sentence] to the penalty of death in General Orders No. 84, took place to day. More than ordinary interest was exhibited in this execution of military law, and it is estimated that not less than 25,000 persons were present. The ground was well selected, and every arrangement so complete, that no accident occurred to mar the solemnity of the proceedings.

The position of the spectators was upon a semi-circular elevation, partially surrounding the place of execution. Previous to the execution, the scene presented a remarkable view to the spectator. Two of the sentenced were Protestants, two Catholics, and the fifth a Hebrew. The spiritual advisers of each were present, administering the last consolations of religion. The criminals were sitting upon their respective coffins with the yawning graves in the rear. The troops were drawn up in close column by division, covering the complete semi-circle, separated from the spectators by a creek. The order for the immediate execution was issued by Gen. Griffin at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Capt. Crocker, 118th Pennsylvania, recalled the clergymen from their spiritual duties. The rest is briefly told. At the order to fire thirty-six muskets were discharged, and instant death, as announced by the surgeons in attendance, was the result. The bodies were placed in their respective graves, and the clergy performed the religious services over the deceased.

The spectacle was an unusual one. The Catholic, the Protestant and the Hebrew stood side by side, each uttering prayers for the departed souls.

The names, ages, residences, &c. of the deceased are as follows:

George Kühn, Hanoverian, 22 years old, resided in Pennsylvania, unmarred.

John Felane, Italian, 26 years, Pennsylvania, wife and family.

Charles Walters, Prussian, 28 years, wife and child.

George Reinese, Italian, 29 years, wife and child.

Emile Lai, Prussian, 30 years, wife.

The clergy who attended the unfortunates were, the Chaplain of the 118th Pennsylvania Regiment, the Rev. C. L. Egan, of St. Dominic's Church, Washington, and the Rabbi B. S. Scald, of Baltimore. These gentlemen were unremitting in their attendance upon the deceased from their attendance until the final hour.

Important from the South.

A Rebel Sloop-of-War runs into Wilmington —Davis calls for 500,000 Black Troops — The End of the War.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 29—The steamer C. W. Thomas has arrived from Newbern with Lieut. Sterling, of Gen. Peck's staff, as bearer of dispatches.

A dispatch from the blockading fleet says that on the morning of the 17th inst., a large sloop-of-war of ten guns, with the British flag flying, swept past the blockading steamer and immediately hoisted the rebel flag and passed into Wilmington, which is the fourth rebel war vessel which has run the blockade within six weeks.

Rebel papers received at Morehead City say that Jeff. Davis has decided, after a conference with the Governors of the Confederate States, to call out 500,000 black troops, who are to receive their freedom and fifty acres of land at the end of the war.

The Pennsylvania Germans.

The following is an extract from an address delivered by Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, on the occasion of laying the corner-stone of a monument in honor of Gov. SHUNK, at the Trappe, in Montgomery county, soon after the death of that honored patriot. It contains a well merited tribute to the Germans of Pennsylvania and we make room for it with pleasure:

"Here, too, let the monument of this man be built. To carry out its expression and appropriate associations, this is the place for it. The monument to the Swiss who fell at Paris defending the King in 1790, is in the very heart of the land whose children they were, and in which their faithfulness was taught and cherished. It is cut out of their native crags, in the midst of their beloved mountains. The same law of association locates Shunk's monument here. While its shadows fall softly on his grave, let it mark also the place of his nativity, and where he imbibed those noble sentiments and affections which so strikingly illustrated and adorned his life.

