Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed on the 3d day of July, Anno Domini, 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every County within this Commonwealth, to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate—

1st. The Officers to be elected.

2d. Designating the places at which the election is to be held. Therefore,

I, J. THOMPSON RIPPEY, High Sheriff of the county of Cumberland, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the Electors of the County of Cumberland, that on TUESDAY, the 8th day of November next, an Election will be held at the several Election Districts established by law in said County, at which time they will vote by ballot for

TWENTY-SIX ELECTORS.

The said election will be held throughout the County as follows:

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Carlisle and the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Lower Dickinson, and Lower Frankford will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle.

The election in the election district composed of Lower West Pennsborough township, will be held at the North School House, in Plainfield.

The election in the election district composed of Silver Spring township, will be held at the public house of Jacob Ottstot, in Hogaestown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Hampden township, will be held at the public house occupied by George Duey in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Upper Allen, will be held at the public house of Wm. L. Cocklin, in Shepherdstown.

The election in the election district composed of Middlesex township, will be held at the Middlesex School House.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Lower Allen, will be held at the wagon-maker shop of Jonas Hunchberger, on State Hill.

The election in the election district composed of East Pennsborough township, will be held at the house of Jos. Martin, in West Fairview, now occupied by John Seirer.

The election in the election district composed of New Cumberland, will be held at the house now kept by William Bell, in the borough of New Cumberland.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Mechanicsburg, will be held at the public house now kept by W. L. Huston, in said borough.

The election in the election district composed of Monroe township, will be held at the public house lately kept by Jeremiah Hannon, in Churchtown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Penn township, will be held at the house now occupied by Jacob Redecker, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Upper Dickinson township, will be held in the house now occupied by James Washmood, known as the Stone Tavern.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newville and townships of Mifflin, Upper Frankford, Upper West Pennsborough and North Newton, will be held at the public School House in the borough of Newville.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newburg, Hopewell township, will be held at the School House in Newburg, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Shippensburg, Shippensburg township, and that part of Southampton not included in the Leesburg election district, will be held at the Council House, in the borough of Shippensburg.

The election in the election district composed of Lower Southampton township, will be held at the house formerly occupied by William Maxwell, in Leesburg.

The election in the election district composed of South Newton township, will be held at the School House in Jacksonville.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or a City or Incorporated District, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any Incorporated District, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any Incorporated District, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector or other officer of such election shall be elegible to be then voted for."

And the said Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relative to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1839, further provides, as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the District to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one Clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such District.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector, shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the time of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy."

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1839, entitled "An Act relative to voting at Elections in the counties of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Green, and Erie," viz:

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same - that it shal be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Dauphin, Lancaster, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bedford, Centre, Green, and Erie, from and after the passage of this Act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated as required by the existing laws of the Commonwealth.

"Sec. 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished as similar frauds are directed to be punished by the existing laws of the Commonwealth."

For the information of the electors of Cumberland county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the Election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial Districts."

"Sec. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for Representatives are or shall be conducted, and the the same Judges, Inspectors, and officers, and by provisions of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, 1839, and its several supplements, and all other like laws as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to the election of Judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper, and for all other Judges required to be learned in the law on another separate piece of paper.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors, respectively to attend at the place of holding every General, Special or Township election, during the whole time said election shall remain open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors, or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State and county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and having resided in this State one year, and in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment, within two years, of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation, or on the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof: Or, Second, if he claims a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the District as is required by this Act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this Act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list, by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word 'age' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such vote shall be called out to the Clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by him.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners or assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district and that he did not remove in the said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent an officer of the election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of said election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to be imprisoned for a time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on the conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and to be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereto, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfet, and pay three times the amount so bet or to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at an election in this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold or deliver to the Inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure an other so to do, he or they offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act, every General and Special Election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are by the said act required to meet at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on the third day after the said day of election, being Friday, the 11th day of Nov., then and there to perform the things required of them by law.

The following is the bill allowing soldiers to vote:

AN ACT to regulate elections by soldiers in actual military service.

