isn't the *abolition* candidate, the candidate of the party which has *abolished* slavery, *abolished* the Union, *abolished* the Constitution and *abolished* everything except public plunder, then we would like to know who is. If it will suit our fastidious young friend any better we will call the party with which he identifies himself the disunion, negro-equality party.

We know not for whom the slur, "the *learned gentleman* who reported for the Volunteer," was intended, and have only to say that the remark comes with very bad grace from that source, as there is, perhaps, no one in this community who is attempting to do a more extensive business on a smaller capital of brains than this same conceited neophyte who sneers so contemptuously at the learning of others.

The assertion that "the heterogeneous mass," which by the way was composed exclusively of honorably discharged soldiers, "upset the organization" of the Convention "by force," is simply false, and we are astonished that even the brazen impudence of the *Herald's* correspondent would carry him so far. In the *Herald's* own report of the Convention, which was no doubt prepared by Capt. Adair who was Secretary of the Secession Convention, we find this statement:—"Col. R. M. Henderson asked the chair to put the question 'shall the organization be regarded as permanent?' *which was decided in the negative.*" Major Dorsheimer was then elected *permanent* President, and was admitted so to be elected by Capt. Beatty, the temporary Chairman, who took his seat beside Maj. Dorsheimer, as one of the Vice Presidents, remained in the Convention, and voted for delegates to Pittsburg. Colonel Henderson and others also remained, recognizing Major Dorsheimer as Chairman of the meeting, and voting for Delegates to Pittsburg. It was only after they found themselves so hopelessly in the minority that they withdrew and held "*a meeting of the soldiers who supported Gen. Geary.*" It was this "*meeting,*" composed of *eighteen* very respectable and intensely "loyal" gentlemen, which deputised one third of its number to attend the Pittsburg Convention as "delegates." We cheerfully let the *Herald* answer the misrepresentations of its own correspondent.—The facts in regard to this Convention are before the people, who have a little more common sense and discrimination than some conceited young gentlemen are apt to imagine they have.

We are at a loss to know whether the latter clause of this communication is intended to be witty or not, and would recommend our young friend, who seems ambitious to become a "knight of the quill," that in his future effusions he follow the example of Artemus Ward and label his "goaks" in order that they may be properly appreciated. The "Illustrated" will undoubtedly appear in due time, and since reading the card in the *Herald*, we have been constrained to add to our collection of wood-cuts a portrait of that amiable animal known by the music of its voice and the length of its ears.

THE SOLDIERS OF PERRY IN COUNCIL.

In compliance with a call signed by several hundred soldiers of Perry county, the "boys in blue" assembled in Convention, in great numbers, at Bloomfield, on the 26th ult. We learn from the Perry County *Democrat* that "the Court House was crowded, and the enthusiasm unbounded." Col. J. A. STEPHENS presided, assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. During the session of the Convention a delegation of old veterans of the war of 1812 entered the hall, and were received and welcomed with loud huzzas. After the delivery of two or three short and patriotic addresses, the following resolutions were reported from the committee and unanimously adopted:

We, as honorably discharged soldiers who participated in the recent sanguinary war, and have now returned home to find the Government struggling against a traitorous fanaticism, which aims a death-blow at the restoration of the Union and which treats the Constitution as an unclean thing, and daily offers amedments looking to the entire destruction of Constitutional freedom, having met in Convention to form ourselves into an organization, which will have for its object the defence of the principles for which we dared the perils of the field and for the triumph of which three hundred thousand of our comrades died, are destrous to announce the creed which we will support at the next October election and the candidate under whose chieftainship we intend to be found at the Polles, Therefore be it