Undoubtedly Governor Shunk's German blood and language helped his advancement in public favor. Germans, attracted at an early day by the fame of Penn, came in great numbers from the father land and settled in Pennsylvania, and have already formed a large and most respectable portion of our population. Though mixed with people of different habits of thought and action, who have displayed in Pennsylvania all the activity, energy and enterprise that belong to the Scotch, Irish and Yankees, yet the Germans have maintained their ascendency both in wealth and in social and political influence. Love of country—patient industry—sound judgment, and inflexible integrity are characteristics of the people, and how these qualities have impressed the people of other extraction in Pennsylvania, may be seen in the fact that our chief executive office has been entrusted to a German, for more than half the time since the adoption of the Constitution of 1790. Snyder, Hiester, Shultz, Wolf, Ritner, and Shunk were all Germans and so is that estimable man recently nominated by acclamation, Col. William Bigler. In our Legislative halls and in governmental departments the Germans have always had a large representation. In the development of the agricultural resources of Pennsylvania, they have led the way, and done more to demonstrate the wisdom and profitableness of good farming than any other class of our people. They love good land and they know how to make good use of it. Where on our continent—where in our world, will you find more independence, contentment and solid comfort than in the German families of our limestone valleys? It is a pleasant thought that a race of Governors has been nurtured amid the rich luxuriance and the exemplary virtues of these valleys—a pleasing thought it is too, that we have come at length, to erect in the bosom of one of the loveliest of these valleys, a monument to one of the noblest of those German Governors. The people may well love Shunk and honor his memory, for he was an exponent—an embodied expression of the characteristics of his race—and they may look on this monument as peculiarly theirs—as a memorial of what they have done for Pennsylvania—a concrete tribute to the virtues, the manly independence, and the stern republicanism of *Pennsylvania Germans.*"

Died.

In this borough, on the 1st inst., HARRY P. son of John and Hettie Gutshall, aged 5 years and 4 months.

In this borough, on the 25th ult. Mr. SAMUEL GOULD, in the 70th year of his age.

In Harrisburg, on Monday evening last, GEORGE W. BOYD, Esq., aged 67 years.

At Bonnie Brook, on Saturday, August 22, JESSIE MARTHA, infant daughter of J. H. and Jennie Bogler.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Magdalena Hartman, dec'd, of Dickinson township have been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate will also present them for settlement.

ALFRED T. HARMAN,
Sept. 3, '63—6t* *Administrator.*

STATE FAIR.

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL

EXHIBITION

OF THE

Penn'a. State Agricultural Society,

WILL BE HELD AT

NORRISTOWN, MONT'Y CO., PA., Sept'r 29th and 30th and October 1st and 2nd, 1863.

Norristown is about 17 miles West of Philadelphia, on the Schuylkill River and is accessible by Railway to every portion of the State.

THE Grounds are beautifully situated, containing 28 Acres of ground with fine large buildings thereon erected, together with a large amount of shedding. The track is said to be one of the best half mile tracks in the State. The premiums are the heaviest ever offered by the Society, amounting to about $7000. The premiums for all grades of cattle exceed $1000, five of which are $30 each, 19 from $25 to $15, others running down to lesser rates. Best herd not less than 15 head, first premium $40; 2nd premium $25.

Horses for all grades the premiums exceed $1350. The highest $100; 22 between $20 and $30, and others ranging from $15, $10 and $5. For Sheep and Swine the premiums range from $10 to $5 and $3.

For Poultry there is a long list of premiums from $2 to $1 each. In the following classes most liberal premiums are offered: Ploughs, Cultivators, Drills, Wagons, Reaping and Mowing Machines, Cutters, Corn Shellers, Cider Mills, Pumps, Buckets, Tin Ware, Leather and its Manufactures, Gas Fixtures, Marble Mantles, Butter, Flour, Grain and Seeds, Vegetables; and also for Domestic and Household Manufactures, Cloths, Carpets, Satinet, Shirting, Sheeting, Blankets, Flannels, Shawls, Knit Goods, Needle Work, &c., Bread, Cakes, Preserves, Jellies, &c.

Large premiums are offered for every variety of Fruit and Flowers. The Floral Tent will be the largest ever erected by the Society, and will form one of the most attractive features of the Exhibition. Fruit, Grapes and Wine will be exhibited in this department.

The Pennsylvania Railroad and Norristown Railroad have arranged to carry articles for exhibition to and from the Exhibition freight-free, requiring the forwarding freight to be paid, which will be repaid to the shipper when the goods are returned to the station whence shipped. It is hoped to effect the same with other important roads.