SECTION. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, and as such, absent from their place of residence, on the days appointed by law for holding the general or Presidential elections within this State, or on the days for holding special elections, to fill vacancies, such electors shall be entitled, at such times, to exercise the right of suffrage, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of elections, in the manner, herein after prescribed, and whether at the time of voting, such electors shall be within the limits of this State or not; and the right of voting shall not be affected, in any manner by the fact of the voter having been credited to any other locality than the place of his actual residence, by reason of the payment to him of local bounty by such other locality.

SEC. 2. A poll shall be opened in each company, composed, in whole or in part, of Pennsylvania soldiers, at the quarters of the captain, or other officer thereof, and all electors, belonging to such company, who shall be within one mile of such quarters, on the day of election, and not prevented by order of their commanders, or proximity of the enemy, from returning to their company quarters, shall vote at such poll, and at no other place; officers, other than those of a company, and other voters, detached and absent from their companies, or in any military or naval hospital, or in any vessel or navy yard, may vote at such polls as may be most convenient for them, and when there shall be ten or more voters at any place, who shall be unable to attend any company poll, or their proper place of election, as aforesaid, the electors present may open a poll, at such place as they may select, and certify in the poll-book, which shall be a record of the proceedings at said election, substantially, in manner and form, as hereinafter directed.

SEC. 3. The polls shall be opened as early as practicable on said day, and remain open at least three hours, and, if necessary in the opinion of the judges of the election, in order to receive the votes of all the electors, they may keep the polls open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day; proclamation thereof shall be made at, or before, the opening of the polls, and one hour before closing them.

SEC. 4. Before opening the polls, on the day of election, the electors present at each of the places aforesaid, shall elect, *viva voce*, three persons, present at the time, and having the qualifications of electors, for the judges of said election, and the judges so elected shall then appoint two of the persons present, who shall be qualified to act as clerks of said election; and the judges shall prepare boxes, or other suitable receptacles, for the ballots.

SEC. 5. Before any votes shall be received, said judges and clerks shall each take an oath, or affirmation, that he will perform the duties of judge, or clerk, (as the case may be,) of said election, according to law, and to the best of his abilities, and that he will studiously endeavor to prevent fraud, deceit or abuse in conducting the same, which oath or affirmation any of the said judges or clerks so elected or appointed may administer to each other; and the same shall be in writing, or partly written, and and partly printed, and signed by said judges and clerks, and certified to by the party administering the same, and attached to or entered upon the poll-book, and there signed and certified as aforesaid.

SEC. 6. All elections shall be by ballot, and the judges of election may, and upon challenge of any voter, shall examine, under oath or affirmation, the applicant to vote, (which oath or affirmation any of the said judges may administer,) in respect to his right to vote, and his qualifications to vote in the particular ward, precinct, city, borough, township or county of this State, in which he claims residence; and before receiving any vote, the judges, or a majority of them, shall be satisfied that such applicant is a qualified voter of such place.

SEC. 7. Separate poll-books shall be kept, and separate returns made for the voters of each city, or county; the poll books shall name the company and regiment, and the place, post or hospital in which such election is held; the county and township, city, borough, ward, precinct or election district or each vote shall be endorsed opposite his name on the poll books; each clerk shall keep one of said poll-books, so that there may be a double list of voters.

SEC 8. Each ticket shall have written or printed, or partly written and partly printed thereon, the names of all the officers which may properly be voted for at said election, for which the said elector desires to vote.

SEC. 9. That the judges to whom any ticket shall be delivered, shall, upon the receipt thereof, pronounce with an audible voice the name of the elector; and if no objection is made to him, and the judges are satisfied that said elector is a citizen of the United States, and legally entitled, according to the Constitution and laws of the State, to vote at said election, shall immediately put said ticket in the box, or other receptacle therefore, without inspecting the names of persons voted for; and the clerks shall enter the name of the elector on the poll-book of his county, ward, precinct, city, borough or township, and county of his residence, substantially in pursuance of the form hereinafter given.

SEC. 10. At the close of the polls, the number of voters shall be counted and set down at the foot of the list of voters, and certified and signed by the judges, and attested by the clerks.

SEC. 11. After the poll-books are signed, the ballot-box shall be opened, and the tickets therein contained, shall be taken out, one at a time, by one of the judges, who shall read distinctly, while the ticket remains in his hand, the name, or names, therein contained, for the several officers voted for, and then deliver it to the second judge, who shall examine the same, and pass it to the third judge, who shall string the vote for each county upon a separate thread and carefully preserve the same; the same method shall be pursued as to each taken out, until all the votes are counted.