1. *Resolved,* The object of the war, now so happily ended, was declared by the resolutions of Congress, of July, 1861, to be the defence and maintenance of the supremacy of the Constitution and the preservation of the Union with the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpared. That with that object in view, we in common with our gallant brethren, entered the army and aided in carrying the Old Flag, with not a single star obscure and not a stripe erased over many glorious battle fields, until victory crowned the contest and rebellion succumbed to the arms of the Union and not a traitor foe was to be found resisting the Government of the Constitution and of our Fathers. The Constitution thus has been maintained and the Union must now be unconditionally restored, and we hereby pledge ourselves as soldiers to sustain President Johnson in his wise, humane and patriotic policy. We denounce as revolutionary and wicked the schemes and legislation of the radicals, headed by Stevens and Sumner, who refuse the admission of loyal representatives, elected by the eleven Southern States and the plan of reconstruction reported by the irresponsible cable of fifteen, which violates the cardinal doctrines of a republic representative government. We adhere to the faith of our Fathers, that taxation without representation is tyranny.

2. *Resolved,* That Congress has no right under the Constitution to prescribe the qualification of electors in the several States, but that the people of the States respectively only have that privilege. That to Congress belongs the Constitutional right for each House to judge of the election returns and qualification of its own members, and when it trancends that boundary and undertakes to force upon any of the States the right of negro suffrage, it violates the essential guarantees of the liberty of the citizens, and its acts only tend to the subversion of the reserved rights of the States.

3. *Resolved,* That we heartily endorse the veto messages of President Johnson and approve of his bold and manly determination to stand between the people and the tyranny of a Congress, which loooks only to the prolongation of its own party power, irrespective of the interests of the country. If President Johnson carries out the good work he has begun and in the future as in the past, proves himself "the tribune of the people," (and we do not doubt but that he will do it) his name will be associated in history with that of the other Andrew of Tennessee and mortality will crown his memory with the plaudits of the good in all future time.

4. *Resolved,* That as *white* soldiers, we cannot support any party which favors *negro* suffrage and *negro* equality—that refuses to admit new territories while the word *white* remained in the declaration of qualification of voters—which sympathises with negro interests in preference to the cause of the poor of our own color—which wastes all its time in providing for the Freedmen and cannot be induced to equalize our bounties, and believing that JOHN W. GEARY, the Radical Candidate for Governor is a follower of Thad. Stevens, and is fully committed to the cause of the Disunionists in Congress and is the enemy of the conciliatory policy of the President, we cannot and will not support him at the polls. We call upon our fellow soldiers everywhere to remember, that the party that Geary is a candidate of has repeatedly declared in Congress, through its press and on the stump, that the war could not have beed ended but for the bravery and assistance of the blacks, giving to the negro the credit which alone was merited by our white soldiers

5. *Resolved,* That we believe, that Hon. HIESTER CLYMER, the Democratic Candidate for Governor, holds the same sentiments in relation to Federal affairs, that we do; that he supports the administration of the President in the great leading measures which have characterized it; that he is a gentleman of unsullied private character and approved statesmanship, and during the whole period of the war, as proved by his Senatorial record, was the firm friend to the soldiers in the field, voting for an increase of pay and protection of his family in his absence, and while demagogues and loyal stay-at-home patriots only talked, he acted by contributing his own means to the support of our interests. We now declare our determination to vote for him at the election.

6. *Resolved,* That we are highly gratified to learn from undoubted authority that to the support of the principles of our patriotic President have rallied the illustrious soldiers, who saved the life of the Republic in the hour of its extremest danger; that Grant, Sherman, McClellan, Meade, Hancock, Crawford, Sheridan, and "all to whom we are indebted for victories," are arrayed in peace as in war on the side of the Union.

7. *Resolved.* That we urge upon Congress generally and our Representative in particular the duty of giving prompt attention to the equalization of the bounties of our soldiers, humbly hoping that one day at least may be given to our interests by that body, even though the interests of the African should suffer for that time.

Major Robinson, Capt. D. L. Tressler and Dr. Isaac Lefever were severally called upon to address the meeting, whose remarks were listened to with profound attention and greeted with cheers.