Excursions at reduced rates will be run on all the leading Railroads.

Entries can be made at the Office, in Norristown, after the 4th day of September. All articles must be entered on the books on or before Tuesday evening, September 29th. Exhibitors must become members. Membership $1, 00, with four Coupon Tickets, each of which will admit one person to the Fair once.

Single Admission 25 Cts.

☞A List of Premiums and Regulations can be had by addressing the Secretary.

THOMAS P. KNOX, *President.*
A. BROWER LONGARE *Sec'y.*, Norristown, Pa.
Sept. 3, 1863.

Administrator's Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of John Leiby, late of the borough of Carlisle, dec'd have been granted to the undersigned, residing in North Middleton township. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate will also present them for settlement.

PERES W. QUIGLEY.
Aug. 20, 1863—6t.* *Administrator.*

Lost Mare.

A Sorrel Mare, eleven years old, with white left hind foot, and a little sore in front, was taken from the subscriber, at Boiling Springs, by a squad of rebel troops, on the 1st day of July. It is supposed the mare was turned loose before she reached Gettysburg, as she was a poor traveller, and not suited for army purposes. I will pay a liberal reward to any one giving me information that will lead to the recovery of said mare. Address me at Boiling Springs, Cumberland county.

J. M. GOODYEAR.
Aug. 27, 1863—3t*

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Abraham Myers, late of Silver Spring township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Monroe township. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate to present them for settlement.

GEORGE MYERS,
Aug. 27, '63—6t* *Administrator.*

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On Wednesday, October 7, 1863.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the above day, at Hoover's Tavern, in Mechanicsburg, the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND,

situated in Silver Spring township, 1½ miles from Mechanicsburg, north of the Trindle Road, bounded by lands of Heilman, Brownawell, Bobb and D. Line, containing 9 Acres and 119 Perches, having thereon erected a good two-story FRAME HOUSE, a small Barn, and other necessary outbuildings, a never failing well of good water upon the premises. This land is of a fine quality, in a good neighborhood and offers particular inducements to any person wanting a comfortable home.

No. 2.—Two Town Lots in the borough of Mechanicsburg, numbered 294 and 295. These lots are situated on the north-west corner of South Market street and Simpson's road, adjoining property of David Long, and having thereon erected a two-story WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, with back building. A good Stable on the premises.—To this property belongs a water right to the well on Market street. The house is now occupied by Wm. Meily. Any further information in regard to these properties may be had of David Landis, Jr., residing upon tract No. 1.

Sale to commence at 10½ o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

DAVID MILLER, Jr.,
Aug. 27, 1863. *Executor.*

NEW GOODS.

GROCERIES! A fresh and general assortment of Groceries constantly on hand, embracing the best qualities in the market, such as Coffees, Sugars, Spices, Table Oils, Pickles, Crackers, Maroni, Citron, Raisins, as well as all the varieties belonging to a good grocery store, together with a suitable assortment of the finest

Syrups & Molasses, Mackarel, Salmon,

Baskets, Tubs, Churns, and other articles for household use, including a fine assortment of

China, Glass & Queensware,

The public have our thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past. We hope to merit a share of their custom in the future.

April 16, 1863. J. W. EBY.

SINCE the decline in Foreign Exchange we (Leidich, Sawyer & Miller) have received our stock of

FOREIGN DRESS SPRING GOODS,

embracing all the latest fabrics and newest styles in the market, plain and fancy Silks, wool and silk Poplins, Pungus, Glacias, Tinta cloth, Shepherd Plaids, Grenadines, Bareges, Lawns, Delaines, &c.

All kinds of Mourning and Funeral goods of Besson's importations, spring Mantles, Shawls, Balmorels, Hoop skirts, sun Umbrellas, Parasols, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings plain and fancy, all kinds of pantings at low prices. We have a large stock of *desirable goods*, such as fancy silks, dress goods, delaines, bareges, lawns and many other goods left over from last season which we will sell at last years prices. We have an immense stock of Domestic Goods. Also, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Looking Glasses, House furnishing goods, &c. We will make additions to our stock as the season advances. Thankful for past patronage, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLER.
April 2, 1863.