SEC. 12. Whenever two or more tickets shall be found deceitfully folded or rolled together, neither of such tickets, shall be counted; and if a ticket shall contain more than the proper number of names for the same office, it shall be considered fraudulent as to all of the names designated for that office, but no further.

SEC. 13. As a check in counting, each clerk shall keep a tally list for each county, from which votes shall have been received, which tally list shall constitute a part of the poll-book.

SEC. 14. After the examination of the tickets shall be completed, the number of votes for each person, in the county poll-books as aforesaid, shall be enumerated under the inspection of the judges, and set down as hereinafter provided, in the form of the poll-book.

SEC. 15. The following shall be substantially the form of the poll-books, to be kept by the judges and clerks of the election, filling in the blanks carefully:

Poll-book of the election, held on the second Tuesday of October, one thousand eight hundred and , (or other election day, as the case may be,) by the qualified electors of county, (or city,) State of Pennsylvania, in company , of the regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, (or as the case may be,) held at (naming the place, post, or hospital,) A B C D and E F, being duly elected as judges of said election, and J L and L M, being duly appointed as clerks of said election, were severally sworn, or affirmed, as per certificates herewith returned.

Number and names of the electors voting and their county, city, borough, township, ward, or precinct, of residence:

No. 1, A B, county of , township of No. 2, C D, county of , township of

It is hereby certified that the number of electors for county, Pennsylvania, voting at this election, amounts to

A B, C D, E F, } Judges of election.

Attest—J K, L M, Clerks.

Form of certificate of oath of judges and clerks;

We, A B, C D and E F, judges of this election, and J K and L M, clerks thereof, do each severally swear, (or affirm,) that we will perform the duties of judges and clerks of said election, severally acting as above set forth, according to law and to the best of our abilities, and that we will studiously endeavor to prevent fraud, deceit, or abuse, in conducting the same.

A B, C D, E F, Judges.

J K, L M, Clerks.

I hereby certify, that C D, E F, judges, and J K and L M, clerks, were, before proceeding to take any votes at said election, first duly sworn, or affirmed, as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this day of Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and

A B, Judge of election.

I certify that A B, judge aforesaid, was also so sworn (or affirmed) by me.

Witness my hand, the date above written.

J K, Clerk of election.

SEC. 16. A return, in writing, shall be made in each poll-book, setting forth in words, at length, the whole number of ballots cast for each office, (except ballots rejected,) the name of each person voted for, and the number of votes given to each person, for each different office; which return shall be certified as correct, signed by the judges, and attested by the clerks; such return shall be substantially as follows:

At an election held by the electors of company , of the regiment of Pennsylvania soldiers, at (naming the place where the election is held) there were (naming the number in words, at length) votes cast for the office of Governor, of which A B had votes, C D votes; for Senator, votes were cast, of which E F had votes, G H had votes; for Representatives, votes were cast, of which J K had votes, L M had votes; and in the same manner as to any other officers voted for.

At the end of the return, the judges shall certify in substance, as follows, giving, if officers, their rank and number of their regiment, if privates, the number of their regiment and company, viz:

A true return of the election, held as aforesaid, on the day of , Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and

A B, Captain company A, one hundred and thirty-first regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers.

C D, company A, one hundred and thirty-first regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers.

E F, company A, one hundred and thirty-first regimens, Pennsylvania volunteers.

Judge of election.

Attest—J K, L M, Clerks.

SEC. 17. After canvassing the votes in manner aforesaid, the judges shall put in an envelope one of the poll-books, with its tally list, and return of each city or county, together with the tickets, and transmit the same, properly sealed up, and directed through the nearest post office, or by express, as soon as possible thereafter, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the city or county in which said electors would have voted, if not in the military service aforesaid, (being the city or county for which the poll-book was kept,) and the other poll-book of said city or county, enclosed in an envelope and sealed as aforesaid, and properly directed, shall be delivered to one of the commissioners hereinafter provided for, if such commissioner calls for the same in ten days, and if not so called for the same shall be transmitted by mail or by express, as soon as possible thereafter, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall carefully preserve the same, and on demand of the proper prothonotary, deliver to said prothonotary, under his hand and official seal, a certified copy of the return of votes so transmitted to and received by him for said city or county of which the demandant is prothonotary.