On motion of Capt. B. F. Miller, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention do now resolve itself into a Soldiers' County Clymer Club," and that a Committee of five be appointed to report by publication the permanent officers of the association, and that auxiliary Clubs be organized in the several election districts of the county.

The Chair appointed Capt. B. F. Miller, Geo. W. Orwan, R. N. Neilson, W. J. G. Hutchison and Capt. J. H. Crist the Committee on permanent organization.

On motion, the Club adjourned, to meet at the call of the permanent Chairman.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, in its Washington correspondence on Saturday, says: "It is reported upon good authority that the Judiciary Committee have come to the conclusion that the evidence produced them does not warrant the charge that Jeff. Davis is guilty of complicity in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln.". No sensible and honest man in the whole country ever believed that Davis had anything to do with that crime.

THE TWO PICTURES.—It may interest many persons to view again the lineaments of their favorite military chieftains within a political frame:

With the President.	*With Thad Stevens.*
Gen. Grant,	"Gen." Butler,
Gen. Sherman,	"Gen." Sigel,
Gen. Mead,	"Gen." Schurz,
Gen. Hancock,	"Gen." Schenck,
Gen. Crawford,	"Gen." Cameron,
Gen. Sheridan,	"Col." Forney,
Col. Coulter.	"Gen." Geary.

The military trappings—straps, buttons, stars, eagles, &c.,—are equal, it will be perceived, but there is a vast difference in the color of the exploits

THE "BOYS IN BLUE."

ANOTHER LIBEL NAILED.

A List of the Men Branded by the Carlisle Herald as "Disorganizers," "Drafted Men," and "Deserters."

In accordance with a resolution passed at the recent Soldiers' Convention, the following list of delegates who were in attendance from the different Boroughs and townships, has been prepared. Our space would not permit us to give the list last week, but we publish it now as a triumphant answer to the libellers of the *Herald*, who have the unblushing effrontery to assert that the Convention was composed of "drafted men" and "deserters." We desire that the people of Cumberland County shall see to what base expedients these stay-at-home patriots are driven to bolster up their failing cause, and we desire also that they shall see who the men are who are thus branded. Let the soldiers and their friends remember these insults when they come to the polls on the second Tuesday of October.

CARLISLE—EAST WARD.

Capt. Martin Kuhn, Co. M, 22d Pa. Cav.
Lt. J. B. Alexander, " C, 9th P. V.
J. S. Lyne, " B, 17th Pa. Cav.
A. S. Hamel, " " " "
John B. Dehuff, " I, 1st Pa. Res.
Charles A. Smith, " A, 130th P. V.
John Schuerman, " " 11th "
James Smith, " " " "
William Goodyear, 209th "
Charles Taylor, " H, 110th "
Michael Kitner, " M, 22d Pa. Cav.
Albert Kelly, " H, 1st Pa. Res.
J. Neely, " M, 22d Pa. Cav.
H. Baker, " I, 1st Pa. Res.
John W. Gilmore, " M, 22d Pa. Cav.
Jacob Goodyear, " A, 209th P. V.
William Fenical, " " 130th "

CARLISLE—WEST WARD,

A. G. Lyne, Co. G, 130th P. V.
William Smith, " A, " "
John G. Heiser, " " 7th Pa. Res.
A. Cornman, " F, 6th Pa. Cav.
J. D. Foulke, " A, 7th Iowa V.
John Creamer, 112th P. V.

SOUTH MIDDLETON.

Benj. F. Wolbert, Co. A, 209th P. V.
Wm. M. Sheaffer, " " " "
Emanuel Lackey, " " " "
Levi Leckey, " " " "
Adam Meales, " " " "
Daniel Meales, " " " "
James Yengst, " " " "
George Noggle, " " " "
Benjamin Noggle, " " " "
George W. Rahn, " " " "
Simon Yoh, " " " "
W. R. Mack, " " " "
James Daugherty, 7th Pa. Res.
John Heckman, 158th P. V.
Washington Noggle, " "
Abm. Bannon, " K, 58th "
Capt. I. H. Graham, " I, 1st Pa. Res.