L. J. W. FOULK, Attorney at Law. Office with James R. Smith, Esq., Rheem's Hall. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Feb. 6, 1863.

Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed on the 3d day of July, Anno Dominii 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every County within this Commonwealth, to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate—

1st. The Officers to be elected.

2d. Designating the places at which the election is to be held. Therefore,

I, J. THOMPSON RIPPEY, High Sheriff of the county of Cumberland, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the Electors of the County of Cumberland, that on TUESDAY, the 13th day of October next, an Election will be held at the several Election Districts established by law, in said County, at which time they will vote by ballot for

One person for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Judge of Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Cumberland in the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Prothonotary of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Recorder and Clerk of the Courts of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Register of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Treasurer of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Commissioner of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Director of the Poor of the county of Cumberland.

One person for Auditor of the county of Cumberland.

The said election will be held throughout the County as follows:

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Carlisle and the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Lower Dickinson, and Lower Frankford will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle.

The election in the election district composed of Lower West Pennsborough township, will be held at the North School House, in Plainfield.

The election in the election district composed of Silver Spring township, will be held at the public house of Jacob Ottstot, in Hogestown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Hampden township, will be held at the public house occupied by George Dacy in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Upper Allen, will be held at the public house of Wm. S. Cocklin, in Shepherdstown.

The election in the election district composed of Middlesex township, will be held at the Middlesex School House.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Lower Allen, will be held at the wagon-maker shop of Jonas Hunchbarger, on Slate Hill.

The election in the election district composed of East Pennsborough township, will be held at the house of Jos. Martin, in West Fairview, now occupied by Geo. S. Sponsler.

The election in the election district composed of New Cumberland, will be held at the house now kept by Dr. H. A. Butler, in the borough of New Cumberland.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Mechanicsburg, will be held at the public house now kept by W. S. Huston, in said borough.

The election in the election district composed of Monroe township, will be held at the public house lately kept by Thomas Liggit, in Churchtown, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Penn township, will be held at the house now occupied by Jacob Redseecker, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Upper Dickinson township, will be held in the house now occupied by Daniel Etter, known as the Stone Tavern.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newville and townships of Mifflin, Upper Frankford, Upper West Pennsborough and North Newton, will be held at the public School House in the borough of Newville.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Newburg, Hopewell township, will be held at the School House in Newburg, in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Shippensburg, Shippensburg township, and that part of Southampton not included in the Leesburg election district, will be held at the Council House, in the borough of Shippensburg.

And in and by an act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 2d July, 1839, it is thus provided: "That the qualified electors of parts of Newton and Southampton township, in the County of Cumberland, bounded by the following lines and distances, viz: Beginning at the Adams county line, thence along the line dividing the townships of Dickinson and Newton to the turnpike road, thence along said turnpike to Centre School House, on said turnpike, in Southampton township, thence to a point on the Walnut Bottom Road at Reybuck's, including Reybuck's farm, thence in a straight line to the saw mill of the heirs of George Clever, thence along Krysher's run to the Adams county line, thence along the line of Adams county to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby declared a new and separate election district, the election to be held at the public house formerly occupied by Wm. Maxwell, in Leesburg, Southampton township."

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

"That every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or a City or Incorporated District, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any Incorporated District, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any Incorporated District, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for."

And the said Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relative to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1839, further provides, as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the District to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one Clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such District.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector, shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the time of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy."

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1839, entitled "An Act relative to voting at Elections in the counties of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Green, and Erie," viz:

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Dauphin, Lancaster, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bedford, Centre, Green, and Erie, from and after the passage of this Act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated as required by the existing laws of the Commonwealth.

"Sec. 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished as similar frauds are directed to be punished by the existing laws of the Commonwealth."

For the information of the electors of Cumberland county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the Election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial Districts."