SEC. 27. No mere informality in the manner of carrying out, or executing, any of the provisions of this act, shall invalidate any election held under the same, or authorize the return thereof, to be rejected or set aside, nor shall any failure, on the part of the commissioners, to reach or visit any regiment or company, or part of company, or the failure of any company, or part of company to vote, invalidate any election which may be held under this act.

SEC. 28. The several officers, authorized to conduct such election, shall have like powers, and they, as well as other persons, who may attend, vote, or offer to vote, at such election, shall be subject to the like penalties and restrictions as are declared or provided in the case of elections, by the citizens, at their usual places of election; and all of the provisions of the general election laws of this State, so far as applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, nor supplied thereby, shall apply to all elections held under this act.

SEC. 29. No compensation shall be allowed to any judge or clerk, under this act.

SEC. 30. When the sheriff of any city or county shall issue his proclamation for an election, for a presidential, congressional, district, city, county or State election, under the laws of this State, he shall transmit immediately, copies thereof, to the field officers and senior captains in the service, aforesaid, from said city or county.

SEC. 31. The sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated from the general revenue, to be paid upon the order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to carry this law into effect.

SEC. 32. When any of the electors, mentioned in the first section of this act, less than ten in number, shall be members of companies of another State or Territory, or for any sufficient or legal cause, shall be separated from their proper company, or shall be in any hospital, navy yard, vessel, or on recruiting, provost, or other duty, whether within or without the State, under such circumstances as shall render it probable that he or they will be unable to rejoin their proper company, or to be present at his proper place of election, on or before the day of the elections, therein mentioned, said elector or electors shall have a right to vote in the following manner:

SEC. 33. The voter aforesaid is hereby authorized, before the day of election, to deposit his ballot or ballots, properly folded, as required by the general election laws of this State, or otherwise, as the voter may choose, in a sealed envelope, together with a written or printed, or partly written and partly printed statement, containing the name of the voter, the county, township, borough or ward of which he is a resident and a written or printed authority to some qualified voter in the election district, of which said voter is a resident, to cast the ballots contained in said envelope for him on the day of said election. Said statement and authority to be signed by the said voter, and attested by the commanding or commissioned officer of the company, of which he is a member, in the case of a private, and of some commissioned officer of the regiment, in the case of an officer, if any such officers are conveniently accessible, and if otherwise, then by some other witness; and there shall also accompany said ballots, an affidavit of said voter, taken before some one of the officers aforesaid, and in the absence of such officers, before some other person duly authorized to administer oaths, by any law of the State, that he is a qualified voter in the election district in which he proposes to vote, that he is in the actual military service of the United States or of this State, describing the organization to which he belongs, that he has not sent his ballots to any other person or persons, than the one in such authority mentioned, that he will not offer to vote at any poll, which may be opened on said election day, at any place whatsoever, and that he is not a deserter, and has not been dishonorably dismissed from the service, and that he is now stationed at , in the State . Said sealed envelope containing the said ballots, statement, authority and affidavit as aforesaid, to be sent to the proper person, by mail or otherwise, having written or printed on the outside, across the sealed part thereof, the words, "soldier's ballot for township, (borough or ward,) in the county of ."

SEC. 34. The elector, to whom such ballot shall be sent, shall, on the day of election and whilst the polls of the proper district are open, deliver the envelope, as received, unopened to the proper election officer, who shall open it in the presence of the election board, and deposit the ballots therein contained, together with the envelope, and accompanying papers, as other ballots are deposited, and said board shall count and canvass the same, in the same manner as other votes cast at said election; and the person delivering the same day, on the demand of any elector, be compelled to testify, on oath, that the envelope, so delivered by him, is in the same state as when received by him, and that the same has not been opened or the contents thereof changed or altered, in any way, by him or any other person.

SEC. 35. The right of any person, thus offering to vote, at any such election, may be challenged, for the same causes, that it could be challenged, if he were personally present and for no other reason or cause.