MIDDLESEX.

Sergt. Wm. C. Wolf, Co. G, 84th P. V.
George J. Kunkel, " K, 57th "
A. D. Albright, " G, 84th "
Cpt. R. C. Lamberton, " K, 57th "
Lieut. John Weary, 13th Pa. Cav.
John Dull, " "
Wm. Weary, " K, 17th "
Samuel Snyder, " " " "
Benjamin Gill, " " " "
John Coleman, " E, 200th P. V.
Henry Barnhill, " " " "
William Barnhill, " " " "
Jeremiah Gill, " " " "
Frank Sphar, " " " "
Jacob Kitch, " " " "
John H. Zeigler, " A, 130th "
Alfred Myers, " B, 209th "
—— Welcome, " E, 200th "
—— Gross, " " " "
—— Houck, " " " "
Henry Wetzel, " B, 121st Ohio V.

SILVER SPRING.

Jacob Kintz, 7th Pa. Res.
David Whitcome, Co. E, 200th P. V.
William Hauck, nine mos.
John Gross, " E, 200th P. V.
Samuel Williams, " F, 17th Pa. Cav.
Cassius Armstrong, 9th "

MECHANICSBURG.

Capt. T. F. Singiser, Co. A, 20th Pa. Cav.
" Geo. Otstott, " B, " "
Col. D. H. Kimmel, 9th "
John Lamont, " H, Pa. Res.
Hiram Miller, " " 9th Pa. Cav.
George C. Dallon, " A, 158th P. V.
Capt. J. Dorsheimer, " " 107th "
Lieut. Benj. Dull, 87th "

UPPER ALLEN.

A. R. Bowman, Co. D, 20th Pa. Cav.
A. O. Brougher, 130th P. V.
Henry Stouffer,
George Dougherty,
James Sibbett, " A, 158th P. V.
John Archey,

WEST PENNSBOROUGH.

George Voglesong, Co. D, 187th P. V.
John Goodhart, " F, 158th "
Robert Fulton, " C, " "

NEWTON

Isaac Hardy, 3d Pa. Cav.
William Givler, 6th Pa. Res.
Josiah Wilson, " "
George Weakline, 2d U. S. A.
Peter McDonnel, 202d P. V.
Thomas Reeder, 13th Pa. Cav.
Capt. J. A. Graham, " "
Samuel Seitz, 14th "
William H. Snyder, 202d P. V.
Samuel Killian, 21st Pa. Cav.
Samuel Mell, " "
Cpt. A. S. Woodburn, 3d "
George W. Meixel, 201st P. V.

NEWVILLE.

John Lewis, 6th Pa. Res.
William Bentzell, 12th "
Lieut. J. Chambers, 49th P. V.
Milton Hays, 202d "
John Shopwell, " "
John Ward, 130th & 187th P. V.
Jacob M. Claudy, 202d "
Joseph Duffield, 12th Pa. Res.
W. B. Over. 3d Pa. Cav.
Lieut. S. C. Wagner, " "
Philip Brown, 13th "
G orge Brown, 130th P. V.
Thomas Kennedy, 72d Indiana Vol.
Miller Iekes, 3d Pa. Cav.
Benjamin Brown, 6th Pa. Res.

FRANKFORD.

Thomas Gillespie, 130th P. V.
Levi Worst, 202d "
C. F. Geddes,

SHIPPENSBURG BOROUGH.

Capt. W. E. Miller, Co. E, 3d Pa. Cav.
Capt. A. C. Landis, " K, 201st P. V.
Lieut. J. H. Snow, " " " "
Sergt. H. Walters, " E, 53d "
Henry McCauly, " D, 11th "
Henry Witmore, 12th Pa. Res.
Thomas Fry, " E, 3d Pa. Cav.
Jesse Fry, " I, " "
James Taylor, 112th P. V.
Sergt. J. Whitmore, " K, 201st "
Levi Line, " " " "
Wilson Clough, " " " "
John Walters, " " " "
Wilson Boher, " " " "

HOPEWELL.