"Sec. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for Representatives are or shall be conducted, and by the same Judges, Inspectors, and officers, and the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, 1849, and its several supplements, and all other like laws as are in force shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to the election of Judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper, and for all other Judges required to be learned in the law on another separate piece of paper.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every General, Special or Township election, during the whole time said election shall be kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors, or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State and county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and having resided in this State one year, and in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless First, he produces a receipt for the payment, within two years, of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation, or on the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof: Or, Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the District as is required by this Act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this Act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list, by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word 'age' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such vote shall be called out to the Clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by him.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners or assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove in the said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent an officer of the election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of said election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to be imprisoned for a time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on the conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and to be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereto, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at an election in this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold or deliver to the Inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure an other so to do, he or they offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act, every General and Special Election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are by the said act required to meet at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on the third day after the said day of election, being Friday, the 16th day of October, then and there to perform the things required of them by law.

The Return Judges of the Representative district will meet at Carlisle, at the time fixed by law.

Given under my hand, at Carlisle, this 22d day of August, 1863.

J. THOMPSON RIPPEY,
Aug. 31, 1863. *Sheriff.*

DICKINSON COLLEGE.

THE Fall Term of the College will begin on Thursday, the 27th of August.

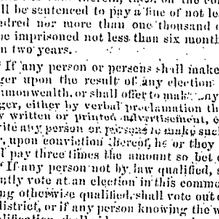
H. M. JOHNSON,
Aug. 13, 1863—3t. *President.*

SAMUEL HEPBURN, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

OFFICE with Judge Hepburn, on East Main Street, Carlisle.
Aug. 6, '63—1y.

DURYEAS' MAIZENA

TRY ONE POUND.  TRY ONE POUND.

WAS the only "Preparation for food from Indian Corn" that received a medal and mention from the Royal commissioners, the competition of all prominent manufacturers of "Corn Starch" and "Prepared Corn Flour" of this and other countries notwithstanding.

MAIZENA,

The food and luxury of the age, without a single fault. One trial will convince the most skeptical. Makes Puddings, Cakes, Custards, Blanc Mange, &c., without isinglass, with few or no eggs, at a cost astonishing the most economical. A slight addition to ordinary Wheat Flour greatly improves Bread and Cake. It is also excellent for thickening sweet sauces, gravies for fish and meat, soups, &c. For Ice Cream nothing can compare with it. A little boiled in milk will produce rich cream for coffee, chocolate, tea, &c.

Put up in one pound packages, under the trademark Maizena, with directions for use.

A most delicious article of food for children and invalids of all ages. For sale by Grocers and Druggists everywhere.

Wholesale Depot, 166 Fulton Street, New York.

WILLIAM DURYEA,
Aug. 20, 1863—6m. General Agent.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of G. W. Waddle, late of Newton township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate will also present them for settlement.

WILLIAM GRACEY,
Aug. 27, '63—6t* *Administrator.*

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of John Sharp, dec'd, late of Newton township, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township.—All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

THOMAS SHARP,
FRANKLIN SHARP,
Aug. 13, 1863—6t.* *Executors.*

VICTORY. VICTORY.

READ. READ.

WE have the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Cumberland and the adjoining counties, that we have received our stock of goods, which had been removed on account of the late invasion of our valley, and are now making daily additions to our already extensive assortment of

Gentlemen and Youths Superfine Clothing,

all of our own manufacture, from the choicest French, English and American Fabrics, cut and made in the latest style of fashion.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Fine new Over-Shirts, Collars,
Handkerchiefs, Neckties,
Suspenders, Gloves, &c.

Cloths Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

of every grade, made up to order or sold by the piece or yard.

TRUNKS, VALISES, AND CARPET BAGS,

of the best makes. All the above goods will be disposed of at the lowest rates, at the Wholesale and Retail Clothing Hall of

ARNOLD & CO.,
North Hanover Street, Carlisle, Pa., and two doors north of the Carlisle Deposit Bank.
Aug. 13, 1863.

Bargains! Bargains!!

WE have positively determined to close out our entire stock of Summer Goods.—

Dress Goods,
Grenadines,
Bareges,
Silks,
Lawns,
Delaines,

AT COST AND LESS THAN COST.