SEC. 36. Any officer of any general, or special election, in this State, who shall refuse to receive any such envelope, and deposit such ballots, or to count and canvass the same, and any elector who shall receive such envelope and refuse to deliver the same, to the officers of the election district, endorsed on the said envelope shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the State penitentiary not exceeding five years, and by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by either or both in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 37. Any person who shall wilfully and corruptly make and subscribe any false affidavit, or make any false oath, touching any matter or thing provided in this act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful perjury, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the State penitentiary not exceeding five years, and by fine not one thousand dollars, or by either or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 38. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare the necessary blank forms to carry out the provisions of this act, and to furnish the same for the use of the persons so engaged in the military service aforesaid.

SEC. 39. In case any qualified elector in military service aforesaid, may be in any hospital, military or naval, or in any vessel, or navy yard, the statement and affidavits in this act mentioned may be witnessed by, and made before, any officer of the vessel, navy yard, or other place in which said voter is, for the time being, engaged.

SEC. 40. It shall be the duty of every assessor, within this Commonwealth, annually to assess and return, in the manner now required by law, a county tax of ten cents upon each and every non-commissioned officer and private, and the usual taxes upon every commissioned officer known by them to be in the military service of the United States, or of this State, in the army; and when any omission shall occur, the omitted names shall be added, by such assessors, to the assessments and lists of voters, on the application of any citizens of the election district or precinct wherein such soldier might, or would, have a right to vote if not in such service, as aforesaid; and such non-commissioned officers and privates shall be exempt from all other personal taxes during their continuance in such service; and said assessors shall, in each and every case of such assessed soldiers officers, without fee or reward therefore give a certificate of such regular or additional assessment, to any citizen of the election district or precinct, who may at any time demand the same; and upon the presentation thereof to the tax collector of said district, or the treasurer of the said county, it shall be the duty of said officer to receive said assessed tax of and from any person offering to pay the same for the soldier or officer therein named, and to endorse upon such certificate a receipt therefore; and it shall also be the duty of said collector or county treasurer to receive said assessed tax from any person who may offer to pay the same for any of said officers or soldiers, without requiring a certificate of assessment, when the names of such persons shall have been daily entered upon the assessment books and tax duplicates, and give a receipt therefor to such person specially stating therein the name of the soldier or officer which tax is thus paid, the year for which it was assessed, and the date of the payment thereof: which said certificate and receipt, or receipt only shall be *prima facie* evidence to any election board provided, for by this act, before which the same may be offered of the due assessment of said tax, against and the payment thereof by the soldier or officer therein named, offering the same as aforesaid, but said election board shall not be thereby precluded from requiring other proof of the right to vote, as specified by this act, or the general election laws of this Commonwealth, and if any of said assessors, collectors or treasures, shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of this section, or to perform any of the duties therein enjoined upon them, or either of them he, or they so offending, shall be considered and adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than twenty, nor more than two hundred dollars; *Provided*, That the additional assessments required to be made by the above section, in the city of Philadelphia shall be made on application of any citizen, of the election district, or precinct thereof, upon oath or affirmation of such citizen to be administered by the assessor, that such absent soldier is a citizen of the election district, or precinct wherein such assessment is required by such citizen to be made.

SEC. 41 This act shall not apply to the election of members of council, or to ward and division officers in the city of Philadelphia.

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-fifth day of August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

A. G. CURTIN.

Given under my hand, at Carlisle, this 12th day of October, 1864.

J. THOMPSON RIPPEY,
October, 12th, 1864. *Sheriff.*

CUMBERLAND VALLEY AND FRANKLIN

RAIL ROADS.

CHANGE OF HOURS

ON and after MONDAY, APRIL 4th, 1864, Passenger Trains will run daily, as follows, (Sundays excepted):

FOR CHAMBERSBURG AND HARRISBURG:

Leave Hagerstown,	7:00 A. M.,	2:45 P. M.	
" Greencastle,	7:37 "	3,35 "	
Chambers'g, Arr at	8.17 "	4:20 "	
Chambers'g, Leave	8:30 "	12:55 "	
Leave Shippensburg	9:00 "	1:23 "	
" Newville	9:32 "	2:00 "	
" Carlisle	10:10 "	2:42 "	
" Mechanicsburg	10:42 "	3:12 "	
Arrive at Harrisburg	11:15 "	3:40 "	