Adam Bamm, Co. F, 207th P. V.
Wm. Hefflebower,
Henry Hefflebower,

SOUTHAMPTON.

Capt. M. G. Hale, 201st P. V.
" S. B. Diehl, 158th "

And three other delegates; names not handed in.

LOWER ALLEN.

Capt. W. P. Lloyd and five other delegates. The names of these delegates were handed in by themselves on the day of the Convention, but have unfortunately been mislaid.

☞ The Difference between the Soldiers of Cumberland County and the disunion politicians, since the Convention of Monday last, is that the Soldiers are "the boys in blue" and the radical politicians are "the boys in the blues."

DEATH OF GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

ROE'S HOUSE, WEST POINT, May 29, 1866.—Lieutenant General Winfield Scott died at his house to-day at five minutes past 11. He departed peacefully. No struggle indicated the passage of the old hero's soul from its earthly tenement.—Although his demise was anticipated yet death was comparatively sudden. Upon his arrival here on the evening of the 10th inst., by special boat from New York, it was observed that he was very feeble.—Upon descending from the carriage he tottered a little and had to pause upon every step as he mounted to the hotel.—After a few days, however, he rallied considerably, and as late as Saturday, at half-past two, was out to the library and the village riding. The same day he wrote some letters to friends: but a few days before he requested Gen. Collum, commandant of the post, to indite a letter for him, which he franked himself, though in an almost illegible hand.

He appeared to suffer from no specific ailment, but rather a general decline of physical strength. His mind was clear in the last. So little expectation was there of his immediate demise that his daughter Mrs. Hoyt, of New York, who had been staying with him for some days, left there for home yesterday.—Last night the General was taken with a chill, and the assistant surgeon of the post, Dr. Marsh, was immediately summoned. Even then there appeared to be no danger, and at nine o'clock this morning Dr. Marsh assured General Collum that he had apprehension of immediate dissolution: but in a short time it became evident that the eventful and useful life of the patriot soldier was drawing to a close.

The chaplain, Rev. J. A. French, was called in and taking the General's hand recited a prayer. Though quite conscious and cognizant that death was upon him the power of speech was gone, but the dying soldier pressed the hand of the clergyman and bowed his head repeatedly in token of his consciousness of the last of the solemn rites which Mr. French was performing according to the rules of the Episcopal church.

At precisely five minutes after eleven, quietly as if a slumber, the patriot whose life has been so intimatly associated with the military history of his country, passed away.

General Scott had only been confined to bed for the last three days, but during that time his strength was gradually failing and he seemed to have a presentiment that this was his last visit to West Point, in which institution he took an intense interest and at which he spent every summer for the last forty years. When coming from the boat on the 10th of May, he remarked to a friend that he had come to the old academy to die, and in conversation with Captain Boynton a few days ago, he replied to some remark concerning his visit to West Point that he came there to be buried. It seems appropriate that the great military academy of the nation should be the dying place of the nation's oldest soldier

The funeral took place at one o'clock on Friday last, attended by a grand military display, and a great concourse of eminent personages from Washington and elsewhere.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Pitiable Abortion of the Reconstruction Committee—Old Thad Cracking His Lash—Congress Lousy—The Official Guillotine—Arrest of a Bank President—"D. D." Forney.

Correspondence of the American Volunteer.

WASHINGTON, June 4, 1866.