Silk Mantles, Lace Bornurs Points, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, and other goods at cost.

From present indications Dry Goods of all kinds will be excessively high this fall. Now is the time to make your purchases and save your money by calling on

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLER,
East Main Street.
Aug. 13, 1863.

School Tax for 1863.

THE taxable citizens of the borough of Carlisle are hereby notified that the Treasurer of said School District will attend at the County Court House, (Commissioner's Office,) on *Thursday, September 24th* next, between the hours of 9 and 12 in the forenoon, and 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose of collecting and receiving the School Tax assessed for the present year. On all taxes paid on or before that date a deduction will be made of FIVE PER CENT.—Persons wishing to pay their Taxes in the mean time, can do so by calling on the Treasurer at his place of business, in "Marion Hall" building, West High street.

J. W. EBY,
Aug. 20, 1863. *Treasurer.*

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Brown, late of Penn twp., dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Southampton township. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate will also present them for settlement.

J. K. KELSO,
Aug. 6, '63 6t* *Administrator.*

Please Take Notice.

WE (Leidich, Sawyer & Miller,) have received our entire stock of goods, and resumed business. We desire the patronage of our numerous customers to continue as they have favored us in the past.

We are determined to sell our stock, which is much larger and more complete than usual at this season of the year, by reason of the suspension of business by the recent invasion, at the lowest possible market price. We have a full supply of Summer Goods for Ladies, Misses, Mens' and Boy's wear.

Please call at the well known stand, East Main street.

LEIDICH, SAWYER & MILLER.
July 23, '63.

An Owner Wanted.

A silver plated tea urn and pitcher, taken by Col. McIntosh, of Buford's Cavalry, from a rebel prisoner, and supposed to have been stolen from some citizen of Adams, Cumberland, Franklin or York counties, have been left in my hands, to be reclaimed by the owner, who can have the same by proving property and paying cost of advertising.

J. R. WELSH,
July 30, 1863—3t. Waynesboro', Pa.

Mare Stolen.

WAS stolen from the stable of the subscriber, in South Middleton township, on the night of the 24th instant, a Black Mare, with white spots on the back, caused by rubbing of the saddle. Said mare is about 5 or 6 years old, a little lame in the left hind leg, and gay in appearance. I will pay a liberal reward to any one giving me information that will lead to the detection of the thief and the recovery of the mare.

JOSEPH SWIGERT.
July 30, '63—3t*

Emory Female College,

CARLISLE, PA.

THIS institution of learning, for young ladies, will be opened on

Thursday, September 3d, 1863.

The President will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers. The course of instruction will embrace all the branches necessary to give young ladies a refined and thorough collegiate education.

For Circulars and particular information, address the undersigned, Carlisle, Pa

R. D. CHAMBERS,
July 23, 1863.—2m. *President.*

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 20th, 1863.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the First National Bank of Carlisle, in the County of Cumberland, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved February 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said First National Bank of Carlisle, County of Cumberland, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

(SEAL.) In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this twenty-ninth day of June, 1863.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

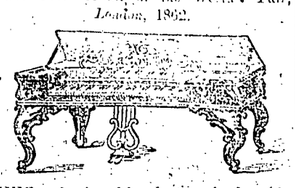
Carlisle July 16, '63.

The First National Bank will receive deposits both on interest and payable on demand, same as done formerly by the firm of Ker Dunlap & Co., and will be prepared to do everything pertaining to the business of Banking.

W. W. HEPBURN, Cashier.
Carlisle, July 16, '63.

STEINWAY PIANOS.

First Prize Medal at the World's Fair, London, 1862.



THE undersigned has just received, and intends to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of the unequalled Pianos manufactured by Steinway & Sons of New York.

Each instrument will be carefully selected in the Manufactory, and will be sold at the

New York Cash Factory Prices,

with the addition of Freight to Carlisle.

A written guarantee of entire satisfaction will be given by the subscriber to each purchaser.