FOR CHAMBERSBURG AND HAGERSTOWN:

Leave Harrisburg	8:05 A. M.,	1:35 P. M.
" Mechanicsburg	8:47 "	2:15 "
" Carlisle	9:27 "	2:55 "
" Newville	10:02 "	3:29 "
" Shippensburg	10:33 "	4:03 "
Chambers'g, Arr at	11:00 "	4:30 "
Chambers'g, Leave	11:10 "	4:40 "
Leave Greencastle	11:55, "	5:30 "
Arr. at Hagerstown	12:35 "	6:10 "

The Carlisle and Harrisburg ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave as follows:

Leave Carlisle	5:35 A. M.
" Mechanicsburg	6:25 "
Arrive at Harrisburg	6:55 "
Leave Harrisburg	4:20 P. M.
" Mechanicsburg	4:54 "
Arrive at Carlisle	5:20 "

making close connections at Harrisburg with Trains for Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburg; and with Trains for all points West.

☞ The Train leaving Harrisburg at 4:20, P. M., runs only as far as Carlisle.

Superintendent's Office, Chamb'g, April 4, '64. } O. N. LULL, *Sup't.*

April 7, 1864.

RUFUS E. SHAPLEY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CARLISLE, PA.

ATTENDS to securing and collecting *Soldier's Pay, Pensions, Bounties, &c.*

☞ Office on South Hanover street opposite Zentz's store. Feb. 13, 1862.

J. M. WEAKLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE on South Hanover street, in the room formerly occupied by A. B. Sharpe.

Feb. 27, 1862—9m.

SAMUEL HEPBURN, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

OFFICE with Judge Hepburn, on East Main Street, Carlisle.

Aug. 6, '63—1y.

H. NEWSHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE with Wm. H. Miller, Esq., South Hanover street, opposite the Volunteer Printing Office.

Carlisle, Dec. 22, 1862—tf

CHAS. E. MAGLAUGHLIN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

OFFICE in Inhoff's building, just opposite the Market House.

Carlisle March 13, 1862—1y.

L. J. W. FOULK, Attorney at Law.

Office with James R. Smith, Esq., Rheem's Hall. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Feb. 6. 1863.

DR. GEO. S. SARIGHT,
DENTIST.

From the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery

Office at the residence of his mother, East Louther street, three doors below Bedford.

Carlisle, Dec. 22, 1862.

M. C. HERMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in Rheem's Hall Building, in the rear of the Court House, next door to the Herald" Office, Carlisle. [Feb. 4, '61—1y.

JAMES A. DUNBAR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
CARLISLE, PA.

Office next door to the American Printing office a few doors west of Hannon's hotel.

April 14, 1864—1y

DR. I. C. LOOMIS, DENTIST,

Has removed from South Hanover street to West Pomfret street, opposite the Female High School, Carlisle. [April 28, 1864.

E. BELTZHOOVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in Rheem's Hall Building, in the rear of the Court House, Carlisle, Pa.

Sept. 24, 1864.

CARLISLE FOUNDRY

Farming Implement Depot.

F. GARDNER & CO. now manufacture and keep constantly FOR SALE, at their extensive Steam Works on East Main st., Carlisle, a large assortment of Agricultural Implements, of well known and approved usefulness to Farmers, among which they would call especial attention to

WILLOUGHBY'S CELEBRATED

Patent Gum Spring Grain Drill,

which has taken over fifty first class premiums at State and County Fairs. To the farmers of Cumberland, York and Perry counties we need not speak in detail of the merits of his drill, as scores of them are now in use on the best farms in these counties. Its reputation is established as the most complete grain drill now manufactured in the United States. It sows Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley and Grass, evenly and regular, without bunching the seed. The gum springs pass the drill over stumps and stones, without breaking pins or the drill. For even and regular sowing, the Willoughby Gum Spring Drill is unequalled by any other. We also manufacture and sell the following articles, which we can recommend to farmers as reliable implements of established character:

Morrison's Patent Corn Planter,
Nash's Patent Straw and Fodder Cutter,
Bridendolf's Patent Corn Sheller,
Johnston's Cast Iron Hogs' Trough,
Harn's Patent Cider Mill.