If ever in history there was an opportunity for a body of men to have made their mark, it was furnished to the Joint Reconstruction Committee of Congress, to whose deliberation was referred the noble mission of restoring harmony to their distracted country. The eyes of the world were upon them, and philosophers and statesmen everywhere were, for a time, attending their deliberations with the most intense interest. It was a great work, and it called for giant hands to do it. To crush out the rebellion by main force was comparatively an easy task. It required only the persistent application of the maxium of attainable force, and a sufficient time being given, the work would be done. This was but the triumph of material force, which, even in its most stupendous achievements, never attains the elevation of those superior contests where moral forces alone are involved. The conquests of peace are greater, more noble, more sublime, than those of physical force; and far more difficult. The contest of common-place materialism ended with the surrender of Lee. Then began the mission of the statesman.

In considering the results of the labors of this committee I confess to an immense disappointment. The country had hoped that they would have risen above the petty partisan ideas of the day, and consider the great questions entrusted to them in a spirit commensurate with their magnitude. But instead of this, we have witnessed from time to time, as the result of their deliberations, a series of the most miserable measures put forth by them, or under their auspices, which shows an entire inability on their part to grasp the great question involved in the restoration of the Union, and an inability to raise themselves above the pitiful expedients of party. The Reconstruction scheme which they will finally pass will literally amount to nothing; and after all their talk of principle, will be a miserable compromise to save their party from annihilation.

Thaddeus Stevens, won new laurels in the House of Representatives the other day. In a moment of impotent rage at the prospect of some of his follow disunionists being turned away from the public crib, he lashed himself into a furious passion, and insolently threatened with impeachment all government officials who refused to fall down and worship the golden calf of Radicalism. His coarse and brutal assault upon the President and the Secretary of the Treasury caused a faint blush of shame to mantle the brow of one or two of his deluded followers, and, under its influence, a gentle ripple of dissent, for a single moment, disturbed the waters. But, in an instant, the awful frown of the Buckshot hero met the trembling Rumps who had modestly lisped out their disapproving words, and quickly brought them back to their senses. His triumph was complete. He played the bully and all succumbed. And this is the man, who, when a few sturdy farmers of Pennsylvania frowned upon him, grew pale with fear, and, overwhelmed with terror, jumped from the back window of the Capitol at Harrsburg!

The proposition to refit the galleries of the Senate and House of Representatives meets with little opposition. On the most Radical side a thorough renovation is accepted as neccessary.—In fact, since the freedmen have learned that they, with "all the rest of mankind," can have free access thereto, and listen to the debates, the denizens of the Freedmen's village have made it a sort of "resting place," to enjoy not only the proceedings, but the most profound slumber. The result may be readily guessed. But few, who are careful of their persons, and have an abhorrence of the most sickening of all vermine, resort to the galleries. Those who do, suffer, of course. It is, therefore, necessary that a thorough renovation shall take place; and it is proposed to have the galleries not only cleaned, in the common acceptation of the term, but upholstered and fitted up anew. All the old seats are to be torn up and burned, and new, neat and commodious ones are to take their places. For awhile, therefore, the frequenters of the galleries will have a plesant time after this improvement is made; but until this change be made, it would be quite as well for all who do not wish to be brought "up to the scratch" to steer clear of "the negro quarters."—To tell the plain truth, the halls of the Senate and House of Representatives are lousy.

The enemies of the President have boasted that they cared nothing for him, or for the attempted exercise of any power he might assume to possess. But they have evidently "waked up the wrong man," and now begin to see the consequence resulting from their course. The President is preparing for the fall election—there is no longer a doubt on the subject. To a Pennsylvania member who remonstrated with him upon removing a tried Republican from office, he replied, "I am for rotation, and this is but the beginning of what I mean to do." But he rotates Radicals out and Conservatives in. The wheel is set in motion for the purpose of breaking down the Republicans in the 40th Congress. There is no longer any attempt at concealment among the President's friends on this point; indeed, they threaten Congress, if it does not recede, that the Opposition will be permitted to gain control of the next Congress. The issue is already made up. The President demands the instant admission of the rebel States to representation, and Congress asks further guaranties. The decision rests with the people. It may as well be understood at the ... that in every weak district the President ... his patronage against the Republicans.