Persons desirous to purchase are invited to call and examine these unrivalled Pianos, at

R. E. Shapley's Jewelry Store,

Main Street, 3d door east of the Mansion House near the Railroad Depot.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS received in exchange and kept for sale and to rent.

JOHN K. STAYMAN.
May 28, 1863—1y.

Sewing Machines.

SINGER & CO'S

"LETTER A" Family Sewing Machine, with all the new improvements, is the best and *cheapest*, and *most beautiful* of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything from the running of a tuck in Tarletan, to the making of an Overcoat. It can fell, hem, bind, braid, tuck, gather, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can fell, hem, bind, and so forth, *but it will do so better than any other.* The new and improved Hemmer adapted to turning a hem of any width is added without extra charge.

Call and examine them at No. 3, Glass' Row, West side of Public Square, and next door to the Democrat Office.

W. H. MASON, *Agt.*
June 4, 1863—tf.

HO! FOR KELLEE'S

HAT AND CAP STORE.

THE subscriber has removed his Hat and Cap Store to the opposite side of the street, to the house formerly occupied by P. Monyer, and next door to Crumman's Shoe Store. Having a much larger room, I have increased my stock of goods, so that I am now prepared to furnish the public with all the new styles of

HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW HATS,

at prices to suit the times. My stock consists of Silk, Cassimer and Russia Hats, all kinds and prices of Hats, city as well as home manufacture, from the common wool up to the finest Russia and Nutria. A good assortment of men and boys' caps.

Also, mens, boys, and childrens fancy straw hats. Having improved means for manufacturing, any kind or shape of hats will be made to order, at short notice.

Being a practical Hatter, fully understanding the business, I hope by strict attention to receive a liberal patronage.

JOHN A. KELLER, *Agt.*

P. S. Old hats colored and repaired at moderate prices.

Carlisle, April 16, 1862.

SPRING TRADE, 1863.

NEW GOODS!!

NOW offering an immense variety of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
COTTON GOODS, &c.

For Men & Boys' Wear,

in a larger variety, than can be found in any establishment in this place, and at as low prices as can be sold any where, to suit taste and pocket. We manufacture the above goods to order, in the latest styles, or sell per yard. Customers wishing to have the goods bought of us, cut, can be accommodated, free of charge. An early inspection of our goods and prices, respectfully solicited.

ISAAC LIVINGSTON,
North Hanover St., Clothing Emporium.
March 19, 1863.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!

WE have the largest and finest shirts ever offered in this place,

SHIRTS at 12,00 per doz.
do. " 15,00 " "
do. " 20,00 " "
do. " 25,00 " "
do. " 30,00 " "

warranted to be of the best and most celebrated makes. Bought before the late advance in prices, sold by the dozen or single. If you want a

Perfect Fitting Shirt,

call at

ISAAC LIVINGSTON'S
North Hanover St., Emporium.
March 19, '63.

Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of George Spangler, dec'd, late of Silver Spring township, have been issued to the undersigned the first named residing in Hampden township, and the latter in Silver Spring township. All persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, to

DAVID SPANGLER,
AMOS SPANGLER,
June 11, 1863—6t* *Executor.*

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

AT the sign of the "Gold Eagle," 3 doors above the Cumberland Valley Bank, and two doors below the Methodist Church on West Main street, the largest and best selected stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY in the town, will be sold 30 per cent. lower than at any place in the State. The stock comprises a large assortment of Gold & Silver Hunting-case Watches, Levers, Lepines, American watches, and all other kinds and styles, gold and silver Chains,

Gold Pens and Pencils,

Jewelry of all kinds, Spectacles, Gold and silver plated and silver Ware, Music Boxes, Accordeons, Oil Paintings, a great variety of Fancy Articles, and a lot of the finest Pianos, which will be sold 40 per cent. lower than other offered in town. The entire stock of Watchmaker tools, cases, large Mirrors and Safe, will be sold wholesale or retail on the easiest terms.

Having selected a first class workman all kinds of repairing will be done as usual, at reduced prices.

R. E. SHAPLEY.
Carlisle, April 30, 1863.

New Goods for the Season.

SILK M