Also, Three and Four Horse Powers and Threshing Machines, Cast Iron Field Rollers, Plough Castings of various patterns, Corn Crushers, and other articles for farmers too numerous to mention. Also, Egg Coal Stoves and ten plate Wood Stoves, with an immense variety of other castings for house keepers and others. We have also an attractive variety of patterns for

IRON RAILINGS,

and Cemetery enclosures, to which we would call attention.

STEAM ENGINES AND MILL GEARING.

To this department of our business we give particular attention. Our already extensive stock of patterns for paper, flour and saw mill gearing, is constantly increasing. Mill owners and millwrights will be furnished with a printed catalogue of our various mill patterns on application. Our machine shop comprises all the various tools for turning, planing and finishing shafting and casting, by good and careful machinists.

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

of every desirable capacity, from 10 to 25 horse power, built in the best style and on accommodating terms. Engines built at our establishment may be seen in successful operation at many of the largest distilleries and tanneries in Carlisle, and Cumb'd, Perry and Dauphin cos., to the owners of which we confidently refer for information as to their efficiency. Persons wanting Steam Engines are earnestly requested to call and examine before contracting elsewhere.

DOOR AND SASH FACTORY.

Connected with our establishment is a steam Sash and Door Manufactory which is now in complete order for the manufacture of every description of

BUILDING MATERIALS,

for the most costly as well as the plainest house. Window Sash furnished from five cents upward, according to size of glass; window Frames from $1,31 upward; Shutters and Rolling Blinds from $1,75 upward; Door frames from $1,75 upward; Four Panel Doors from $2,12 upward. Mouldings, Casings, Architraves, Wash Boards, Brackets, Fancy Drapery, Scrolls, and other articles needed in house building, furnished at the lowest prices, and of the best quality of lumber. ☞ We are also prepared as heretofore to build and repair BURDEN CARS for transporters on the railroad, with promptness and on reasonable terms.

The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Orders by mail promptly attended to. F. GARDNER & CO.

Carlisle, May 3, 1863.

New Wine and Liquor Store.

In the new white frame building, directly east of the Market House, Carlisle.

THE undersigned having opened a full and complete assortment of the purest and best WINES AND LIQUORS, he invites Hotel keepers, House keepers, and others to give him a call, being determined to keep a better article than is generally kept in the country, and at low prices.

BRANDIES—Otard, Pinet Vintage, 1852; Rochelle.

GINS—Swan, Scheidam Schnapps, Meyer's Old Fish, Old Jam Spirits, N. E. Rum.

WINES—Maderia, very old; Sherry, Sweet Malaga, Old Port, Lisbon, Claret, Champagne, Muscat.

WHISKY—Monongahela, Pure Old Rye, Bourbon and common Whisky.

Also, Wine Bitters, Demijohns, Bottles, &c.

☞ Bottled Liquors of all kinds.

WILLIAM MARTIN.

May 17, 1863.

Foreign and Domestic Liquors

EDWARD SHOWER respectfully announces to the public, that he continues to keep constantly on hand, and for sale, a large and very superior assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

at his new stand, a few doors west of Hannon's Hotel, and directly west of the Court-house, Carlisle

BRANDIES,
All of choice Brands.

WINES,
Sherry, Port, Maderia, Lisbon, Claret, Native, Hock, Johannisberg, and Bodenheimer.

CHAMPAGNE,
Heidsick & Co.; Geisler & Co., and imperial.

GINS,
Bohlen, Lion, and Anchor.

WHISKY,
Superior Old Rye, Choice Old Family Nectar, Wheat, Scotch, and Irish.

ALE, BROWN STOUT, &c. Best to be had Philadelphia.

BITTERS,
Of the very best quality.

Dealers and others desiring a PURE ARTICLE will find it as represented, as his whole attention will be given to a proper and careful selection of his STOCK, which cannot be surpassed, and hopes to have the patronage of the public.

E. SHOWER.

Carlisle, April 12, 1863.

Universal Clothis Wringer.

No Iron Frame to Break, or Rust and Spoil the Clothes.

53,818 *SOLD IN* 1863.

IT was pronounced superior to all others at the World's Fair at London, 1862. It took the First Premium at the great Fair of the American Institute, in New York City, 1863, and wherever exhibited.