Leonard Huyck, Esq., late President ... Merchants' National Bank of this city, ... rested on Saturday on a warrant ... Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the ... charging Mr. Huyck with willfully ... abstracting and misapplying the funds ... bank in violation of section fifty five of ... tional Currency Act, which punishes the ... above mentioned by imprisonment ... more than ten nor less than five years.

Bail was fixed at $200,000, but subsequently ... duced to $50,000, which had not been obtained ... a late hour last night.

John W. Forney is terribly worried ... National Johnson Club, and stigmatizes ... the "Bread and Butter Brigade," ... they either hold office or desire to ... should be the last man in the world to ... others in this light, as he has been the ... tre of the "Bread and Butter Brigade" ... twenty years. He has grown grey in the ... of this brigade, and if it was not for the ... skill of the barber, his grey locks would ... the wind, showing how closely he has ... the rank and file of this monied institution ... great trouble with Forney now is ... afraid he will shortly be thrust out of ... of this brigade, and placed on the retired ... any other old worn out public functionary ... ney is getting old, and time has soured ... ness of his youth. His gay and luscious ... longer rings like it did when he essayed ... actor on the mimic stage of life at ... Those were the honied days of his youth ... he has gone to vinegar, and Africa will ... his bacon.

Caucasian.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Flowers come and go away,
And the violet does first decay;
But everybody fully knows
That June is the month for the Rose.

Farmers have been planting corn,
And their breeches are well worn;
Pic-Nics for the young are sport
And they wear suits of another sort.

Working clothes and a sporting suit,
For men as well as for a youth
In latest style, and best of all
Cheaply sold by J. Neuwahl,

at his Store between Drs. Zitzer and K... North Hanover Street, Carlisle, who ... goods for Spring and Summer, at GREATLY REDUCED prices. He has for the second time this Spring, returned from the Cities with a ... sorted stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, and asks you to give him a trial.

JULIUS NEUWAHL.

June 7, 1866—4t

LOVE AND MATRIMONY.—Ladies and gentlemen, if you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you, without money and without price, valuable information that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, respective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked.

Address,

SARAH B. LAMBERT,
Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York.

June 7, 1866—3m*

EVERYBODY should avail the opportunity of buying their seasonable Dry Goods ... W. C. SAWYER & Co., who have received an immense supply from the Eastern Cities, and are selling at very low rates. Read their advertisement and give them a call. Secure large packages before goods get any higher.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious propensities whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

☞ Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all Druggists.

June 7, 1866—1t*

NOTICE.—All orders for Coal and Lumber can be left at Martin & Gardner's, Harn... Faller's Groceries, and at Creamer's ... Store, and at Wunderlich's Glassware and ... cery Depot, corner of South Hanover and Pomfret Streets, which will be promptly attended to and at the lowest prices by

DELANCEY & SHROM.

June 7, 1866.

WE have just received large lots of Queensware, Stoneware, Sugars, New Orleans Molasses, Salt and Fish. Also Ice Cream Freezers, best Hams, Smoked Beef and Tongues.

WM. BLAIR & SON.

June 7, 1866.

TO DRUNKARDS.—A reformed inebriate would be happy to communicate (free of charge) to as many of his fellow-beings as will address him, very important and useful information, ... place in their hands a sure cure for the love of Strong Drink of any kind. This information is freely offered by one who has narrowly escaped a drunkard's grave. Address,

SETH B. HENDERSON,
No. 9, Broad Street, N. Y.

April 26, 1866—3m.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the affects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., N. Y.

Feb. 22, 1866—1y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

April 19, 1866—1y*

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, N. Y.

Feb. 22, 1866—1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchits, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, free by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Feb. 22, 1866—1y

MACKERAL, Herring, Shad, all the time in original packages neither picked or mixed with old fish, warranted full weight. Also best Hams, Dried Beef, Tongues, Bologna Sausage, &c., at WM. BLAIR & SON'S, South end, Carlisle.

May 31, 1866.